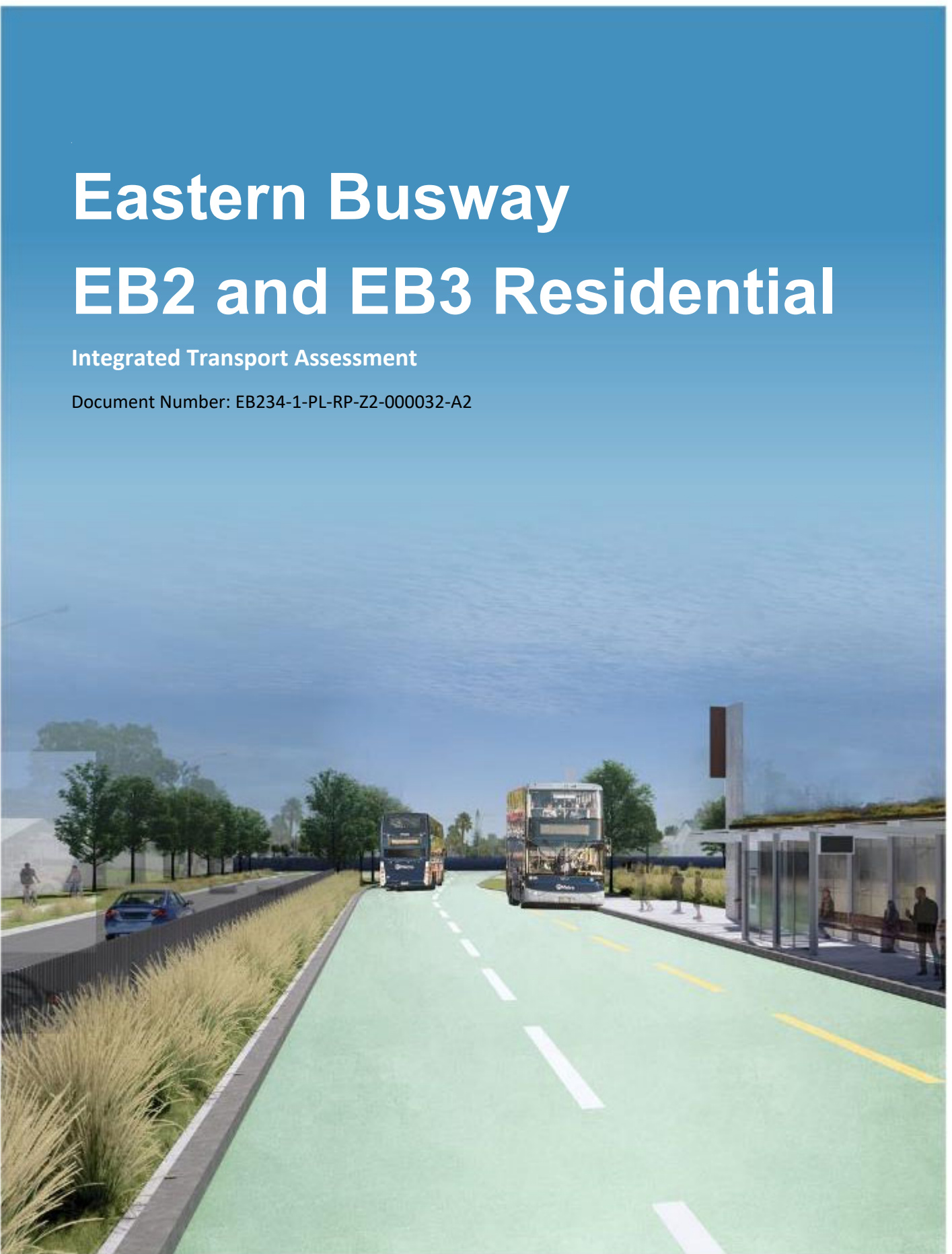


Eastern Busway

EB2 and EB3 Residential

Integrated Transport Assessment

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Terms and Definitions

Table 1: Terms and definitions

Abbreviation and Definitions	Description
AADT	Average Annual Daily Traffic
AEE	Assessment of Effects on the Environment
AFC	Auckland Forecasting Centre
AMETI	Auckland-Manukau Eastern Transport Initiative
AC	Auckland Council
AT	Auckland Transport
A2B	Airport to Botany
AUP(OP)	Auckland Unitary Plan (Operative in part) 2016
BPO	Best practicable option
CAS	Crash Analysis System
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan
CMA	Coastal Marine Area
CoPTTM	Code of Practice for Temporary Traffic Management
CTMP	Construction Traffic Management Plan
DOS	Degree of Saturation
EB1	Eastern Busway 1 (Panmure to Pakuranga)
EB2	Eastern Busway 2 (Pakuranga Town Centre)
EB3 Commercial/ EB3C	Eastern Busway 3 (Pakuranga Creek to Botany)
EB3 Residential/ EB3R	Eastern Busway 3 (SEART to Pakuranga Creek)
EB4	Eastern Busway 4 (Botany Town Centre Station)
EBA	Eastern Busway Alliance
HNZPT	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga
HNZPTA	Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014
ITA	Integrated Transport Assessment
km	Kilometre(s)
km/h	Kilometres per hour
LOS	Level of Service
m	Metre(s)
m ²	Square Metre(s)
m ³	Cubic Metre(s)
MCA	Multi Criteria Analysis
MSM	Macro Strategic Model
NES - CS	Resource Management (National Environmental Standard for Assessing and Managing Contaminants in Soil to Protect Human Health) Regulations 2011
NES - FW	Resource Management (National Environmental Standards for Freshwater) Regulations 2020
NPS - FM	National Policy Statement for Freshwater Management 2020

NPS - UD	National Policy Statement for Urban Development 2020
NoR	Notice of Requirement
NSAAT	No Stopping at All Time
NZCPS	New Zealand Coastal Policy Statement 2010
NZGTTM	New Zealand Guide to Temporary Traffic Management
OD and OW	Over-Dimension and Over-Weight
PWA	Public Works Act 1981
RAMM	Road Assessment and Maintenance Management
RASF	Roads and Street Framework
RTN	Rapid Transit Network
RRF	Reeves Road Flyover
RMA	Resource Management Act 1991
SSA	Safe System Assessment
TCQSM	Transit Capacity and Quality Service Manual
tcu	Through car equivalent units or passenger car units
v/c	Volume over capacity ratio
WRRE	William Roberts Road Extension

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Executive Summary

Purpose

The purpose of this Integrated Transport Assessment (ITA) is to evaluate the temporary and permanent transport effects of the EB2 and EB3 Residential (EB3R) components of the overall Eastern Busway Project (the Project) and to recommend mitigation measures as appropriate. This report will form part of the Assessment of Environmental Effects (AEE) supporting the Notice of Requirement (NoR) and resource consent applications of EB2 and EB3R.

The Need for the Project

Auckland's eastern suburbs have one of the highest levels of journey to work trips by car and lowest use of public transport in Auckland¹. This is due to a combination of lower density land uses and relatively unattractive bus services, lack of cycle facilities and low urban amenity on main roads.

With regard to transport issues in EB2 and EB3R, it has been identified that the area experiences heavy congestion. Recent population growth and a heavy dependence on private vehicles has put significant strain on the existing road network. Furthermore, projected population growth from both established and new suburbs is expected to exacerbate this issue.

Lastly, congestion due to the growth in commercial activity is also anticipated. Ti Rakau Drive and SEART are important for the efficient movement of freight and goods vehicles, connecting the commercial areas of East Tāmaki, Highbrook, Botany, Pakuranga and Highland Park to the wider region.

Without intervention, demand for public transport, walking and cycling will remain low, the heavy reliance on car travel will continue and the road network will experience significantly increased congestion. This will further impede the efficient movement of people and goods within the area, lead to detrimental environmental outcomes and exacerbate the area's limited access to opportunities compared to the rest of the region both in terms of the quality of life for residents and the economic wellbeing of businesses. It will also limit the area's potential to sustainably accommodate further residential and employment growth.

Benefits of the Project

The Eastern Busway programme presents an opportunity to address these problems by extending the rapid transit, high frequency busway between Panmure and Pakuranga, through to Botany Town Centre. The Project will include new walking and cycling connections, placemaking, urban renewal initiatives and improvements for general traffic. The end result will see customers being able to travel between Botany and Britomart by bus and train in less than 40 minutes, which is 20 minutes quicker than the current journey times.

¹ SNZ Census 2018

EB2 and EB3R will help alleviate congestion, principally through the diversion of traffic from the Ti Rakau Drive / Pakuranga Road intersection and onto the Reeves Road Flyover (RRF). This diversion will reduce the volumes of through-traffic within the Pakuranga Town Centre and local roads. As such, EB2 and EB3R's contribution to congestion reductions will improve travel times, supporting the rapid movement of freight and people.

The Project will also provide increased transport choices for residents and visitors. The dedicated bus lanes and stations will improve the public transport experience for passengers and make it more attractive to current private vehicle users. Increased uptake of public transport will also ease congestion and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Similarly, the Project's walking and cycling investments make those transport modes safer and more attractive to users. Lastly, an additional positive effect associated with EB2/EB3R, and the wider Project, is improved accessibility.

Therefore, reduced congestion, better public transport, safer walking and new cycling infrastructure will improve the ability for both local residents and visitors to access jobs, education, recreation, housing and healthcare. Given the above, EB2 and EB3R will have significant positive effects for Auckland.

Assessment of Effects

Overall, through AIMSUN and SIDRA modelling assessments, EB2 and EB3R are expected to lead to acceptable intersection operations across the network. Importantly, bus movements are predicted to operate at LOS C and with spare capacity. The RRF is expected to relieve congestion around the Pakuranga Town Centre, and significant improvements in travel times are expected overall, especially between Botany in the east and Pakuranga and SEART in the west.

EB2 and EB3R are predicted to significantly increase public transport patronage in the future. As such, bus station platforms and loading areas have been designed to provide appropriate levels of service and capacity to support this uptake. Furthermore, bus service headways will be improved, and travel times are predicted to decrease overall, leading to faster and more reliable public transport trips. The combination of these public transport upgrades and improvements is expected to significantly increase public transport mode share, which in turn will reduce congestion and greenhouse gas emissions.

Dedicated footpaths and cycleways will improve pedestrian and cyclist amenity and safety which will provide users with a more attractive mode of travel and supports the uptake of cycling. Furthermore, the cycleways will improve accessibility to the bus stations, resulting in increased catchment and mode shift to public transport.

Lastly, through a Safe System Assessment (SSA), EB2 and EB3R are expected to provide an overall safer transport system for all modes of transport through the project areas with the aim to reduce fatal and serious injury crashes.

Mitigation

Overall, the temporary effects of construction in the project areas will be mitigated appropriately and are considered to be negligible or very low. Workforce Travel Management Plans will be developed to reduce private vehicle trips and to increase worksite accessibility through more travel options. Construction Traffic Management Plans (CTMPs) will be developed to avoid, remedy or mitigate the adverse effects of construction on transport, parking and property access so far as is reasonably practicable. The CTMPs will be developed in accordance with the conditions of consent and will include management strategies, controls and reporting protocols to achieve this. Hours of operation will be controlled in part by the Project's consent conditions and management plans, including the Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan (CNVMP).

Conclusions

With the proposed mitigation measures in place, the potential adverse effects during construction and upon completion of EB2 and EB3R are considered to be negligible or very low. Furthermore, the proposed design is predicted to result in significant improvements and a range of benefits overall.

1 Introduction

1.1 Project Background

The Auckland Manukau Eastern Transport Initiative (AMETI) programme was initiated in 2006 and has become the responsibility of Auckland Transport (AT) following the amalgamation of Auckland's previous local authorities in October 2010. The Eastern Busway Project (the Project)² is a flagship project for Auckland and will form a key part of the region's Rapid Transport Network (RTN). It will create dedicated bus lanes to connect people from Botany, Pakuranga, and the surrounding suburbs, to the rail network in Panmure. The Project includes cycling and walking paths, roading and safety improvements and a new Reeves Road Flyover (RRF) to ensure better journey reliability for all modes.

The Panmure to Pakuranga section of the busway (EB1) opened in late 2021. The Eastern Busway Alliance (EBA) has been formed to design and consent the Pakuranga to Botany sections of the Project (EB2,3,4), progressing towards construction, which is expected to start in 2022. The Project will provide a busway from Pakuranga Town Centre in the west to Botany Town Centre in the east. The busway will be approximately 5km long and will be running at grade primarily on Ti Rakau Drive. A median busway (Online Busway) is proposed along Ti Rakau Drive from Pakuranga Road to Gossamer Drive, while a separated busway (Offline Busway) is proposed between Gossamer Drive and Botany Station.

There will be one major interchange station at Pakuranga Town Centre, one major interchange station at Botany Town Centre, and three intermediate stations along Ti Rakau Drive. A separate cycleway and pedestrian footpath are also proposed along the length of Ti Rakau Drive. The proposed busway will serve the major employment areas of East Tāmaki, Botany and Panmure, as well as Botany and Pakuranga Town Centres. The proposed busway will also connect with major interchanges at Botany, including local bus services and Airport to Botany (A2B) RTN services, and at Panmure for suburban rail services.

1.1.1 Strategic Context

Auckland's eastern suburbs have one of the highest levels of journey to work trips by car and lowest use of public transport in Auckland³. This is due to a combination of lower density land uses and relatively unattractive bus services, lack of cycle facilities and low urban amenity on main roads. Without intervention, demand for public transport, walking and cycling will remain low and the heavy reliance on car travel will continue. This will further impede the efficient movement of people and goods within the area, lead to detrimental environmental outcomes and exacerbate the area's limited access to opportunities compared to the rest of the region. It will also limit the area's potential to sustainably accommodate further residential and employment growth.

The Eastern Busway programme presents an opportunity to address these problems by extending the rapid transit, high frequency busway between Panmure and Pakuranga, through to Botany Town Centre. The Project will include new walking and cycling connections, placemaking, urban renewal initiatives and improvements for general traffic. The end result will see customers being able to travel between Botany and Britomart by bus and train in less than 40 minutes, which is 20 minutes quicker than the current journey times.

² Formally known as AMETI.

³ SNZ Census 2018

1.1.2 Project Objectives

The Project has a set of clear objectives and are outlined below:

1. Provide transport infrastructure that improves linkages, journey time and reliability of the public transport network
2. Provide a multimodal transport corridor that connects Pakuranga and Botany to the wider network and increases choice of transport options
3. Safeguard future transport infrastructure required at (or in vicinity of) Botany Town Centre to support the development of a strategic public transport connection to South Auckland
4. Provide transport infrastructure that integrates with existing land use and supports a quality, compact urban form
5. Contribute to accessibility and place shaping by providing better transport connections between, within and to the town centres
6. Provide transport infrastructure that is safe for everyone

1.1.3 Benefits of the Project as a Whole

With the Panmure to Pakuranga (EB1) section of the Project completed, once delivered the next stage between Pakuranga and Botany (EB2, 3 and 4) will provide:

- Better connections and sustainable travel options for pedestrians, cyclists, motorists, bus and train customers
- A reliable 40-minute bus and train trip between Botany Town Centre and Britomart (saving 20-minutes)
- Increase in public transport trips from 3,700 to 18,000 per day by 2028
- Increase in public transport mode share from 7% to 25% by 2028
- Reduce carbon emissions by 9,292 kg per day by 2028
- 24,000 more people with access to a rapid transit bus station within 1 km from home
- 5 km of busway between Pakuranga and Botany fully separated from other traffic
- 5 new bus stations with quality facilities
- 12 km of safe and separated walking and cycling infrastructure
- Reeves Road flyover to reduce vehicle congestion around Pakuranga Town Centre
- Encourage and support development of a more sustainable urban form and improve urban amenity
- Accommodates electric buses, a key part of AT's low-emission vehicle fleet by 2040

1.1.4 EB2 and EB3R Project Benefits

The Project will deliver significant benefits to the communities of southeast Auckland and the wider Auckland Region. The Project has been developed in response to transport issues within southeast Auckland, to meet projected population growth, reduce regional greenhouse gas emissions and to achieve modal shift goals.

With regard to the Project area's transport issues, it was previously identified that the Howick Local Board area experiences heavy congestion, with 90,000 vpd using the Panmure and Waipuna Bridges. Recent rapid population growth and a heavy dependence on private vehicles has put significant strain on the existing road network. EB2 and EB3R will help alleviate this congestion. This will principally be achieved through the diversion of traffic from the Ti Rakau Drive / Pakuranga Road intersection and onto the RRF. This diversion will reduce the volumes of through-traffic within Pakuranga Town Centre and local roads. As such, EB2 and EB3R's contribution to congestion reductions will improve travel times, supporting the rapid movement of freight and people.

In addition, the development of the Project has been driven by both previous and projected population growth within southeast Auckland. Pakuranga Town Centre is a major transport hub for southeast Auckland, with traffic flows coming from both established and new suburbs. Ti Rakau Drive and SEART are also important for the efficient movement of freight and goods vehicles, connecting the commercial areas of East Tāmaki, Highbrook, Botany, Pakuranga and Highland Park to the wider region.

The established suburbs, such as Howick and Highland Park are experiencing high levels of redevelopment, through both infill housing and wholesale redevelopment of sites. This redevelopment will only grow in intensity through the new medium density residential standards introduced in late 2021 by the New Zealand Government. Traffic flows from the Auckland Isthmus are also expected to increase given population growth from brownfield developments like the Tāmaki regeneration programme⁴. Large growth is also being generated by greenfield developments like Flat Bush, where 1700 ha of land is being urbanised for a population of 40,000 people. Lastly, congestion due to the growth in commercial activity is also anticipated.

Without the construction of the Project and the provision of improved transport choices (i.e., public and active transport modes), southeast Auckland's road network would experience significantly increased congestion. This would in-turn, impact both the quality of life for residents and the economic wellbeing of Auckland's businesses. The Project will alleviate, in part, increases in road congestion.

The Project will also provide increased transport choices for residents and visitors. The dedicated bus lanes and stations will improve the public transport experience for passengers and make it more attractive to current private vehicle users. Increased uptake of public transport will also ease congestion and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Similarly, the Project's walking and cycling investments make those transport modes safer and more attractive to users. Lastly, an additional positive effect associated with EB2/EB3R, and the wider Project is improved accessibility.

Therefore, reduced congestion, better public transport, safer walking and new cycling infrastructure will improve the ability for both local residents and visitors to access jobs, education, recreation, housing and healthcare. Given the above, EB2 and EB3R will have significant positive effects for Auckland.

⁴ Tāmaki regeneration programme will deliver 10,500 new homes over the next 20 years.

1.2 Scope and Purpose of Report

The assessment and consenting phases of the proposed alignment of the Project has been divided into three ‘packages’. The rationale is to aid in obtaining relevant RMA approvals for sections of the Project without potential undue delay to the Project as a whole.

This Integrated Transport Assessment (ITA) assesses the traffic and transportation effects during construction and upon completion of the EB2 and EB3 Residential (EB3R) sections of the Project.

Assessment of the William Roberts Road Extension (WRRE), which will precede EB2 and EB3R, has been provided for in the Early Works resource consent package, but has been taken into account in this assessment as part of the existing environment. Assessment of the EB3 Commercial (EB3C) and EB4 sections of the Project, which will follow after this ITA, will be addressed in a separate report.

The full extent and location of the Project is shown in **Figure 1** below.



Figure 1: Full project extent and location⁵

The main elements of EB2 and EB3R include the construction of the RRF, the busway along Ti Rakau Drive from Pakuranga Road to Reeves Road (EB2) and Reeves Road to Gossamer Drive (EB3R) as well as three new bus stations. The general extent and location of these sections of the Project are shown in **Figure 2** below.

⁵ <https://at.govt.nz/projects-roadworks/eastern-busway/>

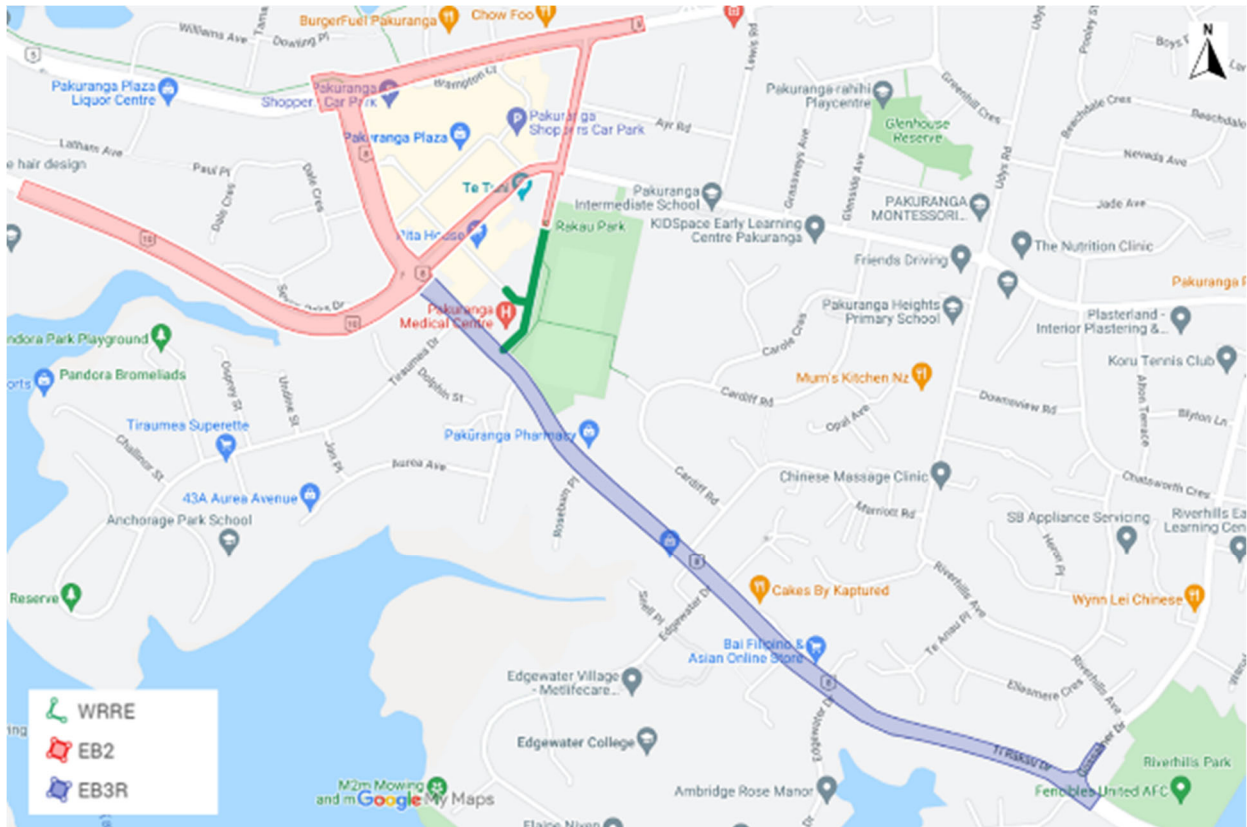


Figure 2: EB2 and EB3R general extent and location

The purpose of this report is to:

1. Identify and describe the existing transport environment, including the key issues that the environment faces
2. Describe the potential positive and adverse transport effects of EB2 and EB3R during its construction, in order to highlight the benefits of the Project and to develop mitigation measures as needed
3. Recommend measures (including any conditions/ management plans required); as appropriate to avoid, remedy or mitigate potential traffic and transportation effects including as these relate to effects from construction traffic
4. Present an overall conclusion of the level of potential transport effects of EB2 and EB3R after the recommended measures are implemented

1.3 Report Structure

This ITA has been structured as follows:

Section 2 describes the methodology used to assess the effects of EB2 and EB3R on the transport environment. This includes EB1, WRRE and other enabling works that will form part of the baseline traffic environment, traffic modelling methodology, public transport, walking and cycling, property access and parking, safety performance and freight traffic.

Section 3 provides a description of the existing transport environment including land use zoning, the transport network, traffic volumes, travel times, road characteristics, bus services and facilities, walking and cycling facilities, parking, crash environment, over-dimension and over-weight (OD and OW) routes, and changes to the baseline traffic environment for modelling.

Section 4 provides an overview of the proposed design and construction of EB2 and EB3R.

Section 5 provides an assessment of the temporary effects of EB2 and EB3R during construction, including construction effects, general traffic, bus services and facilities, pedestrians and cyclists, property access and parking, and safety performance.

Section 6 provides an assessment of the permanent effects of EB2 and EB3R upon completion, including a description of the future transport network, general traffic, bus services and facilities, pedestrians and cyclists, property access and parking, and safety performance.

Section 7 provides a summary of the mitigation measures proposed in this ITA.

Section 8 provides the conclusions from this ITA.

2 Assessment Methodology

2.1 Introduction

This section describes the methodology used to assess the effects of EB2 and EB3R on the transport environment including:

- A description of the transport environment for assessment (which includes EB1 (Panmure to Pakuranga), WRRE works, and other enabling works)
- Traffic modelling methodology
- Public transport
- Walking and cycling
- Property access and parking
- Safety performance
- Freight traffic

2.2 Guidance and Scope

The preparation of this ITA has taken into account the guidance set out in the Auckland Transport (AT) document “*Integrated Transport Assessment Guidelines*” (January 2015) and the Waka Kotahi NZ Transport Agency (Waka Kotahi) document “*Integrated Transport Assessment Guidelines*” (November 2010). This assessment has considered the operational effects of the following areas in the system:

- Road network – general traffic flows and travel time
- Public transport network
- Walking and cycling network
- Property access
- Parking
- Safety performance
- Heavy vehicle routes

2.3 Transport Environment for Traffic Modelling Assessment

Auckland’s transport networks are constantly changing, undergoing improvements from new initiatives and being optimised. Furthermore, the global COVID-19 pandemic dramatically effected travel patterns and behaviours, and uncertainty remains that these effects would continue into the future. Assessment of the Project against the existing environment was therefore not considered appropriate.

Instead, a more conservative approach was followed whereby a future year scenario was used to compare a ‘without Project’ and a ‘with Project’ scenario. Throughout this assessment, the ‘without Project’ scenario is also referred to as the ‘Do-Minimum’ scenario, whilst the ‘with Project’ scenario is also referred to as the ‘EB2/EB3R’ scenario. The transport models used to simulate the effects of the future year scenarios are listed below:

- Do-Minimum – 2028
- EB2 and EB3R – 2028

Notable major changes to the existing transport network, that were included in the modelling assessments, are detailed below.

2.3.1 Eastern Busway 1 (EB1)

EB1 is a key component of the overall Project. It is the segregated busway connection from Panmure train station to Pakuranga Town Centre. EB1 was completed near the end of 2021 and was included in all 'future year' scenarios.

2.3.2 WRRE Works

This assessment has considered the effects of the WRRE to be undertaken prior to EB2 and EB3R construction. The WRRE includes the extension of William Roberts Road south to Ti Rakau Drive and the completion of the Cortina Place link between William Roberts Road and Reeves Road. WRRE was included in all future year scenarios.

2.3.3 Other EB2 and EB3R Enabling Works

This assessment has also considered the effects of other enabling works to be undertaken during the initial phases of the EB2 and EB3R construction programme, to enable the temporary closure of Reeves Road. The enabling works include geometric and traffic signal timing plan amendments at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road and Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersections. These enabling works will form part of the EB2 and EB3R consent packages.

2.4 Traffic Modelling Methodology

Traffic modelling undertaken of the proposed design of the Project used data cascaded from a number of higher-order, more strategic models provided by the Auckland Forecasting Centre (AFC).

Macro Strategic Model (MSM) Auckland Regional Transport Models (EMME) – These models forecast demands based on Auckland Council's Scenario I Modified Version 11.5 demographic and land use data. The outputs of these models include general traffic demand and public transport demand.

AMETI Regional Traffic Models (EMME) – The outputs of the MSM models were used as inputs into the Regional Traffic Models to generate traffic demands across the region. The outputs of the regional models were then fed into project specific AIMSUN models to allow for a more detailed assessment of traffic effects.

Operational Microsimulation Models (AIMSUN) – These models provide information regarding travel times along different routes within the project area as well as turn movements and traffic demand along roads within the project area. The turning movement outputs from these models were used as inputs into the SIDRA models.

Intersection Models (SIDRA) – These models were used to determine the performance of intersections using traffic movement data from the AIMSUN models. The key outputs include Degree of Saturation (DOS or v/c ratio), delay in seconds, Level of Service (LOS) and queue lengths in metres.

2.4.1 Supplied Models

The AIMSUN 2018 Base Model was subjected to various calibration and validation checks to assess the accuracy and suitability of the model. These checks were undertaken with reference to criteria for Category C: Urban Area NZTA Model Development Guidelines (Criteria) on individual link flows, turn flows and travel time for each hour between 07:00 – 09:00 and 16:00-18:00 and is considered acceptably calibrated and validated for the purposes of Eastern Busway design work⁶.

Turning movement volumes from the AIMSUN models were used in the SIDRA models to assess intersection performance.

2.4.2 Model Outputs

As above, traffic flow outputs (in vehicles per hour) from the AIMSUN models were used as inputs in the SIDRA models to assess intersection performance. AIMSUN models simulate several hours of the network operation during the AM and PM peak periods. The highest 1-hour, in terms of traffic flows, was selected from each period to represent the AM and PM peak hours, respectively.

Traffic flows from these peak hours, produced by AIMSUN, were used to assess intersection performance in SIDRA. As a result, the specific 1-hour period selected for assessment in the various scenarios may differ slightly.

Another key AIMSUN model output considered during this ITA was travel time. Route travel times were determined along various routes through the Project areas for the Do-Minimum and EB2/EB3R scenarios. The effects of EB2 and EB3R were determined by comparing these scenarios in each direction, for the AM and PM peak periods.

Key SIDRA outputs considered during this ITA included Level of Service (LOS), Degree of Saturation (DOS) or v/c ratio, and delay in seconds.

2.4.3 Traffic Demand

The traffic demand data, cascaded down from the various models as detailed above and used in the SIDRA models, represent an average weekday's traffic demand in the AM and PM peak hours. Interpeak periods and weekends were determined to generally have lower traffic activity and congestion compared to weekdays, so explicitly modelling these periods was not considered necessary to understand the effects and outcomes of the Project.

⁶ Eastern Busway – Base 2018 Model Update Report, BECA, February 2019

2.4.4 Assumptions

Below are the key assumptions used in the modelled transport environments.

2.4.4.1 MSM Assumptions

- Auckland Council's Scenario I Modified Version 11.5
- All relevant projects that have been identified in the ATAP plan delivery 2021 – 2031 were included in the MSM version 11.5. Notable projects that may influence the demand of the movement of people around the Project include:
 - Airport to Botany interim bus improvements
 - Sylvia Park bus improvements
 - Connected Communities (Pakuranga Road)
 - City Rail Link
- Eastern Busway 1 Panmure to Pakuranga was included in the future Do-Minimum, 2028 and 2048 scenarios

2.4.4.2 AIMSUN Assumptions

- Similarly, relevant and notable projects were included in the AIMSUN models

2.4.4.3 SIDRA Assumptions

- Where turning movement volumes were <10 veh/h, a minimum of 10 veh/h was adopted
- Rather than being random, bus arrivals at intersections were set to Arrival Type 6 on all busway lanes. This means a high percentage of arrivals occur during the green phases, which was used to simulate Traffic Signal Priority for buses
- Free flow speeds along Ti Rakau Drive were assumed from the free-flow speeds provided by the MSM modelling. The following speeds were assumed for the various other streets:
 - Side streets – 50 km/h
 - William Roberts Road - 30km/h
 - Entrances (i.e., to the mall) – 20 km/h
 - Along busways – 50 km/h
- Saturation flow rate was left at the SIDRA default Basic Saturation Flow of 1950 tcu/h per lane
- Where the approach/ intersection was modified, lanes widths for general vehicle lanes and bus lanes were taken as 3.2 m and 3.5 m, respectively

2.5 Public Transport, Walking and Cycling

2.5.1 Public Transport

The effects on the public transport network focused on the following aspects:

- Direct effects on bus routes and bus stops
- Effects on travel times of buses through the Project area

2.5.2 Walking and Cycling

The assessment considered the potential effects of EB2 and EB3R on pedestrians and cyclists. This was primarily via a qualitative assessment of changes in the type and quality of connections and facilities provided.

2.6 Property Access and Parking

2.6.1 Property Access

The assessment considered the potential effects of changes in property access. Local access effects were assessed in terms of extra travel time and distance as well as safety.

2.6.2 Parking

This included assessment of the potential physical effect of reducing properties' on-site parking spaces, as well as any on-street parking that may be affected by the proposed design.

2.7 Safety Performance

A Safe System Assessment (SSA) was undertaken for the Project, which provides a comprehensive assessment of the existing crash environment and the potential future environment.

The safety performance assessment considered the effects of the proposed design on existing roads, new roads and vulnerable users.

2.8 Freight Traffic

It is recognised that cars and trucks generally have the same travel times in congested urban networks and therefore the same methodology described in **Section 2.4.2** was used to assess the effect of the Project on freight traffic and direct effects to heavy vehicle routes.

3 Existing Transport Environment

This section provides a description of the existing transport environment, including the following:

- A description of the existing problems and challenges
- Land use zoning
- Existing transport network
- Traffic volumes
- Travel times
- Road characteristics
- Bus services and facilities
- Walking and cycling facilities
- Parking
- Crash environment
- Over-dimension and over-weight (OD and OW) routes
- Changes to the baseline traffic environment

3.1 Description of the Existing Problems and Challenges

In 2016, AT, Waka Kotahi and Auckland Council agreed the following key problems in the AMETI Project area for the AMETI programme, including the Eastern Busway, to address:

- **Problem 1** – Lack of connections in the transport network creates congestion and unreliable travel times for people accessing employment and other destinations
- **Problem 2** – Lack of travel choices and reliance on private cars is resulting in congestion, lack of access to opportunities and poor environmental outcomes
- **Problem 3** – Provision of transport capacity and options has not kept pace with land use development resulting in congestion and inefficient use of transport corridors
- **Problem 4** – Poorly integrated land use and transport design is limiting accessibility, creating poor places and discouraging economic development
- **Problem 5** – Development and operation of the road network has prioritised the efficient movement of vehicles ahead of safety resulting in too many people dying or being seriously injured, especially vulnerable users

The Project will seek to address these problems through a range of improvements to existing infrastructure as well as new infrastructure.

3.2 Land Use Zoning

The Project area is located in East Auckland and bordered by Pakuranga Town Centre in the northwest and Botany Town Centre in the southeast. Major industrial and commercial areas in East Tāmaki are situated to the west and south which play an important role in providing employment opportunities to the residents in the vicinity of the Project. These employment zones include Panmure, Mt Wellington, Penrose/ Onehunga and Highbrook/ East Tāmaki.

The local land uses comprise of medium density/ single dwelling residential lots with retail-based town centres, local shops, commercial activities and industrial blocks. These areas are currently connected to the Project area by either direct property access or near-direct access via side roads. The Project will also have a through-function and will serve movements between and beyond the fringes of the project area, including links to Panmure, Mt Wellington, Flat Bush and Manukau.

Notable features of the existing land use and environment include:

Business Land Uses of Interest:

- Pakuranga Plaza
- GAS Pakuranga Road service station
- Gull Reeves Road service station
- Tai Ping Supermarket
- Eastside Pups Dog Grooming and Daycare
- Edgewater Shops

Residential and Community Land Uses of Interest:

- Pakuranga Library and Citizens Advice Bureau
- Te Tuhi Art Gallery
- Pakuranga Mosque
- Ti Rakau Park
- Pakuranga Leisure Centre
- Dementia Auckland
- Pakuranga Medical Centre
- Pakuranga Counselling Centre
- Pakuranga Baptist Church
- River Hills Park (Fencibles United Football Club)

Schools and Education Land Uses of Interest:

- Saint Kentigern College
- Barnardos Early Learning Centre
- Pakuranga Intermediate School
- KIDSpace Early Learning Centre Pakuranga
- Pakuranga Kindergarten
- Edgewater College
- Pakuranga Baptist Church and Kindergarten

Figure 3 shows the surrounding area zoning of EB2 and EB3R in the Auckland Unitary Plan (Operative in Part) (AUP(OP)), in the existing environment.

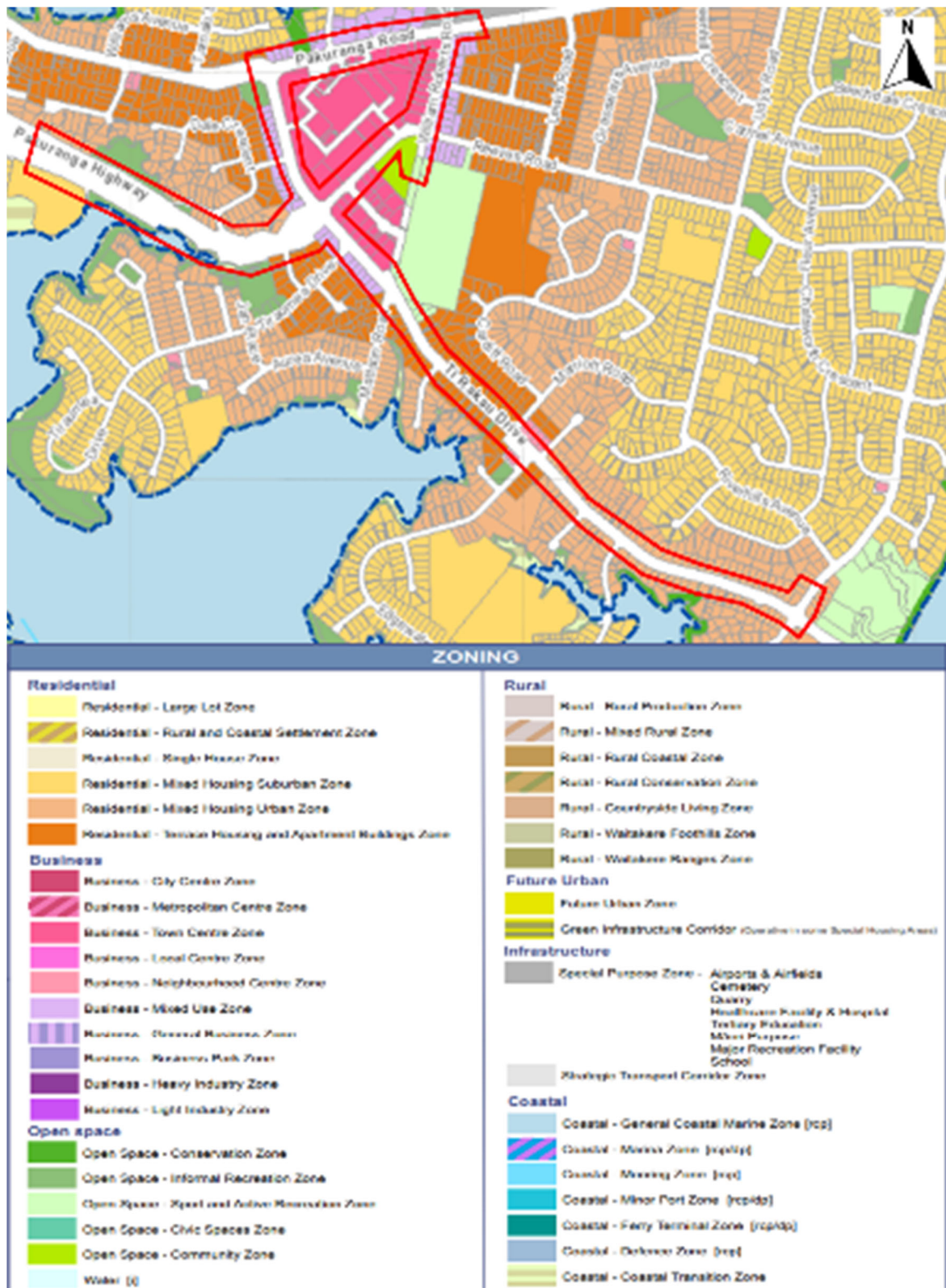


Figure 3: Existing EB2 and EB3R zoning (source: Auckland Council GIS)

3.3 Existing Transport Network

In order to align with AT’s and Auckland Council’s desire to consistently identify the different functions of roads and streets in Auckland, the EBA has adopted the Roads and Streets Framework (RSF) by using concepts of ‘Place’ and ‘Movement’ to reflect the strategic role of streets.

The RASF provides a systematic and consistent methodology for identifying the Place and Movement functions of roads and streets. In doing this, it reflects the needs and catchment of the adjoining land use as well as the movement of people, goods and services. A full RASF assessment was completed for the Project⁷ and the section below summarises the key aspects of the existing transport network and modal priority in the EB2 and EB3R project areas.

Figure 4 shows the RASF typology matrix as a function of Movement and Place significance.

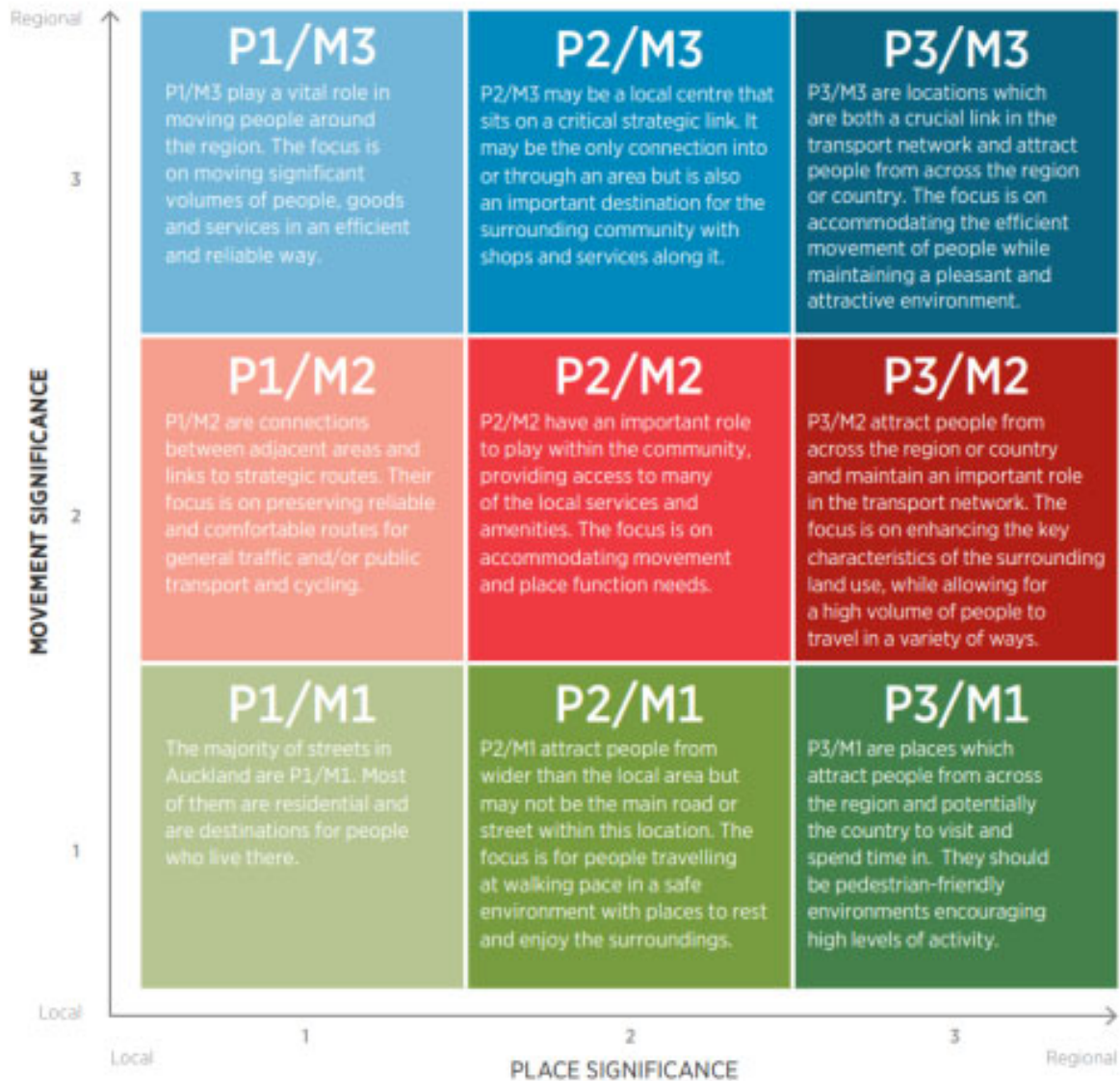


Figure 4: RASF typology matrix

Figure 5 outlines the current typology of the EB2 and EB3R project areas.

⁷ EB234-1-TE-RP-Z0-A2-Roads and Street Framework

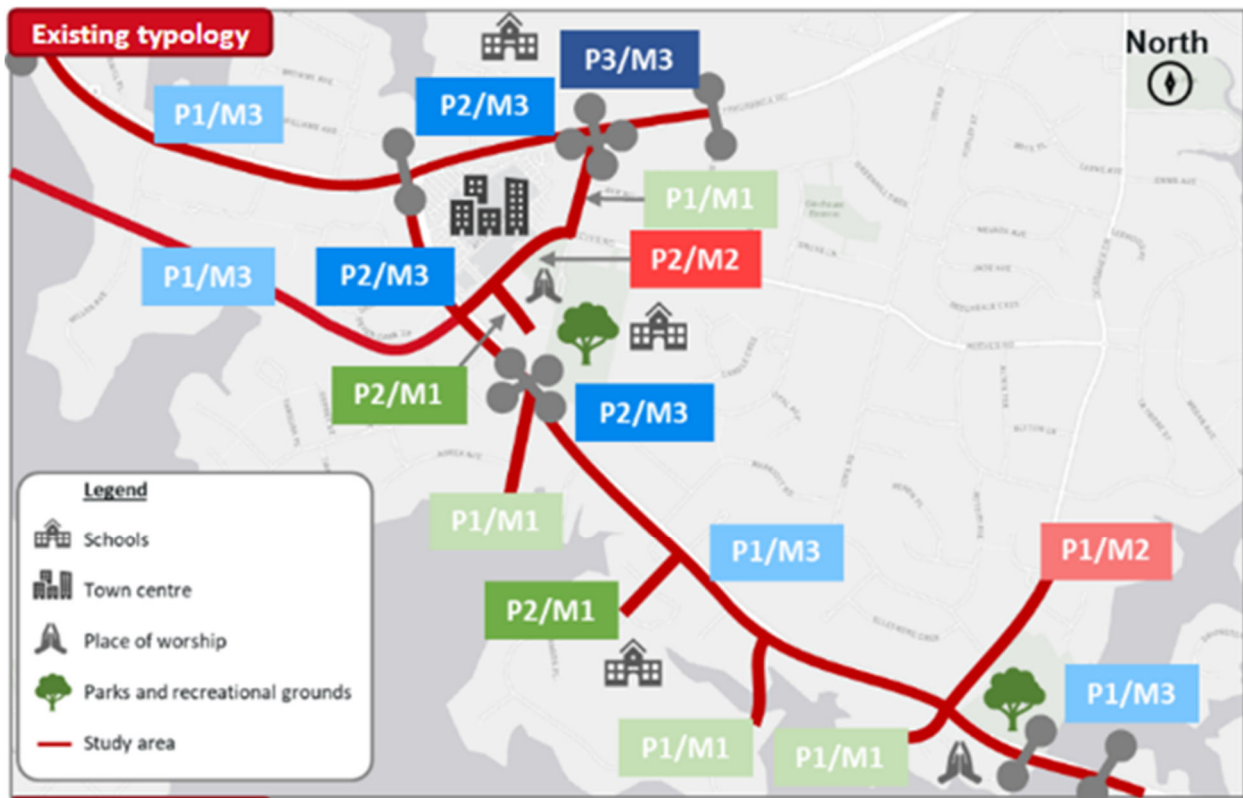


Figure 5: Existing EB2 and EB3R typology

Pakuranga Road is an east-west primary/ regional arterial, which connects Howick/Highland Park with Panmure via Pakuranga. It also intersects with Ti Rakau Drive, providing an arterial route towards Botany Town Centre and East Tāmaki. Pakuranga Road carries approximately 40,000 vehicles a day, as well as frequent bus services. The objective of this corridor is to move significant volumes of people, goods and services and as such, it has a typology of ‘M3’ classification.

The majority of land use along Pakuranga Road, west of the town centre, is residential. East of the town centre there are some retail properties along Pakuranga Road. However, these properties generally have a large setback between the footpath and the properties due to car parking spaces. As a result, the primary function of this corridor is Movement.

Ti Rakau Drive is a regionally significant corridor connecting Pakuranga with Botany. Along Ti Rakau Drive there are major employment sites such as Pakuranga Town Centre, Botany Town Centre, and East Tāmaki industrial zones. The section of Ti Rakau Drive east of SEART is a level 1B freight route. Frequent bus services also operate along this section. Given these factors, the primary function of this corridor is also Movement, and it also has a typology of ‘M3’ classification.

A trend is observed whereby Movement is largely prioritised over Place, especially along Ti Rakau Drive. The Project seeks to improve this, particularly at the proposed locations of the new bus stations.

3.4 Traffic Volumes, Travel Time and Road Characteristics

3.4.1 Traffic Volumes

The existing environment traffic volumes were determined predominantly using traffic data from 2017. In 2020/2021, COVID-19 dramatically affected the way people travelled and so these years would not accurately reflect the volumes of traffic expected on the road network. It was anticipated that data from 2019 would be the most accurate, however, it was determined that this data set was incomplete and would likely produce inaccurate results.

Data from 2017 was the most complete data set available from the previous life cycle of the AMETI EB2&3 specimen design. Although traffic volumes are expected to have grown marginally between 2017 and 2019, it is not expected that this growth would be significant, and the 2017 data is still considered relevant.

Table 2 shows the Average Annual Daily Traffic (AADT) volumes in the existing environment in the EB2 and EB3R project areas as well as the anticipated daily volumes for the 2028 and 2048 future years, without the Project. A conservative approach was followed to produce the 2028 and 2048 future year AADTs, by not including the effects of COVID-19. The purpose of this table is to provide context for a more detailed comparison of the future years.

Table 2: Existing⁸ and future⁹ AADT (without project)

Road Section	Direction	Existing AADT	2028 without project	2048 without project
Ti Rakau Drive				
Pakuranga Rd – Reeves Rd	Westbound	19,400	20,700	20,700
	Eastbound	14,800	17,400	17,400
Reeves Rd – Tiraumea Dr	Westbound	19,500	18,000	18,700
	Eastbound	17,300	16,600	18,200
Tiraumea Dr – Mattson Rd	Westbound	21,300	17,300	18,000
	Eastbound	18,800	16,600	18,200
Mattson Rd – Marriot Rd	Westbound	21,100	17,400	18,100
	Eastbound	17,900	16,100	17,700
Marriot Rd – Edgewater Dr West	Westbound	20,000	17,800	18,400
	Eastbound	17,900	16,400	17,800
Edgewater Dr West – Edgewater Dr East	Westbound	19,800	16,900	17,600
	Eastbound	17,500	15,600	17,200
Edgewater Dr East – Gossamer Dr	Westbound	19,700	16,600	17,400
	Eastbound	18,000	15,300	17,200

⁸ The majority of the existing volumes were sourced from 2017 SCATS data, however where this data was not available a mixture of RAMM, ONRC, and the most recent AT traffic counts have been reported.

⁹ 2028 and 2048 future year demand was determined from the EMME models

Road Section	Direction	Existing AADT	2028 without project	2048 without project
Side Roads				
Pakuranga Rd	Westbound	17,900	18,500	17,600
	Eastbound	16,000	20,000	19,400
SEART	Off-Ramp	27,400	26,200	27,900
	On-Ramp	27,000	29,900	30,600
Tiraumea Dr ¹⁰	Exit	1,230	2,800	2,830
	Enter	410	2,600	2,620
William Roberts Rd ¹¹	Northbound	380	550	540
	Southbound	2,410	5,700	5,700
Reeves Rd	Exit	6,700	9,500	10,000
	Enter	6,600	4,100	4,400
Mattson Rd ¹²	Exit	1,000	1,700	1,600
	Enter	1,600	2,300	2,300
Marriot Rd ¹³	Exit	1,160	840	840
	Enter	1,090	950	1,000
Edgewater Dr West	Exit	1,500	1,800	1,900
	Enter	1,200	1,900	2,000
Fremantle Pl	Exit	400	520	530
	Enter	400	480	480
Gossamer Dr	Exit	7,200	1,2200	12,800
	Enter	5,800	8,800	10,000

It should be noted that no data was available for Cortina Place. This table provides useful context, however a more detailed comparison of future years 'without and with the Project' is discussed in **Section 5** and **Section 6** of this report.

¹⁰ 2018 RAMM data used.

¹¹ Assumed 50/50 Split of volumes enter and exit.

¹² 2018 RAMM data used.

¹³ 2028 design volume ratios used to determine volumes in each direction.

Large increases in traffic demand are predicted on Ti Rakau Drive between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road in the 2028 future year, with no increases by 2048. With this section of the corridor near or at full capacity, especially at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection, a trend is observed where traffic demand on Ti Rakau Drive to the east of the intersection is expected to remain roughly unchanged or in some cases decrease. This is likely due to large increases in queues and delays, acting as a bottle neck for the rest of the corridor, forcing vehicles to reroute to less congested links.

This trend is also observed on Pakuranga Road. An increase in traffic demand is predicted by 2028, with a decrease by 2048. In the existing environment, motorists travel along Pakuranga Road and turn left onto Ti Rakau Drive to head towards SEART. With this section of Ti Rakau Drive at capacity, large increases in queues and delays are likely. This in turn is expected to lead to rerouting to occur to less congested links.

Figure 6 shows the AADT volumes in the existing environment in a network context.



Figure 6: Existing environment AADT

3.4.2 Travel Time and Variability

Route travel times and variability in the existing environment were determined from the AIMSUN 2018 Base Model. The AM peak hour was recorded between 07:30-08:30 and the PM peak hour between 16:30-17:30. To maintain consistency across the different assessments already conducted and future ITAs, four routes were selected to determine the travel time of general traffic in the existing environment. These routes are outlined below, and the results are shown in **Table 3**:

- Botany to Pakuranga (Ti Rakau Drive / Chapel Road intersection to Pakuranga Road / Williams Avenue intersection) – both directions
- Botany to SEART (Ti Rakau Drive / Te Irirangi Drive intersection to the western abutment on Waipuna Bridge) – both directions
- Howick to Pakuranga (Pakuranga Road / Glenmore Road intersection to Pakuranga Road / Williams Avenue intersection) – both directions
- Howick to SEART (Pakuranga Road / Glenmore Road intersection to the western abutment on Waipuna Bridge) – both directions

Table 3: Base model (2018) general traffic travel times

AM Peak						
	Westbound			Eastbound		
Route	Base Model 2018 [min]	Variability + [min]	Variability - [min]	Base Model 2018 [min]	Variability + [min]	Variability - [min]
Botany - Pakuranga	17.4	2.0	-1.7	11.7	0.3	-0.4
Botany - SEART	10.7	1.6	-0.9	9.4	0.9	-0.7
Howick - Pakuranga	3.1	0.1	-0.1	3.3	0.2	-0.1
Howick - SEART	12.0	0.4	-0.5	6.9	0.5	-0.4
PM Peak						
	Westbound			Eastbound		
Route	Base Model 2018 [min]	Variability + [min]	Variability - [min]	Base Model 2018 [min]	Variability + [min]	Variability - [min]
Botany - Pakuranga	26.1	0.8	-1.1	16.0	0.8	-1.2
Botany - SEART	18.5	0.6	-0.9	9.3	0.6	-0.6
Howick - Pakuranga	2.9	0.1	-0.1	5.6	0.6	-0.5
Howick - SEART	4.5	0.1	-0.2	9.2	0.2	-0.1

In the AIMSUN model, the routes from Botany to Pakuranga and Botany to SEART travel along the same section of Ti Rakau Drive, up to Reeves Road. Therefore, these routes have the same travel time along this section of the corridor.

However, from the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection, the Botany to Pakuranga route heads towards the Williams Avenue intersection, a distance of roughly 780 m. Meanwhile, the Botany to SEART route extends up to the western abutment of the Waipuna Bridge, a distance of roughly 1.4 km.

Although the Botany to Pakuranga Road route passes through three more intersections compared to the Botany to SEART route, its travel time is significantly longer. This is particularly evident in the peak directions, westbound in the AM peak period and eastbound in the PM peak period. This is likely due to congestion on Ti Rakau Drive between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road, leading to large queues and delays.

This trend is also observed in the Howick to Pakuranga and Howick to SEART routes. The two routes from Howick travel along the same section of Pakuranga Road, from Glenmore Road up to Ti Rakau Drive and will have the same travel times along this section. However, a significant increase in travel time is expected in the Howick to SEART route. Although the distance from the Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection to the Waipuna Bridge is further than the distance to the Williams Avenue intersection, it is likely that congestion on Ti Rakau Drive is contributing to the large travel times.

3.4.3 Road Characteristics

The traffic data for Ti Rakau Drive demonstrated a tidal flow characteristic where westbound traffic movements (citybound) are dominant in the morning period and eastbound traffic volumes (outbound) are dominant in the evening period.

Figure 7 shows the existing directional signage on Ti Rakau Drive, upstream of Reeves Road / SEART intersection, westbound and eastbound, respectively.



Figure 7: Existing directional signage on Ti Rakau Dr westbound and eastbound, respectively

A raised median on Ti Rakau Drive between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road prevents right-turn movements, except at Palm Avenue. Aylesbury Street has two access points onto Ti Rakau Drive with

varying movement restrictions. A U-turn facility is provided on Ti Rakau Drive approximately 50 m south of the intersection with Pakuranga Road. This section of Ti Rakau Drive consists of three lanes in each direction.

A similar restriction currently exists on Ti Rakau Drive between Reeves Road and Mattson Road, preventing right-turn movements out of Tiraumea Drive and all properties fronting this section of Ti Rakau Drive. Three lanes westbound and two lanes eastbound are provided for the majority of this section.

The raised median continues from Mattson Road to Gossamer Drive, preventing right-turns out of properties fronting Ti Rakau Drive. However, full turning movements are provided at all intersections along this section of the corridor. Ti Rakau Drive has a 60 km/h posted speed limit in the existing environment.

3.5 Bus Services and Facilities

In December 2017, AT launched a new bus network for East Auckland. This launch included a new bus network, bus routes, route numbers, timetables and buses. The new East Auckland Bus Network philosophy was improved integration with other public transport networks for Auckland, such as buses connecting with trains at the Panmure and Otahuhu interchanges, as well as at the Middlemore, Papatoetoe and Manukau train stations. **Figure 8** outlines the existing bus routes operating in the EB2 and EB3R project areas.

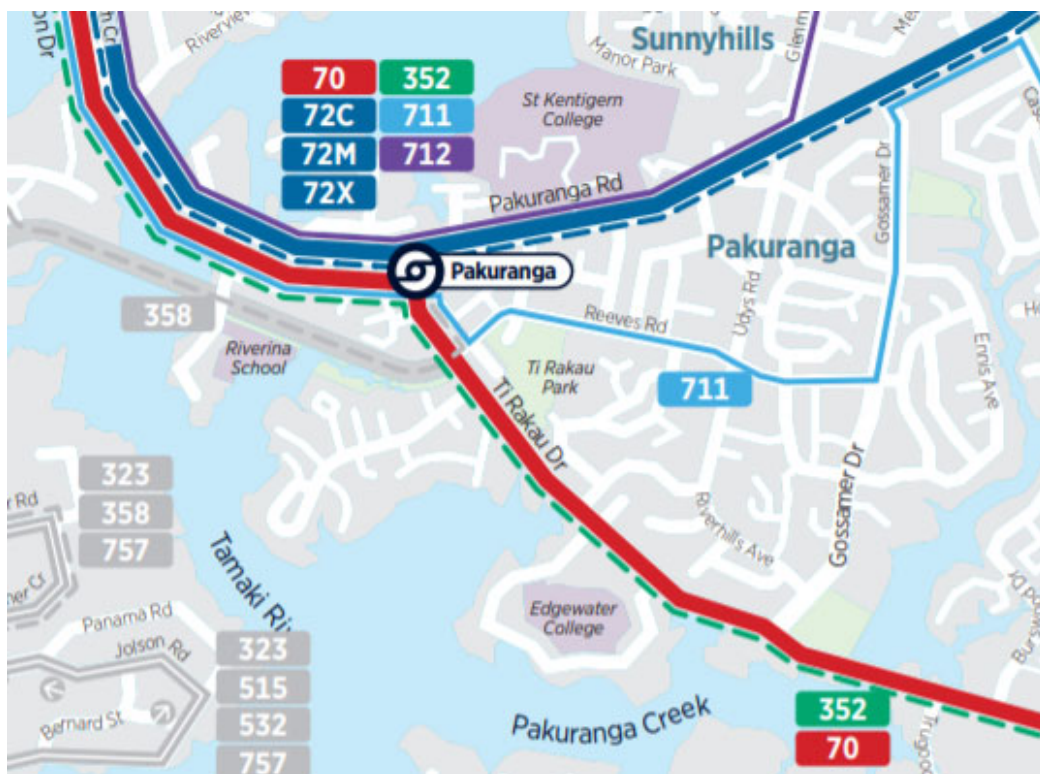


Figure 8: Existing bus network through EB2 and EB3R project areas¹⁴

¹⁴ <https://at.govt.nz/media/1974487/east-new-network-get-ready-poster-aug17-v30.pdf>

There are a number of routes within the EB2 and EB3R project areas that currently operate on the proposed Eastern Busway corridor. These routes are the 70, 72C, 72M, 72X, 352, 711, 712. School bus services operating in the EB2 and EB3R project areas include the following:

- S415 – Pakuranga to Sacred Heart College
- S416 – Botany Downs to Sacred Heart College
- S440 – Bucklands Beach to Sancta Maria College
- S013 – Otara to Edgewater College
- S073 – Otahuhu to Edgewater College

Details of the general routes are outlined in **Table 4** below.

Table 4: Existing bus services through EB2 and EB3R project areas

Route Type	Route No	Frequency	Description
Frequent Services	70	Every 15 minutes	Botany, Pakuranga, Panmure, Ellerslie, Newmarket, City
	72C/M	Every 15 minutes	Howick, Pakuranga Rd, Pakuranga, Panmure
Connector Services	711	Varying	Howick, Cook St, Union Rd, Bradbury Rd, Cascades Rd, Reeves Rd, Panmure
	712	Varying	Bucklands Beach, Casuarina Rd, Glenmore Rd, Panmure
Peak Period Services	72X	Services operate weekdays only, during morning and afternoon peaks	Botany, Howick, Pakuranga, Panmure, Southern Motorway, City
	352	Services operate weekdays only, during morning and afternoon peaks	Panmure, Highbrook, East Tāmaki, Manukau

In the existing environment, the 70, 352 and 711 services travel along Ti Rakau Drive and the 72C, 72M, 72X and 712 services travel along Pakuranga Road in the kerbside lanes with general traffic. As such, buses have roughly the same travel times as general vehicles along these sections (excluding dwelling time at bus stops) and experience the same delays at intersections. Furthermore, without the Project, buses are expected to experience the same increases in delays in the future as a result of congestion and queuing on Ti Rakau Drive and Pakuranga Road.

There are approximately 18 bus stops within the EB2 and EB3R project areas, which include 10 on Ti Rakau Drive. **Figure 9** below shows the existing bus stop locations, the stops are mainly for public bus services.

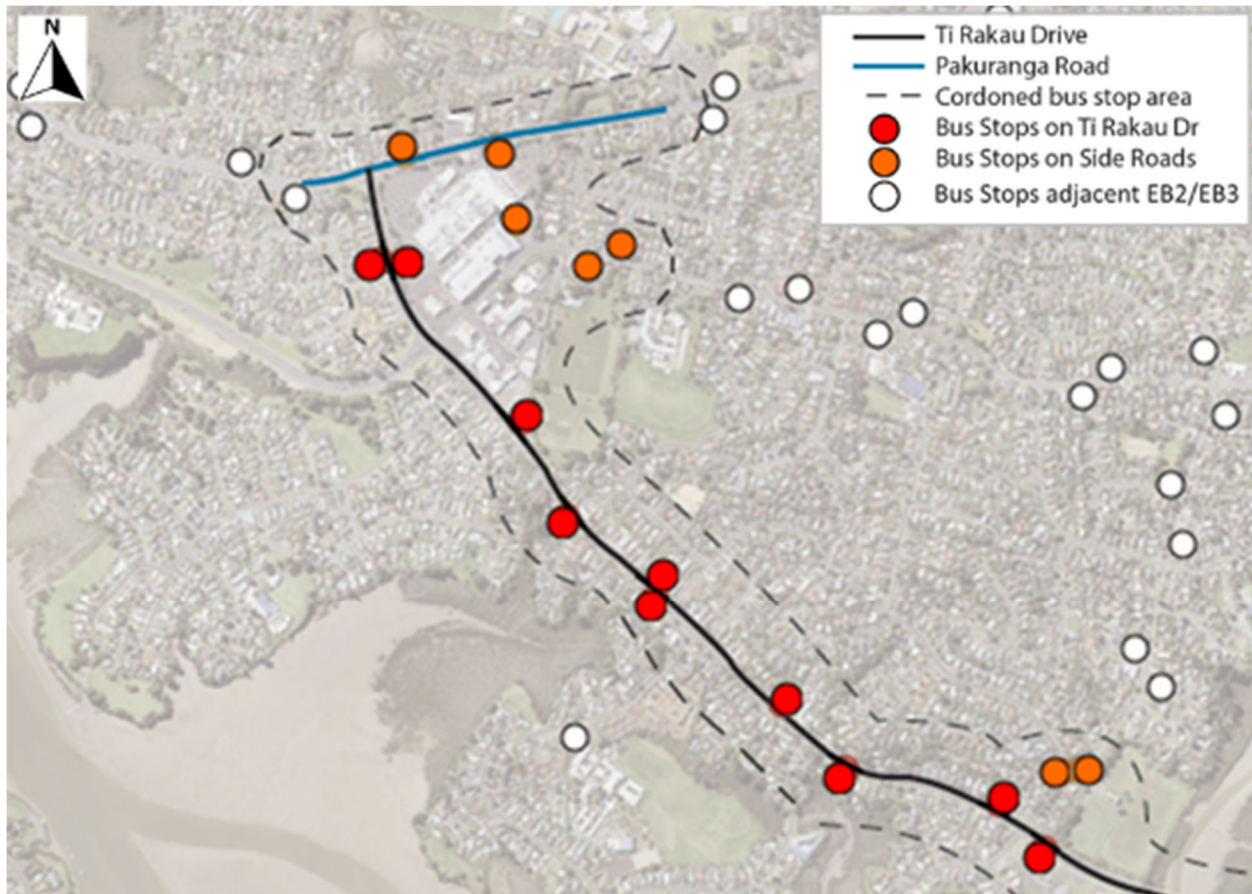


Figure 9: Existing bus stops within the EB2 and EB3R project areas

The spacing between bus stops varies between 200m and 1.5km with the average distance between stops being 500m. The walking catchments for these bus stops show that there are some significant gaps in the walking network over large areas, particularly along Ti Rakau Drive, based on a nominal 400m radius isochrone walking catchment.

There are also locations of considerable overlap in the bus stop catchments suggesting that stop locations may not be optimised. All existing bus stops are on-street, with the exception of off-street stops at Pakuranga Town Centre. The majority of the existing bus stops on Ti Rakau Drive and Pakuranga Road do not provide seating and sheltered cover. No bicycle parking is provided in the existing environment.

3.6 Walking and Cycling Facilities

3.6.1 Walking Facilities

Overall, pedestrian footpaths are provided along both sides of the majority of roads within the Project area in the existing environment. However, there is an absence of pedestrian facilities particularly along William Roberts Road south, and some slip lanes do not provide signalised pedestrian crossings. Various side roads intersecting Ti Rakau Drive do not have crossings facilities currently.

3.6.1.1 EB2 – Ti Rakau Drive (Pakuranga Road to Reeves Road)

- A pedestrian footpath is available on both sides of the road, approximately 1.5 m wide and separated from the live lane by a 1.0 m grass berm
- The only crossing facilities are at the two signalised intersections of Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive and Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road
- No mid-block crossing is available between the two intersections. The road is also separated by a median grass berm. From observation, pedestrians are finding gaps in traffic and utilise the median as a refuge area, waiting for a gap to cross to Pakuranga Plaza

3.6.1.2 EB2 – Pakuranga Road (Ti Rakau Drive to William Roberts Road)

- A pedestrian footpath is provided on both sides of the corridor, approximately 1.2 m wide on the northern side with a 1.5 m grass berm (no grass berm to the east of the Brampton Court access to the Pakuranga Plaza). The footpath is approximately 1.7 m wide on the southern side with a 0.6 m grass berm
- Crossing facilities are only provided at the Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection and the signalised mid-block crossing near the Pepler Street exit at the Pakuranga Plaza. The westbound and eastbound carriageways are separated by a 3.0 m flush median
- A pedestrian refuge island is provided across William Roberts Road at its intersection with Pakuranga Road, however, no crossing facility is provided across Pakuranga Road at this location

3.6.1.3 EB2 – Reeves Road

- Footpaths are currently provided along both sides of Reeves Road, approximately 1.5m in width and separated from the live lanes by a 1.2 m grass berm
- Crossing facilities are provided at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection and at the mid-block pedestrian crossing. A pedestrian refuge island is provided across William Roberts Road north at its intersection with Reeves Road, however, no crossing facility across Reeves Road is provided at this intersection

3.6.1.4 EB2 – William Roberts Road

- Currently, footpaths are available on both sides of William Roberts Road north (approximately 1.5 m wide), however, a grass berm of approximately 1.2 m width is only provided on the eastern side
- Pedestrian refuge islands are provided at the north end at Pakuranga Road and at the southern end at Reeves Road
- William Roberts Road south currently has no pedestrian footpaths on either side of the carriageway, except for a short section on the western side near the Pakuranga Community Centre
- No pedestrian facilities are currently provided to cross William Roberts Road south

3.6.1.5 Cortina Place

- Footpaths are currently provided on both sides of Cortina Place, approximately 1.7 m wide and no grass berm
- A pedestrian refuge island is provided near the intersection with Reeves Road, and 2.9 m grass median is provided along the majority of the road

3.6.1.6 EB3R – Ti Rakau Drive (Reeves Road to Gossamer Drive)

- On average, the footpath width is 1.5 m and is separated from the road carriageway and high volumes of fast-moving traffic by a 1.0 m grass berm
- Patches of the pedestrian path is encroached with tree branches, leaves and shrubs from the property side of the footpath reducing the width of the footpath, but generally the path itself is in good physical condition
- The Ti Rakau Drive residential area supports low to medium density housing with a number of cul-de-sacs, as well as local schools and parks. Footpath facilities enable pedestrian movements along Ti Rakau Drive, but there are no additional links between cul-de-sacs
- There is one access into Ti Rakau Park from Ti Rakau Drive itself, near the intersection with Mattson Road. Limited links and connections indicate poor pedestrian connectivity and access to the parks and schools in the surrounding area
- There are four crossing facilities to accommodate crossing the corridor in the residential section, located at the four signalised intersections:
 - Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road
 - Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road
 - Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive
 - Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive
- The intersections are of similar design along the route, which consist of left-turn slip lanes for vehicle efficiency and crossing facilities provided across the side street and one leg of the corridor. Pedestrians must cross the slip lanes, unprotected, to the refuge island before arriving at the push button to cross the road. Additionally, pedestrians can only cross at one side of the intersections on Ti Rakau Drive, reducing the pedestrian amenity and efficiency

3.6.2 Cycling Facilities

There is an absence of cycle facilities along the vast majority of Ti Rakau Drive. Neither on-road nor off-road cycle facilities are provided to encourage movement along Ti Rakau Drive, except at the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection.

Cyclists within the EB2 and EB3R project areas must currently share an on-road lane with high-volume, high-speed traffic, as well as with heavy vehicles (e.g., buses). Crossing facilities are limited to those at signalised intersections. More experienced and confident cyclists who mix with general traffic have the choice to cross at intersections from right turning bays, but must still cross multiple lanes of traffic to do so. Furthermore, cyclists must navigate numerous driveways along the corridor.

In the wider Pakuranga area, there are sections of short cycle routes, outlined in **Figure 10**. Reeves Road is suggested as a road with space for cyclists, albeit with high traffic demand. AT recently developed recreational cycle facilities in the eastern cycle network, such as the Cascades shared path that connects Pakuranga College, Burswood Drive and Meadowlands. AT has also developed the Pakuranga Rotary shared path that tracks the coastline of the Tāmaki River. Additional recreational cycle routes provide connection to and from Half Moon Bay Ferry Terminal, Farm Cove, Sunny Hills, and Pakuranga Plaza. With the completion of EB1, a bi-directional cycleway and shared path is located on the northern side of Pakuranga Road from Ireland Road to Ti Rakau Drive.

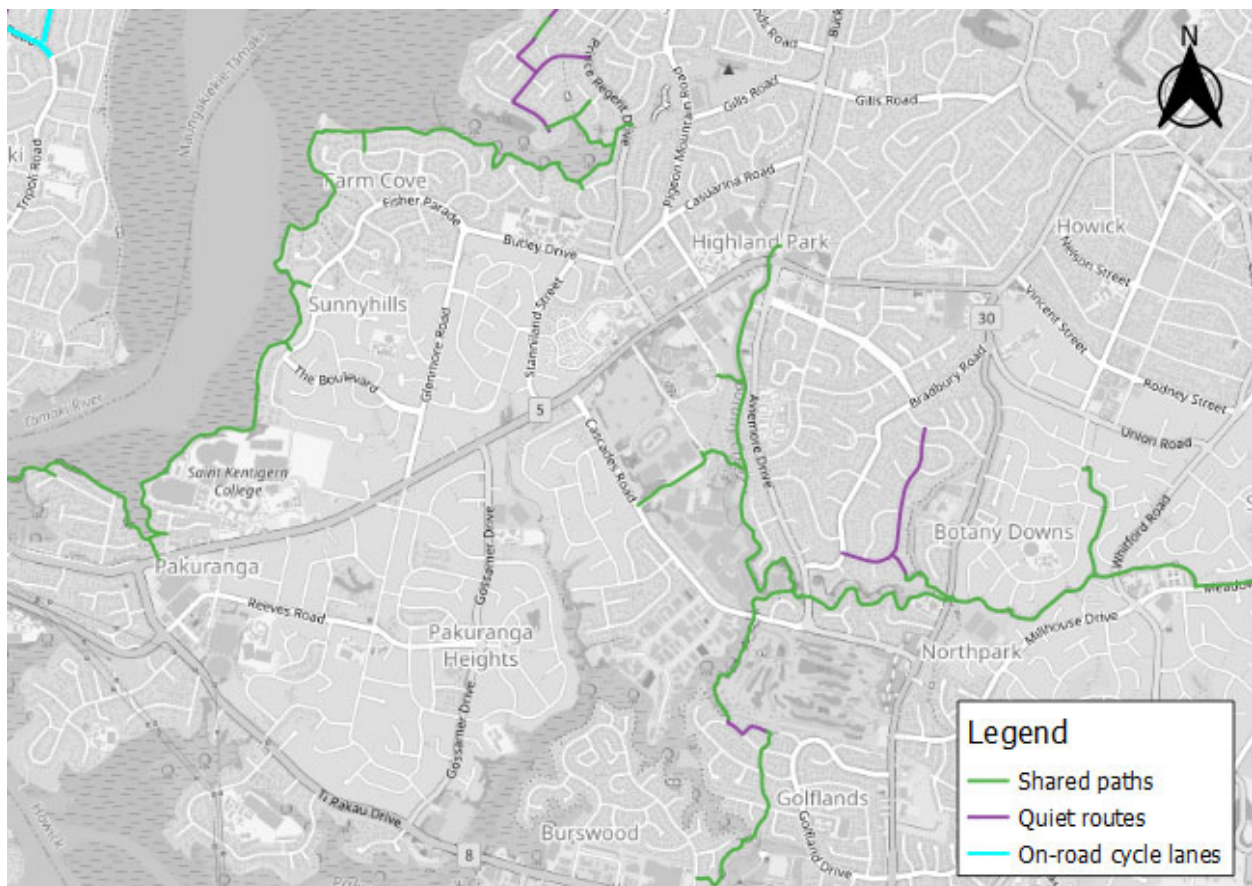


Figure 10: Existing cycle routes and facilities in the wider Pakuranga area

3.7 Parking

Within the EB2 and EB3R project areas there are a number of locations that offer parking, both on-street and off-street. The key locations in the EB2 and EB3R project areas are:

- Pakuranga Plaza
- Te Tuhi
- Ti Rakau Park
- Cortina Place
- William Roberts Road
- Ti Rakau Drive
- Edgewater shops
- Side roads

Currently, Pakuranga Plaza is classified as a Business Town Centre Zone. Under the AUP(OP), there are generally no upper limits on the amount of parking retail, office, education facilities, hospitals and commercial services can provide.

Parking surveys were conducted to determine the utilisation of the existing on-street and off-street parking demand and utilisation in the EB2 and EB3R project areas. **Figure 11** shows the surveyed areas, which were surveyed on Thursday 5 July 2018 and Saturday 7 July 2018. At the time of data collection, these survey dates were selected to represent typical weekday and weekend periods of parking utilisation at the selected sites. These data sets exclude the effects of COVID-19 on travel behaviour and are considered to represent the existing environment before EB2 and EB3R construction.



Figure 11: Parking survey locations

3.7.1 Pakuranga Plaza

Pakuranga Plaza currently supports 1,355 parking spaces on site. The utilisation of 840 of these parks was captured in the parking survey in the areas outlined in **Figure 12**.

