

# Auckland Regional Policy Statement

OUTSTANDING NATURAL LANDSCAPE AREAS

## SUMMARY INFORMATION

*Prepared for*

Auckland Regional Council

*by*

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# Auckland Regional Policy Statement

TABLE ONE: OUTSTANDING NATURAL LANDSCAPE AREAS – SUMMARY INFORMATION

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Rodney District (West &amp; North West)</b>							
2	Ararimu Valley West	Hill Country	Wild nature (Hill country)	Hill ridge sequence overlooking the Ararimu Valley that descends to the Ararimu Stream, overlaid by a mixture of remnant native forest and shrubland on the higher slopes and ridge tops, and also following local stream corridors – intermixed with open pasture on the unit's margins.	Remnant, regenerating indigenous vegetation, with some young rogue pine. Vegetation running down to stream corridor.	Retention of indigenous vegetation reinforcing topography. Maintaining low levels of built modification.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> </ul>
3	Taylor's Rd South of Helensville	Hill Country	Wild nature (Hill country)	Linear sequence of stream corridors and some more elevated ridge land that is notable for the presence of remnant pockets and bands of native forest.	Slopes running down to stream corridors, with good pockets of regenerating & remnant forest (kauri). Areas of more open and developed/modified land excluded from ONL Unit.	Retention of indigenous vegetation in patterns related to underlying topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Countryside living rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> </ul>
4	Lake Kereta	Lowland	Wild nature Cultured nature (Lowland)	Impounded dune lakes (two) framed by high inland dunes to the east and the combined dune / pine forest margins of Rangitira Beach to the west; containing raupo wetland. Also flanked by remnant native forest (kanuka dominated), particularly towards Kanae Road and down the coastal side of Lake Kereta, as well as some pasture.	ONL defined by pines on coastal side and by pasture around bush remnants. Low level of residential development that is subservient, tucked into the hummocky dune landform/bush remnants.	Retention of dune lake/wetland landscape and remnant vegetation with low levels of subservient development (houses, roads, infrastructure).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Dune lakes</b></li> <li>• <b>Inland water (protection)</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Protected items 403</b></li> </ul>

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5	Lakes Ototoa & Kuwakatai	Lowland	Wild nature Cultured nature (Lowland)	Deeply incised and impounded dune lakes with raupo wetland flanked by native forest (kanuka dominated) margins and step slopes containing open pasture.	Lakes and their context of vegetation, including regenerating indigenous forest, extends over ridgeline to inner harbour in area of Pataoua Creek. Around deer farm more exotic vegetation and higher level of development, but consistent with more modified pastoral/treed landscapes identified as outstanding.)	Retention of dune lake/wetland landscape and remnant vegetation with low levels of subservient development as well as more modified pastoral and vegetated landscape.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Dune lakes</b></li> <li>• <b>Inland water (protection)</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Protected items 404, 405, 463, 396, 397, 398</b></li> <li>• <b>Scheduled or restricted activity on Donohue Rd</b></li> </ul>
6	Papakanui Spit – Waionui Inlet/ South Kaipara Head	Harbour & Estuary	Wild nature (Coastal)	South Kaipara Head duneland, Papakanui sand spit and Waionui Inlet extending north of Rangitira Beach and dominated by a massive dune system that denotes the south head of the Kaipara Harbour mouth.	ONL is defined by edge of Woodhill Forest (pines) and gradual transition from major dunes into the lower profile duneland of Rangitira Beach.	Retention of remote natural duneland.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Dune lakes</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Scheduled or restricted activity 101, 108, 152</b></li> <li>• <b>Designation 920</b></li> </ul>
7	Muriwai / Rangitira Beach (North of Muriwai settlement)	Coastal	Wild nature (Coastal)	Very linear and extensive ocean beach on the edge of the Tasman Sea extending as far inland as its dune system.	Defined on landward side by pine plantation and at the coast by the transition into the long relatively straight profile of Muriwai Beach.	Retention of remote beach environment and duneland backdrop.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Designation 920</b></li> <li>• <b>Protected items 469, 472</b></li> </ul>
8	Kaukapakapa River Escarpment	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	A prominent escarpment feature covered in remnant forest, including several stream corridors and catchments that extend down to, and include, part of the Kaukapakapa River.	Bush covered escarpment above Kaukapakapa River (tributary of Kaipara River). Remnant and regenerating indigenous vegetation. Transmission line passes through. Landscape unit defined by pines, especially in the west.	Regenerating indigenous vegetation reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Protected Item 418</b></li> </ul>

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<b>Rodney District (West &amp; North West)</b>							
9	Kaukapakapa	Hill Country	Wild nature (Hill country)	An extensive sequence of hill country and ridges extending down into stream valleys and gullies - defined by a mixture of remnant native forest, and shrubland intermixing and contrasting with farmland both within the unit and on its margins.	Intact predominantly south facing dissected hill slopes with remnant and regenerating indigenous vegetation. Some pockets more open. Central part of unit has more pasture and development but with remnant pockets of indigenous vegetation within more pastoral landscape. Extending into escarpment and along stream margins around Waitoki.	Remnant and regenerating indigenous vegetation reinforcing topography. Pastoral landscape with remnant pockets of indigenous vegetation with high aesthetic values.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• General rural</li> <li>• Inland water (general)</li> <li>• Designation 501</li> <li>• Significant aggregate extraction resource &amp; 500m buffer subject to rules 7.13.1(m), 7.15.2(h), 7.14.2.8(e), 7.14.6.6(e), 7.14.7.2(c), 7.14.8.3(e), 7.14.9.4(b)</li> </ul>
10	Makarau Valley, north Helensville	Hill Country	Wild nature (Hill country)	Combination of hill country ridges and escarpments descending into stream valleys that displays an intermixing of remnant native forest, shrubland and areas of open pasture.	Steeper south facing slopes with mature and regenerating intact cover of indigenous vegetation. Some spray clearing – pines. Coming over tops of ridge on south side of Makarau Road more open and pastoral, with stands of native remnant indigenous trees eg totara, kahikatea, kanuka, puriri, kauri.	Remnant and regenerating indigenous vegetation reinforcing topography. Pastoral landscape with remnant pockets of indigenous vegetation with high aesthetic values.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• General rural</li> <li>• Inland water (general)</li> <li>• Open space 1</li> <li>• Protected items 422, 423</li> <li>• Designation 501</li> </ul>

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<b>Rodney District (West &amp; North West)</b>							
11	Headland, Makarau River	Hill Country	Wild nature (Hill country) Wild nature (Harbour and Estuary)	.A distinctive headland promontory around which the Makarau River sweeps, defined by both its relatively steep topography and remnant forest/shrubland cover which is particularly pronounced towards the apex of the headland. Linked with the mangrove colonies within the river corridor and the river itself.	Escarpment above river-mouth. Headland landform. Covered by intact mature indigenous vegetation including kauri, kahikatea and totara running down to water. Landscape unit ends of white 'hump' bridge.	Intact indigenous vegetation extending to water edge.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> </ul>
12	Mataia Headland	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country) Wild nature (Harbour and Estuary)	Clearly defined coastal and stream corridor escarpment, including the margins of the Mataia Creek that are covered in remnant native forest and shrubland facing the open water of the Kaipara Harbour.	Escarpment and headland landform at waters edge. Remnant indigenous vegetation with pockets of pasture. Pines define back edge of ONL unit.	Prominent coastal landform with largely intact cover of indigenous vegetation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Inland water (general)</b></li> <li>• <b>Protected items 391, 392</b></li> </ul>
13	Glorit Knoll	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	.A prominent, if small scale, knoll feature covered in mature native forest that overlooks part of the central Kaipara Harbour and adjacent coastal flats that are now extensively farmed. Together with unit 15 local landmarks because of their contrast with the surrounding rural environment.	Discrete knoll landform, with solid area of mature coastal remnant forest.	Intact indigenous vegetation retained on discrete elevated knoll landform.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> </ul>
14	Mt Auckland and part of the Hoteo River	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	The highest peak immediately inland of the Kaipara Harbour that is covered in mature remnant forest extending down to the Hoteo River, including a series of stream corridors.	Mt Auckland – intact mature indigenous forest remnant on prominent hill and high point of range.	Intact indigenous vegetation reinforcing locally prominent topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Inland water (protection)</b></li> <li>• <b>Protected items 393, 294, 395</b></li> </ul>

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<b>Rodney District (West &amp; North West)</b>							
15	South Hoteo River	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country) Wild nature (Harbour and Estuary)	Headland / ridge feature overlooking the mouth of the Hoteo River in the Kaipara Harbour that is prominent because of its intact cover of remnant forest. Contrasts very markedly with surrounding farmland and the harbour margins. One of several local landmarks.	Small headland landform with intact cover of mature indigenous vegetation (taraire, puriri, kanuka, karaka) adjacent to road.	Intact indigenous vegetation reinforcing locally prominent topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> </ul>
16	Tauhoia River margins	Estuary	Wild nature (Estuary and harbour)	Very extensive (long) series of headlands, promontories, inlets and bays which define the Tauhoia River estuary and are reinforced by bands of remnant coastal forest, native shrubland and mangroves.	Strong patterning and strong endemic qualities, native forest remnants & mangroves combined with water and pasture. Remnant stands of indigenous vegetation including taraire, kauri, kahikatea, pūriri, tōtara and nīkau. Sinuous patterns, indicative of Kaipara Harbour vernacular –related to water bodies, landform and remnant stands of native vegetation.	Sequence from river channel/harbour waters through mangrove to terrestrial indigenous vegetation. Pattern of vegetation cover in relation to topography and natural processes.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 2</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 3</b></li> <li>• <b>Inland water (general)</b></li> <li>• <b>Protected item 390</b></li> </ul>
17	Hiki Creek & Kahutaewao Creek valleys (Burma Road)	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured (Estuary and harbours) Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	Comprises a sequence of north south aligned ridges and headlands together with the stream corridors of Hiki and Kahutaewao Creeks extending down to embrace the mangrove colonies, intertidal flats and part of the Tauhoia River corridor.	Two valley systems with good pattern of mature remnant forest intermixed with pasture on slopes.	Pattern of remnant vegetation interplayed with pasture (respondent to topography).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Islands general</b></li> <li>• <b>Inland water (general)</b></li> </ul>

