Attachment 1157A

Appendix 3.2 Schedule of Outstanding Natural Landscapes

Replace Schedule 3.2 ID 83 – Waiheke Island, Park Point, Headland with:

ONL Description		WESI Criteria						
Landscape type, Nature and Description	Elements patterns, processes	Natural Science Factors			Aesthetic Values			Transient values
		Geological Topographical	Ecological	Dynamic	Memorability	Naturalness		
	Coastal landforms and remnant	High	High	Moderate/high	High	High/moderate	High	High
	vegetation: notable stands / sequence of	A very prominent ridgeline and	Relatively large sequence of	The coastline interacts very	An amalgam of a quite dynamic and	Cohesive sequence of native forest cover and	Strongly defined landform, including	Highly atmospheri interaction with Te
Wild nature/cultured nature hill country)	pohutukawa	slopes that, enclose Te Wharau Bay.	native forest and shrubland directly connected with the	directly with the waters of Tamaki Strait	dramatic coastal edge, that is further articulated and	shrubland directly linked with a beach and rocky shoreline that interact with the CMA.	part of the skyline ridge that extends out towards Park	Wharau Bay and part of Tamaki Strait, affected by weather and light
Combination of a ridge and slopes that contain and define Te Wharau Bay,		The cliffed / rocky coastal edge is	Tamaki Strait.		reinforced by its backdrop of native forest / shrubland	An important 'remnant' within western Waiheke.	Point, creating a strong sense of cohesion despite	conditions, time o year / day.
combined with coastal cliffs, rock shoals and an expanse of re-emergent coastal forest		reinforced by the swathe of native forest and		the areas of native vegetation across it.			peripheral residential development.	
' shrubland. An important remnant' within western Naiheke.		shrubland across the coastline's						
Wallieke.		main slopes (adjacent to some future residential						