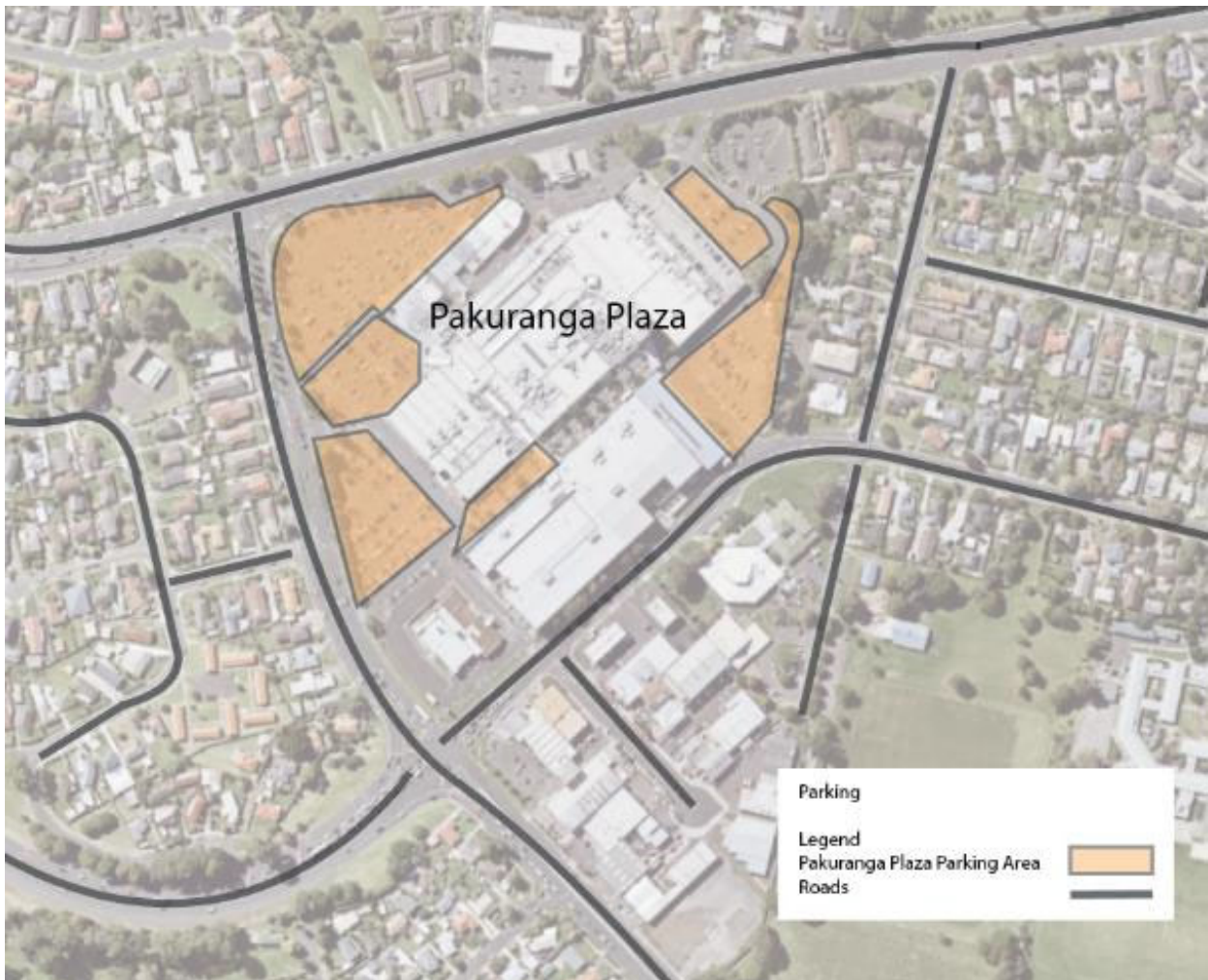


Figure 12: Surveyed parking areas of Pakuranga Plaza

Table 5 outlines the findings of the surveys and **Figure 13** below illustrates the daily utilisation profile. The table and the graph indicate the Pakuranga Plaza parking is underutilized and does not exceed 60% capacity on a typical weekday or weekend.

Table 5: Pakuranga Plaza parking utilisation summary

Parking Utilisation	Thursday 5 July (7am – 7pm)	Saturday 7 July (10am – 6pm)
Maximum Stay [hours]	13	9
Minimum Stay [hours]	1	1
Average Stay [hours]	2.4	1.5
Maximum Parking (Utilisation)	418 (51%)	471 (57%)
Minimum Parking (Utilisation)	52 (6%)	306 (37%)
Average Parking (Utilisation)	301 (37%)	392 (48%)

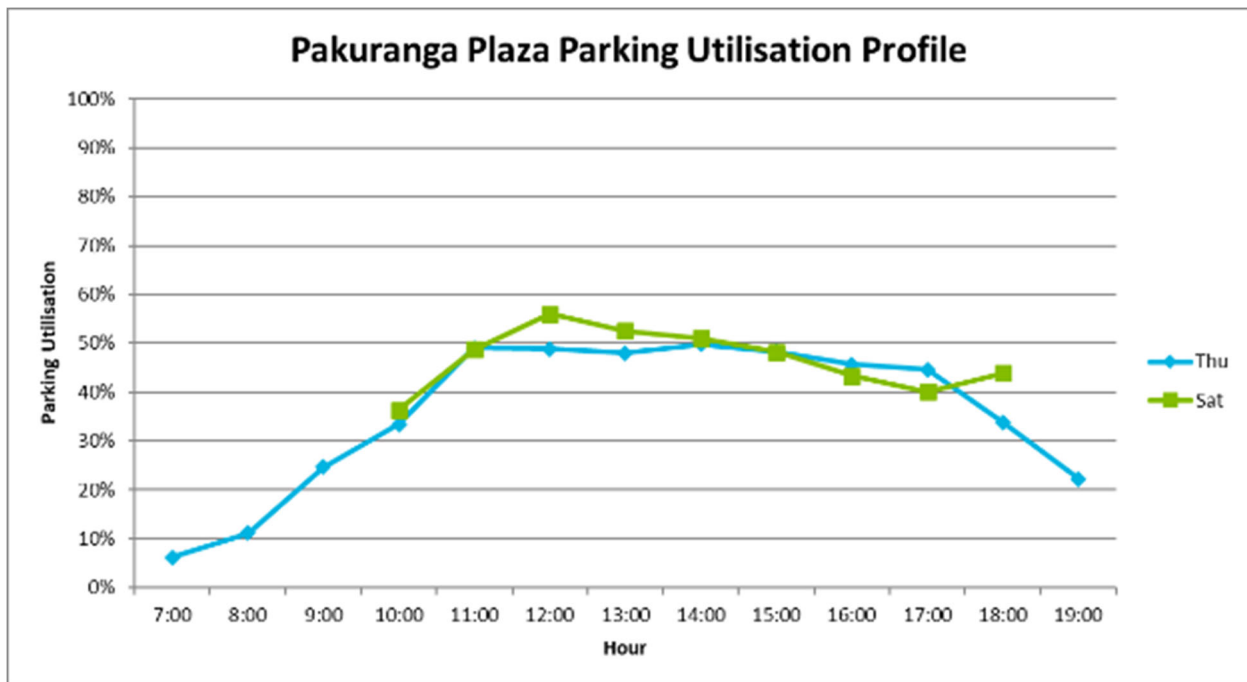


Figure 13: Pakuranga Plaza parking utilisation profile

3.7.2 Cortina Place

Cortina Place is a local cul-de-sac intersecting Reeves Road and provides access to a small commercial area. Overall, there are 25 on-street spaces available, with an average utilisation of 64% during weekdays and 71% during weekends. Full utilisation of the parking spaces occurs on weekend mornings for a short duration. The long duration of the average stay indicate that shop-owners and staff are likely using the spaces. **Table 6** outlines the findings of the survey and **Figure 14** below illustrates the parking utilisation profile across the days.

Table 6: Cortina PI parking utilisation summary

Parking Utilisation	Thursday 5 July (7am – 7pm)	Saturday 7 July (10am – 6pm)
Maximum Stay [hours]	13	9
Minimum Stay [hours]	1	2
Average Stay [hours]	5.7	5.5
Maximum Parking (Utilisation)	21 (84%)	25 (100%)
Minimum Parking (Utilisation)	8 (32%)	15 (60%)
Average Parking (Utilisation)	16 (64%)	18 (71%)

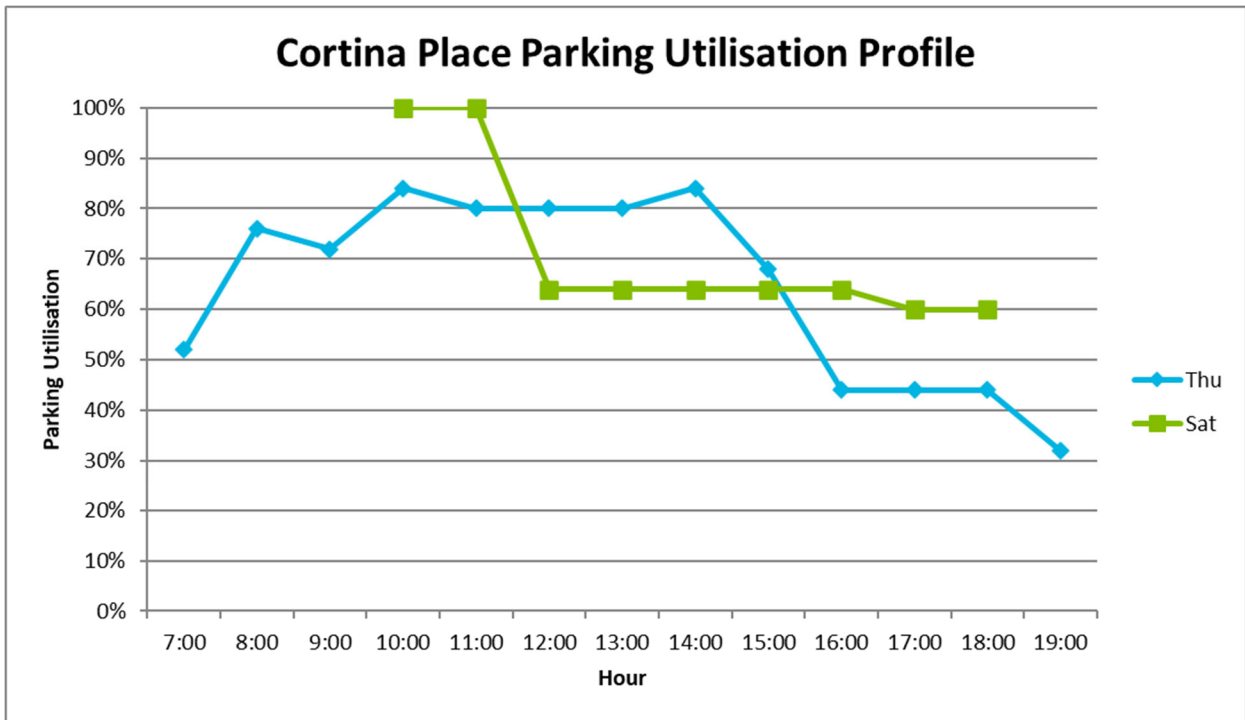


Figure 14: Cortina PI parking utilisation profile

3.7.3 William Roberts Road

William Roberts Road connects Pakuranga Road to Reeves Road at its northern end and provides access to the Pakuranga Leisure Centre and Ti Rakau Park at its southern end. Overall, there are 127 parking spaces available, with an average utilisation of 49% on weekdays and 33% on weekends. There are 40 additional parks for the Ti Rakau Park which were considered off-street parking and were not surveyed.

Figure 15 outlines the area included in the parking survey of William Roberts Road.



Figure 15: Surveyed area of William Roberts Rd

Table 7 outlines the findings of the survey and **Figure 16** illustrates the parking utilisation profile across the days.

Table 7: William Roberts Rd parking utilisation summary

Parking Utilisation	Thursday 5 July (7am – 7pm)	Saturday 7 July (10am – 6pm)
Maximum Stay (hours)	13	9
Minimum Stay (hours)	1	1
Average Stay (hours)	3.7	2.8
Maximum Parking (Utilisation)	105 (83%)	113 (89%)
Minimum Parking (Utilisation)	25 (20%)	35 (28%)
Average Parking (Utilisation)	62 (49%)	42 (33%)

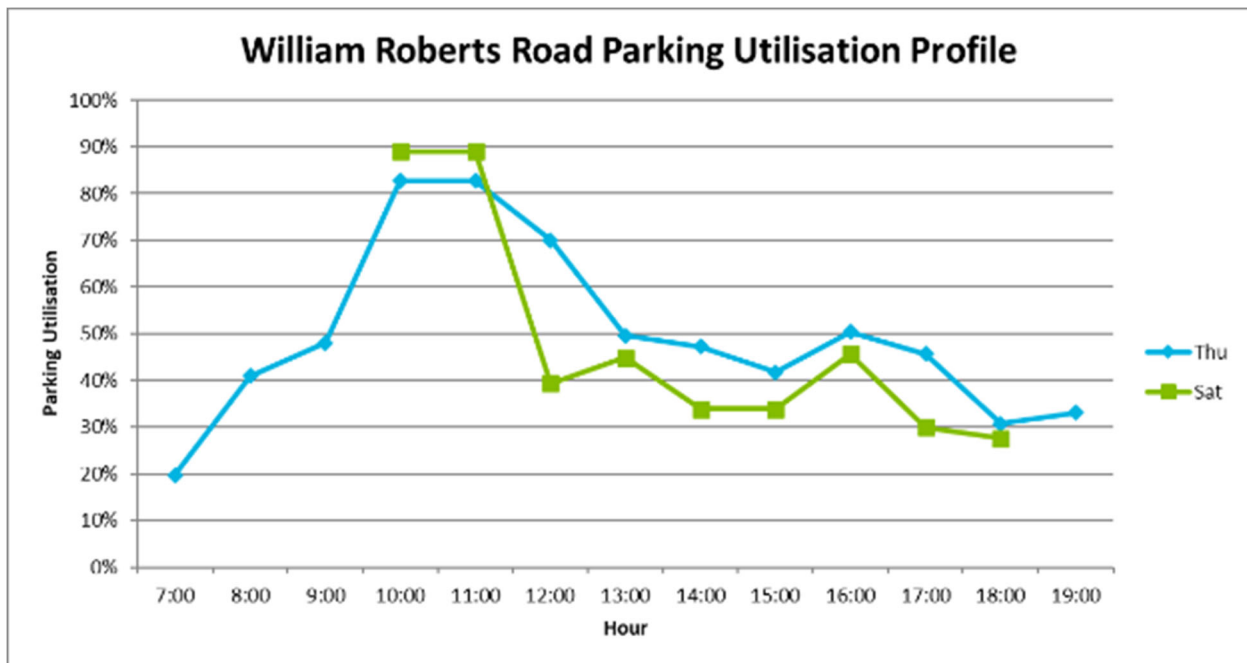


Figure 16: William Roberts Rd parking utilisation profile

Where the utilisation is around 90% for William Roberts Road and Cortina Place it is likely due to activities at the Pakuranga Leisure Centre or the Ti Rakau Park, such as Saturday morning sports. Additionally, the maximum stay for both Cortina Place and William Roberts Road was 13 hours, which is equivalent to the length of the parking survey. This indicates that a number of these parks are likely to be occupied by owners/ staff of the surrounding properties.

3.7.4 Ti Rakau Drive

Ti Rakau Drive is a major corridor connecting Pakuranga to East Tāmaki and Botany Town Centre in the southeast. The survey was conducted from the Roseburn Place intersection down to the Gossamer Drive intersection. Overall, there are 180 on-street parking spaces provided along Ti Rakau Drive, which are currently poorly utilised. **Table 8** below outlines the findings of the survey and **Figure 17** below illustrates the parking utilisation profile across the days.

Table 8: Ti Rakau Dr parking utilisation summary

Parking Utilisation	Thursday 5 July (7am – 7pm)	Saturday 7 July (10am – 6pm)
Maximum Stay [hours]	13	9

Parking Utilisation	Thursday 5 July (7am – 7pm)	Saturday 7 July (10am – 6pm)
Minimum Stay [hours]	1	1
Average Stay [hours]	3.0	2.7
Maximum Parking (Utilisation)	10 (5%)	28 (15%)
Minimum Parking (Utilisation)	3 (2%)	9 (5%)
Average Parking (Utilisation)	5 (3%)	15 (8%)

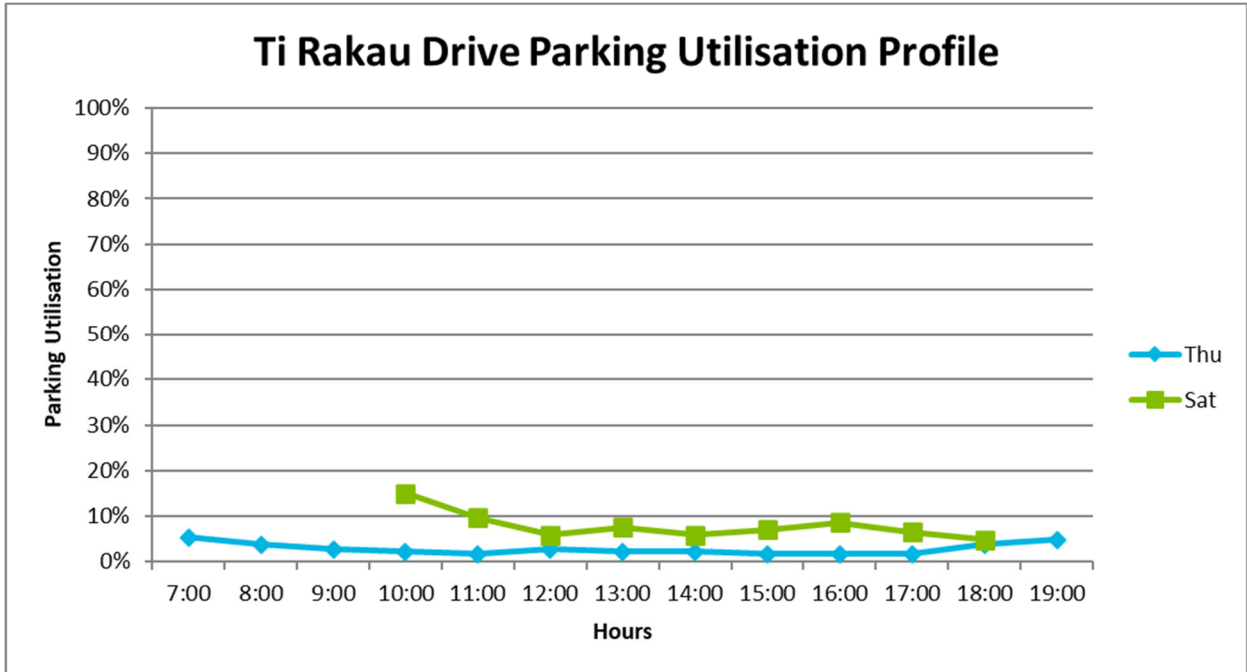


Figure 17: Ti Rakau Dr parking utilisation profile

The results shown are not unexpected. It is likely that the high traffic volume environment on Ti Rakau Drive does not create an appealing location to park vehicles given a perceived risk of accidents. Furthermore, this section of Ti Rakau Drive is surrounded by residential properties, and it would not be unreasonable to assume that properties have ample individual off-street parking due to the general size of these free-standing properties.

3.7.5 Edgewater Shops

The Edgewater Shops is a block of local shops located at the Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive intersection. Currently there are 30 parking spaces provided within an off-street parking area that serves the various commercial properties. The survey determined that the carpark is not fully utilised. **Table 9** outlines the findings of the survey and **Figure 18** illustrates the parking utilisation profile across the days.

Table 9: Edgewater Shops parking utilisation summary

Parking Utilisation	Thursday 5 July (7am – 7pm)	Saturday 7 July (10am – 6pm)
Maximum Stay [hours]	11	9
Minimum Stay [hours]	1	1
Average Stay [hours]	2.5	1.8
Maximum Parking (Utilisation)	18 (60%)	12 (40%)
Minimum Parking (Utilisation)	1 (4%)	3 (10%)
Average Parking (Utilisation)	11 (37%)	8 (27%)

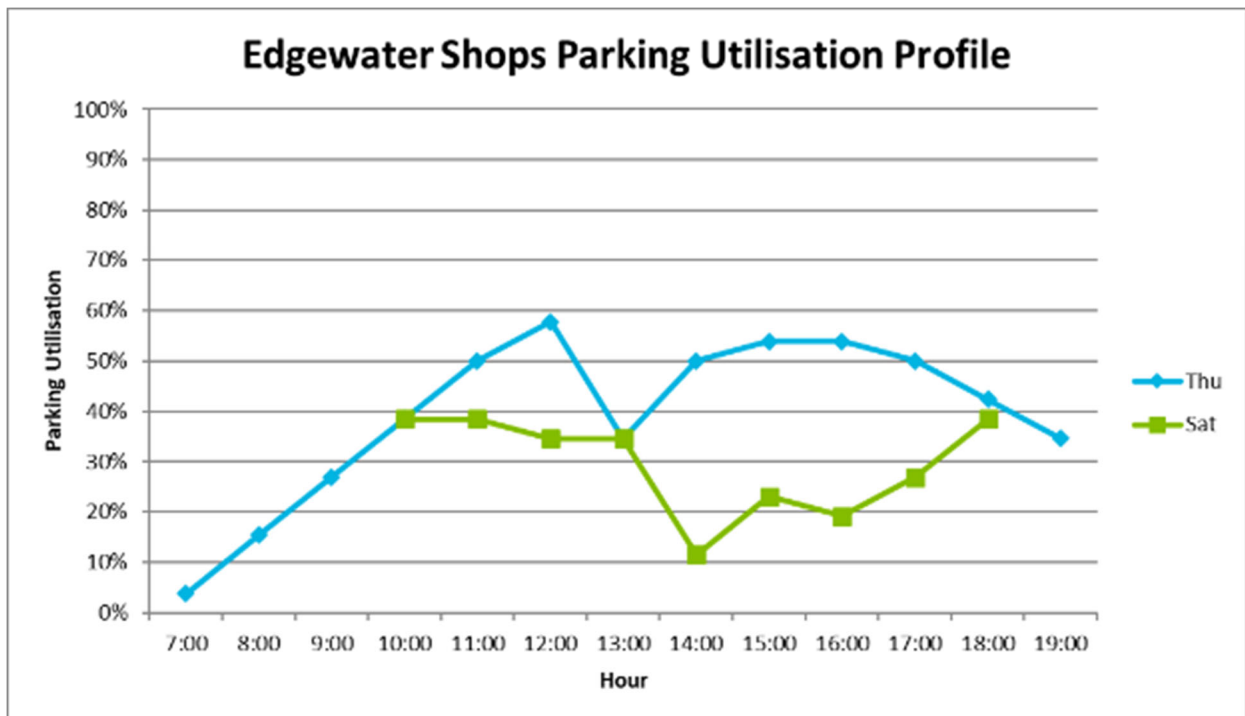


Figure 18: Edgewater Shops parking utilisation profile

Further analysis of the parking survey data shows that generally most vehicles are parked for short periods (one-hour survey intervals), with a minority of vehicles parked for longer periods (likely staff and shop owners). This is in line with what would be expected at these commercial properties. Parking utilisation is not expected to exceed 60% on a typical weekday or weekend.

3.7.6 Side roads

Due to the low utilisation of on-street parking along the side roads of Ti Rakau Drive, no further detailed analysis is presented. **Table 10** provides a summary of the parking surveys conducted on the side roads in EB2 and EB3R project areas.

Table 10: EB2 and EB3R side roads parking utilisation summary

Side Road	Parking Utilisation Comments
Ayr Rd	Ayr Road is a local road providing access to residential houses with 70 on-street spaces available. However, it is a poorly utilised road, with the maximum utilisation on Thursday being 12% and 6% on Saturday.
Roseburn Pl	Roseburn Place is a cul-de-sac joining to Ti Rakau Drive, providing access to residential properties. There are 45 on-street spaces available. However, it is poorly utilised with the maximum utilisation on Thursday being 9% and 10% on Saturday. The low utilisation could be attributed to residents having ample parking within their properties and visitors parking on the street.
Mattson Rd	Similar to Roseburn Place, Mattson Road is a cul-de-sac off Ti Rakau Drive with 80 on-street spaces. Again, it is poorly utilised with the maximum utilisation on Thursday being 4% and 8% on Saturday.
Marriott Rd	Marriott Road connects Ti Rakau Drive to Udys Road with 175 on-street parking spaces available. It is a poorly utilised road with a maximum of six parked vehicles.
Chevis Pl	Chevis Place is a cul-de-sac off Ti Rakau Drive providing access to residential properties to the east. There are 45 on-street parking spaces available. However, these spaces are poorly utilised with a maximum utilisation of 4% on Thursday and 16% on Saturday. The low utilisation could be attributed to most residents having ample parking within their properties.
Edgewater Dr	Edgewater Drive is a collector with a crescent shape that connects to Ti Rakau Drive at two locations. It provides access to residential properties, Edgewater College and Pakuranga Retirement Village. There are 500 on-street parking spaces available along the length of the road. It would be expected to see high utilisation of on-street parking during school peak periods; however, this is not the case, with a maximum weekday utilisation of five parked vehicles. A similar trend was observed on Saturday with a maximum of six vehicles parked within an hour.
Wheatley Ave	Wheatley Avenue is a small cul-de-sac off Ti Rakau Drive between the two sections of Edgewater Drive. It serves a small residential community and provides 30 on-street parking spaces. It is poorly utilised during weekdays with the maximum utilisation being 10%. This was observed to increase to 20% during the weekend.

3.8 Crash Environment

3.8.1 Crash Analysis System Data

All reported crashes within the EB2 and EB3R project area were extracted from the Crash Analysis System (CAS) for a five-year period from 2015 to 2019. Data from 2020 was not used as not all the data was available. This was due to a lag in uploading crash data and the impacts of COVID-19. For this assessment, the focus on the extracted data was in the area shown in **Figure 19**.

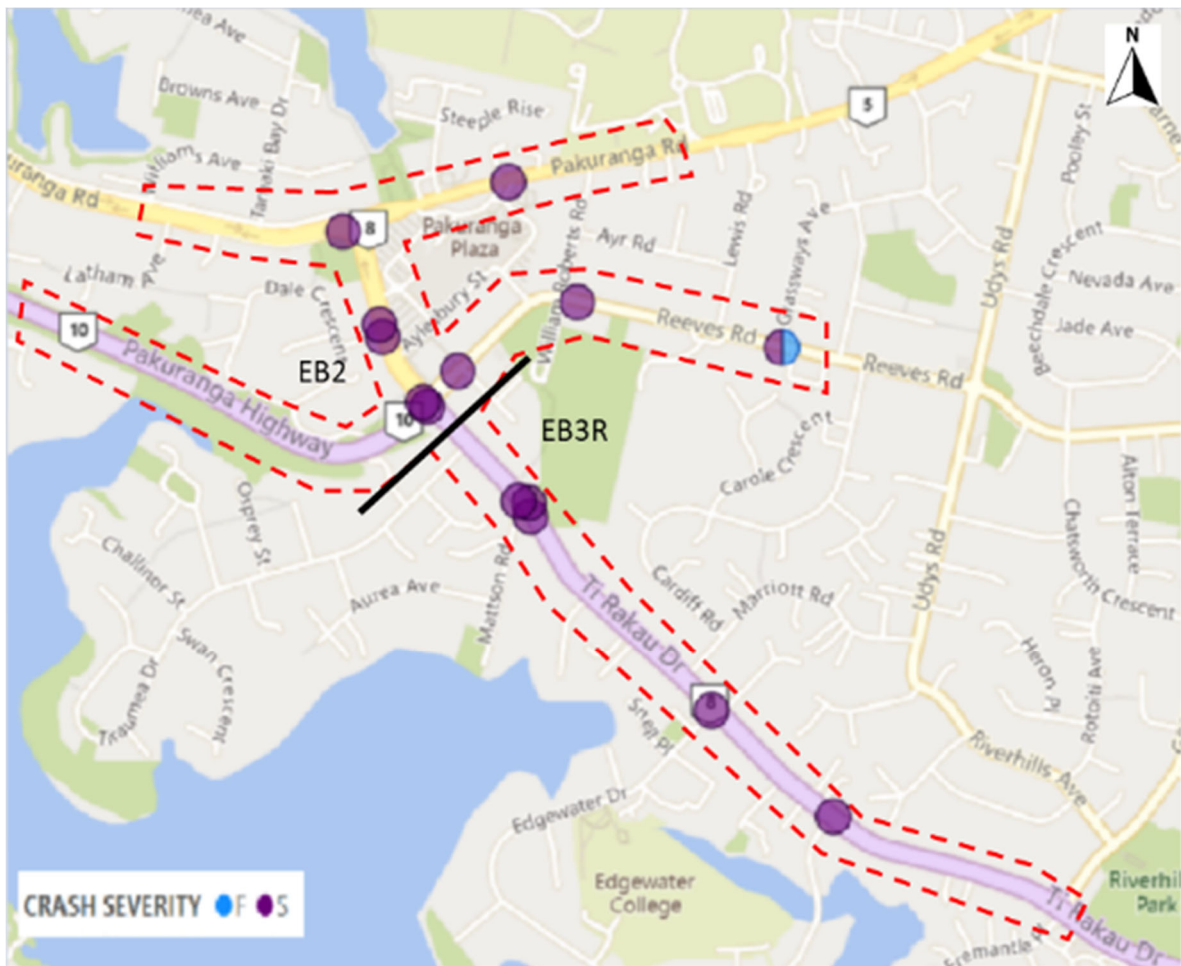


Figure 19: Extent of extracted CAS data for EB2 and EB3R project areas

There was 1 fatal crash and 14 serious injury crashes in the 2015 – 2019 time period:

- **Fatal:** Motorcycle collision with a vehicle which failed to give way turning right out of a side street or driveway
- **Serious Injury:** 6 pedestrian crashes
- **Serious Injury:** 4 instances where a right turning vehicle fails to give way to oncoming traffic (one general vehicle vs general vehicle, one general vehicle turns in front of a moped, one general vehicle turns in front of motorcycle, one general vehicle turns in front of a truck)
- **Serious Injury:** 1 loss of control whilst cornering, serious injury crash with a general vehicle
- **Serious Injury:** 1 crash involving a van door being opened on a cyclist
- **Serious Injury:** 2 instances of rear ends at the Reeves Road intersection (one general vehicle vs general vehicle crash, one general vehicle vs motorcycle crash)

3.8.2 Safe System Assessment

A Safe System Assessment (SSA) was undertaken for the entire Project area¹⁵. The SSA was conducted in accordance with the Auckland Transport Safe System Assessment Guidelines which are based on the Austroads 2016, Research Report AP-R509-16, Safe System Assessment Framework. A summary of the SSA is provided below.

The SSA assessed a total of ten crash types as described below:

1. Run-off-road (R-O-R): Involving one or more vehicle(s) losing control on a curve or straight
2. Head-on (H-O): Crashes involving two or more vehicles travelling in opposite directions
3. Intersection (INT): Crashes involving two or more vehicles travelling in adjacent directions
4. Other: Includes manoeuvring, overtaking, parking and miscellaneous crashes
5. Motorcycle (M/C): Any crash type above involving a motorcycle
6. P1: Any crash involving a pedestrian and a vehicle turning at an intersection
7. P2: Any crash involving a pedestrian and vehicle travelling straight (midblock crossing)
8. P3: Any crash involving a pedestrian and vehicle travelling straight through an intersection
9. C1: Any crash involving a cyclist being struck by a vehicle travelling in the same direction
10. C2: Any Crash involving a cyclist being struck by a vehicle at an intersection (turning or straight)

Each crash type is scored based on exposure, likelihood and severity with a value between 0 and 4. A lower score corresponds with a safer system. A score of 0 for exposure, likelihood or severity means that a particular crash type is not applicable to the location being considered and will result in a product score of 0. **Table 11** and **Table 12** outline the safe system score of the existing environment in the EB2 and EB3R project areas. Location A in EB2 and locations F and H in EB3R indicate station locations on completion of the full Eastern Busway Project.

Table 11: EB2 existing environment safe systems assessment

ZONE EB2 ASSESSMENT SUMMARY											
EXISTING LAYOUT	R-O-R	H-O	INT	OTHER	M/C	P1	P2	P3	C1	C2	TOTAL
A) PAKURANGA EB STATION	16	16	32	16	64	24	48	0	36	36	288
B) TI RAKAU DR / PALM AVE	16	16	32	16	48	24	0	48	36	36	272
C) TI RAKAU DR / REEVES RD	16	16	24	16	48	18	0	24	36	27	225
D) TI RAKAU DR / TIRAUMEA DR	8	16	16	24	48	24	48	0	31.5	27	242.5
E) TI RAKAU DR / MATTSON RD	16	16	24	24	48	18	48	36	31.5	27	288.5
F) PAKURANGA RD / TI RAKAU DR	16	16	24	16	48	12	0	24	36	36	228
G) PAKURANGA RD / REEVES RD	16	24	32	16	64	18	0	48	36	36	290

Table 12: EB3R existing environment safe systems assessment

ZONE EB3R ASSESSMENT SUMMARY											
EXISTING LAYOUT	R-O-R	H-O	INT	OTHER	M/C	P1	P2	P3	C1	C2	TOTAL
A) ROSEBURN PL	8	16	32	24	64	24	48	0	27	36	279
B) MARRIOTT RD	8	16	32	24	64	24	48	0	27	36	279
C) EDGEWATER DR / CHEVIS PL	8	16	16	24	48	24	48	24	27	27	262
D) WHEATLY AVE	8	16	32	24	64	24	36	0	27	36	267
E) EDGEWATER DR	8	0	32	24	64	24	0	0	27	36	215
F) GOSSAMER STATION WB	8	0	0	24	32	0	0	0	27	18	109
G) GOSSAMER DR INTERSECTION	24	24	24	24	48	18	0	36	36	18	252
H) GOSSAMER STATION EB	8	16	0	8	16	0	32	0	36	0	116

¹⁵ EB234-1-TE-RP-ZO_000003

Motorcycle crashes were identified as the highest risk in the existing layout due to a maximum score of 4 for both exposure and severity.

3.9 Over-Dimension and Over-Weight (OD and OW) Routes

Within the Project area there are a number of roads that have been defined by Waka Kotahi as strategic Over-Dimensional (OD) routes¹⁶. These support the large commercial and industrial areas in and around Burswood and East Tāmaki which are the key generators of freight and OD loads. The OD routes relevant to the EB2 and EB3R project areas are listed below and shown in **Figure 20**:

- Pakuranga Road – Ti Rakau Drive to Howick
- Pakuranga Highway – Ti Rakau Drive to Waipuna Road
- Ti Rakau Drive – Pakuranga Road to Te Irirangi Drive

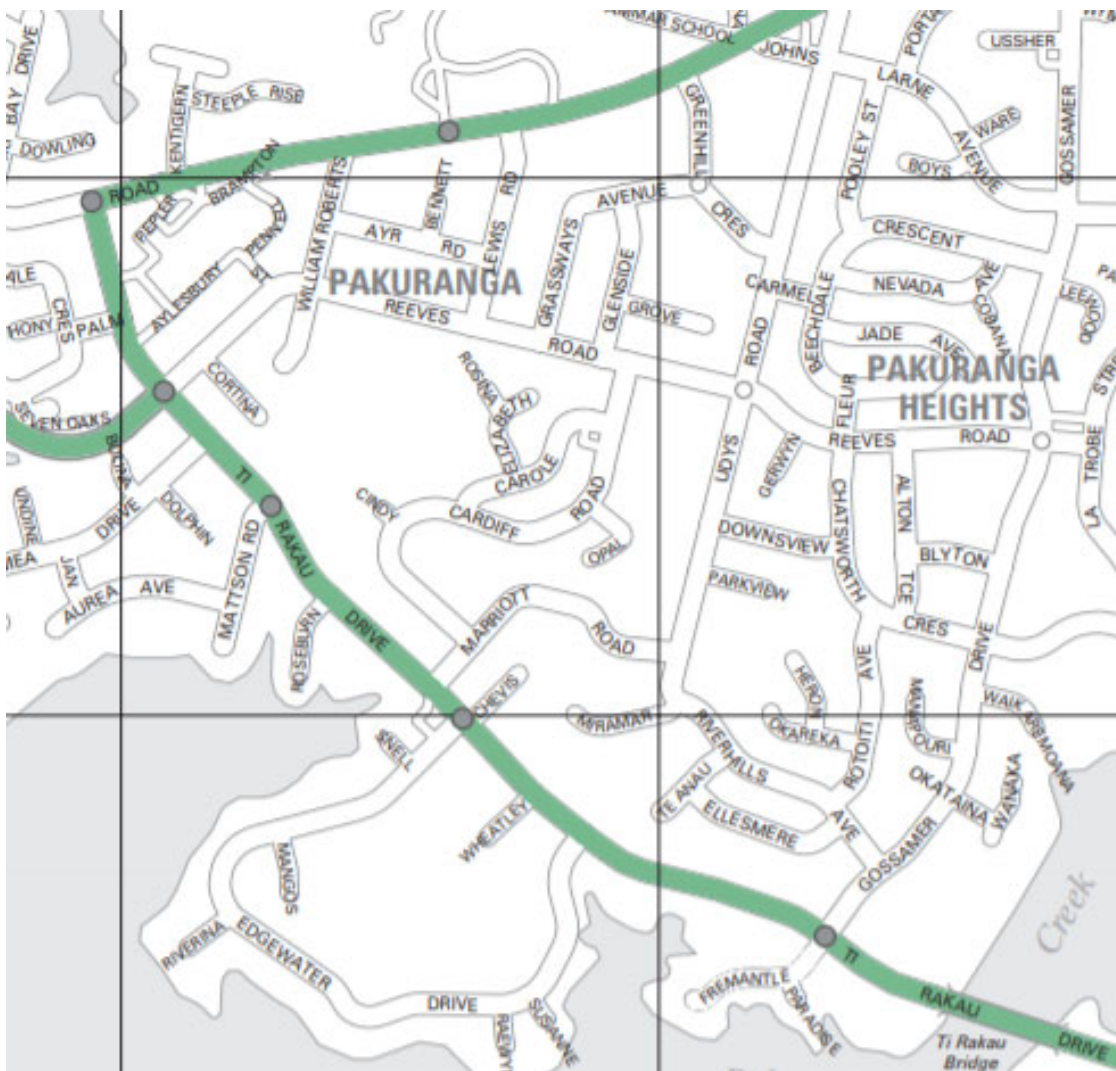


Figure 20: Over-dimensional vehicle routes

It is worth noting that no roads within the EB2 and EB3R project areas are designated as Over-Weight (OW) routes. The nearest OW route is Te Irirangi Drive further southeast, from State Highway 1 up to Botany Town Centre.

¹⁶ http://nzta1.cwp.govt.nz/assets/resources/overdimen-veh-route-maps/4-auckland/docs/OD_4-35%20Auckland

Table 13 below shows the current heavy commercial vehicle (HCV) percentage of traffic that travel through the EB2 and EB3R project areas. HCV data were sourced through a combination of AT traffic counts and RAMM data.

Table 13: Existing HCV percentage

Roads	HCV Percentage
Pakuranga Rd (east of Ti Rakau Dr)	6%
Pakuranga Rd (west of Ti Rakau Dr)	7%
Ti Rakau Dr (Pakuranga Rd – SEART)	7% westbound, 8% eastbound
Ti Rakau Dr (SEART – Edgewater Dr (west))	8%
Ti Rakau Dr (Edgewater Dr, west to east)	9% westbound, 8% eastbound
SEART	3%
William Roberts Rd	4%
Edgewater Dr	3%

3.10 Changes to the Baseline Traffic Environment

This section provides an overview of the changes to the baseline traffic environment that were included in the traffic modelling assessments conducted in this ITA.

3.10.1 EB1

Included in the modelling scenarios was EB1, which is a key component of the overall Project. It is the segregated busway connection from Panmure train station to Pakuranga Town Centre. The eastern terminus of EB1 is located beside the western boundary of the EB2 project area, at the Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection and is shown in **Figure 21**.

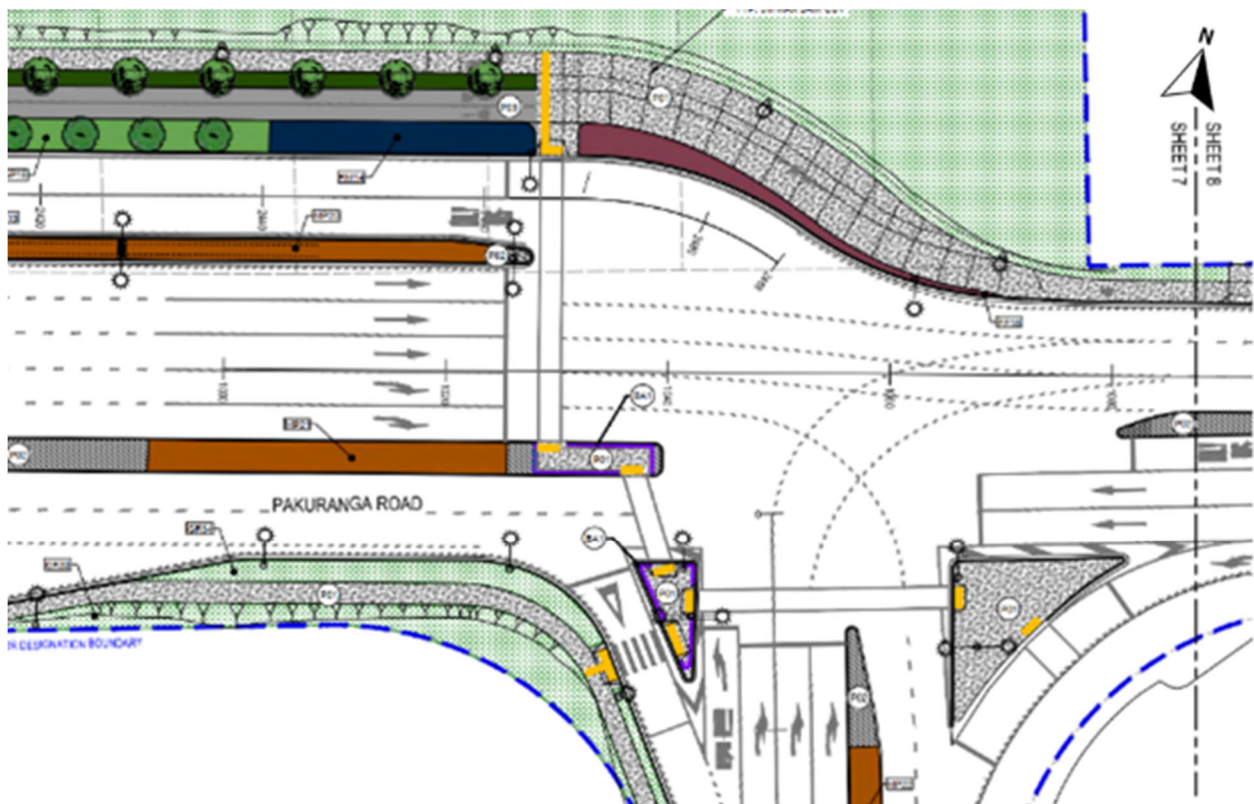


Figure 21: EB1 tie-in at Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr intersection

3.10.2 WRRE Works

The WRRE construction will precede EB2 and EB3R, and is anticipated to have a duration of approximately eight months, from November 2022 to June 2023. The WRRE¹⁷ will consist of:

- The extension of William Roberts Road further south to Ti Rakau Drive
- A new priority-controlled, left-in left-out (LILO) only intersection with Ti Rakau Drive at the southern end of William Roberts Road. The kerbside lane of Ti Rakau Drive eastbound will be a shared through and left-turn lane. It should be noted that a second lane at the northern approach will also be constructed during the WRRE but will not be operational until later stages of the overall construction of the Project (EB2)
- The extension of Cortina Place further east to connect to William Roberts Road. A new raised priority-controlled intersection with William Roberts Road at the eastern end of Cortina Place. All approaches to the intersection will provide one approach lane and one exit lane
- Five parallel on-street parking spaces will be provided on the eastern side of William Roberts Road and 11 angled parking spaces on the western side. A new raised pedestrian crossing will also be provided on William Roberts Road at Ti Rakau Park. The posted speed limit of this section of William Roberts Road will be 30 km/h

Figure 22 shows the layout of the William Roberts Road and Cortina Place extensions upon completion.

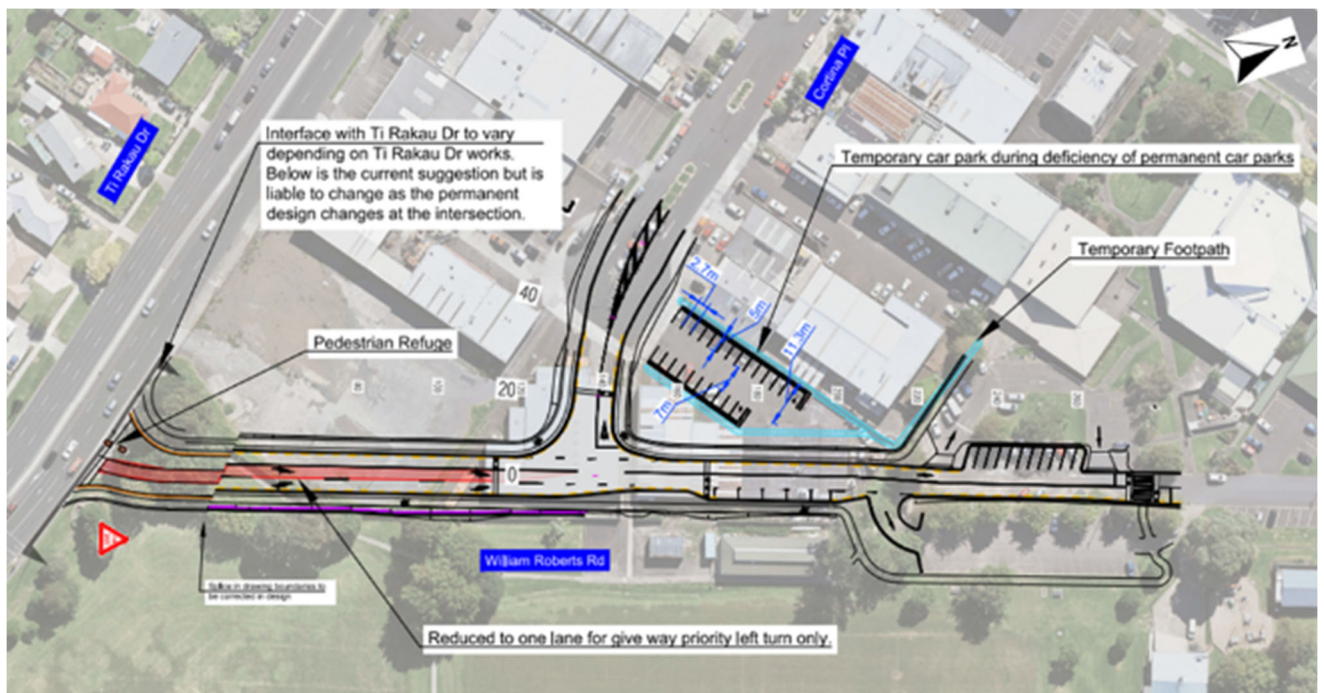


Figure 22: WRRE layout

¹⁷ EB234-1-TE-RP-Z2-0001-A1-William Roberts Rd Extension ITA

3.10.3 Other EB2 and EB3R Enabling Works

An assessment was undertaken to understand the potential traffic redistribution that could occur on the network due to the closure of Reeves Road, which is required for the construction of the RRF during EB2. Furthermore, the assessment was aimed at identifying other potential enabling works that may be required to mitigate the effects of the resulting traffic redistribution. These enabling works will form part of the EB2 and EB3R consent package. Considering the construction programme, these enabling works will follow the WRRE and will precede the closure of Reeves Road during EB2 and EB3R construction.

The full results of the assessment are presented in the Technical Advice Memorandum provided in **Appendix A**, hereafter referred to as the 'Reeves Road Detour Assessment'. A summary of the results, and the enabling works required before the closure of Reeves Road, is presented below. **Figure 23** shows the proposed detour route during the Reeves Road closure.



Figure 23: Proposed detour route during Reeves Rd closure

The detour route along William Roberts Road north, westbound along Pakuranga Road and eastbound along Ti Rakau Drive towards SEART was determined to be less attractive than expected. Overall, only a small percentage of traffic could be expected to route along the proposed detour, likely due to the already congested nature of the Pakuranga Road / William Roberts Road intersection.

It was determined that inbound (citybound) traffic, during the AM peak, could be expected to detour via Gossamer Road to Ti Rakau Drive. Traffic in the outbound direction, during the PM peak, could be expected to return via Pakuranga Road and via SEART turning right onto Ti Rakau Drive.

It should be noted that the Reeves Road Detour Assessment followed a similar methodology as the WRRE ITA of assessing a ‘future Do-Minimum’ scenario in comparison to a ‘future with detour’ scenario. This approach allowed for the inclusion of known changes to the network that are expected to be completed before the Reeves Road closure and the associated traffic distribution on the network, such as the WRRE.

This assessment indicated that mitigation works would be required at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road and Ti Rakau Drive/ Gossamer Drive intersections.

3.10.3.1 Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road Intersection

Intersection performance is expected to be poor (LOS F) during both the AM and PM peaks in the Do-Minimum scenario. The Reeves Road Detour AM peak intersection performance could be expected to be slightly improved (LOS E), however the PM peak would still be LOS F.

The SEART off-ramp right-turn lanes into Ti Rakau Drive are expected to operate at LOS F during the PM peak. The increase in traffic volumes, due to Reeves Road closure, would result in delay increasing from around 50 sec to 215 sec (3.6 min), which would require mitigation.

Various mitigation measures were tested, however only the preferred option (Mitigation 1) is presented below. Mitigation 1 consists of converting the through lane to a right-turn lane at the off-ramp from SEART to Ti Rakau Drive as well as an additional exit lane on Ti Rakau Drive eastbound between Reeves Road and William Roberts Road. **Table 14** provides a summary of the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road intersection performance.

Table 14: Reeves Rd Detour Assessment – Ti Rakau Dr / Reeves Rd intersection performance summary¹⁸

Scenario	Level-of-Service (LOS)		Degree of Saturation (DOS)		Average Delay [sec]	
	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Do-Minimum	F	F	0.90	1.13	178	83
Reeves Rd Detour	E	E	0.91	1.02	60	75
Mitigation 1	D	E	0.89	0.96	53	57

Mitigation 1 is expected to lead to improved intersection performance during both the AM and PM peaks compared to the Do-Minimum and the Reeves Road Detour scenarios.

¹⁸ SIDRA analysis carried out based on traffic volumes for a 2028 horizon year.

3.10.3.2 Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive Intersection

The right-turn traffic volume from Gossamer Drive into Ti Rakau Drive is expected to increase by 160 veh/h in the AM peak during the Reeves Road closure. The resultant intersection performance is expected to be poor (LOS F), compared to the LOS E of the Do-Minimum scenario. This would require mitigation. The intersection is expected to experience little change during the Reeves Road closure in the PM peak and will remain at LOS D.

Again, various mitigation measures were tested, however only the preferred option (Mitigation 2) is presented below. Mitigation 2 consists of the following changes to the northern Gossamer Drive approach to the intersection; converting the short left-turn slip lane to pass through the intersection, converting the centre lane to a full length left-turn lane, providing an additional short lane for the shared through and right-turn movements, and increasing the length of the short kerbside exit lane (see Figure 24).

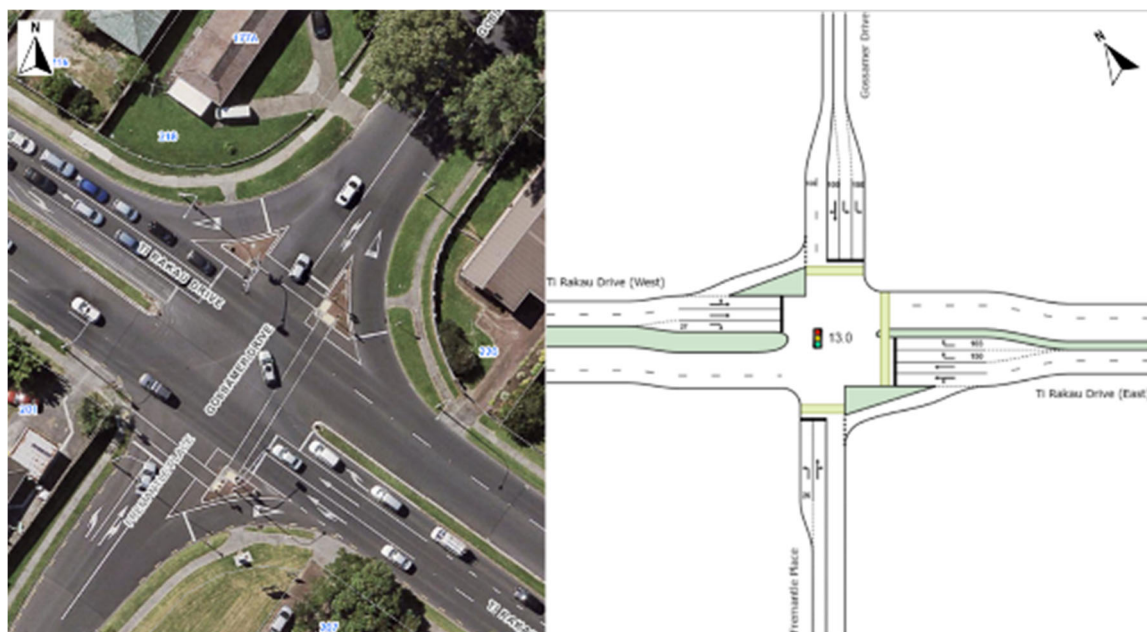


Figure 24: Ti Rakau Dr / Gossamer Dr intersection layout (left = current, right = enabling works)

Table 15 provides a summary of the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection performance.

Table 15: Reeves Rd Detour Assessment – Ti Rakau Dr / Gossamer Dr intersection performance summary¹⁹

Scenario	Level-of-Service (LOS)		Degree of Saturation (DOS)		Average Delay [sec]	
	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Do-Minimum	D	D	1.02	0.90	48	45
Reeves Rd Detour	F	D	1.25	0.88	168	43
Mitigation 2	D	D	0.89	0.86	37	37

Mitigation 2 is expected to lead to improved intersection performance during both the AM and PM peaks compared to the Do-Minimum and the Reeves Road Detour scenarios.

¹⁹ SIDRA analysis carried out based on traffic volumes for a 2028 horizon year.

4 EB2 and EB3R Design and Construction

4.1 EB2 and EB3R Overview

As stated in **Section 3.4.1**, without the Project, traffic volumes are predicted to increase on Pakuranga Road and Ti Rakau Drive (between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road), reaching the capacity of the corridors by 2028. It is likely that large queues and delays on these sections will act as a bottle neck for the rest of the network. This issue is also highlighted in **Section 3.4.2**, with large travel times on these specific sections of the network in the existing environment.

The Project seeks to improve congestion and travel times across the transport network, and particularly in the area around the Pakuranga Town Centre. This will be achieved through the construction of the RRF, which will provide a direct and faster link between Pakuranga Road and SEART, as well as dedicated bus lanes for bus services.

Bus travel times will be improved primarily through the construction of dedicated bus lanes. Buses will also have priority at intersections by way of 'call-ahead' features and advance loops to extend the traffic signal green time when a bus is within approach distance of an intersection. Furthermore, the buses will in future laydown at new bus stations with improved efficiency and merge back into dedicated bus lanes, instead of general traffic lanes, further improving travel times as well as safety.

The Project will also seek to improve the catchment areas of public transport via improved bus stations and improved walking and cycling infrastructure. In the future, all bus stations in the EB2 and EB3R project area will provide seating and sheltered cover as well as bicycle and scooter parking for passengers. Separated walkways and cycleways will improve safety, amenity and travel time for an all-around improved trip to/from the bus stations.

Pedestrian and cyclist safety and amenity will be improved through the construction of separated footpaths and cycleways. Raised tables will be provided across all approaches on the southern side of Ti Rakau Drive as well as both intersections along Cortina Place. Additional signalised pedestrian crossings will be provided across Pakuranga Road, Ti Rakau Drive, Reeves Road, Aylesbury Street and William Roberts Road. A raised pedestrian crossing will also be provided on William Roberts Road near the Ti Rakau Park.

Lastly, the Project will seek an all-around improvement in safety to all users through the use of relevant TDM design standards. Improved pedestrian crossing facilities will be provided to discourage jaywalking and to improve amenity. All unprotected left-turn slip lanes will be removed and the movements will be signalised.

4.2 EB2 and EB3R Design and Construction Works

The sections below provide details, split between the EB2 and EB3R project areas, of the proposed design and construction works. Details are also provided to highlight when in the construction programme these works will occur as this is important to understand the development of the modelling scenarios presented in **Section 5.2.2** and **Section 6.3.2**.

4.2.1 EB2 – Design and Construction Works

The general extent of the EB2 project area encompasses the following roads (see **Figure 25**, dark purple):

- Ti Rakau Drive from Pakuranga Road to Reeves Road
- SEART from the eastern Waipuna Bridge abutment to Ti Rakau Drive
- Reeves Road from Ti Rakau Drive to William Roberts Road
- Pakuranga Road from Ti Rakau Drive to William Roberts Road
- Specific sections of Palm Avenue, Aylesbury Street, Seven Oaks Drive, Cortina Place, and William Roberts Road



Figure 25: EB2 general extent (dark purple)

EB2 will be a complex area with multiple work zones occurring simultaneously against different time scales. Below are sections of geographical works roughly in sequential order, however significant overlap will occur between some of these sections of work. A full set of EB2 layout drawings is provided in **Appendix B**. The EB2 construction works are anticipated to occur over a period of approximately four years.

4.2.1.1 Reeves Road and the Flyover

Reeves Road between Ti Rakau Drive and William Roberts Road will consist of one lane per direction, similar to the existing environment. However, unlike the existing environment, Reeves Road will not serve as a through route from SEART to Pakuranga Heights. In the future, it will serve buses between Ti Rakau Drive and Pakuranga Road, and will provide access to the Pakuranga Plaza and businesses on Cortina Place.

The lower section of Reeves Road between Ti Rakau Drive and Cortina Place as well the new Reeves Road ‘ramps’ connecting to the RRF tie-in at Pakuranga Road will be bus only lanes to improve bus travel times between Ti Rakau Drive and Pakuranga Road. Reeves Road between Cortina Place and William Roberts Road will be mixed traffic with access to Pakuranga Plaza at Aylesbury Street and the private access road. Movements out from Cortina Place and the private access road will be northbound only onto Reeves Road. The intersections with Aylesbury Street and William Roberts Road will be signalised upon completion of the RRF to avoid midblock queues blocking the bus lane ramps.

The RRF will in future provide a direct and faster link between Pakuranga Road and SEART, by eliminating the need to travel along Ti Rakau Drive. The RRF will consist of four lanes, two lanes per direction. Adjacent to the Pakuranga Plaza, the alignment of the RRF will be directly above Reeves Road.

Raised tables will be provided across the western and eastern approaches at the Reeves Road / Cortina Place intersection. Signalised pedestrian crossings will be provided across the southern, western and northern approaches at the Reeves Road / Aylesbury Street intersection and all approaches at the William Roberts Road / Reeves Road intersection. The existing midblock pedestrian crossing will be removed to avoid potential sightline issues. As the columns of the RRF will be located along the centre of Reeves Road, the view of pedestrians may be obstructed to vehicles.

Figure 26 shows the proposed layout of Reeves Road underneath the RRF.

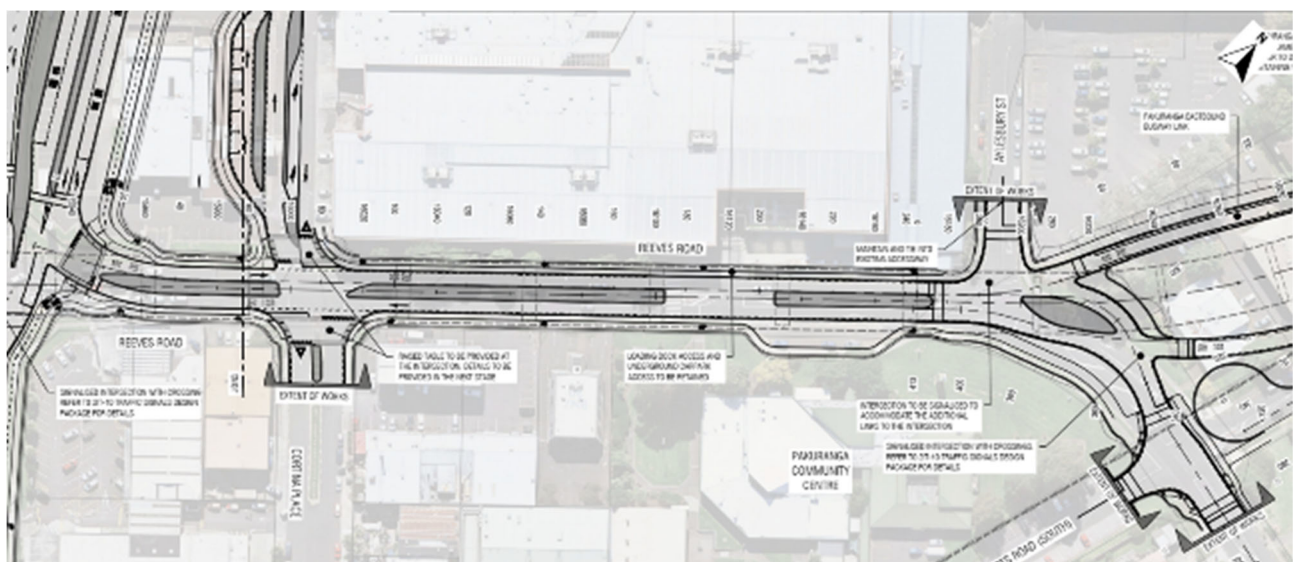


Figure 26: Reeves Rd (underneath RRF)

Figure 27 shows the proposed layout of the RRF itself.

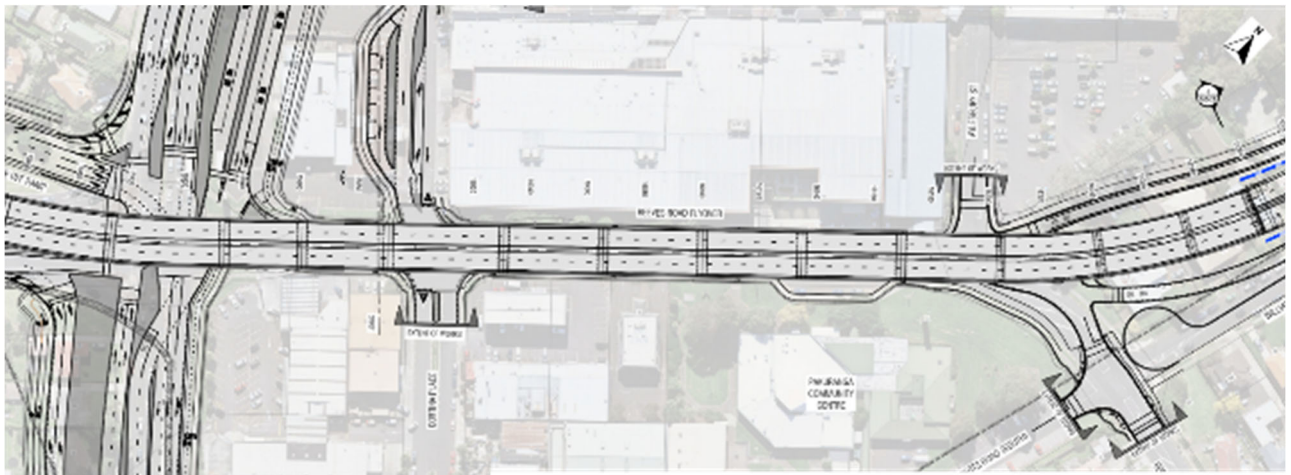


Figure 27: RRF

The works on Reeves Road will be extensive and will encompass offline works heading north along William Roberts Road. Reeves Road will be closed to enable these works and will not fully reopen until all works associated with the RRF and the remaining environment below the RRF have been completed.

Figure 28 shows the indicative work zones associated with Reeves Road and the RRF. The works associated with the RRF, and Reeves Road underneath are anticipated to have a duration of approximately three years.



Figure 28: Indicative work zones – Reeves Rd and RRF

The existing alternate routes, during the Reeves Road closure, are at capacity and additional traffic loading will result in increased delays. This means that to enable the closure of Reeves Road without

significant effects, three works must be completed prior to the closure to accommodate the displaced traffic volumes:

1. William Roberts Road extension. Effects of these works have been assessed in the WRRE ITA, see **Section 3.10.2**.
2. Ti Rakau Drive enabling works. To close Reeves Road the through lane from SEART must be converted into a right-turn lane, requiring a third exit lane on Ti Rakau Drive eastbound between Reeves Road and William Roberts Road to accommodate the eastbound traffic flows through the intersection (see **Section 3.10.3.1**). The existing median will need to be removed and replaced with median delineators.
3. Gossamer Drive enabling works. During the Reeves Road closure, citybound traffic is expected to find an alternate route, via Gossamer Drive then proceeding along Ti Rakau Drive. As stated in **Section 3.10.3.2**, the enabling works at Gossamer Drive will include converting the short left-turn slip lane to pass through the intersection, converting the centre lane to a full left-turn lane, providing an additional short lane for the shared through and right-turn movements, and increasing the length of the kerbside exit lane.

The traffic modelling undertaken for EB2 and EB3R assumes that these three works have been completed and so form part of the baseline traffic environment discussed in **Section 3.10**.

4.2.1.2 *William Roberts Road North*

In the future, William Roberts Road north will no longer function as a through route between Reeves Road and Pakuranga Road, but rather as a local road to the surrounding residential properties. William Roberts Road north will be closed off once works are completed at the new Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road intersection further south.

During this phase of construction, each end of William Roberts Road will be converted to a cul-de-sac with access off Ayr Road only. This in turn will remove the southern approach at the Pakuranga Road / William Roberts Road intersection, resulting in a no stop intersection until the RRF is built. The northern approach at the William Roberts Road / Reeves Road intersection will also be removed, resulting in a T-junction arrangement.

The majority of the existing footpath on the eastern side of William Roberts Road will be retained. **Figure 29** below shows the proposed layout of William Roberts Road north.

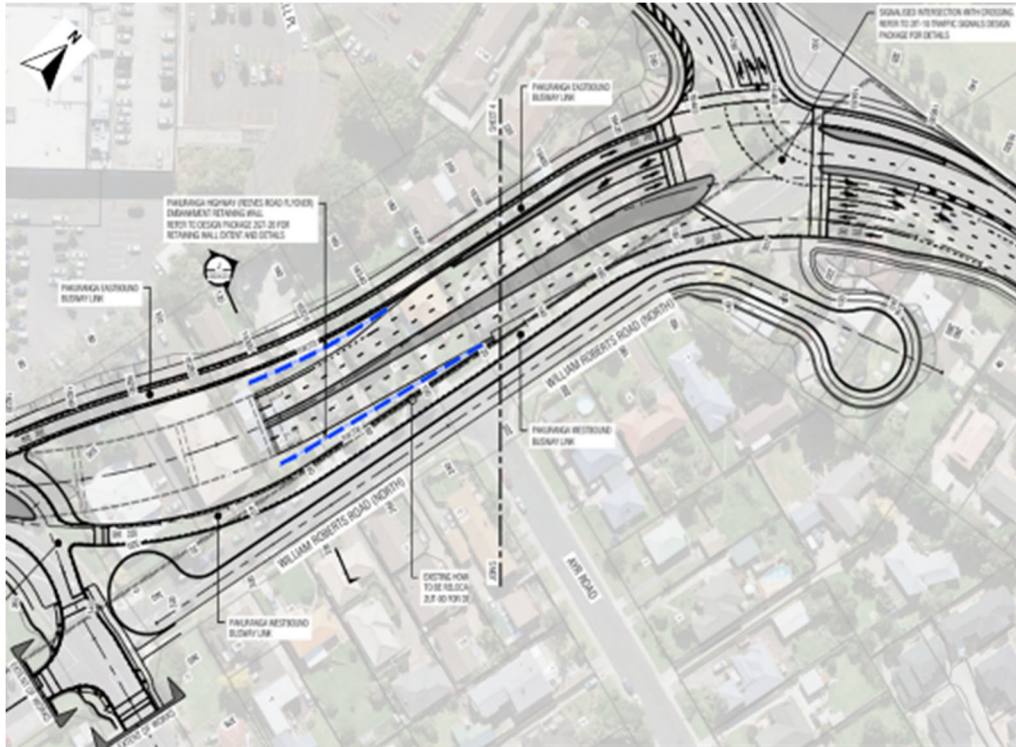


Figure 29: William Roberts Rd north

Figure 30 shows the indicative work zone of William Roberts Road north. The construction of William Roberts Road north is anticipated to have a duration of approximately six months.



Figure 30: Indicative work zones – William Roberts Rd north

4.2.1.3 Pakuranga Road Tie-In

The RRF will tie into Pakuranga Road with two through lanes per direction in addition to the dedicated bus lanes from Reeves Road. The Pakuranga Road western approach will tie into the intersection in a T-arrangement, providing two full length left-turn lanes for this major movement and one short right-turn lane onto the RRF.

The eastern approach will consist of a short bus lane, two full length through lanes, one full length right-turn lane and an additional short right-turn lane. The southern RRF approach will consist of a bus lane from Reeves Road, a short left-turn lane, and two full length through lanes. Signalised pedestrian crossings will be provided across all approaches. **Figure 31** shows the proposed layout of the Pakuranga Road / RRF tie-in.

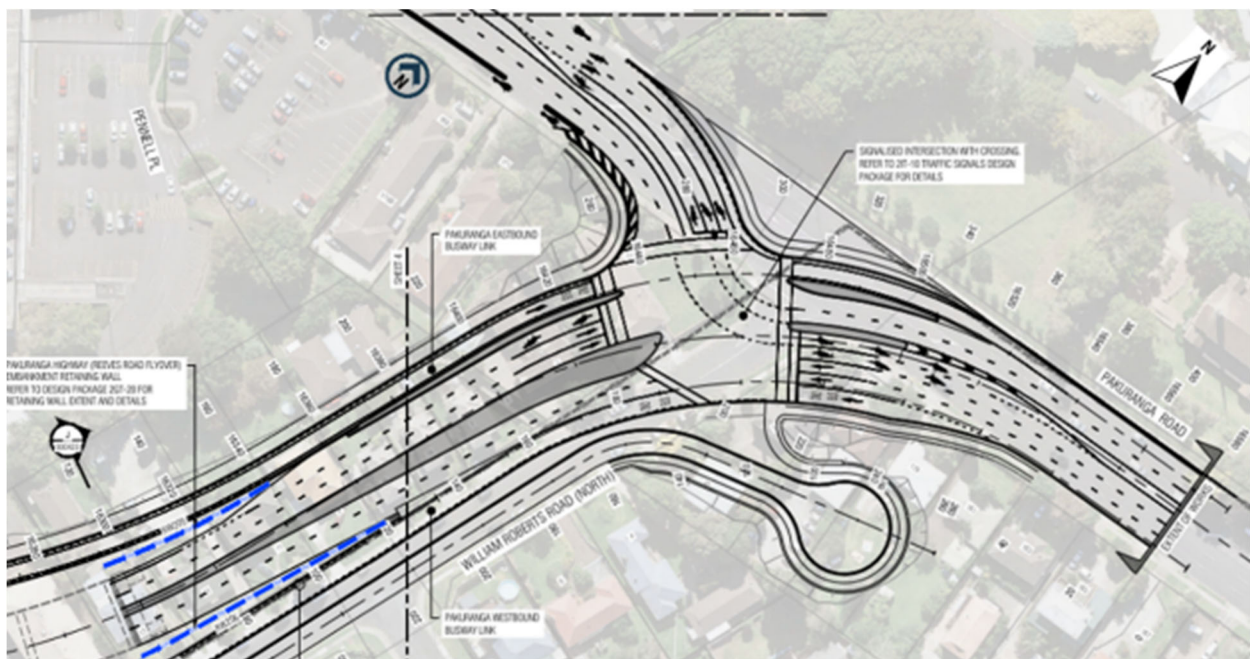


Figure 31: Pakuranga Rd / RRF tie-in

The tie-in of the RRF with Pakuranga Road will occur over four phases, maintaining five lanes of the Pakuranga Road carriageway at all times. Three lanes will be provided for the critical direction of traffic flow during the AM and PM peaks and two lanes for the opposite direction. This will be enabled by a dynamic lane arrangement. An example of the operation of dynamic lanes is shown in **Figure 32** below. It should be noted that this does not reflect the actual number of lanes on Pakuranga Road during construction.



Figure 32: Example of dynamic lane operations

Figure 33 shows the indicative work zone of the Pakuranga Road tie-in works. The construction of the tie-in is anticipated to have a duration of approximately six months.



Figure 33: Indicative work zone – Pakuranga Rd tie-in

4.2.1.4 SEART

In the future, the SEART off-ramp will consist of one short left-turn lane onto Ti Rakau Drive westbound, one short right-turn lane and two full length right-turn lanes onto Ti Rakau Drive eastbound. The SEART on-ramp will consist of two lanes to cater for the double left-turn from Ti Rakau Drive westbound.

Figure 34 below shows the proposed layout of the SEART on-ramp and off-ramp at Ti Rakau Drive. The works along SEART will be divided into three phases.

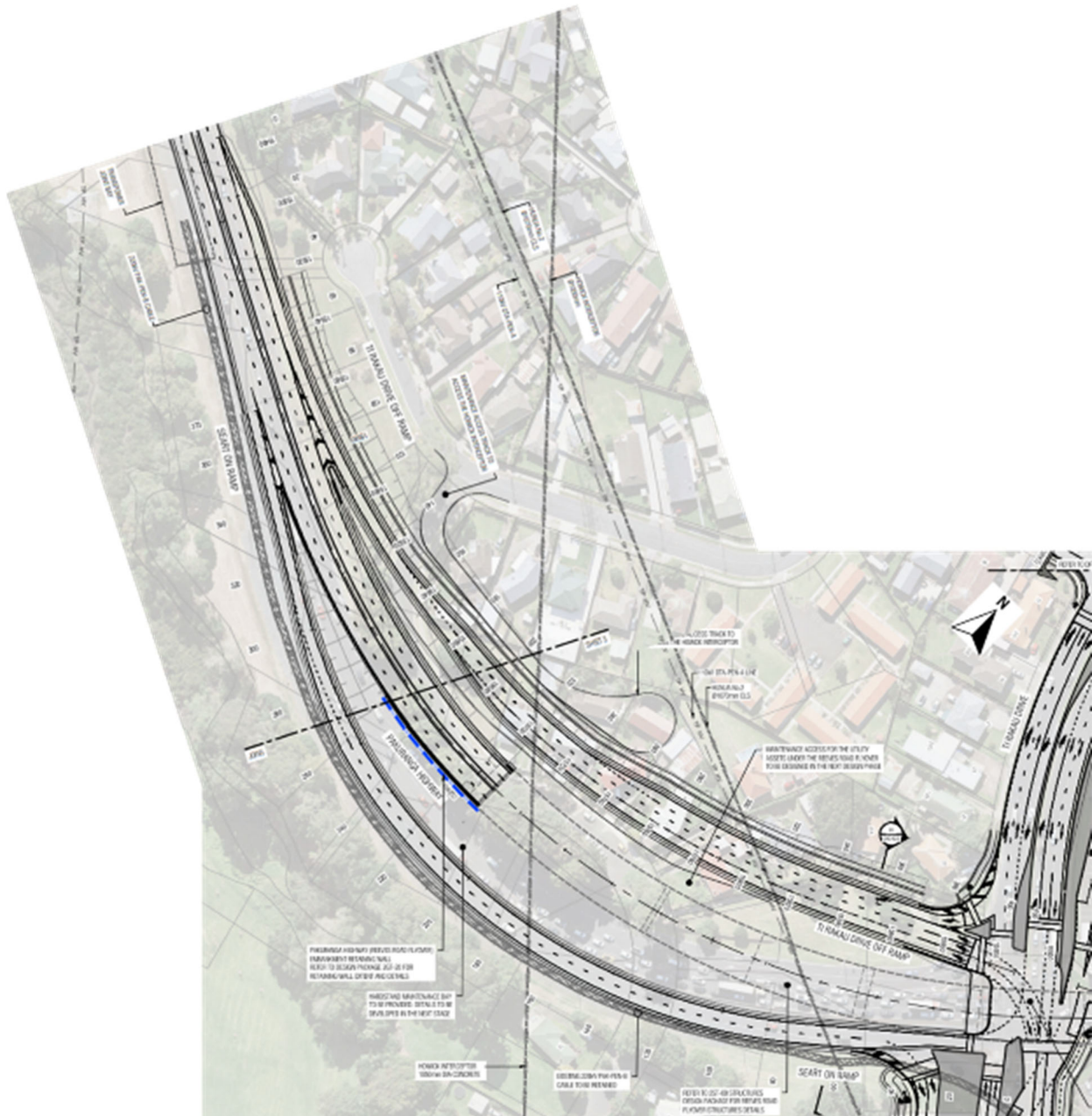


Figure 34: SEART on-ramp and off-ramp at Ti Rakau Dr

Phase 1 – Eastbound Carriageway:

The work associated with the eastbound carriageway will be offline between Ti Rakau Drive and Dale Crescent, on the northern side of SEART. Barrier protection will be installed along the existing shoulder up to the intersection with Ti Rakau Drive. To maintain the two left-turn lanes on the off-ramp, removal of the traffic island and temporary pavement will be required. Seven Oaks Drive will be reinstated further north of its current alignment.

Phase 2 – Westbound Carriageway:

During this phase the eastbound traffic will be moved to the new off-ramp. Westbound traffic will be transitioned to the existing eastbound lanes at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road intersection. This will allow for drainage works, permanent barrier removal and pavement construction on the existing westbound lanes. This phase of works will also consist of drainage works further west on SEART, which will be completed over night works with discrete closures.

Phase 3 – Centre of Carriageway:

Eastbound traffic will remain on the new off-ramp lanes from the preceding phases. Westbound traffic will be pushed to the southern edge of seal, maintaining the number of lanes as per the existing environment. A mixture of permanent and temporary barriers will protect the workspace.

A key component of this phase is construction of the falsework for the pier head above the Ti Rakau Drive right-turn lanes into SEART. Removal of the existing traffic island, including a streetlight and traffic signal pole, and construction of temporary pavement will be required to maintain the number of lanes as per the existing environment.

Figure 35 below shows the indicative work zones for SEART. The works along SEART are anticipated to have a duration of approximately three years.



Figure 35: Indicative work zones – SEART

4.2.1.5 Ti Rakau Drive

The works along Ti Rakau Drive in the EB2 project area have been divided into two sections to provide a clear and concise description of the proposed design and construction methodology.

Pakuranga Road to Reeves Road Section:

Ti Rakau Drive between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road will in future consist of two through lanes per direction and offline bus lanes on the northern side of the carriageway. The eastern approach of Ti Rakau Drive at the intersection with Pakuranga Road will consist of two full length left-turn lanes and one short right-turn lane.

The two intersections with Aylesbury Street will be combined into one crossroads intersection with Palm Avenue, providing for all movements in and out of the side roads and will be signalised. The western approach on Ti Rakau Drive will consist of a short left-turn lane, two full length through lanes and a short right-turn lane, while the eastern approach will consist of full length shared through and left-turn lane, a full length through lane and a short right-turn lane. The northern approach on Aylesbury Street will consist of left-turn lane and a shared through and right-turn lane. The southern Palm Avenue approach will remain as per the existing environment.