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18	Fitzgerald/Burma/Run Roads ridge, Okahukura Peninsula	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	Very prominent tract of hill country and mostly native forest that directly overlooks the extensive Tapura coastal flats and Kaipara Harbour, acting as a gateway to Tapura itself.	Intact remnant & regenerating native forest. Intermixed with some pasture on high ridge and spurs.	Intactness of forest and pattern of remnant vegetation interplayed with pasture respondent to topography).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Protected item 368</b></li> </ul>
19	Oruawharo Heads, Okahukura Peninsula	Harbour Headlands & Estuary	Wild nature Cultured nature (Harbour and estuary)	An amalgam of coastal headlands, ridges and slopes, largely covered in remnant native forest that culminate in the Oruawharo Heads, in conjunction with a large enclosed bay and mangrove colony that, together with intertidal banks extends out into the Oruawharo River.	Vegetated estuary/harbour. Extensive area of remnant coastal regenerating forest on headlands & coastal escarpments, framing Oruawharo River mouth.	Intact remnant indigenous vegetation cover at river mouth/harbours edge, responsive to landform.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> </ul>
20	Tapura Dune Islands and CMA	Harbour & Estuary	Wild nature (Harbour and estuary)	Very extensive area of low dune islands together with intertidal flats / banks, wetland / salt marsh, mangroves colonies and marginal coastal terraces that contain a mixture of wetland species, manuka with some pampas.	Duneland barrier islands with low vegetation cover (some pampas) and mangroves. ONL unit extends only to the immediate landward edge. Tapura settlement adjacent.	Intact duneland landforms, barrier islands.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General Rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 2</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 3</b></li> <li>• <b>Islands general</b></li> <li>• <b>Residential M (Medium intensity)</b></li> </ul>
21	West Te Arai Point	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	Prominent amalgam of ridges and spurs as well as stream gullies that are reinforced and articulated by remnant native forest and shrubland. Rural development related to landuse.	Remnant stands of indigenous forest & regenerating shrubland among rolling rural pasture & ridges. Clear patterning and structure, reinforcing landform. Some level of rural development.	Interplay between remnant vegetation and rural pasture reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General Rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Dune lakes</b></li> <li>• <b>Scheduled or restricted activity 167</b></li> </ul>

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<b>Rodney District (West &amp; North West)</b>							
22	Pakiri Beach	Coastal	Wild nature (Coastal)	.Pakiri Ocean Beach extending into dune system for most of its length together with some coastal terrace landforms at the southern end near Pakiri Stream.	Major ocean beach, inland boundary defined by pine forest in the north (Mangawhai Forest), extending to dune system (ridge) in the centre and crest of coastal escarpments at the southern end.	Natural duneland topography, strongly expressed coastal processes. Long uninterrupted sweep of beach.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Landscape protection rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Inland water (general)</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 3</b></li> <li>• <b>Scheduled or restricted activity 101</b></li> <li>• <b>The Mangawhai marginal strip &amp; 200 metre shoreline yard rule 7.10.3.1</b></li> </ul>
23	North Te Hana – Tomarata Road	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	Clearly expressed sequence of inland ridges and gully corridors, together with streams that are defined and merge with pockets of mature native forest dominated by totara.	Similar to Unit 21. Remnant and regenerating indigenous vegetation following gullies and top of gully ridges. Pattern aligns with landform. Low levels of development within unit.	Interplay between remnant vegetation and rural pasture reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Inland waters (general)</b></li> </ul>
24	Pakiri Block Road	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	Primary coastal ridge and inland sequence of spurs that define part of the backdrop to the Pakiri coastline and provide transition into the higher terrace landscapes around Tomorata. These landforms, together with the Putawa Stream corridor are reinforced by remnant pockets of forest and shrubland.	Ridge tops, coastal escarpment and parts of coastal terrace with large pockets of remnant indigenous forest. Pattern of vegetation reinforces elevated landforms and follows some streams.	Remnant indigenous vegetation reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Landscape protection rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Dune lakes</b></li> </ul>



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25	Pakiri Foothills	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	An extensive sequence of hills and ridges, valleys and stream corridors intermixed with both large tracts of mature native forest and re-emergent shrubland closer to Pakiri Beach and pockets of more clearly defined remnant forest (totara dominated) inland. Bands of remnant forest follow many local stream corridors and tributaries.	Remnant mature indigenous vegetation in large areas and patterning of remnant forest and pasture on steep to rolling terrain. Totara & kauri in particular. Extends to lowland stream margins in places. Small pine intrusions & rural development.	Intact remnant forest. Interplay between remnant vegetation and rural pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Landscape protection rural</li> <li>• General rural</li> <li>• Inland water (general)</li> <li>• Open space 1</li> <li>• Scheduled or restricted activity 131</li> </ul>
26	Rahuikiri Road, Pakiri	Lowland	Wild nature Cultured nature (Lowland)	Wetlands with areas of open water. Undeveloped margins with significant remnant indigenous vegetation dominated by flax, cabbage trees, manuka etc surrounded by open pasture and river margins inland of Pakiri Beach. An isolated lowland forest and wetland remnant.	Pocket wetland of good size opposite Pakiri Flats. Kahikatea and intact vegetation cover.	Intact wetland and vegetation cover.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• General rural</li> </ul>
27	Mt Tamahunga	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	Very prominent tract of hill country and mostly native forest focussing upon the Department of Conservation Reserve around Mt Tamahunga.	Very mature intact native vegetation including Mt Tamahunga, dramatic landform feature. Some pockets of pasture finger up into bush edges. Low levels of rural modification. Contiguous with Unit 31 to the south.	Dramatic landform feature with intact indigenous vegetation cover and remnant vegetation with pasture fingering into edges.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• General rural</li> <li>• Open space 1</li> <li>• Scheduled or restricted activity 131</li> <li>• Significant aggregate extraction resource &amp; area within 500 metres of a significant aggregate extraction resource see rules 7.136.1(m), 7.15.2(h), 7.14.3.2.8(e), 7.14.6.6(e), 7.14.7.2(c), 7.14.8.3(e), 7.14.9.4(b)</li> <li>• Designation 960</li> </ul>

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<b>Rodney District (West &amp; North West)</b>							
28	Coastline from Pakiri River to Omaha Cove	Coastal	Wild nature (coastal)	Highly dramatic and dynamic landscape comprising steep coastal cliffs and a main ridge line descending to rock shoals and coves, including Goat Island, that face the open waters of the outer Hauraki Gulf. Cape Rodney is a major point of transition between Auckland's more sheltered Gulf waters and the open seas of the Pacific Ocean.	Rocky headlands and bays with escarpment backdrop. Coastal indigenous vegetation along with coastline interspersed with more open areas. Scattered coastal settlement interspersed.	Coastal landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation cover. Interplay between remnant vegetation and rural pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Landscape protection rural</li> <li>• Open space 1</li> <li>• Open space 3</li> <li>• Special zone 3</li> <li>• Protected item 481, 161, 480</li> <li>• Coastline affected by the 200 metre shoreline yard</li> <li>• East coast rural</li> </ul>
29	Ti Point	Harbour & Estuary	Wild nature (Coastal) Wild nature Cultured nature (Estuary and Harbour)	Dramatic peninsula landform with outer coastal cliffs and gently shelving harbour margins on the north eastern side of the Whangateau Harbour, including interplay of remnant coastal native forest with pasture, as well as pohutukawa. This landscape enjoys a dynamic interaction with the open waters of the Hauraki Gulf but also frames and encloses the northern end of the Whangateau Estuary landscape.	Rocky harbour and estuarine margins defined by backdrop of rolling hills and native vegetation remnants. Includes a number of small bays and coves. High sense of place values. Residential pockets are tucked in and subservient.	Coastal landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• East coast rural</li> <li>• Open space 1</li> </ul>
30	South of Rodney Road, Leigh	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	Dissected hill country rising up to high level sequence of ridges that frame the coastal landscapes of Leigh and Omaha, displaying large blocks of remnant forest interwoven with pasture some exotic woodlots and some low density residential development.	Intact remnant and regenerating indigenous vegetation on ridge tops behind Leigh. Pockets of pasture and low levels of built intrusion.	Interplay between remnant vegetation and rural pasture reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• East coast rural</li> </ul>

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31	Pukematakeo (near Omaha)	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	Very conical knoll / hill feature flanked by a series of steep ridges and stream corridors south of Omaha Forest that contain the Omaha valley and western margins of the Omaha flats, incorporating an attractive mixture of remnant native forest and pasture.	Remnants stands of vegetation intermixed with pasture on slopes around prominent landform feature of Pukematakeo. Low levels of built development. Contiguous with Unit 27 to north.	Interplay between remnant vegetation and rural pasture, reinforcing topography - local landform feature.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Inland water (general)</b></li> <li>• <b>Residential M (medium intensity)</b></li> <li>• <b>Mixed business</b></li> <li>• <b>Designation 804</b></li> <li>• <b>Protected items 069, 173, 496</b></li> </ul>
32	Dome Forest	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	Sizeable area of steeply dissected hill country containing a sequence of prominent ridges that are covered in mature remnant forest.	Dome Forest - intact remnant and regenerating forest on high relief landform. Some pine intrusion. Minimal pasture. Very low levels of built modification. Excludes "frog pool" roadside development.	Intact indigenous vegetation reinforcing landform.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Scheduled or restricted activity 102</b></li> </ul>
33	Omaha Kahikatea Swamp Forest	Lowland	Wild nature Cultured nature (Lowland) Wild nature Cultured nature (Estuary)	Significant remnant indigenous kahikatea forest on the edge of the Whangateau Harbour including extensive intertidal areas, some mangroves and salt marsh.	Lowland coastal kahikatea forest pocket, contiguous with estuarine edge.	Intact indigenous vegetation reinforcing landform.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>East coast rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Special zone 3</b></li> </ul>

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<b>Rodney District (West &amp; North West)</b>							
34	Waikokopu Creek (inner Whangateau Harbour) <b>Delete: typical rather than outstanding (kahikatea forest separately defined - unit 33)</b>	Harbour & Estuary		Intertidal margin which is highly natural. Low lying landform backdrop. Only low density of subservient houses/built modification.	Saltmarsh, mangroves and intertidal mud flats	Head of harbour and intertidal area.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• General rural</li> <li>• East coast rural</li> <li>• Open space 1</li> </ul>
35	Northern end Mangata-whiri (Omaha) Spit	Coastal	Wild nature (Coastal) Wild nature Cultured nature (Estuary and harbour)	Northern dunes, distal spit and southern side of Whangateau Harbour entry channel. A defining feature for both the harbour and the northern end of Omaha Beach.	Coastal dunes and beach at northern end of Omaha Spit (aligns with open space area) and adjacent coastal marine area at entrance to Whangateau Harbour).	Coastal landforms with remnant vegetation. Prominent spit landform feature framing entrance to Whangateau Harbour.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CMA</li> </ul>
36	Matakana River – Kawau Bay Coastline	River mouth and Coastal	Wild nature (coastal) Wild nature (Hill country)	Sequence of headlands, river margins, slopes and ridges containing bays that are further enhanced and defined by rolling hill country inland and a complex mixture of remnant native forest, shrubland, open pasture and the margins of local settlements. This combination defines the northern and eastern side of the Matakana River and much of the northern side of Kawau Bay.	Rocky shoals and bays, headlands, generally with some native cover behind. Dispersed residential development, but settlements excluded. Includes remnant stands of indigenous forest extending inland as part of coastal backdrop, with some pasture areas interspersed. Extends up the Matakana River mouth coastal edge.	Coastal landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• East coast rural</li> <li>• Open space 2</li> <li>• Inland water (general)</li> <li>• Protected item 495</li> </ul>

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<b>Rodney District (West &amp; North West)</b>							
37	Tawharanui Peninsula	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country) Wild nature (Coastal)	Spectacular / iconic peninsula coastal landscape that combines headlands, steep cliffs and shoals with ocean beaches and attractively contained bays, while its inland reaches comprise a rolling sequence of ridges and valleys that are covered in a mixture of bush (including Hubbard's Bush), pasture some low density development and some small scale pine woodlots.	Tawharanui Regional Park and adjacent areas of similar character. Rolling landform with remnant pockets of planted and naturally regenerating indigenous vegetation, interspersed with pasture. Includes extensive coastline.	Interplay between remnant vegetation and rural pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• East coast rural</li> <li>• Open space 1</li> <li>• Open space 2</li> <li>• Scheduled or restricted activity 193</li> <li>• Protected items 222, 225, 226, 511</li> <li>• Designation 201</li> </ul>
38	Matakana River South	Coastal	Wild nature (Coastal)	Very prominent headland feature and steep coastal cliffs above rock shoals that, together with an extensive margin of remnant native forest, defines the southern side of the mouth of the Matakana River (together with unit 36) and also provides a natural point of division between the settlements of Sand Spit and Snells Beach.	Coastal escarpment with more or less intact indigenous vegetation cover. Some residential development within unit, but not dominant. Most residential development sits behind a cliff top escarpment.	Coastal landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• East coast rural</li> <li>• Open space 1</li> <li>• Residential LP (landscape protection)</li> <li>• Protected item 493</li> <li>• Future esplanade reserve</li> <li>• Scheduled or restricted activity 111</li> </ul>
39	Scandrett Regional Park- Martins Bay	Coastal	Wild nature (Coastal)	Very prominent headland with steep sedimentary cliffs and rock shoals at base. Band of remnant coastal forest (Including some pines) around its periphery, and above Martins Bay.	Headland with steep escarpment and coastal forest remnant, framing the southern end of Kawau Bay.	Coastal landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open space 2</li> <li>• Designation 206</li> <li>• Protected items 195, 492, 515, 615</li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Rodney District (West &amp; North West)</b>							
40	Mahurangi East Regional Park	Coastal	Wild nature (coastal) Wild nature Cultured nature (Estuary) Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	Dramatic large peninsula landform with outer coastal cliffs and gently shelving harbour margins on the eastern side of the Te Kapa River, including a very marked interplay of remnant native forest with pasture, as well as pohutukawa, along the outer coastal edge. This landscape enjoys a dynamic interaction with the open waters of the Hauraki Gulf but also frames and encloses the outer reaches of the Mahurangi Harbour.	Coastal escarpment, prominent, dramatic peninsula landform, remnant and regenerating coastal forest, south of Martins Bay and including entire headland landscape. Some pasture also extending down to waters edge. Limited development.	Coastal landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation. Interplay of pasture within vegetated landscape.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• East coast rural</li> <li>• Indicative reserve</li> <li>• Open space 1</li> <li>• Open space 2</li> <li>• Designation 202</li> <li>• Protected items 190, 513</li> </ul>
41	Te Kapa River headwaters (Mahurangi)	Harbour & Estuary	Wild nature Cultured nature (Estuaries and Harbours) Wild nature and Cultured nature (lowlands)	A very appealing harbour / rural landscape, combining gently rolling and enclosed slopes that lead down to the shallow margins of the Mahurangi Harbour around the Te Kapa River; combining remnant native forest with open pasture, mangroves and the harbour waters.	Extensive mangrove and saltmarsh estuarine areas linked to bush remnant extending up valley system, creating strong pattern with adjoining pasture.	Interplay between remnant vegetation and rural pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• East coast rural</li> <li>• Inland water (general)</li> <li>• Open space 1</li> </ul>
42	Scotts Point and Casnell Island	Harbour & Estuary	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country) Wild nature cultured nature (Estuary)	Very clearly defined headland and island that jut out into the Mahurangi Harbour, further defined by extensive native forest, intermixed with pockets of pasture and open space, and low density residential development.	Prominent headland (Scotts Point and Casnell Island) with large areas of remnant and regenerating coastal forest. Some areas of low density residential development. Limited pasture.	Coastal landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation. Interplay of pasture within vegetated landscape.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open space 1</li> <li>• Open space 2</li> <li>• Open space 3</li> <li>• Residential LP (landscape protection)</li> <li>• Designation 202</li> <li>• Protected items 034, 607, 613</li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Rodney District (West &amp; North West)</b>							
43	West Mahurangi Harbour	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country) Wild nature cultured nature (Estuary)	An iconic landscape, combining ridges, river and stream valleys, bays and harbour headlands to create a complex harbour topography that is defined and enframed by large pockets of native forest – includes the Mahurangi River up to Warkworth and its bush clad escarpment.	West side of Mahurangi Harbour. Significant areas of remnant indigenous forest extending from the harbour margins (and including those margins) into the hill backdrop. Pasture interplays with pattern of forest to reinforce landform. Low level of rural residential development.	Interplay between remnant vegetation and rural pasture, reinforcing landform.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• East coast rural</li> <li>• Open space 1</li> <li>• Open space 2</li> <li>• Inland water (general)</li> <li>• Boundary of wharf/mooring area</li> <li>• General rural</li> <li>• Protected items 076, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487</li> <li>• Designation 402, 404, 809</li> </ul>
44	Mahurangi-Waiwera	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country) Wild nature cultured nature (Estuary) Wild nature (Coastal)	An iconic landscape, combining the deep river valleys of the Puhoi and Waiwera Rivers, together with other enclosed coastal estuaries that feed into the Hauraki Gulf. Framed by a dramatic sequence of headlands, sedimentary cliffs, coastal ridges, and native forest extending well inland. Also includes mangrove colonies and a patchwork of open pasture.	Rolling to steeply rolling hill country with pasture intermixed with remnant forest and incised coastal valleys, with escarpments covered in native forest. Coastline with cliffs and forest remnants. Some areas of more intensive settlement excluded.	Coastal and hill country landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation and pattern of pasture reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• East coast rural</li> <li>• General rural</li> <li>• Residential H (high intensity)</li> <li>• Open space 1</li> <li>• Open space 2</li> <li>• Inland water (general)</li> <li>• Inland water (protection)</li> <li>• Designation 127, 202, 203, 401, 404</li> <li>• Protected Item 039, 194, 198, 215, 224, 491, 503, 508, 509, 510, 512, 611, 614,</li> <li>• Scheduled or restricted activity 316</li> </ul>
45	Kaipara Flats	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country) Wild nature (Lowland)	Pronounced hill feature with a mixture of remnant native forest and shrubland extending down and into a series of stream corridors within the Kaipara Flats (totara and kahikatea in lowlands).	Prominent knoll landform with strong patterning of pasture and remnant forest with lowland apron of totara and kahikatea dominated forest along stream corridors, mixed with pasture.	Interplay between remnant vegetation and rural pasture, Reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• General rural</li> <li>• Open space 1</li> <li>• Scheduled or restricted activity 190</li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Rodney District (West &amp; North West)</b>							
46	Upper Puhoi Valley	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	Very dramatic and dissected hill country with a complex sequence of stream corridors in which mature native forest dominates the higher slopes and ridge crests flanking lower lying pasture. Includes the bush covered escarpment following the Puhoi River.	Steep hill country and gullies as well as escarpment with intact and pockets of native remnant forest, interspersed with pasture. Strong pattern and structure.	Interplay between remnant vegetation and rural pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Scheduled or restricted activity 101, 152</b></li> </ul>



Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Central Rodney - Orewa</b>							
47	Upper Waiwera Road	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	Rolling hill country and several stream corridors with remnant forest and shrubland intermixed with pasture.	Pockets of remnant forest including kahikatea among rolling pasture and following stream corridors. Some rural development, but retaining a clear and cohesive 'natural' patterning.	Interplay between remnant vegetation and rural pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Inland water (general)</b></li> </ul>
48	Wainui Road	Hill Country	Wild nature Cultured nature (Hill country)	Rolling hill country with remnant forest and shrubland intermixed with pasture on its periphery; also includes bush following Weiti Stream corridor.	Predominance of remnant indigenous forest on ridgeline and hills, extending down to a stream gully on the southern side.	Indigenous forest remnants reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> </ul>
49	Sunnyside Road, Coatsville	Lowlands	Wild nature and Cultured nature (Lowlands) Wild nature and Cultured nature (Hill country)	Quite detailed / distinctive combination of native forest on ridge and hill crests combined with bush along stream corridors, contrasting with pasture and surrounding farming / rural residential land uses.	Remnant bands of indigenous forest on escarpments and ridges, extending in some places down stream corridors. Kauri, kahikatea, tanekaha prominent. Interplay with pasture on fringes.	Indigenous forest remnants reinforcing topography. Interplay with pasture.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>General rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Inland water (general)</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Countryside living rural</b></li> <li>• <b>Mixed business</b></li> </ul>
50	Shakespear Regional Park and Coastline	Coastal	Wild nature (Coastal) Wild nature and Cultured nature (Lowland) Wild nature and Cultured nature (Hill country)	Combination of strongly defined peninsula headland landform and remnant forest intermixed with pasture descending to wetlands and gently shelving coastal margins around Army Bay and Okoromai Bay while the eastern and northern coastlines of the headland are emphatically defined by very steep cliffs and shoals.	Shakespear Regional Park, cliff margins around to Army Bay and Okoromai Bay. Dramatic coastal cliff profiles at sea edge combined with pockets of regenerating indigenous vegetation, mixed with pasture on rolling terrain.	Coastal landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation and pattern of pasture reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Open space 2</b></li> <li>• <b>Designations 157, 204, 921, 922, 923, 961</b></li> <li>• <b>Protected items 208, 216, 217, 221, 223, 514</b></li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Central Rodney - Orewa</b>							
51	Okura Estuary Headlands	Coastal	Wild nature (Coastal) Wild nature and Cultured nature (Lowland) Wild nature and Cultured nature (Hill country)	Strongly defined river corridor flanked by sedimentary cliffs to the south (Okura) and native forest across slopes and coastal ridges to the north framing a mixture of open water, sand / mud flats and mangroves.	Okura Estuary and Long Bay Headlands, including indigenous forest covered escarpments and dramatic cliffline.	Coastal/estuarine landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation and pattern of pasture reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>North Shore City</b>							
1	Paremoremo Escarpment	Hill Country	Wild nature (Hill country) Wild nature (Estuary and harbour)	Highly legible escarpment landform still mainly dominated by native forest together with enclosed upper reaches of Paremoremo Stream at its base.	Follows road along ridge and Paremoremo Stream along bottom. Intact indigenous vegetation, with limited mature pine intrusion.	Indigenous forest remnants reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Recreation 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Rural 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Rural 3</b></li> <li>• <b>Proposed reserve</b></li> <li>• <b>Coastal conservation area</b></li> <li>• <b>Site of special wildlife interest 3</b></li> <li>• <b>Designation 120</b></li> </ul>
52	Oteha Stream Escarpment	Hill Country	Wild nature (Hill country) Wild nature (Estuary and harbour)	Highly legible escarpment landform still mainly dominated by native forest with Oteha Stream corridor at its base	Oteha Valley Escarpment. Intact indigenous vegetation on prominent escarpment landform. South facing.	Indigenous forest remnants reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Recreation 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Recreation 2</b></li> <li>• <b>Site of special wildlife interest 4</b></li> <li>• <b>Proposed reserve</b></li> </ul>
53	Lucas Creek	Harbour & Estuary	Wild nature (Hill country) Wild nature (Estuary and harbour)	Highly legible escarpment landform still mainly dominated by native forest within the enclosed upper reaches of the Lucas Creek water catchment.	Lucas Creek vegetated escarpment down to estuary margins with remnant coastal forest. Rogue mature pines. Canopy species include kauri, kahikatea, kanuka, totara, tanekaha, kowhai.	Indigenous forest remnants reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Recreation 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Rural 2</b></li> <li>• <b>Site of special wildlife interest 2, 11</b></li> <li>• <b>Coastal conservation area</b></li> <li>• <b>Proposed reserve</b></li> </ul>
54	Long Bay	Coastal	Wild nature (Coastal)	Dramatic sequence of sedimentary headlands and cliffs, backed by rolling pastoral ridges and basins, interspersed with beaches and stream corridors	Coastal backdrop to northern part of Long Bay Regional Park. Dramatic coastal headlands, with limited (one major pocket) indigenous vegetation – pohutukawa.	Coastal landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Recreation 2</b></li> <li>• <b>Designation 117</b></li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Franklin District</b>							
55	West Coast Awhitu Peninsula	Hill Country & Coastal	Wild nature (coastal). Wild nature and cultured nature (hill country)	Dynamic coastline underpinned by massive dune formations that includes major coastal ridges and headlands, steep valleys and gullies around lakes and wetlands, often further defined by remnant native forest. A raw and wildly scenic landscape.	Extensive landscape with dramatic sand ridge coastal landform and dramatic cliffs and ridges abutting the Tasman Sea. Dune lakes and wetlands. Stream corridors to the sea. Indigenous forest remnants, mainly in gullies and on steep slopes, intermixed with pasture. Sporadic housing, farm and rural residential. Some mature and young plantation pine that has generally been excluded.	Coastal and coastally derived landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation and pattern of pasture reinforcing dramatic topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rural zone</li> <li>• Recreation zone</li> <li>• Designation 141 – Auckland International Airport obstacle Limitation Surface</li> <li>• Growth area (rural zone)</li> </ul>
56	Lakes Whatihua, Rotoiti, and Puketi	Lowland	Cultured nature (lowland)	Perched dune lakes located on the inland side of Kariotahi Beach's dune formations and coastal ridge, largely surrounded by pasture but also including pockets of raupo wetland and other native vegetation.	Small lakes either side of Kariotahi Road (road forms ARC / EW boundary) framed by open dune ridges and open pasture with wetland margins, raupo and other species.	Natural lakes and wetlands in pastoral landscape.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rural zone</li> </ul>
57	Kariotahi Coastline	Coastal	Wild nature (coastal)	Raw and wild West Coast beach characterised by its very extensive linear profile and black sand beachfront backed by eroding coastal cliffs and dune remnants. Extends to top of coastal ridge only.	Dramatic linear Kariotahi coastline comprising dynamic west coast beach fronts and iron sand, with steep escarpment backdrop (pasture and some pines).	Long extent of beach and dunes with relatively undeveloped rural backdrop extending only to top of coastal ridge.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rural zone</li> <li>• Recreation zone</li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Franklin District</b>							
58	Pukeoware  <b>Deleted</b> <i>(most of unit is in the Waikato Region &amp; is not shown on maps)</i>	Hill Country		Relatively high relief. Significant areas of maturing vegetation. Only low levels of built modification (houses)	Central highpoint with significant stands, and lone trees or groups of indigenous vegetation interspersed with pasture. Low density of rural and rural residential housing present, but subservient.	Interplay of indigenous forest remnants and pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Rural zone</b></li> </ul>
59	West Ramarama & Bombay (Two sites)	Hill Country	Cultured nature (hill country)	Attractive sequence of remnant native forest and stream corridors contrasting with surrounding pasture and market gardens, that reinforces the rolling to incised nature of the local rural landscape.	Rolling terrain on the fringes of the Bombay Hills with large pockets of remnant broadleaf forest among pasture, horticulture and rural residential development. Some forest on steep escarpments.	Interplay of indigenous forest remnants and pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Rural zone</b></li> <li>• <b>Recreation zone</b></li> </ul>
60	Ponga Road	Hill Country	Cultured nature and wild nature (Hill country)	Extensive sequence of mature and regenerating native forest, combined with strongly articulated stream corridors that reinforce the natural qualities of this rolling to dissected hill country landscape.	Steep hill country with large tracts of remnant native forest following stream gullies and on upper slopes and ridges.	Interplay of indigenous forest remnants and pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Rural zone</b></li> <li>• <b>Recreation zone</b></li> <li>• <b>Designation 149</b></li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Franklin District</b>							
61	Pinnacle Hill <b>Delete mainly in EW</b> <i>(most of unit is in the Waikato Region &amp; is not shown on maps)</i>	Hill Country		Relatively high relief. Significant areas of maturing vegetation. Only low levels of built modification (houses).	Elevated hill country with intact cover of remnant indigenous vegetation. Areas of less established indigenous regeneration and pine excluded. Includes pastoral foothills where there is a low density development. Extends to lowland pastoral fringe near State Highway 2 and includes riparian and lowland kahikatea forest.	Interplay of indigenous forest remnants and pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Rural zone</b></li> <li>• <b>Designation 36</b></li> </ul>
62	Hunua Ranges <i>(Part in Manukau City)</i>	Hill Country	Cultured nature and wild nature (Hill country)	Second major hill range flanking Auckland's metropolitan area: dominated by native forest and water catchments focusing upon lake reservoirs and strong connection with the margins of the Firth of Thames. Combines relatively high relief with significant areas of native forest & maturing vegetation; only low levels of built modification (houses).	Significant area of intact mature indigenous forest on steep hill country and around water catchment lakes, extending down to the coastal margins of the Firth of Thames and some stream corridors. Includes pastoral toe slopes where forest interplays.	Interplay of intact mature indigenous forest and forest remnants with pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Recreation zone</b></li> <li>• <b>Rural zone</b></li> <li>• <b>Designation 17, 91A, 91B, 91C, 91D, 91E, 100/92</b></li> <li>• <b>Designation 100 underlying zone: forest conservation)</b></li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Manukau City</b>							
63	Orere Point – Waimangu	Harbour and Estuary	Wild nature (Coastal)	Strongly defined, cliffed, coastal landscape that is backed by significant areas of tall, predominantly native, vegetation, which interacts very strongly with the Firth of Thames. Some low density, subservient housing at Orere Point.	Firth of Thames coastline with series of bays and headlands with stands of remnant coastal forest extending into up stream catchments and on slopes. Interplay with pasture.	Coastal landforms. Interplay of indigenous forest remnants and pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rural 1 zone</li> <li>• Designation 193</li> <li>• Heritage resources to be protected: Ashby homestead, Ashby graveyard, Tapapakanga stoneheaps, Tapapakanga pa</li> <li>• Sensitive ridge area</li> </ul>
64	Kauri Bay Headlands, Wairoa River	Coastal	Wild nature (Coastal)	Undeveloped east coast coastline focused upon two small headlands that are further articulated by native coastal vegetation and contrast with both the adjoining coastal flats and shallow waters of the Wairoa River mouth.	Two headlands that define Kauri Bay with intact indigenous vegetation around coastal edge, and rocky shores.	Coastal landforms with remnant indigenous coastal vegetation reinforcing coastal edge and defining headland landform.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rural 1 zone</li> <li>• Sensitive ridge area</li> </ul>
65	Mataitai Forest	Hill Country	Cultured nature and wild nature (Hill country)	Dissected hill country that combines a highly significant tract of native forest, shrubland and stream corridors with pockets of pasture on the hill country margins.	Remnant indigenous forest on high hill country intermixed with some pasture on slopes near the Ness Valley.	Interplay of indigenous forest remnants and pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rural 1 zone</li> <li>• Sensitive ridge area</li> <li>• Archaeological sites – Pouto pa, Pa on Wairoa River</li> </ul>
66	North Clevedon	Hill Country	Cultured nature and wild nature (Hill country)	Dissected hill country overlooking Clevedon Village that combines a steep sequence of ridges and stream corridors with an extensive area of remnant native forest and shrubland that contrasts with surrounding pastoral farmland and exotic forestry.	Discrete elevated hill landform at the back of Clevedon settlement with remnant indigenous vegetation. Some pine edges intrude.	Interplay of indigenous forest remnants with pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rural 1 zone</li> <li>• Clevedon stewardship area</li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Manukau City</b>							
67	Duder Regional Park	Harbour & Estuary	Wild nature (coastal)	A very prominent headland landform mostly covered in pasture but with pockets of remnant coastal forest descending down to Umupuia Beach and a sequence of wetland salt marsh, intertidal flats and beach north of the mouth of the Wairoa River.	Duder Regional Park – headland landforms (dramatic) combined with mangrove/saltmarsh beach and escarpment headland to the north of the Wairoa River.	Coastal landforms with pockets of remnant indigenous vegetation among pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rural 1 zone</li> <li>• Designation 270</li> <li>• Whakakaiwhara</li> </ul>
68	Inland Kawakawa	Coastal	Wild nature (coastal)	Sequence of headlands and rocky bays with steep backdrop of largely forested ridge slopes with some pasture framing the edge of the Firth of Thames. Parts of the coastal edge are strongly cliffed. Very little obvious modification.	Seaward facing coastal ridges with remnant coastal forest combined with steep escarpments along rocky shoreline	Coastal landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rural 1 zone</li> <li>• Public open space 2 zone</li> <li>• Maraetai Pa</li> <li>• Sensitive ridge area</li> </ul>
69	Omana Regional Park  <b>NOTE NEEDS FIELD CHECK TO CONFIRM</b>	Harbour & Estuary	Wild nature (coastal)	Sequence of clay sandstone cliffs with sandy beach fringe and tidal flats. Mixture of pasture and bush remnants defining the coastal edge. Some small scale rural development in proximity but main settlement limited to margins of Maraetai and nearby Beachlands outside the ONL.	Omana Regional Park, coastal edge with fringe of native vegetation.	Coastal landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Public open space 2 zone</li> <li>• Public open space 3 zone</li> <li>• Designation 191, 211</li> </ul>
70	Trig Road Whitford	Hill Country	Cultured nature (Hill country)	Whitford escarpment including remnant vegetation and pasture down to stream that combines significant areas of maturing vegetation interspersed with pasture.	Remnant and regenerating indigenous forest on stream escarpment, partly framed and in places interrupted by pasture and younger shrubland and regenerating vegetation. Both pines and pasture on periphery. Some subservient rural residential development (behind Whitford).	Interplay of indigenous forest remnants and pasture, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rural 1 zone</li> </ul>