A bus station will be provided between Aylesbury Street and Reeves Road, while a 'Kiss-and-Ride' facility will be provided on the private access road off Aylesbury Street that will consist of six parking spaces. A bidirectional cycleway will also be provided on the northern side of Ti Rakau Drive which will tie into the existing bidirectional cycleway on Pakuranga Road west (part of EB1) and the new unidirectional cycleways on Pakuranga Road east.

A signalised shared pedestrian and cyclist crossing will be provided across the northern approach at the Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection, with signalised pedestrian crossings on all other approaches. A raised table will be provided across the southern approach at the Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue intersection, a signalised shared pedestrian and cyclist crossing on the northern approach and signalised pedestrian crossings on all other approaches. At the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection a raised table will be provided across the northern approach, a signalised shared pedestrian and cyclist crossing on the eastern approach and signalised pedestrian crossings on the southern and western approaches. **Figure 36** below shows the proposed layout of Ti Rakau Drive between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road.

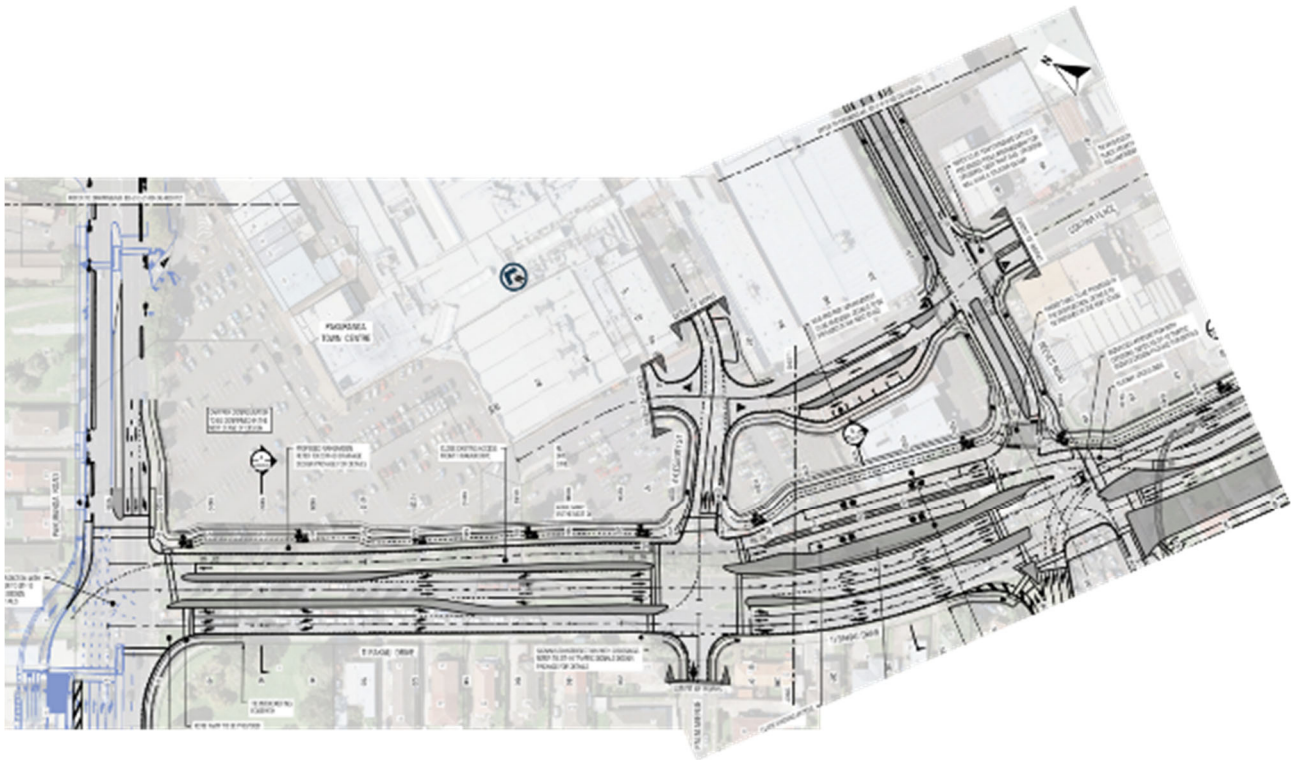


Figure 36: Ti Rakau Dr from Pakuranga Rd to Reeves Rd

The construction of Ti Rakau Drive between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road will be divided into three sub-phases. In Phase 1, the new bus lanes are to be built largely offline concurrent with the RRF construction, and will include barrier protection, removal of the centre median and shifting lanes. Once the RRF is completed and traffic volumes have reduced on Ti Rakau Drive, the eastbound traffic will be transferred to the new bus lanes, reducing the available eastbound lanes to two lanes.

In Phase 2, works will commence in the centre of the carriageway to construct the new eastbound lanes. It is anticipated that insufficient width will be available to fully construct the median between the westbound and eastbound lanes in a single phase. Therefore, the northern section of the median will be constructed with the new eastbound lanes and the southern median section will be constructed with the westbound lanes.

Once the centre lane work is completed, barriers will be installed at minimal deflection in the centre lane separating the workspace from the westbound traffic in Phase 3. The southern section of the median spanning from Palm Avenue to Reeves Road will be constructed under discrete night closures once all pavement works, including the intersection works discussed below, have been completed.

Figure 37 below shows the indicative work zones for Ti Rakau Drive from Pakuranga Road to Reeves Road. Construction of this section of Ti Rakau Drive is anticipated to have a duration of approximately three years.



Figure 37: Indicative work zones – Ti Rakau Dr from Pakuranga Rd to Reeves Rd

Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road Intersection:

The Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road intersection will provide for the transition of offline bus lanes from the west to online or central running bus lanes to the east. The northern Reeves Road approach to the intersection will serve bus movements only up to Cortina Place, and will connect to the bus lanes to the west of the intersection. The western approach will provide two full length through lanes and one short right-turn lane. The eastern approach will provide one short left turn lane, one full length left-turn lane and two full length through lanes.

As stated in **Section 4.2.1.4**, the SEART off-ramp will consist of one left-turn lane and three right-turn lanes. The intersection will also provide for the transition of the bidirectional cycleway to unidirectional cycleways on both sides of Ti Rakau Drive to the east of the intersection. Again, a raised table will be provided across the northern approach, a signalised shared pedestrian and cyclist crossing on the eastern approach and signalised pedestrian crossings on the remaining approaches. **Figure 38** below shows the proposed layout of the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road intersection underneath the RRF.

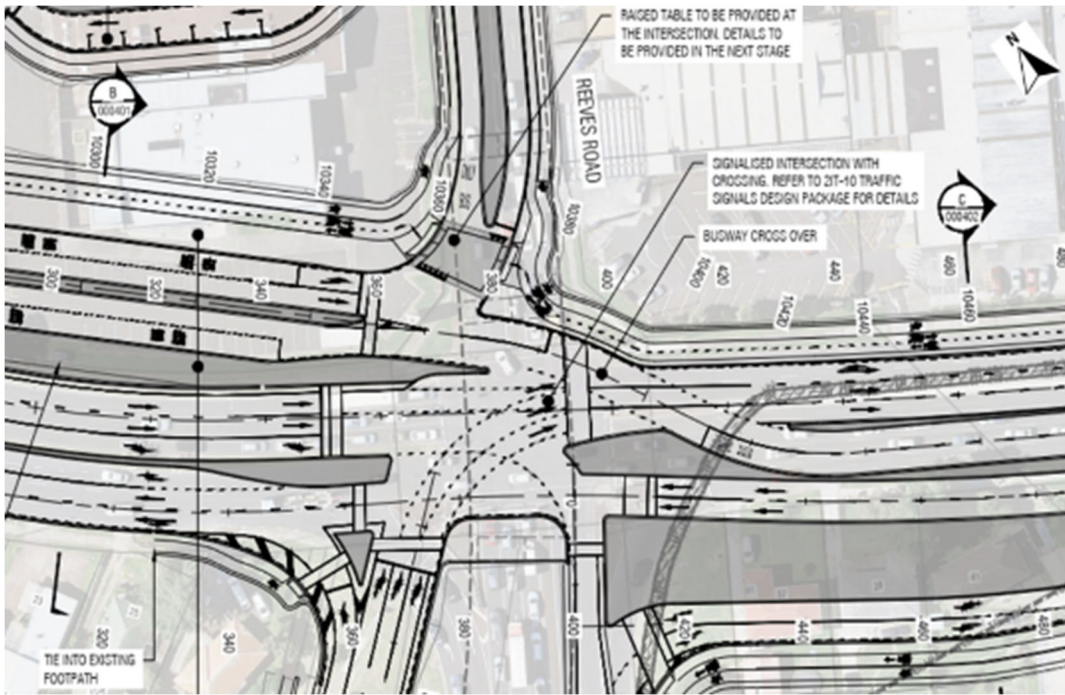


Figure 38: Ti Rakau Dr / Reeves Rd intersection

The construction of the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road intersection will occur after Reeves Road and the RRF have been constructed. The intersection will be built in two sub-phases with Ti Rakau Drive being reduced to one lane each way for a short period (approximately one month). However, the works are also planned to occur during a ‘low traffic period’ (December to January) to mitigate the effects of the disruption.

Figure 39 shows the indicative work zone of the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road intersection.



Figure 39: Indicative work zone – Ti Rakau Dr / Reeves Rd intersection

4.2.1.6 Pakuranga Road

Pakuranga Road between Ti Rakau Drive and the RRF will consist of four lanes (two lanes per direction) with unidirectional cycleways on each side. The eastern approach of Pakuranga Road at the intersection with Ti Rakau Drive will consist of a short left-turn lane and two full length through lanes. As stated in **Section 4.2.1.3**, the western Pakuranga Road approach at the intersection with the RRF will consist of two full length left-turn lanes and one short right-turn lane.

The works associated with Pakuranga Road will involve converting the existing kerbside lanes to cycleways while retaining the existing footpaths along both sides. The existing signalised midblock pedestrian crossing on Pakuranga Road, constructed as part of EB1, will remain. **Figure 40** below shows the proposed layout of Pakuranga Road from Ti Rakau Drive to the RRF tie-in.

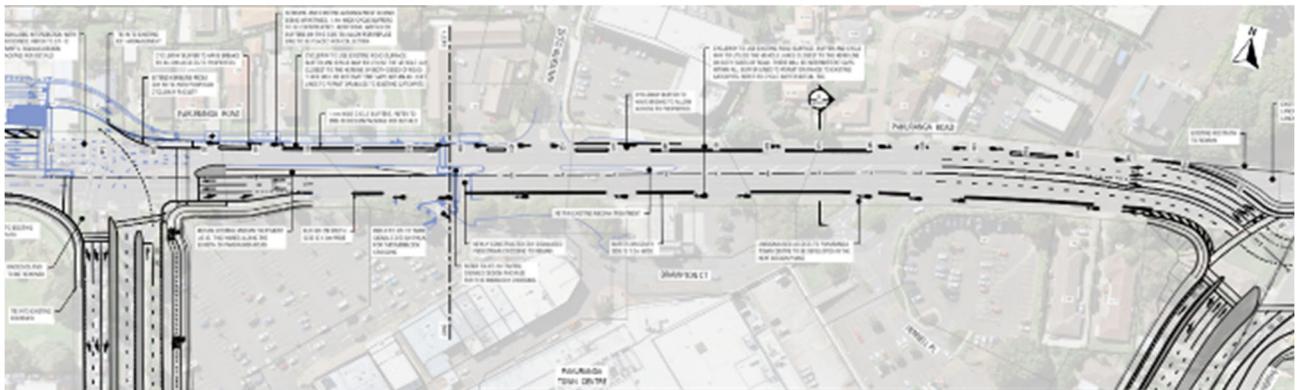


Figure 40: Pakuranga Rd from Ti Rakau Dr to the RRF

The initial stages of the Pakuranga Road construction will also include longitudinal and crossing drainage works. **Figure 41** shows the indicative work zone for Pakuranga Road. Construction works along Pakuranga Road are anticipated to have a duration of approximately six months.



Figure 41: Indicative work zone – Pakuranga Rd

4.2.2 EB3R – Design and Construction Works

The general extent of the EB3R project area encompasses the following roads (see **Figure 42**, yellow):

- Ti Rakau Drive from Reeves Road to the western Ti Rakau Bridge abutment
- Short sections of Tiraumea Drive, Mattson Road, Roseburn Place, Edgewater Drive west, Wheatley Avenue, Edgewater Drive east, Gossamer Drive and Freemantle Place



Figure 42: EB3R general extent (yellow)

Ti Rakau Drive in the EB3R section of the Project will largely consist of two lanes per direction, similar to the existing environment. Online bus lanes will be provided along the entire length of the corridor from Reeves Road to Gossamer Drive. For the purposes of this ITA the online bus lanes will terminate at the western approach of the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection. An intermediate bus station will be provided in the centre of the carriageway between Roseburn Place and Wheatley Avenue, and another intermediate bus station near the intersection with Gossamer Drive. A full set of EB3R layout drawings is provided in **Appendix C**.

4.2.2.1 Ti Rakau Drive – Reeves Road to Mattson Road

This section of Ti Rakau Drive, between Reeves Road and Mattson Road, will consist of three lanes per direction. The westbound carriageway will reduce to two lanes near the intersection with Tiraumea Drive and the eastbound carriageway will reduce to two lanes near the Mattson Road intersection. Bus lanes will also be provided along the centre of the carriageway.

The Tiraumea Drive intersection will remain left-in left-out only, however, vehicles exiting from Tiraumea Drive will not be able to continue along Ti Rakau Drive. Instead, a diverge will be provided east of the intersection with the kerbside lanes heading towards SEART. Vehicles intending to head east or west along Ti Rakau Drive will do so from Mattson Road.

The intersections with William Roberts Road and Mattson Road will be arranged in a staggered-T formation. Both the William Roberts Road and Mattson Road approaches will consist of two lanes, a short left-turn lane and a full length right-turn lane. Both Ti Rakau Drive approaches to these intersections will consist of one full length shared through and left-turn lane and two full length through lanes. Each of the midblock approaches will consist of three full length through lanes and one short right-turn lane.

Unidirectional cycleways will be provided on each side of Ti Rakau Drive from Reeves Road in the west to Gossamer Drive in the east, in the EB3R project area. A signalised shared pedestrian and cyclist crossing will be provided on the northern approach at the Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road intersection and a signalised pedestrian crossing on the western approach. At the Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road intersection a signalised shared pedestrian and cyclist crossing will be provided on the southern approach, while a signalised pedestrian crossing will be provided on the eastern approach. A raised table will be provided across Tiraumea drive. **Figure 43** shows the proposed layout of Ti Rakau Drive from Reeves Road to Mattson Road.

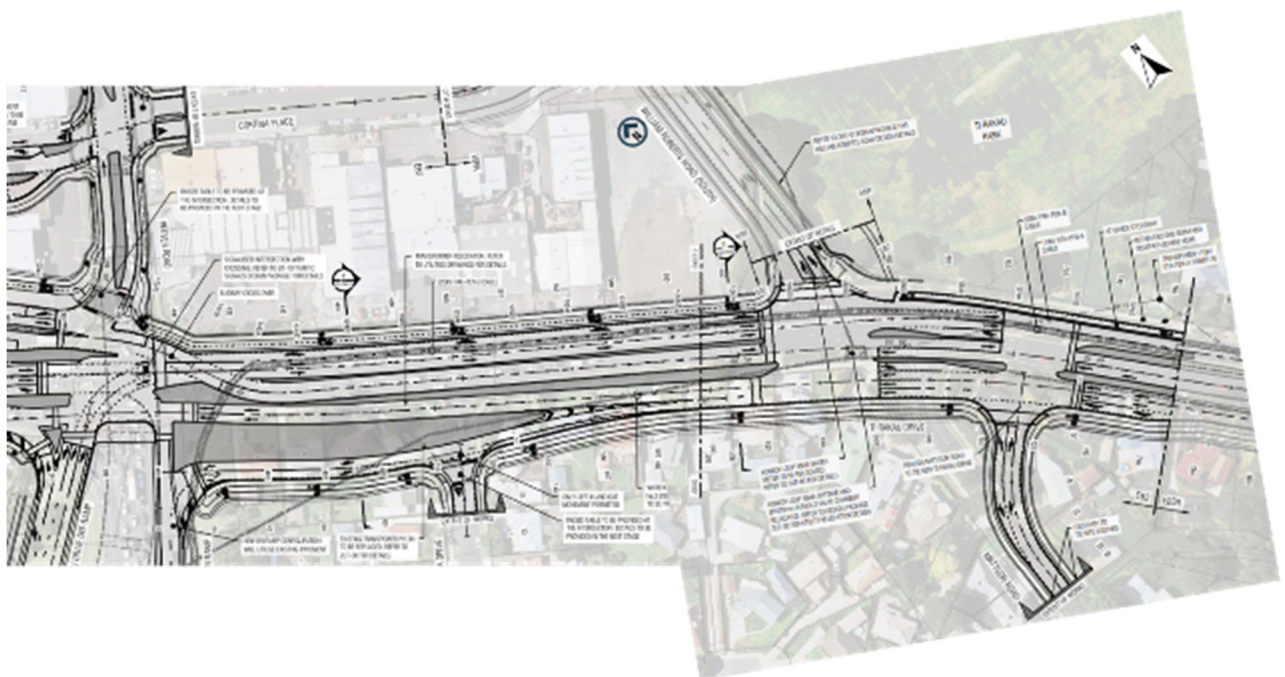


Figure 43: Ti Rakau Dr from Reeves Rd to Mattson Rd

The construction of this section of Ti Rakau Drive will be divided into six sub-phases and will for the majority of its duration occur during the Reeves Road closure. The first two phases will largely consist of

offline works to construct the new westbound lanes on the acquired properties on the southern side of the carriageway. In addition, Phase 1 will include the construction of the Mattson Road intersection and Phase 2 will include the construction of the Tiraumea Drive intersection.

The next two phases will consist of works in the centre of the carriageway to construct the new bus lanes. Phase 3 and Phase 4 will include works to the west and east of Mattson Road, respectively. Phase 4 is predicted to be the ‘worst-case’ of this construction activity with regards to potential lane closures and traffic disruption.

Phase 5 will include further works in the centre of the carriageway to the west of William Roberts Road as well as works in the existing eastbound lanes to the east of William Roberts Road. Finally, Phase 6 will include works in the existing eastbound lanes to the west of William Roberts Road.

Figure 44 shows the indicative works zones for Ti Rakau Drive from Reeves Road to Mattson Road. Construction of this section of Ti Rakau Drive is anticipated to have a duration of approximately one and a half years.



Figure 44: Indicative work zones – Ti Rakau Dr from Reeves Rd to Mattson Rd

4.2.2.2 Ti Rakau Drive – Mattson Road to Gossamer Drive

The intersections with Roseburn Place, Marriott Road, Edgewater Drive west and Chevis Place, Wheatley Avenue and Edgewater Drive east which currently provide for all movements in/out of the side roads, will be converted to LIFO intersections. Two U-turn facilities will be provided along Ti Rakau Drive, one between Roseburn Place and Marriott Road for the westbound traffic and one between Edgewater Drive west and Wheatley Avenue for the eastbound traffic (see **Figure 45**).

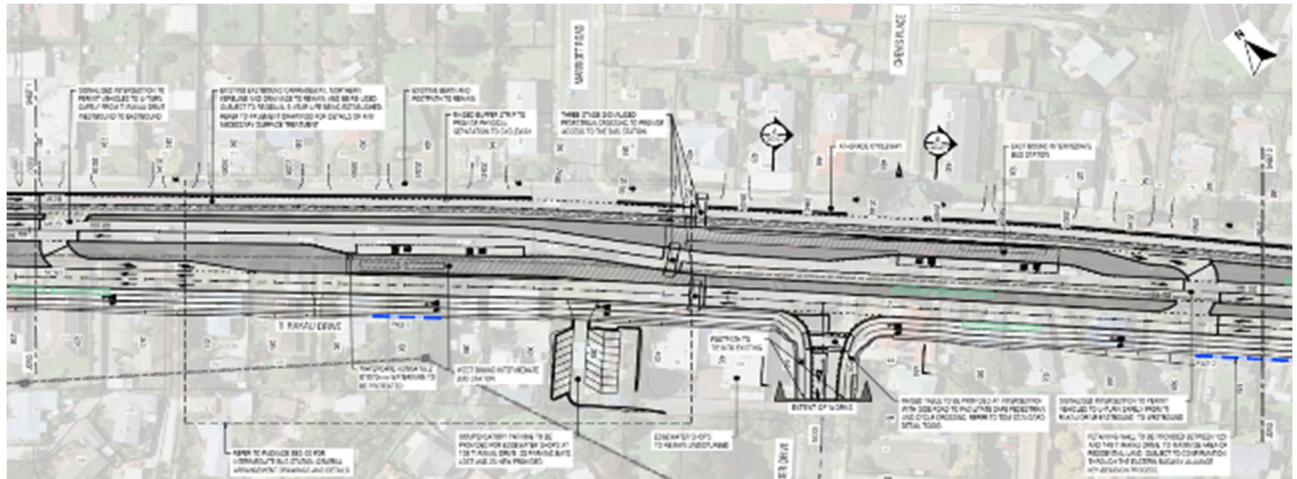


Figure 45: Ti Rakau Dr between Roseburn Pl and Wheatley Ave

Additionally, a U-turn manoeuvre will also be provided on the western approach at the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection. This is to provide access from Ti Rakau Drive eastbound into Edgewater Drive east, Wheatley Avenue and the properties on the southern side of Ti Rakau Drive between Edgewater Drive east and Freemantle Place.

A three-stage signalised pedestrian crossing will be provided, between Marriott Road and Edgewater Drive, to facilitate pedestrian access to the bus station from both sides of Ti Rakau Drive. Raised tables will be provided across Roseburn Place, Edgewater Drive west, Wheatley Avenue and Edgewater Drive east.

Figure 46 below shows the proposed layout of the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection. The western approach will consist of a short left-turn lane, two full length through lanes and one shared right-turn and U-turn short lane. The eastern approach will consist of one full length shared through and left-turn lane, one full length through lane, one short bus queue-jump lane and two short right-turn lanes.

The eastbound bus lane will transition to the northern side of Ti Rakau Drive to the proposed bus stop, and taper back into Ti Rakau Drive before the Ti Rakau Bridge. The southern Freemantle Place approach will consist of a short left-turn lane and a full length shared through and right-turn lane. The northern Gossamer Drive approach will consist of one short and one full length left-turn lane, and a shared through and right-turn short lane.

A signalised shared pedestrian and cyclist crossing will be provided on the western approach at the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection, with signalised pedestrian crossings on all other approaches.

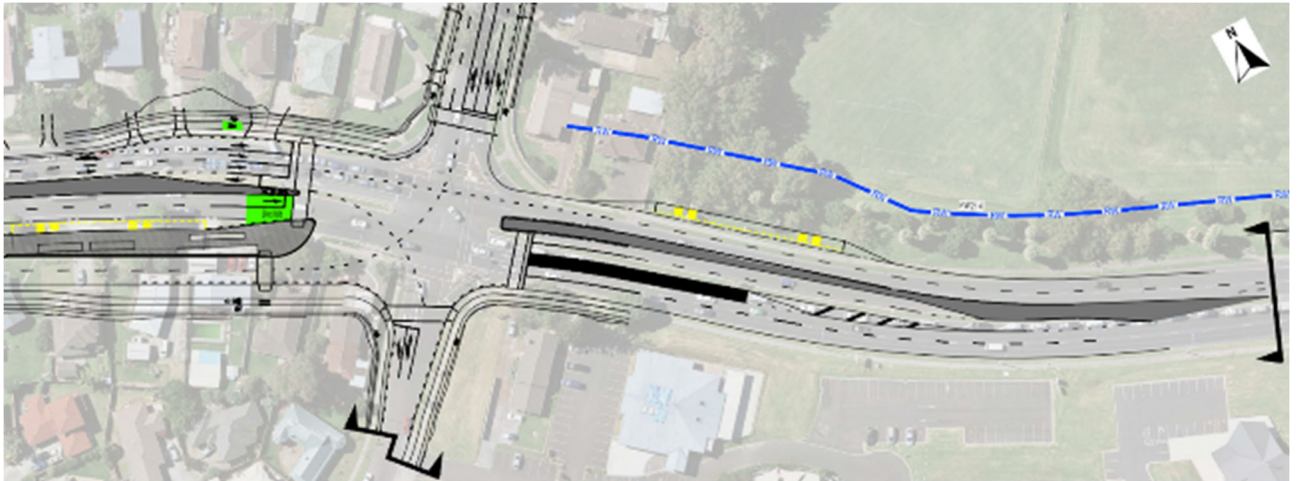


Figure 46: Ti Rakau Dr at Gossamer Dr

Throughout the construction of EB3R, the preferred methodology is to complete works offline to allow space to be provided for future lateral shifts of running lanes. The EB3R construction works between Mattson Road and Gossamer Drive are anticipated to occur over a period of approximately three years, and will be split into three main phases.

4.2.2.3 *Ti Rakau Drive – Mattson Road to Gossamer Drive (Phase 1)*

Phase 1 will involve constructing the new westbound lanes offline in the acquired properties along the southern side of Ti Rakau Drive and rebuilding pavement at intersections where the new busway intersects. This phase will be divided into six sub-phases, a summary of which is provided in **Table 16**.

Table 16: EB3R Phase 1 construction summary

Sub-Phase	Summary of Activities
1a-b	Construction of Roseburn Place in two sub-phases.
1c	Edgewater Drive west in one sub-phase.
1d-e	Wheatley Avenue in two sub-phases.
1f	Edgewater Drive east in one sub-phase.

The new westbound carriageway will consist of two lanes, similar to the existing environment. Establishing works will also be able to commence on the north-east quadrant of the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection to enable construction of the eastbound Gossamer Drive bus station to commence at any time.

Figure 47 below shows the indicative work zones for Phase 1 of EB3R, and is anticipated to have a duration of approximately one year and three months.



Figure 47: Indicative work zones – EB3R Phase 1

The pavement type specified for design requires closures of specific roadway sections for periods of at least one week before being opened to general traffic. These roadway sections have been divided into two categories with varying Temporary Traffic Management (TTM) approaches.

Category 1 (Detour Loops) – Edgewater Drive west and east:

The preferred approach to construct pavement through these intersections is to close one intersection at a time. As Edgewater Drive is a loop with two accesses to Ti Rakau Drive, traffic will be detoured to one end of the loop enabling the other end to be closed and rebuilt. The full closures are anticipated to reduce the overall time TTM will be required.

As above, Phase 1c will consist of the construction of the Edgewater Drive west intersection. All traffic along Edgewater Drive will be diverted to the Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive east intersection. A temporary traffic signal will be provided at this intersection to aid vehicles turning right into and out of Edgewater Drive. Phase 1f will include the construction of the Edgewater Drive east intersection, and all traffic along this side road will be diverted to the existing traffic signal at Edgewater Drive west.

Category 2 (Cul-de-sac Roads) – Wheatley Avenue and Roseburn Place:

Two cul-de-sac roads are located along Ti Rakau Drive that enable residential property access. To maintain access through Wheatley Avenue and Roseburn Place intersections, the approaches will be constructed in halves with temporary traffic signals installed and set back from the works, creating a one-way system on the side roads. As above, these intersections will be constructed during sub-phases 1a-b and 1d-e, respectively.

To minimise disruption to the main road, vehicles entering the cul-de-sac will have right-of-way. Green phases for vehicles leaving the cul-de-sac roads will only be triggered on the basis of demand. Traffic volumes on the side roads are predicted to be low during both peak periods (see **Table 17**).

Table 17: Ti Rakau Dr side road traffic volumes (2028)²⁰

Side Road	Movement Out	AM Peak	PM Peak
Roseburn Pl	Left	20	7
	Right	10	8
	Total	30	15
Wheatley Ave	Left	31	22
	Right	0	0
	Total	31	22

Approximately one vehicle every two minutes would require access onto Ti Rakau Drive from Roseburn Place and Wheatley Avenue during the peak periods. Improved performance is expected on the side roads as the temporary traffic signal control would improve the delay currently being experienced at the priority-controlled intersections.

4.2.2.4 Ti Rakau Drive – Mattson Road to Gossamer Drive (Phase 2)

Phase 2 will consist of the construction of the bus lanes in the centre of Ti Rakau Drive and will be divided into two sub-phases. The new bus lanes will tie into the EB2 bus lanes to the west and will terminate at Gossamer Drive to the east. The new Edgewater Drive bus station, the new westbound Gossamer Drive bus station and new U-turn facilities will also be constructed during this phase.

Figure 48 below shows the indicative work zone for Phase 2 of EB3R (dark grey), and is expected to have a duration of approximately 11 months.

²⁰ Traffic volumes sourced from the WRRE AIMSUN model, with a 2028 horizon year.



Figure 48: Indicative work zone – EB3R Phase 2

Phase 2a:

During Phase 2a multiple right-turns across the workspace will require temporary removal, resulting in the intersections supporting LIFO movements only. This will occur at Roseburn Place, Marriott Road, Wheatley Avenue and Edgewater Drive east.

The intersection at Edgewater Drive west and Chevis Place will remain open during Phase 2a. This intersection will also provide access into Roseburn Place to traffic travelling eastbound along Ti Rakau Drive via a new temporary U-turn movement on the western approach. Similarly, a new temporary U-turn movement will also be provided on the eastern approach for traffic exiting from Wheatley Avenue and Edgewater Drive east intending to head east on Ti Rakau Drive.

Access into Wheatley Avenue and Edgewater Drive east, while travelling eastbound on Ti Rakau Drive, will also be provided via a U-turn movement on the western approach at the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection. During Phase 2a this movement will be made permanent. Access to Marriott Road from Ti Rakau Drive westbound will be maintained via a detour route along Gossamer Drive and Riverhills Avenue.

Phase 2a will also include the construction of the permanent U-turn facilities on Ti Rakau Drive near Roseburn Place and Wheatley Avenue, as well as the bus station near Edgewater Drive (see **Figure 45** above) and the westbound bus station at Gossamer Drive (see **Figure 46** above).

Phase 2b:

During Phase 2b the Edgewater Drive west / Chevis Place intersection will be converted to a LILLO intersection to enable construction of that part of the carriageway. The new permanent U-turn facilities will provide access to all side roads from both directions of travel along Ti Rakau Drive except to Wheatley Avenue and Edgewater Drive east. Access to these two side roads will be maintained via the U-turn movement at the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection.

4.2.2.5 Ti Rakau Drive – Mattson Road to Gossamer Drive (Phase 3)

Phase 3 will consist of works in the existing eastbound lanes and will have some temporal overlap with Phase 2 as some sections are completed. This is due to Phase 3 works being completed under night works with discrete closures.

There is a large number of properties with driveways on the northern side of Ti Rakau Drive, meaning long term access will be required to allow vehicles to traverse through the site. As the pavement only requires resurfacing and not major reconstruction, this work will be completed in sections, with the road being trafficable during the daytime.

Figure 49 shows the indicative work zones for Phase 3 of EB3R, and is anticipated to have a duration of approximately six months.



Figure 49: Indicative work zones – EB3R Phase 3

Phase 3 construction will also consist of works at the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection and will be divided into three sub-phases.

Phase 3a:

Phase 3a will include the construction of the western, northern and eastern approaches of the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection. The preferred construction method, without altering the pavement type or compromising on pavement quality, is a ‘Blitz’ approach. This approach will consist of closing access to Gossamer Drive, to enable the majority of the difficult to access areas to be completed.

Furthermore, Ti Rakau Drive will be reduced to one lane each way through the intersection. However, this approach has large programming risks and the effects to the traffic environment are dependent on the quality of communication with the public leading up to the closure. The works are also planned to occur during a ‘low traffic period’ (December to January) to mitigate the effects of the disruption.

For the purposes of this ITA, the construction of the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection was modelled as occurring simultaneously with the construction of the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road intersection. These works will follow after the completion of Reeves Road and the RRF.

The southern Freemantle Place approach will be constructed under Phases 3b-c.

Phase 3b-c:

The southern Freemantle Place approach will be built in two sub-phases utilizing the ‘Category 2 (Cul-de-sac Roads)’ approach specified in Phase 1, see **Section 4.2.2.3**. Traffic volumes on the side road are predicted to be low during both peak periods (see **Table 18**).

Table 18: Freemantle PI traffic volumes (2028)²¹

Side Road	Movement Out	AM Peak	PM Peak
Freemantle PI	Left	23	12
	Through	9	2
	Right	18	18
	Total	50	32

Roughly one vehicle every minute would require access from Freemantle Place onto Ti Rakau Drive during the peak hours.

²¹ Traffic volumes sourced from the WRRE AIMSUN model, with a 2028 horizon year.

5 Assessment of Temporary Effects during Construction

The sections below provide an assessment of the temporary effects during construction of EB2 and EB3R including:

- Construction effects
- General traffic effects
- Effects to bus services and facilities
- Effects to pedestrians and cyclists
- Effects to property access and parking
- Effects to safety performance

5.1 Construction Effects

5.1.1 Construction Support Areas and Site Access Points

Construction Support Areas (CSAs) and Site Access Points (SAPs) are anticipated to vary throughout the construction phases, shifting as sections of the roadway are completed. The sections below provide an overview of the effects of notable CSAs and SAPs within the EB2 and EB3R project areas.

5.1.1.1 EB2 – 2 Cortina Place and 5 Reeves Road Site Offices

The properties at 2 Cortina Place and 5 Reeves Road have been acquired by AT and will serve as site offices for the EB2 project area. Therefore, the current use of these properties will no longer exist in the future. It is envisaged that Site Office 1 at 5 Reeves Road will accommodate approximately 120 workstations and Site Office 2 at 2 Cortina Place will accommodate approximately 30 workstations at the peak of construction. Office hours for the site offices will be from 07:00 to 19:00. **Figure 50** shows the location of Site Office 1 and 2 in the EB2 project area.



Figure 50: Site Office 1 and 2 locations

During the closure of Reeves Road, vehicle access to Site Office 1 from Reeves Road will not be maintained, although the property will still be accessible via Cortina Place. Pedestrian access to the property will be maintained at all times. Approximately 11 off-street parking spaces will be maintained on the eastern side of the property for visitors and deliveries.

The closure of Reeves Road will result in the loss of the access to Site Office 2 from the western frontage, however the property will still be accessible from Cortina Place. Pedestrian access to the property will be maintained at all times. The building in the centre of the property will be used as site office space, while the building along the eastern frontage of the property (red outline) will be demolished. Approximately five off-street parking spaces will be maintained on site and accessed from Cortina Place for material deliveries.

It is envisaged that, at least for the initial year of construction, site office staff will use public transport for commuter trips and will access the site offices on foot. Workforce Travel Management Plans will be developed to achieve this. The aim of the Workforce Travel Management Plans will be to reduce the number of private vehicles travelling to the worksites and to increase the accessibility of the worksites through more travel options. Therefore, the temporary traffic effects from the site offices in the first year are expected to be very low. Following the initial year and as construction activities ramp up, a staff carpark will be provided at 26 Ti Rakau Drive.

5.1.1.2 EB2 – 26 Ti Rakau Drive Staff Carpark

It is envisaged that the property at 26 Ti Rakau Drive will be acquired by AT and will serve partially as a site office staff parking area and partially as a work zone for the new Pakuranga Town Centre bus station during construction. The existing building and parking area on the property are not in use and therefore the Project will have no effects on the property from a transport perspective.

Once the existing infrastructure has been demolished and the work zone has been established, a temporary staff carpark will be established until the construction of the Kiss-and-Ride facility. For the purposes of this ITA it was assumed the staff carpark will provide 150 parking spaces, one parking space per workstation in Site Office 1 and 2. The property currently has no direct access from Ti Rakau Drive, and is accessed via Reeves Road and the internal road network inside the Pakuranga Plaza.

Figure 51 below shows the location of the CSA to be located at 26 Ti Rakau Drive.



Figure 51: 26 Ti Rakau Dr CSA location

In the existing environment, the Pakuranga Plaza has six access points allowing for both in and out movements, with a seventh at Pepler Street allowing for movements out onto Pakuranga Road only. Throughout the construction programme of EB2, the accesses to Pakuranga Plaza will undergo several changes, some of which will be closed temporarily. Further details of effects to property access at the Pakuranga Plaza are provided in **Section 5.5.5.3**.

For the purposes of assessing the effects of the staff carpark, the ‘worst-case’ has been considered here, which will be during the Reeves Road closure. During this closure, access to this carpark will be gained via the three remaining accesses at Aylesbury Street north and south and at Brampton Court. It should be noted that the Pepler Street exit will also be open during this time.

As stated in **Section 5.1.1.1**, office hours for the site offices will be from 07:00 to 19:00, meaning a large proportion of site office staff is expected to travel on the road network outside of the AM and PM peaks. For the purpose of this ITA, assumptions were made to consider the staff carpark fully utilised and 50% of staff would be arriving/departing during the AM and PM peak hours, respectively.

Therefore, 150 parked vehicles, which would translate to 75 veh/h added to the traffic network and these vehicles would be accessing the Pakuranga Plaza from three access points during the peak hours. **Figure 52** below shows the background traffic volumes for both the AM and PM peak hours at these access points (PM traffic volumes in brackets).

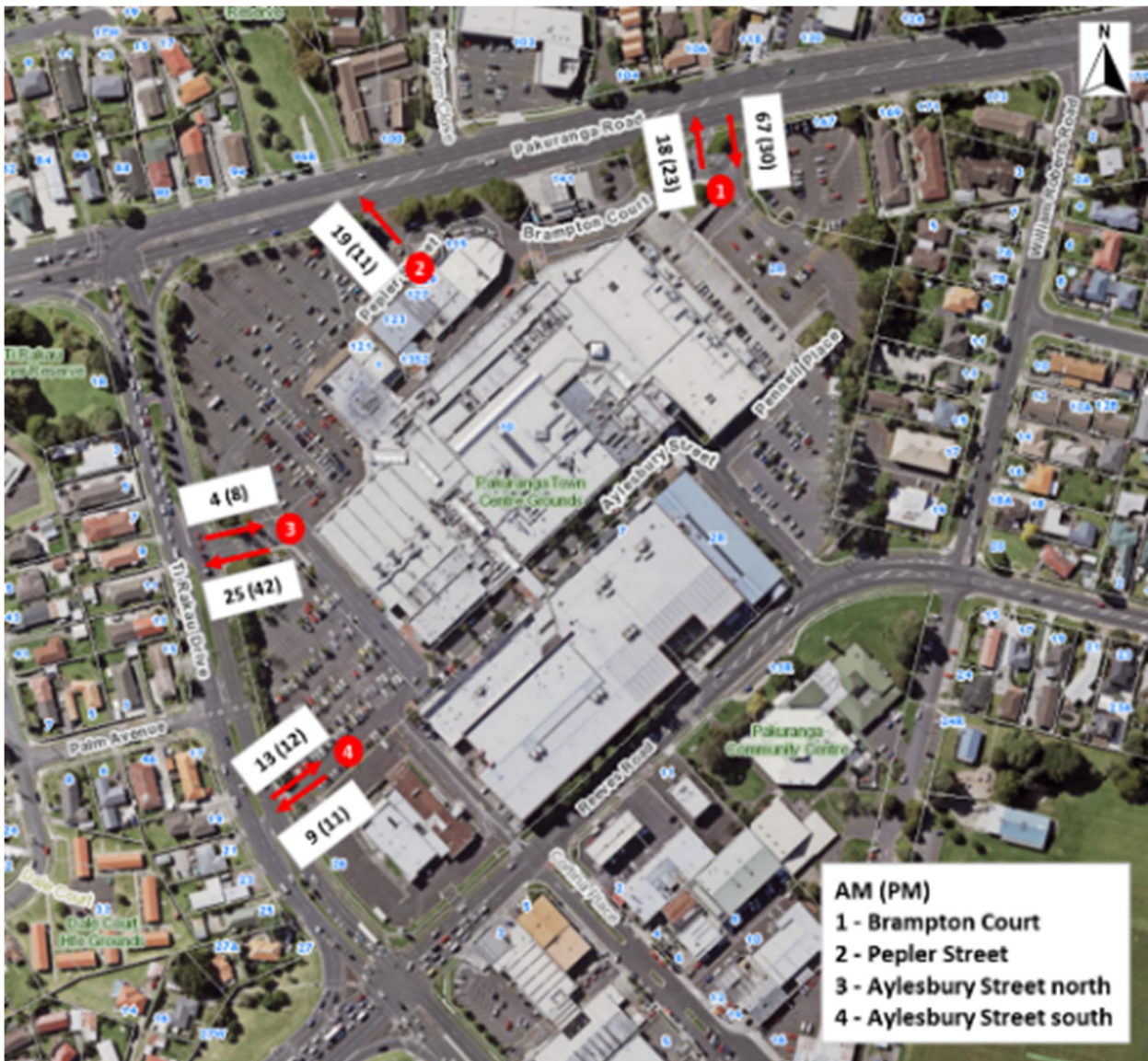


Figure 52: Pakuranga Plaza background traffic volumes²²

The background traffic volumes on these access points are expected to be low during both the AM and PM peak hours. Furthermore, it would not be unreasonable to assume that the additional 75 veh/h would be distributed roughly evenly across these access points or to where the highest capacity is available. Therefore, the temporary effects of the staff carpark are expected to be very low.

²² Traffic volumes sourced from the Do-Minimum AIMSUN model, with a 2028 horizon year.

5.1.1.3 EB2 – 2R Ti Rakau Drive Pennell Place CSA

During construction, the parking area off Pennell Place in the Pakuranga Plaza will be temporarily occupied and established as a CSA. **Figure 53** shows the location of the CSA.



Figure 53: Pennell PI CSA location

The CSA will be used to support the construction of the RRF. In particular, it will be used to receive and pre-assemble the special Gantry (bespoke crane) to be used to lift and position the ‘Super-T’ beams. The CSA will also provide parking on site for specialist personnel and deliveries. The Pennell Place parking area will be occupied for approximately two years and two months.

Given the nature and operation of the CSA, general vehicle traffic volumes entering/exiting from the site are considered negligible. The operation and movement of the Gantry will be under strict construction traffic management control. Advance notice and appropriate public communication of such infrequent activities will be undertaken prior to these being initiated. This will be achieved through the Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP).

Therefore, the effects of the CSA on the transport network are expected to be very low. Effects to property access and parking at the Pakuranga Plaza due to the occupation are discussed in further detail in **Section 5.5.5.3**.

5.1.1.4 EB2 – William Roberts Road North Construction Yard

A CSA will be located on the south-western quadrant of the Pakuranga Road / William Roberts Road intersection and will serve as a laydown area of materials and aggregates. This construction yard is subject to a separate resource consent application²³, but is mentioned here for completeness.

It is proposed that the Pakuranga Road / William Roberts Road intersection will be signalised temporarily. This will improve the capacity of the right-turn movements into and out of William Roberts Road and improve safety of turning across three lanes of through traffic. Further details on intersection performance are provided in **Section 5.2.2.5**.

5.1.1.5 EB2 – 14 Seven Oaks Drive Site Office / Laydown Area

A site office / laydown area will be established at 14 Seven Oaks Drive for the construction of EB2. The property has been acquired by AT. As such, the current residential use of this property will no longer exist during construction or at completion, therefore the CSA will have no effects on this property.

Figure 54 shows the location of the CSA to be located at 14 Seven Oaks Drive.



Figure 54: 14 Seven Oaks Dr CSA location

Access will be maintained off Seven Oaks Drive, utilizing the existing driveway. The existing house will be utilised as the office until de-construction of the structure is required. The site will be relatively small, and all parking requirements will be accommodated on site. The temporary effects of this contained site on the road network are expected to be negligible.

²³ LUCXXXX

5.1.1.6 EB3R – 12 Bolina Cr, 143 Ti Rakau Dr and 178 Gossamer Dr Site Offices / Laydown Areas

Site offices / laydown areas will be established at 12 Bolina Crescent, 143 Ti Rakau Drive and 178 Gossamer Drive for the construction of EB3R. The properties have been acquired by AT. As such, the use of these properties will no longer exist during construction or at completion, therefore the CSAs will have no effects on these properties.

Figure 55 shows the location of the CSA to be located at 12 Bolina Crescent.



Figure 55: 12 Bolina Cr CSA location

Figure 56 shows the location of the CSA to be located at 143 Ti Rakau Drive.



Figure 56: 143 Ti Rakau Dr CSA location

Figure 57 shows the location of the CSA to be located at 178 Gossamer Drive.



Figure 57: 178 Gossamer Dr CSA location

Access will be maintained off Bolina Crescent, Ti Rakau Drive and Gossamer Drive, utilizing the existing driveways. The existing houses will be utilised as offices until de-construction of the structures is required. The sites will be relatively small, and all parking requirements will be accommodated on site. The temporary effects of these contained sites on the road network are expected to be negligible.

5.1.2 Construction Vehicle Effects

The sections below provide details on the construction routes, construction traffic volumes, hours of operation and vehicle types. Thereafter, an assessment of construction vehicle effects is provided, split into sections of the EB2 and EB3R project areas.

5.1.2.1 Construction Routes and Construction Traffic

The construction routes in and around the EB2 and EB3R project areas are shown in **Figure 58**. At the time of writing, suppliers of construction materials had not been confirmed. Therefore, the most likely routes for construction vehicle movements to the project area from plant and material sites not in the immediate vicinity will be the main corridors of Ti Rakau Drive, Pakuranga Road and SEART (main external routes below). The figure also shows the construction yard at 169-173 Pakuranga Road and the ‘internal material transfer routes’ to be used by construction vehicles.

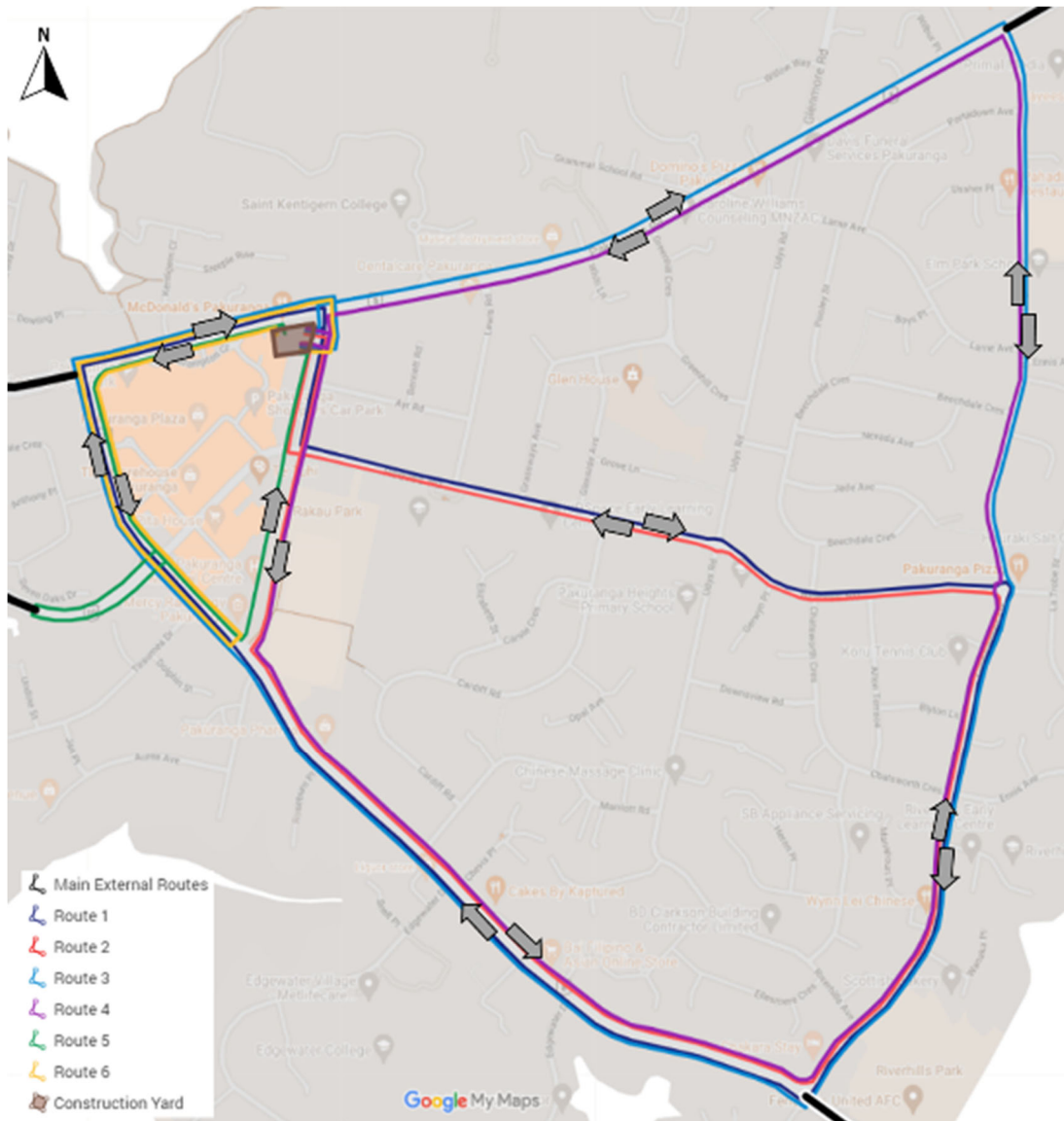


Figure 58: Construction vehicle routes

During EB2 and EB3R construction, roughly 50% of materials will be transported directly to the work zones from external supply yards as needed. The remaining 50% will be transported to the construction yard for storage until required. Construction material will be transported from the construction yard to the various work zones via six routes. **Table 19** below provides a description of each route as well as the anticipated number of vehicle movements. The number of vehicle movements also include the carting of demolition materials and excess spoil.

Table 19: Construction route description and movements

Route	Construction Activity	Description	Vehicle Movements [veh/h]
Route 1	EB3R Ti Rakau Dr westbound lanes (primary route)	Egress from the construction yard onto William Roberts Rd southbound, then Reeves Rd eastbound, Gossamer Dr southbound, Ti Rakau Drive westbound, Pakuranga Rd eastbound, William Roberts Rd southbound, return to construction yard.	9
Route 2	EB3R Ti Rakau Dr eastbound lanes (primary route)	Egress from construction yard onto William Roberts Rd southbound, then Ti Rakau Dr eastbound, Gossamer Drive northbound, Reeves Rd westbound, William Roberts Road northbound, return to construction yard.	10
Route 3	EB3R Ti Rakau Dr westbound lanes (secondary route)	Egress from construction yard onto William Roberts Rd northbound, then Pakuranga Rd eastbound, Gossamer Dr southbound, Ti Rakau Dr westbound, Pakuranga Rd eastbound, William Roberts Rd southbound, return to construction yard.	8
Route 4	EB3R Ti Rakau Dr eastbound lanes (secondary route)	Egress from construction yard onto William Roberts Rd southbound, then Ti Rakau Dr eastbound, Gossamer Dr northbound, Pakuranga Rd westbound, William Roberts Road southbound, return to construction yard.	9
Route 5	EB2 SEART	Egress from construction yard onto Pakuranga Rd westbound, then Ti Rakau Dr eastbound, SEART southbound, U-turn within work zone, SEART northbound, Ti Rakau Dr eastbound, William Roberts Rd northbound, return to construction yard.	10
Route 6	EB2 Ti Rakau Dr	Egress from construction yard onto Pakuranga Rd westbound, then Ti Rakau Dr eastbound, U-turn within work zone, Ti Rakau Drive westbound, Pakuranga Road eastbound, William Roberts Rd southbound, return to construction yard.	8

Route 1 will be the primary route for the construction of the Ti Rakau Drive westbound lanes with Route 3 as a secondary route in case of congestion or emergencies on Reeves Road. Similarly, Route 2 will be the primary route during the construction of the Ti Rakau Drive eastbound lanes, with Route 4 as a secondary route.

It should be noted that Route 1 and Route 3 will not be operating simultaneously with Route 2 and Route 4. This is due to the construction staging of Ti Rakau Drive in the EB3R project area. The new westbound lanes will be constructed first followed by the bus lanes in the centre and lastly the eastbound lanes.

5.1.2.2 Vehicle Types

It is anticipated that a range of vehicle sizes and types will be used for the construction activities within the EB2 and EB3R project areas. As stated above, roughly 50% of materials will be transported directly to the work zones as needed along the main external routes of Ti Rakau Drive, Pakuranga Road and SEART. The remaining 50% will be transported to the construction yard for storage until required. It is anticipated that 19m truck and trailers will be used for these activities. Materials from the construction yard will be transported to the various work zones via the six internal routes with smaller vehicles units such as 6-wheeler trucks.

Over-dimensional and over-weight deliveries are also expected; however, these will be infrequent, during low traffic periods such as night deliveries and will travel along appropriate routes such as arterial roads. The Ti Rakau Drive, Pakuranga Road and SEART corridors are well-suited to larger vehicles. Overall, the effects of these types of construction vehicles to the road network are expected to be negligible.

5.1.2.3 Hours of Operation

The vast majority of construction activities will be undertaken during 'typical weekdays' throughout the construction programme, as well as some weekends. Some construction activities will also be undertaken during lower traffic periods such as Easter and December holiday periods.

The general hours of operation for the construction activities and the construction routes will be from 07:00 to 18:00 on weekdays and 07:00 to 15:00 on Saturdays²⁴. As such, construction vehicle movements will be balanced throughout the day, avoiding concentrations of construction traffic during the AM and PM peak hours. Therefore, the effects are expected to be very low.

It is anticipated that some night works will be undertaken to minimise the disruption to the public, businesses and traffic. Night works will be intermittent, and will not be continuous in a single location or activity for more than one month. These works will be controlled in part by the Project's consent conditions and management plans²⁵.

The sections below provide an assessment of construction vehicle effects on specific sections of the road network within the EB2 and EB3R project areas.

²⁴ It should be noted that staff will begin arriving at site prior to construction start times and leave after construction end times.

²⁵ These management plans include the Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan (CNVMP).

5.1.2.4 EB2 – William Roberts Road North

This section provides an assessment of construction vehicle effects on William Roberts Road north, from Pakuranga Road to Reeves Road (see **Figure 59**).



Figure 59: William Roberts Rd north construction vehicle effects

The construction yard will be located on this section of roadway and will support the highest concentration of construction vehicles in the EB2 and EB3R project areas. At the peak of construction, William Roberts Road north is expected to carry an additional 20 veh/h northbound and 19 veh/h southbound. It should be noted that if Reeves Road is experiencing congestion or in case of an emergency, construction vehicles would be rerouted through Pakuranga Road, thereby reducing the construction vehicle traffic volumes on William Roberts Road.

In addition to the properties used by AT for the construction yard, all of the remaining properties on the western side of William Roberts Road north as well as 2 and 2A William Roberts Road on the eastern side have also been acquired and are flagged for demolition. Therefore, the demand for on-street parking along this section of road will be significantly reduced.

Pedestrian refuge islands are currently provided at both ends of William Roberts Road north to provide pedestrians with safe crossing opportunities.

Overall, the addition of the construction vehicles to William Roberts Road north will be roughly one vehicle every three minutes in each direction, on-street parking demand will be significantly reduced, and safe pedestrian crossing points are provided. Therefore, the effects are considered to be very low.

5.1.2.5 EB2 – William Roberts Road South

This section includes William Roberts Road south, from Reeves Road to Ti Rakau Drive, once the WRRE is completed (see **Figure 60**).

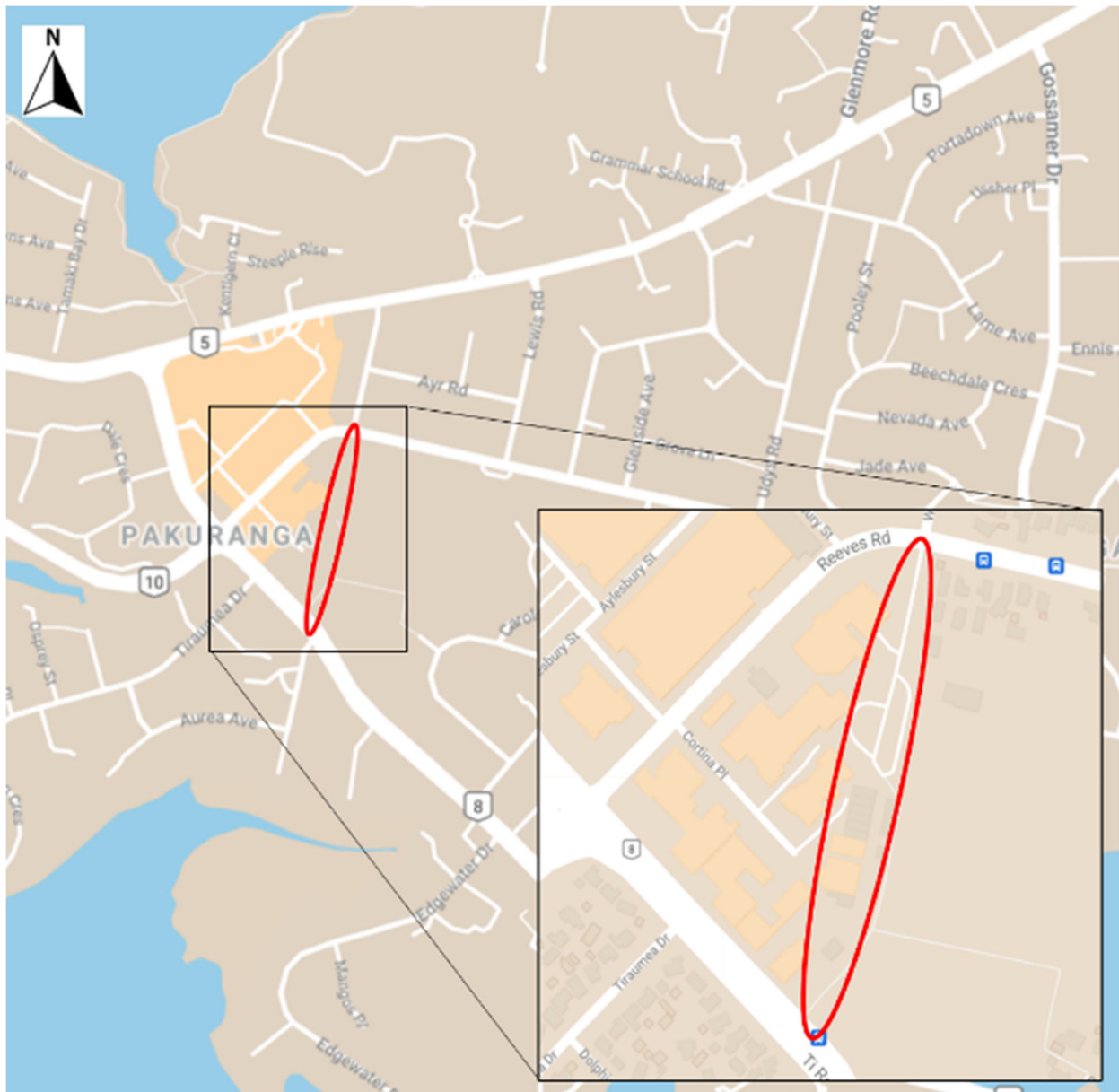


Figure 60: William Roberts Rd south construction vehicle effects

At the peak of construction, William Roberts Road south is expected to carry an additional 10 veh/h northbound and 10 veh/h southbound.

Some properties with vulnerable users such as the Pakuranga Leisure Centre, Barnardo’s Early Learning Centre, Ti Rakau Park, and Dementia Auckland are located along this section of road. **Figure 61** below shows the location of these community and educational facilities.



Figure 61: William Roberts Rd south community and education facilities

However, once the William Roberts Road extension is completed, a low-speed environment will be created through a combination of the raised William Roberts Road / Cortina Place intersection, the raised pedestrian crossing near Ti Rakau Park and a 30 km/h posted speed limit. Furthermore, pedestrians will also be provided with safe crossing points at the Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road and the William Roberts Road / Cortina Place intersections.

Nevertheless, appropriate community engagement will be undertaken to raise awareness of the increase in construction vehicles that will pass through the area. Construction vehicle drivers will also be briefed on these properties so that additional caution is employed when driving through the area. This will be achieved through the CTMP.

Overall, William Roberts Road is expected to carry roughly one construction vehicle every six minutes northbound and southbound, and a combination of speed calming features will create a low-speed environment. Therefore, the effects are considered to be very low.

5.1.2.6 EB2 – Reeves Road

This section includes Reeves Road from William Roberts Road in the west to Gossamer Drive in the east (see **Figure 62**).

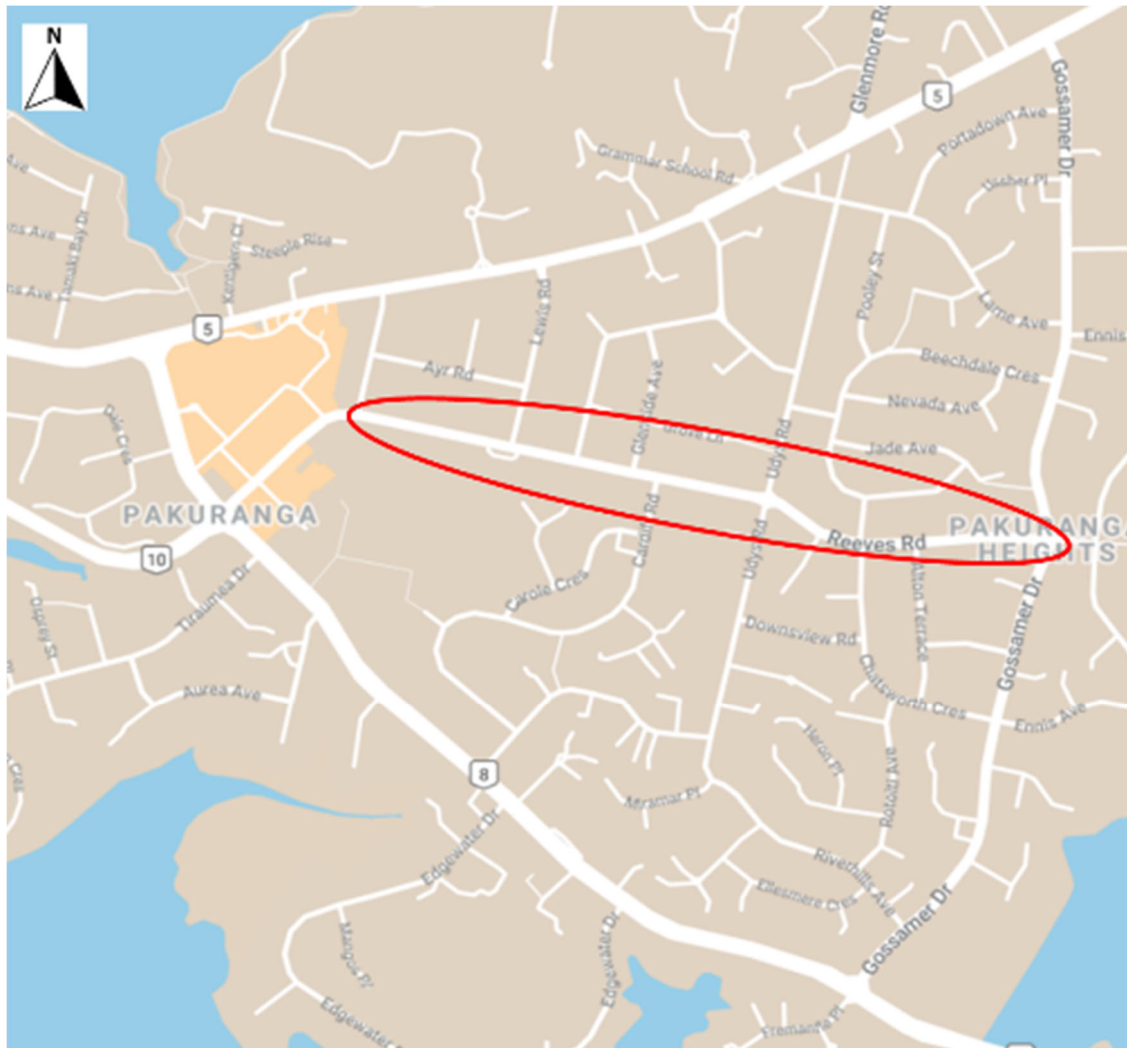


Figure 62: Reeves Rd construction vehicle effects

During construction of the Ti Rakau Drive westbound and eastbound lanes, Reeves Road will support an additional 9 veh/h in the eastbound direction and 10 veh/h in the westbound direction, respectively. It should be noted that these two construction phases will not occur simultaneously.

Reeves Road, in the existing environment, serves as a through route between Pakuranga Town Centre and Pakuranga Heights. As such, the carriageway consists of 4.4 m wide lanes and a 1.8 m flush median along the entire length. It also serves as a bus route for the 711 service.

In the existing environment there are three educational facilities that front Reeves Road, which will experience an increase in heavy vehicle traffic volumes. The Pakuranga Intermediate School, KIDSpace Early Learning Centre Pakuranga, and the Pakuranga Kindergarten are educational facilities with vulnerable users, and all have direct access off Reeves Road in the existing environment. The locations of these facilities are shown in **Figure 63** below.



Figure 63: Reeves Rd education facilities

The users of the facilities are, however, currently provided with ample and safe crossing facilities. Pedestrians are provided with a signalised pedestrian crossing outside the Pakuranga Intermediate School, and a pedestrian crossing near Cardiff Road for users of the KIDSpace Early Learning Centre. An uncontrolled pedestrian crossing is located near Gerwyn Place outside the Pakuranga Kindergarten; however, a pedestrian refuge island is provided here to facilitate a staged crossing if required.

Nevertheless, appropriate community engagement will be undertaken to raise awareness of the increase in construction vehicles that will pass through the area. Construction vehicle drivers will also be briefed on these properties so that additional caution is employed when driving through the area. This will be achieved through the CTMP.

Overall, Reeves Road will carry roughly one construction vehicle every six minutes either in the westbound or eastbound directions at the peak of construction. Furthermore, Reeves Road consists of a wide carriageway which supports larger sized vehicles in the existing environment and multiple safe pedestrian crossing points are provided. Therefore, the effects are considered to be very low.

5.1.2.7 EB2 – Pakuranga Road

This section includes Pakuranga Road from Ti Rakau Drive in the west to William Roberts Road in the east (see **Figure 64**).

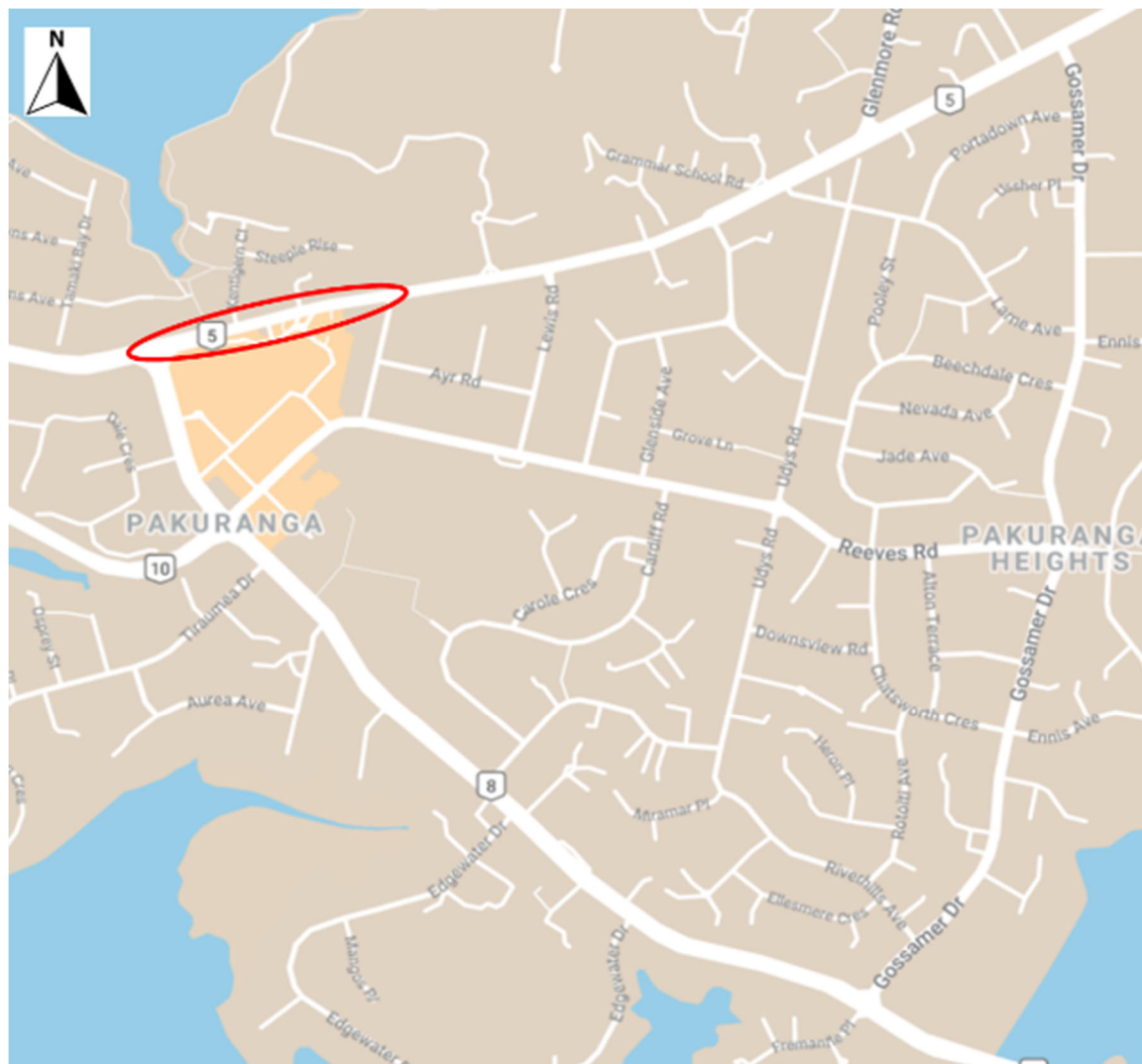


Figure 64: Pakuranga Rd construction vehicle effects

At the peak of construction Pakuranga Road is expected to carry an additional 17 veh/h eastbound and 18 veh/h westbound.

Pakuranga Road is an arterial road, and will for the majority of the construction period consist of three lanes per direction. Multiple bus services run along this road and as such Pakuranga Road is well-suited to larger sized vehicles. Signalised pedestrian crossings are also provided at the Ti Rakau Drive / Pakuranga Road intersection and the Pepler Street exit from Pakuranga Plaza.

Overall, Pakuranga Road will carry roughly one construction vehicle every three minutes eastbound and westbound at the peak of construction. Furthermore, Pakuranga Road is an arterial route supporting large vehicles in the existing environment and multiple safe pedestrian crossing points are provided. Therefore, the effects are considered to be negligible.

5.1.2.8 EB2 – SEART

This section includes SEART from Ti Rakau Drive to the southern abutment of the RRF, see **Figure 65**.



Figure 65: SEART construction vehicle effects

During construction of the RRF southern abutment, construction vehicles will enter onto SEART turning right from the western Ti Rakau Drive approach and will gain access to the work zone from the on-ramp. A 180° turn will be executed within the work zone, allowing construction vehicles to exit back onto the SEART off-ramp. Construction vehicles will head back to the construction yard by turning right onto Ti Rakau Drive.

At the peak of construction, the SEART on-ramp and off-ramp are expected to carry an additional 10 veh/h each, which translates to one construction vehicle every six minutes. Therefore, the effects are considered to be negligible.

5.1.2.9 EB2 and EB3R – Ti Rakau Drive

This section includes Ti Rakau Drive between Pakuranga Road to SEART (Section 1) and SEART to Gossamer Drive (Section 2), see **Figure 66**.



Figure 66: Ti Rakau Dr construction vehicle effects

Section 1 is expected to carry an additional 17 veh/h westbound and 18 veh/h eastbound at the peak of construction, while Section 2 is expected to carry an additional 9 veh/h westbound and 10 veh/h eastbound, respectively. It should be noted that the westbound and eastbound directions of Section 2 will not be loaded simultaneously as described above.

Ti Rakau Drive is an arterial road, and will for the majority of the construction period consist of two lanes per direction. Multiple bus services currently run along this road and as such is well-suited to larger sized vehicles. Signalised pedestrian crossings are provided at Pakuranga Road, Reeves Road, Mattson Road, Edgewater Drive west and Gossamer Drive.

Overall, Ti Rakau Drive will carry roughly one construction vehicle every three minutes westbound and eastbound at the peak of construction. Furthermore, Ti Rakau Drive is an arterial route supporting large vehicles in the existing environment and multiple safe pedestrian crossing points are provided. Therefore, the effects are considered to be negligible.

5.1.2.10 EB3R – Gossamer Drive

This section includes Gossamer Drive from Ti Rakau Drive in the south to Reeves Road in the north (see **Figure 67**).



Figure 67: Gossamer Dr construction vehicle effects

During the construction of the Ti Rakau Drive westbound and eastbound lanes, Gossamer Drive will support an additional 9 veh/h southbound and 10 veh/h northbound, respectively. It should be noted that these two construction phases will not occur simultaneously.

Gossamer Drive, in the existing environment, serves as a through route between Ti Rakau Drive and Pakuranga Road. As such, the carriageway consists of 4.0 m wide lanes. Gossamer Drive is also a school bus route.

In the current environment, pedestrians are provided with a signalised pedestrian crossing at the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection and a pedestrian crossing near Chatsworth Crescent. In addition, all approaches to the Gossamer Drive / Reeves Road roundabout are provided with pedestrian refuge islands to facilitate a staged crossing if required.

Overall, Gossamer Drive will carry roughly one construction vehicle every six minutes either in the northbound or southbound directions at the peak of construction. Furthermore, Gossamer Drive consists of a wide carriageway which supports larger sized vehicles in the existing environment and multiple safe pedestrian crossing points are provided. Therefore, the effects are considered to be negligible.

5.1.3 Summary of Temporary Construction Effects

Overall, the temporary effects of the various CSAs that will be established as well as the construction traffic in the EB2 and EB3R project areas will be mitigated appropriately and are considered to be negligible or very low.

A Workforce Travel Management Plan will be developed to reduce the number of private vehicles travelling to the worksites and to increase accessibility of the worksites through more travel options.

CTMPs will be developed for the Project to avoid, remedy or mitigate the adverse effects of construction on transport, parking and property access so far as is reasonably practicable. The CTMPs will be developed in accordance with the conditions of consent and will include management strategies, controls and reporting protocols to achieve this.

Hours of operation, especially night works, will be controlled in part by the Project's consent conditions and management plans, including the CNVMP.

5.2 General Traffic Effects

The sections below provide an assessment of effects to general traffic during construction. General traffic effects refer to the movement of traffic across the road network as a whole. An assessment at a network-wide level, provides a better understanding as to the wider traffic effects of the Project and is based on the results from various AIMSUN and SIDRA traffic modelling assessments²⁶.

As stated in **Section 2.3**, Auckland's transport networks are constantly changing, undergoing improvements from new initiatives and being optimised. Furthermore, the global COVID-19 pandemic dramatically affected travel patterns and behaviours, and uncertainty remains that these effects would continue into the future. Given these factors, careful consideration was given to determine what formed the "existing environment".

For the purposes of the scenarios employed by the traffic modelling and this assessment, the existing environment was based on pre COVID-19 travel behaviours and a number of committed transport projects (including EB1 and WRRE Works) as well as the EB2/EB3R enabling works. Furthermore, a conservative approach was followed, whereby a 2028 future year was used to compare a Do-Minimum (without project) scenario and the EB2/EB3R scenarios. This approach allowed for the direct comparison between scenarios.

5.2.1 Construction Traffic

As stated in **Section 5.1.2**, the effects of the low estimated construction traffic volumes are expected to be negligible or very low and will be catered for within the existing road network. Therefore, a separate modelling assessment of the 'Do-Minimum' and 'Do-Minimum + Construction Traffic' scenarios on the entire network was not considered necessary.

5.2.2 Intersection Performance during Construction

5.2.2.1 Overview of Performance Criteria and Modelling Scenario Development

Intersection performance analyses were undertaken, using SIDRA, of the transport network comprised of selected intersections in the EB2 and EB3R project areas. The analyses consisted of a comparison between the Do-Minimum and EB2/EB3R scenarios for both the AM and PM peak hours. The performance criteria for the assessment were based on the Level of Service (LOS), degree of Saturation (DOS) or v/c ratio and delay in seconds. The LOS is a measure of the average delay at an intersection and is a function of the intersection control (see **Table 20** below).

²⁶ These assessments were undertaken in accordance with the methodology set out in **Section 2.4**.

Table 20: Level of Service for intersections

Level of Service	Control Delay (d) for Buses, Freight and General Traffic
	Signalised intersections
A	$d < 10$ sec
B	$10 < d \leq 20$ sec
C	$20 < d \leq 35$ sec
D	$35 < d \leq 55$ sec
E	$55 < d \leq 80$ sec
F	$d > 80$ sec

It should be noted that SIDRA cannot produce an overall intersection performance LOS for priority-controlled intersections. This is due to some approaches at priority-controlled intersections being uncontrolled, i.e., free flow, hence no control delay. As per the Transport Minimum Requirements guiding the design of the Project, overall intersection performance of LOS E or better for signalised intersections, with regards to general traffic, was considered acceptable throughout this ITA.

The DOS is a measure of utilisation of the capacity of the intersection between 0 and 1, based on the traffic load forecast for the intersection. In SIDRA, the DOS is reported by turn movements based on the traffic load divided by the calculated capacity. At signalised intersections, the calculated capacity considers the signal phase times and the effective green time for any particular turn movement. The overall intersection DOS metric is based on the maximum reported DOS for any movement within the intersection.

The traffic modelling undertaken in this ITA considered the ‘worst-case’ scenarios to determine the temporary effects during construction. The temporary effects were modelled in three separate construction scenarios to simulate the expected traffic distribution that could occur due to significant changes in the road network.

Figure 68 provides a simplified schematic of the construction activities that informed the development of the construction scenarios assessed in this ITA. It should be noted that activity duration should not be interpreted from this schematic.

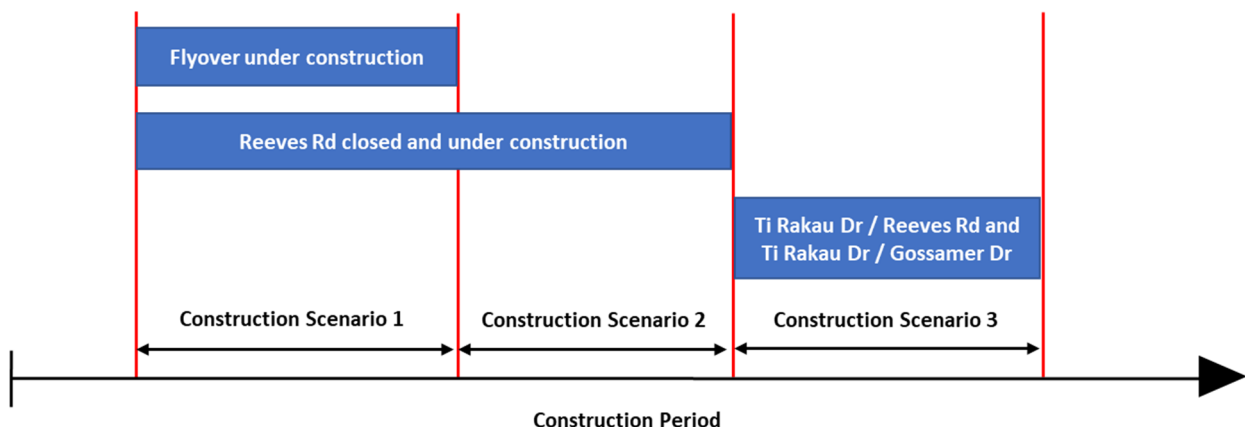


Figure 68: Construction modelling scenarios

Considering the construction programme, from a transport perspective, the closure of Reeves Road and the ongoing construction of the RRF is considered the first major change to the transport network in the EB2 and EB3R project areas. Construction Scenario 1 simulates these activities.

The next major change to the transport network is the completion of the RRF, while Reeves Road underneath the RRF remains closed. These changes are simulated in Construction Scenario 2.

The final major changes to the transport network are the construction of the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road intersection (underneath the RRF) and the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection. These works will occur after Reeves Road and the RRF have been constructed and will occur during a low traffic period (December to January) to mitigate the effects of the disruption. These activities are simulated in Construction Scenario 3.

The sections below provide a description of each individual scenario, analysis of the scenario, followed by an assessment.

5.2.2.2 Construction Scenario 1

Construction Scenario 1 simulates the closure of Reeves Road and the construction of the RRF. Various other ongoing construction activities, with lesser expected effects, as well as sections of work already completed were also included under Construction Scenario 1. These include:

- Closure of William Roberts Road north between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road. Removing the southern approach to the intersection with Pakuranga Road and the northern approach to the intersection with Reeves Road, see **Section 4.2.1.2**. This will in turn temporarily convert the Pakuranga Road / William Roberts Road intersection to a no stop intersection / free-flow conditions
- Ongoing Pakuranga Road / RRF tie-in works, consisting of reducing Pakuranga Road to five lanes. Three lanes will be provided for the critical direction of traffic flow during the AM and PM peak hours and two lanes for the opposite direction, see **Section 4.2.1.3**
- Ongoing construction of Phase 4 of the Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road and Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road intersections. This phase of work is predicted to be the 'worst-case' during the construction of these intersections as it is anticipated to have the highest level of effect given the potential lane closures and associated traffic disruption, see **Section 4.2.2.1**

Intersection Performance:

The AM peak hour for intersections assessed in Construction Scenario 1 was between 08:00 – 09:00 and the PM peak hour was between 16:15 – 17:15. The horizon year for all intersection assessments was 2028. Traffic signal phasing diagrams per intersection are provided in **Appendix D** and lane performance summaries per intersection are provided in **Appendix E**.

Intersection performance analyses were undertaken at the following intersections under Construction Scenario 1:

- Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive
- Pakuranga Road / Brampton Court
- Reeves Road / Aylesbury Street
- William Roberts Road / Reeves Road
- William Roberts Road / Cortina Place
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street north
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street south

- Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART
- Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road
- Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road
- Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive west
- Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive

Table 21 provides a comparison of the intersection performance between the Do-Minimum and Construction Scenario 1 during the AM peak, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 21: Intersection performance – Do-Minimum vs Construction Scenario 1 (AM peak, 2028)

Intersection	Do-Minimum			Construction Scenario 1		
	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]
Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr	C	0.85	33	C	0.90	33
Pakuranga Rd / Brampton Ct	N/A	0.42	1	N/A	0.39	1
Reeves Rd / Aylesbury St	N/A	0.27	1	N/A	0.03	3
William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd	N/A	0.68	7	N/A	0.18	4
William Roberts Rd / Cortina Pl	Built during WRRE			N/A	0.26	1
Ti Rakau Dr / Aylesbury St north	N/A	1.49	6	N/A	1.67	5
Ti Rakau Dr / Aylesbury St south	N/A	0.26	1	N/A	0.29	1
Ti Rakau Dr/ Reeves Rd / SEART	F	0.90	178	D	1.00	49
Ti Rakau Dr / William Roberts Rd	Built during WRRE			C	0.88	26
Ti Rakau Dr / Mattson Rd	B	0.79	16	A	0.78	10
Ti Rakau Dr / Edgewater Drive west	C	0.87	27	C	0.85	27
Ti Rakau Dr / Gossamer Dr	D	1.02	48	D	0.89	35

SIDRA analysis indicates that in the AM peak, overall Construction Scenario 1 is expected to result in minimal adverse effects to intersection performance along the network. Compared to the Do-Minimum scenario, similar intersection performance is expected at the following intersections:

- Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive
- Pakuranga Road / Brampton Court
- Reeves Road / Aylesbury Street
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street north
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street south
- Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Drive
- Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive west

Improvements in DOS and delay are predicted at the William Roberts Road / Reeves Road intersection and is expected to operate with spare capacity.

The new William Roberts Road / Cortina Place and Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road intersections are expected to operate with spare capacity during the Reeves Road closure and construction of the RRF.

Although increases in DOS are predicted for the Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street north intersection, in practical terms, the intersection is at capacity in the Do-Minimum scenario and so the effects of Construction Scenario 1 are considered to be negligible.

Improvements in DOS and delay are predicted at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART and Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersections and are expected to operate with spare capacity (both LOS D).

Table 22 provides a comparison of the intersection performance between the Do-Minimum and Construction Scenario 1 during the PM peak, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 22: Intersection performance – Do-Minimum vs Construction Scenario 1 (PM Peak, 2028)

Intersection	Do-Minimum			Construction Scenario 1		
	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]
Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr	D	0.91	47	C	0.88	32
Pakuranga Rd / Brampton Ct	N/A	0.53	1	N/A	0.42	1
Reeves Rd / Aylesbury St	N/A	0.38	1	N/A	0.04	2
William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd	N/A	0.87	11	N/A	0.22	4
William Roberts Rd / Cortina Pl	Built during WRRE			N/A	0.21	1
Ti Rakau Dr / Aylesbury St north	N/A	4.67	36	N/A	2.91	18
Ti Rakau Dr / Aylesbury St south	N/A	0.38	1	N/A	0.29	1
Ti Rakau Dr/ Reeves Rd / SEART	F	1.13	83	B	0.81	19
Ti Rakau Dr / William Roberts Rd	Built during WRRE			B	0.88	20
Ti Rakau Dr / Mattson Rd	B	0.66	12	D	0.90	36
Ti Rakau Dr / Edgewater Drive west	C	0.85	26	C	0.89	32
Ti Rakau Dr / Gossamer Dr	D	0.90	44	D	0.87	38

SIDRA analysis indicates that in the PM peak, Construction Scenario 1 is also expected to result in minimal adverse effects to intersection performance along the network overall. Compared to the Do-Minimum scenario, similar intersection performance is expected at the following intersections:

- Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive
- Pakuranga Road / Brampton Court
- Reeves Road / Aylesbury Street
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street north
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street south
- Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive west
- Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive

Improvements in DOS and delay are predicted at the William Roberts Road / Reeves Road intersection and it is expected to operate with spare capacity.

During the closure of Reeves Road, the new William Roberts Road / Cortina Place and Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road intersections are expected to operate with spare capacity during the PM peak.

Similar to the AM peak, the Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street north intersection is expected to perform poorly during the PM peak. However, the intersection is at capacity in the Do-Minimum scenario and so the effects of Construction Scenario 1 are considered to be negligible.

Significant improvements in DOS and delay are predicted at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection and is expected to operate with spare capacity (LOS B).

An increase in DOS and delay is predicted at the Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road intersection during the PM peak, however the intersection is expected to operate at an acceptable LOS D.

5.2.2.3 Construction Scenario 2

Construction Scenario 2 simulates the completion of the RRF, while Reeves Road underneath remains closed. Various other ongoing construction activities, with lesser expected effects, as well as sections of work already completed were also included under Construction Scenario 2. These include:

- Completion of the William Roberts Road north closure works, see **Section 4.2.1.2**
- Completion of the Pakuranga Road / RRF tie-in works, see **Section 4.2.1.3**
- Completion of the SEART off-ramp and on-ramp works, during which the off-ramp left-turn lanes will be reduced to one lane, see **Section 4.2.1.4**
- Completion of the new bus lanes on Ti Rakau Drive between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road as well as the crossroads intersection with Palm Avenue and Aylesbury Street. Ongoing construction of the new eastbound lanes in this section of Ti Rakau Drive, see **Section 4.2.1.5**
- The western approach to the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road intersection will provide two through lanes only (no right-turn onto SEART). The eastern approach will provide two left-turn lanes onto SEART and two through lanes. The off-ramp will provide one left-turn lane and two right-turn lanes, see **Section 4.2.1.5**
- Completion of the Pakuranga Road works between Ti Rakau Drive and the RRF, see **Section 4.2.1.6**
- Completion of the Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road and Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road intersection works, see **Section 4.2.2.1**
- Completion of Phases 1 and 2 of the Ti Rakau Drive works between Mattson Road and Gossamer Drive, see **Section 4.2.2.3** and **Section 4.2.2.4**

Intersection Performance:

The AM peak hour for intersections assessed in Construction Scenario 2 was between 07:45 – 08:45 and the PM peak hour was between 16:15 – 17:15. The horizon year for all intersection assessments was 2028. Traffic signal phasing diagrams per intersection are provided in **Appendix F** and lane performance summaries per intersection are provided in **Appendix G**.

Intersection performance analyses were undertaken at the following intersections under Construction Scenario 2:

- Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive
- Pakuranga Road / Brampton Court
- Pakuranga Road / RRF
- Reeves Road / Aylesbury Street
- William Roberts Road / Reeves Road
- William Roberts Road / Cortina Place
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue

- Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART
- Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road
- Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road
- Ti Rakau Drive western U-turn facility
- Ti Rakau Drive eastern U-turn facility
- Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive

Table 23 provides a comparison of the intersection performance between the Do-Minimum and Construction Scenario 2 during the AM peak, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 23: Intersection performance – Do-Minimum vs Construction Scenario 2 (AM peak, 2028)

Intersection	Do-Minimum			Construction Scenario 2		
	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]
Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr	C	0.85	33	D	0.84	46
Pakuranga Rd / Brampton Ct	N/A	0.42	1	N/A	0.37	1
Pakuranga Rd / RRF	Built during EB2			D	0.92	41
Reeves Rd / Aylesbury St	N/A	0.27	1	N/A	0.03	3
William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd	N/A	0.68	7	N/A	0.16	5
William Roberts Rd / Cortina Pl	Built during WRRE			N/A	0.15	1
Ti Rakau Dr / Aylesbury St / Palm Ave	Built during EB2			C	0.78	33
Ti Rakau Dr/ Reeves Rd / SEART	F	0.90	178	C	0.86	22
Ti Rakau Dr / William Roberts Rd	Built during WRRE			B	0.86	14
Ti Rakau Dr / Mattson Rd	B	0.79	16	C	0.88	25
Ti Rakau Dr western U-turn facility	Built during EB3R			A	0.69	4
Ti Rakau Dr eastern U-turn facility	Built during EB3R			A	0.83	10
Ti Rakau Dr / Gossamer Dr	D	1.02	48	E	0.94	63

SIDRA analysis indicates that overall, in the AM peak, Construction Scenario 2 is expected to result in minimal adverse effects to intersection performance along the network. Compared to the Do-Minimum scenario, similar intersection performance is expected at the following intersections:

- Pakuranga Road / Brampton Court
- Reeves Road / Aylesbury Street
- William Roberts Road / Reeves Road

Once constructed, the following new intersections are expected to operate with spare capacity during the AM peak under Construction Scenario 2, all with acceptable LOS and DOS:

- Pakuranga Road / RRF
- William Roberts Road / Cortina Place
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue
- Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road
- Ti Rakau Drive western U-turn facility
- Ti Rakau Drive eastern U-turn facility

Increases in delay are expected at the Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection during the AM peak hour, however the intersection is expected to operate at an acceptable LOS D.

Significant improvements in DOS and delay are predicted at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection, and is expected to operate with spare capacity (LOS C).

Similar to Construction Scenario 1, a minor increase in DOS and delay is predicted at the Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road intersection during the AM peak under Construction Scenario 2. However, the intersection is expected to operate at an acceptable LOS C.

A minor increase in delay is predicted at the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection, from 48s to 63s under Construction Scenario 2. Regardless, the intersection is expected to operate with spare capacity (LOS E).

Table 24 provides a comparison of the intersection performance between the Do-Minimum and Construction Scenario 2 during the PM peak, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 24: Intersection performance – Do-Minimum vs Construction Scenario 2 (PM Peak, 2028)

Intersection	Do-Minimum			Construction Scenario 2		
	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]
Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr	D	0.91	47	E	1.52	72
Pakuranga Rd / Brampton Ct	N/A	0.53	1	N/A	0.38	1
Pakuranga Rd / RRF	Built during EB2			E	1.02	65
Reeves Rd / Aylesbury St	N/A	0.38	1	N/A	0.08	3
William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd	N/A	0.87	11	N/A	0.20	3
William Roberts Rd / Cortina Pl	Built during WRRE			N/A	0.33	6
Ti Rakau Dr / Aylesbury St / Palm Ave	Built during EB2			D	0.85	41
Ti Rakau Dr/ Reeves Rd / SEART	F	1.13	83	C	0.89	31
Ti Rakau Dr / William Roberts Rd	Built during WRRE			B	0.77	10
Ti Rakau Dr / Mattson Rd	B	0.66	12	B	0.81	13
Ti Rakau Dr western U-turn facility	Built during EB3R			A	0.67	4
Ti Rakau Dr eastern U-turn facility	Built during EB3R			A	0.81	9
Ti Rakau Dr / Gossamer Dr	D	0.90	44	E	1.02	73

SIDRA analysis indicates that in the PM peak, Construction Scenario 2 is also expected to result in minimal adverse effects to intersection performance along the network overall. Compared to the Do-Minimum scenario, similar intersection performance is expected at the following intersections:

- Pakuranga Road / Brampton Court
- Reeves Road/ Aylesbury Street
- Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road

Once constructed, the following new intersections are expected to operate with spare capacity during the PM peak under Construction Scenario 2, all with acceptable LOS and DOS:

- Pakuranga Road / RRF
- William Roberts Road / Cortina Place
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue
- Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road
- Ti Rakau Drive western U-turn facility

- Ti Rakau Drive eastern U-turn facility

Increases in DOS and delay are predicted at the Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection, and is predicted to operate near capacity in the PM peak under Construction Scenario 2. However, the LOS E is considered acceptable.

Improvements in DOS and delay are predicted at the William Roberts Road / Reeves Road intersection during the PM peak hour under Construction Scenario 2.

Significant improvements in DOS and delay are predicted at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection, and it is expected to operate with spare capacity (LOS C).

An increase in DOS and delay is predicted at the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection under Construction Scenario 2. Regardless, the intersection is expected to operate at an acceptable LOS E.

5.2.2.4 Construction Scenario 3

The final major changes to the transport network are the construction of the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road intersection (underneath the RRF) and the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection. These works will occur after Reeves Road and the RRF have been constructed and will occur during a low traffic period (December to January) to mitigate the effects of the disruption. These activities are simulated in Construction Scenario 3.

Proposed Intersection Layout during Construction – Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road:

The intersection will be built in two sub-phases with Ti Rakau Drive being reduced to one lane each way for a short period (approximately one month). Additionally, the right-turn movements from Ti Rakau Drive onto SEART will be closed and detoured via Pakuranga Road and the new RRF. The right-turn movements from SEART will also be closed and will be detoured via the RRF and Pakuranga Road. The left-turn movements from Ti Rakau Drive onto SEART will be reduced to one lane. **Figure 69** shows the proposed temporary layout of the intersection during the works, with the work zone in dark green.

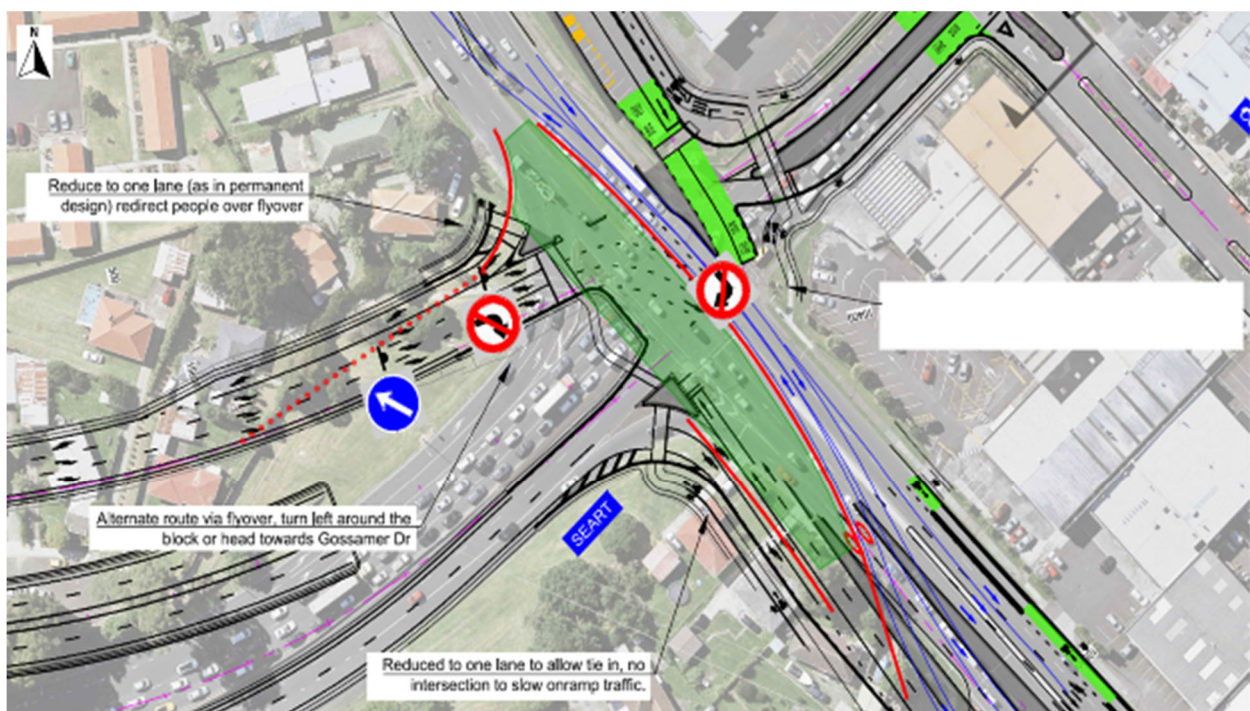


Figure 69: Ti Rakau Dr / Reeves Rd proposed layout during construction

Proposed Intersection Layout during Construction – Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive:

The preferred construction method, without altering the pavement type or compromising on pavement quality, is a 'Blitz' approach. In other words, a relatively short period of time with a higher intensity of works. This approach will consist of temporarily closing access to Gossamer Drive, to enable the majority of the difficult to access areas to be completed. Furthermore, Ti Rakau Drive will be reduced to one lane each way through the intersection. The Freemantle Place approach will remain as per the existing environment and will be completed in the subsequent sub-phases (Phases 3b-c, see **Section 4.2.2.5**). However, this approach has large programming risks and the effects on the traffic environment are dependent on the quality of communication with the public leading up to the closure.

Traffic Volume Reduction during Holiday Period:

Throughout this ITA, traffic volumes used in the modelling assessments represent an average weekday’s traffic demand. However, in order to model a low traffic period, such as a December to January holiday period, historical traffic data (SCATS) was analysed at various intersections. By comparing traffic data from an average weekday with that of a December holiday period, a suitable reduction factor was determined. This reduction factor was used in the modelling assessments to produce representative traffic volumes.

Figure 70 provides a comparison of typical weekday traffic volumes and December holiday period traffic volumes at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection. On average, the intersection experiences a 24% reduction in peak period traffic volumes across all approaches.

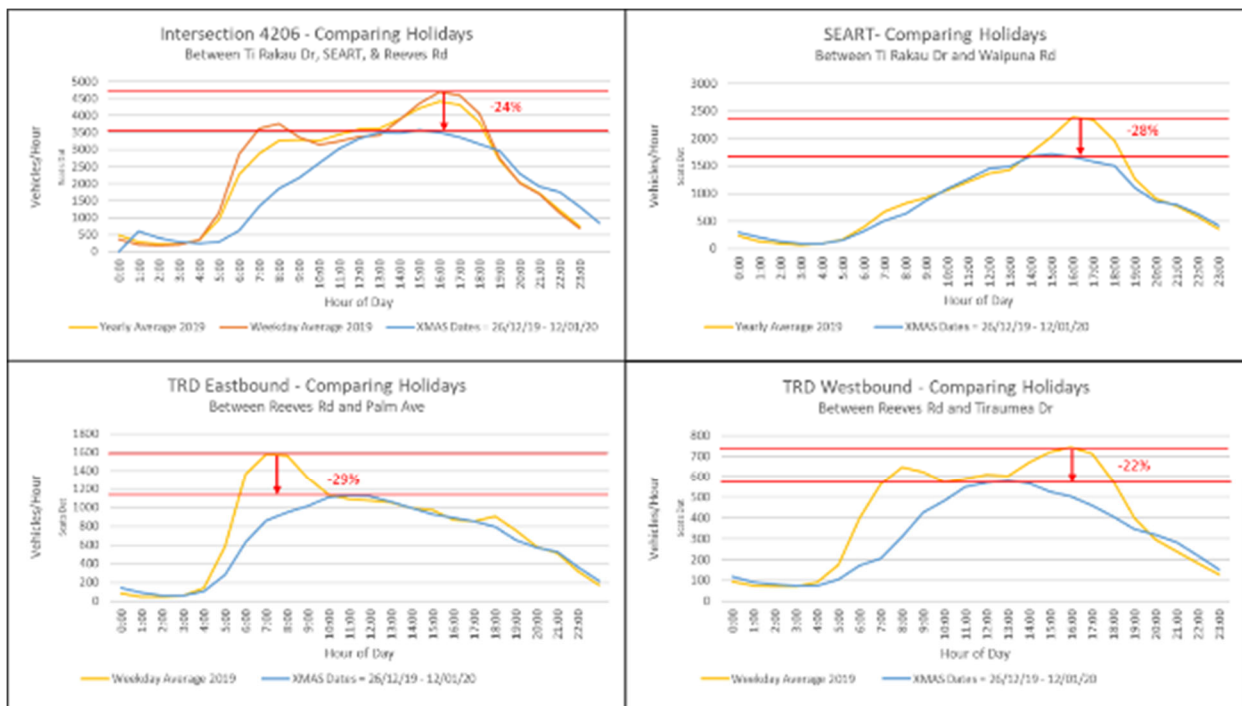


Figure 70: Ti Rakau Dr / Reeves Rd intersection traffic volume reduction²⁷

Figure 71 below provides a comparison of typical weekday traffic volumes and December holiday period traffic volumes at Gossamer Drive. On average, Gossamer Drive experiences a 50% reduction in peak period traffic volumes.

²⁷ Traffic data sourced from 2019 SCATS data for site 4206.

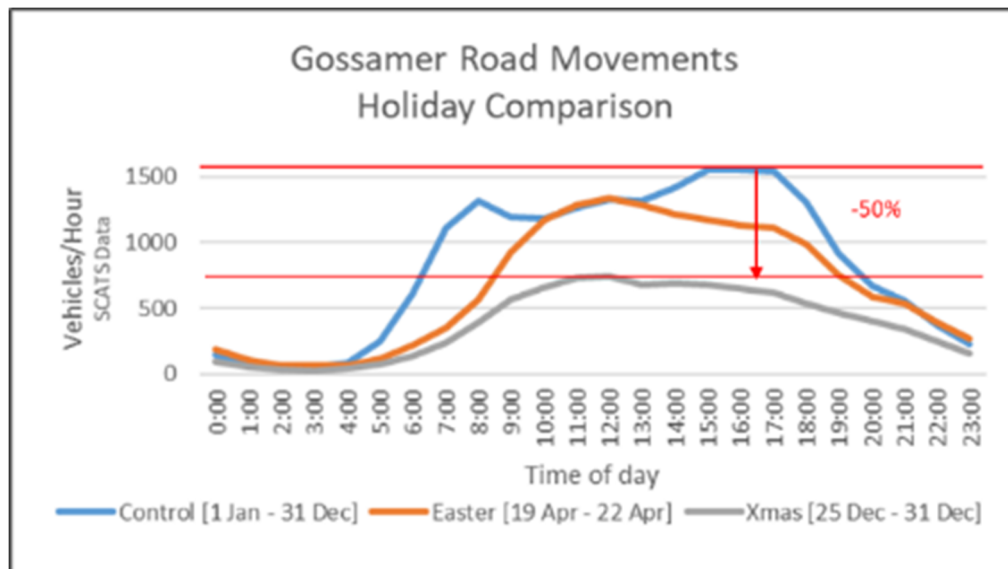


Figure 71: Gossamer Dr traffic volume reduction²⁸

It is expected that this behaviour will continue in the future, during the planned construction of the intersections. Furthermore, the graphs show that even greater reductions in traffic volumes could be expected during the AM and PM peak periods.

Extensive community engagement will be undertaken well in advance of the planned works at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road and Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersections. This will include notices of the planned works, dates of construction, messaging to avoid the areas where disruption is anticipated and alternative routes. This will be achieved through the CTMP. With these mitigation measures, it is anticipated that a 40% reduction in background traffic volumes could be achieved during the planned construction of the intersection.

Intersection Performance:

The AM peak hour for intersections assessed in Construction Scenario 3 was between 07:15 – 08:15 and the PM peak hour was between 16:15 – 17:15. The horizon year for all intersection assessments was 2028. A 40% reduction in background traffic volumes was applied for the reasons discussed above. Traffic signal phasing diagrams per intersection are provided in **Appendix H** and lane performance summaries per intersection are provided in **Appendix I**.

²⁸ Traffic data sourced from 2019 SCATS data for site 4213.

Intersection performance analyses were undertaken at the following intersections:

- Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive
- Pakuranga Road / Brampton Court
- Pakuranga Road / RRF
- William Roberts Road / Cortina Place
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue
- Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART
- Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road
- Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road
- Ti Rakau Drive western U-turn facility
- Ti Rakau Drive eastern U-turn facility
- Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive

Table 25 below provides a comparison of the intersection performance between the Do-Minimum and Construction Scenario 3 during the AM peak, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 25: Intersection performance – Do-Minimum vs Construction Scenario 3 (AM peak, 2028)

Intersection	Do-Minimum			Construction Scenario 3		
	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]
Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr	C	0.85	33	D	0.83	38
Pakuranga Rd / Brampton Ct	N/A	0.42	1	N/A	0.33	1
Pakuranga Rd / RRF	Built during EB2			C	0.89	30
William Roberts Rd / Cortina Pl	Built during WRRE			N/A	0.07	1
Ti Rakau Dr / Aylesbury St / Palm Ave	Built during EB2			C	0.89	29
Ti Rakau Dr / Reeves Rd / SEART	F	0.90	178	B	0.89	17
Ti Rakau Dr / William Roberts Rd	Built during WRRE			B	0.55	10
Ti Rakau Dr / Mattson Rd	B	0.79	16	B	0.77	16
Ti Rakau Dr western U-turn facility	Built during EB3R			A	0.43	4
Ti Rakau Dr eastern U-turn facility	Built during EB3R			A	0.79	7
Ti Rakau Dr / Gossamer Dr	D	1.02	48	C	0.95	31

SIDRA analysis indicates that overall, in the AM peak, Construction Scenario 3 is expected to result in minimal adverse effects to intersection performance along the network. Compared to the Do-Minimum scenario, similar intersection performance is expected at the following intersections:

- Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive
- Pakuranga Road / Brampton Court
- Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road

Once constructed, the following new intersections are expected to operate with spare capacity during the AM peak under Construction Scenario 3, all with acceptable LOS and DOS:

- Pakuranga Road / RRF
- William Roberts Road / Cortina Place
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue
- Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road
- Ti Rakau Drive western U-turn facility
- Ti Rakau Drive eastern U-turn facility

Under a 40% reduction in traffic volumes and the various lane closures at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection during its construction, the intersection is predicted to operate at an acceptable LOS B with a DOS of 0.89 and delay of 17s.

Minor improvements in DOS and delay are predicted at the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection and is expected to operate with spare capacity (LOS C).

Table 26 below provides a comparison of the intersection performance between the Do-Minimum and Construction Scenario 3 during the PM peak, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 26: Intersection performance – Do-Minimum vs Construction Scenario 3 (PM Peak, 2028)

Intersection	Do-Minimum			Construction Scenario 3		
	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]
Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr	D	0.91	47	D	0.87	39
Pakuranga Rd / Brampton Ct	N/A	0.53	1	N/A	0.29	1
Pakuranga Rd / RRF	Built during EB2			E	0.98	62
William Roberts Rd / Cortina Pl	Built during WRRE			N/A	0.12	1
Ti Rakau Dr / Aylesbury St / Palm Ave	Built during EB2			D	0.87	41
Ti Rakau Dr/ Reeves Rd / SEART	F	1.13	83	B	0.84	12
Ti Rakau Dr / William Roberts Rd	Built during WRRE			B	0.58	15
Ti Rakau Dr / Mattson Rd	B	0.66	12	B	0.81	17
Ti Rakau Dr western U-turn facility	Built during EB3R			A	0.64	5
Ti Rakau Dr eastern U-turn facility	Built during EB3R			A	0.77	7
Ti Rakau Dr / Gossamer Dr	D	0.90	44	D	0.97	49

SIDRA analysis indicates that in the PM peak, Construction Scenario 3 is also expected to result in minimal adverse effects to intersection performance along the network overall. Compared to the Do-Minimum scenario, similar intersection performance is expected at the following intersections:

- Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive
- Pakuranga Road / Brampton Court
- Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road
- Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive

Once constructed, the following new intersections are expected to operate with spare capacity during the PM peak under Construction Scenario 3, all with acceptable LOS and DOS and low delays:

- Pakuranga Road / RRF
- William Roberts Road / Cortina Place
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue
- Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road
- Ti Rakau Drive western U-turn facility
- Ti Rakau Drive eastern U-turn facility

Similar to the AM peak, under a 40% reduction in traffic volumes and the various lane closure at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection, it is predicted to operate at an acceptable LOS B with a DOS of 0.84 and delay of 12s.

5.2.2.5 EB2 – Pakuranga Road / William Roberts Road Temporary Signalisation

As stated in **Section 5.1.1.4**, the Pakuranga Road / William Roberts Road intersection will be signalised temporarily to aid construction traffic turning into and out from William Roberts Road. The signalisation will improve the capacity of the right-turn movements and improve safety of turning across three lanes of through traffic.

It is anticipated that the temporary signalisation of the Pakuranga Road / William Roberts Road intersection will occur once the William Roberts Road extension is completed, and construction commences on EB2 and EB3R. This change in the transport network could not be modelled as part of Construction Scenario 1, as William Roberts Road is already closed during this scenario. Therefore, a separate assessment is provided here.

Table 27 provides an intersection performance summary of the temporary signalisation of the Pakuranga Road / William Roberts Road intersection.

Table 27: Pakuranga Rd / William Roberts Rd temporary signalisation performance summary²⁹

Scenario	Level-of-Service (LOS)		Degree of Saturation (DOS)		Average Delay [sec]	
	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Do-Minimum (Unsignalised)	N/A	N/A	9.43	32.92	386	2,129
EB2 and EB3R (Signalised + construction traffic)	C	C	0.92	0.86	35	25

SIDRA analysis indicates the temporary signalisation of the Pakuranga Road / William Roberts Road intersection is expected to result in a significant improvement in intersection performance during both peak hours.

The average DOS for the intersection is predicted to decrease to <1.0 during both peak hours. The average delay is also predicted to experience a significant improvement, compared to the Do-Minimum, during both peak hours.

Once the RRF northern abutment is constructed and the construction yard layout has reduced, construction traffic volumes will reduce, and the temporary signalisation will be removed.

²⁹ SIDRA analyses carried out with traffic volumes based on a 2028 horizon year.

5.2.2.6 EB2 – Pakuranga Road Drainage Works

As stated in **Section 4.2.1.6**, the initial stages of the Pakuranga Road construction will also include longitudinal and crossing drainage works. This phase of work will follow after the Reeves Road and RRF construction, as well as the works on the northern side of Ti Rakau Drive between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road. **Figure 72** shows an indicative location of the planned drainage works.

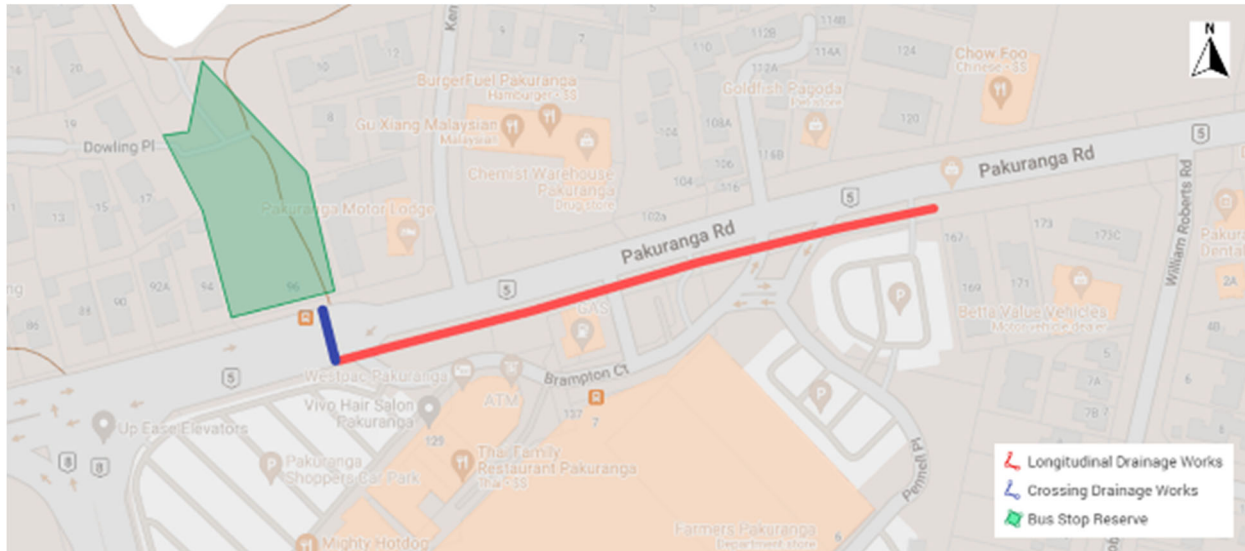


Figure 72: Pakuranga Rd drainage works

Longitudinal Drainage Works:

Longitudinal drainage construction will consist of the temporary closure of a section of the westbound kerbside lane on Pakuranga Road between William Roberts Road and Ti Rakau Drive. The works are anticipated to have a duration of approximately one month.

Pakuranga Road westbound traffic volumes at this location are predicted to be roughly 900 veh/h in the AM peak and 950 veh/h in the PM peak. As such, the remaining two through lanes are expected to have sufficient spare capacity and the effects on general traffic are considered to be negligible.

An assessment of effects on property access associated with these works is provided in **Section 5.5.4.1**.

Crossing Drainage Works:

Crossing drainage works are planned on Pakuranga Road near the signalised pedestrian crossing, in the vicinity of the Bus Stop Reserve. The works will consist of temporarily reducing the Pakuranga Road carriageway to three lanes as the large trenching work is completed and is anticipated to have a duration of approximately two weeks.

The centre lane will act tidally, providing two lanes for the critical direction of flow in the AM and PM peaks and one lane for the opposite direction. This will be enabled by a dynamic flow arrangement.

Table 28 provides intersection performance summaries of the Ti Rakau Drive / Pakuranga Road intersection and the signalised pedestrian crossing during the crossing drainage works.

Table 28: Pakuranga Rd performance summary³⁰

Scenario	Level-of-Service (LOS)		Degree of Saturation (DOS)		Average Delay [sec]	
	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Ti Rakau Dr / Pakuranga Rd						
Do-Minimum (All lanes open)	C	D	0.85	0.91	33	47
EB2 and EB3R (Downstream lanes reduced)	E	E	1.07	1.52	68	72
Pakuranga Rd signalised pedestrian crossing						
Do-Minimum (All lanes open)	E	B	1.02	0.85	67	10
EB2 and EB3R (Lanes reduced)	B	E	0.87	1.04	16	64

Although the Pakuranga Road signalised pedestrian crossing is expected to experience poorer performance during the PM peak, acceptable LOS, DOS and delays are predicted at this crossing during both the AM and PM peaks hours.

However, the decrease in roadway capacity on Pakuranga Road near the crossing is predicted to result in large queues extending upstream through the Ti Rakau Drive / Pakuranga Road intersection during the PM peak. As such, a decrease in intersection performance is predicted at the Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection during the PM peak hour.

The temporary effects to general traffic on Pakuranga Road will be mitigated by temporarily disabling the signalised pedestrian crossing. This will allow vehicles to travel through the work zone, without stopping (subject to downstream congestion), and queues on Pakuranga Road are expected to be manageable.

Temporarily disabling the signalised pedestrian crossing will result in an increase of approximately 140 m in travel distance for pedestrians to the nearest crossing at the Ti Rakau Drive / Pakuranga Road intersection. Given the short duration of disruption and the short increase in travel distance, the temporary effects to pedestrians are expected to be negligible.

³⁰ SIDRA analyses carried out with traffic volumes based on a 2028 horizon year.

5.2.2.7 EB3R – Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive East Temporary Signalisation

As stated in **Section 4.2.2.3**, Edgewater Drive is a loop with two accesses to Ti Rakau Drive. In the existing environment, Edgewater Drive west is a signalised intersection, while Edgewater Drive east is a priority-controlled intersection.

During Phase 1 of Ti Rakau Drive (Mattson Road to Gossamer Drive) in EB3R, traffic will be detoured to one end of the loop enabling the other end to be closed and rebuilt. As such, a temporary traffic signal will be provided at the Edgewater east intersection while the western intersection is under construction. It is anticipated that the construction of each intersection will have a duration of approximately two weeks.

Table 29 provides intersection performance summaries of the Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive east and west intersections during Phase 1 of the EB3R.

Table 29: Ti Rakau Dr / Edgewater Dr east and west performance summary³¹

Scenario	Level-of-Service (LOS)		Degree of Saturation (DOS)		Average Delay [sec]	
	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Edgewater Drive east						
Do-Minimum (Unsignalised)	N/A	N/A	3.86	3.41	37	27
EB2 and EB3R (Signalised + detoured traffic from Edgewater Dr west)	B	B	0.78	0.75	15	14
Edgewater Drive west						
Do-Minimum	C	C	0.87	0.85	27	26
EB2 and EB3R (Detoured traffic from Edgewater Dr east)	C	C	0.88	0.85	29	26

The temporary signalisation of Edgewater Drive east is predicted to result in improved intersection performance, with lower DOS and delays during both the AM and PM peak hours. The temporary signalisation will also improve the safety of vehicles turning right into and out from Edgewater Drive.

The increase in traffic volumes at the Edgewater Drive west intersection, during construction of the eastern intersection, are expected to lead to negligible increases in DOS and delay during both peak hours. Therefore, the effects to general traffic are considered to be negligible.

³¹ SIDRA analyses carried out with traffic volumes based on a 2028 horizon year.

5.2.3 General Traffic Travel Times

Route travel times were determined using the AIMSUN model, with a 2028 horizon year. Similar to the assessment of travel times in the existing environment (see **Section 3.4.2**) and to maintain consistency across the different assessments already conducted as well as future ITAs, 4 routes were selected to compare route travel times between the Do-minimum and EB2/EB3R scenarios for general traffic. These routes are outlined below:

- Botany to Pakuranga (Ti Rakau Drive / Chapel Road intersection to Pakuranga Road / Williams Avenue intersection) – both directions
- Botany to SEART (Ti Rakau Drive / Te Irirangi Drive intersection to the western abutment on Waipuna Bridge) – both directions
- Howick to Pakuranga (Pakuranga Road / Glenmore Road intersection to Pakuranga Road / Williams Avenue intersection) – both directions
- Howick to SEART (Pakuranga Road / Glenmore Road intersection to the western abutment on Waipuna Bridge) – both directions

The sections below assess the temporary effects to travel times during the construction scenarios.

5.2.3.1 Construction Scenario 1

Table 30 provides a comparison of the route travel times between the Do-Minimum and Construction Scenario 1, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 30: General traffic travel times – Do-Minimum vs Construction Scenario 1 (2028)

AM Peak						
Route	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 1 [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 1 [min]	Difference [min]
Botany - Pakuranga	24.7	42.2	17.5	13.9	18.2	4.3
Botany - SEART	20.9	39.9	19.0	13.7	13.7	0.0
Howick - Pakuranga	5.3	4.0	-1.3	4.7	3.9	-0.8
Howick - SEART	11.6	21.1	9.5	8.0	5.9	-2.1
PM Peak						
Route	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 1 [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 1 [min]	Difference [min]
Botany - Pakuranga	18.4	14.1	-3.4	24.6	23.7	-0.9
Botany - SEART	11.6	11.5	-0.1	24.5	28.1	3.6
Howick - Pakuranga	4.7	3.3	-1.4	3.4	3.3	-0.1
Howick - SEART	5.0	4.5	-0.5	7.5	12.0	4.5

Travels times from Botany towards SEART and Pakuranga (westbound) as well as from Howick to SEART (westbound) are predicted to experience relatively large increases during the AM peak period compared to the Do-Minimum. This is not unexpected given the following factors:

- The addition of the new Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road intersection to the network
- The closure of Reeves Road and William Roberts Road north, whereby more vehicles are likely to divert to Ti Rakau Drive
- Ongoing construction of the Pakuranga Road / RRF tie-in
- Ongoing construction of the staggered-T arrangement of the Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road and Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road intersections

Ti Rakau Drive is a congested corridor in the existing environment; therefore, it is likely that a redistribution of traffic or reduction in capacity due to road works will lead to increased queues and delays. It should also be noted that these increases in travel times are temporary. Once constructed the RRF will, in part, alleviate the congestion around the Pakuranga Town Centre and improve travel times for general traffic (see **Section 5.2.3.2**). Also, the completion of EB2 and EB3R is expected to further improve travel times, by means of the new RRF and dedicated bus lanes (see **Section 6.3.3**). Furthermore, increases in travel times through the project area are inherent in the majority of transport projects of this scale, and in light of the improvements that will be experienced once completed, this level of delay is considered to be acceptable.

Nevertheless, to mitigate these effects, appropriate public communication and advance warning of the planned works will be undertaken prior to the works being initiated. Public communication and signage will also be provided during construction informing motorists of the works and potential delays, which would lead to changes in travel behaviour such as travelling outside the peak periods or using alternative routes. This will be achieved through the CTMP.

During the AM peak period, travel times of the eastbound routes are predicted to experience small improvements or in some cases manageable increases.

Route travel times during the PM peak, in all directions, are expected to experience small improvements, or in some cases manageable increases under Construction Scenario 1. Although this level of effects does not require mitigation, public communication and advance warning of the planned works will still be undertaken prior to the works as well as during construction, along with appropriate signage of expected travel times and possible alternative routes.

5.2.3.2 Construction Scenario 2

Table 31 provides a comparison of the route travel times between the Do-Minimum and Construction Scenario 2, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 31: General traffic travel times – Do-Minimum vs Construction Scenario 2 (2028)

AM Peak						
Route	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 2 [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 2 [min]	Difference [min]
Botany - Pakuranga	24.7	22.9	-1.8	13.9	14.4	0.5
Botany - SEART	20.9	19.0	-1.8	13.7	12.5	-1.2
Howick - Pakuranga	5.3	12.5	7.3	4.7	5.4	0.7
Howick - SEART	11.6	8.9	-2.7	8.0	6.2	-1.8
PM Peak						
Route	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 2 [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 2 [min]	Difference [min]
Botany - Pakuranga	18.4	16.1	-2.3	24.6	26.4	1.8
Botany - SEART	11.6	9.3	-2.3	24.5	26.3	1.8
Howick - Pakuranga	4.7	7.3	2.6	3.4	3.9	0.5
Howick - SEART	5.0	3.0	-2.0	7.5	10.6	3.1

The westbound route from Howick to Pakuranga is predicted to experience an increase in travel time during the AM peak period. This is likely due to the operation of the newly completed Pakuranga Road / RRF intersection. The right turn from Pakuranga Road east towards Pakuranga Road west is treated as the minor movement, and the majority of the traffic signal green time is allocated to the through movements between Pakuranga Road east and the RRF.

As the operation of this intersection as well as the wider network is a balance of not only the various movements of traffic flows, but also the competing modes of transport, the trade-off is the improvement of travel times of the other routes. Particularly the improvement in travel times for the major routes from Botany and Howick towards SEART. It should also be noted that this increase in travel time is temporary. Upon completion of EB2 and EB3R, travel time for this route is expected to be improved (see **Section 6.3.3**), compared to Construction Scenario 2. As above, travel time increases are generally inherent in construction projects of this scale, and in context of the improvements that will be experienced once completed, this level of delay is considered to be acceptable.

The remaining westbound routes and all of the eastbound routes are predicted to experience small improvements or in some cases negligible increases in travel time during the AM peak period.

During the PM peak period, route travel times under Construction Scenario 2, are predicted to experience negligible increases or small improvements, in all directions.

Again, public communication and advance warning of the planned works will be undertaken prior to the works as well as during construction, along with appropriate signage of expected travel times and possible alternative routes. This will be achieved through the CTMP.

5.2.3.3 Construction Scenario 3

Table 32 provides a comparison of the route travel times between the Do-Minimum and Construction Scenario 3, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 32: General traffic travel times – Do-Minimum vs Construction Scenario 3 (2028)

AM Peak						
Route	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 3 [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 3 [min]	Difference [min]
Botany - Pakuranga	24.7	21.6	-3.1	13.9	10.6	-3.3
Botany - SEART	20.9	18.9	-2.0	13.7	N/A	N/A
Howick - Pakuranga	5.3	3.5	-1.8	4.7	3.4	-1.3
Howick - SEART	11.6	3.0	-8.6	8.0	4.0	-4.0
PM Peak						
Route	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 3 [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 3 [min]	Difference [min]
Botany - Pakuranga	18.4	26.0	7.6	24.6	12.4	-12.2
Botany - SEART	11.6	23.6	12.0	24.5	N/A	N/A
Howick - Pakuranga	4.7	4.2	-0.5	3.4	3.7	0.3
Howick - SEART	5.0	2.8	-2.2	7.5	4.9	-2.6

It should be noted that Construction Scenario 3 is planned to occur during a low traffic period and for a short duration, such as December to January. Therefore, as discussed above background traffic volumes are predicted to be 40% lower, in line with historical seasonal fluctuations.

During Construction Scenario 3, the right turn lanes from SEART onto Ti Rakau Drive (eastbound) will be temporarily closed to enable the construction of the intersection. Therefore, a route travel time for the eastbound route from SEART to Botany could not be determined. Vehicles will head along the RRF and Pakuranga Road towards Cascades Road to travel to Botany.

During the AM peak period, all westbound and eastbound routes are predicted to experience improvements in travel times compared to the Do-Minimum.

The westbound routes from Botany to Pakuranga and SEART are predicted to experience relatively large increases in travel times during the PM peak period. This is not unexpected and is likely due to the ongoing construction, and associated lane closures at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road intersection.

As noted above, Ti Rakau Drive is a constrained corridor in the existing environment, especially near the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection. Therefore, it is likely that a reduction in roadway

capacity due to road works will lead to increased queues and delays. However, it should be noted that these increases in travel times are temporary. Again, travel time increases are generally inherent in construction projects of this scale, and in context of the improvements that will be experienced once completed, this level of delay is considered to be acceptable. The completion of EB2 and EB3R is expected to improve travel times (see **Section 6.3.3**), as the roadway is opened to full capacity.

Nevertheless, to mitigate these effects appropriate public communication and advance warning of the planned works will be undertaken prior to the works being initiated. Public communication and signage will also be provided during construction informing motorists of the works and potential delays, which would lead to changes in travel behaviour such as travelling outside the peak periods or using alternative routes. This will be achieved through the CTMP.

The remaining westbound and eastbound routes are predicted to experience improvements, or in some cases negligible increases, in travel times during the PM peak period under Construction Scenario 3.

5.2.4 Summary of Temporary General Traffic Effects

Overall, the temporary effects on intersection performance during all construction scenarios across the EB2 and EB3R network are considered to be negligible or very low. The construction of the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART and Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersections is proposed to be undertaken during a low traffic period (December-January) to mitigate the potential effects of disruption.

Analysis indicated that the temporary signalisation of the Pakuranga Road / William Roberts Road intersection, to support the operation of the construction yard, is expected to lead to improved intersection performance. Also, it was determined that the signalised midblock pedestrian crossing on Pakuranga Road will need to be disabled temporarily to mitigate queues on Pakuranga Road potentially blocking through the Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection. A temporary traffic signal will be provided at the Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive east intersection during the construction of the Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive west intersection. This will ensure that signalised movements for vehicles turning into and out of Edgewater Drive are maintained.

Although the temporary effects to intersection performance during construction are predicted to be negligible or very low, some adverse effects to general traffic travel times are expected, particularly during Construction Scenario 1. These effects are not unexpected due to the number of ongoing construction activities. It should be noted that these effects are temporary, and once constructed, the RRF and EB2/EB3R as a whole will alleviate congestion, particularly around the Pakuranga Town Centre. Increases in travel times through the project area are inherent in the majority of transport projects of this scale, and in light of the improvements that will be experienced once completed, this level of delay is considered to be acceptable.

Nevertheless, to mitigate these effects, appropriate public communication and advance warning of the planned works will be undertaken prior to the works being initiated. Public communication and signage will also be provided during construction informing motorists of the works and potential delays, which would lead to changes in travel behaviour such as travelling outside the peak periods or using alternative routes. This will be achieved through the CTMP.

5.3 Effects to Bus Services and Facilities

The sections below provide details and assessment of the temporary effects during construction to bus services and facilities in the EB2 and EB3R project areas. **Figure 73** shows the existing bus services operating through the project areas. These include the 70, 72C, 72M, 72X, 352, 711 and 712 services.

School bus service operating in the EB2 and EB3R project areas include the following:

- S415 – Pakuranga to Sacred Heart College
- S416 – Botany Downs to Sacred Heart College
- S440 – Bucklands Beach to Sancta Maria College
- S013 – Otara to Edgewater College
- S073 – Otahuhu to Edgewater College

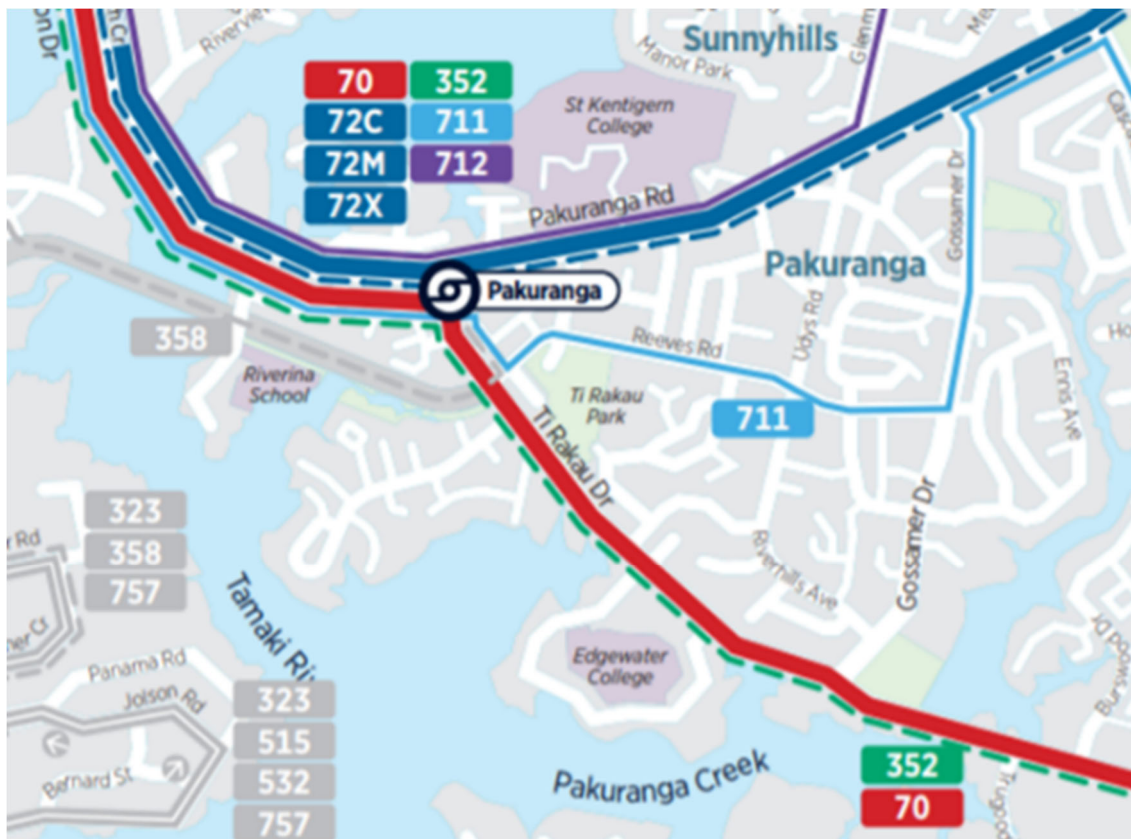


Figure 73: Existing bus services in the EB2 and EB3R project areas

5.3.1 EB2 – Reeves Road

At present, the 711 service travels partly along Reeves Road as a connector service between Howick and Panmure. During the Reeves Road closure, the 711 outbound (eastbound) service will be diverted temporarily to the newly completed WRRE (see **Figure 74**).

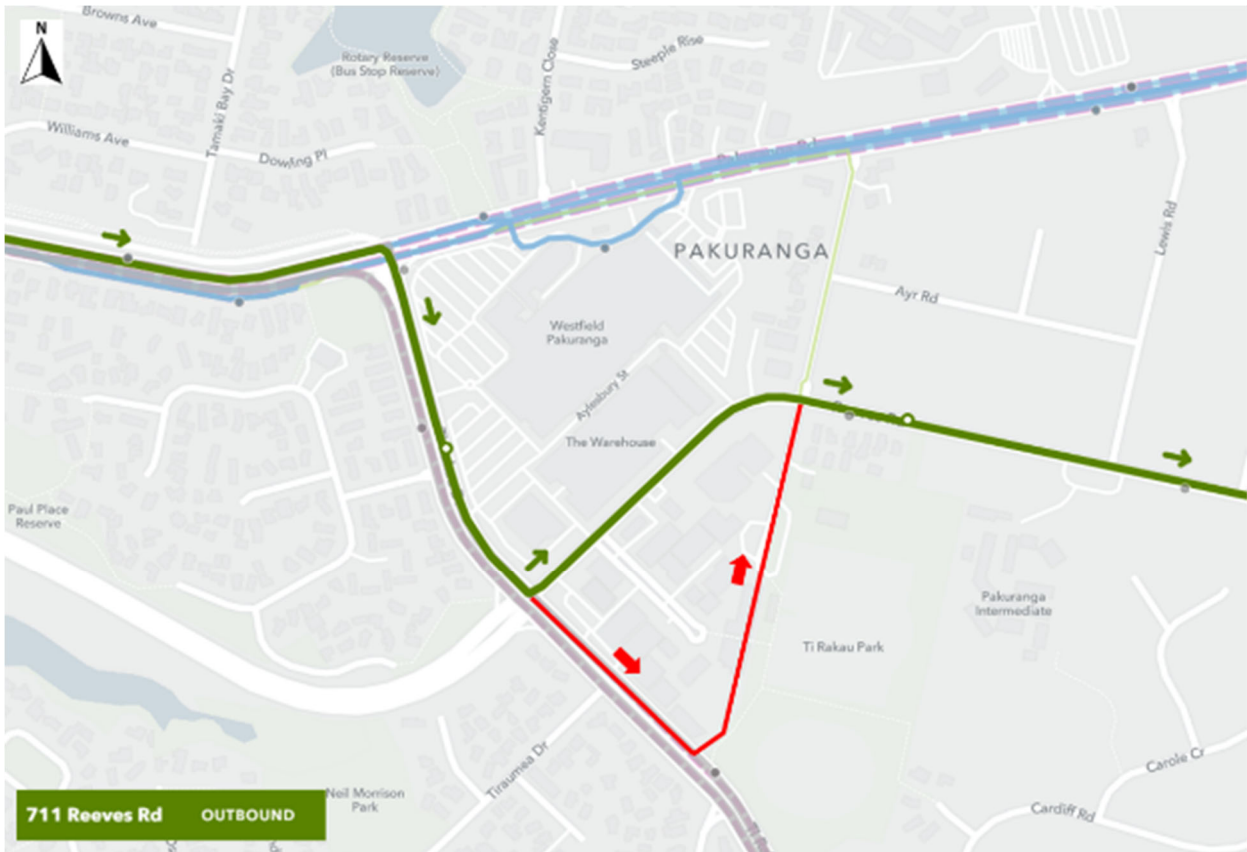


Figure 74: 711 outbound service, existing and proposed routes

The increase in distance of approximately 270 m and the resultant increase in travel time (20s) are considered negligible. It is noted that currently there are no bus stops located along Reeves Road between Ti Rakau Drive and William Roberts Road utilised by the 711 outbound service.

5.3.2 EB2 – William Roberts Road North

Currently, the 711 inbound (westbound) service travels partly along William Roberts Road north. Once William Roberts Road north is closed, the 711 inbound service will be diverted temporarily to William Roberts Road south and along Ti Rakau Drive (see **Figure 75**).



Figure 75: 711 inbound service, existing and proposed routes

The increase in distance of approximately 290 m and the resultant increase in travel time (21s) are considered to be negligible.

At present, the 711 inbound service utilises bus stop (ID 6060) to pick-up / drop-off passengers at the Pakuranga Plaza. Once William Roberts Road north is closed and until Reeves Road reopens, the 711 inbound service will utilise bus stop (ID 6127) instead.

The Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection is located approximately 160 m north and the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road intersection is located approximately 188 m south from the bus stop (ID 6127). Therefore, the increase in pedestrian walking distance to the Pakuranga Plaza is considered to be negligible.

Lewis Road was an alternative route considered during this assessment. However, Lewis Road is not well suited to buses given its narrow carriageway and on-street parking on both sides. Therefore, this alternative was discounted.

5.3.3 EB2 – Ti Rakau Drive and Pakuranga Road

Figure 76 shows the existing bus stops near the Pakuranga Town Centre, located on Ti Rakau Drive and Pakuranga Road in the EB2 project area.

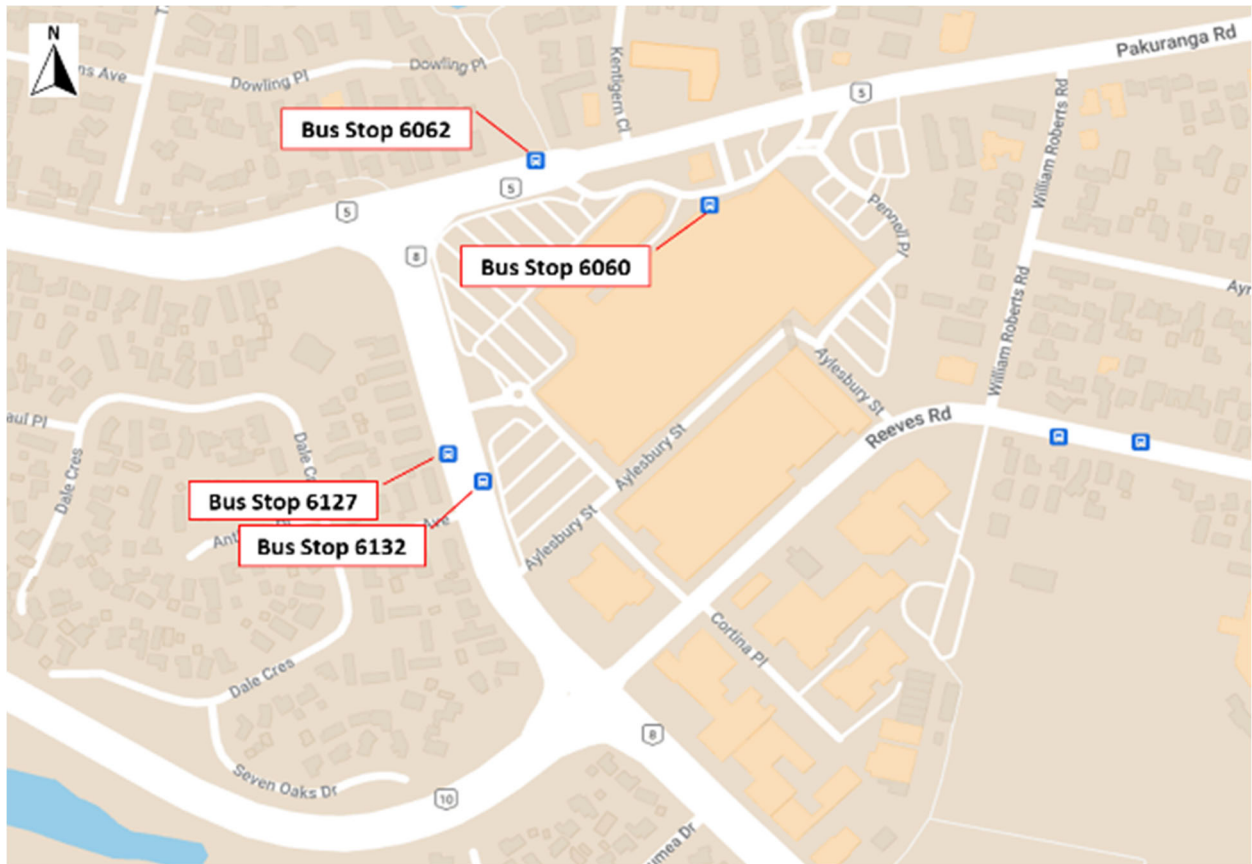


Figure 76: Pakuranga Plaza bus stops

During construction of the new bus lanes on the northern side of Ti Rakau Drive, as well as the new bus station (Phase 1 of Ti Rakau Drive in EB2, see **Section 4.2.1.5**), it is anticipated that bus stop (ID 6132) will be maintained as existing. Once this phase of work has been completed, the bus stop will be removed permanently, and the new bus station will be utilised.

Currently, this bus stop is located in-lane on Ti Rakau Drive eastbound, whereas in the future the bus station will provide indented bus bays for improved operation and safety. The remaining bus stops will remain at their current locations following this phase of work. This is due to the ongoing Reeves Road works at this stage. Bus services that will benefit from this initial improvement include the 70 outbound, 352 outbound and the 711 outbound.

Following the completion of the RRF and Reeves Road modifications, it is anticipated that the bus stops (ID 6062, 6060 and 6127) will also be removed with bus services utilising the new bus station. The bus services that will benefit from the new bus station include the 70, 72C, 72M, 72X, 352, 711 and 712.

5.3.4 EB3R – Ti Rakau Drive

Figure 77 shows the existing bus stops on Ti Rakau Drive in the EB3R project area.



Figure 77: EB3R Ti Rakau Dr bus stops

During construction of Phase 1 of Ti Rakau Drive (between Mattson Road and Gossamer Drive) in EB3R (see **Section 4.2.2.3**), which will consist of the new westbound lanes on Ti Rakau Drive, bus stops (ID 6129, 6131 and 6133) will largely be kept in accordance with the current arrangement. It is expected that the bus stops will need to shift longitudinally as the works progress. However, the effects to bus services and passengers are expected to be negligible. The eastbound bus station at Gossamer Drive will also be constructed during Phase 1, however, it will not be operational until the completion of Phase 3 of EB3R.

Once Phase 1 is completed, these bus stops will be temporarily relocated to the new westbound lanes, in close proximity to their current locations and will operate until the completion of Phase 2 of EB3R.

Phase 2 of Ti Rakau Drive in EB3R (see **Section 4.2.2.4**) will consist of the central running bus lanes, as well as the new bus station at Edgewater Drive and the westbound bus station at Gossamer Drive. As above, the Gossamer Drive bus station will not be operational until completion of Phase 3 of EB3R.

Upon completion of Phase 2, it is anticipated that the bus stops (ID 6134, 6129, 6131, 6136, 6138 and 6133) will be removed permanently. The new Edgewater Drive bus station will provide improved bus services and facilities, as well as greater pedestrian safety and amenity.

In Phase 3 of Ti Rakau Drive in EB3R (see **Section 4.2.2.5**), the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection will be constructed, which will provide a link between the western and eastern bus stations at Gossamer Drive. It is expected that following Phase 3, bus stops (ID 6140 and 6135) will be removed permanently. The new bus station will provide improved bus services and facilities, as well as greater pedestrian safety and amenity.

5.3.5 Bus Travel Times

Bus route travel times were determined using the AIMSUN model, with a 2028 horizon year. Travel times were determined in both directions during AM and PM peak periods for the following routes:

- 70 – Botany to Auckland CBD
- 72C – Botany and Howick to Panmure
- 72M – Botany and Howick to Panmure
- 72X – Botany and Howick to Auckland CBD
- 352 – Manukau to Panmure
- 711 – Howick to Panmure
- 712 – Bucklands Beach to Panmure

The sections below assess the temporary effects on bus travel times during the construction scenarios.

5.3.5.1 Construction Scenario 1

Table 33 below provides a comparison of the bus route travel times between the Do-Minimum and Construction Scenario 1, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 33: Bus travel times – Do-Minimum vs Construction Scenario 1 (2028)

AM Peak						
Route Description	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 1 [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 1 [min]	Difference [min]
70 – Botany to Auckland CBD	42.3	59.6	17.3	26.9	31.3	4.4
72C – Botany and Howick to Panmure	20.6	42.7	22.1	16.0	15.7	-0.3
72M – Botany and Howick to Panmure	-	-	-	15.8	15.9	0.1
72X – Botany and Howick to Auckland CBD	24.6	48.9	24.3	-	-	-
352 – Manukau to Panmure	36.8	46.2	9.4	29.1	29.0	-0.1
711 – Howick to Panmure	29.1	35.2	6.1	22.7	24.0	1.3
712 – Bucklands Beach to Panmure	22.6	30.6	8.0	16.6	15.5	-1.1

PM Peak						
Route Description	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 1 [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 1 [min]	Difference [min]
70 – Botany to Auckland CBD	35.7	31.7	-4.0	38.1	37.5	-0.6
72C – Botany and Howick to Panmure	14.6	14.4	-0.2	14.8	14.4	-0.4
72M – Botany and Howick to Panmure	15.0	14.3	-0.7	-	-	-
72X – Botany and Howick to Auckland CBD	-	-	-	16.8	19.4	2.6
352 – Manukau to Panmure	33.4	29.6	-3.8	27.9	27.3	-0.6
711 – Howick to Panmure	23.8	26.1	2.3	24.5	24.8	0.3
712 – Bucklands Beach to Panmure	19.7	18.5	-1.2	18.1	18.3	0.2

Bus travel times of the 70 and 352 services (westbound), along Ti Rakau Drive, are predicted to experience relatively large increases during the AM peak period under Construction Scenario 1. This is not unexpected given the following factors:

- The addition of the new Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road intersection to the network
- The closure of Reeves Road and William Roberts Road north, whereby more vehicles are likely to divert to Ti Rakau Drive
- Ongoing construction of the Pakuranga Road / RRF tie-in, whereby more vehicles are likely to divert to Ti Rakau Drive
- Ongoing construction of the staggered-T arrangement of the Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road and Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road intersections

Furthermore, with the closure of Reeves Road and with the RRF not completed at this stage, large queues are predicted in the westbound kerbside lane on Ti Rakau Drive as vehicles attempt to turn onto SEART. As the existing bus stops along Ti Rakau Drive are located along the kerbside lane, buses are likely to travel in this congested lane, resulting in increased travel times. Therefore, the effects to bus travel times are considered to be moderate.

However, Ti Rakau Drive is a congested corridor in the existing environment; therefore, it is expected that a redistribution of traffic or reduction in capacity due to road works will lead to increased queues and delays. It should also be noted that these increases in travel times are temporary. Once constructed the RRF will, in part, alleviate the congestion around the Pakuranga Town and improve travel times (see **Section 5.3.5.2**). Furthermore, the completion of EB2 and EB3R is expected to further improve travel times, by means of the new dedicated bus lanes (see **Section 6.4.7**). As discussed in **Section 5.2.3**, travel time increases are generally inherent in construction projects of this scale, and in context of the improvements that will be experienced once completed, this level of delay is considered to be acceptable.

Opportunities to improve bus travel times will be explored in the development of the CTMPs, such as the provision of temporary bus priority where feasible. Appropriate public communication and advance warning of the planned works will be undertaken prior to the works being initiated. Public communication and signage will also be provided during construction informing motorists of the works

and potential delays, which could lead to changes in travel behaviour such as travelling outside the peak periods or using alternative routes.

Bus travel times of the 72C and 72X services (westbound), along Pakuranga Road, are also predicted to experience increases during the AM peak period. This likely due to the closure of Reeves Road and the RRF not being constructed yet. Large queues are also predicted in the westbound kerbside lane on Pakuranga Road as vehicles attempt to turn left onto Ti Rakau Drive towards SEART. Again, buses are likely to travel in this congested lane, resulting in increased travel times.

As above, opportunities to improve bus travel times will be explored in the development of the CTMPs, such as the provision of temporary bus priority or temporary bus lanes where feasible.

It should be noted that the 72M (westbound) and 72X (eastbound) services do not operate during the AM peak period.

The 711 and 712 services (westbound) and all of the eastbound services are predicted to experience manageable increases, or in some cases small improvements, in travel times during the AM peak period under Construction Scenario 1.

All services in both directions are predicted to experience manageable increases, or in some cases small improvements, in travel time during the PM peak period under Construction Scenario 1.

5.3.5.2 Construction Scenario 2

Table 34 provides a comparison of the bus route travel times between the Do-Minimum and Construction Scenario 2, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 34: Bus travel times – Do-Minimum vs Construction Scenario 2 (2028)

AM Peak						
Route Description	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 2 [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 2 [min]	Difference [min]
70 – Botany to Auckland CBD	42.3	30.6	-11.7	26.9	22.8	-4.1
72C – Botany and Howick to Panmure	20.6	25.6	5.0	16.0	16.1	0.1
72M – Botany and Howick to Panmure	-	-	-	15.8	15.9	0.1
72X – Botany and Howick to Auckland CBD	24.6	30.2	5.6	-	-	-
352 – Manukau to Panmure	36.8	25.7	-11.1	29.1	22.5	-6.6
711 – Howick to Panmure	29.1	32.7	3.6	22.7	25.7	3.0
712 – Bucklands Beach to Panmure	22.6	27.3	4.7	16.6	15.8	-0.8

PM Peak						
Route Description	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 2 [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 2 [min]	Difference [min]
70 – Botany to Auckland CBD	35.7	29.2	-6.5	38.1	36.2	-1.9
72C – Botany and Howick to Panmure	14.6	18.6	4.0	14.8	14.8	0.0
72M – Botany and Howick to Panmure	15.0	19.8	4.8	-	-	-
72X – Botany and Howick to Auckland CBD	-	-	-	16.8	17.7	0.9
352 – Manukau to Panmure	33.4	27.1	-6.3	27.9	25.1	-2.8
711 – Howick to Panmure	23.8	25.7	1.9	24.5	24.0	-0.5
712 – Bucklands Beach to Panmure	19.7	24.8	5.1	18.1	18.7	0.6

The completion of the RRF is predicted to result in improved travel times of bus routes under Construction Scenario 2, compared to Construction Scenario 1. This is due to a significant redistribution of general traffic from Ti Rakau Drive to the RRF.

Significant improvements in bus travel times of the 70 and 352 (westbound) services are predicted during the AM peak. The 70 and 352 (eastbound) services are predicted to experience more modest travel time improvements.

The remaining westbound and eastbound services are predicted to experience manageable increases, or in some cases small improvements, in travel times during the AM peak under Construction Scenario 2.

Similar to the AM peak, travel times of the 70 and 352 services along Ti Rakau Drive are expected to experience improvements, in both directions, during the PM peak.

Again, travel times of the remaining westbound and eastbound services are expected to experience manageable increases or small improvements during the PM peak under Construction Scenario 2.

5.3.5.3 Construction Scenario 3

Table 35 provides a comparison of the bus route travel times between the Do-Minimum and Construction Scenario 3, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 35: Bus travel times – Do-Minimum vs Construction Scenario 3 (2028)

AM Peak						
Route Description	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 3 [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 3 [min]	Difference [min]
70 – Botany to Auckland CBD	42.3	35.7	-6.6	26.9	20.4	-6.5
72C – Botany and Howick to Panmure	20.6	15.8	-4.8	16.0	14.2	-1.8
72M – Botany and Howick to Panmure	-	-	-	15.8	14.5	-1.3
72X – Botany and Howick to Auckland CBD	24.6	20.2	-4.4	-	-	-
352 – Manukau to Panmure	36.8	30.0	-6.8	29.1	18.7	-10.4
711 – Howick to Panmure	29.1	30.0	0.9	22.7	19.5	-3.2
712 – Bucklands Beach to Panmure	22.6	16.5	-6.1	16.6	13.4	-3.2
PM Peak						
Route Description	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 3 [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	Construction 3 [min]	Difference [min]
70 – Botany to Auckland CBD	35.7	39.3	3.6	38.1	22.1	-16.0
72C – Botany and Howick to Panmure	14.6	17.4	2.8	14.8	14.4	-0.4
72M – Botany and Howick to Panmure	15.0	19.1	4.1	-	-	-
72X – Botany and Howick to Auckland CBD	-	-	-	16.8	16.5	-0.3
352 – Manukau to Panmure	33.4	34.9	1.5	27.9	18.5	-9.4
711 – Howick to Panmure	23.8	29.1	5.3	24.5	19.6	-4.5
712 – Bucklands Beach to Panmure	19.7	18.8	-0.9	18.1	14.4	-3.7

As Construction Scenario 3 simulates a lower traffic period, compared to Construction Scenario 1 and 2, bus travel times are naturally expected to be lower even with the ongoing construction activities at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART and Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive.

Improvements in travel times of all bus services in both directions are predicted in the AM peak under Construction Scenario 3, except for the 711 (westbound) service. Travel time increases predicted for this service are considered to be negligible.

Travel time improvements, or in some cases manageable increases, are expected for the bus services running through the EB2 and EB3R project areas during the PM peak under Construction Scenario 3.

5.3.6 School Bus Services

The S415 school bus service between Pakuranga and Sacred Heart College will continue to depart from bus stop (ID 6060) outside Farmers in the AM peak and will continue to terminate at bus stop (ID 6062) on the return journey in the afternoon during construction. Furthermore, the service will also continue to travel in the general traffic lanes on Pakuranga Road during construction. As stated in **Section 5.3.3**, it is anticipated that the bus stops (ID 6062 and 6060) will only be removed following the completion of the RRF and Reeves Road underneath.

The S416 school bus service between Botany and Sacred Heart College will continue to use the general traffic lanes along Ti Rakau Drive as well as the existing bus stops in the EB2 and EB3R projects areas during construction. As stated in **Section 5.3.3**, it is anticipated that the bus stop (ID 6127) in the Pakuranga Town Centre will only be removed after the RRF, and Reeves Road have been completed. Also, as stated in **Section 5.3.4**, it is anticipated that bus stops (ID 6134, 6129, 6131, 6136, 6138 and 6133) along Ti Rakau Drive will only be removed following Phase 2 of Ti Rakau Drive in EB3R (Mattson Road to Gossamer Drive) and bus stops (ID 6140 and 6135) following Phase 3 of EB3R.

During construction, the S440 school bus services between Bucklands Beach and Sancta Maria College and Primary will remain on its current route and students will board and alight at the existing bus stops. The service is unlikely to be affected by Phase 3a of Ti Rakau Drive in EB3R (Mattson Road to Gossamer Drive), as the works are planned to occur during a December – January holiday period.

Effects to the S013 and S073 school bus services between Otara and Otahuhu to Edgewater College during construction are discussed in **Section 5.5.6.5**. School bus services are expected to experience similar effects to travel times compared to general bus services (see **Section 5.3.5.1** and **Section 5.2.3.2**) as the buses are generally expected to travel in the same lanes through the network.

5.3.7 Summary of Temporary Effects to Bus Services and Facilities

Overall, the temporary effects during construction to bus services and facilities in the EB2 and EB3R project areas are considered to be moderate during Construction Scenario 1, and negligible or very low during Construction Scenario 2 and 3. The 711 service will undergo minor route changes as construction progresses through the closure of Reeves Road and William Roberts Road north. Existing bus stops along Pakuranga Road and Ti Rakau Drive will also experience minor changes during construction, undergoing minor relocation as the works progress.

As with general traffic, although the temporary effects to intersection performance during construction are predicted to be negligible or very low, some adverse effects to bus travel times are expected, particularly during Construction Scenario 1. Again, these effects are not unexpected due to the number of ongoing construction activities. It should be noted that these effects are temporary, and once constructed, the RRF and EB2/EB3R as a whole will alleviate the congestion around the Pakuranga Town Centre.

Nevertheless, opportunities to improve bus travel times will be explored in the development of the CTMPs. The effects of construction will be mitigated through public communication and advance warning prior to the works. Community engagement and signage will also be provided during construction to inform motorists of the works and potential delays, which would lead to changes in travel patterns.

5.4 Effects to Pedestrians and Cyclists

Currently, pedestrian footpaths are provided along both sides of Ti Rakau Drive, between Pakuranga Road and Gossamer Drive. Signalised pedestrian facilities for crossing Ti Rakau Drive are provided at the following intersections:

- Ti Rakau Drive / Pakuranga Road southern and eastern approaches
- Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road all approaches
- Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road Western and southern approaches
- Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive west / Chevis Place western and southern approaches
- Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive northern, eastern and southern approaches

Pedestrian footpaths are also provided along both sides of Pakuranga Road, between Ti Rakau Drive and William Roberts Road. A midblock signalised pedestrian crossing is provided near the Pepler Street exit.

In the residential area to the north of SEART, pedestrian footpaths are provided along both sides of Dale Crescent. At the southern end of the street, the footpath continues along the northern side of Seven Oaks Drive.