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<b>Manukau City</b>							
71	Mangemangeroa Creek Escarpment	Harbour & Estuary	Wild nature (Estuary and Harbour)	Very clearly defined river valley with a continuous ridgeline backdrop dominated by remnant native forest. (Not including eastern stream bank above mid corridor). Providing counterpoint to nearby urban edge and rural residential development to the southeast.	Mangemangeroa Creek coastal escarpment with band of remnant forest above mangrove lined inlet.	Coastal landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Public open space 1 zone</b></li> <li>• <b>Public open space 2 zone</b></li> <li>• <b>Recreational walkway</b></li> <li>• <b>Residential heritage 4 zone</b></li> <li>• <b>Special (household density) Policy area A</b></li> <li>• <b>View shafts</b></li> <li>• <b>Rural 3 zone</b></li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Waitakere City</b>							
72	South Titirangi	Harbour & Estuary	Wild nature (Estuary and Harbour) Cultured nature and wild nature (Hill country)	Amalgam of incised sedimentary coastline with remnant wetlands framed by remnant kauri (predominant) forest including some limited residential development but excluding major residential areas.	South Titirangi coast. Coastal edge with contiguous indigenous vegetation extending into the Ranges backdrop. Kauri and mixed broadleaf forest. Includes sporadic houses set into bush, but not dominant. More densely settled areas excluded.	Coastal and foothill / ridge landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Bush Living</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space</b></li> <li>• <b>Waitakere Ranges</b></li> <li>• <b>Transport environment</b></li> <li>• <b>WSL 14</b></li> <li>• <b>Urban concept plan area boundary</b></li> <li>• <b>Sensitive ridge (moderate 65m)</b></li> <li>• <b>Designation ARC1</b></li> </ul>
73	Waitakere Ranges and Coastline	Hill Country	Wild nature and Cultured nature (Hill country) Wild nature (Estuary and Harbour) Wild nature (Coastal)	Very extensive sequence of re-emerging to mature native forest on hill country including Manukau Harbour margins and a dynamic, dramatic West Coast. A truly iconic landscape. Excludes major areas of settlement eg Piha.	Includes Waitakere Ranges, Tasman Sea and Manukau Harbour coastlines and water catchment lakes. Continuous forest with dramatic coastal margins (West Coast coastline). Some pockets of pasture and rural residential development. Te Henga wetlands. Muriwai and Te Henga headlands have areas of pasture with dramatic landform.	Coastal and inland ranges landforms with largely intact remnant indigenous vegetation reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Open space zone</b></li> <li>• <b>Bush living</b></li> <li>• <b>Designation ARC1, ARC2, WSL1, WSL2, AC1/TP3</b></li> <li>• <b>Transport environment</b></li> <li>• <b>10 and 20 metre coastal edge</b></li> <li>• <b>Sensitive ridge – moderate (65m)</b></li> <li>• <b>Natural water body</b></li> <li>• <b>Waitakere Ranges</b></li> <li>• <b>Recently approved subdivision</b></li> <li>• <b>Large property management area</b></li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Hauraki Gulf Islands Auckland City</b>							
74	Rangitoto Motutapu Motuihe Motukorea (Browns) Tiritiri Matangi	Islands.	Wild nature (coastal) Wild nature, Cultured nature (hill country)	Iconic Hauraki Gulf Island landscapes that include two major volcanic features and other sedimentary island landforms that are highly distinctive and provide the focus for a multitude of views toward the Hauraki Gulf from the eastern shoreline of the Auckland region.	Island landscapes defining Hauraki Gulf. Strong landform characteristics reinforced by vegetation cover including open pasture and remnant / regenerating / planted indigenous vegetation. Strong landform and vegetation relationship in case of Rangitoto. Strong landform/sea relationship in case of Motukorea. Islands characterised by pattern of rocky shoreline and cliffs with sandy beaches and varying amounts of indigenous vegetation, particularly pohutukawa. Built modification (houses) extremely limited – related to DoC management & visitor facilities. All islands in DoC ownership and have very strong identity and sense of place values for Auckland – particularly Rangitoto.	Retention of indigenous vegetation, both intact and remnant, reinforcing topography. Interplay of pasture and remnant and regenerating indigenous vegetation important on Motutapu and Motuihe. Landform strongly expressed and iconic.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Conservation</b></li> <li>• <b>Site of ecological significance</b></li> <li>• <b>Soil register area</b></li> </ul>
75	Rakino Island Islet landforms and Headlands	Islands	Wild nature (coastal)	Sequence of six headlands and islets that are dominated by bare exposed rock and cliffs flanking bays and areas of pasture and rural residential development.	Coastal edge, rocky with rock shoals and islets. Mainly landform values. Poor vegetation cover. Some pine/macrocampa and remnant pohutukawa.	Retention of coastal landforms and remnant pohutukawa.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Landform 1 (coastal cliffs and slopes)</b></li> <li>• <b>Conservation</b></li> <li>• <b>Soil warning area</b></li> <li>• <b>Soil register area</b></li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Hauraki Gulf Islands Auckland City</b>							
76	The Noises	Islands	Wild nature (coastal)	Sequence of islets in exposed outer Hauraki Gulf waters.	Includes David Rocks and Maria Island. Intact rocky islets, with sparse coastal vegetation cover.	Retention of interplay between undeveloped coastal landforms and vegetation cover that reinforces topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Conservation</li> <li>• Site of ecological significance</li> </ul>
77	Waiheke Island Northern Headlands Hakaimango Point to Onetangi Bay	Islands	Wild nature (coastal) Wild nature, Cultured nature (hill country)	Headland and rocky coastal landforms including areas of remnant forest and pasture, steep cliffs and rock shoals framing larger bays along the north western coastline of Waiheke Island.	Dramatic headland landform. Coastal pohutukawa interspersed with steep cliffs, rock faces, pasture. Limited formed building sites (Thompson's Point) and houses generally subservient. Some earthworks.	Coastal landforms with remnant indigenous vegetation, particularly pohutukawa reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Conservation</li> <li>• Landform 1 (coastal cliffs and slopes)</li> <li>• Rural 2 (western landscape)</li> <li>• Soil register area</li> <li>• Soil warning area</li> <li>• Flood prone land</li> </ul>
78	Waiheke Island Eastern End	Islands	Wild nature (coastal) Wild nature, Cultured nature (hill country)	Very extensive sequence of rolling to steep hill country and rocky / embayed coastline at the eastern end of Waiheke Island, including large areas of remnant native forest intermixed with open pasture and vineyards, and a convoluted shoreline. (Includes the Stoney Batter historic defence features and landscape context).	Combination of dramatic coastline, headlands, coves and escarpments with remnant forest and pasture. Includes Puke Range as a major back-drop to the eastern end of the island. Basin catchments of regenerating forest. Largest contiguous areas of mature coastal forest on Waiheke. Includes Stoney Batter boulder fields and vineyard/olive grove development. Interspersed with taraire and puriri forest. Strong landform.	Coastal landforms with intact and remnant indigenous vegetation, reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Landform 1 (coastal cliffs and slopes)</li> <li>• Landform 4 (wetland systems)</li> <li>• Landform 5 (productive land)</li> <li>• Landform 6 (regenerating slopes)</li> <li>• Landform 7 (forest and bush areas)</li> <li>• Conservation</li> <li>• Site of ecological significance</li> <li>• Geological item</li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Hauraki Gulf Islands Auckland City</b>							
79	Waiheke Island Awaawaroa Bay & Valley	Islands	Wild nature (coastal) Wild nature (hill country) Wild nature (estuaries)	Valley corridor including flanking hills and ridges that extends down to Awaawaroa Bay including mangroves and coastal flats. Also comprises a sizeable area of native remnant forest and regeneration.	Intact and regenerating native forest on coastal ridges. Ecotone sequence through to salt water wetland, saltmarsh and mangroves. Some young regeneration.	Interplay between indigenous vegetation and pasture reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Recreation 1 (local parks and esplanade reserve)</li> <li>• Landform 4 (water systems)</li> <li>• Landform 5 (productive land)</li> <li>• Landform 6 (regenerating slopes)</li> <li>• Landform 7 (forest and bush areas)</li> <li>• Soil warning area</li> <li>• Site of ecological significance</li> <li>• Soil register area</li> </ul>
80	Waiheke Island South coast headlands (Whau Point to Awaawaroa Bay)	Islands	Wild nature (coastal) Wild nature Cultured nature (hill country)	Headland and rocky coastal landforms including areas of remnant forest and pasture, steep, sedimentary cliffs and shoals framing larger bays along the southern coastline of Waiheke Island overlooking the Tamaki Strait.	Rocky coastal headlands with remnant pohutukawa and small pockets of coastal forest interspersed with small coves and bays. Some development and emerging houses.	Coastal landforms and remnant indigenous vegetation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Recreation 1 (local parks and esplanade reserve)</li> <li>• Landform 1 (coastal cliffs and slopes)</li> <li>• Landform 5 (productive land)</li> <li>• Landform 7 (forest and bush)</li> <li>• Soil register area</li> </ul>
81	Waiheke Island Whakanewha	Islands	Wild nature (estuaries) Wild nature, Cultured nature (hill country) Wild nature (Wetland)	Sequence of rolling hill country covered in native forest and regenerating shrubland extending down into a large raupo wetland basin; also linked with the wetland and intertidal margins of Rocky Bay.	Regional park, wetlands and reemergent coastal forest. Regional park catchment basin with wetland, regenerating hill slopes with contiguous tracts of indigenous forest. Some mature stands of kahikatea. Birdlife.	Coastal landforms, wetlands and indigenous vegetation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Recreation 1 (local parks and esplanade reserve)</li> <li>• Site of ecological significance</li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Hauraki Gulf Islands Auckland City</b>							
82	Waiheke Island South-western rocks & Islands	Islands	Wild nature (coastal)	Small island features (four) that sit at the entry to Putiki and Rocky Bays as well off Church Bay and within Sergeant Channel, near Motuihe.	Includes Motukaha and Crusoe Islands and the three small rocks/knolls in Oakura Bay. Some vegetation, mainly landform characteristics.	Coastal landforms and remnant vegetation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Conservation</li> <li>• Site of ecological significance</li> </ul>
83	Waiheke Island Park Point Headland	Islands	Wild nature (coastal) Wild nature Cultured nature (hill country)	Combination of a very prominent Park Point headland, combined with coastal cliffs and rock shoals framed by a rolling hinterland and large areas of native forest / shrubland.	Headland landform. Some weed species and exotics intervene. Generally intact and mixed remnant scrub with pasture, some exotics. Cliffs with attendant pohutukawa.	Coastal landforms and remnant vegetation, particularly pohutukawa.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rural 2 (western landscape)</li> <li>• Recreation 1 (local parks and esplanade reserve)</li> </ul>
84	Pakatoa Island & Tarahiki (Shag) Island	Islands	Wild nature (Coastal)	Eastern coastline of Pakatoa Island, together with Tarahiki (Shag) Island comprising a sequence of headlands that are dominated by bare exposed rock and cliffs – contrasting with areas of pasture, pines and visitor accommodation on the rest of Pakatoa.	Coastal edge, dramatic bluffs and rock shoals. Native vegetation. Mainly landform values.	Retention of interplay between coastal landforms and indigenous vegetation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pakatoa</li> <li>• Conservation</li> <li>• Site of ecological significance</li> <li>• Conservation area</li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Hauraki Gulf Islands Auckland City</b>							
85	Ponui Island	Islands	Wild nature (coastal) Wild nature, Cultured nature (Hill country)	Very extensive island feature, comprising a natural sequence of coastal headlands, cliffs, bays and beaches framed by and inland backdrop of rolling hill country that contains a mixture of remnant native forest and open pasture.	Large island, dramatic coastal edge with cliffs and sheltered beaches. Extensive native vegetation along coastal edge and valleys. Inland interplay between remnant forest, pasture and rolling ridge landforms, also a feature.	Retention of coastal landforms and interplay between indigenous vegetation and rural pasture reinforcing topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Landform 1 (coastal cliffs and slopes)</b></li> <li>• <b>Landform 2 (dune systems and sand flats)</b></li> <li>• <b>Landform 3 (alluvial flats)</b></li> <li>• <b>Conservation</b></li> <li>• <b>Land form 4 (wetland system)</b></li> <li>• <b>Landform 5 (productive land)</b></li> <li>• <b>Landform 6 (regenerating slopes)</b></li> <li>• <b>Landform 7 (forest and bush area)</b></li> <li>• <b>Site of ecological significance</b></li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Rodney District</b>							
86	Kawau Island	Islands	Wild nature (Coastal) Wild nature (Estuary and Harbours)	Highly variable island landscape comprising a dynamic and very exposed cliffed and rocky eastern coastline, together with a much more sheltered western coastline that comprises a complex sequence of harbours, headlands, inlets, bays and small beaches: framed by rolling inland terrain covered mostly in native shrubland, but with pockets of mature forest in more sheltered locations.	Coastal, intact and regenerating indigenous vegetation, manuka/kanuka, emergent kauri, puriri, pohutukawa around coast. Windswept in east, more sheltered in western bays. Where houses included they are subservient or small scale. Excludes coastal development and more dense areas of houses in bush as well as main pine areas. Some individual and groups of pines in the ONL area.	Retention of coastal landforms and indigenous vegetation cover.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Kawau Island Zone – bush policy area</b></li> <li>• <b>Kawau Island Zone – Settlement policy area</b></li> <li>• <b>Islands general</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Open space 2</b></li> <li>• <b>Protected item 024, 025, 189</b></li> </ul>
87	Moturekareka Island and islets	Islands	Wild nature (Coastal)	Dramatic and highly attractive island landforms that combine sheer cliffs and rock shoals with sheltered coves and beaches backed by pohutukawa and other re-emergent coastal vegetation (high values despite pines on Moturekareka).	Collection of islets, rock shoals and headlands with beaches. Dramatic landform and interplay with water. Vegetation includes scruffy pine and some pohutukawa and regenerating indigenous vegetation.	Retention of coastal landforms and indigenous vegetation.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Open Space 1</b></li> <li>• <b>Islands general</b></li> </ul>



Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Rodney District</b>							
88	Aotea, Great Barrier Island (includes Kaikoura, Broken & Rakitu (Arid) Islands)	Islands	Wild nature (Coastal) Wild nature, Cultured nature (Estuary and Harbours) Wild nature, Cultured nature (Lowlands) Wild nature, Cultured nature (Hill country)	Very extensive island landscape that captures many of the qualities of pre-European New Zealand, embracing a spectacular array of coastal (ocean beach and bays / coves to rocky, cliffed, scarps and headlands) landscapes and lowland to hill country environments that include wetlands and very large tracts of coastal forest. The centre of the island is dominated by a spine of spectacular hills, ridges and bluffs.	Intact regenerating and remnant indigenous forest together with clearly articulated landforms that interact very strongly with the seas around Great Barrier. Dramatic skyline ridges and rock outcrops. Stands of mature remnant forest. Spectacular central spine with highpoints, Mt Hobson, Matawhero/the Pinnacles etc. Pine woodlots and scattered rogue pines. Includes some small homesteads but excludes small settlements and some pastoral and forest areas. Includes the harbours eg Port Fitzroy and estuaries eg Whangapoua. Significant DOC lands. Includes off shore islands eg Kaikoura, Broken and Rakitu (Arid) Islands.	Retention of coastal landforms, indigenous vegetation and interplay between vegetation and landform/topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Conservation</li> <li>• Recreation 1 (local parks and esplanade reserve)</li> <li>• Landform 1 (coastal cliffs and slopes)</li> <li>• Landform 2 (dune systems and sand flats)</li> <li>• Landform 3 (alluvial flats)</li> <li>• Sensitive area</li> <li>• Landform 4 (wetland systems)</li> <li>• Landform 5 (productive land)</li> <li>• Landform 6 (regenerating slopes)</li> <li>• Landform 7 (forest and bush areas)</li> <li>• Contaminated or potentially contaminated land</li> <li>• Designation 42-11, 54-9</li> <li>• Airfield protection fan</li> <li>• Airfield noise contour levels</li> <li>• Significant ridgeline area</li> <li>• Site of ecological significance</li> <li>• Port Fitzroy settlement area</li> <li>• Awana settlement area</li> <li>• Medlands settlement area</li> <li>• Aotea settlement area</li> <li>• Tryphena settlement area</li> </ul>