In the commercial area south of the Pakuranga Plaza, pedestrian footpaths are provided along both sides of Reeves Road and Cortina Place. A midblock pedestrian crossing is also provided on Reeves Road. Footpaths are provided along both sides of William Roberts Road north, to the east of the Pakuranga Plaza. Once the WRRE is completed, footpaths will be provided along both sides of William Roberts Road south, from Ti Rakau Drive up to Ti Rakau Park.

Provision of footpaths with the same width as existing footpaths will be provided during construction.

As stated in **Section 3.6.2**, no cycle facilities are provided in the existing environment, except at the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection.

Pedestrian crossings and footpaths will be maintained at all times during construction. Should this be unachievable, temporary facilities will be provided to ensure pedestrian connectivity. This will be ensured through the CTMPs.

5.4.1 EB2 – Reeves Road

Footpaths along both sides of Reeves Road as well as the midblock pedestrian crossing will be maintained during construction. When beam-landing activities are required for construction of the RRF, pedestrians may need to be diverted around these areas for safety purposes. CTMPs will be employed to achieve this.

5.4.2 EB2 – William Roberts Road North

Although construction is required to form the cul-de-sacs at each end, the existing footpaths along both sides of William Roberts Road north will be maintained. Once the RRF northern abutment is under construction, it is anticipated that the pedestrian footpath on the western side of William Roberts Road north will be closed. The effects of this closure are considered to be negligible as the footpath on the opposite side of the road will be maintained.

5.4.3 EB2 – Pakuranga Road Tie-In

The footpath along the northern side of the Pakuranga Road / RRF intersection will be maintained at all times. While the Pakuranga Road tie-in is under construction, pedestrians will be unable to utilise the existing refuge island on the southern side of the intersection. A temporary pedestrian crossing will be provided in a similar location to limit the effects to pedestrian walking time and distance.

5.4.4 EB2 – SEART

There are no footpaths along SEART provided at present.

Once the new SEART off-ramp has been completed and Seven Oaks Drive has been reinstated further north, it is anticipated that the footpath along the northern side of the Seven Oaks Drive will also be reinstated, similar to the existing environment.

5.4.5 EB2 – Ti Rakau Drive from Pakuranga Road to Reeves Road

Footpaths along both sides of the carriageway will be maintained. During the construction of the bus lanes on this section of Ti Rakau Drive as well as the new Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue crossroads intersection, pedestrians may need to be diverted around these areas for safety purposes. CTMPs will be employed to achieve this.

During construction of the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road intersection, pedestrian crossings will be maintained. Temporary crossings will be provided as necessary to avoid the construction areas.

5.4.6 EB2 – Pakuranga Road

The existing footpaths along both sides of Pakuranga Road will be maintained during construction. The existing signalised midblock pedestrian crossing on Pakuranga Road, constructed as part of EB1, will be maintained for the vast majority of the construction programme. It will be disabled temporarily during the crossing drainage works.

5.4.7 EB2 – Side Roads

The existing footpaths along both sides of Palm Avenue, Aylesbury Street north, Cortina Place and William Roberts Road will be maintained. In the case of Aylesbury Street, the footpaths will be maintained until the completion of the new Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue crossroads intersection. Following which the existing footpaths will be removed. CTMPs will be employed to divert pedestrians around work zones as necessary.

5.4.8 EB3R – Ti Rakau Drive from Reeves Road to Mattson Road

Footpaths along both sides of the carriageway will be maintained. During construction of the Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road and Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road intersections, temporary crossing facilities will be provided as per the CTMPs to avoid the work zones.

5.4.9 EB3R – Ti Rakau Drive from Mattson Road to Gossamer Drive (Phase 1)

Pedestrian footpaths on both sides of Ti Rakau Drive will be maintained. A new three-stage pedestrian crossing will be constructed, between Marriot Road and Edgewater Drive west, during the construction of the new westbound lanes. However, this crossing will not be in use until the completion of the bus lanes and the Edgewater bus station in the centre of Ti Rakau Drive. Pedestrians will continue to use the existing pedestrian crossing at the Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive west intersection.

5.4.10 EB3R – Ti Rakau Drive from Mattson Road to Gossamer Drive (Phase 2)

The footpath along the northern side of Ti Rakau Drive will be maintained, and pedestrians will be able to utilise the new footpath along the southern side during Phase 2. As above, the new staged pedestrian crossing towards the Edgewater bus station will not be in use until completion of the bus lanes and the bus station. A temporary signalised pedestrian crossing will be provided at the Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive west intersection.

5.4.11 EB3R – Ti Rakau Drive from Mattson Road to Gossamer Drive (Phase 3)

During Phase 3, the staged pedestrian crossing at the Edgewater Drive bus station will be completed and will be opened for use. During construction of Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection, pedestrian crossings will be maintained. Temporary crossings will be provided as necessary to avoid the construction areas, and will form part of the CTMP.

5.4.12 EB3R – Side Roads

The existing footpaths along both sides of Tiraumea Drive, Mattson Road, Roseburn Place, Edgewater Drive west, Chevis Place, Wheatley Avenue, Edgewater Drive east, Freemantle Place and Gossamer Drive will be maintained during construction. CTMPs will be employed to divert pedestrians around work zones as necessary.

5.4.13 Summary of Temporary Effects to Pedestrians and Cyclists

Temporary effects to pedestrians and cyclists during construction are considered to be negligible overall. Pedestrian crossings and footpaths will be maintained at all times during construction. Should this be unachievable, temporary facilities and diversions will be provided to ensure pedestrian connectivity. Furthermore, pedestrian access to properties will be maintained at all times. This will be ensured through the CTMPs.

5.5 Effects to Property Access and Parking

The sections below provide assessment of the temporary effects of EB2 and EB3R on property access, as well as on-street and off-street parking during construction, split between the EB2 and EB3R project areas.

5.5.1 EB2 – Reeves Road

The construction of Reeves Road will have no effect on on-street parking along this section of road as none is provided currently.

An assessment of temporary effects to property access and off-street parking at specific properties along Reeves Road in the EB2 project area is provided below.

5.5.1.1 3 Reeves Road – Gull Service Station

Figure 78 shows the location and property boundary of 3 Reeves Road, as well as the Gull service station (red outline) developed on the site. Access to the property from Reeves Road will not be maintained during the Reeves Road closure. Discussions regarding compensation are ongoing with the owner regarding loss of direct road access onto Reeves Road as part of the Public Works Act process.



Figure 78: 3 Reeves Rd and Gull service station (red outline)

5.5.1.2 11 Reeves Road – Eastside Pups Dog Grooming and Daycare

Access to the property at 11 Reeves Road will not be maintained during the closure of Reeves Road. A temporary two-way access will be provided from Cortina Place via the property at 2 Cortina Place (see **Figure 79**), which is owned by AT. The manoeuvring width between parking spaces to the rear of the property is approximately 8.4m and will be sufficient to accommodate a two-way temporary access, while having no effect on on-site parking. Therefore, the temporary effects to property access and parking are considered to be negligible.



Figure 79: 11 Reeves Rd temporary access during construction

5.5.1.3 7 Aylesbury Street and 2R Ti Rakau Drive – The Warehouse and Pakuranga Library

Currently, access is provided to The Warehouse’s goods access and the associated undercover carpark at 7 Aylesbury Street from Reeves Road. Similarly, the service entrance of the Pakuranga Library and Citizens Advice Bureau at 2R Ti Rakau Drive is also accessed from Reeves Road.

During the initial stages of the Reeves Road closure, from June 2023 to April 2024³², access will be maintained through the work site to the goods access and the service entrance of the library. Access to the undercover carpark from Reeves Road will not be maintained during this period. However, the existing secondary access to the undercover carpark off the private access road in the Pakuranga Plaza will remain open (see **Figure 80**). The main access to the Library on Aylesbury Street east will also remain open. Therefore, effects to property access during this period at these properties, as well as during events such as the Pakuranga Night Market, are expected to be very low.

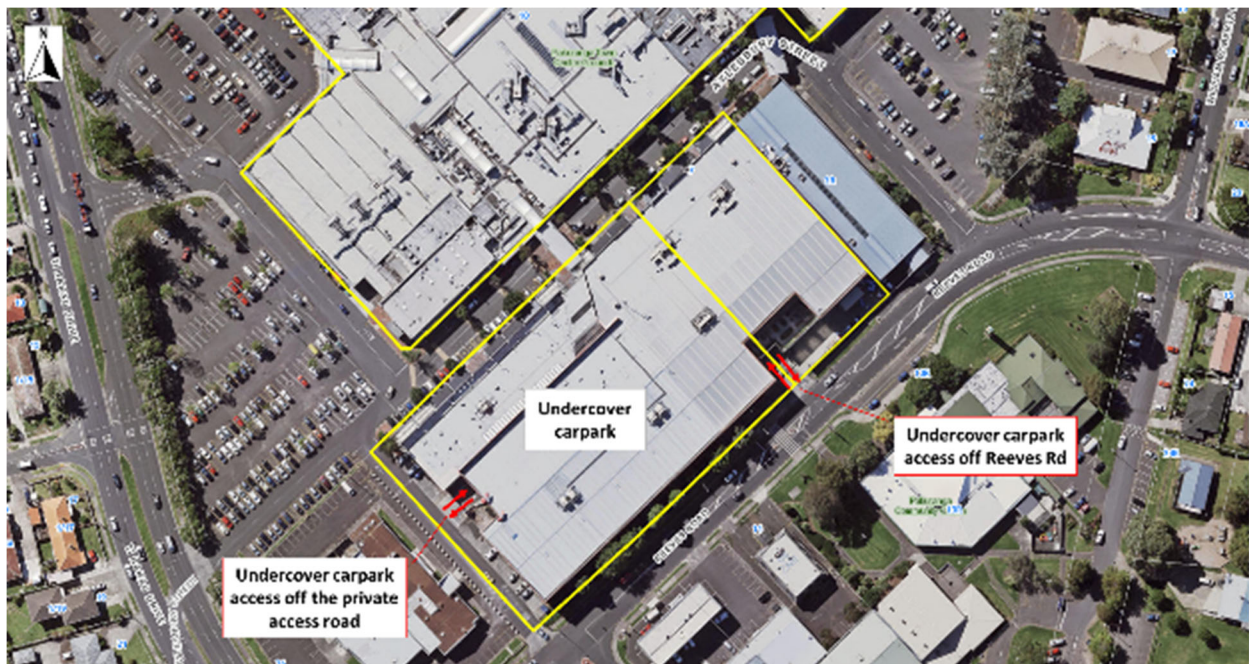


Figure 80: Pakuranga Plaza undercover carpark accesses

It should be noted that during this period, access to the Pakuranga Plaza at the Reeves Road / Aylesbury Street east intersection will also not be maintained. A full assessment of effects to property access at the Pakuranga Plaza is presented in **Section 5.5.5.3**.

Following this initial period, and in addition to the accesses being maintained to The Warehouse and the Library, access will also be reinstated to the undercover carpark. These access arrangements are shown in **Figure 81** below.

³² These periods are indicative, and the EBA is reviewing the design and construction methodology to accelerate construction.

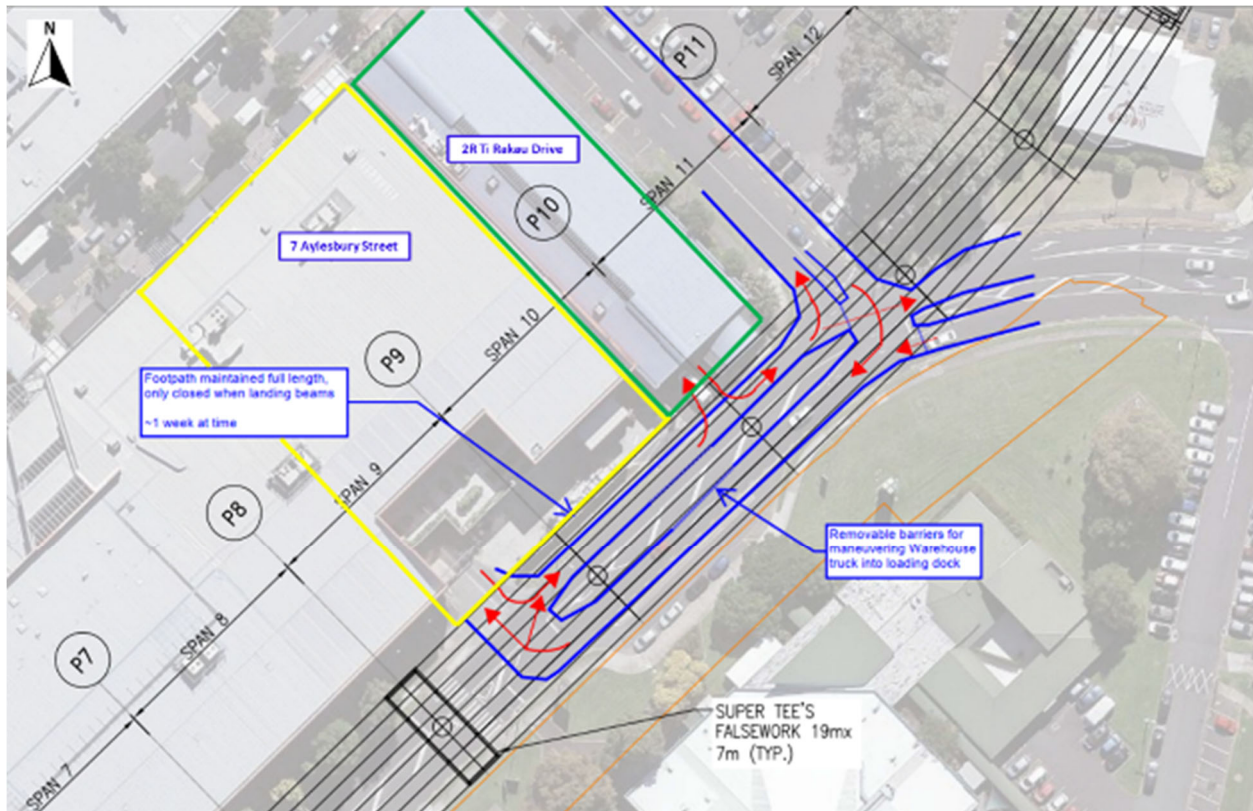


Figure 81: 7 Aylesbury St and 2R Ti Rakau Dr temporary access during construction

At present, The Warehouse’s goods access is left-in left-out only, with trucks accessing the site via Reeves Road from the south and exiting to the north. Trucks will access the site from the north on Reeves Road, execute a U-turn and return northbound on Reeves Road towards William Roberts Road during construction.

Removeable barriers will be installed in the median and the existing masonry wall on the property boundary will be removed, if required, to accommodate this manoeuvre. The wall will be reinstated after construction of Reeves Road. Deliveries to the property are currently limited to one semi-trailer per day (as per the terms of the existing resource consent for the property) and background traffic volumes on Reeves Road will be significantly reduced.

Access to the undercover carpark will also be from the north on Reeves Road, turning right into the carpark. Left-out only movements will be provided at this access for vehicles exiting from the carpark.

Access to the service entrance of the Library will be from the north on Reeves Road, executing a U-turn manoeuvre at the undercover carpark access. During construction, this access will provide for left-in left-out movements only. Given the nature of the service access and its size, it is expected that a low number of vehicles would require access to this entrance during construction. Effects to property access are expected to be negligible as the existing background traffic on the road will be redistributed elsewhere during the Reeves Road closure.

5.5.1.4 13R Reeves Road – Te Tuhi

The main access to the property off Reeves Road will not be maintained during the Reeves Road closure. A temporary indented drop-off area will be provided on the western side of William Roberts Road, with a temporary walkway leading around the property to the main entrance (see **Figure 82**).

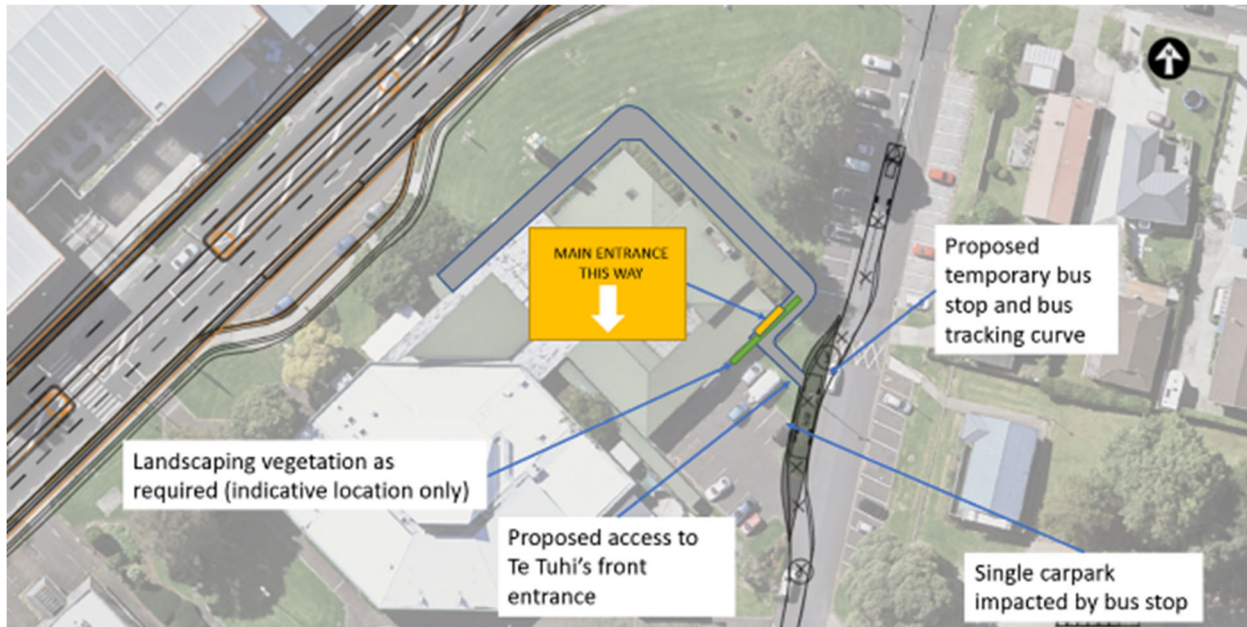


Figure 82: 13R Reeves Rd temporary access during construction

The drop-off will result in the temporary loss of one off-street parking space to the rear of the property. It is expected that the remaining 12 off-street parking spaces on the property would be sufficient during construction. Temporary effects on property access and off-street parking during construction are expected to be very low.

Once the WRRE is completed, on-street parking fronting this property will be removed via No Stopping at All Time (NSAAT) line markings. Therefore, the proposed temporary drop-off will have no additional effects on on-street parking along William Roberts Road.

5.5.2 EB2 – William Roberts Road North

As stated in **Section 5.1.1.4**, the construction yard will be located on the south-western quadrant of the Pakuranga Road / William Roberts Road intersection. The properties at 169, 171, 173 Pakuranga Road and 3 William Roberts Road have been acquired by AT and will provide the necessary space for this CSA. Again, it should be noted that this CSA is subject to a separate resource consent application and associated transport assessment. As such, no further comment on the construction yard is provided in this ITA.

AT have also acquired the remaining properties on the western side of William Roberts Road north, including 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17 and 19 William Roberts Road. These properties will provide the necessary space for the northern RRF abutment. The removal of these residential properties will further reduce the need for on-street parking along William Roberts Road north.

Lastly, AT have also acquired the properties at 177, 179, 181, 187 Pakuranga Road and 2 William Roberts Road on the southern side of the carriageway to allow for the Pakuranga Road / RRF tie-in.

Accesses to the remaining properties on the eastern side of the road will be maintained as per the existing environment.

Overall, the need for on-street parking along William Roberts Road north will be significantly reduced during construction. Therefore, the temporary effects to property access and parking are considered to be negligible.

5.5.3 EB2 – SEART

To enable the proposed design of the new SEART off-ramp and the southern RRF abutment, AT have acquired the following properties on the northern side of SEART:

- 25 and 27 Ti Rakau Drive
- 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, and 18 Seven Oaks Drive
- 1R and 19 Dale Crescent

The properties have been earmarked for demolition, thereby removing the current use of these properties.

5.5.4 EB2 – Pakuranga Road

In the existing environment, clearways are provided in the kerbside lanes on Pakuranga Road in the EB2 project area. The westbound clearway is enforced during the AM peak period (07:00 – 09:00) and the eastbound clearway during the PM peak period (16:00 – 18:00). In the off-peak periods, on-street parking is permitted along these sections of Pakuranga Road. **Figure 83** shows the location and extent of the clearways (blue outline) along Pakuranga Road in the EB2 project area.



Figure 83: Pakuranga Rd clearways and on-street parking (blue outline)

During construction of the Pakuranga Road / RRF tie-in, these clearways and on-street parking sections will be removed to provide the necessary workspace. As Pakuranga Road is largely similar to Ti Rakau Drive in the EB3R project area, in terms of traffic volumes and operating speeds, it is not unreasonable to assume that Pakuranga Road experiences the same low level of parking utilisation in the existing environment during weekdays and weekends. Based on this assumption, the temporary effects on on-street parking are expected to be negligible.

As stated in **Section 4.2.1.6**, the initial stages of the Pakuranga Road construction will also include longitudinal and crossing drainage works. Only the longitudinal drainage works are assessed here for effects to property access. A full assessment of effects to general traffic is presented in **Section 5.2.2.6**.

5.5.4.1 141 Pakuranga Road – GAS Service Station

Figure 84 shows the general location of the proposed longitudinal drainage works along Pakuranga Road and the property boundary of the GAS service station located at 141 Pakuranga Road.

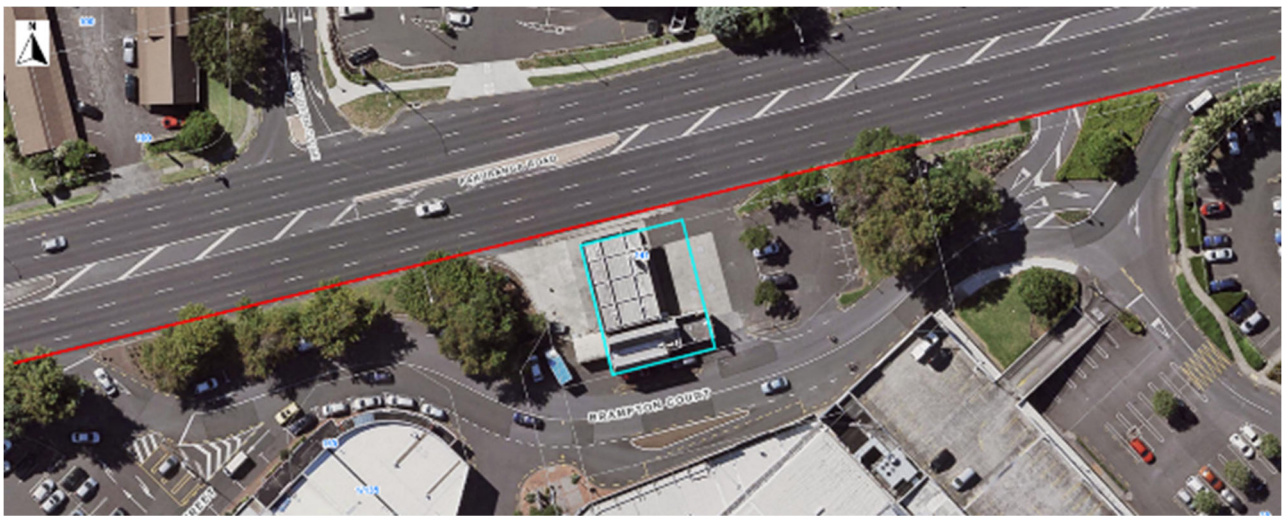


Figure 84: Pakuranga Rd longitudinal drainage works and GAS service station (blue outline)

Longitudinal drainage construction will consist of the temporary closure of a section of the westbound kerbside lane on Pakuranga Road between William Roberts Road and Ti Rakau Drive. During this phase of work, access to the Pakuranga Plaza via Brampton Court, access to the GAS service station and the Pepler Street exit will be maintained at all times via steel plating across the trench.

The drainage works will be completed in sections to ensure this. It is envisaged that lateral shifts of the access points may be required. The construction team will also liaise with the operators of the GAS service station to ensure sufficient access widths are provided, as and when required, for fuel delivery tankers. Therefore, the effects to property access are expected to be negligible.

5.5.5 EB2 – Ti Rakau Drive, Side Roads and Pakuranga Plaza

5.5.5.1 *Ti Rakau Drive*

Ti Rakau Drive in the EB2 project area, between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road, provides no on-street parking in the existing environment. Therefore, the construction phase will have no effects on on-street parking.

As per the existing environment, left-in/left-out access to the residential properties on the western side of the carriageway will be maintained throughout the construction programme. These properties include 3-27 Ti Rakau Drive. This will be achieved through the CTMP. Once the works commence in the centre of the carriageway (Phase 2 of Ti Rakau Drive in EB2, see **Section 4.2.1.5**), residents of these properties will no longer be able to use the existing U-turn facility on Ti Rakau Drive to head east. However, vehicles will still be able to turn right into Pakuranga Road and Brampton Court to execute a U-turn manoeuvre if required to head east along Ti Rakau Drive. Therefore, the effects to these residential properties are considered to be very low.

Effects on property access with regards to the Pakuranga Plaza are discussed below.

5.5.5.2 *Side Roads*

Construction works on Palm Avenue will be limited to the approach of the intersection with Ti Rakau Drive. Works on Aylesbury Street will be more extensive; however, no on-street parking is provided in the existing environment and property access will be maintained during these works. Therefore, the construction phase will have no effects on on-street parking or property access along these side roads.

5.5.5.3 *Pakuranga Plaza*

The works in the EB2 project area around Pakuranga Plaza will be constantly evolving as works transition from one phase to the next. This in turn will require multiple changes to the accesses and parking currently serving the Pakuranga Plaza until the completion of the Project. The sections below provide an assessment of the temporary effects, in chronological order, to property access and parking.

It should be noted that for the purposes of this ITA, the term 'Pakuranga Plaza' is used here to refer to the entire area encompassed in the yellow outline in **Figure 85** below and includes the following properties:

- 7 and 10 Aylesbury Street
- 2R Ti Rakau Drive
- 1 Pepler Street
- 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 135, 141 and 167 Pakuranga Road

The assessment presented here excludes the property located at 26 Ti Rakau Drive (red outline).



Figure 85: Pakuranga Plaza

Property Access:

The Pakuranga Plaza currently has six access points allowing for both in and out movements, with a seventh allowing for movements out onto Pakuranga Road only. All accesses are currently priority-controlled. **Figure 86** below shows the traffic volumes for both the AM and PM peak hours at these access points (PM traffic volumes in brackets).

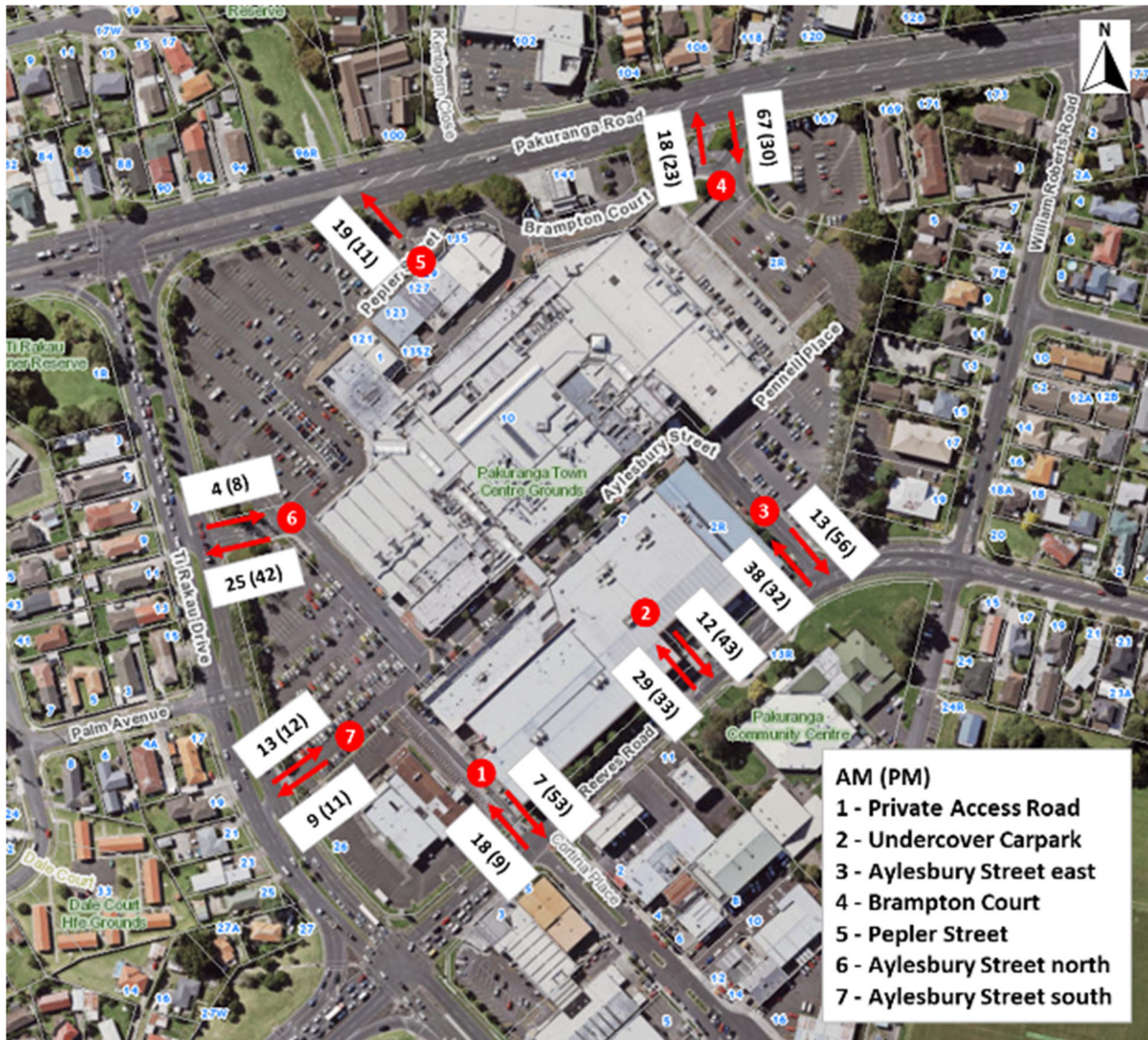


Figure 86: Pakuranga Plaza access volumes³³

As stated in **Section 5.5.1.3**, Reeves Road will be closed during the initial stages of the construction programme, from June 2023 to April 2024³⁴. Access to the Plaza via the private access road (Access 1), the undercover carpark (Access 2), and Aylesbury Street east (Access 3) will not be maintained.

³³ Traffic volumes sourced from the AIMSUN Do-Minimum model, with a 2028 horizon year.

³⁴ These periods are indicative, and the Alliance is reviewing the design and construction methodology to accelerate construction.

However, access will be maintained through the work site to The Warehouse's goods access and the Library service entrance. Furthermore, the existing secondary access to the undercover carpark off the private access road in the Pakuranga Plaza will remain open. The main access to the Library on Aylesbury Street east will also remain open.

It is expected that vehicles would divert to the four remaining accesses on Ti Rakau Drive and Pakuranga Road, which would have sufficient spare capacity due to the low background traffic volumes at those accesses. Therefore, the effects of the temporary closure of these accesses are expected to be very low.

Following this initial period, access to the Plaza via Access 2 and Access 3 will be reinstated (as stated in **Section 5.5.1.3**). However, Access 1 will remain closed. Background traffic volumes on Reeves Road will also be significantly reduced. Again, it is expected that vehicles would divert to the remaining accesses on Ti Rakau Drive, Pakuranga Road and the reopened accesses on Reeves Road, which would have sufficient spare capacity. The effects of the temporary closure of this access are expected to be negligible.

Thereafter, construction will commence on the new Ti Rakau Drive bus lanes between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road as well as the new Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue crossroads intersection (Phase 1 of Ti Rakau Drive in EB2, see **Section 4.2.1.5**). During this phase of work the existing priority-controlled Aylesbury Street accesses (Access 6 and 7) will be maintained until completion of the new signalised crossroads intersection. Once completed, the accesses will be removed. An improved access will be provided with increased capacity and will allow for all movements in and out.

Construction of the traffic signals at the Reeves Road / Aylesbury Street intersection (Access 3) is anticipated to occur after the RRF construction. This will provide an improved access to the Plaza with increased capacity.

During the final stages of the programme, after the Reeves Road and RRF construction, longitudinal drainage works will commence on Pakuranga Road. However, as stated in **Section 5.5.4.1**, access to the Plaza via Brampton Court (Access 4) and the Pepler Street exit (Access 5) will be maintained at all times via steel plating across the trenches. The drainage works will be completed in sections to ensure this. It is envisaged that lateral shifts of the access points may be required. The temporary effects to property access are expected to be negligible.

Parking:

As stated in **Section 3.7.1**, the Pakuranga Plaza currently supports 1,355 parking spaces on site. The utilisation of 840 of these parks was captured during the parking survey, shown in **Figure 87**. The utilisation of the surveyed parking spaces was determined to not exceed 60% capacity on a typical weekday or weekend.

It is not unreasonable to assume that the remaining 495 un-surveyed parking spaces experience a similar utilisation profile. Therefore, based on this assumption, it is expected that the Pakuranga Plaza has at least 542 unoccupied parking spaces on an average weekday and weekend. It should be noted that AT owns all of parking areas shown in **Figure 87**, except for those parking spaces located on Aylesbury Street.



Figure 87: Pakuranga Plaza surveyed parking areas

As stated in **Section 5.1.1.3**, the parking area off Pennell Place in the Pakuranga Plaza will be temporarily occupied and established as a CSA. This carpark in its current form provides 108 parking spaces and will be occupied for approximately two years and two months. Taking the spare capacity of parking spaces at the Plaza into account, it is expected that there would still be 434 unoccupied parking spaces on site during the period where this parking area is occupied by the CSA. Therefore, in light of the existing spare capacity, the temporary effects of the use of the carpark as a CSA on parking at the Plaza are expected to be negligible.

During the Reeves Road closure and the RRF construction, works will commence on the new offline bus lanes on the northern side of Ti Rakau Drive between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road. These works will also include the new bus station, the Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue crossroads intersection and the 'Kiss-and-Ride' facility (see **Section 4.2.1.5**). **Figure 88** shows the layout of the proposed works and the effects on parking at the Plaza.



Figure 88: EB2 Ti Rakau Drive effects on parking at Pakuranga Plaza

For the purposes of this ITA it was assumed that all of the required land area will be under construction simultaneously, in other words the full effects of the proposed works on parking. Based on this assumption, the works will result in the permanent loss of 245 parking spaces at Pakuranga Plaza. Taking the spare capacity of parking at the Plaza into account, it is expected that there would still be 189 unoccupied parking spaces on site. Therefore, the effects of these works on parking at the Plaza are expected to be negligible.

Following construction of the RRF, late in the construction programme, the Reeves Road / Aylesbury Street and the Reeves Road / William Roberts Road intersections will be signalised. This will include the realignment of Reeves Road and Aylesbury Street east. **Figure 89** shows the proposed alignment of Reeves Road and Aylesbury Street east, as well as the effects on parking at the Plaza.

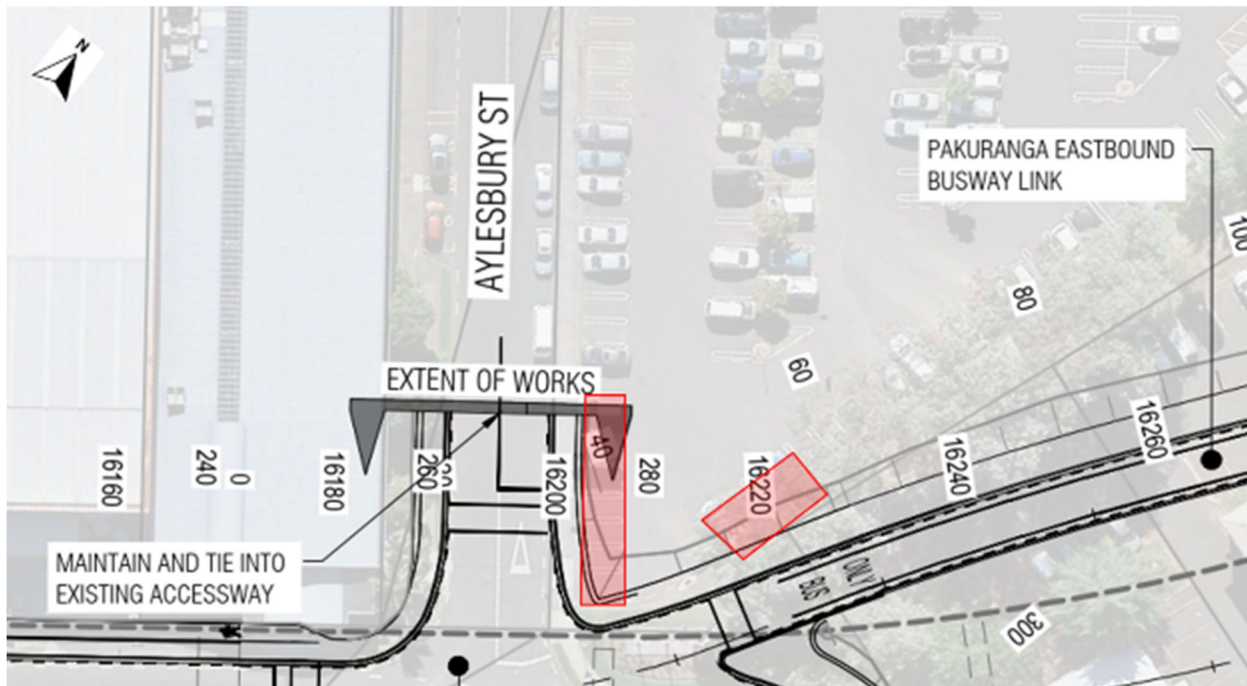


Figure 89: Reeves Rd / Aylesbury St signalisation effects on parking at Pakuranga Plaza

The proposed works will result in an additional and permanent loss of 12 parking spaces at the Pakuranga Plaza. However, these proposed works will occur after the CSA at Pennell Place has been disestablished and the parking area re-established. Taking the spare capacity of the remaining 297 parking spaces into account, it is expected that there would still be 285 unoccupied parking spaces on site. Therefore, the effects of this signalisation on parking at the Plaza are expected to be negligible.

5.5.6 EB3R – Ti Rakau Drive, Side Roads and Properties

The sections below provide assessment of the temporary effects during construction on property access and parking in the EB3R project area.

To enable the EB3R construction, AT have acquired the vast majority of properties along the southern frontage of Ti Rakau Drive including:

- 37 – 69, 73-105, 121-143, 147-207 Ti Rakau Drive
- 3 Tiraumea Drive
- 1, 3, 4 and 5 Mattson Road as well as small parcels of 7 and 9 Mattson Road
- 1 Roseburn Place
- 1 Snell Place
- 2 and 167 Edgewater Drive
- 1-2 Wheatley Avenue

Properties acquired on the northern side of the carriageway include:

- 216-222 Ti Rakau Drive
- 170, 174 and 178 Gossamer Drive
- A parcel of 168R Gossamer Drive

The majority of these properties are scheduled for demolition to facilitate the busway, thereby removing the current use of these properties.

5.5.6.1 *Ti Rakau Drive*

Ti Rakau Drive in the EB3R project area, between Reeves Road and Gossamer Drive, provides on-street parking along both sides for the majority of the corridor in the existing environment. The on-street parking will be removed during construction to provide the necessary space for the work zones. However, as stated in **Section 3.7.4**, the average utilization is poor with only 3% occupancy on weekdays and 8% on Saturdays. This is not unexpected as this high-volume road does not create an appealing location to park vehicles and is likely leading to a high perceived risk of crashes. It is also not unreasonable to assume that the surrounding residential properties have sufficient off-street parking.

Furthermore, the acquisition of the majority of the residential properties on the southern frontage of Ti Rakau Drive will remove the need for on-street parking along this section. Lastly, the current left-in/left-out access arrangements to the properties on the northern side of Ti Rakau Drive will be maintained during construction. Therefore, the temporary effects on on-street parking and property access along Ti Rakau Drive are considered to be negligible.

5.5.6.2 *Side Roads*

Tiraumea Drive, Roseburn Place, Edgewater Drive and Wheatley Avenue:

Construction works along the side roads of Tiraumea Drive, Roseburn Place, Edgewater Drive west, Wheatley Avenue and Edgewater Drive east will be limited to the approaches of the intersections with Ti Rakau Drive. Therefore, the construction phase will have negligible effects on on-street parking and property access along these side roads.

Marriot Road and Chevis Place:

No works are planned along Marriott Road and Chevis Place. Therefore, construction will have no temporary effects on on-street parking and property access along these side roads.

Mattson Road:

Construction works along Mattson Road will be relatively more extensive. The Mattson Road approach will be set back approximately 40 m south and 25 m east of its current location where it intersects with Ti Rakau Drive. This will provide space for the new westbound lanes on Ti Rakau Drive and will provide sufficient midblock stacking space between the intersections at Mattson Road and William Roberts Road.

However, the properties on the southern side of Ti Rakau Drive have been acquired, removing the need for on-street parking. Accesses to properties along Mattson Road not acquired by AT will be maintained and will interface with the new alignment of Mattson Road similar to the existing environment. Therefore, the temporary effects on on-street parking and property access along Mattson Road are considered to be negligible.

Gossamer Drive:

The Gossamer Drive approach limit line will be set back approximately 15 m from its current location and the kerbside exit lane will be extended to 100 m. NSAAT line markings are currently provided on the eastern side of the road up to the bus stop near the intersection with Riverhills Avenue. These markings will be replicated on the western side of the road. This will result in the loss of on-street parking in front of 169, 171, 173 and 175 Gossamer Drive. It is likely that these properties have sufficient off-street parking, and that on-street parking is not occupied on a regular basis. Accesses to properties along Gossamer Drive not acquired by AT will be maintained and will interface with the roadway similar to the existing environment. Therefore, the effects on on-street parking and property access along Gossamer Drive are considered to be negligible.

Freemantle Place:

The Freemantle Place approach will be set back approximately 11 m. NSAAT line markings are provided on the western side of the road for approximately 31 m from the limit line. The line markings will be reinstated upon completion and will result in the loss of one parking space in front of 3 Freemantle Place. It is expected that the remaining on-street parking space in front of the property will be sufficient. The existing line markings on the eastern side of the road will be retained. Property access along Freemantle Place will be maintained as per the existing environment. Therefore, the effects on on-street parking and property access along Freemantle Place are considered to be negligible.

5.5.6.3 Residential Properties on Southern Frontage of Ti Rakau Drive

During Phase 1 of EB3R, there will be 10 long driveways or ‘strip accessways’ to residential properties not being acquired by AT on the southern side of Ti Rakau Drive. As the new westbound lanes are constructed, access via Ti Rakau Drive will not be possible. Access to these properties will be provided via temporary residential access tracks along the back of the acquired properties as mitigation.

The temporary access tracks will run alongside a haul road to be used by site traffic, meaning construction and residential traffic will be separated. The tracks will be constructed with Chip Seal as the surface and in cases where the access tracks are greater than 50 m in length, these tracks will be wide enough for two-way traffic flow. The effect on each individual property is assessed below, however, overall the effects to property access are considered to be very low or negligible. As stated in **Section 4.2.2.3**, Phase 1 of EB3R is anticipated to have a duration of approximately one year and three months.

75A Ti Rakau Drive:

A temporary access point will be provided for 75A Ti Rakau Drive on the eastern side of Roseburn Place. The driveway will effectively line up with the existing access of 73 Ti Rakau Drive and will be separated from the haul road. Therefore, the effects to property access are considered to be negligible. **Figure 90** shows the location of the proposed temporary access.

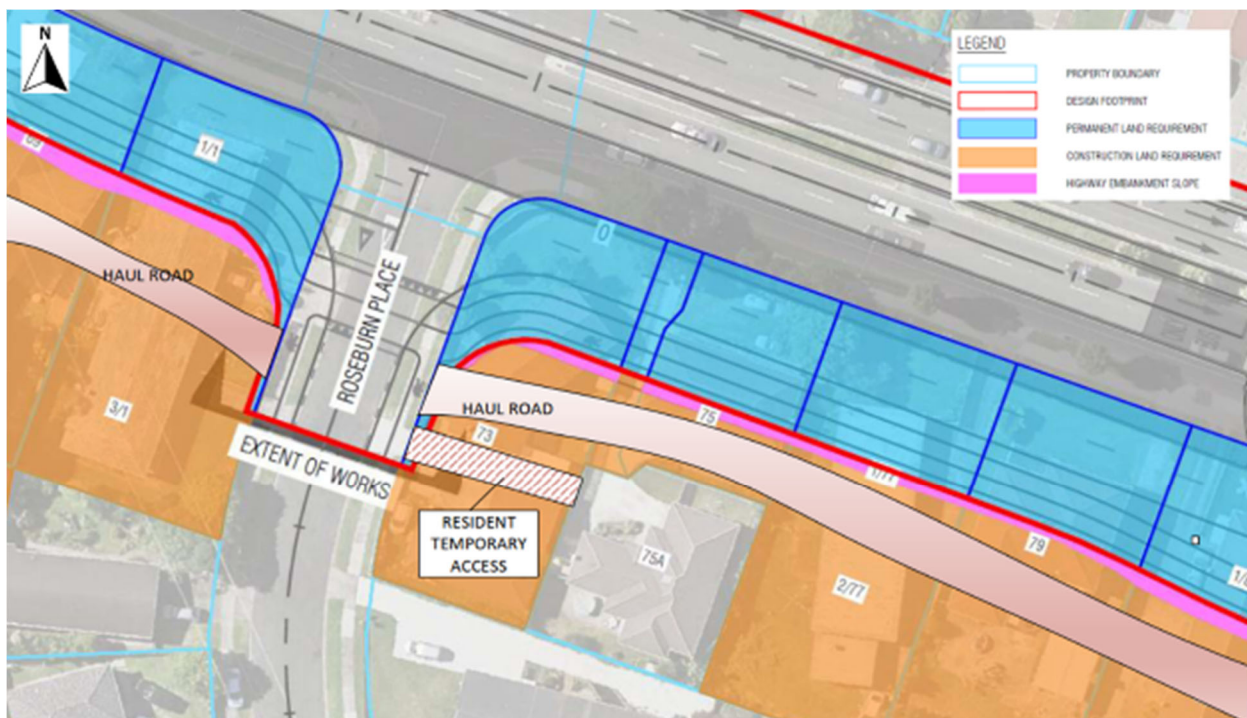


Figure 90: 75A Ti Rakau Dr temporary access

83, 83A-C, 87, 89, 91, 97 and 103A Ti Rakau Drive:

A temporary access road will be provided for 83, 83A-C, 87, 89, 91 and 97 Ti Rakau Drive at the back of the acquired properties. The temporary access road will head east towards Edgewater Drive. **Figure 91** shows the location of the proposed temporary access road.

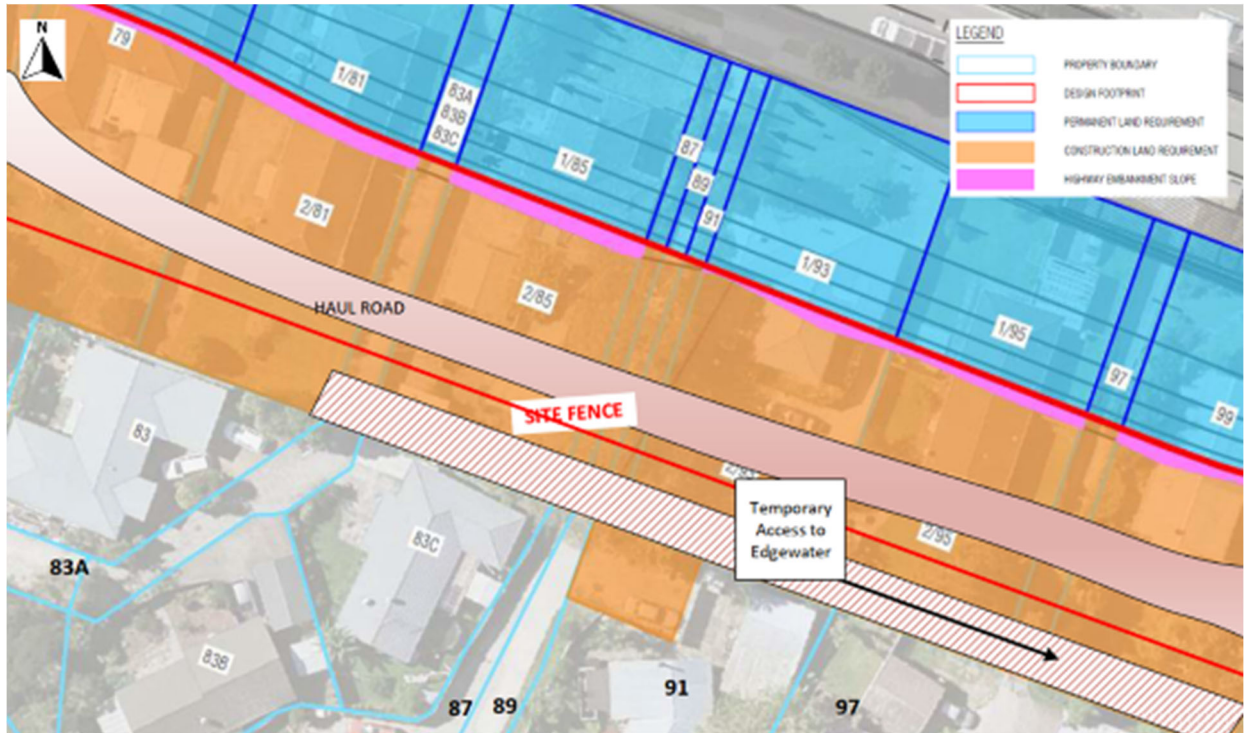


Figure 91: 83, 83A-C, 87, 89, 91 and 97 Ti Rakau Dr temporary access road

At the eastern end, the proposed temporary access road will terminate in the temporary parking area to be provided for the Edgewater Shops, located at 105 Ti Rakau Drive. A temporary access point for 103A Ti Rakau will also be provided here. **Figure 92** below shows the location of the proposed temporary accesses.

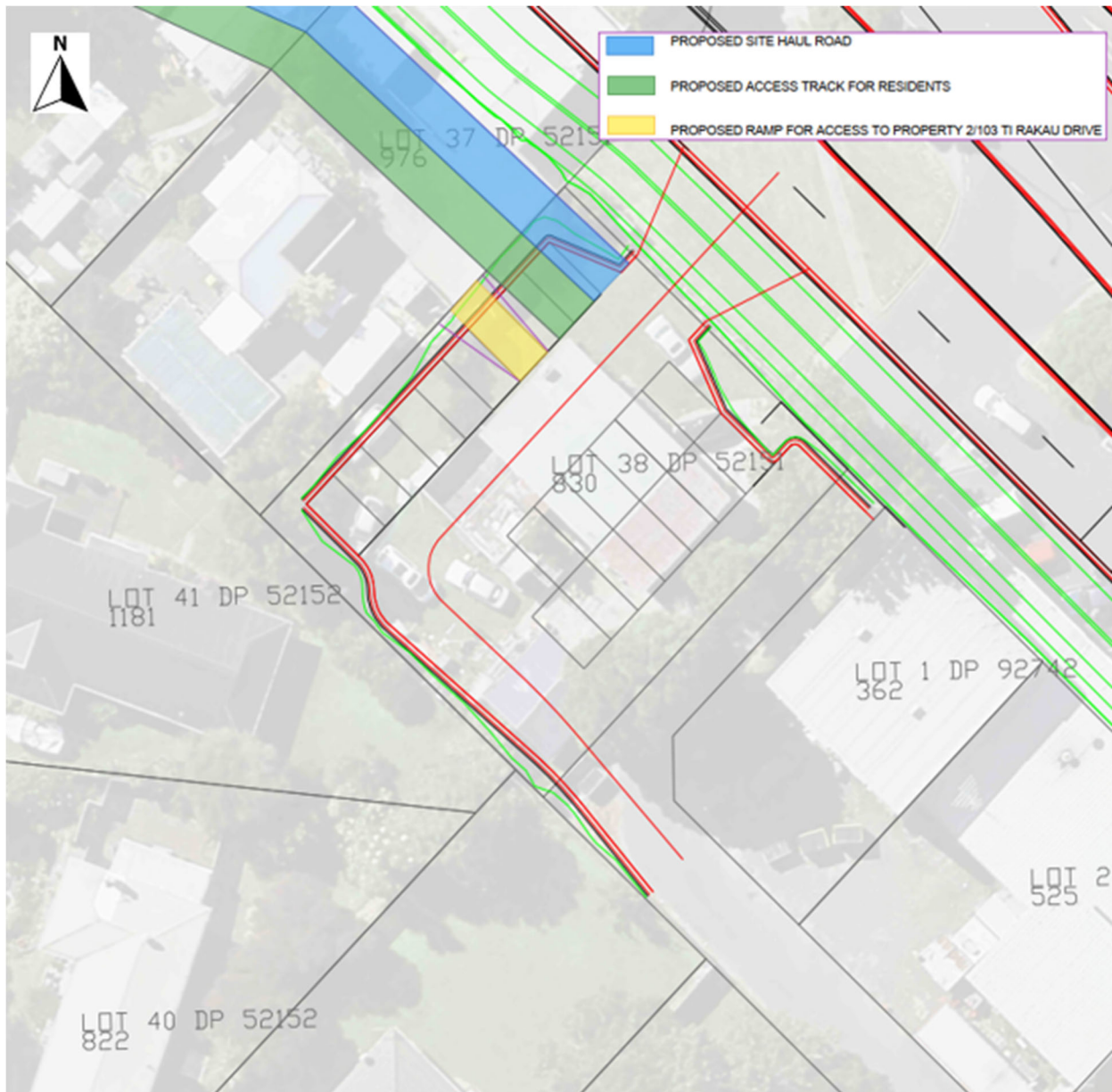


Figure 92: 103A Ti Rakau Dr temporary access

Residents will access the temporary access roads via Edgewater Drive west and the access road to the rear of the Edgewater Shops. The site haul road will also intersect the temporary parking area, but will be accessed by site traffic via Ti Rakau Drive. Therefore, the temporary effects to property access are considered to be very low.

129 Ti Rakau Drive:

A temporary access point will be provided for 129 Ti Rakau Drive on the western side of Wheatley Avenue. The driveway will intersect with Wheatley Avenue close to the existing access of 1 Wheatley Avenue and will be separated from the haul road. Therefore, the effects to property access are considered to be negligible. **Figure 93** shows the location of the proposed temporary access.

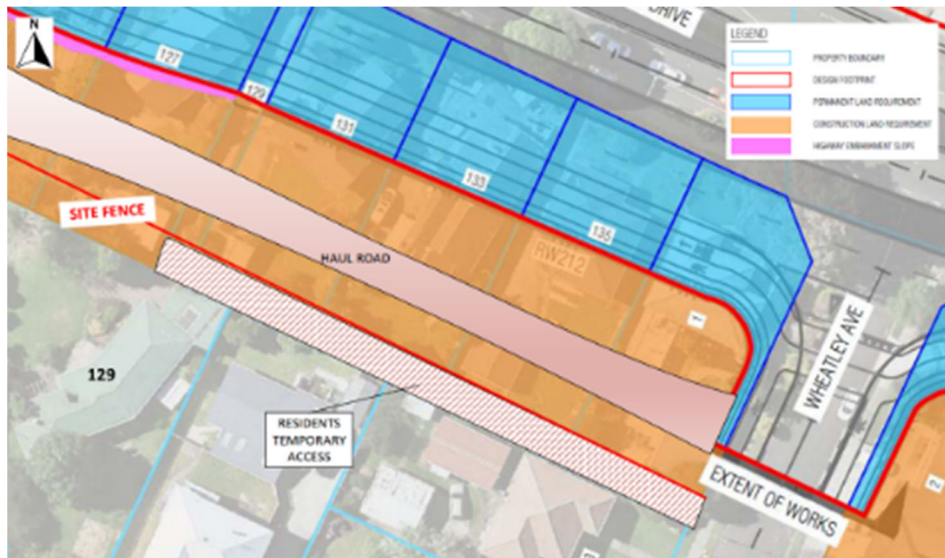


Figure 93: 129 Ti Rakau Dr temporary access

145 Ti Rakau Drive:

A temporary access point will be provided for 145 Ti Rakau Drive on the western side of Edgewater Drive east. The access road will intersect with Edgewater Drive at the existing access of 149 Ti Rakau Drive. A haul road is not proposed between Wheatley Avenue and Edgewater Drive east. Therefore, the effects to property access are considered to be negligible. **Figure 94** below shows the location of the proposed temporary access.

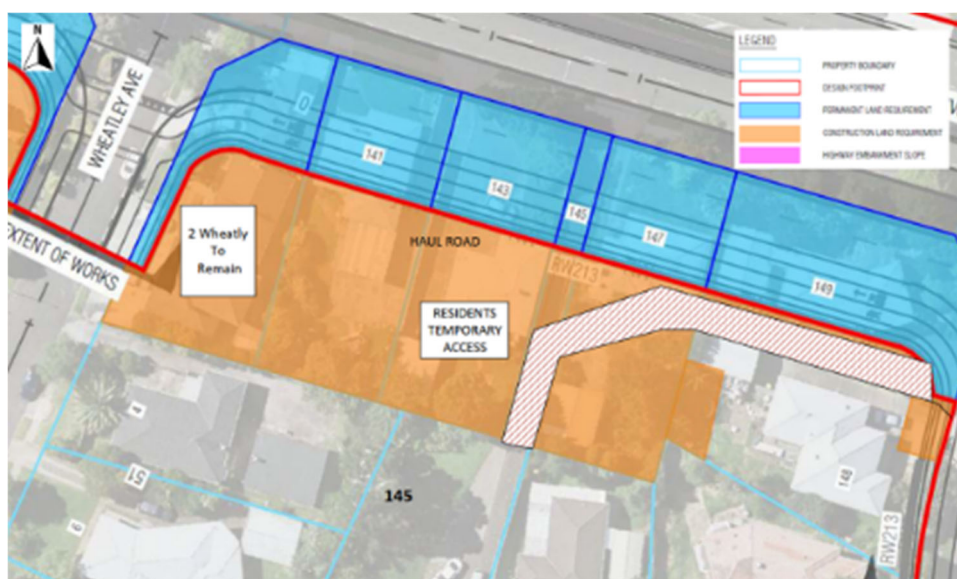


Figure 94: 145 Ti Rakau Dr temporary access

175A, 177, 183, 185 and 191 Ti Rakau Drive:

A temporary access road will be provided for 175A, 177, 183 and 185 Ti Rakau Drive at the back of the acquired properties. The temporary access road will head east towards Freemantle Place. **Figure 95** shows the location of the proposed temporary access road.

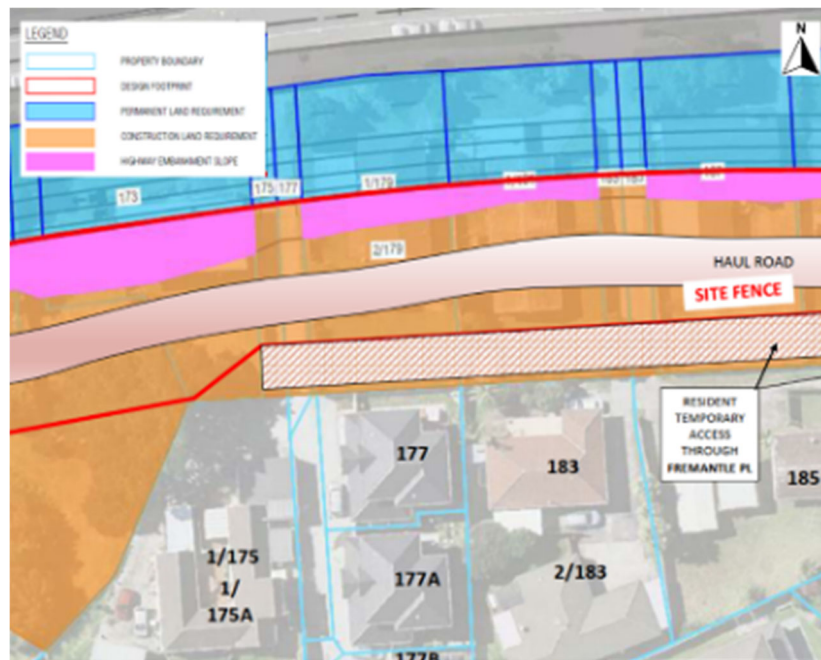


Figure 95: 175, 177, 183 and 185 Ti Rakau Dr temporary access

Near the eastern edge of 185 Ti Rakau Drive, the proposed haul road and temporary access road will curve northward, which will allow for access to also be provided to 191 Ti Rakau Drive. The temporary access road will continue eastwards and intersect Freemantle Place at the existing access to 201 Freemantle Place. Therefore, the effects to property access are considered to be negligible. **Figure 96** shows the location of the proposed temporary access road.

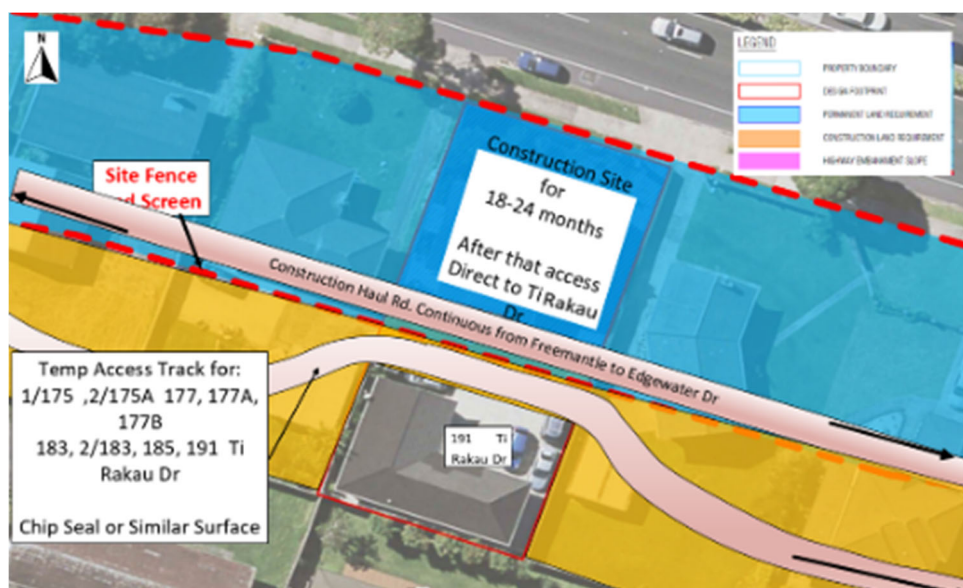


Figure 96: 191 Ti Rakau Dr temporary access

5.5.6.4 107 and 109 Ti Rakau Drive – Edgewater Shops

The Edgewater Shops, located at 107 and 109 Ti Rakau Drive, is a block of local shops. The parking area currently provides 26 parking spaces on the northern side of the property and an additional four parking spaces on the eastern side, for a total of 30 parking spaces (see **Figure 97**). It should be noted that these parking spaces are within the road reserve.



Figure 97: Edgewater Shops parking area

During construction, the new westbound lanes on Ti Rakau Drive as well as the redesigned Edgewater Drive west approach will result in the loss of all of the parking spaces at the shops.

As stated in **Section 5.5.6.3** above, the property at 105 Ti Rakau Drive (immediately west of the Edgewater Shops) has been acquired by AT and will provide a temporary parking area for customers of the shops (see **Figure 98**).

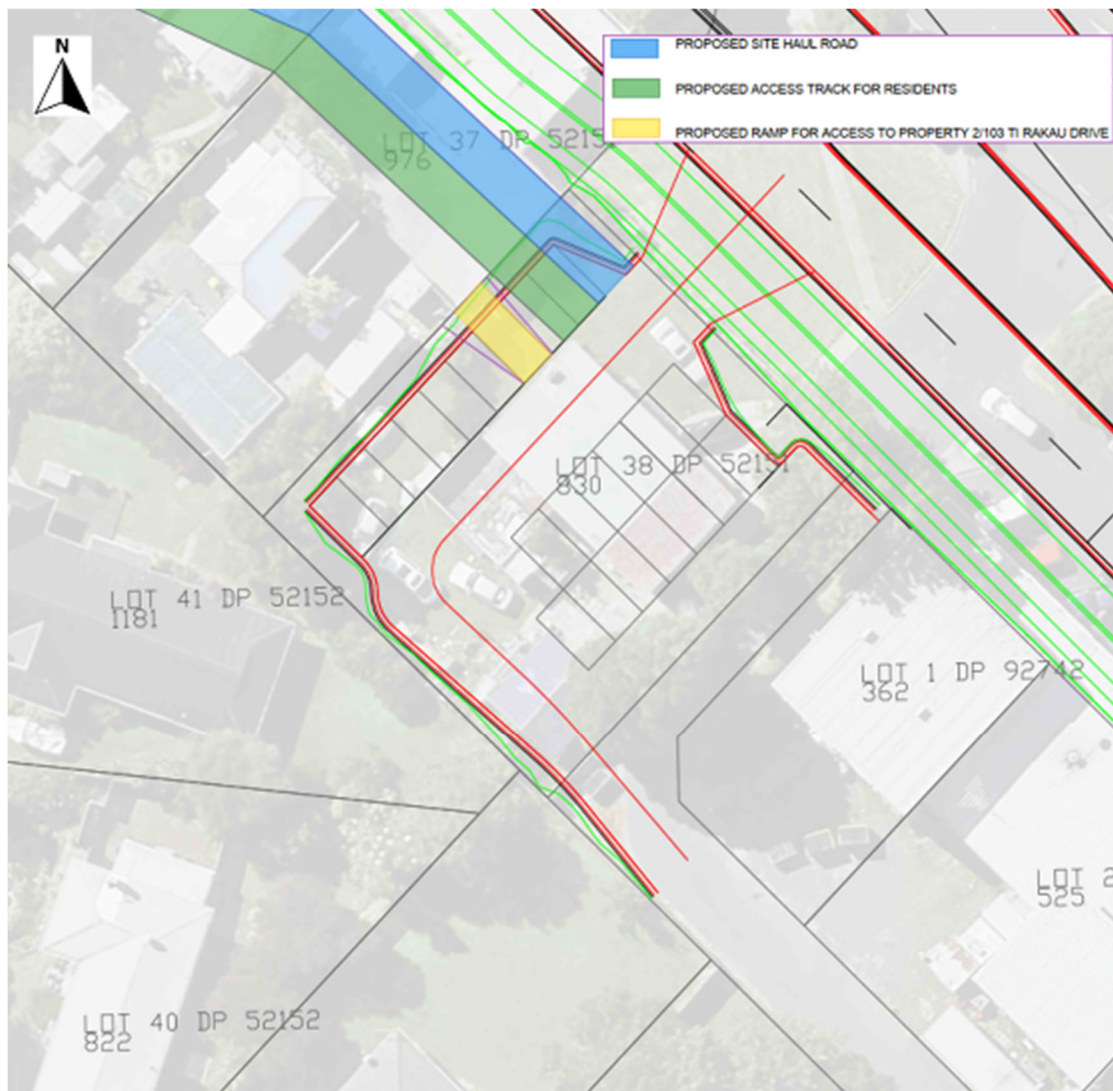


Figure 98: Edgewater Shops temporary parking area during construction

As stated in **Section 3.7.5**, utilization of the existing carpark is not expected to exceed 60% or 18 occupied spaces during a typical weekday or weekend. The temporary carpark will provide 18 parking spaces and access to the parking area will be from Edgewater Drive west via the access road at the back of the commercial properties. Access to the refuse collection area to the rear of the property will be maintained. Temporary signage will be provided to direct customers to the temporary parking area during construction. Therefore, temporary effects to property access and parking at the Edgewater Shops are considered to be very low.

As stated in **Section 5.5.6.3**, the temporary site haul road (blue polygon) will intersect the temporary carpark, but will be accessed by site traffic from Ti Rakau Drive. The proposed temporary access roads to 83, 83A-C, 87, 89, 91, 97 Ti Rakau Drive (green polygon) and 103A Ti Rakau Drive (yellow polygon) will also intersect the temporary carpark and will be accessed via Edgewater Drive west.

5.5.6.5 32 Edgewater Drive – Edgewater College

As stated in **Section 4.2.2.3**, Phase 1 of Ti Rakau Drive in EB3R will include the construction of the Edgewater Drive east and west intersections. This will require the closure of one intersection while diverting all traffic along Edgewater Drive to the other in an alternating fashion.

Edgewater College is located near the Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive west intersection. In the existing environment, the S013 school bus service proceeds down Edgewater Drive east and the S073 proceeds down Edgewater Drive west. The closure of either Edgewater Drive east or west intersections would have an effect on this arrangement.

In the existing environment school buses are unable to perform a U-turn from the current bus stop facility. Two mitigation measures are proposed to be consulted on with the Ministry of Education and the school itself, these being the temporary rearrangement of the current off-street parking area and utilising the existing bus stops on Ti Rakau Drive. From a transport perspective, either option would be manageable.

Parking Area Rearrangement:

A temporary rearrangement of the off-street parking area will allow for the buses to enter the parking area from both the south and the north, drop off students and then perform a U-turn to proceed back to whichever intersection on Edgewater Drive is open.

Figure 99 shows the vehicle tracking curves of school buses approaching the parking area from both directions on Edgewater Drive. This option could result in the temporary loss of 19 parking spaces in the off-street parking area for approximately two weeks (a one-week closure of each intersection).

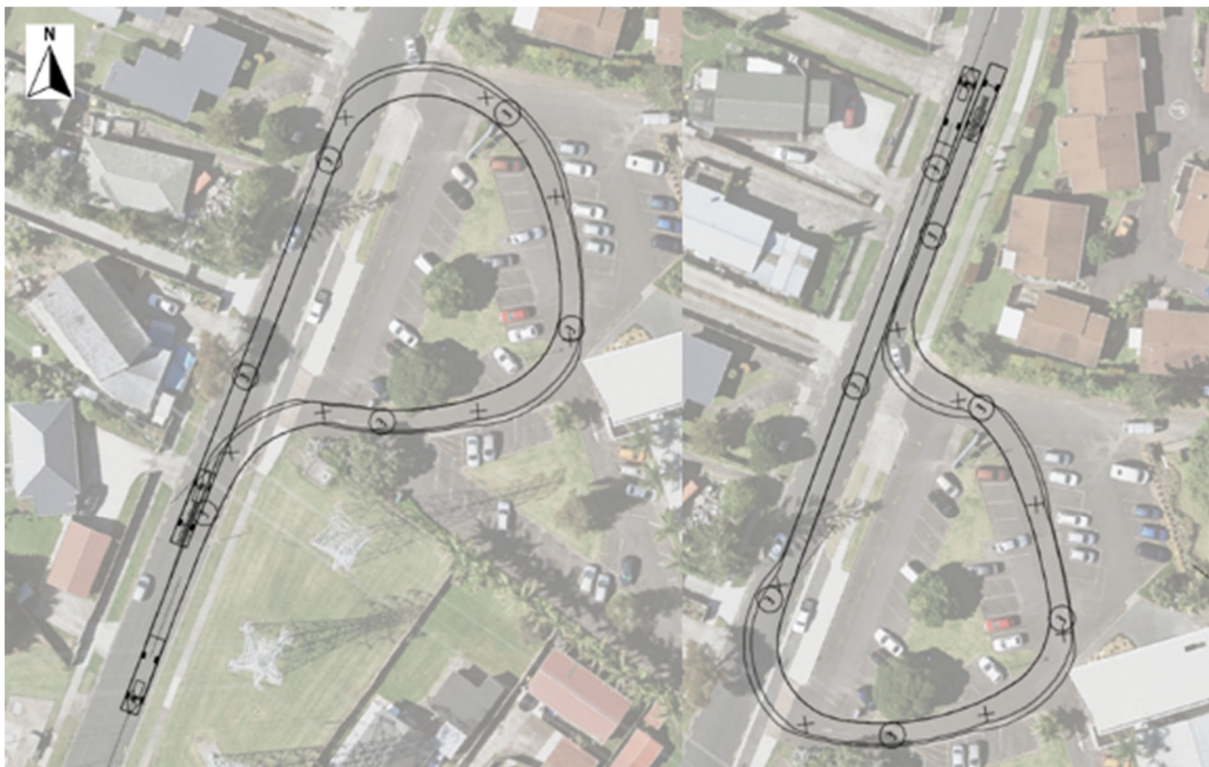


Figure 99: Edgewater College parking area U-turn

Utilizing Ti Rakau Drive Bus Stops:

An alternative could be to utilise the existing bus stops on Ti Rakau Drive, ID 6131 and 6136 near the Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive west intersection. This will require students to walk from these bus stops to the school, which is a travel distance of approximately 460m and travel time of just over five minutes.

5.5.6.6 207, 219 and 229 Ti Rakau Drive – Pakuranga Baptist Church

Figure 100 shows the location of the Pakuranga Counselling Centre located at 207 Ti Rakau Drive (blue outline). The figure also shows the location of the Pakuranga Chinese Baptist Church, Pakuranga Baptist Kindergarten and the Pakuranga Baptist Church located at 219 Ti Rakau Drive (yellow outline) and the Congregational Church of Samoa located at 229 Ti Rakau Drive (purple outline). Lastly, the figure also shows the areas that will be occupied temporarily for drainage works (orange polygons), and the indicative drainage works segments (red outline).

It should be noted there is no intention to occupy the building at 207 Ti Rakau Drive and no demolition is planned.

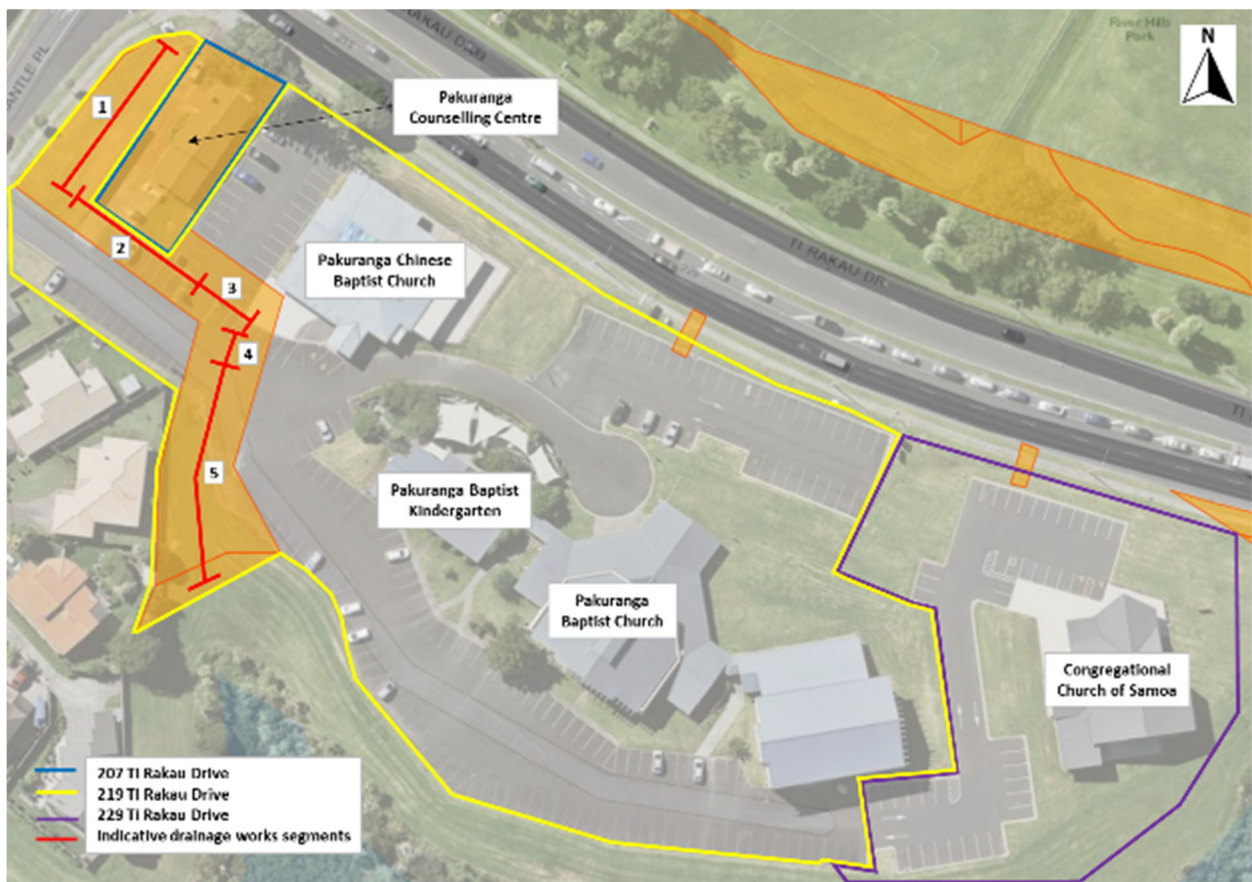


Figure 100: 207, 219 and 229 Ti Rakau Dr drainage works

Drainage works will be undertaken on these properties over a period of approximately one month. It is envisaged that the works will be completed in sections to maintain vehicle access to all the properties at all times. Furthermore, the drainage works will be undertaken during weekdays, with the possibility of works being undertaken on Saturdays as well.

At the end of each work week, the work zone will be reduced in size, while maintaining the safety of the work zone, to free up as many occupied parking spaces as possible. The Pakuranga Chinese Baptist Church currently offer one Saturday evening service, one Sunday morning service and one Sunday evening service. The Pakuranga Baptist Church currently offer one Sunday morning service.

Property Access:

In the existing environment, the Pakuranga Counselling Centre has one access off Ti Rakau Drive and one access off the private internal road to the off-street parking on the property. At least one of these accesses will be maintained at all times. Pedestrian access will be maintained at all times, and CTMPs will be employed to ensure this. Therefore, temporary effects to property access at 207 Ti Rakau Drive are considered negligible.

To avoid lateral shifts of the access and loss of parking as a result, the internal access to the Pakuranga Chinese Baptist Church will be reduced to a one-way system for a short period and will be managed through the CTMP. Appropriate liaison and advanced notice will be provided of the planned works.

Two-way access will be maintained for circulation on the internal roads of the property at 219 Ti Rakau Drive by using steel plating across trenches where necessary. Therefore, the temporary effects to property access at 207, 219 and 229 Ti Rakau Drive are considered to be very low.

Parking:

In the existing environment, the Counselling Centre at 207 Ti Rakau Drive has five parking spaces on site. The proposed drainage works will not have any effect on these parking spaces.

In the existing environment, 219 Ti Rakau Drive has a total of 220 parking spaces on site. The proposed drainage works in front of the Pakuranga Chinese Baptist Church are expected to affect 19 of these parking spaces. However, as stated above, the planned works will be staggered and is not expected to result in the loss of more than 10 parking spaces at any one time. Each segment of works will require roughly one week to complete.

To maintain two-way circulation on the internal roads, parking spaces will be removed temporarily. The planned works will result in the temporary loss of 15 parking spaces on the southern side of 219 Ti Rakau Drive during the work week. However, as stated above, the work zone size will be reduced at the end of the work week to free up as many parking spaces as possible. Therefore, it is expected that the temporary effects on parking will be very low.

5.5.6.7 168R Gossamer Drive – River Hills Park

A parcel of land along the southern boundary of 168R Ti Rakau Drive River Hills Park has been acquired by AT to allow for the eastbound Gossamer Drive bus station. Discussions are ongoing with the River Hills Park as well as the Fencibles United Football Club on the rearrangement of the fields on the property as a result of the Project.

However, from a transport perspective, the Project will have no temporary effects to property access and parking on-site.

5.5.7 Summary of Temporary Effects to Property Access and Parking

Overall, the temporary effects during construction on property access and parking will be mitigated appropriately and are considered to be negligible or very low. Where existing vehicle access arrangements and parking provisions cannot be maintained, appropriate mitigation measures have been proposed to provide levels of access and parking commensurate with the existing environment as far as is reasonably practicable.

Engagement with property owners or operators will be undertaken during construction to communicate the planned works and duration, the potential disruption and proposed mitigation measures as well as to develop additional measures or improve upon proposed measures if required. This will be a requirement of the CTMP.

Lastly, pedestrian access to properties will be maintained at all times. This will be ensured through the CTMPs.

5.6 Effects to Safety Performance

Safety measures will be in place during construction, ensured by the CTMPs. The safety and protection of the public, traffic and construction team is paramount, and all site operations will be focused on zero harm to all involved, associated and traveling through the project areas. This will be achieved through the following:

- Traffic management that separates the public / traffic operations as well as managing and maintaining public and traffic flow entering and exiting the construction operations within the project areas.
- Active communications with the local community and public travelling through the construction work zones to ensure they will be regularly updated on temporary traffic management operations.
- Before each work zone is ready to be opened following construction, an independent safety audit will be completed, and public notifications of the opening and new layouts will be made available.

5.7 Construction Traffic Management Plan

Construction Traffic Management Plans (CTMPs) will be employed for both EB2 and EB3R. The purpose of the CTMPs will be to avoid, remedy or mitigate the adverse effects of construction of the Project on transport, parking and property access so far as is reasonably practicable. The CTMPs will be developed in accordance with the conditions of the Notice of Requirement (NoR) / resource consent associated with the Project and will include management methods, controls and reporting to manage the potential effects on transport, parking and property access associated with the Project.

The CTMPs will be informed by practical experience with traffic management during construction and will reflect best practice through drawing on:

- The Code of Practice for Temporary Traffic Management prepared by the New Zealand Transport Agency, 4th Edition 2018 (CoPTTM)
- NZ Guide to Temporary Traffic Management (NZGTTM) which is currently in pre-consultation draft and will supersede the CoPTTM in due course

The CTMPs will set out the traffic management strategies that will be employed to manage the temporary effects during construction, including, but not limited to:

- Design standards
- Hours of operation
- Public transport
- Property access and parking
- Pedestrian and cyclists
- Emergency services
- Impacts on heavy haulage
- Impacts on taxi users
- Construction access and laydown
- Staff parking
- Site offices and satellite compounds
- Construction vehicle movements
- Transport network management
- Communicating traffic management impacts
- Temporary traffic management auditing
- Monitoring and reporting

6 Assessment of Permanent Effects upon Completion

The sections below provide an assessment of the permanent effects of EB2 and EB3R including:

- Future transport network
- General traffic effects
- Effects to bus services and facilities
- Effects to pedestrians and cyclists
- Effects to property access and parking
- Effects to safety performance

6.1 Project Benefits

In order to provide context to the benefits of the EB2 and EB3R sections of the Project and to reaffirm the benefits of the Project as a whole, the main elements of **Section 1.1.3** are reiterated here. Once delivered, the Project (EB2, 3 and 4) will provide:

- Better connections and sustainable travel options for pedestrians, cyclists, motorists, bus and train customers
- A reliable 40-minute bus and train trip between Botany Town Centre and Britomart (saving 20-minutes)
- Increase in public transport trips from 3,700 to 18,000 per day by 2028
- Increase in public transport mode share from 7% to 25% by 2028
- Reduce carbon emissions by 9,292 kg per day by 2028
- 24,000 more people with access to a rapid transit bus station within 1 km from home
- 5 km of busway between Pakuranga and Botany fully separated from other traffic
- 5 new bus stations with quality facilities
- 12 km of safe and separated walking and cycling infrastructure
- Reeves Road flyover to reduce vehicle congestion around Pakuranga Town Centre
- Encourage and support development of a more sustainable urban form and improve urban amenity
- Accommodates electric buses, a key part of AT's low-emission vehicle fleet by 2040

Although EB2 and EB3R are only two components of the Project as a whole, these sections will nevertheless provide:

- Significantly improved travel options for all modes of transport
- Increased public transport patronage and mode share through increased catchment and dedicated bus lanes
- Reduced carbon emissions
- Improved walking and cycling amenity and safety through dedicated infrastructure
- Reduced congestion, particularly around the Pakuranga Town Centre, through the new Reeves Road flyover

6.2 Future Transport Network

As stated in **Section 3.3**, a full RASF assessment was completed for the Project³⁵ and the section below summarises the key aspects of the future transport network and modal priority in the EB2 and EB3R project areas. Again, the RASF provides a systematic and consistent methodology for identifying the Place and Movement functions of roads and streets. In so doing, it reflects the needs and catchment of the adjoining land use as well as the movement of people, goods and services. Refer to **Figure 4** in **Section 3.3** which shows the RASF typology matrix, which is a function of Movement and Place significance.

In the future, the primary function of the Ti Rakau Drive and Pakuranga Road corridors will remain as Movement, but with more strategic functions. The Pakuranga Town Centre Masterplan promotes mixed-use retail zones along Ti Rakau Drive between Pakuranga Road and William Roberts Road. The primary function of the RRF will be Movement between Pakuranga Road and SEART. The proposed Eastern Busway bus stations will also attract more people within the area as the activities served by these bus stations will become local attractions.

Figure 101 outlines the future typology of the EB2 area.

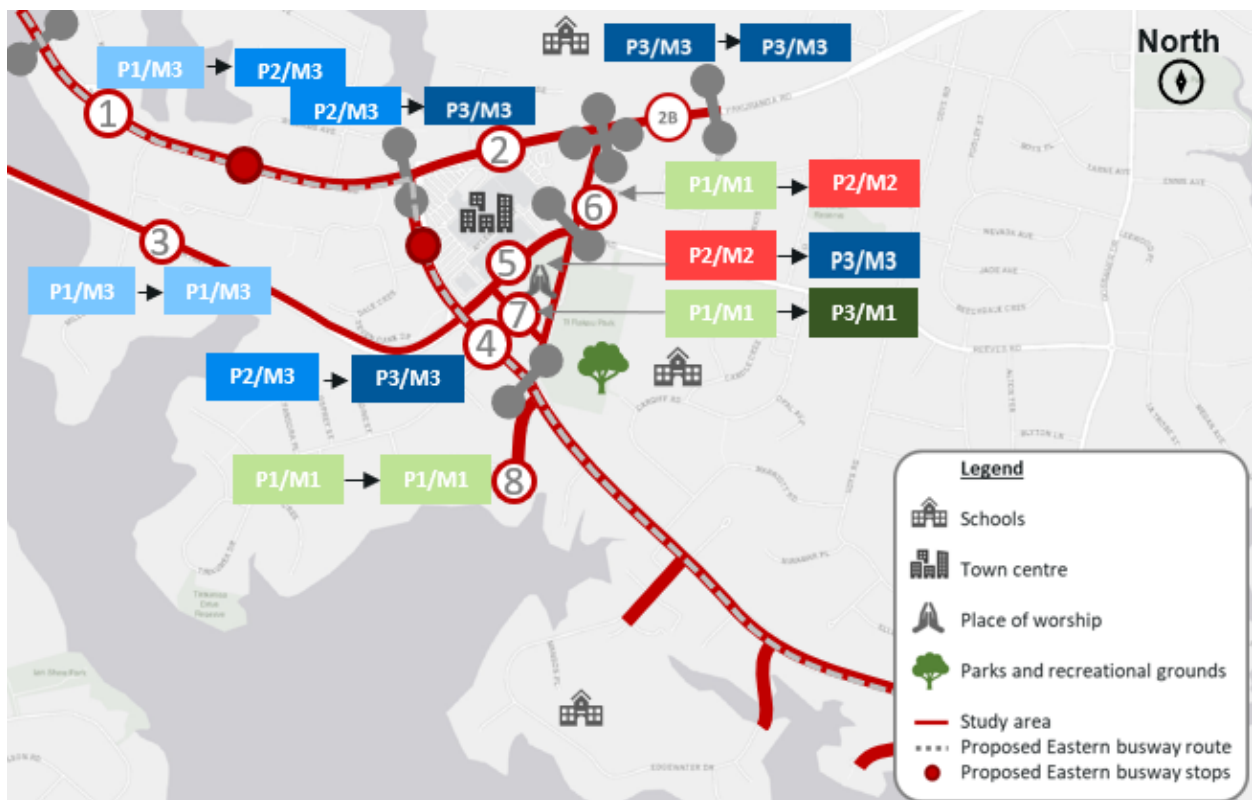


Figure 101: EB2 future typology

Figure 102 below outlines the future model priorities of the EB2 area.

³⁵ EB234-1-TE-RP-Z0-A2-Roads and Street Framework

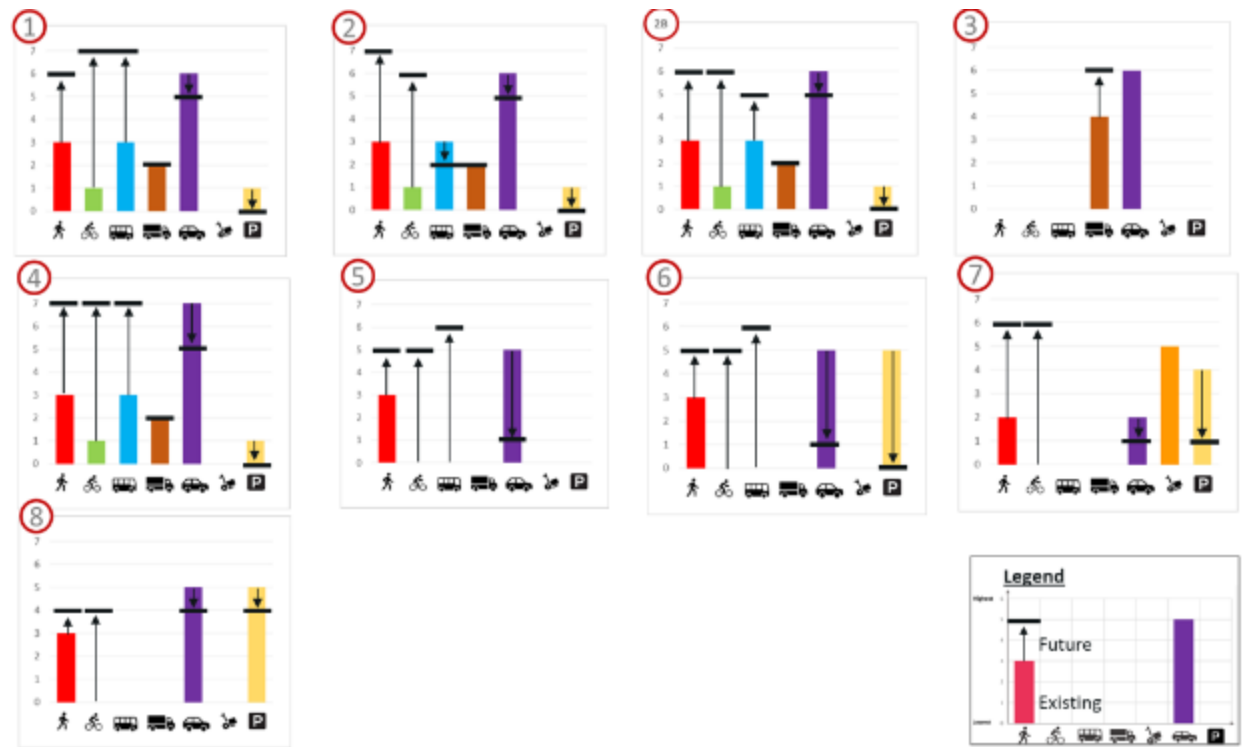


Figure 102: EB2 future modal priorities

While the corridors of Pakuranga Road and Ti Rakau Drive will carry more movements in future, Place function around the proposed bus stations in EB2 will become more important as these will attract more people. For this reason, the future Place typologies around the bus stations are marked as P2' as the stations will become more accessible with increased catchment and footfall.

The RRF will accommodate traffic from SEART and will largely prioritise active modes and public transport movements on the ground level. Reeves Road and William Roberts Road, which are currently town centre adjacent streets, will also be better integrated with the wider Town Centre. As a result, Place function on these streets will increase to 'P3'.

A general trend of improved pedestrian, cycling and bus modal priority is observed throughout the EB2 project area, as shown in **Figure 102**. As a result, the modal priority of general traffic as well as parking will decrease.

Figure 103 below outlines the future typology of the EB3R area.



Figure 103: EB3R future typology

Similar to EB2, the Place function around the proposed bus stations in EB3R are also marked as ‘P2’ (compared to the existing ‘P1’) as the stations will become more accessible, have increased catchments and higher footfall. The Movement and Place functions of the surrounding side roads will remain as per the existing environment.

Figure 104 outlines the future modal priorities of the EB3R area.

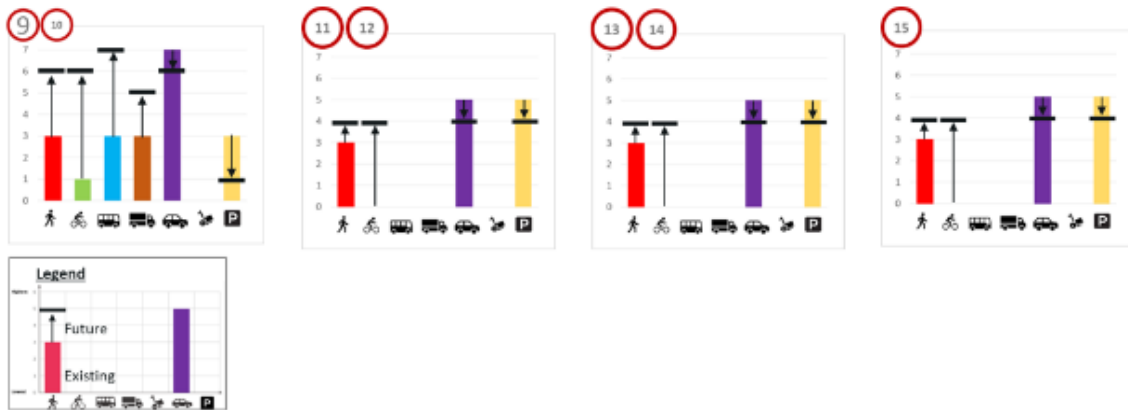


Figure 104: EB3R future modal priorities

Again, the modal priority of pedestrians, cyclists and buses will be improved throughout the EB3R project area, with a resultant decrease in modal priority of general traffic and parking.

6.3 General Traffic Effects

The sections below provide an assessment of permanent effects to general traffic upon completion of EB2 and EB3R. As stated in **Section 5.2.2**, general traffic effects refer to the movement of traffic across the road network as a whole. Similar to the assessments of the traffic environment during construction, the AIMSUN and SIDRA traffic modelling assessments were undertaken as per the methodology set out in **Section 2.4**.

6.3.1 Traffic Volumes

Table 36 outlines the expected AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes of the Do-Minimum and EB2/EB3R scenarios upon completion along key sections of the network, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 36: Do-Minimum and EB2/EB3R (post construction) traffic volumes (2028)

Location	Direction	AM Peak		PM Peak	
		Do-Minimum [veh/h]	EB2/EB3R [veh/h]	Do-Minimum [veh/h]	EB2/EB3R [veh/h]
Pakuranga Rd (West of the RRF) ³⁶	Westbound	2,552	964	1,429	960
	Eastbound	1,100	848	2,702	977
Pakuranga Rd (East of the RRF) ³⁷	Westbound	2,687	3,041	1,427	1,992
	Eastbound	1,102	1,448	2,767	2,461
William Roberts Rd (Ti Rakau Dr – Reeves Rd) ³⁸	Northbound	39	445	46	567
	Southbound	31	332	70	372
Reeves Rd (West of William Roberts Rd)	Westbound	519	133	396	49
	Eastbound	231	107	762	283
Reeves Rd (East of William Roberts Rd)	Westbound	478	411	193	149
	Eastbound	241	393	550	633
RRF	Northbound	-	931	-	1,638
	Southbound	-	2,445	-	1,141
SEART (West of ramps)	Westbound	3,387	3,352	1,740	2,072
	Eastbound	1,133	1,830	3,054	2,915
Ti Rakau Dr (Pakuranga Rd – Reeves Rd)	Westbound	1,097	1,200	2,129	584
	Eastbound	1,387	754	1,003	848
Ti Rakau Dr (Reeves Rd – William Roberts Rd)	Westbound	2,270	1,779	1,635	1,407
	Eastbound	711	1,320	1,433	1,605
Ti Rakau Dr (William Roberts Rd – Edgewater Dr west)	Westbound	2,167	1,609	1,635	1,455
	Eastbound	741	1,133	1,433	1,454
Ti Rakau Dr (Edgewater Dr west – Gossamer Dr)	Westbound	1,828	1,544	1,665	1,588
	Eastbound	852	1,062	1,159	1,401

³⁶ Relates to the section of Pakuranga Road west of William Roberts Road in the Do-Minimum scenario.

³⁷ The section of Pakuranga Road east of William Roberts Road in the Do-Minimum scenario.

³⁸ The section of William Roberts Road south of Reeves Road, prior to the completion of the extension, in the Do-Minimum scenario.

Location	Direction	AM Peak		PM Peak	
		Do-Minimum [veh/h]	EB2/EB3R [veh/h]	Do-Minimum [veh/h]	EB2/EB3R [veh/h]
Gossamer Dr (At Ti Rakau Drive)	Northbound	282	423	678	701
	Southbound	1,153	758	516	394

A benefit of the RRF upon completion will be that less traffic is expected to travel on Pakuranga Road west, between Ti Rakau Drive and the RRF, as this is treated as the minor movement at the intersection. Instead, this traffic will travel along the RRF directly towards SEART. This trend is expected to occur in both the AM and PM peaks. Conversely, more traffic is expected to travel on Pakuranga Road east, to and from Howick, as this is treated as the major movement at the intersection.

The RRF is expected to experience somewhat cyclical traffic volumes with the majority of traffic heading southbound during the AM peak and returning northbound during the PM peak. A further benefit of the RRF is that Ti Rakau Drive in EB2, between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road, is also expected to experience less traffic volumes in both directions during the AM and PM peaks.

Ti Rakau Drive in EB3R, from Reeves Road to Gossamer Drive, is predicted to experience decreased traffic volumes in the westbound direction only and increased traffic volumes in the eastbound direction during both the AM and PM peaks. This is likely due to the increased capacity of the SEART off-ramp as a result of the additional right-turn lane.

As expected with the completion of the William Roberts Road extension, more traffic is predicted to travel along William Roberts Road between Ti Rakau Drive and Reeves Road in both directions during the AM and PM peaks.

Since general traffic will not be able to access Reeves Road from Ti Rakau Drive in the future and with the William Roberts Road link completed, traffic volumes are expected to be lower on Reeves Road west between William Roberts Road and Cortina Place. This section of Reeves Road will provide access to the Pakuranga Plaza. Reeves Road east, from William Roberts Road towards Pakuranga Heights, is expected to carry roughly the same traffic volumes westbound and higher traffic volumes eastbound in the future.

SEART is also expected to experience cyclical traffic volumes (similar to the existing environment), with the majority of traffic heading westbound during the AM peak and returning eastbound during the PM peak.

Gossamer Drive is expected to experience lower traffic volumes in the southbound direction during both AM and PM peaks. This is likely due to the removal of the left-turn slip lane on the northern approach at the intersection. However, Gossamer Drive is expected to experience marginally higher traffic volumes in the northbound direction. This is likely due to the increased length of the northbound kerbside exit lane.

6.3.2 Intersection Performance upon Completion

Intersection performance analyses of the transport network comprised of selected intersections in the EB2 and EB3R project areas was undertaken using SIDRA. Again, the analyses consisted of a comparison between the Do-Minimum and EB2/EB3R scenarios, with a 2028 horizon year, for both the AM and PM peak hours. The performance criteria for the assessment were based on the Level of Service (LOS), degree of Saturation (DOS) or v/c ratio and delay in seconds.

Permanent effects upon completion of EB2 and EB3R were assessed in a final scenario. The EB2/EB3R Final scenario simulates the completion of all EB2 works (see **Section 4.2.1**) and all EB3R works (see **Section 4.2.2**).

The AM peak hour for intersections assessed in the EB2/EB3R Final scenario was between 08:00 – 09:00 and the PM peak hour was between 16:30 – 17:30. Traffic signal phasing diagrams per intersection are provided in **Appendix J** and lane performance summaries per intersection are provided in **Appendix K**.

Intersection performance analyses were undertaken at the following intersections:

- Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive
- Pakuranga Road / Brampton Court
- Pakuranga Road / RRF
- Reeves Road / Aylesbury Street
- William Roberts Road / Reeves Road
- William Roberts Road / Cortina Place
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue
- Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART
- Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road
- Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road
- Ti Rakau Drive western U-turn facility
- Ti Rakau Drive eastern U-turn facility
- Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive

Table 37 below provides a comparison of the intersection performance between the Do-Minimum and EB2/EB3R Final scenarios during the AM peak, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 37: Intersection performance – Do-Minimum vs EB2/EB3R Final (AM peak, 2028)

Intersection	Do-Minimum			EB2/EB3R Final		
	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]
Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr	C	0.85	33	D	0.81	41
Pakuranga Rd / Brampton Ct	N/A	0.42	1	N/A	0.53	1
Pakuranga Rd / RRF	Built during EB2			F	1.14	87
Reeves Rd / Aylesbury St	N/A	0.27	1	C	0.60	34
William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd	N/A	0.68	7	E	0.95	68
William Roberts Rd / Cortina Pl	Built during WRRE			N/A	0.27	2
Ti Rakau Dr / Aylesbury St / Palm Ave	Built during EB2			E	0.92	60
Ti Rakau Dr/ Reeves Rd / SEART	F	0.90	178	E	1.02	66
Ti Rakau Dr / William Roberts Rd	Built during WRRE			B	0.91	17

Intersection	Do-Minimum			EB2/EB3R Final		
	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]
Ti Rakau Dr / Mattson Rd	B	0.79	16	C	0.90	29
Ti Rakau Dr western U-turn facility	Built during EB3R			A	0.75	5
Ti Rakau Dr eastern U-turn facility	Built during EB3R			A	0.77	7
Ti Rakau Dr / Gossamer Dr	D	1.02	48	E	0.98	80

SIDRA analysis indicates that, overall, in the AM peak the EB2/EB3R Final scenario is expected to result in minimal adverse effects on intersection performance along the network.

Minor increases in delay are expected at the Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection, however the intersection is still expected to operate at an acceptable LOS D.

Compared to the Do-Minimum scenario, similar intersection performance is expected at the Pakuranga Road / Brampton Court intersection during the AM peak.

The Pakuranga Road / RRF intersection is expected to operate at LOS F during the AM peak under the EB2/EB3R Final scenario. The failing movement is the right-turn on the eastern Pakuranga Road approach, which is treated as the minor movement at the intersection. Travel time of the Howick to Pakuranga route is however predicted to experience only a marginal increase of 1 min in the AM peak period (see **Section 6.3.3**).

The trade-off of decreased general traffic performance in the right-turn lane is that buses are expected to operate at LOS C as a result of having higher priority, and the major movement from Howick towards SEART is expected to experience significant travel time improvements (see **Section 6.3.3**). Furthermore, the RRF is expected to relieve congestion around the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection by improving intersection performance and improving travel times from Botany to Pakuranga and SEART.

The performance of the Pakuranga Road / RRF intersection is a balance between competing priorities of bus, general traffic and freight, and pedestrians in a very congested network and constrained corridor. The only alternatives to improving LOS would be to provide additional lanes which would significantly increase the cost and footprint of the Project. Different intersection layouts, phasing and cycle times have been investigated to balance the competing modes. The intersection DOS < 1.2 is within the Transport Minimum Requirements (TMRs) for the overall intersection performance guiding the design of the Project.

The signalisation of the Reeves Road / Aylesbury Street and William Roberts Road / Reeves Road intersections is expected to result in acceptable levels of service and midblock queues blocking the bus lanes are predicted to be unlikely.

Once constructed, the following new intersections are expected to operate with spare capacity during the AM peak under the EB2/EB3R Final scenario, all with acceptable LOS and DOS:

- William Roberts Road / Cortina Place
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue
- Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road
- Ti Rakau Drive western U-turn facility
- Ti Rakau Drive eastern U-turn facility

Improved intersection performance is expected at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection under the EB2/EB3R Final scenario during the AM peak. The intersection is predicted to operate at an acceptable LOS E.

Minor increases in DOS and delay are also predicted at the Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road intersection, however the intersection is still expected to operate with spare capacity (LOS C).

The Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection is expected to operate near capacity. The failing movements are the left-turn on the southern Freemantle Place approach, one right-turn lane on the eastern Ti Rakau Drive approach and the Gossamer Drive approach. Again, the trade-off is that all bus movements are expected to operate at LOS C and significant travel time improvements are predicted for the Botany to Pakuranga and SEART routes (see **Section 6.3.3**).

As above, the performance of this intersection is a balance between all the competing modes in a constrained corridor. The only alternative to improve LOS would be to provide additional lanes. Different intersection layouts, phasing and cycle times have been investigated and assessed to balance the competing modes. The intersection $DOS < 1.2$ is within the TMRs for the overall intersection performance guiding the design of the Project.

Lastly, it should be noted that the proposed design of the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection under this assessment (EB2/EB3R only), is not identical to the proposed design of the intersection under the full Project (EB2, 3 and 4). Under the full Project, the intersection would have a more efficient geometric layout, and as a result would also have a more efficient traffic signal phasing.

Overall, the proposed design of EB2/EB3R is expected to lead to improved operations and reduced congestion for general traffic across the network, and importantly, bus movements are predicted to operate at LOS C and with spare capacity. Furthermore, despite the poor performance at some of the intersections, significant improvements in travel time are expected overall. Lastly, further improvements are expected to be achieved once the full Project (EB2, 3, and 4) has been implemented.

Table 38 below provides a comparison of the intersection performance between the Do-Minimum and EB2/EB3R Final scenarios during the PM peak, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 38: Intersection performance – Do-Minimum vs EB2/EB3R Final (PM Peak, 2028)

Intersection	Do-Minimum			EB2/EB3R Final		
	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]	LOS	DOS (v/c)	Delay [s]
Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr	D	0.91	47	D	0.82	41
Pakuranga Rd / Brampton Ct	N/A	0.53	1	N/A	0.33	1
Pakuranga Rd / RRF	Built during EB2			E	1.08	75
Reeves Rd / Aylesbury St	N/A	0.38	1	D	0.75	45
William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd	N/A	0.87	11	D	0.81	43
William Roberts Rd / Cortina Pl	Built during WRRE			N/A	0.31	2
Ti Rakau Dr / Aylesbury St / Palm Ave	Built during EB2			E	0.88	63
Ti Rakau Dr/ Reeves Rd / SEART	F	1.13	83	D	0.92	45
Ti Rakau Dr / William Roberts Rd	Built during WRRE			D	1.10	36
Ti Rakau Dr / Mattson Rd	B	0.66	12	C	0.95	29
Ti Rakau Dr western U-turn facility	Built during EB3R			A	0.69	4
Ti Rakau Dr eastern U-turn facility	Built during EB3R			A	0.78	7
Ti Rakau Dr / Gossamer Dr	D	0.90	44	F	1.21	112

SIDRA analysis indicates that in the PM peak the EB2/EB3R Final scenario is expected to result in minimal adverse effects on intersection performance at the majority of intersections along the network.

Minor improvements in DOS and delay are expected at the Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection, and the intersection is expected to operate at an acceptable LOS D.

Compared to the Do-Minimum scenario, similar intersection performance is expected at the Pakuranga Road / Brampton Court intersection during PM peak.

Once constructed, the following new intersections are expected to operate with spare capacity during the PM peak under the EB2/EB3R Final Scenario, all with acceptable LOS and DOS:

- Pakuranga Road / RRF
- William Roberts Road / Cortina Place
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue
- Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road
- Ti Rakau Drive western U-turn facility
- Ti Rakau Drive eastern U-turn facility

Similar to the AM peak hour, the signalisation of the Reeves Road / Aylesbury Street and William Roberts Road / Reeves Road intersections is expected to result in acceptable levels of service during the PM peak hour. Midblock queues blocking the bus lanes are predicted to be unlikely.

Improved intersection performance is expected at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection under the EB2/EB3R Final Scenario in the PM peak. The intersection is predicted to operate at an acceptable LOS D.

Minor increases in DOS and delay are also predicted at the Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road intersection, however the intersection is still expected to operate with spare capacity (LOS C).

The Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection is expected to operate at LOS F during the PM peak. The failing movements are the through lanes on the western Ti Rakau Drive approach, the right-turn lanes on the eastern Ti Rakau Drive approach, the shared through and right-turn lane on the Gossamer Drive approach and the Freemantle Place approach. Similar to the AM peak hour, the trade-off is that all bus movements are expected to operate at LOS C and significant travel time improvements are predicted for the Pakuranga and SEART to Botany routes (see **Section 6.3.3**).

As discussed above, the performance of the intersection is a balance between all the competing modes in a constrained corridor. The only alternative to improve LOS would be to provide additional lanes. Different intersection layouts, phasing and cycle times have been investigated to balance the competing modes. Also, the proposed design of the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection under this assessment (EB2/EB3R only), is different to the proposed design of the intersection under the full Project (EB2, 3 and 4). Under the full Project, the intersection would have a more efficient geometric layout and traffic signal phasing.

Again, the proposed design of EB2/EB3R is expected to lead to overall improved operations for general traffic across the network, and importantly, bus movements are predicted to operate at LOS C and with spare capacity. Furthermore, despite the poor performance at some of the intersections, significant improvements in travel time are expected overall as a result of EB2 and EB3R, and will further improve once the full Project has been implemented.

6.3.3 General Traffic Travel Times

Route travel times were determined using the AIMSUN model, with a 2028 horizon year. The same four routes presented in **Section 5.2.3** are assessed here for permanent effects to general traffic travel times in the EB2/EB3R Final Scenario.

Table 39 provides a comparison of the route travel times between the Do-Minimum and EB2/EB3R Final scenarios, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 39: General traffic travel times – Do-Minimum vs EB2/EB3R Final (2028)

AM Peak						
Route	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	EB2/EB3R Final [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	EB2/EB3R Final [min]	Difference [min]
Botany - Pakuranga	24.7	15.1	-9.6	13.9	19.3	5.4
Botany - SEART	20.9	14.9	-6.0	13.7	18.6	4.9
Howick - Pakuranga	5.3	6.3	1.0	4.7	6.6	1.9
Howick - SEART	11.6	5.7	-5.9	8.0	6.4	-1.6
PM Peak						
Route	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	EB2/EB3R Final [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	EB2/EB3R Final [min]	Difference [min]
Botany - Pakuranga	18.4	17.9	0.1	24.6	17.0	-9.9
Botany - SEART	11.6	10.0	-1.1	24.5	19.4	-6.2
Howick - Pakuranga	4.7	4.7	0.4	3.4	4.7	1.4
Howick - SEART	5.0	2.9	-2.0	7.5	10.3	2.7

During the AM peak period, westbound (citybound) movements are prioritised along the transport network upon completion of EB2 and EB3R. Along with the completion of the RRF, this is predicted to lead to significant improvements in travel times from Botany to SEART and Pakuranga as well as from Howick to SEART. The route from Howick to Pakuranga is predicted to experience a negligible increase, as it is treated as a minor movement at the Pakuranga Road / RRF intersection. The prioritisation of westbound movements is however predicted to lead to manageable increases in travel times of some of the eastbound routes.

Similarly, in the PM peak eastbound movements are prioritised. This is predicted to lead to significant improvements in travel times from Pakuranga and SEART towards Botany. The eastbound routes from Pakuranga and SEART towards Howick are predicted to experience negligible increases in travel time. Westbound routes are predicted to experience small improvements, or in some cases negligible increases in travel time during the PM peak period upon completion of EB2 and EB3R.

6.4 Effects to Bus Services and Facilities

The sections below provide details and assessment of the permanent effects upon completion to bus services and facilities in the EB2 and EB3R project areas. **Figure 105** shows the existing bus services operating through project areas. These include the 70, 72C, 72M, 72X, 352, 711 and 712 services.

As noted above, school bus service operating in the EB2 and EB3R project areas include the following:

- S415 – Pakuranga to Sacred Heart College
- S416 – Botany Downs to Sacred Heart College
- S440 – Bucklands Beach to Sancta Maria College
- S013 – Otara to Edgewater College
- S073 – Otahuhu to Edgewater College

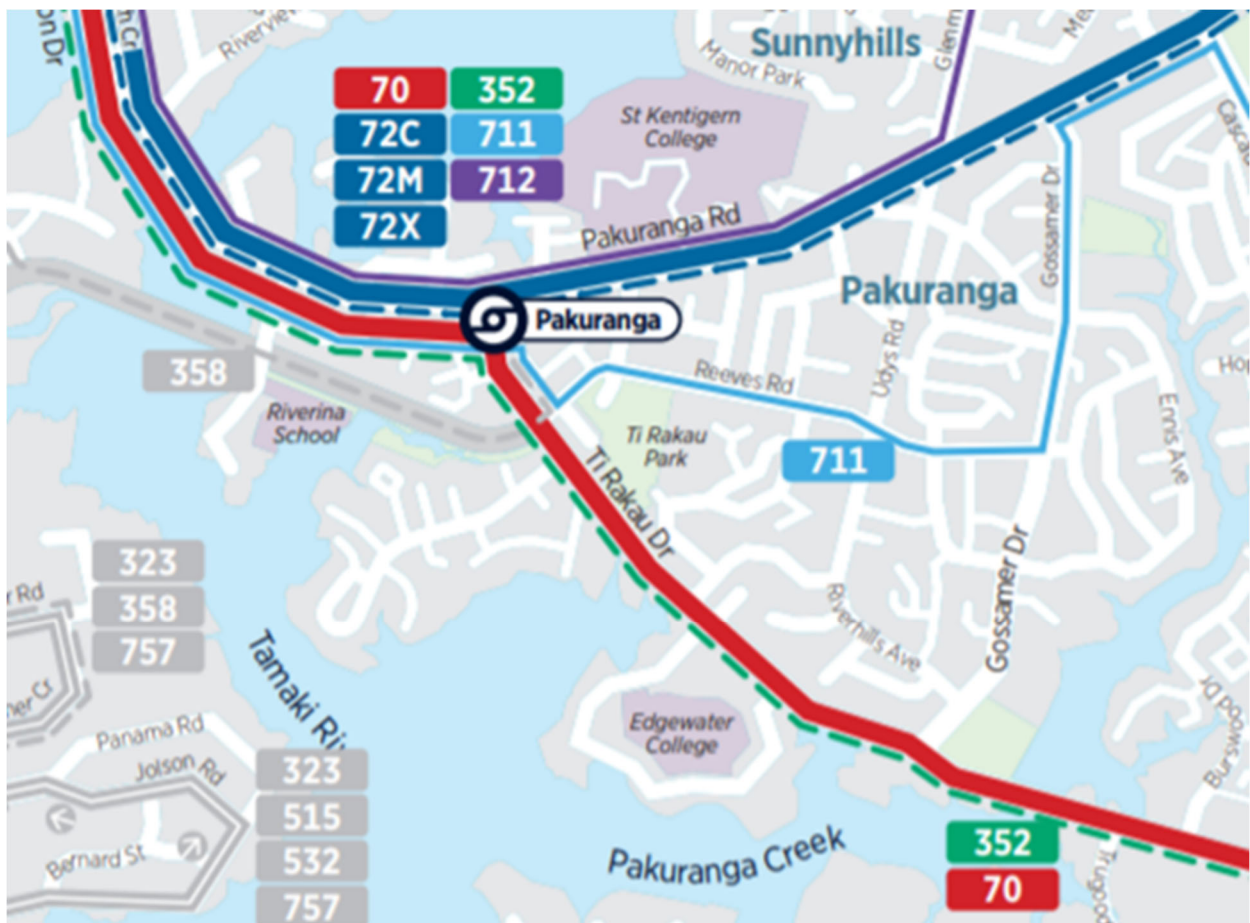


Figure 105: Existing bus services in the EB2 and EB3R project areas

6.4.1 Bus Station Overview

The sections below provide an overview of the bus stations that will be provided upon completion of EB2 and EB3R.

The benefits of the new stations will be the ability to support significantly higher public transport patronage through increased catchment and higher service frequencies through increased capacity. These benefits, in combination with improved customer accessibility, amenity and safety, will lead to an increase in mode share of public transport. A particular benefit of the Pakuranga Town Centre bus station will be the integration of all bus services in the EB2 and EB3R project areas, which will provide an improved transfer experience for passengers. Another benefit of the stations will be improved safety for buses.

6.4.1.1 Pakuranga Town Centre

A major interchange station will be provided in the Pakuranga Town Centre, on the northern side of Ti Rakau Drive, between Aylesbury Street and Reeves Road. The bus station will provide seating and sheltered cover for passengers boarding and alighting here. Furthermore, real-time information on service's estimated arrival times will be displayed on variable message boards along the platforms. Bicycle, scooter and e-bike storage will also be provided at this station. The bus station will be accessible to pedestrians and cyclists from all directions along all of the surrounding roads via separated footpaths, cycleways and signalised crossings. General vehicle access will be provided through a Kiss-and-Ride facility providing six drop-off spaces. **Figure 106** shows the layout of the proposed bus station in the Pakuranga Town Centre.

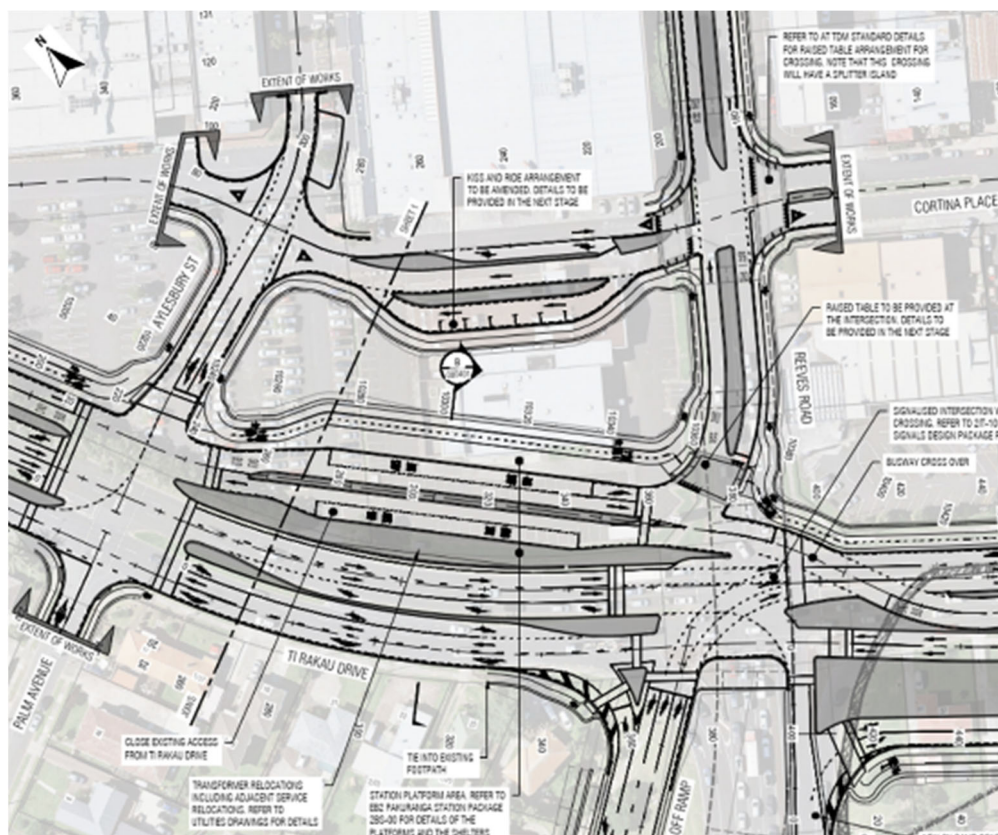


Figure 106: Proposed Pakuranga Town Centre major interchange station layout

6.4.1.2 Edgewater Drive

An intermediate station will be provided in the centre of Ti Rakau Drive, near Edgewater Drive west. As above, the bus station will provide seating and sheltered cover for passengers as well as real-time service information. Bicycle and scooter storage will also be provided. The bus station will be accessible to pedestrians and cyclists from both sides of Ti Rakau Drive via separated footpaths, cycleways and signalised crossings. **Figure 107** shows the layout of the proposed bus station at Edgewater Drive.

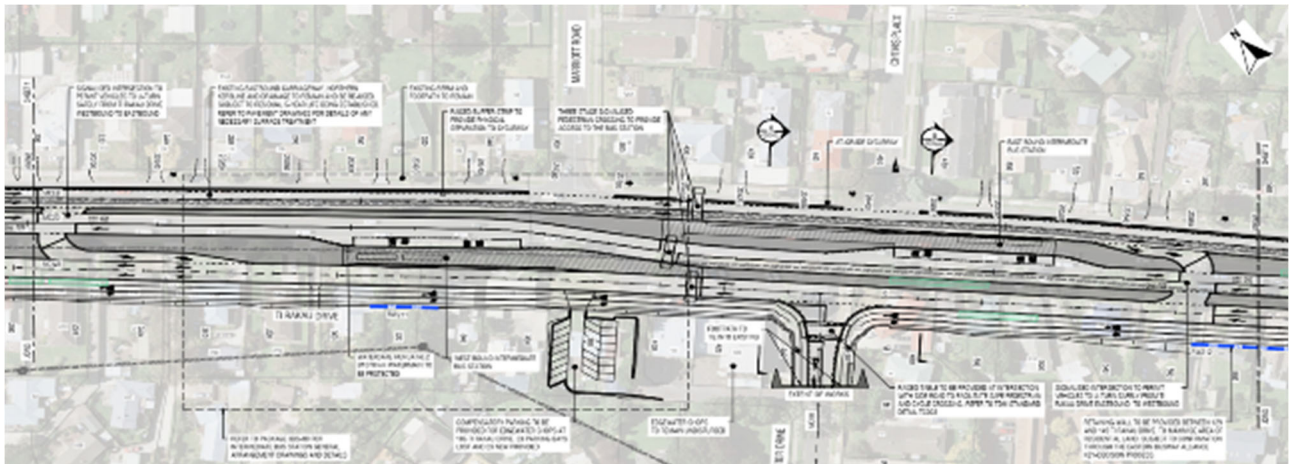


Figure 107: Proposed Edgewater Dr intermediate station layout

6.4.1.3 Gossamer Drive

An intermediate station will also be provided along Ti Rakau Drive, near Gossamer Drive. The westbound station will be provided along the centre of Ti Rakau Drive, while the eastbound station will be provided on the northern side of the Ti Rakau Drive carriageway.

With the full Project in place (EB2, 3 and 4), the bus lanes will continue on the northern side of Ti Rakau Drive and across the Pakuranga Creek towards Burswood (subject to a separate resource consent process). However, for the purposes of this ITA, the central running bus lanes will terminate at the western approach of the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection. Buses departing from the eastbound station will merge back into general traffic before the Ti Rakau Bridge. Similar to the Edgewater Drive station, this station will also provide seating, sheltered cover, real-time service information, and bicycle and scooter storage. The bus station will be accessible to pedestrians and cyclists from both sides of Ti Rakau Drive via separated footpaths, cycleways and signalised crossings.

Figure 108 below shows the layout of the proposed bus station at Gossamer Drive.

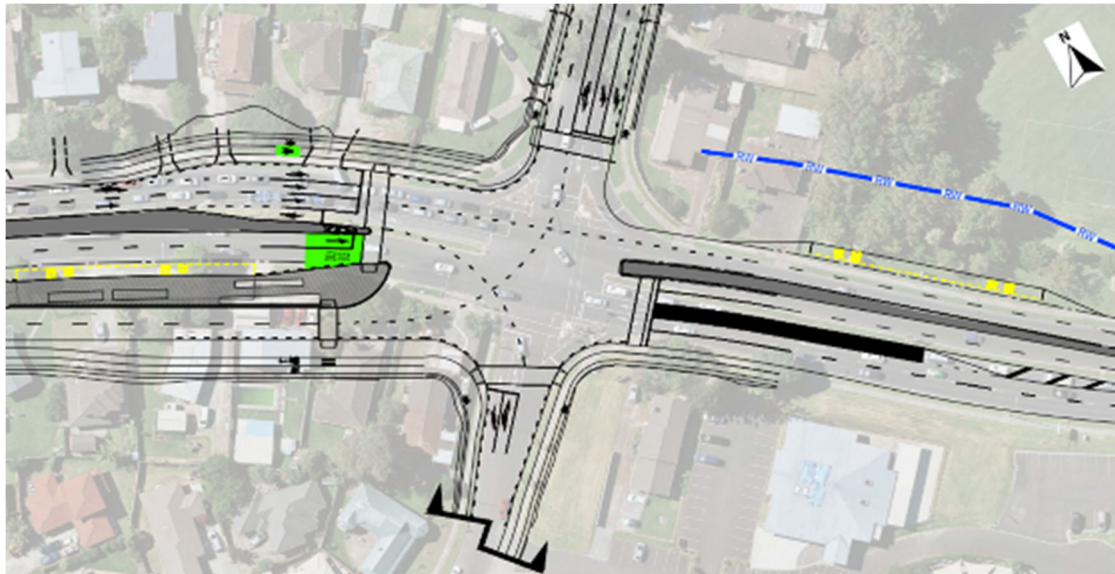


Figure 108: Proposed Gossamer Dr intermediate station layout

6.4.2 Future Patronage

Future patronage of bus services in the EB2 and EB3R project areas were determined from the MSM Auckland Regional Transport Models (EMME). These models forecast demands based on Auckland Council’s Scenario I Modified Version 11.5 demographic and land use data. The outputs of these models include public transport demand and are based on a 2-hour period during the AM and PM Peaks.

Table 40 provides a comparison of bus patronage, predicted by the 2018 Base Model and the 2028 EB2/EB3R Model, at each of the proposed bus station locations during the AM peak period. It should be noted that the public transport demand shown below is a combination of both inbound and outbound services at these locations.

Table 40: AM peak period bus patronage – 2018 Base Model vs 2028 EB2/EB3R Model

Station	2018 Base Model			2028 EB2/EB3R Model		
	Boarding	Alighting	Total	Boarding	Alighting	Total
Pakuranga Town Centre	37	8	45	708	760	1,468
Edgewater Dr	72	0	72	378	85	463
Gossamer Dr	7	2	9	126	28	154

Table 41 provides a comparison of bus patronage, between the 2018 Base Model and the 2028 EB2/EB3R Model, during the PM peak period.

Table 41: PM peak period bus patronage – 2018 Base Model vs 2028 EB2/EB3R Model

Station	2018 Base Model			2028 EB2/EB3R Model		
	Boarding	Alighting	Total	Boarding	Alighting	Total
Pakuranga Town Centre	13	4	17	725	589	1,314
Edgewater Dr	50	0	50	77	223	299
Gossamer Dr	5	5	10	26	74	100

The proposed bus stations in the EB2 and EB3R project areas, as well as the proposed busway, are predicted to significantly increase public transport patronage during both the AM and PM peak periods. This trend is expected to continue throughout the day, leading to significant increases in daily public transport uptake.

As expected, the largest increase in bus patronage is predicted to occur at the major interchange station in the Pakuranga Town Centre. Nevertheless, the intermediate stations are also predicted to experience large increases in patronage, compared to the existing environment.

The benefit of increased public transport patronage is that it will lead to increased public transport mode share on the network. This will not only reduce congestion on the network, but will also reduce greenhouse gas emissions via a more sustainable movement of passengers through the network.

6.4.3 Platform Pedestrian Circulation

The level of service for customer circulation at the bus stations was determined based on the peak patronage at each location³⁹, with a target of LOS C (minimum 1.4 m² per person), for the peak 5-minute demand for boarding and peak 1-minute demand for alighting passengers. **Table 42** outlines the forecasted peak patronage by 2048, the resultant platform area required and the platform footprint of the design at each of the stations.

Table 42: Station patronage and platform area

Station	Direction	AM Peak period		PM Peak Period		Design Platform Footprint [m ²]
		Peak Patronage	Area Required [m ²]	Peak Patronage	Area Required [m ²]	
Pakuranga Town Centre	Inbound	73	102	60	84	165
	Outbound	41	57	45	63	
Edgewater Dr	Inbound	18	25	24	34	105
	Outbound	18	25	9	13	
Gossamer Dr	Inbound	18	25	24	34	105
	Outbound	18	25	9	13	

All station platform areas are being well provided for, with all stations requiring less area compared to provided platform footprint in the proposed design.

³⁹ EB234-2-TE-RP-Z0-0001_A1_Traffic Modelling and Analysis Report

6.4.4 Bus Station Loading Areas

An assessment was undertaken to determine the number of bus bays or loading areas at each of the bus stations, based on forecast patronage (EMME model) and bus numbers (provided by AT Metro) by 2048⁴⁰. The assessment methodology to determine the number of bus bays and therefore the number of platforms required was determined using guidance from the Transit Capacity and Quality of Service Manual – Part 2 Transit Capacity (TCQSM). This included employing a given set of operating conditions and probability of acceptance of a bus entering a bus bay without delay.

Table 43 summarises the number of platforms and bus bays at each of the bus stations.

Table 43: Platform and bus bay requirements

Station	No. of Buses per Peak Hour	No. of Platforms (Inbound)	No. of Bus Bays (inbound)	No. of Platforms (Outbound)	No. of Bus Bays (Outbound)
Pakuranga Town Centre	74	1	3	1	3
Edgewater Dr	38	1	2	1	2
Gossamer Dr	38	1	2	1	2

The major interchange station in the Pakuranga Town Centre will consist of one platform per direction with three bus bays upon completion. The intermediate bus stations at Edgewater Drive and Gossamer Drive will consist of one platform per direction, each providing two bus bays upon completion, with the capability of providing a third bus bay in the future. Appropriate platforms and number of bus bays have been provided in the proposed design to cater for the predicted patronage and bus services by 2048.

6.4.5 Future Bus Services and Routes

The majority of bus services currently serving the EB2 and EB3R project areas will continue to do so by 2028, once EB2 and Eb3R are operational. These include the 70, 72X, 352, 711 and 712 services. It is anticipated by AT that the 72C and the 72M services will be combined into one new 72 service. In addition, two new services will be added to the network; the 705 service between Meadowlands and Panmure, and the 706 service between Flatbush and Panmure.

The new 705 service will travel along Picton Street, Selwyn Road, Granger Road, Litten Road, Sandspit Road, Meadowland Drive, Millhouse Drive, Botany Road, along Ti Rakau Drive through the EB2 and EB3R project areas, on Pakuranga Road and will terminate at the Panmure Train Station.

The new 706 service will travel along Ormiston Road, Murphys Road, Stancombe Road, Chapel Road, along Ti Rakau Drive through the EB2 and EB3R project areas, on Pakuranga Road and will terminate at the Panmure Train Station.

The route of the 35 service will be extended northwards from Botany Town Centre, along Chapel Road, Whitford Road, Cook Street, and Picton Street to replace the 72C service along these roads. The new 72 service will cover the same route as the 72M service from Botany to Howick, but with higher frequencies. From Picton Street, the new 72 service will replace both the 72C and 72M services as it heads along Ridge Road and Pakuranga Road towards Panmure.

⁴⁰ EB234-2-TE-RP-Z0-0001_A1_Traffic Modelling and Analysis Report

Services currently operating along Ti Rakau Drive, such as the 70 and 352 services, will continue to do so with no changes to their routes. The 711 service will experience a minor route change, specifically the 711 inbound service. The route of the 711 inbound service will in future proceed along Reeves Road towards Ti Rakau Drive and the new bus station in the Pakuranga Town Centre.

The services operating along Pakuranga Road will also experience a minor route change. The 72X, 712 and the new 72 services will turn off Pakuranga Road, at the intersection with the RRF, and onto the new bus lanes towards Reeves Road. These services will continue along Reeves Road towards Ti Rakau Drive and the new Pakuranga Town Centre bus station. **Figure 109** below shows the future bus services and routes that will be operating in the EB2 and EB3R project areas upon completion.



Figure 109: Future bus services and routes in the EB2 and EB3R project areas

In future, all bus services along Ti Rakau Drive will travel in dedicated bus lanes through the EB2 and EB3R project areas, as opposed to the general traffic lanes in the existing environment. All bus services travelling along Pakuranga Road will turn onto the new dedicated bus lanes alongside the RRF towards Reeves Road and Ti Rakau Drive. Overall, the new routes and the bus lanes are predicted to lead to significant improvements in bus travel times and patronage levels. The sections below discuss the improvements in bus service headways as well as the expected improvements in bus travel times.

6.4.6 Service Headways

Table 44 below provides a comparison of the bus service headways, between the existing environment and EB2/EB3R upon completion by 2028, during the AM, IP and PM peak periods. These include the 70, 72C, 72M, 72, 72X, 352, 705, 706, 711 and 712 services.

Table 44: Service headways – Existing Environment vs EB2/EB3R (2028)

Service Description	Direction	Existing Environment			EB2/EB3R 2028		
		AM Headway [min]	IP Headway [min]	PM Headway [min]	AM Headway [min]	IP Headway [min]	PM Headway [min]
70 – Botany to Auckland CBD	Inbound	8	10	10	5	7	7
	Outbound	10	7	7	7	7	5
72C – Botany and Howick to Panmure	Inbound	20	30	30	-	-	-
	Outbound	30	30	20	-	-	-
72M – Botany and Howick to Panmure	Inbound	-	30	30	-	-	-
	Outbound	30	30	-	-	-	-
72 – Botany and Howick to Panmure (replacement for 72C and 72M)	Inbound	-	-	-	5	12	15
	Outbound	-	-	-	15	12	5
72X – Botany and Howick to Auckland CBD	Inbound	10	-	-	10	-	-
	Outbound	-	-	10	-	-	10
352 – Manukau to Panmure	Inbound	20	20	20	12	12	12
	Outbound	20	20	20	12	12	12
705 – Meadowlands to Panmure (new route)	Inbound	-	-	-	15	-	-
	Outbound	-	-	-	-	-	15
706 – Flatbush to Panmure (new route)	Inbound	-	-	-	15	-	-
	Outbound	-	-	-	-	-	15
711 – Howick to Panmure	Inbound	20	60	60	15	30	30
	Outbound	60	60	20	30	30	15
712 – Bucklands Beach to Panmure	Inbound	23	30	30	10	20	20
	Outbound	30	30	20	20	20	10

Service headways will improve for the 70 service during all periods of the day. The benefit of this will be an increase in public transport patronage, especially during the peak periods.

Again, it is anticipated that the 72C and 72M services will be combined into one new 72 service. The new 72 service will provide improved headways compared to the services it is replacing. The 72 service headways will be 5 mins in the peak direction (AM = inbound, PM = outbound), 12 mins during the IP periods, and 15 mins in the off-peak direction.

It is expected that the service headways for the 72X service will remain the same upon completion of EB2 and EB3R. The frequencies are expected to be sufficient to service the predicted patronage by 2028 along this route.

Service headways of the 352 service will improve significantly, compared to the existing environment. It is expected that 12 min headways will be provided for this service across all of the periods.

Initially, the new 705 and 706 services are expected to run at 15 min headways in the peak directions only (AM = inbound, PM = outbound), with the capacity to expand the timetable if required in the future.

The 711 service headways will improve to 15 min in the peak directions, while service headways will be halved during the IP periods and the off-peak directions.

The 712 service headways will be halved for the peak directions, to 10 minutes, while the IP period and off-peak service headways will be improved to 20 minutes.

As above, these improved service headways will significantly increase public transport patronage and as a result lead to increased public transport mode share on the network. This will not only reduce congestion, but will also reduce greenhouse gas emissions by way of a more sustainable movement of passengers through the network.

6.4.7 Bus Travel Time

Bus route travel times were determined using the AIMSUN model, with a 2028 horizon year. The same bus routes presented in **Section 5.3.5**, with the addition of the new 72, 705 and 706 services, are assessed here for permanent effects to bus travel times in the EB2/EB3R Final Scenario. **Table 45** below provides a comparison of the bus route travel times between the Do-Minimum and EB2/EB3R Final scenarios, with a 2028 horizon year.

Table 45: Bus travel times – Do-Minimum vs EB2/EB3R Final (2028)

AM Peak						
Route Description	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	EB2/EB3R Final [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	EB2/EB3R Final [min]	Difference [min]
70 – Botany to Auckland CBD	42.3	29.3	-13.0	26.9	30.3	3.4
72C – Botany and Howick to Panmure	20.6	-	-	16.0	-	-
72M – Botany and Howick to Panmure	-	-	-	15.8	-	-
72 – Botany and Howick to Panmure	-	21.0	-	-	20.1	-
72X – Botany and Howick to Auckland CBD	24.6	25.6	1.0	-	-	-
352 – Manukau to Panmure	36.8	25.1	-11.7	29.1	28.2	-0.9
705 – Meadowlands to Panmure	-	29.7	-	-	-	-
706 – Flatbush to Panmure	-	25.9	-	-	-	-
711 – Howick to Panmure	29.1	27.8	-1.3	22.7	25.5	2.8
712 – Bucklands Beach to Panmure	22.6	24.1	1.5	16.6	17.9	1.3
PM Peak						
Route Description	Westbound			Eastbound		
	Do Minimum [min]	EB2/EB3R Final [min]	Difference [min]	Do Minimum [min]	EB2/EB3R Final [min]	Difference [min]
70 – Botany to Auckland CBD	35.7	29.9	-5.8	38.1	31.1	-7.0
72C – Botany and Howick to Panmure	14.6	-	-	14.8	-	-
72M – Botany and Howick to Panmure	15.0	-	-	-	-	-
72 – Botany and Howick to Panmure	-	16.9	-	-	20.0	-
72X – Botany and Howick to Auckland CBD	-	-	-	16.8	24.7	7.9
352 – Manukau to Panmure	33.4	32.3	-1.1	27.9	32.4	5.5
705 – Meadowlands to Panmure	-	-	-	-	-	-
706 – Flatbush to Panmure	-	-	-	-	-	-
711 – Howick to Panmure	23.8	24.6	0.8	24.5	32.2	7.7
712 – Bucklands Beach to Panmure	19.7	22.0	2.3	18.1	25.9	7.8

The 70 and 352 services, which travel along Ti Rakau Drive in the EB2 and EB3R project areas, are predicted to experience significant improvements in travel times during the AM peak in the westbound (inbound) direction. In the eastbound (outbound) direction, the 70 service is predicted to experience a negligible increase in travel times, while a small improvement is predicted for the 352 service. Both of these services will be running at higher frequencies during all periods of the day.

The new 72 route is predicted to have marginally longer travel times, in both directions during the AM peak, compared to the 72C and 72M routes it is replacing. However, the new 72 service will be running at higher frequencies in both directions.

The 72X, 711 and 712 routes are predicted to experience negligible increases, or in some cases small improvements, in both directions during the AM peak. Again, while service headways for the 72X service are expected to remain the same, headways for the 711 and 712 service will be significantly improved in the future.

The 70 service is predicted to experience improvements in travel times during the PM peak in both directions upon completion of EB2 and EB3R. The combination of improved travel times and higher service frequencies will lead to a faster and more reliable public transport trip between Botany and the Auckland CBD.

Similar to the AM peak, the new 72 service is predicted to have marginally longer travel times, in both directions, during the PM peak compared to the routes it is replacing. However, the new 72 will be running at higher frequencies.

Travels times for the 72X, 711 and 712 services are predicted to increase in the outbound (eastbound) direction during the PM peak. This is likely due to the route changes of these services, particularly the additional number of intersections these services have to pass through. Again, while service frequencies for the 72X are expected to remain the same, service headways for the 711 and 712 services however will be significantly improved. Furthermore, the integration off all services at the Pakuranga Town Centre station will provide for an improved transfer experience between services. Passengers will not be required to walk across the Pakuranga Plaza to transfer between services on Pakuranga Road and Ti Rakau Drive.

The 352 service is predicted to experience an increase in travel times in the outbound (eastbound) direction during the PM peak. This is likely due to the operation of the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection. As stated in **Section 6.3.2**, the proposed design of the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection under this assessment (EB2/EB3R only), is not identical to the proposed design of the intersection under the full Project (EB2, 3 and 4). Under the full Project, the intersection would have a more efficient geometric layout, and as a result would also have a more efficient traffic signal phasing. Therefore, additional travel time savings would be likely upon completion of the whole Project.

Overall, bus travel times are predicted to improve across the network during the AM and PM peaks. The combination of improved travel times and higher service frequencies will lead to faster and more reliable public transport trips. In some cases where bus services are not expected to experience improvements in travel times, these services will still be improved in the form of the new bus stations, improved reliability and efficiency, and increased service frequencies.

6.4.8 School Bus Services

The S415 school bus service between Pakuranga and Sacred Heart College will in future also benefit from EB2. The S415 will depart from the Pakuranga Town Centre bus station, in the AM peak, and head westbound along the new Ti Rakau Drive bus lanes. At the intersection with Pakuranga Road, the S415 will join onto the EB1 bus lanes. In the afternoon, the S415 will return down Pakuranga Road, turning right onto the new Ti Rakau Drive bus lanes and terminate at the Pakuranga Town Centre bus station.

The S416 school bus service between Botany and Sacred Heart College will in future also benefit from EB2 as well as EB3R. In the AM peak, students will be able to board the S416 at the Gossamer Drive, Edgewater Drive and Pakuranga Town Centre bus stations as the service travels westbound along the new bus lanes on Ti Rakau Drive. As above, the S416 will turn left onto the EB1 Pakuranga Road bus lanes. In the afternoon, the S416 will return down the new Ti Rakau Drive bus lanes and students will be able to alight at the new EB2 and EB3R bus stations.

In the future, the S440 school bus service between Bucklands Beach and Sancta Maria College and Primary will remain on its current route and students will board and alight at the existing bus stops. The S440 will continue to proceed southbound on Gossamer Drive and turn left at the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection into the general traffic lanes and will not stop at the new Gossamer eastbound station in the AM peak. In the afternoon, the S440 will continue to turn right from Ti Rakau Drive onto Gossamer Drive from the general traffic lanes, and will not be able to stop at the Gossamer Drive westbound station.

The S013 school bus service between Otara and Edgewater College will in future continue to travel westbound along Ti Rakau Drive in the general traffic lanes during the AM peak, and will turn left into Edgewater Drive east. It will not stop on Ti Rakau Drive in the EB3R project area. In the afternoon, the S013 will experience a small change to its route. As the S013 departs from Edgewater College, the service will turn left at the Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive west intersection into the westbound general traffic lanes. The service will execute a U-turn manoeuvre at the western U-turn facility on Ti Rakau Drive and proceed as normal along the eastbound general traffic lanes. Again, the S013 will not stop along Ti Rakau Drive. The permanent effects to this school bus service are considered to be negligible.

In the future, the S073 school bus service between Otahuhu and Edgewater College will continue to turn right from SEART onto the eastbound general traffic lanes on Ti Rakau Drive, during the AM peak. The service will not be able to use the EB2 and EB3R bus lanes nor the Pakuranga Town Centre and Edgewater bus stations. The service will not stop along Ti Rakau Drive. As the Edgewater Drive west intersection is left-in left-out only in the proposed design, the S073 will experience a small change to its route. The service will proceed eastbound along Ti Rakau Drive and execute a U-turn manoeuvre at the eastern U-turn facility, to be able to turn left into Edgewater Drive west. In the afternoon, the S073 will continue to turn left onto the westbound Ti Rakau Drive general traffic lanes at Edgewater Drive west and head towards SEART. Again, the service will not be able to use the new bus lanes nor the new bus stations and will not stop along Ti Rakau Drive. The permanent effects to this school bus service are considered to be negligible.

Overall, school bus services travelling in the bus lanes are expected to experience similar travel time improvements as presented in **Section 6.4.7** and services travelling in the general traffic lanes are expected to experience similar travel time improvements as presented in **Section 6.3.3**.

6.5 Effects to Pedestrians and Cyclists

The Project will provide dedicated footpaths and cycleways to improve pedestrian and cyclist amenity and safety. Further benefits of this infrastructure will be greater connectivity and accessibility not only across the network, but especially in proximity to the bus stations, resulting in increased catchment as well as the potential for mode shift to occur.

In the EB2 and EB3R project areas, a combination of bidirectional and unidirectional cycleways will be provided along Ti Rakau Drive between Pakuranga Road and Gossamer Drive. Unidirectional cycleways will also be provided on Pakuranga Road between Ti Rakau Drive and the RRF. The majority of the existing footpaths will be retained while new footpaths will be provided along sections of Ti Rakau Drive, William Roberts Road, Cortina Place and Mattson Road.

In the future, raised tables (raised pedestrian platforms) will be implemented across all priority-controlled side streets along the southern side of Ti Rakau Drive in the EB2 and EB3R project areas. These include:

- Palm Avenue
- Tiraumea Drive
- Roseburn Place
- Edgewater Drive west
- Wheatley Avenue
- Edgewater Drive east

Raised tables will also be implemented in Pakuranga Town Centre area, across both the western and eastern approaches at the Reeves Road / Cortina Place intersection and the northern approach at the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection. **Figure 110** shows an example of a raised table in the proposed design at the Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater west intersection.

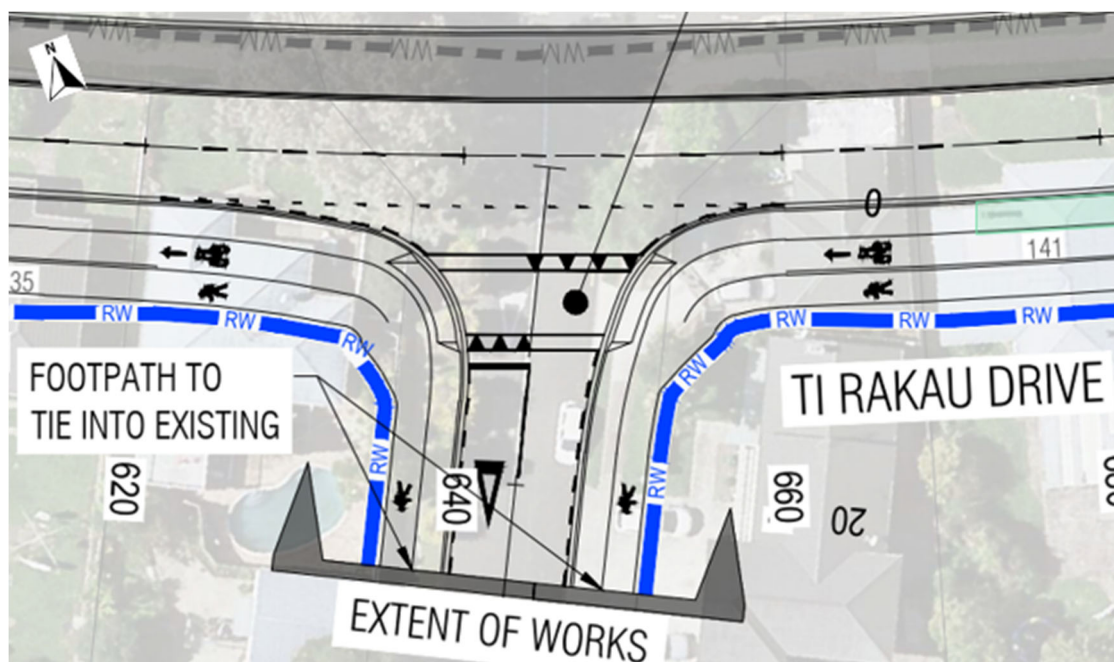


Figure 110: Example of raised tables in the proposed design

The presence of these crossing facilities will aid pedestrians and cyclists by simplifying the crossing task, increasing visibility by creating a visual cue for drivers to reduce their speed as they approach the intersections, and encourage courtesy between drivers and pedestrians. This will reduce the risk of potential conflict between vehicles and pedestrians. It should be noted that these raised tables will not be marked as formal pedestrian crossings.

Compared to the existing environment, signalised pedestrian and/or cycle crossings will be provided more frequently along Ti Rakau Drive. Users will have safe and more direct travel routes, which will provide a connected network that encourages active modes. Signalised pedestrian crossings will be provided across all approaches of the following intersections:

- Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue
- Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART
- William Roberts Road / Reeves Road
- Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive

Signalised pedestrian crossings will be provided across the southern, western and northern approaches at the Reeves Road / Aylesbury Street intersection. Signalised pedestrian crossings will also be provided on the western and northern approaches at the Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road intersection and the eastern and southern approaches at the Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road intersection. Additionally, a pedestrian crossing will also be provided at the Edgewater bus station. Lastly, the existing signalised pedestrian crossing on Pakuranga Road, constructed as part of EB1, will remain. The existing midblock pedestrian crossing on Reeves Road will be removed to avoid potential sightline issues. This is because the columns of the RRF will be located along the centre of Reeves Road, which may obstruct the view of pedestrians to vehicles.

Bidirectional cycleways will be provided along the northern side of Ti Rakau Drive, between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road, while unidirectional cycleways will be provided along both sides of Ti Rakau Drive between Reeves Road and Gossamer Drive. Unidirectional cycleways will also be provided on both sides of Pakuranga Road between Ti Rakau Drive and the RRF. Together, these cycleways will tie into the existing cycleways provided on Pakuranga Road west of Ti Rakau Drive, as part of EB1.

Providing dedicated cycleways creates a physically separated and safe space that facilitates cycle movements through the network. This provides users with a more attractive mode of travel and supports the uptake of cycling. Furthermore, the cycleways will facilitate improved accessibility to the bus stations, increasing uptake of public transport across the network. Signalised shared pedestrian and cyclist crossings will be provided at the following intersections:

- Northern approach of Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive
- Northern approach of Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Pam Avenue
- Eastern approach of Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART
- Northern approach of Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road
- Southern approach of Ti Rakau Drive / Mattson Road
- Western approach of Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive

Overall, pedestrian and cyclist amenity and safety will be improved. The Project will also provide greater accessibility and connectivity to public transport, increasing catchment and mode shift.

6.6 Effects to Property Access and Parking

6.6.1 EB2 – Reeves Road

The proposed design of Reeves Road in the EB2 project area does not provide any on-street parking. However, no on-street parking is provided in the existing environment. Therefore, the proposed design will have no effects on on-street parking.

6.6.1.1 3 Reeves Road (Gull Service Station)

Figure 111 shows the location and property boundary of 3 Reeves Road, as well as the Gull service station (red outline) developed on the site. Access to the property from Reeves Road will not be maintained in the proposed design as the section of Reeves Road between TI Rakau Drive and Cortina Place will be bus only. Discussions regarding compensation are ongoing with the owner regarding loss of direct road access onto Reeves Road as part of the Public Works Act process.

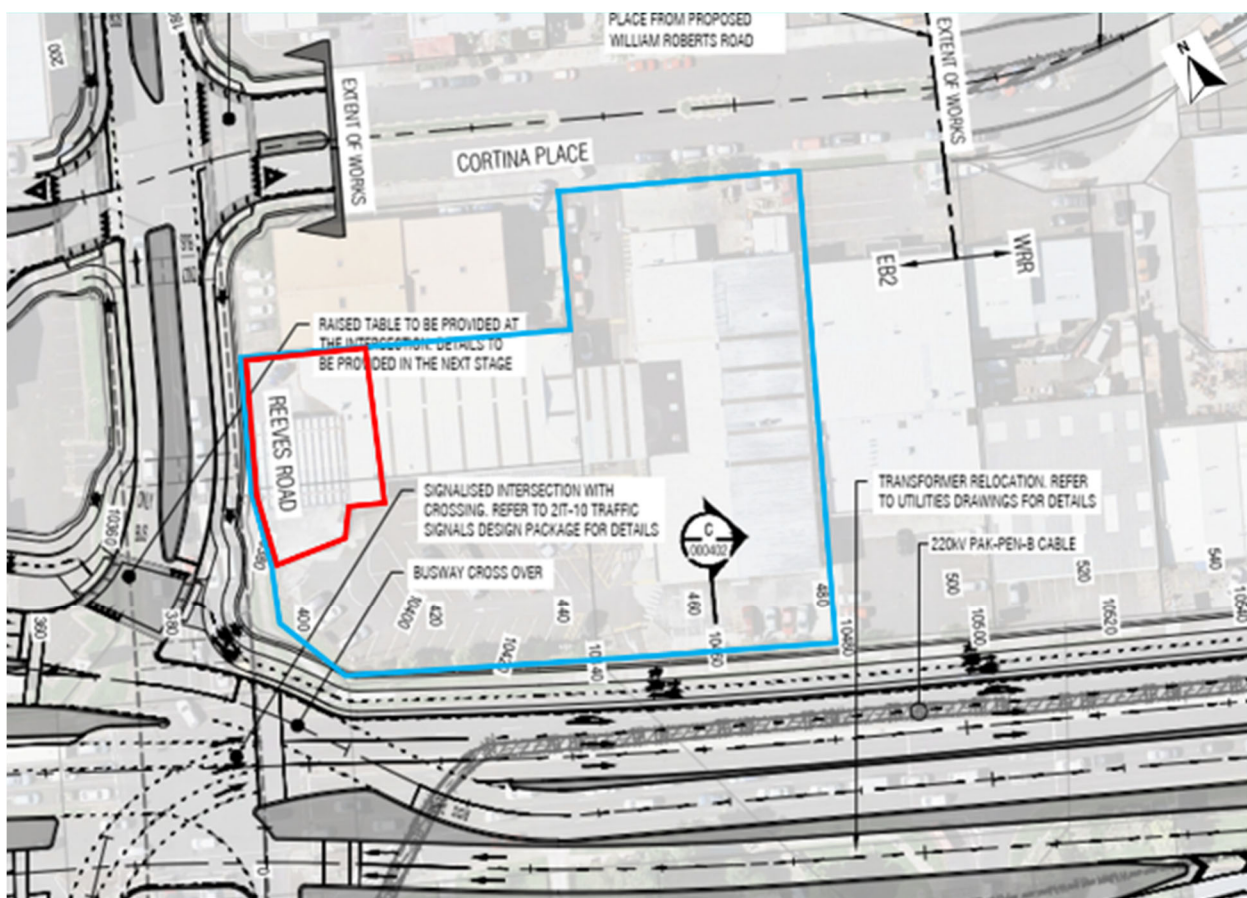


Figure 111: 3 Reeves Rd and Gull service station (red outline) upon completion

6.6.1.2 2 Cortina Place and 5 Reeves Road

As stated in **Section 5.1.1.1**, the properties at 2 Cortina Place and 5 Reeves Road have been acquired by AT and will be used as site offices during construction. Upon completion, these properties will be handed back or will be demolished for redevelopment in the future. **Figure 112** shows the location of 2 Cortina Place (yellow outline), 5 Reeves Road (blue outline) and the proposed design of the adjacent roads.

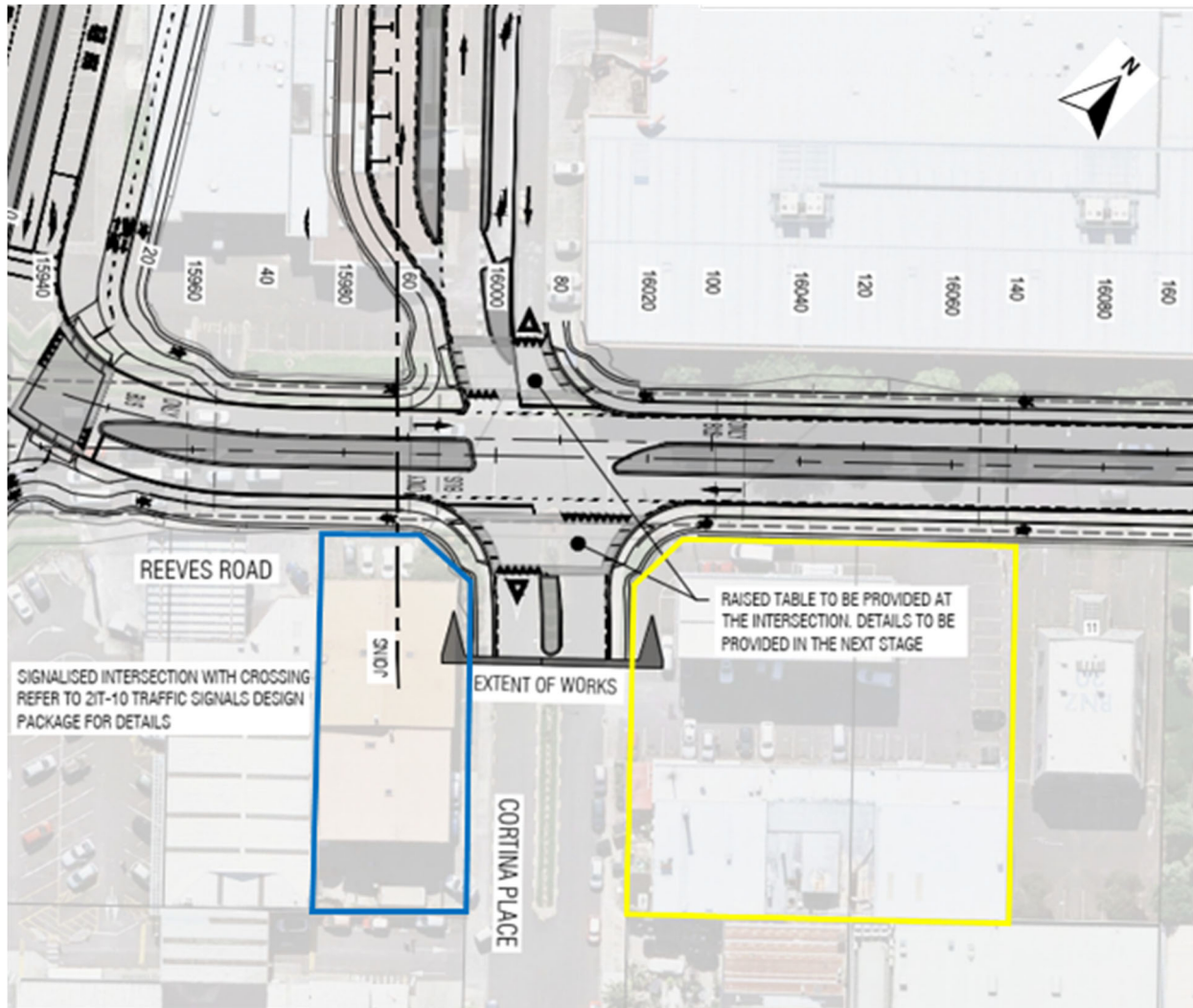


Figure 112: 2 Cortina Pl (yellow outline) and 5 Reeves Rd (blue outline) upon completion

The property at 5 Reeves Road will in future have no vehicle access from Reeves Road as the section of Reeves Road between Ti Rakau Drive and Cortina Place will be bus only. The property will however still be accessible via Cortina Place.