Area #	Location Name	Landscape	Wild or cultured nature	Type Landscape Description	Additional Information	Key ONL Elements, Features & Patterns	District Plan Zone
<b>Rodney District</b>							
89	Hauturu, Little Barrier Island	Islands	Wild nature (Coastal) Wild nature, Cultured nature (Hill country)	Discrete and intact island landscape that captures the qualities of pre-European New Zealand, embracing a spectacular array of rocky coastal landscapes and steep hill country environments that are covered with an extensive tract of indigenous coastal forest. A very pronounced uplifted island landform with a distinctive conical shape and very limited coastal edge.	Extensive intact mature indigenous vegetation cover that clearly articulates landform. Island is roughly symmetrical with a number of razor back ridges. Coastline of dramatic of sheer cliffs, with some boulder beaches. Strong relationship between coastline and surrounding sea. Iconic island landscape. Owned by DoC and managed as Nature Reserve.	Retention of indigenous vegetation cover and interplay between vegetation and landform/topography.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Conservation</b></li> </ul>

## APPENDIX:

### Designations

<b>Rodney District Council</b>	
127	Requiring Authority Rodney District Council - Water Supply Purposes - State Highway 1, Waiwera
157	Requiring Authority Rodney District Council - Sewage Treatment and Disposal Purposes - Army Bay, Whangaparaoa
201	Requiring Authority Auckland Regional Council - Tawharanui Regional Park - Takatu Peninsula
202	Requiring Authority Auckland Regional Council - Mahurangi Regional Park - Mahurangi Harbour
203	Requiring Authority Auckland Regional Council - Wenderholm Regional Park - (Note: includes Mahurangi Island) Wenderholm
204	Requiring Authority Auckland Regional Council - Shakespear Regional Park - Army Bay
206	Requiring Authority Auckland Regional Council - Scandrett Regional Park - Mullet Point
401	Requiring Authority Transit New Zealand - Motorway and limited access state highway and associated interchange structures (Refer to Appendix 15F for conditions) Bankside Road, Silverdale to Titfords Bridge north of Waiwera
402	Requiring Authority Transit New Zealand – Quarry - State Highway One, vicinity of Cowan Bay Road
404	Requiring Authority Transit New Zealand - State Highway 1 - Various locations
501	Requiring Authority Ontrack (New Zealand Railways Corporation) - Railway purposes - Various locations
804	Requiring Authority Telecom New Zealand Ltd - Matakana Exchange (Refer to Appendix 15G for conditions - Leigh Road, Matakana
809	Requiring Authority Telecom New Zealand Ltd - Satellite Earth Station - surrounding land use and building - Restriction (Refer to Appendix 15H for conditions) - Thompson Road/ Hepburn Creek Road/Perry Road vicinity
920	Requiring Authority Minister of Defence - Bombing Range - South Kaipara Head
921	Requiring Authority Minister of Defence - Defence Purposes - Whangaparaoa Passage
922	Requiring Authority Minister of Defence - Defence Purposes - Army Bay/Huaroa Point/ Whangaparaoa Head
923	Requiring Authority Minister of Defence - Explosives Storage Safeguarding Arc - Army Bay Defence Land/Shakespear Regional Park
960	Requiring Authority Meteorological Service of New Zealand Limited - Weather Radar Purposes - End of Rodney Road, Mt Tamahunga, Omaha
961	Requiring Authority Meteorological Service of New Zealand Limited - Automatic Weather Station - Royal New Zealand Navy Army Depot, End of Whangaparaoa Peninsula
<b>North Shore City Council</b>	
117	Regional Park - Auckland Regional Council - Long Bay Regional Park Management Plan - Beach Road/ Long Bay
120	Auckland Prison - Minister of Corrections (see Appendix 14M) - Paremomo Road

## Designations

<b>Franklin District Council</b>	
<b>17</b>	Broadcast Communications Ltd - Broadcasting & Telecommunications Purposes; "subject to the provisions of the Hunua Catchment Park and Management Plan". (A.R.C)
<b>36</b>	Telecom New Zealand Limited - Telecommunication and Radio Communication and Ancillary purposes
<b>91A</b>	Watercare Services Limited - Water Supply Purposes
<b>91B</b>	Watercare Services Limited - Water Supply Purposes
<b>91C</b>	Watercare Services Limited - Water Supply Purposes
<b>91D</b>	Watercare Services Limited - Water Supply Purposes
<b>91E</b>	Watercare Services Limited - Water Supply Purposes
<b>100</b>	Auckland Regional Council - Regional Parkland
<b>141</b>	Auckland International Airport - Auckland International Airport: Obstacle Limitation Surfaces
<b>149</b>	Vector Gas - pipeline and ancillary structures
<b>Manukau City Council</b>	
<b>191</b>	Requiring Authority Auckland Regional Council - Regional Park – Omaha Regional Park
<b>193</b>	Requiring Authority Auckland Regional Council - Regional Park – Tapapakanga Regional Park
<b>211</b>	Requiring Authority Manukau City Council - Extension of Te Puru Park for public open space – active outdoor recreation and organised sports purposes
<b>270</b>	Requiring Authority Auckland Regional Council - Regional Park – Duder Regional Park
<b>Waitakere City Council</b>	
<b>WSL1</b>	Requiring Authority Watercare Services Limited - Waitakere Ranges - Watercare Services Limited: Water supply purposes - water catchment headworks areas
<b>WSL2</b>	Requiring Authority Watercare Services Limited - Waitakere Ranges - Watercare Services Limited: Water supply purposes - headworks service land
<b>WSL14</b>	Requiring Authority Watercare Services Limited - Laingholm Rd reserve at Deirdre Place - Wastewater purposes - wastewater pumping station
<b>AC1/TP3</b>	Requiring Authority Airways Corporation Of New Zealand Limited - Rua o te Whenua - Aerodrome purposes (communications facility)
<b>ARC1</b>	Requiring Authority Auckland Regional Council - Waitakere Ranges - Regional Parkland
<b>ARC2</b>	Requiring Authority Auckland Regional Council - Waitakere Ranges - Regional Parkland
<b>Auckland City Council (Hauraki Gulf Islands)</b>	
<b>42-11</b>	Okiwi airfield
<b>54-9</b>	Requiring Authority Minister of education - Kaitoke Primary School - 44-50 Kaitoke Lane, Claris, Great Barrier

## Protected items

<b>Rodney District Council</b>			
<b>H024</b>	Smelting House, Smelting House Bay, Kawau Island	<b>H025</b>	Coppermine chimney and pumphouse and associated wharf site Miners Point, Dispute Cove vic, Kawau Island
<b>H034</b>	Scott's Hotel (Former) Scotts Landing (Mahurangi East)	<b>H039</b>	Couldrey House Wenderholm Regional Park (Hibiscus Coast)
<b>H069</b>	Former Matakana Dairy Company, 30 Matakana Valley Road, Matakana	<b>H076</b>	Former Wech house, 1212 State Highway 1, Warkworth
<b>H161</b>	Dovedale, 95 M Greenwood Road, Pakiri	<b>H173</b>	House, 15 Lilburn Street, Warkworth
<b>H189</b>	Copper Mine Engine House Ruins, Dispute Cove, Kawau Island	<b>H190</b>	Rodmersham, Mahurangi Heads East
<b>H194</b>	Old Sullivan homestead, Mahurangi (West) Regional Park	<b>H195</b>	Scandrett house, 114 Scandrett Road, Mahurangi East
<b>H198</b>	Mahurangi West Hall (former school) 401 Mahurangi West Road	<b>H208</b>	Te Whanga Shakespear Homestead Shakespear Regional Park, Whangaparaoa
<b>H215</b>	Waiwera Bath House, 37 Waiwera Place, Waiwera	<b>H216</b>	Gun emplacement (1) (Podges) Army Bay, Shakespear Regional Park, Whangaparaoa
<b>H217</b>	Gun emplacement (2) (Reta) Shakespear Regional Park, Whangaparaoa	<b>H221</b>	Manager's House (RHR Shakespear's House) Okoromai Bay, Shakespear Regional Park, Whangaparaoa
<b>H222</b>	Jones Homestead, Tawharanui Regional Park	<b>H223</b>	Anti-tank Ditch Shakespear Regional Park
<b>H224</b>	Te Muri Cemetery, Mahurangi (West) Regional Park	<b>H225</b>	Blue Bell Point Midden, Blue Bell Point, Tawharanui Regional Park
<b>H226</b>	Graves, Matatuahu Point Tawharanui Regional Park	<b>H368</b>	Pa, 1421 Run Road, Tapanui, Wellsford
<b>H390</b>	Pa, Wharehine Road, Tauhoa, Wellsford	<b>H391</b>	Pa, Kaipara Coast Highway SH16, Glorit, Warkworth
<b>H392</b>	Pa, Kaipara Coast Highway SH16, Glorit, Warkworth	<b>H393</b>	Pa, 426 Mainland Road, Kaipara Hills, Warkworth
<b>H394</b>	Pa, Mainland Road, Kaipara Hills, Warkworth	<b>H395</b>	Pa, 426 Mainland Road, Kaipara Hills, Warkworth
<b>H396</b>	Pa, 68 Donohue Road, Waioneke, Helensville	<b>H397</b>	Pa, 68 Donohue Road, Waioneke, Helensville
<b>H398</b>	Pa, Donohue Road, Waioneke, Helensville	<b>H403</b>	Pa, 320 Wilson Road, Mairatahi, Helensville
<b>H404</b>	Pa, Fuller Road, Waioneke, Helensville	<b>H405</b>	Pa, Fuller Road, Waioneke, Helensville
<b>H418</b>	Pa/burial, Harahui Road, Helensville	<b>H422</b>	Pa, 344 Makarau Road, Makarau, Helensville
<b>H423</b>	Pa, Makarau Road, Makarau, Helensville	<b>H463</b>	Pa, 146 Fuller Road, Waioneke, Helensville
<b>H469</b>	Pa, Kauwahia Is, Motutara, Kumeu	<b>H472</b>	Pa, Bethells Road, Waitakere, Kumeu
<b>H480</b>	Pa, M Greenwood Road, Pakiri, Wellsford	<b>H481</b>	Pa, Witten Road, Pakiri, Wellsford
<b>H483</b>	Pa, 700 Pukapuka Road, Pukapuka, Warkworth	<b>H484</b>	Pa, 700 Pukapuka Road, Pukapuka, Warkworth
<b>H485</b>	Pit/ terrace /midden, 700 Pukapuka Road, Pukapuka, Warkworth	<b>H486</b>	Pa, 700 Pukapuka Road, Pukapuka, Warkworth
<b>H487</b>	Pa, 700 Pukapuka Road, Pukapuka, Warkworth	<b>H491</b>	Pa, Mahurangi West Road, Mahurangi West, Warkworth
<b>H492</b>	Pa, Scandrett Road, Scandrett Bay, Matakana	<b>H493</b>	Pa, Kauri Drive, Snells Beach, Matakana
<b>H495</b>	Pa, Whitmore Road, Buckleton Beach, Matakana	<b>H496</b>	Pa, Leigh Road, Matakana
<b>H503</b>	Pa, 184 Hungry Creek Road, Puhoi, Warkworth	<b>H508</b>	Te Ake Ake Burials, Wenderholm Regional Park