Upon completion, vehicle access from Reeves Road to the property at 2 Cortina Place will be reinstated. In future, the access from Reeves Road will be left-in/left-out only. However, this access will be in addition to the existing access off Cortina Place. Permanent effects to property access and parking at these properties are considered to be negligible.

6.6.1.3 11 Reeves Road (Eastside Pups Dog Grooming and Daycare)

Vehicle access from Reeves Road to the property at 11 Reeves Road will be reinstated once construction of the RRF and ground level works have been completed. The access will be left-in/left-out only due to the location of the columns of the RRF and potential sightline issues of opposing traffic. Although the access will be somewhat different compared to the existing environment, the permanent effects to property access are expected to be very low. **Figure 113** shows the location of 11 Reeves Road (blue outline) and the proposed design of Reeves Road.

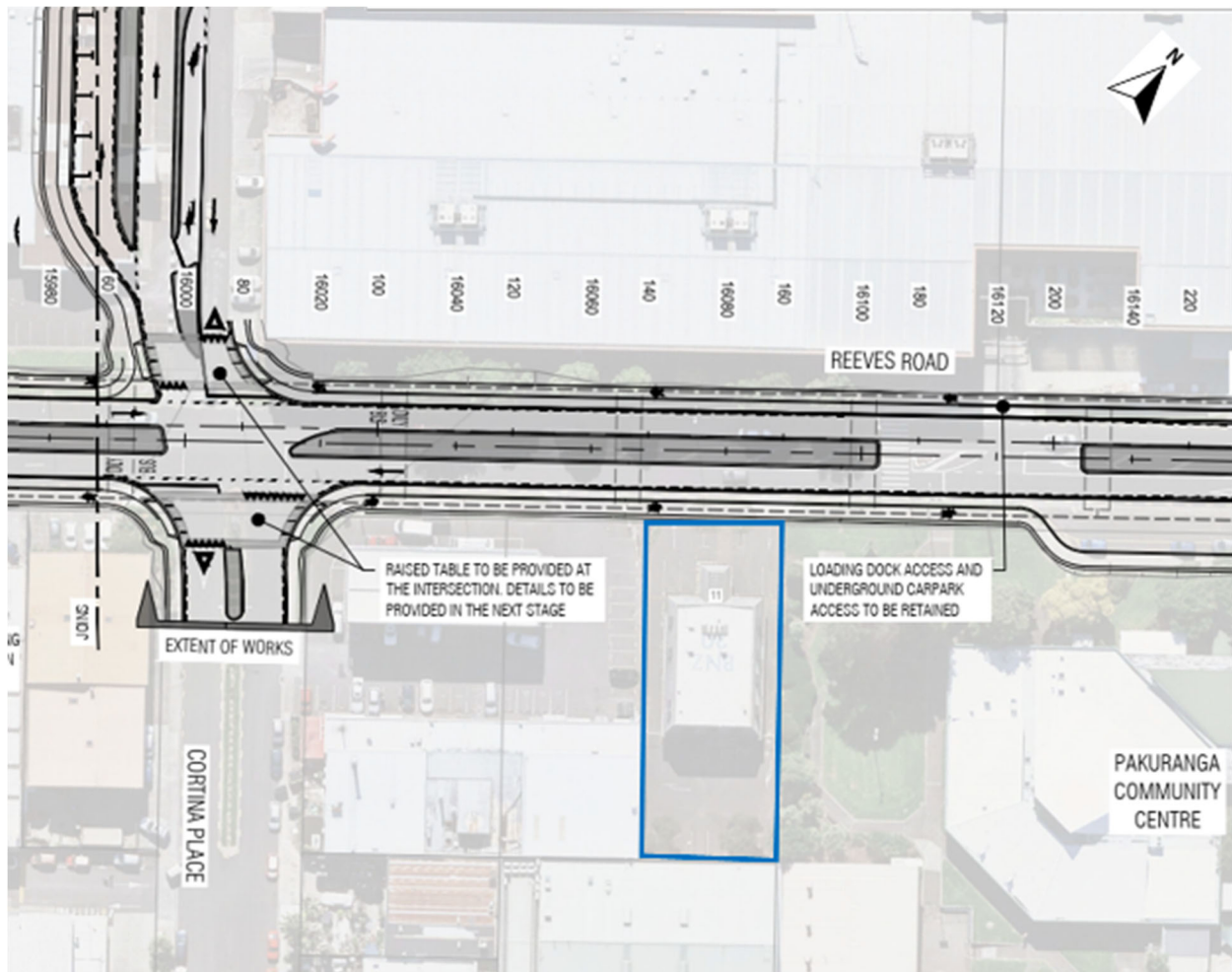


Figure 113: 11 Reeves Rd (blue outline) upon completion

6.6.1.4 13R Reeves Road (Te Tuhi)

Upon completion of the Reeves Road, access to the property at 13R Reeves Road (Pakuranga Community Centre) will be reinstated largely similar to the existing environment, and the temporary drop-off along William Roberts Road will be removed. Permanent effects to property access are expected to be negligible. **Figure 114** shows the location of the Te Tuhi development on 13R Reeves Road (blue outline) and the permanent access arrangement at the property.

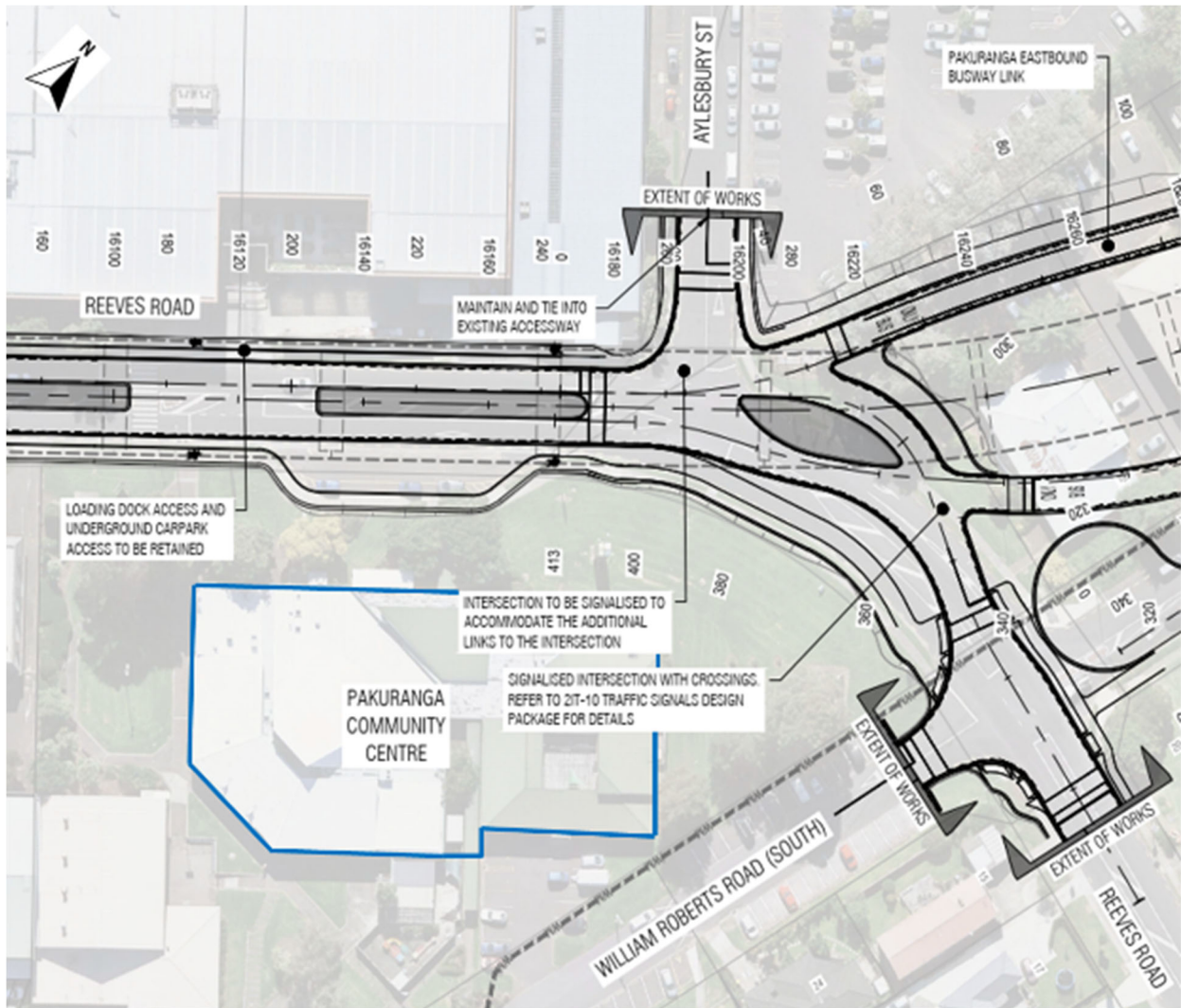


Figure 114: 13R Reeves Rd upon completion

6.6.1.5 7 Aylesbury Street and 2R Ti Rakau Drive (The Warehouse and Pakuranga Library)

Upon completion of Reeves Road, access to The Warehouse’s goods access will be reinstated as per the existing environment (left-in left-out) with delivery vehicles approaching from the south via Cortina Place and exiting to the north on Reeves Road. A similar access arrangement will be provided to the Library service entrance. Access to the undercover carpark will be provided via Cortina Place to the south and Reeves Road to the north. **Figure 115** shows the permanent access arrangements at 7 Aylesbury Street (blue outline) and 2R Ti Rakau Drive (yellow outline) upon completion.

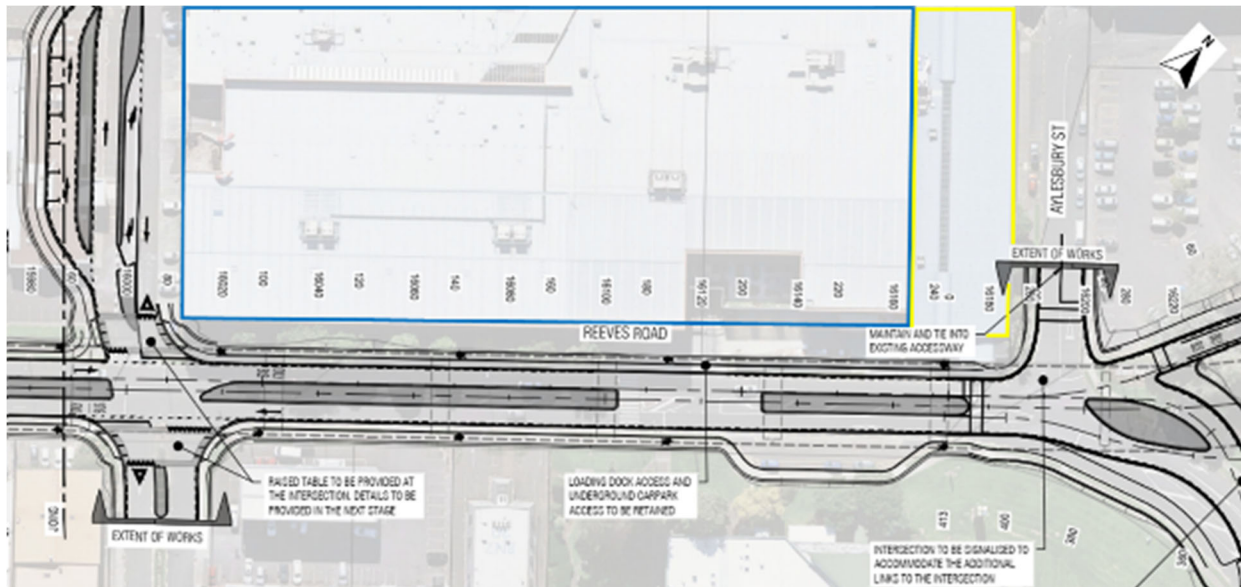


Figure 115: 7 Aylesbury St (blue outline) and 2R Ti Rakau Dr (yellow outline) upon completion

Permanent effects to property access, upon the completion of construction, are expected to be negligible as these access arrangements are largely similar to the existing environment and background traffic volumes on Reeves Road will be significantly reduced.

6.6.2 EB2 – William Roberts Road

6.6.2.1 William Roberts Road North

Upon completion, William Roberts Road north will no longer function as a through route between Reeves Road and Pakuranga Road, but rather as a local road to the surrounding residential properties. Each end of William Roberts Road north will be converted to a cul-de-sac with access off Ayr Road, and will provide ample on-street parking to the surrounding properties. Accesses to the remaining properties on the eastern side of the road will be maintained as per the existing environment. Overall, less through traffic will travel on William Roberts Road north, improving safety and the increased travel distance via Ayr Road to Lewis Road of roughly 300 m is considered to be negligible. Therefore, permanent effects to property access and parking are considered to be negligible.

6.6.2.2 William Roberts Road South

As stated in the WRRE ITA, the proposed WRRE design will result in the permanent loss of 12 parking spaces on William Roberts Road south, near the Pakuranga Leisure Centre and Ti Rakau Park.

Further north on William Roberts Road south, a total of 42 on-street parking spaces are provided at a 90° angle to the carriageway. To improve the safety of vehicles turning out from these parking spaces, and to avoid tracking curves passing over the road centre line, the angle of these parking spaces will be adjusted (see **Figure 116**). The proposed EB2 design will provide 20 fewer on-street parking spaces.

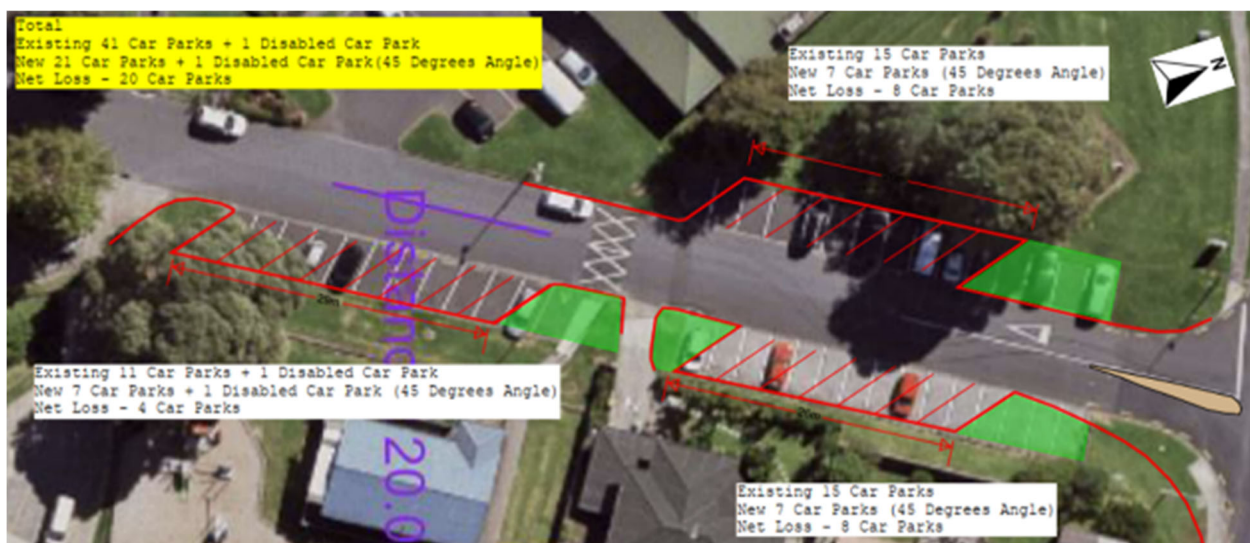


Figure 116: William Roberts Rd south parking adjustments

Therefore, the combined loss of on-street parking along William Roberts Road south due to the proposed design of WRRE and EB2, is 32 parking spaces.

Of the 32 parking spaces lost along William Roberts Road south, 16 parking spaces are located within Open Space zoned land (blue outline, see **Figure 117** below) and will require mitigation which is outlined below. The remaining 16 parking spaces are located within the road reserve (red outline below). As stated in **Section 3.7.3**, the average parking utilisation on William Roberts Road is not expected to exceed 49% on weekdays and 33% on weekends based on observations of current utilisation. Therefore, the permanent effects of the loss of these 16 parking spaces are considered to be very low.



Figure 117: William Roberts Rd south zoning and on-street parking

It is proposed that a new off-street parking area will be constructed in Ti Rakau Park with access off William Roberts Road. The parking area will provide 21 additional parking spaces (24 in total, however three spaces are displaced). The proposed layout is shown in **Figure 118**.



Figure 118: William Roberts Rd south parking loss mitigation

The proposed parking area will be located near the new raised pedestrian crossing on William Roberts Road, connecting the proposed parking area with the existing footpaths on the western side of the carriageway. The proposed parking area will mitigate the effects on parking in Open Spaced zoned land along William Roberts Road south.

Stakeholder engagement is ongoing with Auckland Council to develop this option as well as relocating the existing playground to provide the necessary space for the proposed carpark.

6.6.3 EB2 – Pakuranga Road

In the proposed design, the kerbside lanes along Pakuranga Road between Ti Rakau Drive and the RRF will be converted to unidirectional cycleways. As such, no on-street parking will be provided along this section of Pakuranga Road in the future. Intermittent gaps will be provided in the buffer islands to allow for drainage to catchpits, but also to allow vehicular access to all properties with access off Pakuranga Road, similar to the existing environment (see **Figure 119** below).

As noted above, Pakuranga Road is largely similar to Ti Rakau Drive in the EB3R project area, in terms of traffic volumes and operating speeds, and so it is not unreasonable to assume that Pakuranga Road experiences the same low level of parking utilisation in the existing environment during weekdays and weekends. Based on this assumption, the permanent effects on on-street parking are expected to be negligible.

The majority of the clearway sections along Pakuranga Road, east of the existing William Roberts Road intersection (see **Section 5.5.4**), will be retained upon completion of the Pakuranga Road / RRF tie-in.

6.6.3.1 141 Pakuranga Road (GAS Service Station)

In the future, access from Pakuranga Road to the property at 141 Pakuranga Road will be largely similar to the existing environment. The proposed design will provide unidirectional cycleways in the kerbside lanes on Pakuranga Road, as well as buffer islands to separate the cycleways and the general traffic running lanes.

As above, intermittent gaps will be provided in the buffer islands to allow for drainage to catchpits, but also to allow vehicular access to this property, similar to the existing environment. **Figure 119** below shows the location of 141 Pakuranga Road (blue outline) and the proposed design along Pakuranga Road.

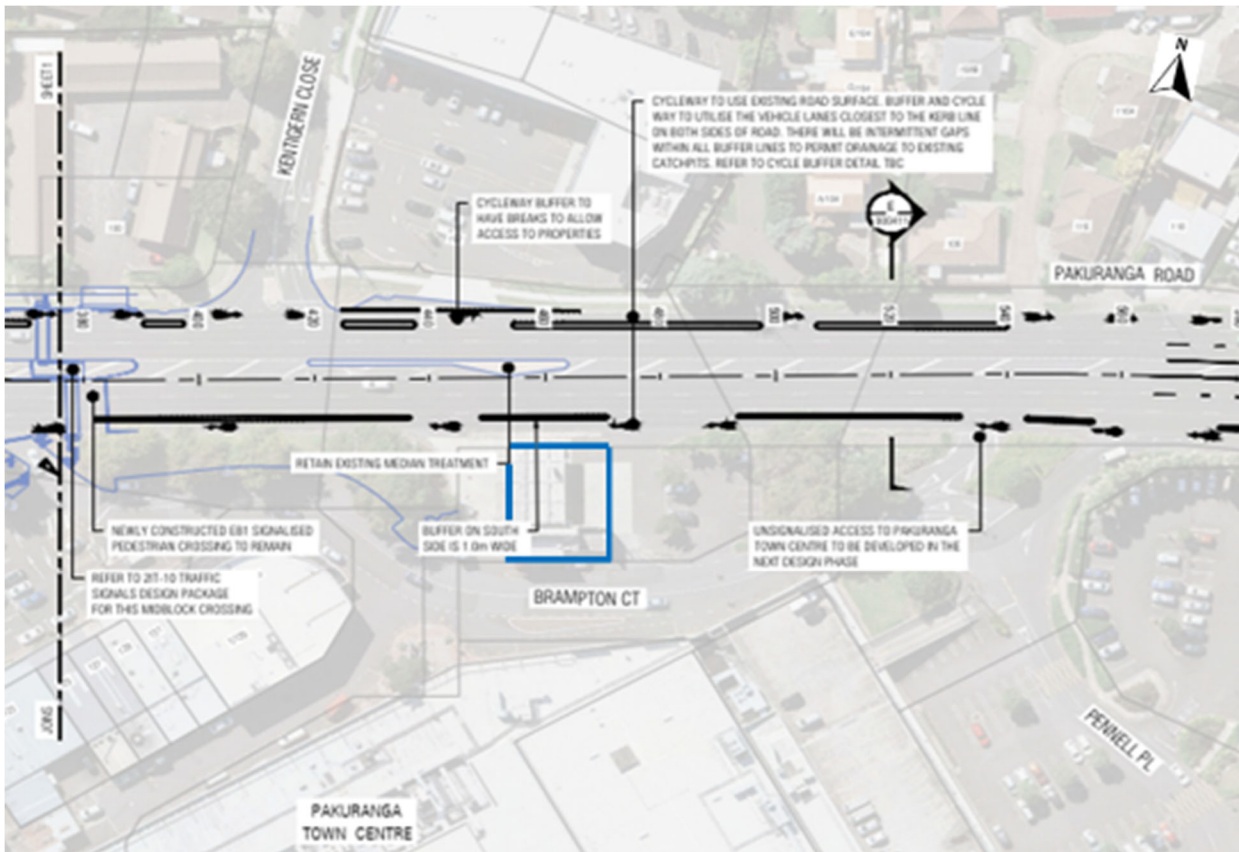


Figure 119: 141 Pakuranga Road (blue outline) upon completion

6.6.4 EB2 – Ti Rakau Drive, Side Roads and Properties

6.6.4.1 *Ti Rakau Drive*

The proposed design of Ti Rakau Drive in the EB2 project area, between Pakuranga Road and Reeves Road does not provide any on-street parking. However, no on-street parking is provided in the existing environment. Therefore, the proposed design will have no effects on on-street parking.

As per the existing environment, left-in/left-out access to the residential properties (3-27 Ti Rakau Drive) on the western side of the carriageway will be maintained. Upon completion, residents of these properties will no longer be able to use the existing U-turn facility on Ti Rakau Drive to head east. However, vehicles will still be able to turn right into Pakuranga Road and Brampton Court to execute a U-turn manoeuvre if required to head east along Ti Rakau Drive. Therefore, the permanent effects to these residential properties are considered to be very low.

6.6.4.2 *Side Roads*

Upon completion of the new Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue crossroads intersection, a raised table will be provided on the Palm Avenue approach, with no effect on property access. No on-street parking is allowed on this section of Palm Avenue in the existing environment. Therefore, the final design will have no effects on on-street parking and property access along Palm Avenue.

6.6.4.3 Pakuranga Plaza

Property Access:

Upon completion of construction, the Plaza will be served by six access points in total including:

- Reeves Road / Cortina Place / Private Access Road intersection (unsignalised)
- The undercover carpark access off Reeves Road
- Reeves Road / Aylesbury Street intersection (signalised)
- Ti Rakau Drive / Aylesbury Street / Palm Avenue intersection (signalised)
- Pakuranga Road / Brampton Court intersection (unsignalised)
- The Pepler Street exit onto Pakuranga Road

The two existing Aylesbury Street accesses off Ti Rakau Drive will be combined into one crossroads intersection with Palm Avenue and will be signalised. Although the total number of access points to the Plaza will be reduced by one compared to the existing environment, it is expected that the signalisation of two accesses will lead to an overall improvement in capacity and vehicle access to Pakuranga Plaza.

Parking:

Overall, the proposed design will result in the permanent loss of 257 of the 1,355 parking spaces at the Pakuranga Plaza. However, parking survey data showed that utilisation does not exceed 60% on an average weekday or weekend. As such, it is expected that the Plaza would still have 285 unoccupied parking spaces upon completion of construction. Therefore, the permanent effects of the proposed design on parking at the Pakuranga Plaza are considered to be negligible.

Figure 120 below shows the Pakuranga Plaza and the proposed design of the surrounding roads.

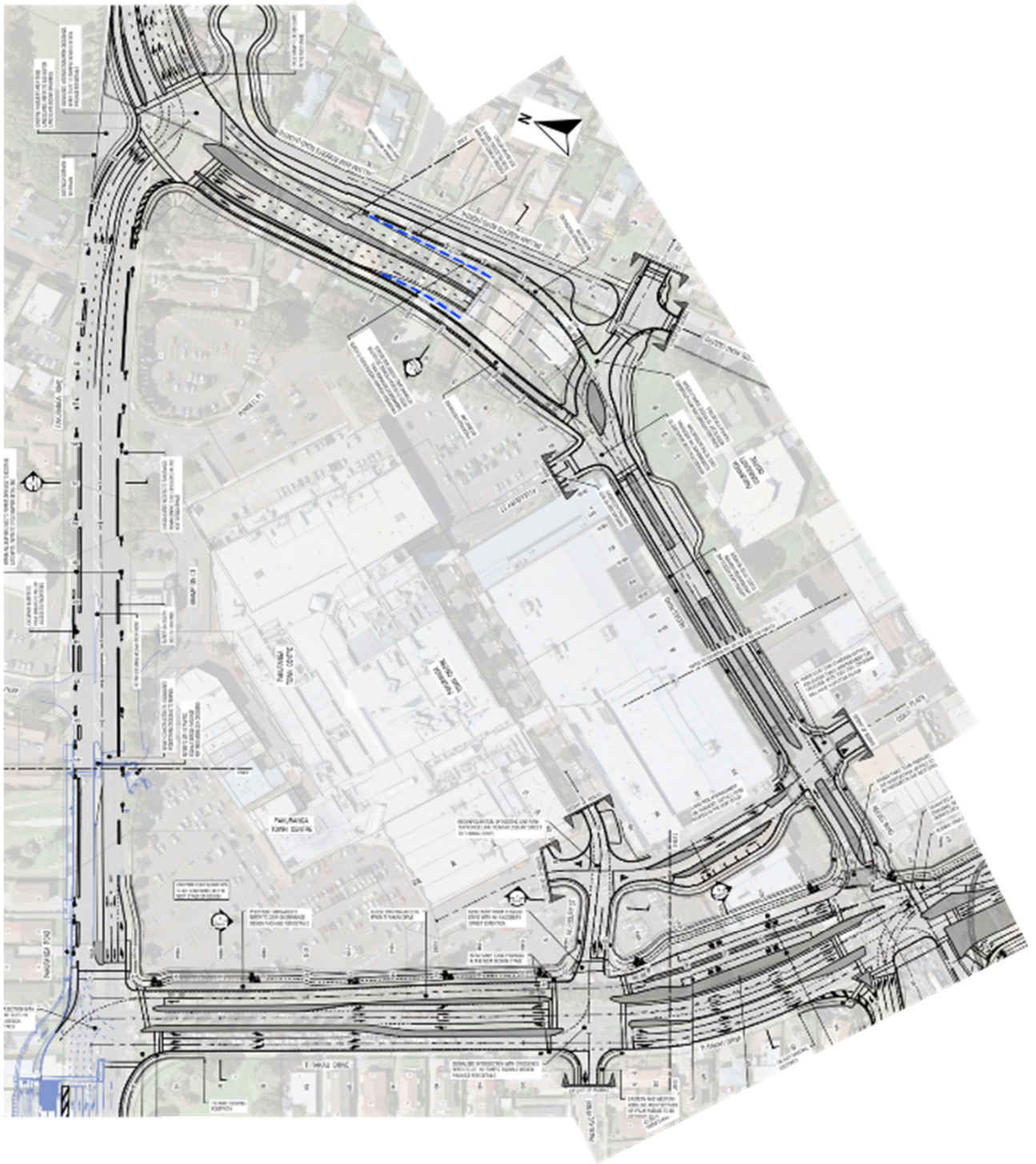


Figure 120: Pakuranga Plaza upon completion

6.6.4.4 26 Ti Rakau Drive

Upon completion of construction, 26 Ti Rakau Drive will be significantly redeveloped. A bus station will be provided between Aylesbury Street and Reeves Road, and a ‘Kiss-and-Ride’ facility will be provided on the private access road off Aylesbury Street that will consist of six parking spaces. Scooter and bike parking facilities will also be provided near the bus station. The remainder of 26 Ti Rakau Drive will be developed into open space, to improve amenity around the bus station (see **Figure 121**).



Figure 121: 26 Ti Rakau Dr artistic representation upon completion

6.6.5 EB3R – Ti Rakau Drive, Side Roads and Properties

6.6.5.1 *Ti Rakau Drive*

The proposed design of Ti Rakau Drive in the EB3R project area will provide online bus lanes along the centre of the carriageway, from Reeves Road to Gossamer Drive. In addition, unidirectional cycleways will be provided on both sides of Ti Rakau Drive. The cycleway on the northern side of the carriageway will be provided in the existing eastbound kerbside / parking lane and will be separated from the adjacent general traffic lanes by a buffer island. The cycleway on the southern side of Ti Rakau Drive will be separated from the general traffic running lanes by a grass berm. The proposed EB3R design of Ti Rakau Drive will provide no on-street parking between Reeves Road and Gossamer Drive.

However, as stated in **Section 3.7.4**, the average utilization of the existing on-street parking is poor with only 3% occupancy on weekdays and 8% on Saturdays. This is not unexpected as this high-volume road does not create an appealing location to park vehicles and is likely leading to a high perceived risk of crashes. Furthermore, the acquisition of the majority of the residential properties on the southern frontage of Ti Rakau Drive will remove the need for on-street parking along this section.

The current left-in/left-out access arrangements to the remaining properties on both sides of Ti Rakau Drive will be maintained upon completion. Access to these properties from the opposite side of Ti Rakau Drive will be facilitated by the new U-turn facilities along the corridor as well as the U-turn manoeuvre provide at the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection. Therefore, the permanent effects on property access and on-street parking are considered to be negligible.

6.6.5.2 *Side Roads*

Tiraumea Drive, Roseburn Place, Edgewater Drive and Wheatley Avenue:

Changes along the side roads of Tiraumea Drive, Roseburn Place, Edgewater Drive west, Wheatley Avenue and Edgewater Drive east as a result of the proposed design will be limited to the approaches of the intersections with Ti Rakau Drive. As such, permanent effects on on-street parking and property access along these side roads are considered to be negligible.

Marriott Road and Chevis Place:

No changes are proposed along Marriott Road and Chevis Place. Therefore, the proposed design will have no permanent effects on on-street parking and property access along these side roads.

Mattson Road:

The proposed design along Mattson Road is relatively more extensive. The Mattson Road approach will be set back approximately 40 m south and 25 m east of its current location where it intersects Ti Rakau Drive. This will provide space for the new westbound lanes on Ti Rakau Drive and will provide sufficient midblock stacking space between the intersections at Mattson Road and William Roberts Road.

However, the properties on the southern side of Ti Rakau Drive have been acquired, removing the need for on-street parking. Accesses to properties along Mattson Road not acquired by AT will be maintained and will interface with the new alignment of Mattson Road similar to the existing environment. Therefore, the permanent effects on on-street parking and property access along Mattson Road are considered to be negligible.

Gossamer Drive:

In the proposed design, the Gossamer Drive approach limit line will be set back approximately 15 m from its current location and the kerbside exit lane will be extended to 100 m. NSAAT line markings are currently provided on the eastern side of the road up to the bus stop near the intersection with Riverhills Avenue. These markings will be replicated on the western side of the road. This will result in the loss of on-street parking in front of 169, 171, 173 and 175 Gossamer Drive. It is likely that these properties have sufficient off-street parking, and that on-street parking is not occupied on a regular basis. Accesses to properties along Gossamer Drive not acquired by AT will be maintained and will interface with the roadway similar to the existing environment. Therefore, the permanent effects on on-street parking and property access along Gossamer Drive are considered to be negligible.

Freemantle Place:

The Freemantle Place approach will be set back approximately 11 m. NSAAT line markings are provided on the western side of the road for approximately 31 m from the limit line. The line markings will be reinstated upon completion and will result in the loss of one parking space in front of 3 Freemantle Place. The existing line markings on the eastern side of the road will be retained. Property access along Freemantle Place will be maintained as per the existing environment. Therefore, the permanent effects on on-street parking and property access along Freemantle Place are considered to be negligible.

6.6.5.3 Residential Properties on Southern Frontage of Ti Rakau Drive

Upon completion of the new westbound lanes on Ti Rakau Drive in EB3R, the temporary residential access tracks at 75A, 83, 83A-C, 87-91, 97, 103A, 129, 145, 175A, 177, 183-185 and 191 Ti Rakau Drive will be disestablished. Residents will be able to use their existing driveways off the new Ti Rakau Drive westbound lanes. The accesses will be left-in/left-out only, similar to the existing environment. Therefore, permanent effects to property access at these properties are considered to be negligible.

6.6.5.4 107 and 109 Ti Rakau Drive – Edgewater Shops

Upon completion, the temporary carpark at 105 Ti Rakau Drive will be made permanent. The carpark will provide 22 parking spaces. Access to and from the proposed carpark will be via Ti Rakau Drive, similar to the existing environment (see **Figure 122** below). Access to the refuse collection area to the rear of the property will be largely similar to the existing environment. Therefore, the effects of the proposed carpark on property access and parking are considered to be negligible.

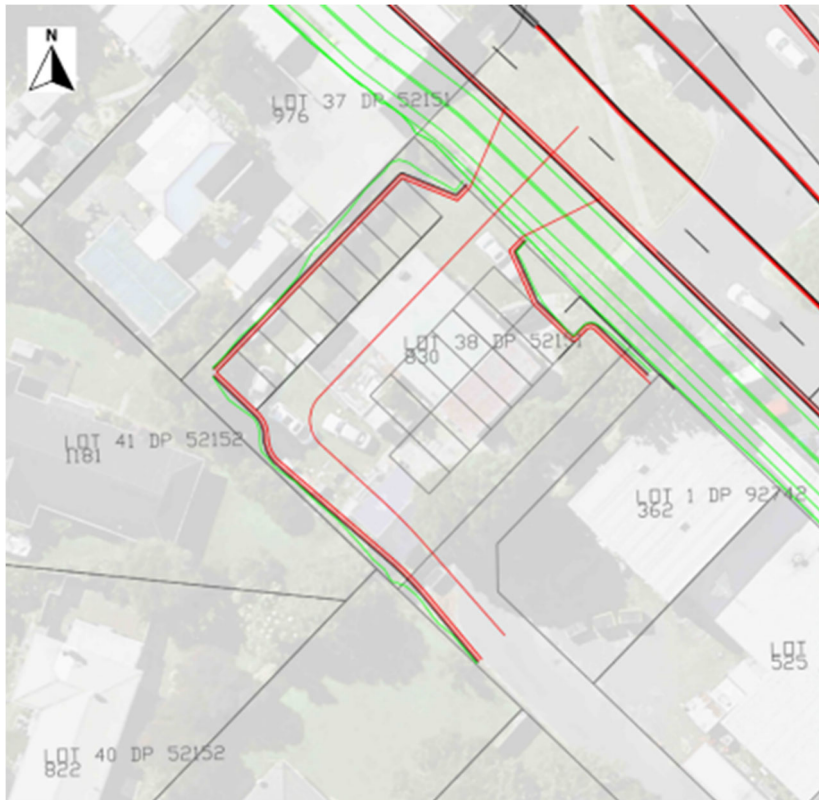


Figure 122: Edgewater Shops proposed parking area upon completion

6.6.5.5 32 Edgewater Drive – Edgewater College

In the existing environment, Edgewater College is accessed from both the Edgewater Drive west and east intersections with Ti Rakau Drive, which provide for all movements in and out. The proposed design of the Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive west and east intersections is left-in left-out only.

As stated in **Section 4.2.2.2**, a U-turn facility will be provided between Edgewater Drive west and Wheatley Avenue which will enable eastbound traffic on Ti Rakau Drive to execute a U-turn manoeuvre and turn into Edgewater Drive west. Furthermore, a U-turn manoeuvre will also be provided on the western approach at the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection. This will enable eastbound traffic on Ti Rakau Drive to execute a U-turn and turn into Edgewater Drive east.

Overall, permanent effects to property access at Edgewater College are considered to be negligible. Permanent effects to school bus services to and from Edgewater College are assessed in **Section 6.4.8**.

6.6.5.6 207, 219 and 229 Ti Rakau Drive – Pakuranga Baptist Church

Access from Ti Rakau to the property at 207 Ti Rakau Drive (Pakuranga Counselling Centre) will not be maintained in the future. However, the property will still be accessible from Freemantle Place. Therefore, permanent effects to property access are considered to be very low. **Figure 123** below shows the location of 207 Ti Rakau Drive (blue outline) and the proposed design of the adjacent roads.

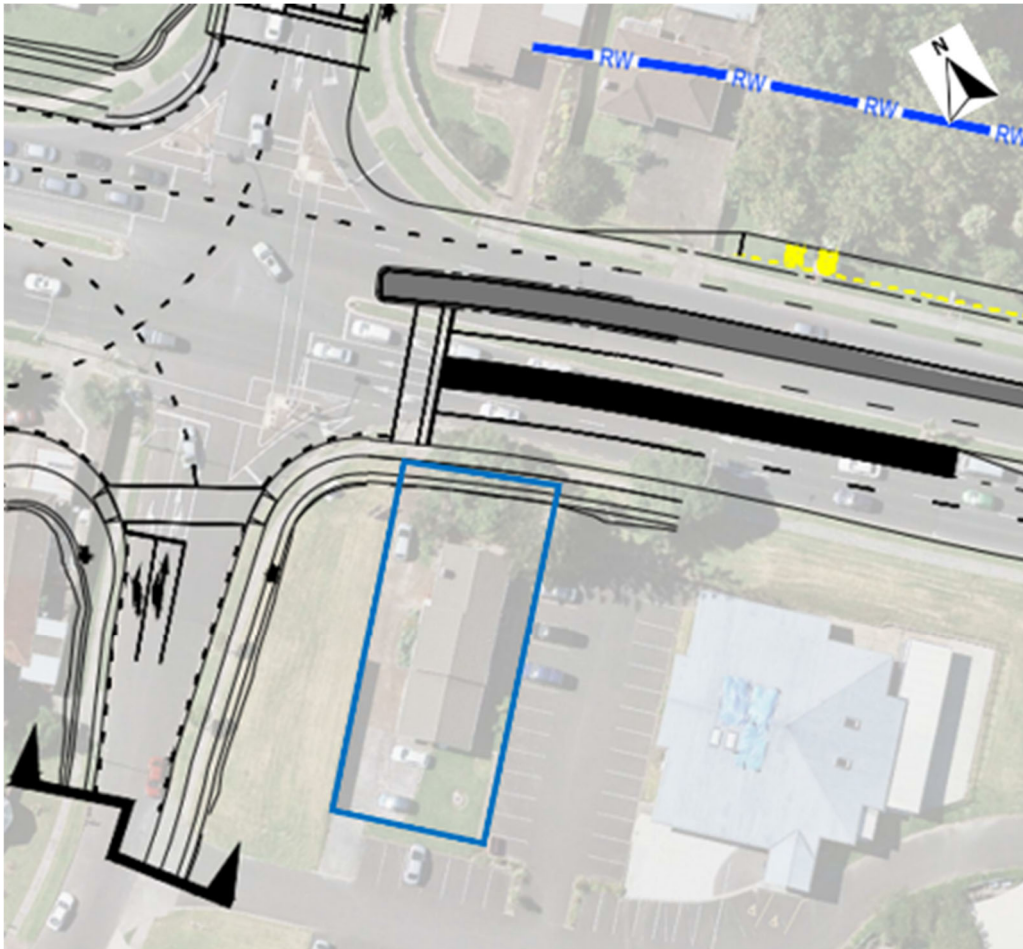


Figure 123: 207 Ti Rakau Drive (blue outline) upon completion

No changes to property access or parking are proposed at 209 and 229 Ti Rakau Drive in the proposed design. Access to these properties will be maintained as per the existing environment.

6.6.5.7 168R Gossamer Drive – River Hills Park

As stated in **Section 5.5.6.7**, a parcel of land along the southern boundary of 168R Ti Rakau Drive River Hills Park has been acquired to allow for the eastbound Gossamer Drive bus station. Discussions are ongoing with the Council as well as the Fencibles United Football Club on the rearrangement of the fields on the property as a result of the Project. **Figure 124** below shows the proposed field rearrangements at the River Hills Park.



Figure 124: 168R Gossamer Drive upon completion

However, from a transport perspective, the Project will have no permanent effects to property access and parking on-site.

6.7 Effects to Safety Performance

The sections below discuss the potential effects on safety performance in the context of EB2 and EB3R upon completion.

A Safe Systems Assessment (SSA) was undertaken of the proposed EB2 and EB3R design layouts. As stated in **Section 3.8.2**, the SSA was conducted in accordance with the Auckland Transport Safe System Assessment Guidelines which are based on the Austroads 2016, Research Report AP-R509-16, Safe System Assessment Framework. The above-mentioned report section also provides details on the types of crashes assessed as well as the SSA framework. A summary of the findings is presented below.

6.7.1 EB2

Table 46 provides an assessment summary and comparison of the SSA of the existing environment and the proposed design of EB2. Again, each crash type is scored based on exposure, likelihood and severity and a lower score corresponds with a safer system. It should be noted that Location A in EB2 indicates the location of the bus station upon completion of the Project.

Table 46: EB2 SSA – existing vs future environment

ZONE EB2 ASSESSMENT SUMMARY											
EXISTING LAYOUT	R-O-R	H-O	INT	OTHER	M/C	P1	P2	P3	C1	C2	TOTAL
A) PAKURANGA EB STATION	16	16	32	16	64	24	48	0	36	36	288
B) TI RAKAU DR / PALM AVE	16	16	32	16	48	24	0	48	36	36	272
C) TI RAKAU DR / REEVES RD	16	16	24	16	48	18	0	24	36	27	225
D) TI RAKAU DR / TIRAUMEA DR	8	16	16	24	48	24	48	0	31.5	27	242.5
E) TI RAKAU DR / MATTSON RD	16	16	24	24	48	18	48	36	31.5	27	288.5
F) PAKURANGA RD / TI RAKAU DR	16	16	24	16	48	12	0	24	36	36	228
G) PAKURANGA RD / REEVES RD	16	24	32	16	64	18	0	48	36	36	290
H) REEVES RD FLYOVER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
DESIGN LAYOUT	R-O-R	H-O	INT	OTHER	M/C	P1	P2	P3	C1	C2	TOTAL
A) PAKURANGA EB STATION	12	12	0	12	32	0	64	0	30	0	162
B) TI RAKAU DR / PALM AVE	12	12	18	12	48	24	0	48	30	20	224
C) TI RAKAU DR / REEVES RD	12	12	24	12	48	24	0	48	30	30	240
D) TI RAKAU DR / TIRAUMEA DR	6	6	12	18	48	16	64	0	20	30	220
E) TI RAKAU DR / MATTSON RD	12	6	18	24	48	16	48	48	20	30	270
F) PAKURANGA RD / TI RAKAU DR	12	12	18	12	48	16	0	32	20	20	190
G) PAKURANGA RD / REEVES RD	18	12	12	12	32	16	0	32	48	48	230
H) REEVES RD FLYOVER	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Although the product score for P2 type crashes (midblock crossings) is slightly increased, the total score of Location A is significantly reduced. The score increase for P2 type crashes is due to the expected increase in pedestrian movements to and from the bus station, therefore having a slightly higher exposure.

The total score of Location C is slightly higher in the proposed design, compared to the existing environment. The product score of pedestrian crashes (P1 and P3) is slightly increased due to the higher number of pedestrian crossings. The product score for P2 type crashes is slightly increased at Location D. This is due to the increase in the number of pedestrian crossings (higher exposure). However, the total score is reduced.

Overall, the proposed design of EB2 is a balance between the competing modes of travel. The proposed design will provide staged crossings at various locations in order to reduce pedestrian delay, improve safety and discourage jaywalking. Overall, the product score of the proposed design is lower throughout EB2 compared to the existing environment.

6.7.2 EB3R

Table 47 below provides an assessment summary and comparison of the SSA of the existing environment and the proposed design of EB3R. It should be noted that Location F and H in EB3R indicate the locations of the bus stations upon completion of the Project.

Table 47: EB3R SSA – existing vs future environment

ZONE EB3R ASSESSMENT SUMMARY											
EXISTING LAYOUT	R-O-R	H-O	INT	OTHER	M/C	P1	P2	P3	C1	C2	TOTAL
A) ROSEBURN PL	8	16	32	24	64	24	48	0	27	36	279
B) MARRIOTT RD	8	16	32	24	64	24	48	0	27	36	279
C) EDGEWATER DR / CHEVIS PL	8	16	16	24	48	24	48	24	27	27	262
D) WHEATLY AVE	8	16	32	24	64	24	36	0	27	36	267
E) EDGEWATER DR	8	0	32	24	64	24	0	0	27	36	215
F) GOSSAMER STATION WB	8	0	0	24	32	0	0	0	27	18	109
G) GOSSAMER DR INTERSECTION	24	24	24	24	48	18	0	36	36	18	252
H) GOSSAMER STATION EB	8	16	0	8	16	0	32	0	36	0	116
DESIGN LAYOUT	R-O-R	H-O	INT	OTHER	M/C	P1	P2	P3	C1	C2	TOTAL
A) ROSEBURN PL	6	6	12	18	48	8	64	0	20	30	212
B) MARRIOTT RD	6	6	12	24	48	8	64	0	20	30	218
C) EDGEWATER DR / CHEVIS PL	6	6	12	24	48	8	64	0	20	30	218
D) WHEATLY AVE	6	6	12	18	48	8	48	0	20	30	196
E) EDGEWATER DR	6	0	12	18	48	8	0	0	20	30	142
F) GOSSAMER STATION WB	6	6	0	24	32	0	64	0	20	20	172
G) GOSSAMER DR INTERSECTION	18	24	24	24	64	24	0	64	30	40	312
H) GOSSAMER STATION EB	6	12	0	6	16	0	48	0	20	0	108

Although the total scores for Locations A, B and C are significantly reduced, the product score for P2 type crashes is slightly increased. This is due to the expected increase in pedestrian movements and slight increase in likelihood of pedestrians rushing to the bus station.

The total score of Location F is slightly increased, compared to the existing environment. Similar to the above, this is due to the expected increase in pedestrian movements and slight increase in likelihood of pedestrians rushing to the bus station.

The proposed design of the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection has a higher total score. This is due to the complexity and unfamiliarity of the intersection compared to the existing environment. However, the intersection design will be in line with all relevant TDM design provisions and guidance to ensure safety.

As above, the proposed design will provide staged crossings at various locations in order to reduce pedestrian delay, improve safety and discourage jaywalking. Overall, the product score of the proposed design is lower throughout EB3R compared to the existing environment.

7 Mitigation Summary

The sections below provide a summary of the mitigation measures proposed in this ITA to mitigate the potential adverse effects of the Project both during construction and upon completion.

7.1 Mitigation Measures during Construction

The mitigation measures to be employed during construction will form part of the conditions of the CTMP.

7.1.1 Construction Support Areas

- The properties at 2 Cortina Place and 5 Reeves Road will serve as site offices for the Project. It is envisaged that, at least for the initial year of construction, site office staff will use public transport for commuter trips and will access the site offices on foot. Workforce Travel Management Plans will be developed to reduce the number of private vehicles travelling to the worksites and to increase the accessibility of the worksites through more travel options. Following the initial year and as construction activities ramp up, a staff carpark will be provided at 26 Ti Rakau Drive.
- The operation and movement of the Gantry at the Pennell Place CSA will be under strict construction traffic management control. Advance notice and appropriate public communication of such infrequent activities will be undertaken prior to these being initiated. This will be achieved through the Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP).
- During the operation of the William Roberts Road north construction yard, it is proposed that the Pakuranga Road / William Roberts Road intersection will be signalised temporarily. This will improve the capacity of the right-turn movements into and out of William Roberts Road and improve the safety of turning across three lanes of through traffic.

7.1.2 Hours of Operation

- It is anticipated that some night works will be undertaken to minimise the disruption to the public, businesses and traffic. Night works will be intermittent, and will not be continuous in a single location or activity. These works will be controlled in part by the Project's consent conditions and management plans, including the Construction Noise and Vibration Management Plan (CNVMP).

7.1.3 Construction Vehicles and Routes

- Community engagement will be undertaken to raise awareness of the increase in construction vehicles that will pass through William Roberts Road south and Reeves Road due to the increase in exposure to some vulnerable users in the area. Construction vehicle drivers will also be briefed on these properties so that additional caution is employed when driving through these areas. This will be achieved through the CTMP.

7.1.4 General Traffic

- To mitigate the potential adverse effects to travel times during Construction Scenario 1 and 2, appropriate public communication and advance warning of the planned works will be undertaken prior to the works being initiated. Public communication and signage will also be provided during construction informing motorists of the works and potential delays, which would lead to changes in travel behaviour such as travelling outside the peak periods or using alternative routes. This will be achieved through the CTMP.
- The construction of the Ti Rakau Drive / Reeves Road / SEART intersection (underneath the RRF) and the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection are considered the final major changes to the transport network (Construction Scenario 3). To mitigate the adverse effects, these activities will be undertaken during a low traffic period, such as December-January. Extensive community engagement will be undertaken well in advance of the planned works and will include notices of the planned works, dates of construction, messaging to avoid the areas where disruption is anticipated and alternative routes. This will be achieved through the CTMP.
- To mitigate the temporary effects to general traffic on Pakuranga Road during the crossing draining works east of the Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection, the signalised midblock pedestrian crossing will be disabled temporarily. This will mitigate upstream queues through the Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection during the lane closures.
- A temporary traffic signal will be provided at the Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive east intersection during the construction of the Ti Rakau Drive / Edgewater Drive west intersection. This will ensure that signalised movements for vehicles turning into and out of Edgewater Drive are maintained.

7.1.5 Bus Services and Facilities

- During the closure of Reeves Road, the 711 outbound (eastbound) service will be diverted temporarily to the newly completed WRRE.
- Once William Roberts Road north is closed, the 711 inbound (westbound) service will also be diverted to the WRRE and will utilise bus stop (ID 6127) to pick-up/drop-off passengers at the Pakuranga Plaza.
- Opportunities will be explored during the development of the CTMP to improve bus travel times during Construction Scenario 1. Appropriate public communication and advance warning of the planned works will be undertaken prior to the works being initiated. Public communication and signage will also be provided during construction informing motorists of the works and potential delays, which could lead to changes in travel behaviour such as travelling outside the peak periods or using alternative routes.

7.1.6 Pedestrians and Cyclists

- Pedestrian crossings and footpaths will be maintained at all times during construction. Should this be unachievable, temporary facilities will be provided to ensure pedestrian connectivity. This will be ensured through the CTMP.

7.1.7 Property Access and Parking

- Access from Reeves Road to the Gull Service Station at 3 Reeves Road will not be maintained during the Reeves Road closure. Discussions regarding compensation are ongoing with the owner regarding loss of direct road access onto Reeves Road as part of the Public Works Act process.
- During the Reeves Road closure, a temporary two-way access will be provided from Cortina Place to the Eastside Pups Dog Grooming and Daycare at 11 Reeves Road.
- Access to The Warehouse's goods entrance at 7 Aylesbury Street and the service entrance to the Pakuranga Library and Citizens Advice Bureau at 2R Ti Rakau Drive will be maintained through the work site. Removable barriers will be installed in the median and the existing masonry wall on the property boundary will be removed, if required, and will be re-installed following construction.
- During the Reeves Road closure, the main access to Te Tuhi at 13R Reeves Road will be closed and a temporary drop-off area with a temporary walkway leading to the main entrance will be provided on William Roberts Road.
- Access to the GAS Service Station at 141 Pakuranga Road and the Pakuranga Plaza via Brampton Court will be maintained during the longitudinal drainage works on Pakuranga Road by completing the works in sections and via steel plating across the trenches. The construction team will also liaise with the operators of the service station to ensure sufficient access widths are provided, as and when required, for fuel delivery tankers.
- During Phase 1 of Ti Rakau Drive in EB3R, the remaining properties on the southern frontage will not have access to Ti Rakau Drive while the westbound lanes are constructed. Temporary residential access will therefore be provided during this phase via chip seal access tracks along the back of the acquired properties accessed through side streets. Properties that would use these access tracks include 75, 83, 83A-C, 87, 98, 91, 97, 103A, 129, 145, 175A, 177, 183, 185 and 191 Ti Rakau Drive.
- A temporary parking area, with 18 parking spaces, will be provided at 105 Ti Rakau Drive for the Edgewater Shops located at 107 and 109 Ti Rakau Drive during construction. The temporary carpark will be accessed via Edgewater Drive west and the access road to the rear of the commercial buildings. Temporary signage will be provided to direct customers.
- To mitigate the effects on the school bus services serving Edgewater College, two mitigation measures are proposed to be consulted on with the Ministry of Education and the school. The first option would be a temporary rearrangement of the off-street parking area to enable buses to perform a U-turn manoeuvre. The second option would be to utilise the existing bus stops on Ti Rakau Drive. From a transport perspective, either option would be manageable.

- Drainage works at 207, 219 and 229 Ti Rakau Drive will be undertaken in sections to maintain vehicle access to all properties at all times. Furthermore, at the end of the work week, the work zone will be reduced in size, while maintaining safety, to free up as many occupied parking spaces as possible.

7.2 Mitigation Measures upon Completion

- Access to the Gull Service Station at 3 Reeves Road will not be maintained from Reeves Road. Discussions regarding compensation are ongoing with the owner regarding the loss of direct road access from Reeves Road as part of the Public Works Act process.
- To mitigate the loss of 16 parking spaces located within the Open Space zoned land along William Roberts Road south an off-street parking area will be provided in Ti Rakau Park providing 21 additional parking spaces. Stakeholder engagement is ongoing with Auckland Council to develop this option as well as relocating the existing playground to provide the necessary space for the proposed carpark.
- To mitigate the removal of the parking spaces at the Edgewater Shops (107 and 109 Ti Rakau Drive), the temporary carpark at 105 Ti Rakau Drive will be made permanent and will provide 22 parking spaces.
- Discussions are ongoing with Council and Fencibles United Football Club to rearrange the fields on River Hills Park as a result of the parcel of land that has been acquired along the southern boundary of 168R Ti Rakau Drive to facilitate the eastbound Gossamer Drive bus station.

8 Conclusions

Overall, the temporary effects of the various CSAs as well as the construction traffic in the project areas will be mitigated appropriately and are considered to be negligible or very low. Workforce Travel Management Plans will be developed to reduce private vehicle trips and to increase worksite accessibility through more travel options. CTMPs will be developed to avoid, remedy or mitigate the adverse effects of construction on transport, parking and property access so far as is reasonably practicable. The CTMPs will be developed in accordance with the conditions of consent and will include management strategies, controls and reporting protocols to achieve this. Hours of operation, especially night works, will be controlled in part by the Project's consent conditions and management plans, including the CNVMP.

Overall, the temporary effects on intersection performance during all construction scenarios across the network are considered to be negligible or very low. Some works are proposed to be undertaken during a low traffic period (December-January) to mitigate the potential effects of disruption. Appropriate measures have been proposed to support the operation of the construction yard, as well as during drainage works on Pakuranga Road and works on the Edgewater Drive loop.

Although the temporary effects to intersection performance during construction are predicted to be negligible or very low, some adverse effects to general traffic and bus travel times are expected, particularly during Construction Scenario 1⁴¹. These effects are not unexpected due to the number of ongoing construction activities. It should be noted that these effects are temporary, and once constructed, the RRF and EB2/EB3R as a whole will alleviate congestion, particularly around the Pakuranga Town Centre. Nevertheless, to mitigate these effects, appropriate public communication and advanced warning of the planned works will be undertaken prior to the works being initiated. Also, opportunities to improve bus travel times will be explored in the development of the CTMPs. Public communication and signage will also be provided during construction informing motorists of the works and potential delays, which would lead to changes in travel behaviour such as travelling outside the peak periods or using alternative routes.

Temporary effects to pedestrian and cyclists during construction are considered to be negligible overall. Pedestrian crossings and footpaths will be maintained at all times during construction. Should this be unachievable, temporary facilities and diversions will be provided to ensure pedestrian connectivity.

Overall, the temporary effects during construction on property access and parking will be mitigated appropriately and are considered to be negligible or very low. Where existing vehicle access arrangements and parking provisions cannot be maintained, appropriate mitigation measures have been proposed to provide levels of access and parking commensurate with the existing environment as far as is reasonably practicable.

Engagement with property owners or operators will be undertaken during construction to communicate the planned works and duration, the potential disruption and proposed mitigation measures as well as to develop additional measures or improve upon proposed measures if required. Lastly, pedestrian access to properties will be maintained at all times. This will be ensured through the CTMPs.

⁴¹ Construction Scenario 1 simulates the closure of Reeves Road as well as the ongoing construction of the RRF (i.e., not constructed yet).

Safety measures will be in place during construction, ensured by the CTMPs. The safety and protection of the public, traffic and construction team is paramount, and all site operations will be focused on zero harm to all involved, associated with and traveling through the project areas.

In the existing environment, Auckland's eastern suburbs are experiencing a range of transport related problems and challenges. The completion of EB2 and EB3R will improve upon these shortcomings through the following:

- Significantly improved travel options for all modes of transport
- Increased public transport patronage and mode share through increased catchment and dedicated bus lanes
- Reduced carbon emissions
- Improved walking and cycling amenity and safety through dedicated infrastructure
- Reduced congestion, particularly around the Pakuranga Town Centre, through the new Reeves Road flyover

The main elements of the proposed design of EB2 and EB3R include dedicated bus lanes along Ti Rakau Drive, connecting to the EB1 bus lanes at Pakuranga Road and terminating at Gossamer Drive, as well as three new bus stations along the corridor. A new link between Pakuranga Road and SEART in the form of the Reeves Road Flyover (RRF). Dedicated cycleways on Pakuranga Road, between Ti Rakau Drive and the RRF, and along Ti Rakau Drive from Pakuranga Road to Gossamer Drive.

In the future, the Ti Rakau Drive and Pakuranga Road corridors will have more strategic Place functions, in addition to the Movement of people and goods. The proposed Eastern Busway bus stations will also attract more people within the area as the activities served by these bus stations will become local attractions. Modal priority of pedestrians, cyclists and buses will be improved, and as a result modal priority of general traffic and parking will decrease across the project areas.

Overall, the proposed design of EB2 and EB3R is expected to lead to acceptable operations for general traffic across the network, and importantly, bus movements are predicted to operate at LOS C and with spare capacity. The RRF is expected to relieve congestion around the Pakuranga Town Centre by removing traffic from Ti Rakau Drive and providing a direct and faster link between Pakuranga Road and SEART. Furthermore, significant improvements in travel times are expected overall, especially from Botany towards Pakuranga and SEART.

Benefits of the new stations will be the ability to support significantly higher public transport patronage through increased catchment and higher service frequencies through increased capacity. These benefits, in combination with improved customer accessibility, amenity and safety, will lead to an increase in mode share of public transport. A particular benefit of the Pakuranga Town Centre bus station will be the integration of all bus services in the EB2 and EB3R project areas, which will provide an improved transfer experience for passengers. Another benefit of the stations will be improved safety for buses.

EB2 and EB3R are predicted to result in a significant increase in public transport patronage in the future. As such, bus station platforms and loading areas have been designed to provide appropriate levels of service and capacity to support this uptake in public transport. Along with this, bus service headways, reliability and efficiency will also be improved overall. The combination of these public transport upgrades is expected to significantly increase public transport mode share, which in turn will reduce congestion and reduce greenhouse gas emissions by way of a more sustainable movement of people through the network. Overall, the proposed design is predicted to improve bus travel times across the network. The combination of improved travel times and higher service frequencies will lead to faster and more reliable public transport trips.

The Project will provide dedicated footpaths and cycleways to improve pedestrian and cyclist amenity and safety. Providing dedicated cycleways will create a physically separated and safe space that facilitates cycle movements through the network, which will provide users with a more attractive mode of travel and supports the uptake of cycling. Furthermore, the cycleways will facilitate improved accessibility to the bus stations, resulting in increased catchment as well as the potential for mode shift to occur, increasing uptake of public transport across the network.

Lastly, the proposed design of EB2 and EB3R will provide an overall safer transport system for all modes of transport through the project areas with the aim to reduce fatal and serious injury crashes. The proposed design will provide staged crossings at various locations in order to reduce pedestrian delay, improve safety and discourage jaywalking. Raised pedestrian platforms will also be provided to create a low-speed environment, and to aid pedestrians and cyclists by simplifying the crossing task. Furthermore, these facilities will increase visibility by creating a visual cue for drivers to reduce their speed as they approach, and encourage courtesy between drivers and pedestrians.

In conclusion, with the proposed mitigation measures in place, the potential adverse effects during construction and upon completion of EB2 and EB3R are considered to be negligible or very low. Furthermore, the proposed design is predicted to result in significant improvements and a range of benefits overall.

Appendix A

Reeves Road Closure Detour Assessment



Technical Advice Memorandum

To Josie Jackson, Andy Gibbard, Julio Marti Herraiz, Ben Burrows Page 1 of 27

CC Jacques Van den Heever, Christine Lee, Josie Ackroyd

Subject AMETI Eastern Busway
Stage 2 Reeves Road Closure & Detour Assessment - DRAFT

From Shane Doran

File/Ref No. EBQ-TA-Z1-TM-0001-01 Date 03-Sep-2021

Summary

- Overall, it seems that only a small percentage of traffic is routing along the proposed detour route (probably due to the already congested nature of those intersections).
- As a result, in the **inbound** (citybound) direction during the AM demand seems to detour via Gossamer Road to Pakuranga Road in the north and Ti Rakau Drive in the south.
- In the PM in the **outbound** direction, demand seems to return via Pakuranga Road, and via SEART turning right onto Ti Rakau Drive.
- NOTE: Colour-coding of the tables below are in reference to the Do-Minimum scenario with green = improved, amber = similar and red = worse.

William Roberts Road / Reeves Road intersection:

- For the Stage 2 detour this intersection is expected to operate with good LOS in the AM and PM.

Scenario	LOS		DOS [v/c]		Average Delay [sec]	
	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Do-Minimum	-	-	0.68	0.87	8	12
Stage 2 Detour	-	-	0.18	0.39	5	5

William Roberts Road / Pakuranga Road intersection:

- The assessment indicates that the Stage 2 detour results in overall intersection performance that is similar or worse than the Do-Minimum in the AM and PM, but in practical terms the intersection is already saturated, and the impact of the detour is considered negligible.

Scenario	LOS		DOS [v/c]		Average Delay [sec]	
	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Do-Minimum	-	-	9.46	32.92	387	2260
Stage 2 Detour	-	-	10.96	19.93	443	1011



Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection:

- Stage 2 intersection performance is LOS D during the AM peak, with the Ti Rakau Drive west left-turn lane expected to operate at LOS C.
- During the PM peak the intersection is expected to perform at LOS F during Stage 2, compared to the LOS E of the Do-Minimum scenario. Demand seems to have increased on Pakuranga Road west (and east), however the west approach is already saturated, causing delays to increase further.
- NOTE: The Ti Rakau Drive / SEART intersection below (**Section 3.4**) is also expected to experience poor LOS. It is expected that the mitigation measures discussed would remedy that intersection as well as this intersection by drawing demand away from Pakuranga Road eastbound to SEART, then turning right into Ti Rakau Drive. Therefore, mitigation measures are not recommended for the Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection.

Scenario	LOS		DOS [v/c]		Average Delay [sec]	
	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Do-Minimum	D	E	0.93	1.01	43	71
Stage 2 Detour	D	F	0.92	1.07	37	99

Ti Rakau Drive / SEART intersection:

- Intersection performance is poor (LOS F) during both the AM and PM peaks for the Do-Min scenario. The Stage 2 AM peak intersection performance is expected to be slightly improved (LOS E), however the PM peak is still poor (LOS F).
- The SEART right-turn lanes into Ti Rakau Drive are expected to operate at LOS F during the PM peak. The increase in demand (due to Reeves Road closure) results in delay increasing from around 50 sec to 215 sec (3.6 min), which would require mitigation.
- Mitigation 1 consists of an additional right-turn lane from SEART to Ti Rakau Drive eastbound and an additional exit lane on Ti Rakau Drive eastbound between SEART and William Roberts Road. Improved intersection performance is expected during both AM and PM peaks. This option is recommended to be discussed with key stakeholders.
- A further refinement of Mitigation 1 was also tested. It consisted of a 105 m short exit lane (AGRD04A (Austroads) – Table 5.5) on Ti Rakau Drive eastbound. Although intersection performance is expected to be similar to Mitigation 1 above, this geometric change would provide insufficient weave distance up to William Roberts Road and is not recommended.
- Mitigation 2 consists of the temporary removal of the pedestrian crossing on the eastern arm of the intersection, reducing phases to 3 and redistributing the greentime. Improved intersection performance is expected during both AM and PM peaks however, large queues are still expected in the SEART right-turn lanes.

Scenario	LOS		DOS [v/c]		Average Delay [sec]	
	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Do-Minimum	F	F	0.89	1.15	178	98
Stage 2 Detour	E	F	0.91	1.13	60	120
Mitigation 1	D	E	0.89	1.06	53	41
Mitigation 2	D	E	0.87	0.97	41	77

Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection:

- The right-turn traffic demand from Gossamer Drive into Ti Rakau Drive is expected to increase by around 160 veh/h. The resultant intersection performance is poor (LOS F) for the Stage 2 AM peak, compared to the LOS E of the Do-Min scenario. This would require mitigation.
- The intersection is expected to experience little change during the Stage 2 PM peak and will remain at LOS D.
- Mitigation 1 consists of the following changes to the northern Gossamer Drive approach: additional short right-turn lane (100 m), converting the short left-turn slip lane to pass through the intersection and providing 150 m stacking space and kerbside short exit lane length increased to 100 m. Intersection performance is expected to be slightly improved, compared to Stage 2 during the AM peak, however still LOS F. Furthermore, the additional control delay now imposed on the Gossamer Drive left-turn (previously a left-turn slip under the Do-Min and Stage 2 scenarios) has resulted in large delays (141 sec) and queues (478 m) in that lane. The PM peak is expected to experience improved performance.
- Mitigation 2 consists of the following changes to the northern Gossamer Drive approach: additional short lane (100 m) for the shared through and right-turn movements, converting the centre lane to a full left-turn lane, converting the short left-turn slip lane to pass through the intersection and providing 150 m stacking space and kerbside short exit lane length increased to 100 m. Improved intersection performance is expected during both the AM and PM peaks. This option is recommended to be discussed with key stakeholders.

Scenario	LOS		DOS [v/c]		Average Delay [sec]	
	AM	PM	AM	PM	AM	PM
Do-Minimum	D	D	1.02	0.90	48	45
Stage 2 Detour	F	D	1.25	0.88	168	43
Mitigation 1	F	D	1.09	0.86	118	38
Mitigation 2	D	D	0.89	0.86	37	37

- The impacts to buses through the project area are expected to be low as the frequencies of the 711 route in the AM inbound and PM outbound directions are only 4 buses/h (1 every 15min).

1.0 Introduction

The proposed construction sequencing of the Eastern Busway, relevant to this Technical Advice Note, are as follows:

- Stage 1 – Extension of William Roberts Road south to Ti Rakau Drive as well as completing the Cortina Place link between William Roberts Road and Reeves Road. During this stage, Reeves Road will remain open, providing site access through Cortina Place and William Roberts Road. **Figure 1** provides an overview of Stage 1.



Figure 1: Stage 1 overview

- Stage 2 – Closure of Reeves Road between Ti Rakau Drive and William Roberts Road. At the completion of Stage 1, William Roberts Road is intended to be a left-in left-out (LILO) only at the intersection with Ti Rakau Drive. Therefore, due to the Reeves Road closure and the LILO arrangement at the William Roberts Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection, an alternative detour route is proposed for traffic usually traveling along Reeves Road toward the SEART. **Figure 2** provides an overview of Stage 2.

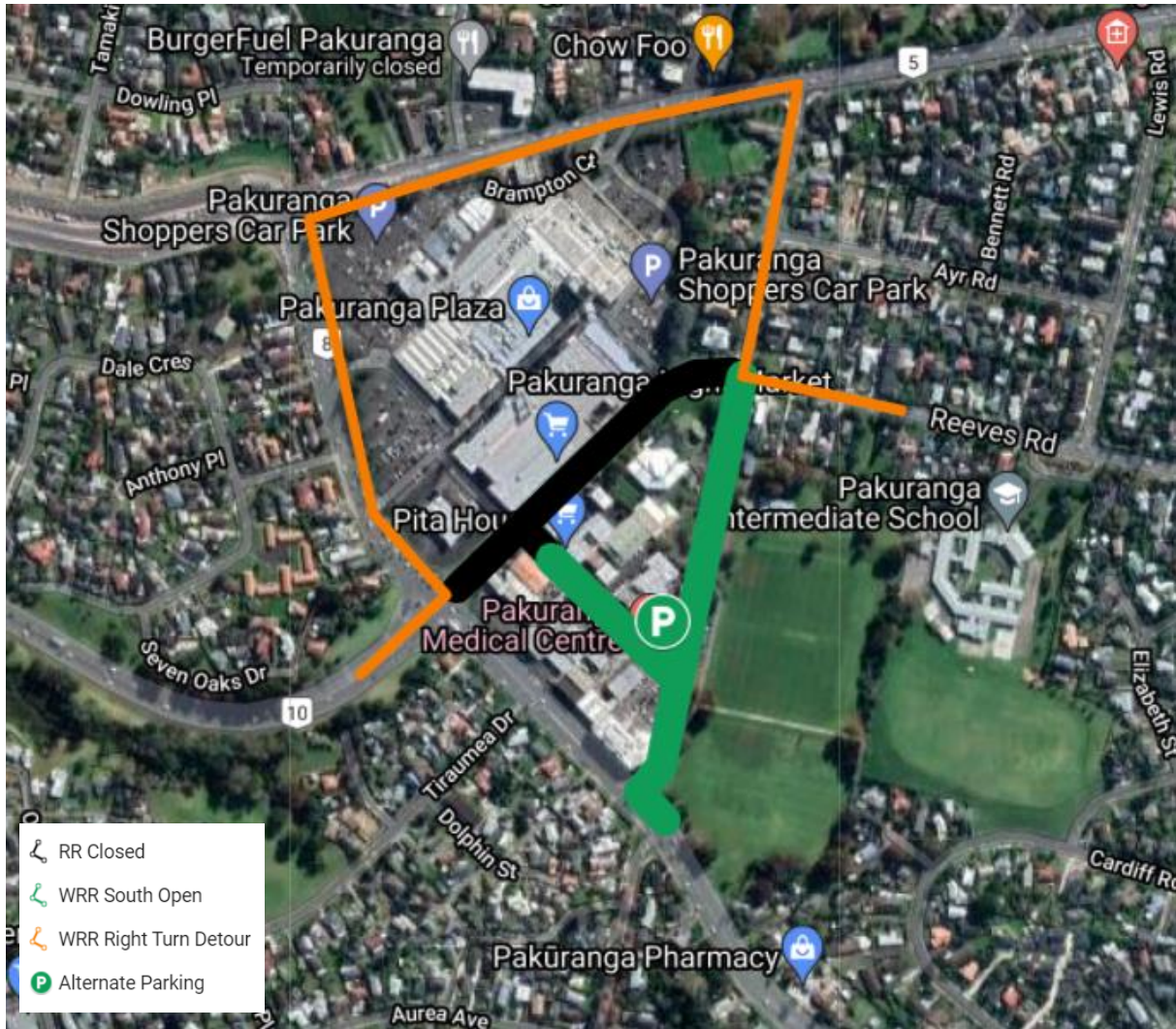


Figure 2: Stage 2 overview

The proposed detour will route traffic north along William Roberts Road, west along Pakuranga Road, south along Ti Rakau Drive and finally west along SEART. The purpose of this Technical Advice Note is to assess the proposed detour route.

2.0 Assessment Methodology

AIMSUN:

- Operational Microsimulation Models – These models provide information about travel times along different routes within the project area as well as turn movements and traffic demand along roads within the project area.
- The proposed geometric changes of Stage 1 and Stage 2 were updated within the AIMSUN model to determine re-routed traffic demands along roads within the project area.
- The turning movement outputs at intersections from this model were used as inputs into SIDRA models.

SIDRA:

- Intersection models – These models are used to determine the performance of intersections using traffic movement data from AIMSUN models. The key outputs include degree of saturation (DOS), level of service (LOS), delays and queue lengths.
- The proposed geometric changes of Stage 1 and Stage 2 were updated within the SIDRA model and the AIMSUN turning movements were imported.
- The results of this 'Stage 2' scenario were compared to a 'Do Minimum' scenario in order to determine and assess the potential impact of the proposed Stage 2 and associated disruption.

3.0 Lane Performance Summaries

3.1 William Roberts Road / Reeves Road

3.1.1 AM Peak

- NOTE: The Reeves Road west approach to this intersection in the Stage 2 scenario has been closed. For the Stage 2 detour this intersection is expected to operate with good LOS in the AM, the removal of the Reeves Road west approach reduces much of the opposing flows.
- Total intersection demand decreased by around 300 veh/h and the Reeves Road east approach right-turn increased by around 30 veh/h.
- It is clear from the comparison below that Reeves Road westbound traffic demand has decreased and only a small percentage of traffic is routing along the proposed detour north on William Roberts Road. This is a general trend for all intersection assessed and will be detailed further in later sections of this Technical Advice Note.

Table 1: William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd – Do-Min vs Stage 2 (AM)

Lane Use and Performance														Lane Use and Performance																			
DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.				
[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	Dist m		m	%	%	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	Dist m		m	%	%				
South: William Roberts Rd (South)														South: William Roberts Rd (South)																			
Lane 1	39	2.6	39	2.6	337	0.116	100	10.9	LOS B	0.1	0.9	Full	170	-20.4 ^{N7}	0.0	Lane 1	136	7.4	135	7.4	745	0.182	100	5.9	LOS A	0.6 ^{N5}	4.5 ^{N5}	Full	243	-19.0 ^{N3}	11.8		
Approach	39	2.6	39	2.6		0.116		10.9	LOS B	0.1	0.9					Approach	136	7.4	135 ^{N1}	7.4		0.182		5.9	LOS A	0.6	4.5						
East: Reeves Rd (East)														East: Reeves Rd (East)																			
Lane 1	375	6.1	375	6.1	1831	0.205	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	266	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	215	5.6	215	5.6	1758	0.122	100	4.6	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	266	0.0	0.0		
Lane 2	103	11.7	103	11.7	562	0.183	100	5.5	LOS A	0.2	1.2	Short	13	-49.9 ^{N7}	NA	Lane 2	134	9.0	134	9.0	1718	0.078	100	4.7	LOS A	2.6 ^{N5}	19.4 ^{N5}	Short	13	0.0	NA		
Approach	478	7.3	478	7.3		0.205		1.3	NA	0.2	1.2					Approach	349	6.9	349	6.9		0.122		4.6	NA	2.6	19.4						
North: William Roberts Rd (North)														North: William Roberts Rd (North)																			
Lane 1	283	5.7	235	4.2	344	0.683	100	24.2	LOS C	2.0	14.6	Full	244	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	212	12.3	89	7.7	1216	0.073	100	5.3	LOS A	0.1	0.9	Full	244	0.0	0.0		
Approach	283	5.7	235 ^{N1}	4.2		0.683		24.2	LOS C	2.0	14.6					Approach	212	12.3	89 ^{N1}	7.7		0.073		5.3	LOS A	0.1	0.9						
West: Reeves Rd (West)														Intersection																			
Lane 1	41	9.8	40	9.9	832	0.048	100	4.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Short	53	-49.9 ^{N7}	NA	Intersection	697	8.6	573 ^{N1}	10.5		0.182		5.0	NA	2.6	19.4						
Lane 2	143	12.6	139	12.8	1803	0.077	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	55	0.0	0.0																		
Lane 3	11	0.0	11	0.0	1238	0.009	100	5.4	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Short	13	0.0	NA																		
Approach	195	11.3	190 ^{N1}	11.4		0.077		1.2	NA	0.0	0.1																						
Intersection	995	7.4	942 ^{N1}	7.9		0.683		7.4	NA	2.0	14.6																						

3.1.2 PM Peak

- The intersection is expected to operate with good LOS in PM with the Stage 2 detour.
- Total intersection demand decreased by around 500 veh/h and the Reeves Road east approach right-turn increased by around 30 veh/h. The William Roberts Road south approach demand increased by around 230 veh/h, indicating an increase in vehicles routing from Ti Rakau Drive at the new LILO intersection further south.