## Protected items

Rodney District Council			
<b>H509</b>	Te Hemara Tauhia's kainga Mahurangi (West) Regional Park	<b>H510</b>	Various Wenderholm Regional Park
<b>H512</b>	Various Mahurangi West Regional Park	<b>H511</b>	Various, Tawharanui Regional Park
<b>H513</b>	Various, Mahurangi East Regional Park	<b>H514</b>	Various Shakespear Regional Park
<b>H515</b>	Various, Scandrett Regional Park	<b>H607</b>	Norfolk Pine Cantyre, Ridge Road, Mahurangi East.
<b>H611</b>	Garden and Collection of Exotic Trees; Cork Oaks (2), Moreton Bay Fig, Bunya Bunya near the main car park; Macrocarpa, Norfolk Pine, Walnut and Magnolia along the service lane. Couldrey Homestead, Wenderholm Regional Park, Waiwera.	<b>H613</b>	Row of Macrocarpas Scotts Point, Mahurangi East.
<b>H614</b>	2 Pohutukawa Trees and Pecan Tree Te Muri Cemetery, Mahurangi Regional Park	<b>H615</b>	Norfolk Pine on the foreshore and Oak Tree at the eastern end of Scandrett Bay Scandrett Regional Park, Mullet Point

## Sites of special wildlife interest

North Shore City Council	
<b>2</b>	<p><b>Lucas Creek Bush</b>  <b>Location</b> Paremoremo Road, Paremoremo. District Plan Maps 11, 12, 17, 18  <b>Area</b> 150 hectares  <b>Type</b> 1  <b>Ranking</b> 4  <b>Description</b> Similar to the Pukeatua Bush but has added value being on the border between two different habitat types which increases the flora and fauna species diversity.  <b>Key Elements</b> Diversity of flora and fauna. Landscape feature.</p>
<b>3</b>	<p><b>Paremoremo Scenic Reserve</b>  <b>Location</b> Ridge Road, Paremoremo. District Plan Maps 11, 16, 17  <b>Area</b> 100 hectares  <b>Type</b> 1  <b>Ranking</b> 4  <b>Description</b> Similar to the Pukeatua Bush but at an earlier stage of regeneration.  <b>Key Elements</b> Gumland association. Landscape feature.</p>

## Sites of special wildlife interest

North Shore City Council	
<b>4</b>	<p><b>Oteha Bush</b>  <b>Location</b> Bush Road, Albany. District Plan Maps 12, 13  <b>Area</b> 35 hectares  <b>Type</b> 1  <b>Ranking</b> 5  <b>Description</b> Similar to the Pukeatua Bush  <b>Key Elements</b> Landscape feature. Wildlife corridor.</p>
<b>11</b>	<p><b>Lucas Creek and Foreshore</b>  <b>Location</b> Upper Waitemata Harbour. District Plan Map 12, 17, 18  <b>Area:</b>  <b>Type</b> 3  <b>Ranking</b> 3  <b>Description</b> Large number of wading and seabird species which utilise the intertidal area. Mangroves feature in the border between land and sea and this is the habitat of an 'at risk' bird, the banded rail. Five other coastal bird species using the area are recognised as 'at risk' including NZ dotterel, reef heron, banded dotterel, Caspian tern and wrybill. The more common species may be present in very high numbers (500+) in certain seasons, e.g. South Island pied oystercatcher and pied stilt.  <b>Key Elements</b> Mangrove areas, intertidal mudflats, saltmarsh, coastal bush. Important food source for shore birds.</p>
<b>Type</b>	<p>All SSWI are divided into three habitat types, namely:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Forest/shrubland</li> <li>2. Freshwater wetland</li> <li>3. Coastal/estuarine wetland</li> </ol>
<b>Ranking</b>	<p>Each SSWI is ranked according to wildlife, namely:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Outstanding</li> <li>2. High</li> <li>3. Moderate-high</li> <li>4. Moderate</li> <li>5. Potential</li> </ol>

## Scheduled or restricted activities

Rodney District Council	
<b>101</b>	<p>Riverhead, Woodhill, Mahurangi and Mangawhai Forests, excluding those areas identified as Significant Natural Areas (SNAs) and the area within the Coastal Protection Yard.</p> <p><i>Permitted Activity</i> Outdoor Recreation, Horse Trekking, Dog Sled Racing and Motor Sports which do not involve the construction of permanent hardseal track surface Buildings of less than 100m<sup>2</sup> gross floor area per activity, ancillary to Outdoor Recreation, Horse Trekking, Dog Sled Racing and Motorsports.</p>
<b>102</b>	<p>State Highway 1, Dome Valley.</p> <p><i>Discretionary Activity</i> Handcraft shop and any additions, alterations or redevelopment of the existing shop for the sale of handcrafted goods.</p>
<b>108</b>	<p>Northern end of South Head.</p> <p><i>Permitted Activity</i> (a) The cutting, damaging or destroying of any individual native tree or number of trees constituting native bush, which is: (b) The excavation or deposition of soil, spoil or earth for the following activities, are permitted activities: (i) Those activities associated with good farm management practice (eg. fencing, tilling/hoeing and fertilising of the soil, planting or erecting shelter and planting of other trees). (ii) The construction of stock races, and the construction and maintenance of farm drains, except that the construction and maintenance of such drains shall not lead to the modification of natural watercourses or wetlands, in excess of the limits specified as a Permitted Activity in Rule 7.9.5.3 in Chapter 7 - Rural. (iii) The formation of forestry roads and forestry landings within exotic forests. (iv) The formation of silage pits.</p> <p><i>Restricted Discretionary Activity</i> The cutting, damaging or destroying of any individual native tree or number of trees constituting native bush, which is: (a) Greater than 1 metre in height; and (b) Greater than 500m<sup>2</sup> in area. (c) The excavation or deposition of earth, including soil or spoil less than or equal to 200m<sup>3</sup>. (i) Less than or equal to 1 metre in height, and less than or equal to 500m<sup>2</sup> in area, provided that this is the maximum area cut, damaged or destroyed after 12 October 1995. (v) For any other activity, the excavation or deposition of earth, including soil or spoil less than or equal to 50m<sup>3</sup> is permitted.</p>



## Scheduled or restricted activities

Rodney District Council	
<b>111</b>	<p>Motorcamp, Sandspit Road, Sandspit.</p> <p><i>Permitted Activity</i> Sandspit Motor Camp as existing on 28 September 1989.</p> <p><i>Discretionary Activity</i> Motor camp extensions and additions not provided for as a Permitted Activity.</p>
<b>131</b>	<p>Millbrook Station as at 29 November 1999,</p> <p><i>Restricted Discretionary Activity</i> Subdivision of sites for the protection of native bush and Significant Natural Areas (SNA's).</p>
<b>152</b>	<p>Woodhill, Riverhead, Mahurangi, Ararimu and Topuni Forests, excluding any areas identified as Significant Natural Areas (SNA's) and any area within a Shoreline Yard.</p> <p><i>Permitted Activity</i> Quarrying, for the purpose of winning and/or processing of minerals, rock, sand gravel or clay occurring naturally in the vicinity, subject to the following conditions:</p>
<b>167</b>	<p>Cemetery Road, Te Arai</p> <p><i>Permitted Activity</i> Allot NW28 Parish of Te Arai Te Arai Cemetery: use of site for cemetery purposes</p>
<b>190</b>	<p>Old Kaipara Road, Kaipara Flats</p> <p><i>Permitted Activity</i> Use of site for cemetery purposes</p>

## Scheduled or restricted activities

Rodney District Council	
193	<p>1116 Takatu Road</p> <p><i>Restricted Discretionary Activity</i> Alterations to existing dwellings at Waikauri Bay complying with the development controls and performance standards set out in Rule 7.10.</p> <p><i>Discretionary Activity</i> The addition to or reconstruction of existing dwellings at Waikauri Bay.</p> <p><i>Non-Complying Activity</i> Any increase in the number of dwellings above the existing 25 dwellings.</p>