Table 2: William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd – Do-Min vs Stage 2 (PM)

Lane Use and Performance														Lane Use and Performance																	
DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.		
[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh]	[Dist]		m	%	%	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh]	[Dist]		m	%	%		
South: William Roberts Rd (South)														South: William Roberts Rd (South)																	
Lane 1	46	4.3	46	4.3	270	0.170	100	13.3	LOS B	2.6 ^{N5}	19.2 ^{N5}	Full	170	-20.7 ^{N3}	16.8	Lane 1	274	9.2	273	9.2	698	0.391	100	5.0	LOSA	24.8 ^{N5}	187.3 ^{N5}	Full	243	-35.9 ^{N3}	29.9
Approach	46	4.3	46	4.3		0.170		13.3	LOS B	2.6	19.2					Approach	274	9.2	273 ^{N1}	9.2		0.391		5.0	LOSA	24.8	187.3				
East: Reeves Rd (East)														East: Reeves Rd (East)																	
Lane 1	140	8.6	140	8.6	1794	0.078	100	0.3	LOSA	0.0	0.0	Full	266	0.0	2.7 ³	Lane 1	47	4.3	47	4.3	1774	0.026	100	4.6	LOSA	0.0	0.0	Full	266	0.0	5.6 ³
Lane 2	53	24.5	53	24.5	523	0.101	100	10.3	LOS B	11.7 ^{N5}	98.8 ^{N5}	Short	13	0.0	NA	Lane 2	81	22.2	81	22.2	1578	0.051	100	4.8	LOSA	13.1 ^{N5}	109.3 ^{N5}	Short	13	0.0	NA
Approach	193	13.0	193	13.0		0.101		3.1	NA	11.7	98.8					Approach	128	15.6	128	15.6		0.051		4.7	NA	13.1	109.3				
North: William Roberts Rd (North)														North: William Roberts Rd (North)																	
Lane 1	259	15.8	217	15.0	250	0.869	100	50.0	LOS F	3.3	25.9	Full	244	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	342	9.6	162	7.8	1510	0.107	100	4.9	LOSA	0.2	1.5	Full	244	0.0	0.0
Approach	259	15.8	217 ^{N1}	15.0		0.869		50.0	LOS F	3.3	25.9					Approach	342	9.6	162 ^{N1}	7.8		0.107		4.9	LOSA	0.2	1.5				
West: Reeves Rd (West)														Intersection																	
Lane 1	259	9.7	256	9.7	1665	0.154	100	4.1	LOSA	7.3 ^{N6}	55.0 ^{N6}	Short	53	0.0	NA	Intersection	744	10.5	563 ^{N1}	13.9		0.391		4.9	NA	24.8	187.3				
Lane 2	427	9.8	423	9.9	1841	0.230	100	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	Full	55	0.0	49.9 ³																
Lane 3	43	4.7	43	4.7	1542	0.028	100	4.5	LOSA	0.0	0.4	Short	13	0.0	NA																
Approach	729	9.5	722 ^{N1}	9.5		0.230		1.7	NA	7.3	55.0																				
Intersection	1227	11.2	1178 ^{N1}	11.6		0.869		11.3	NA	11.7	98.8																				

3.2 William Roberts Road / Pakuranga Road

3.2.1 AM Peak

- The Do-Min scenario performance is poor, specifically the shared left and right-turn lane out of William Roberts Road and the Pakuranga Road west right-turn during the AM.
- The results below indicate that the Stage 2 detour results in overall intersection performance that is worse than the Do-Min in the AM, but in practical terms the intersection is saturated, and the impact of the detour is considered negligible.

Table 3: William Roberts Rd / Pakuranga Rd – Do-Min vs Stage 2 (AM)

Lane Use and Performance														Lane Use and Performance																	
DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.		
[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh]	[Dist]		m	%	%	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh]	[Dist]		m	%	%		
South: William Roberts Road														South: William Roberts Road																	
Lane 1	147	9.5	146	9.6	15	9.462	100	7695.3	LOS F	32.2 ^{N4}	243.9 ^{N4}	Full	244	0.0	49.9	Lane 1	159	8.2	159	8.2	32	4.904	100	3578.9	LOS F	32.6 ^{N4}	243.9 ^{N4}	Full	244	0.0	49.9
Approach	147	9.5	146	9.6	9.462	7695.3	LOS F	32.2	243.9						159	8.2	159	8.2	4.904	3578.9	LOS F	32.6	243.9								
East: Pakuranga Road (East)														East: Pakuranga Road (East)																	
Lane 1	991	5.3	991	5.3	1824	0.543	100	1.4	LOSA	0.0	0.0	Full	184	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	766	5.7	766	5.7	1832	0.418	100	0.6	LOSA	0.0	0.0	Full	184	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	825	5.7	825	5.7	1519	0.543	100	0.1	LOSA	0.0	0.0	Full	184	-17.0 ^{N7}	0.0	Lane 2	765	5.9	765	5.9	1829	0.418	100	0.1	LOSA	0.0	0.0	Full	184	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	866	5.7	866	5.7	1593	0.543	100	0.1	LOSA	0.0	0.0	Full	184	-13.9 ^{N7}	0.0	Lane 3	773	5.9	773	5.9	1849	0.418	100	0.1	LOSA	0.0	0.0	Full	184	0.0	0.0
Approach	2682	5.6	2682	5.6	0.543	0.6	NA	0.0	0.0						2305	5.8	2305	5.8	0.418	0.2	NA	0.0	0.0								
West: Pakuranga Road (West)														West: Pakuranga Road (West)																	
Lane 1	526	6.8	509	6.9	1847	0.276	100	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	Full	152	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	724	7.2	710	7.3	1842	0.386	100	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	Full	152	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	509	6.8	493	6.9	1788	0.276	100	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	Full	152	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	701	7.2	688	7.3	1784	0.386	100	0.0	LOSA	0.0	0.0	Full	152	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	11	6.8	11	6.9	39	0.276	100	498.4	LOS F	1.6	11.5	Full	152	0.0	48.6 ⁸	Lane 3	20	7.2	20	7.3	51	0.386	100	268.2	LOS F	1.5	11.5	Full	152	0.0	49.9 ⁸
Lane 4	54	13.0	52	13.2	6	8.723	100	7175.8	LOS F	19.3	150.2	Short	60	0.0	NA	Lane 4	135	15.6	133	15.7	12	10.96	100	9061.0	LOS F	19.1 ^{N4}	151.9 ^{N4}	Short	60	0.0	NA
Approach	1100	7.1	1065 ^{N1}	7.2	8.723	357.6	NA	19.3	150.2						1580	7.9	1550 ^{N1}	8.0	10.96	778.4	NA	19.1	151.9								
Intersection	3929	6.2	3893 ^{N1}	6.2	9.462	386.9	NA	32.2	243.9						4044	6.7	4014 ^{N1}	6.8	10.96	442.4	NA	32.6	243.9								

3.2.2 PM Peak

- Similar to the AM, the Do-Min scenario performance is poor, specifically the shared left and right-turn lane out of William Roberts Road and the Pakuranga Road west right-turn during the PM.
- In practical terms the intersection is already over-saturated in the Do-Min PM peak, and the impact of the detour is considered negligible.
- During the Stage 2 detour the Pakuranga Road west right-turn lane is expected to perform worse than the Do-Min during the PM, with high delay and LOS F.

Table 4: William Roberts Rd / Pakuranga Rd – Do-Min vs Stage 2 (PM)

Lane Use and Performance														Lane Use and Performance																	
DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.		
[Total HV]		[Total HV]		veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh Dist]			m	%	%	[Total HV]		[Total HV]		veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh Dist]			m	%	%		
veh/h	%	veh/h	%						Veh	Dist					veh/h	%	veh/h	%						Veh	Dist						
South: William Roberts Road														South: William Roberts Road																	
Lane 1	326	11.7	324	11.7	10	32.92	100	28787.8	LOS F	31.7 ^{N4}	243.9 ^{N4}	Full	244	0.0	49.9	Lane 1	235	12.3	234	12.4	12	18.93	100	16209.3	LOS F	31.5 ^{N4}	243.9 ^{N4}	Full	244	0.0	49.9
Approach	326	11.7	324 ^{N1}	11.7		32.92		28787.8	LOS F	31.7	243.9					Approach	235	12.3	234 ^{N1}	12.4		18.93		16209.3	LOS F	31.5	243.9				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)														East: Pakuranga Road (East)																	
Lane 1	469	8.0	469	8.0	1787	0.262	100	1.6	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	184	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	496	6.5	496	6.5	1820	0.272	100	0.8	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	184	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	477	6.8	477	6.8	1818	0.262	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	184	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	495	7.0	495	7.0	1816	0.272	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	184	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	482	6.8	482	6.8	1838	0.262	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	184	0.0	0.0	Lane 3	500	7.0	500	7.0	1836	0.272	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	184	0.0	0.0
Approach	1427	7.2	1427	7.2		0.262		0.5	NA	0.0	0.0					Approach	1490	6.8	1490	6.8		0.272		0.3	NA	0.0	0.0				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)														West: Pakuranga Road (West)																	
Lane 1	1177	4.8	1047	4.8	1871	0.559	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	152	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	1218	5.4	996	5.4	1864	0.534	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	152	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	1140	4.8	1014	4.8	1812	0.559	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	152	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	1179	5.4	964	5.4	1805	0.534	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	152	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	250	4.8	222	4.8	397	0.559	100	63.4	LOS F	4.6	33.5	Full	152	0.0	10.8 ^B	Lane 3	178	5.4	145	5.4	272	0.534	100	47.9	LOS E	2.1	15.4	Full	152	0.0	49.9 ^B
Lane 4	133	20.3	118	20.4	91	1.298	100	349.8	LOS F	9.0	73.7	Short	60	0.0	NA	Lane 4	273	11.4	223	11.4	93	2.390	100	1289.6	LOS F	19.8 ^{N4}	151.9 ^{N4}	Short	60	0.0	NA
Approach	2700	5.5	2401 ^{N1}	5.6		1.298		23.2	NA	9.0	73.7					Approach	2848	5.9	2328 ^{N1}	6.0		2.390		126.6	NA	19.8	151.9				
Intersection	4453	6.5	4152 ^{N1}	7.0		32.92		2259.1	NA	31.7	243.9					Intersection	4573	6.6	4053 ^{N1}	7.4		18.93		1010.3	NA	31.5	243.9				

3.3 Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive

3.3.1 AM Peak

- The Stage 2 detour intersection performance is expected to be only slightly improved during the AM peak compared to the Do-Min scenario.
- The Pakuranga Road east left-turn is expected to operate at LOS C.
- Total intersection demand increased by around 300 veh/h, with increases on Ti Rakau Drive south approach and the Pakuranga Road west approach.

Table 5: Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr – Do-Min vs Stage 2 (AM)

Lane Use and Performance														Lane Use and Performance																			
Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %	Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %		
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist m]						[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist m]					[Total veh/h]	[HV %]
South: Ti Rakau Drive														South: Ti Rakau Drive																			
Lane 1	583	7.5	509	7.8	759 ¹	0.671	100	29.8	LOS C	14.4	107.9	Full	130	0.0	32.6	Lane 1	701	9.1	635	9.3	841 ¹	0.754	100	24.4	LOS C	17.2 ^{N4}	130.0 ^{N4}	Full	130	0.0	50.0		
Lane 2 (B)	14	100.0	14	100.0	326	0.043	100	48.0	LOS D	0.5	6.0	Short	16	0.0	NA	Lane 2 (B)	16	100.0	16	100.0	348	0.046	100	45.7	LOS D	0.5	6.7	Short	16	0.0	NA		
Lane 3	166	4.6	145	4.8	502	0.288	100	50.5	LOS D	5.1	37.4	Full	130	0.0	0.0	Lane 3	225	4.4	203	4.5	538	0.378	100	49.6	LOS D	7.3	52.9	Full	130	0.0	0.0		
Lane 4	166	4.6	145	4.8	502	0.288	100	50.5	LOS D	5.1	37.4	Full	130	0.0	0.0	Lane 4	203	4.4	184	4.5	487 ¹	0.378	100	49.0	LOS D	6.5	47.2	Full	130	0.0	0.0		
Lane 5	166	4.6	145	4.8	502	0.288	100	50.5	LOS D	5.1	37.4	Short	40	0.0	NA	Lane 5	203	4.4	184	4.5	487 ¹	0.378	100	49.0	LOS D	6.5	47.2	Short	40	0.0	NA		
Approach	1094	7.4	957 ^{N1}	7.8		0.671		39.5	LOS D	14.4	107.9					Approach	1348	8.0	1221 ^N	8.2		0.754		36.3	LOS D	17.2	130.0						
East: Pakuranga Road (East)														East: Pakuranga Road (East)																			
Lane 1	1019	4.2	974	4.3	1113	0.875	100	20.0	LOS B	15.6 ^{N4}	113.0 ^{N4}	Full	113	0.0	50.0	Lane 1	1062	4.8	1004	4.9	1097	0.915	100	29.6	LOS C	15.5 ^{N4}	113.0 ^{N4}	Full	113	0.0	50.0		
Lane 2	757	5.8	724	6.0	781	0.927	100	62.7	LOS E	15.4 ^{N4}	113.0 ^{N4}	Full	113	0.0	50.0	Lane 2	592	5.3	559	5.4	735	0.761	100	42.8	LOS D	15.4 ^{N4}	113.0 ^{N4}	Full	113	0.0	50.0		
Lane 3	740	5.8	707	6.0	763	0.927	100	62.6	LOS E	15.4 ^{N4}	113.0 ^{N4}	Full	113	0.0	50.0	Lane 3	574	5.3	543	5.4	713 ¹	0.761	100	42.3	LOS D	15.4 ^{N4}	113.0 ^{N4}	Full	113	0.0	50.0		
Lane 4 (B)	19	100.0	19	100.0	47	0.406	100	85.2	LOS F	0.9	12.2	Short	101	0.0	NA	Lane 4 (B)	19	100.0	19	100.0	47	0.406	100	85.2	LOS F	0.9	12.2	Short	101	0.0	NA		
Approach	2535	5.9	2424 ^N	6.0		0.927		45.7	LOS D	15.6	113.0					Approach	2247	5.9	2125 ^N	6.0		0.915		36.8	LOS D	15.5	113.0						
West: Pakuranga Road (West)														West: Pakuranga Road (West)																			
Lane 1 (B)	24	100.0	24	100.0	44	0.541	100	90.8	LOS F	1.2	15.6	Full	388	0.0	0.0	Lane 1 (B)	24	100.0	24	100.0	35	0.690	100	95.0	LOS F	1.3	16.3	Full	388	-21.6 ^{N7}	0.0		
Lane 2	201	7.8	201	7.8	893	0.225	100	24.1	LOS C	5.2	39.0	Short	141	0.0	NA	Lane 2	319	9.4	319	9.4	848	0.376	100	28.1	LOS C	9.3	70.2	Short	141	0.0	NA		
Lane 3	201	7.8	201	7.8	893	0.225	100	24.1	LOS C	5.2	39.0	Full	388	0.0	0.0	Lane 3	319	9.4	319	9.4	848	0.376	100	28.1	LOS C	9.3	70.2	Full	388	0.0	0.0		
Lane 4	201	7.8	201	7.8	893	0.225	100	24.1	LOS C	5.2	39.0	Full	388	0.0	0.0	Lane 4	319	9.4	319	9.4	848	0.376	100	28.1	LOS C	9.3	70.2	Full	388	0.0	0.0		
Lane 5	177	13.6	177	13.6	226	0.782	100	62.4	LOS E	6.0	47.2	Short	184	0.0	NA	Lane 5	187	13.9	187	13.9	236	0.792	100	64.6	LOS E	6.6	51.4	Short	184	0.0	NA		
Lane 6	177	13.6	177	13.6	226	0.782	100	62.4	LOS E	6.0	47.2	Short	109	0.0	NA	Lane 6	130	13.9	130	13.9	164	0.792	100	67.5	LOS E	4.7	37.0	Short	109	-30.6 ^{N7}	NA		
Approach	981	12.1	981	12.1		0.782		39.5	LOS D	6.0	47.2					Approach	1297	12.2	1297	12.2		0.792		38.6	LOS D	9.3	70.2						
Intersection	4610	7.6	4361 ^N	8.0		0.927		42.9	LOS D	15.6	113.0					Intersection	4892	8.1	4643 ^N	8.6		0.915		37.2	LOS D	17.2	130.0						

3.3.2 PM Peak

- During the PM peak the intersection is expected to perform at LOS F during Stage 2, compared to the LOS E of the Do-Min scenario.
- Demand seems to have increased on Pakuranga Road west (and east), however the west approach is already saturated, causing delays to increase further.
- NOTE: The Ti Rakau Drive / SEART intersection (**Section 3.4** below) is also expected to experience poor LOS. It is expected that the mitigation measures discussed in **Section 3.4.3** would remedy that intersection as well as this intersection by drawing demand away from Pakuranga Road eastbound to SEART, then turning right into Ti Rakau Drive. Therefore, mitigation measures are not recommended for the Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection.

Table 6: Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr – Do-Min vs Stage 2 (PM)

Lane Use and Performance														Lane Use and Performance																	
Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %	Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist m]						[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Veh]	[Dist m]						[Total veh/h]	[HV %]				
South: Ti Rakau Drive																															
Lane 1	680	6.6	655	6.6	1109 ¹	0.591	100	13.5	LOS B	12.3	90.6	Full	130	0.0	16.7	Lane 1	725	6.5	696	6.4	1074 ¹	0.648	100	14.4	LOS B	14.7	108.8	Full	130	0.0	33.4
Lane 2 (B)	12	100.0	12	100.0	528	0.023	100	28.6	LOS C	0.3	3.8	Short	16	0.0	NA	Lane 2 (B)	12	100.0	12	100.0	492	0.024	100	31.6	LOS C	0.3	4.0	Short	16	0.0	NA
Lane 3	654	3.1	630	3.1	657	0.960	100	83.7	LOS F	18.1 ^{N4}	130.0 ^{N4}	Full	130	-21.7 ^{N3}	50.0	Lane 3	604	4.2	580	4.1	545	1.064	100	153.3	LOS F	17.9 ^{N4}	130.0 ^{N4}	Full	130	-29.6 ^{N3}	50.0
Lane 4	393	3.1	379	3.1	394 ¹	0.960	100	86.6	LOS F	18.1 ^{N4}	130.0 ^{N4}	Full	130	-22.5 ^{N3}	50.0 ^B	Lane 4	378	4.2	363	4.1	341 ¹	1.064	100	164.3	LOS F	17.9 ^{N4}	130.0 ^{N4}	Full	130	-30.4 ^{N3}	50.0 ^B
Lane 5	389	3.1	375	3.1	390 ¹	0.960	100	87.0	LOS F	18.1 ^{N4}	130.0 ^{N4}	Short	40	-24.0 ^{N3}	NA	Lane 5	406	4.2	390	4.1	366 ¹	1.064	100	162.4	LOS F	17.9 ^{N4}	130.0 ^{N4}	Short	40	-20.0 ^{N7}	NA
Approach	2128	4.8	2051 ^{N1}	4.8	0.960		62.1	LOS E		18.1	130.0					Approach	2125	5.5	2040 ^{N1}	5.5	1.064		108.9	LOS F		17.9	130.0				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)																															
Lane 1	575	2.3	514	2.4	1116	0.461	100	14.2	LOS B	6.6	47.1	Full	113	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	722	4.0	660	4.2	1126	0.587	100	14.7	LOS B	9.5	69.1	Full	113	0.0	4.8
Lane 2	426	8.0	382	8.5	420	0.909	100	77.6	LOS E	15.0 ^{N4}	113.0 ^{N4}	Full	113	0.0	50.0	Lane 2	420	8.3	385	8.6	504	0.764	100	55.6	LOS E	15.0 ^{N4}	113.0 ^{N4}	Full	113	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	421	8.0	378	8.5	416 ¹	0.909	100	77.6	LOS E	15.0 ^{N4}	113.0 ^{N4}	Full	113	0.0	50.0	Lane 3	414	8.3	379	8.6	496 ¹	0.764	100	55.4	LOS E	15.0 ^{N4}	113.0 ^{N4}	Full	113	0.0	50.0
Lane 4 (B)	11	100.0	11	100.0	47	0.235	100	83.9	LOS F	0.5	6.9	Short	101	0.0	NA	Lane 4 (B)	11	100.0	11	100.0	47	0.235	100	83.9	LOS F	0.5	6.9	Short	101	0.0	NA
Approach	1433	6.4	1285 ^{N1}	6.9	0.909		52.3	LOS D		15.0	113.0					Approach	1567	7.0	1436 ^{N1}	7.3	0.764		37.0	LOS D		15.0	113.0				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)																															
Lane 1 (B)	40	100.0	40	100.0	40	1.008	100	135.2	LOS F	2.6	33.3	Full	388	-11.1 ^{N7}	0.0	Lane 1 (B)	40	100.0	40	100.0	38	1.066	100	169.5	LOS F	2.9	38.3	Full	388	-15.9 ^{N7}	0.0
Lane 2	426	6.7	426	6.7	437	0.975	100	99.5	LOS F	26.1	192.9	Short	141	-21.7 ^{N3}	NA	Lane 2	463	6.4	463	6.4	437	1.059	100	149.9	LOS F	35.0	258.6	Short	141	-29.6 ^{N3}	NA
Lane 3	422	6.7	422	6.7	433	0.975	100	99.7	LOS F	25.8	191.2	Full	388	-22.5 ^{N3}	0.0	Lane 3	458	6.4	458	6.4	432	1.059	100	150.2	LOS F	34.7	256.0	Full	388	-30.4 ^{N3}	12.6 ^B
Lane 4	414	6.7	414	6.7	424	0.975	100	100.1	LOS F	25.4	187.9	Full	388	-24.0 ^{N3}	0.0	Lane 4	526	6.4	526	6.4	497	1.059	100	147.0	LOS F	39.3	290.4	Full	388	-20.0 ^{N7}	23.2
Lane 5	195	7.7	195	7.7	245	0.796	100	73.6	LOS E	7.0	52.1	Short	184	0.0	NA	Lane 5	180	7.5	180	7.5	222	0.807	100	72.2	LOS E	6.3	46.6	Short	184	0.0	NA
Lane 6	195	7.7	195	7.7	245	0.796	100	73.6	LOS E	7.0	52.1	Short	109	0.0	NA	Lane 6	180	7.5	180	7.5	222	0.807	100	72.2	LOS E	6.3	46.6	Short	109	0.0	NA
Approach	1692	9.2	1692	9.2	1.008		94.6	LOS F		26.1	192.9					Approach	1845	8.7	1845	8.7	1.066		134.5	LOS F		39.3	290.4				
Intersection	5253	6.6	5028 ^{N1}	6.9	1.008		70.5	LOS E		26.1	192.9					Intersection	5537	7.0	5321 ^{N1}	7.3	1.066		98.4	LOS F		39.3	290.4				

3.4 Ti Rakau Drive / SEART (Pakuranga HWY)

3.4.1 AM Peak

- Do-Min scenario performance is poor, LOS F in the AM peak.
- Stage 2 intersection performance is expected to be improved with lower delay but poorer DOS, LOS is E in the AM peak.
- The Ti Rakau Drive west approach right-turn into SEART is expected to operate at LOS E during the AM.

Table 7: Ti Rakau Dr / SEART – Do-Min vs Stage 2 (AM)

Lane Use and Performance														Lane Use and Performance																		
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.		DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.	
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist]						[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Veh]	[Dist]						[Total veh/h]	[HV %]					[Veh]
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)														SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)																		
Lane 1	1735	9.7	1499	10.2	1677	0.894	100	464.6	LOS F	0.0	0.0	Full	91	0.0	0.0		1662	9.2	1235	9.3	1688	0.732	100	53.1	LOS D	0.0	0.0	Full	91	0.0	0.0	
Lane 2	238	11.1	206	11.9	273	0.757	100	60.5	LOS E	8.1	62.6	Full	91	0.0	15.5		308	11.3	229	11.6	260	0.882	100	86.0	LOS F	11.8 ^{N4}	91.0 ^{N4}	Full	91	0.0	50.0	
Lane 3	240	11.1	208	11.9	276	0.757	100	60.4	LOS E	8.2	63.2	Full	91	0.0	16.4		311	11.3	232	11.6	263	0.882	100	85.9	LOS F	11.8 ^{N4}	91.0 ^{N4}	Full	91	0.0	50.0	
Lane 4	54	5.6	47	5.9	270	0.172	100	56.7	LOS E	1.6	11.7	Full	91	0.0	0.0																	
Approach	2267	9.9	1961 ^N	10.5		0.894		369.5	LOS F	8.2	63.2						2281	9.8	1696 ^N	9.9		0.882		62.0	LOS E	11.8	91.0					
NorthEast: Reeves Road														NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)																		
Lane 1	240	6.8	228	6.5	255 ¹	0.894	100	71.8	LOS E	9.7 ^{N4}	72.0 ^{N4}	Short	52	0.0	NA		Lane 1	198	24.2	186	24.8	588	0.316	35 ⁵	41.0	LOS D	6.5	55.5	Full	84	0.0	11.8
Lane 2	253	5.8	240	5.5	268 ¹	0.894	100	71.0	LOS E	9.8 ^{N4}	72.0 ^{N4}	Full	72	0.0	50.0 ³		Lane 2	620	5.0	577	5.1	637	0.905	100	71.9	LOS E	11.5 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	26	3.8	25	3.7	83	0.299	100	73.6	LOS E	1.0	7.2	Short	16	0.0	NA		Lane 3	604	5.0	562	5.1	621	0.905	100	72.5	LOS E	11.5 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0
Approach	519	6.2	493 ^{N1}	5.9		0.894		71.5	LOS E	9.8	72.0						Approach	1422	7.7	1324 ^N	7.8		0.905		67.8	LOS E	11.5	84.0				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)														SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY																		
Lane 1	251	20.7	235	21.4	605	0.389	45 ⁵	33.4	LOS C	6.8	56.0	Full	84	0.0	12.5		Lane 1	354	5.2	354	5.2	1398	0.253	100	12.8	LOS B	4.6	33.6	Short	308	0.0	NA
Lane 2	610	5.0	568	5.1	651	0.872	100	54.9	LOS D	11.5 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0		Lane 2	359	5.2	359	5.2	1420	0.253	100	12.8	LOS B	4.7	34.1	Short	132	0.0	NA
Lane 3	594	5.0	553	5.1	634	0.872	100	55.3	LOS E	11.5 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0		Lane 3	385	8.4	385	8.4	431	0.893	100	84.5	LOS F	20.6	154.4	Full	1650	0.0	0.0
Approach	1455	7.7	1356 ^N	7.9		0.872		51.3	LOS D	11.5	84.0						Approach	1487	6.9	1487	6.9		0.893		50.1	LOS D	20.8	155.8	Full	1650	0.0	0.0
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY														Intersection																		
Lane 1	268	4.6	268	4.6	1189	0.226	100	16.8	LOS B	4.1	29.5	Short	308	0.0	NA		Intersection	5190	8.4	4507 ^N	9.6		0.905		59.8	LOS E	20.8	155.8				
Lane 2	273	4.6	273	4.6	1208	0.226	100	16.8	LOS B	4.1	29.9	Short	132	0.0	NA																	
Lane 3	155	11.0	155	11.0	455	0.341	100	46.3	LOS D	4.9	37.7	Full	1650	0.0	0.0																	
Lane 4	217	7.3	217	7.3	257	0.847	100	74.3	LOS E	9.2	68.1	Full	1650	0.0	0.0																	
Lane 5	220	7.3	220	7.3	259	0.847	100	74.3	LOS E	9.2	68.7	Short	277	0.0	NA																	
Approach	1133	6.5	1133	6.5		0.847		43.0	LOS D	9.2	68.7																					
Intersection	5374	8.2	4943 ^N	9.0		0.894		177.6	LOS F	11.5	84.0																					

3.4.2 PM Peak

- Similar to the AM, the Do-Min intersection performance is poor (LOS F). The intersection performance is also expected to be poor during the Stage 2 detour.
- The SEART right-turn lanes into Ti Rakau Drive are expected to operate at LOS F during the PM. The increase in demand (due to Reeves Road closure) results in delay increasing from around 50 sec to 215 sec (3.6 min), which would require mitigation.

Table 8: Ti Rakau Dr / SEART – Do-Min vs Stage 2 (PM)

Lane Use and Performance															Lane Use and Performance																	
Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.	Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.	
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist]						[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Veh]	[Dist]						[Total veh/h]	[HV %]					[Veh]
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)																	
Lane 1	862	8.9	821	8.6	1695	0.484	100	6.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	91	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	961	8.3	885	8.1	1702	0.520	100	6.3	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	91	0.0	0.0	
Lane 2	173	6.9	166	6.8	165	1.003	100	137.4	LOS F	11.8	87.7	Full	91	-50.0 ^{N7}	46.5	Lane 2	288	7.9	266	7.9	241	1.105	100	199.1	LOS F	12.2 ^{N4}	91.0 ^{N4}	Full	91	-50.0 ^{N7}	50.0	
Lane 3	351	6.9	335	6.8	334	1.003	100	123.3	LOS F	12.3 ^{N4}	91.0 ^{N4}	Full	91	0.0	50.0	Lane 3	319	7.9	294	7.9	266	1.105	100	197.0	LOS F	12.2 ^{N4}	91.0 ^{N4}	Full	91	-45.3 ^{N7}	50.0	
Lane 4	192	3.1	183	3.0	162	1.132	100	226.2	LOS F	12.7 ^{N4}	91.0 ^{N4}	Full	91	-49.9 ^{N7}	50.0	Approach	1568	8.2	1445 ^N	8.0	1.105		80.6	LOS F	12.2	91.0						
Approach	1578	7.5	1505 ^N	7.3	1.132		73.4	LOS E	12.7	91.0						NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)																
NorthEast: Reeves Road															NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)																	
Lane 1	187	8.3	178	7.9	249 ¹	0.718	100	75.4	LOS E	8.5	63.9	Short	52	0.0	NA	Lane 1	406	8.7	378	8.5	341	1.106	100	190.1	LOS F	11.2 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0	
Lane 2	175	11.1	167	10.5	233 ¹	0.718	100	75.3	LOS E	8.1	61.8	Full	72	0.0	38.8 ^B	Lane 2	396	6.5	369	6.7	333	1.106	100	194.8	LOS F	11.3 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0	
Lane 3	34	14.7	32	14.0	60	0.535	100	96.0	LOS F	1.7	13.4	Short	16	0.0	NA	Lane 3	385	6.4	359	6.7	324	1.106	100	195.4	LOS F	11.4 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0	
Approach	396	10.1	378 ^{N1}	9.6	0.718		77.1	LOS E	8.5	63.9						Approach	1188	7.2	1105 ^N	7.3	1.106		193.4	LOS F	11.4	84.0						
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY																	
Lane 1	332	10.3	305	10.5	267	1.145	100	222.0	LOS F	11.0 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0	Lane 1	1031	4.7	1031	4.7	1191	0.866	100	30.9	LOS C	39.5	287.7	Short	308	0.0	NA	
Lane 2	341	5.0	313	5.3	273	1.145	100	225.0	LOS F	11.5 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0	Lane 2	508	4.7	508	4.7	587	0.866	100	44.5	LOS D	22.7	165.1	Short	132	-50.0 ^{N7}	NA	
Lane 3	331	4.4	304	4.6	265	1.145	100	226.2	LOS F	11.5 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0	Lane 3	488	7.6	488	7.6	431 ¹	1.132	100	216.1	LOS F	44.3	330.3	Full	1650	0.0	0.0	
Approach	1004	6.6	922 ^{N1}	6.8	1.145		224.4	LOS F	11.5	84.0						Lane 4	598	7.6	598	7.6	528	1.132	100	212.7	LOS F	53.8	400.7	Full	1650	0.0	0.0	
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY															Approach																	
Lane 1	1029	4.0	1029	4.0	1218	0.844	100	29.1	LOS C	37.7	272.7	Short	308	0.0	NA	Approach	2625	5.9	2625	5.9	1.132		109.4	LOS F	53.8	400.7						
Lane 2	522	4.0	522	4.0	619	0.844	100	38.0	LOS D	21.8	158.1	Short	132	-50.0 ^{N7}	NA	Intersection																
Lane 3	547	9.7	547	9.7	475 ¹	1.152	100	227.4	LOS F	54.0	409.1	Full	1650	-33.3 ^{N7}	0.0	Intersection	5381	6.8	5175 ^N	7.1	1.132		119.3	LOS F	53.8	400.7						
Lane 4	476	6.9	476	6.9	679	0.700	100	53.1	LOS D	19.6	145.4	Full	1650	0.0	0.0	Intersection																
Lane 5	480	6.9	480	6.9	686	0.700	100	53.1	LOS D	19.8	146.9	Short	277	0.0	NA	Intersection																
Approach	3054	5.9	3054	5.9	1.152		73.6	LOS E	54.0	409.1						Intersection																
Intersection	6032	6.7	5859 ^N	6.9	1.152		97.5	LOS F	54.0	409.1						Intersection																

3.4.3 Mitigation 1

- Mitigation 1, to remedy the Ti Rakau Drive / SEART intersection during the PM peak, includes converting the through lane from SEART to Reeves Road to a right-turn lane (note Reeves Road is closed during Stage 2), thus providing a 3rd lane for this turning movement onto Ti Rakau Drive eastbound.
- In addition, a 3rd exit lane is proposed on Ti Rakau Drive eastbound between the SEART intersection and the newly completed William Roberts Road intersection. The proposed layout is shown below.
- As stated in **Section 3.3** above, it is expected that the Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection performance during the PM peak would also be improved as demand would be drawn away from that intersection to the Ti Rakau Drive / SEART intersection, which could have more spare capacity.

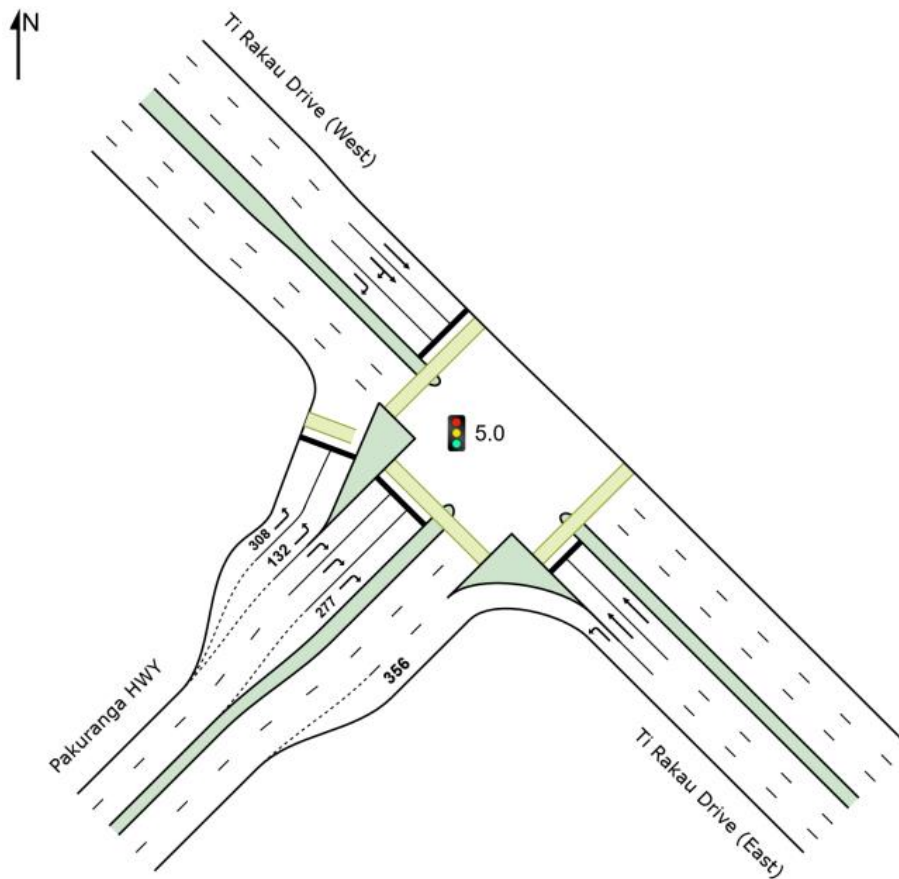


Figure 3: Ti Rakau Dr / SEART - Mitigation 1 proposed layout

- The Stage 2 intersection performance (without mitigation) is expected to be poor (LOS F), especially in the SEART right-turn lanes into Ti Rakau Drive where delay increases from around 50 sec in the Do-Min scenario, to 215 sec (3.6 min).
- With the measures in place proposed under Mitigation 1, intersection performance during the detour is expected to improve to LOS E, with an average delay of 70 sec. This is also an improvement compared to the Do-Min scenario (LOS F and delay of 98 sec)
- Delay and queue lengths in the SEART right-turn lanes are improved under Mitigation 1 (delay of 85 sec and average queue length of 145 m), compared to the Stage 2 detour.

Table 9: Ti Rakau Dr / SEART – Stage 2 vs Mitigation 1 (PM)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist m]				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	961	8.3	885	8.1	1702	0.520	100	6.3	LOSA	0.0	0.0	Full	91	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	288	7.9	266	7.9	241	1.105	100	199.1	LOS F	12.2 ^{N4}	91.0 ^{N4}	Full	91	-50.0 ^{N7}	50.0
Lane 3	319	7.9	294	7.9	266	1.105	100	197.0	LOS F	12.2 ^{N4}	91.0 ^{N4}	Full	91	-45.3 ^{N7}	50.0
Approach	1568	8.2	1445 ^N	8.0			1.105	80.6	LOS F	12.2	91.0				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	406	8.7	378	8.5	341	1.106	100	190.1	LOS F	11.2 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	396	6.5	369	6.7	333	1.106	100	194.8	LOS F	11.3 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	385	6.4	359	6.7	324	1.106	100	195.4	LOS F	11.4 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0
Approach	1188	7.2	1105 ^N	7.3			1.106	193.4	LOS F	11.4	84.0				
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY															
Lane 1	1031	4.7	1031	4.7	1191	0.866	100	30.9	LOS C	39.5	287.7	Short	308	0.0	NA
Lane 2	508	4.7	508	4.7	587	0.866	100	44.5	LOS D	22.7	165.1	Short	132	-50.0 ^{N7}	NA
Lane 3	488	7.6	488	7.6	431	1.132	100	216.1	LOS F	44.3	330.3	Full	1650	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	598	7.6	598	7.6	528	1.132	100	212.7	LOS F	53.8	400.7	Full	1650	0.0	0.0
Approach	2625	5.9	2625	5.9			1.132	109.4	LOS F	53.8	400.7				
Intersectio	5381	6.8	5175 ^N	7.1			1.132	119.3	LOS F	53.8	400.7				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	961	8.3	885	8.1	1702	0.520	100	6.6	LOSA	0.0	0.0	Full	91	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	288	7.9	266	7.9	252	1.057	100	165.1	LOS F	12.2 ^{N4}	91.0 ^{N4}	Full	91	-50.0 ^{N7}	50.0
Lane 3	319	7.9	294	7.9	278	1.057	100	162.8	LOS F	12.2 ^{N4}	91.0 ^{N4}	Full	91	-45.3 ^{N7}	50.0
Approach	1568	8.2	1445 ^N	8.0			1.057	67.6	LOS E	12.2	91.0				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	406	8.7	378	8.5	397	0.952	100	96.9	LOS F	11.2 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	396	6.5	369	6.7	387	0.952	100	101.6	LOS F	11.3 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	385	6.4	359	6.7	376	0.952	100	102.4	LOS F	11.4 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0
Approach	1188	7.2	1105 ^N	7.3			0.952	100.2	LOS F	11.4	84.0				
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY															
Lane 1	1029	4.7	1029	4.7	1169	0.880	100	32.5	LOS C	40.7	296.6	Short	308	0.0	NA
Lane 2	510	4.7	510	4.7	580	0.880	100	50.0	LOS D	24.4	177.3	Short	132	-50.0 ^{N7}	NA
Lane 3	359	7.6	359	7.6	408	0.882	100	84.8	LOS F	19.2	142.8	Full	1650	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	363	7.6	363	7.6	412	0.882	100	84.7	LOS F	19.3	144.1	Full	1650	0.0	0.0
Lane 5	363	7.6	363	7.6	412	0.882	100	84.7	LOS F	19.3	144.1	Short	277	0.0	NA
Approach	2625	5.9	2625	5.9			0.882	57.5	LOS E	40.7	296.6				
Intersectio	5381	6.8	5175 ^N	7.1			1.057	69.4	LOS E	40.7	296.6				

- A further refinement of Mitigation 1 was also tested. It consisted of a 105 m short exit lane (AGRD04A (Austroads) – Table 5.5) on Ti Rakau Drive eastbound. Although intersection performance is expected to be similar to Mitigation 1 above, this geometric change would provide insufficient weave distance up to William Roberts Road and is not recommended.
- The construction costs of and effort to implement the measures proposed under Mitigation 1 are potentially considerable. Mitigation 1 could require the buildout of the southern side of Ti Rakau Drive and the relocation of the centreline in order to provide the additional exit lane along Ti Rakau Drive eastbound.
- Therefore, alternative measures are proposed under Mitigation 2.

3.4.4 Mitigation 2

- Mitigation 2 includes the temporary removal of the pedestrian crossing on the eastern arm of the Ti Rakau Drive / SEART intersection, thus reducing signal phasing down to 3 phases and allowing for more greentime to be allocated to the SEART right-turn movements into Ti Rakau Drive eastbound during the PM peak.
- It is noted that pedestrian amenity at this intersection would be temporarily reduced, however the intersection would still provide the ability to cross Ti Rakau Drive from all directions, albeit with some increase in travel time and distance. The pedestrian crossing would be reinstated in the final build-out of the intersection.
- The proposed layout is shown below.

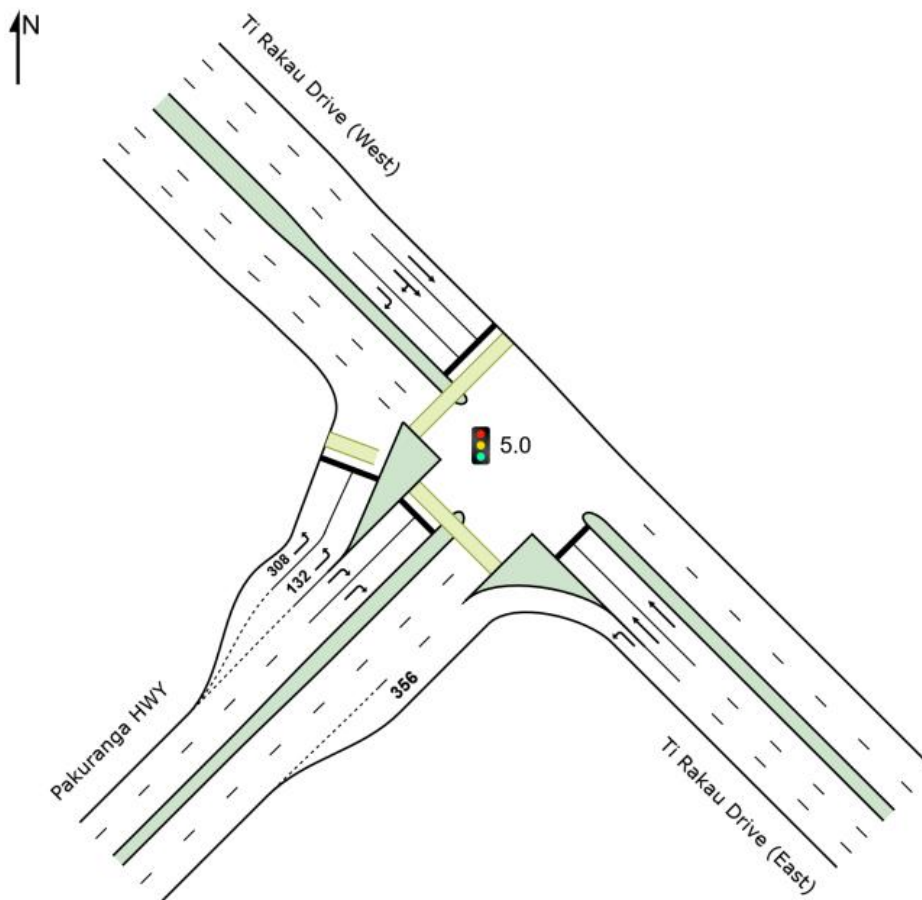


Figure 4: Ti Rakau Dr / SEART - Mitigation 2 proposed layout

- Again, the Stage 2 intersection performance (without mitigation) is expected to be poor (LOS F), especially in the SEART right-turn lanes into Ti Rakau Drive where delay increases from around 50 sec in the Do-Min scenario, to 215 sec (3.6 min).
- With the measures in place proposed under Mitigation 2, intersection performance during the detour is expected to improve to LOS E, with an average delay of 78 sec. This is also an improvement compared to the Do-Min scenario (LOS F and delay of 98 sec).
- Delay and queue lengths in the SEART right-turn lanes are improved under Mitigation 2 (delay of 92 sec and average queue length of 280 m), compared to the Stage 2 detour. However, these are still larger than the Do-Min scenario.

Table 10: Ti Rakau Dr / SEART – Stage 2 vs Mitigation 2 (PM)

Lane Use and Performance														Lane Use and Performance																	
Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.	Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m						[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)														SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)																	
Lane 1	961	8.3	885	8.1	1702	0.520	100	6.3	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	91	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	961	8.3	885	8.1	1702	0.520	100	6.6	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	91	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	288	7.9	266	7.9	241	1.105	100	199.1	LOS F	12.2 ^{N4}	91.0 ^{N4}	Full	91	-50.0 ^{N7}	50.0	Lane 2	289	7.9	266	7.9	274	0.973	100	115.0	LOS F	12.2 ^{N4}	91.0 ^{N4}	Full	91	-50.0 ^{N7}	50.0
Lane 3	319	7.9	294	7.9	266	1.105	100	197.0	LOS F	12.2 ^{N4}	91.0 ^{N4}	Full	91	-45.3 ^{N7}	50.0	Lane 3	318	7.9	294	7.9	302	0.973	100	112.7	LOS F	12.2 ^{N4}	91.0 ^{N4}	Full	91	-45.4 ^{N7}	50.0
Approach	1568	8.2	1445 ^N	8.0		1.105		80.6	LOS F	12.2	91.0					Approach	1568	8.2	1445 ^N	8.0		0.973		48.1	LOS D	12.2	91.0				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)														NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)																	
Lane 1	406	8.7	378	8.5	341	1.106	100	190.1	LOS F	11.2 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0	Lane 1	406	8.7	378	8.5	397	0.954	100	97.4	LOS F	11.2 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	396	6.5	369	6.7	333	1.106	100	194.8	LOS F	11.3 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0	Lane 2	396	6.5	369	6.7	387	0.954	100	102.2	LOS F	11.3 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	385	6.4	359	6.7	324	1.106	100	195.4	LOS F	11.4 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0	Lane 3	385	6.4	359	6.7	376	0.954	100	102.9	LOS F	11.4 ^{N4}	84.0 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0
Approach	1188	7.2	1105 ^N	7.3		1.106		193.4	LOS F	11.4	84.0					Approach	1188	7.2	1106 ^N	7.3		0.954		100.8	LOS F	11.4	84.0				
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY														SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY																	
Lane 1	1031	4.7	1031	4.7	1191	0.866	100	30.9	LOS C	39.5	287.7	Short	308	0.0	NA	Lane 1	1040	4.7	1040	4.7	1067 ¹	0.974	100	70.3	LOS E	59.0	429.6	Short	308	0.0	NA
Lane 2	508	4.7	508	4.7	587	0.866	100	44.5	LOS D	22.7	165.1	Short	132	-50.0 ^{N7}	NA	Lane 2	499	4.7	499	4.7	513 ¹	0.974	100	95.2	LOS F	31.6	230.2	Short	132	-50.0 ^{N7}	NA
Lane 3	488	7.6	488	7.6	431 ¹	1.132	100	216.1	LOS F	44.3	330.3	Full	1650	0.0	0.0	Lane 3	460	7.6	460	7.6	481 ¹	0.956	100	91.8	LOS F	26.0	193.9	Full	1650	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	598	7.6	598	7.6	528	1.132	100	212.7	LOS F	53.8	400.7	Full	1650	0.0	0.0	Lane 4	626	7.6	626	7.6	655	0.956	100	91.1	LOS F	37.6	280.4	Full	1650	0.0	0.0
Approach	2625	5.9	2625	5.9		1.132		109.4	LOS F	53.8	400.7					Approach	2625	5.9	2625	5.9		0.974		83.7	LOS F	59.0	429.6				
Intersectio	5381	6.8	5175 ^N	7.1		1.132		119.3	LOS F	53.8	400.7					Intersectio	5381	6.8	5176 ^N	7.1		0.974		77.4	LOS E	59.0	429.6				

- The construction costs of and effort to implement the measures proposed under Mitigation 2 are considered more economically viable, compared to Mitigation 1. The measure would include minor road marking removal, signal head amendments and signal phasing adjustments. However, large queues are still expected in the SEART right-turn lanes. Therefore, it is recommended that Mitigation 1 be discussed with key stakeholders.

3.5 Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive

3.5.1 AM Peak

- The relatively low increase in traffic demand on the right-turn from Reeves Road to William Roberts (**Section 3.1**) indicated that traffic would be diverting to other links in the network. **Section 4.0** below provides further detail to this, but in summary, traffic demand is expected to detour from Gossamer Drive, north to Pakuranga Road and south Ti Rakau Drive.
- As a result, more demand would be experienced on the turning movements into Pakuranga Road and Ti Rakau Drive at these intersections. The Gossamer Drive left-turn into Pakuranga Road is expected to experience an increase of around 40 veh/h only, and was therefore not analysed.
- However, the right-turn from Gossamer Drive into Ti Rakau Drive is expected to increase by around 160 veh/h. The resultant intersection performance is poor (LOS F) for the Stage 2 AM peak, compared to the LOS E of the Do-Min scenario. This may require mitigation.

Table 11: Ti Rakau Dr / Gossamer Dr – Do-Min vs Stage 2 (AM)

Lane Use and Performance															Lane Use and Performance																
Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.	Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist]						[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Veh]	[Dist]						[Total veh/h]	[HV %]				
South: Fremantle Place															South: Fremantle Place																
Lane 1	25	4.0	25	4.0	82	0.305	100	73.7	LOS E	1.0	7.3	Short	26	0.0	NA	Lane 1	23	8.7	23	8.7	63	0.367	100	94.2	LOS F	1.2	8.9	Short	26	0.0	NA
Lane 2	31	3.2	31	3.2	85	0.363	100	71.9	LOS E	1.3	9.0	Full	285	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	28	7.1	28	7.1	65	0.429	100	92.7	LOS F	1.4	10.8	Full	285	0.0	0.0
Approach	56	3.6	56	3.6	0.363		72.7	LOS E	1.3	9.0						Approach	51	7.8	51	7.8	0.429		93.4	LOS F	1.4	10.8					
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)																
Lane 1	866	11.2	866	11.2	1010	0.857	100	29.3	LOS C	29.7	227.8	Full	636	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	832	10.3	832	10.3	680	1.224	100	272.4	LOS F	85.1	648.8	Full	636	0.0	51.9
Lane 2	827	11.3	827	11.3	964	0.857	100	29.2	LOS C	28.1	215.6	Full	636	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	792	10.5	792	10.5	646	1.224	100	277.1	LOS F	83.4	635.9	Full	636	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	47	8.4	47	8.4	318	0.147	23 ^o	30.2	LOS C	0.9	6.8	Short	150	0.0	NA	Lane 3	65	7.8	65	7.8	262	0.247	23 ^o	41.4	LOS D	1.8	13.7	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 4	203	8.4	203	8.4	318	0.639	100	33.2	LOS C	4.4	33.2	Short	103	0.0	NA	Lane 4	282	7.8	282	7.8	262	1.075	100	137.8	LOS F	16.5	123.4	Short	103	0.0	NA
Approach	1943	10.9	1943	10.9	0.857		29.7	LOS C	29.7	227.8						Approach	1971	9.9	1971	9.9	1.224		247.4	LOS F	85.1	648.8					
North: Gossamer Drive															North: Gossamer Drive																
Lane 1	1053	7.5	1053	7.5	1033	1.020	100	87.5	LOS F	58.7	437.3	Short	30	0.0	NA	Lane 1	960	9.0	960	9.0	1066	0.901	100	28.7	LOS C	30.7	231.8	Short	30	0.0	NA
Lane 2	100	8.0	100	8.0	268	0.374	100	58.3	LOS E	3.6	26.6	Full	1010	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	264	6.4	264	6.4	212	1.246	100	319.1	LOS F	29.7	219.6	Full	1010	0.0	0.0
Approach	1153	7.5	1153	7.5	1.020		85.0	LOS F	58.7	437.3						Approach	1224	8.4	1224	8.4	1.246		91.3	LOS F	30.7	231.8					
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)																
Lane 1	428	10.2	360	10.4	701	0.514	100	33.7	LOS C	10.5	80.0	Full	479	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	523	11.8	432	11.6	451	0.958	100	98.1	LOS F	26.1	200.6	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	409	10.4	343	10.6	669	0.514	100	32.6	LOS C	10.1	77.2	Full	479	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	500	11.9	413	11.7	431	0.958	100	96.7	LOS F	25.1	193.1	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	10	10.0	8	9.9	90	0.093	100	70.7	LOS E	0.3	2.5	Short	27	0.0	NA	Lane 3	10	10.0	8	9.6	102	0.081	100	85.7	LOS F	0.4	3.0	Short	27	0.0	NA
Approach	847	10.3	712 ^{N1}	10.5	0.514		33.6	LOS C	10.5	80.0						Approach	1033	11.8	854 ^{N1}	11.7	0.958		97.3	LOS F	26.1	200.6					
Intersection	3999	9.7	3864 ^{N1}	10.0	1.020		47.5	LOS D	58.7	437.3						Intersection	4279	9.9	4100 ^{N1}	10.4	1.246		167.6	LOS F	85.1	648.8					

3.5.2 PM Peak

- The intersection is expected to experience little change during the Stage 2 PM peak and will remain at LOS D.
- It is noted that an equivalent in traffic demand returning to this intersection, compared to AM peak, does not occur as expected in the Ti Rakau Drive west left-turn. This could be due to the completion of the William Roberts Road link to Ti Rakau Drive.

Table 12: Ti Rakau Dr / Gossamer Dr – Do-Min vs Stage 2 (PM)

Lane Use and Performance															Lane Use and Performance																
Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.	Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m						[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
South: Fremantle Place															South: Fremantle Place																
Lane 1	12	0.0	12	0.0	64	0.187	100	95.8	LOS F	0.6	4.4	Short	26	0.0	NA	Lane 1	10	0.0	10	0.0	65	0.155	100	94.9	LOS F	0.5	3.6	Short	26	0.0	NA
Lane 2	27	3.7	27	3.7	65	0.418	100	95.8	LOS F	1.4	10.4	Full	285	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	27	3.7	27	3.7	65	0.416	100	95.2	LOS F	1.4	10.4	Full	285	0.0	0.0
Approach	39	2.6	39	2.6		0.418		95.8	LOS F	1.4	10.4					Approach	37	2.7	37	2.7		0.416		95.1	LOS F	1.4	10.4				
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)																
Lane 1	863	6.9	863	6.9	1037	0.832	100	32.6	LOS C	35.4	262.7	Full	636	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	888	6.9	888	6.9	1032	0.860	100	33.7	LOS C	37.5	277.7	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	779	7.0	779	7.0	936	0.832	100	30.4	LOS C	30.0	223.0	Full	636	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	806	7.0	806	7.0	937	0.860	100	32.3	LOS C	32.3	239.9	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	113	8.9	113	8.9	553	0.205	23 ⁸	28.4	LOS C	2.5	18.9	Short	150	0.0	NA	Lane 3	110	8.5	110	8.5	548	0.201	23 ⁸	28.5	LOS C	2.4	18.2	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 4	494	8.9	494	8.9	553	0.893	100	48.2	LOS D	17.4	130.7	Short	103	0.0	NA	Lane 4	480	8.5	480	8.5	548	0.876	100	45.3	LOS D	16.1	121.1	Short	103	0.0	NA
Approach	2249	7.5	2249	7.5		0.893		35.1	LOS D	35.4	262.7					Approach	2284	7.4	2284	7.4		0.876		35.4	LOS D	37.5	277.7				
North: Gossamer Drive															North: Gossamer Drive																
Lane 1	475	17.3	475	17.3	911	0.522	100	18.4	LOS B	11.3	91.1	Short	30	0.0	NA	Lane 1	455	16.0	455	16.0	909	0.501	100	17.2	LOS B	10.3	81.8	Short	30	0.0	NA
Lane 2	41	4.9	41	4.9	241	0.170	100	74.3	LOS E	1.9	13.6	Full	1010	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	51	5.9	51	5.9	240	0.212	100	74.6	LOS E	2.3	17.1	Full	1010	0.0	0.0
Approach	516	16.3	516	16.3		0.522		22.8	LOS C	11.3	91.1					Approach	506	15.0	506	15.0		0.501		23.0	LOS C	10.3	81.8				
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)																
Lane 1	587	5.2	563	5.2	629	0.895	100	73.2	LOS E	29.7	217.3	Full	479	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	603	4.9	560	4.8	639	0.876	100	66.0	LOS E	28.0	203.8	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	554	5.5	532	5.5	594	0.895	100	68.8	LOS E	28.3	207.4	Full	479	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	564	5.8	523	5.7	597	0.876	100	64.7	LOS E	26.8	196.6	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	18	0.0	17	0.0	231	0.075	100	75.1	LOS E	0.8	5.4	Short	27	0.0	NA	Lane 3	18	0.0	17	0.0	233	0.072	100	74.5	LOS E	0.7	5.2	Short	27	0.0	NA
Approach	1159	5.3	1112 ^N	5.3		0.895		71.2	LOS E	29.7	217.3					Approach	1185	5.2	1100 ^N	5.2		0.876		65.5	LOS E	28.0	203.8				
Intersection	3963	7.9	3916 ^N	8.0		0.895		44.3	LOS D	35.4	262.7					Intersection	4012	7.7	3927 ^N	7.8		0.876		42.8	LOS D	37.5	277.7				

3.5.3 Mitigation 1

- Mitigation 1, to remedy the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection during the AM peak, includes the following on the northern Gossamer Drive approach (see figure below):
 - Adding an additional short right-turn lane (100 m).
 - Converting the short left-turn slip lane to pass through the intersection and providing 150 m stacking space.
 - The kerbside short exit lane length is increased from 24 m to 100 m.

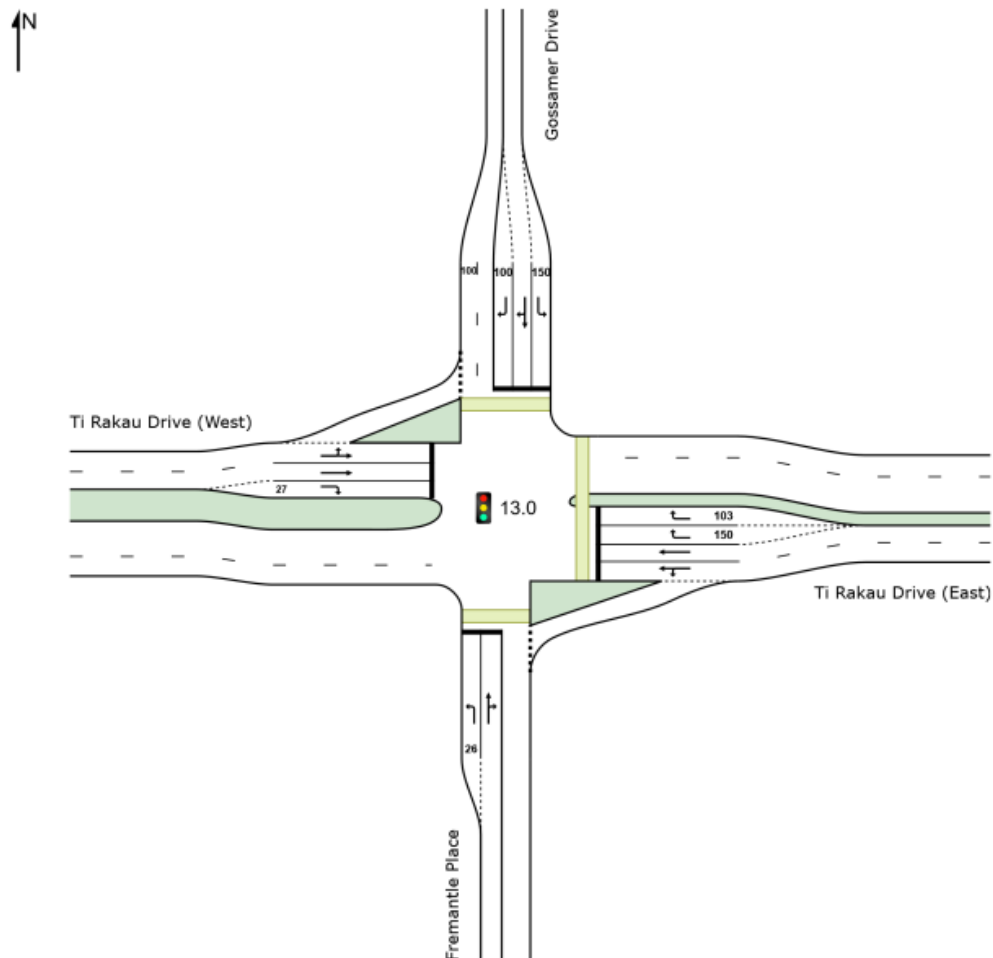


Figure 5: Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive – Mitigation 1 proposed layout

- The Stage 2 intersection performance (without mitigation) is expected to be poor (LOS F), especially in the Gossamer Drive right-turn lane into Ti Rakau Drive where delay increases from around 59 sec in the Do-Min scenario, to 320 sec (5.3 min).
- With the measures in place proposed under Mitigation 1, intersection performance during the detour is expected to be slightly improved, however still LOS F, with an average delay of 117 sec.
- Delay and queue lengths in the Gossamer Drive right-turn lanes are improved under Mitigation 1 (delay of 78 sec and average queue length of 46 m), compared to the Stage 2 detour.
- However, the additional control delay now imposed on the Gossamer Drive left-turn (previously a left-turn slip under the Do-Min and Stage 2 scenarios) has resulted in large delays (141 sec) and queues (478 m) in that lane. Traffic demand in this lane is around 960 veh/h.

Table 13: Ti Rakau Dr / Gossamer Dr – Stage 2 vs Mitigation 1 (AM)

Lane Use and Performance														Lane Use and Performance																	
Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %	Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist m						[Total veh/h	HV %	[Veh	Dist m											
South: Fremantle Place														South: Fremantle Place																	
Lane 1	23	8.7	23	8.7	63	0.367	100	94.2	LOS F	1.2	8.9	Short	26	0.0	NA	Lane 1	23	8.7	23	8.7	63	0.367	100	94.2	LOS F	1.2	8.9	Short	26	0.0	NA
Lane 2	28	7.1	28	7.1	65	0.429	100	92.7	LOS F	1.4	10.8	Full	285	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	28	7.1	28	7.1	65	0.429	100	92.7	LOS F	1.4	10.8	Full	285	0.0	0.0
Approach	51	7.8	51	7.8		0.429		93.4	LOS F	1.4	10.8					Approach	51	7.8	51	7.8		0.429		93.4	LOS F	1.4	10.8				
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)														East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)																	
Lane 1	832	10.3	832	10.3	680	1.224	100	272.4	LOS F	85.1	648.8	Full	636	0.0	51.9	Lane 1	847	10.4	847	10.4	778	1.088	100	158.3	LOS F	68.2	519.8	Full	636	0.0	31.2
Lane 2	792	10.5	792	10.5	646	1.224	100	277.1	LOS F	83.4	635.9	Full	636	0.0	50.0	Lane 2	777	10.5	777	10.5	714	1.088	100	163.8	LOS F	64.8	494.0	Full	636	0.0	26.6
Lane 3	65	7.8	65	7.8	262	0.247	23 ⁵	41.4	LOS D	1.8	13.7	Short	150	0.0	NA	Lane 3	126	7.8	126	7.8	598	0.210	57 ⁶	28.0	LOS C	2.6	19.4	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 4	282	7.8	282	7.8	262	1.075	100	137.8	LOS F	16.5	123.4	Short	103	0.0	NA	Lane 4	221	7.8	221	7.8	598	0.370	100	27.5	LOS C	4.9	36.6	Short	103	0.0	NA
Approach	1971	9.9	1971	9.9		1.224		247.4	LOS F	85.1	648.8					Approach	1971	9.9	1971	9.9		1.088		137.3	LOS F	68.2	519.8				
North: Gossamer Drive														North: Gossamer Drive																	
Lane 1	960	9.0	960	9.0	1066	1.901	100	28.7	LOS C	30.7	231.8	Short	30	0.0	NA	Lane 1	960	9.0	960	9.0	884	1.086	100	141.0	LOS F	63.4	478.0	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 2	264	6.4	264	6.4	212	1.246	100	319.1	LOS F	29.7	219.6	Full	1010	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	132	5.9	132	5.9	235	0.562	100	77.6	LOS E	6.2	45.6	Full	1010	0.0	0.0
Approach	1224	8.4	1224	8.4		1.246		91.3	LOS F	30.7	231.8					Lane 3	131	6.3	131	6.3	233	0.562	100	77.9	LOS E	6.2	45.5	Short	100	0.0	NA
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)														West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)																	
Lane 1	523	11.8	432	11.6	451	0.958	100	98.1	LOS F	26.1	200.6	Full	479	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	522	11.8	431	11.6	549	0.786	100	57.6	LOS E	19.4	149.0	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	500	11.9	413	11.7	431	0.958	100	96.7	LOS F	25.1	193.1	Full	479	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	501	11.9	413	11.8	526	0.786	100	57.3	LOS E	18.7	144.5	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	10	10.0	8	9.6	102	0.081	100	85.7	LOS F	0.4	3.0	Short	27	0.0	NA	Lane 3	10	10.0	8	9.6	429	0.019	100	53.1	LOS D	0.3	2.3	Short	27	0.0	NA
Approach	1033	11.8	854 ^{N1}	11.7		0.958		97.3	LOS F	26.1	200.6					Approach	1033	11.8	853 ^{N1}	11.7		0.786		57.4	LOS E	19.4	149.0				
Intersection	4279	9.9	4100 ^{N1}	10.4		1.246		167.6	LOS F	85.1	648.8					Intersection	4278	9.9	4098 ^{N1}	10.3		1.088		117.2	LOS F	68.2	519.8				

- Therefore, alternative measures are proposed under Mitigation 2.

3.5.4 Mitigation 2

- Mitigation 2, to remedy the Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive intersection during the AM peak, includes the following on the northern Gossamer Drive approach (see figure below):
 - Adding an additional short lane (100 m) for the shared through and right-turn movements.
 - Converting the centre lane to a full left-turn lane.
 - Converting the short left-turn slip lane to pass through the intersection and adding 150 m stacking space.
 - The kerbside short exit lane length is increased from 24 m to 100 m.

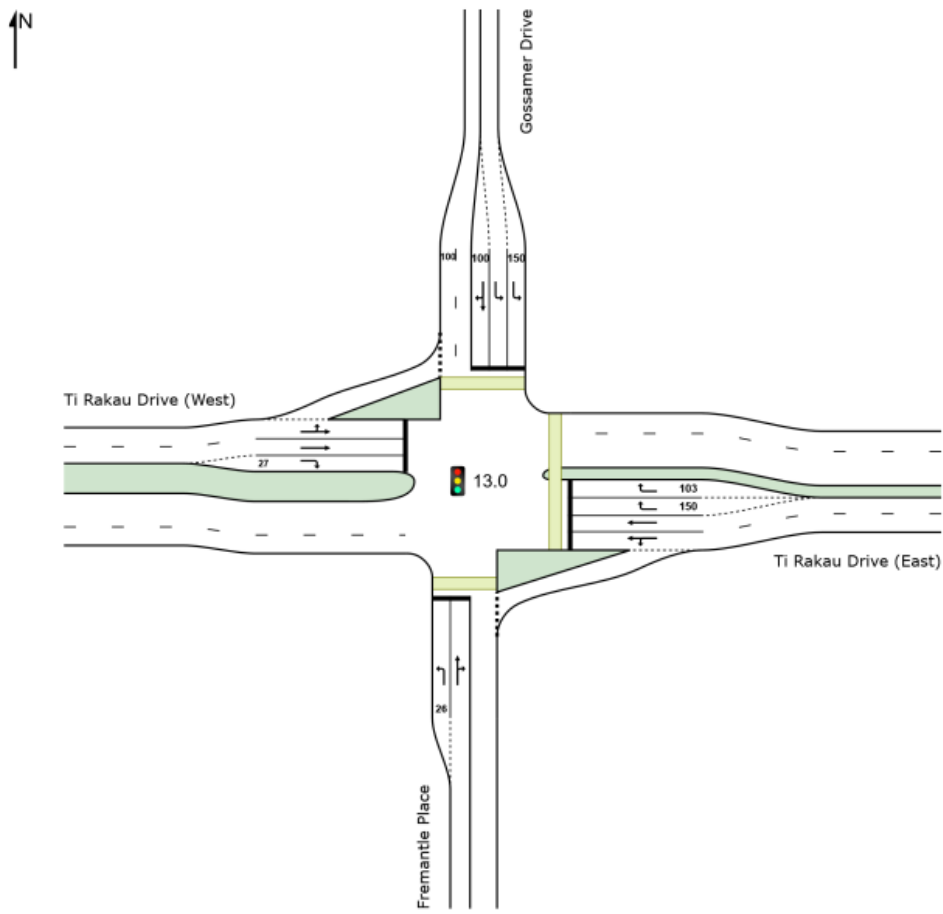


Figure 6: Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive – Mitigation 1 proposed layout

- The Stage 2 intersection performance (without mitigation) is expected to be poor (LOS F), especially in the Gossamer Drive right-turn lane into Ti Rakau Drive where delay increases from around 59 sec in the Do-Min scenario, to 320 sec (5.3 min).
- With the measures in place proposed under Mitigation 2, intersection performance during the detour is expected to be improved to LOS D and with an average delay of 37 sec. This is also an improvement compared to the Do-Min scenario (LOS D and delay of 48 sec).
- Delays and queue lengths in the Gossamer Drive right-turn lane are improved under Mitigation 2 (delay of 75 sec and average queue length of 86 m), compared to the Stage 2 detour.
- The Gossamer Drive left-turn lanes (previously a single left-turn slip under the Stage 2 scenario) are expected to experience improved performance (LOS C), with an average delay of 28 sec and average queue length of 91 m.

Table 14: Ti Rakau Dr / Gossamer Dr – Stage 2 vs Mitigation 2 (AM)

Lane Use and Performance														Lane Use and Performance																	
Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %	Lane	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	AVERAGE BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist m						[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist m				
South: Fremantle Place														South: Fremantle Place																	
Lane 1	23	8.7	23	8.7	63	0.367	100	94.2	LOS F	1.2	8.9	Short	26	0.0	NA	Lane 1	23	8.7	23	8.7	79	0.289	100	73.8	LOS E	0.9	7.0	Short	26	0.0	NA
Lane 2	28	7.1	28	7.1	65	0.429	100	92.7	LOS F	1.4	10.8	Full	285	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	28	7.1	28	7.1	83	0.338	100	72.2	LOS E	1.1	8.4	Full	285	0.0	0.0
Approach	51	7.8	51	7.8	0.429		93.4	LOS F	1.4	10.8					Approach	51	7.8	51	7.8	0.338		72.9	LOS E	1.1	8.4						
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)														East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)																	
Lane 1	832	10.3	832	10.3	680	1.224	100	272.4	LOS F	85.1	648.8	Full	636	0.0	51.9	Lane 1	846	10.4	846	10.4	960	0.881	100	36.2	LOS D	31.8	242.5	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	792	10.5	792	10.5	646	1.224	100	277.1	LOS F	83.4	635.9	Full	636	0.0	50.0	Lane 2	778	10.5	778	10.5	883	0.881	100	38.1	LOS D	28.5	217.7	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	65	7.8	65	7.8	262	0.247	23 ⁵	41.4	LOS D	1.8	13.7	Short	150	0.0	NA	Lane 3	126	7.8	126	7.8	320	0.393	57 ⁶	31.4	LOS C	2.5	18.8	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 4	282	7.8	282	7.8	262	1.075	100	137.8	LOS F	16.5	123.4	Short	103	0.0	NA	Lane 4	221	7.8	221	7.8	320	0.692	100	33.9	LOS C	4.8	36.0	Short	103	0.0	NA
Approach	1971	9.9	1971	9.9	1.224		247.4	LOS F	85.1	648.8					Approach	1971	9.9	1971	9.9	0.881		35.6	LOS D	31.8	242.5						
North: Gossamer Drive														North: Gossamer Drive																	
Lane 1	960	9.0	960	9.0	1066	1.901	100	28.7	LOS C	30.7	231.8	Short	30	0.0	NA	Lane 1	480	9.0	480	9.0	687	0.698	100	27.4	LOS C	12.0	90.2	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 2	264	6.4	264	6.4	212	1.246	100	319.1	LOS F	29.7	219.6	Full	1010	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	480	9.0	480	9.0	687	0.698	100	27.4	LOS C	12.0	90.2	Full	1010	0.0	0.0
Approach	1224	8.4	1224	8.4	1.246		91.3	LOS F	30.7	231.8					Approach	1224	8.4	1224	8.4	0.891		37.6	LOS D	12.0	90.2						
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)														West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)																	
Lane 1	523	11.8	432	11.6	451	0.958	100	98.1	LOS F	26.1	200.6	Full	479	0.0	0.0	Lane 1	523	11.8	431	11.6	669	0.645	100	37.1	LOS D	13.6	104.3	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	500	11.9	413	11.7	431	0.958	100	96.7	LOS F	25.1	193.1	Full	479	0.0	0.0	Lane 2	500	11.9	413	11.8	640	0.645	100	36.2	LOS D	13.1	101.3	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	10	10.0	8	9.6	102	0.081	100	85.7	LOS F	0.4	3.0	Short	27	0.0	NA	Lane 3	10	10.0	8	9.6	117	0.071	100	67.7	LOS E	0.3	2.3	Short	27	0.0	NA
Approach	1033	11.8	854 ^{N1}	11.7	0.958		97.3	LOS F	26.1	200.6					Approach	1033	11.8	852 ^{N1}	11.7	0.645		37.0	LOS D	13.6	104.3						
Intersection	4279	9.9	4100 ^{N1}	10.4	1.246		167.6	LOS F	85.1	648.8					Intersection	4279	9.9	4098 ^{N1}	10.4	0.891		36.9	LOS D	31.8	242.5						

- Mitigation 2 is expected to result in improved performance compared to Mitigation 1 and it is recommended that this mitigation measure be discussed with key stakeholders.



4.0 Traffic Volumes in the wider Project Area

- **Table 15** below shows an increase in demand in the Gossamer Drive left-turn at the intersection with Pakuranga Road, and in the Gossamer Drive right-turn lane at Ti Rakau Drive during the AM and PM.
- The table below also shows an increase in the Ti Rakau Drive west approach left-turn lane into Gossamer Drive during the PM.
- Overall, it seems that only a small percentage of traffic is routing along the proposed detour route (probably due to the already congested nature of those intersections).
- As a result, in the **inbound** (citybound) direction during the AM demand seems to detour via Gossamer Road to Pakuranga Road in the north and Ti Rakau Drive in the south.
- In the PM in the **outbound** direction, demand seems to return via Pakuranga Road, and via SEART turning right onto Ti Rakau Drive.

Table 15: Gossamer Road traffic volumes

			DM AM peak 0645-0745				Stage 2 AM peak 0800-0900			
			Traffic Flow (Vehicles / hr)				Traffic Flow (Vehicles / hr)			
			Car	Truck	Bus	Total	Car	Truck	Bus	Total
Pakuranga Road / Gossamer Drive	Pakuranga Road (West)	Through	503	28	6	536	613	40	6	659
		Right	143	13	0	156	139	19	0	158
	Pakuranga Road (East)	Left	847	20	3	871	839	32	3	874
		Through Bus-lane	0	0	12	12	0	0	10	10
	Gossamer Drive	Through	1622	83	0	1715	1622	50	0	1082
		Left	59	5	0	63	100	7	0	107
		Right	273	10	2	285	253	13	2	268
	Total (Maximum in Red)		3457	159	23	3639	2975	162	21	3158
Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive / Fremantle Place	Ti Rakau Drive (North)	Left	18	1	0	19	34	4	0	37
		Through	733	71	14	817	868	104	13	985
		Right	9	1	0	10	9	1	0	10
	Gossamer Drive	Left	974	79	0	1053	874	86	0	960
		Through	9	1	0	10	9	1	0	10
		Right	83	7	0	90	238	16	0	255
	Ti Rakau Drive (South)	Left	13	1	0	14	18	1	0	18
		Through	1490	173	16	1679	1437	152	16	1605
		Right	229	21	0	250	320	27	0	347
	Fremantle Place	Left	24	1	0	25	21	2	0	23
		Through	13	0	0	13	10	0	0	10
Right		17	1	0	18	16	2	0	18	
	Total (Maximum in Red)		3602	357	29	3988	3842	396	29	4267
			DM PM peak 1615-1715				Stage 2 PM peak 1615-1715			
			Traffic Flow (Vehicles / hr)				Traffic Flow (Vehicles / hr)			
			Car	Truck	Bus	Total	Car	Truck	Bus	Total
Pakuranga Road / Gossamer Drive	Pakuranga Road (West)	Through	1920	84	14	2017	1795	79	14	1887
		Right	44	2	0	46	47	5	0	51
	Pakuranga Road (East)	Left	248	7	2	257	232	7	2	241
		Through Bus-lane	0	0	6	6	0	0	6	6
	Gossamer Drive	Through	1104	45	0	1149	1107	45	0	1152
		Left	4	6	0	10	4	6	0	10
		Right	593	14	4	611	595	14	4	614
	Total (Maximum in Red)		3911	158	26	4095	3770	155	26	3960
Ti Rakau Drive / Gossamer Drive / Fremantle Place	Ti Rakau Drive (North)	Left	59	2	0	61	126	2	0	128
		Through	1021	42	17	1079	979	43	17	1039
		Right	18	0	0	19	18	0	0	19
	Gossamer Drive	Left	393	82	0	475	382	73	0	456
		Through	9	1	0	10	8	2	0	10
		Right	30	1	0	31	40	1	0	41
	Ti Rakau Drive (South)	Left	20	0	0	20	20	0	0	21
		Through	1508	101	13	1622	1556	105	13	1674
		Right	553	54	0	606	540	50	0	590
	Fremantle Place	Left	12	0	0	12	10	0	0	10
		Through	10	0	0	10	10	0	0	10
Right		16	1	0	18	16	1	0	18	
	Total (Maximum in Red)		3640	285	30	3956	3700	278	30	4008

5.0 Impacts to Buses

- The impacts to buses through the project area are expected to be low as the frequency of the 711 route in the AM inbound direction is only 4 buses/h (1 every 15min).
- As shown above, the William Roberts Road / Reeves Road intersection is expected to operate with good LOS in the AM.
- The William Roberts Road / Pakuranga Road intersection is already saturated in the Do-Min AM scenario and the impact of the detour is expected to be negligible.
- The Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection is expected to operate at LOS D during the AM.

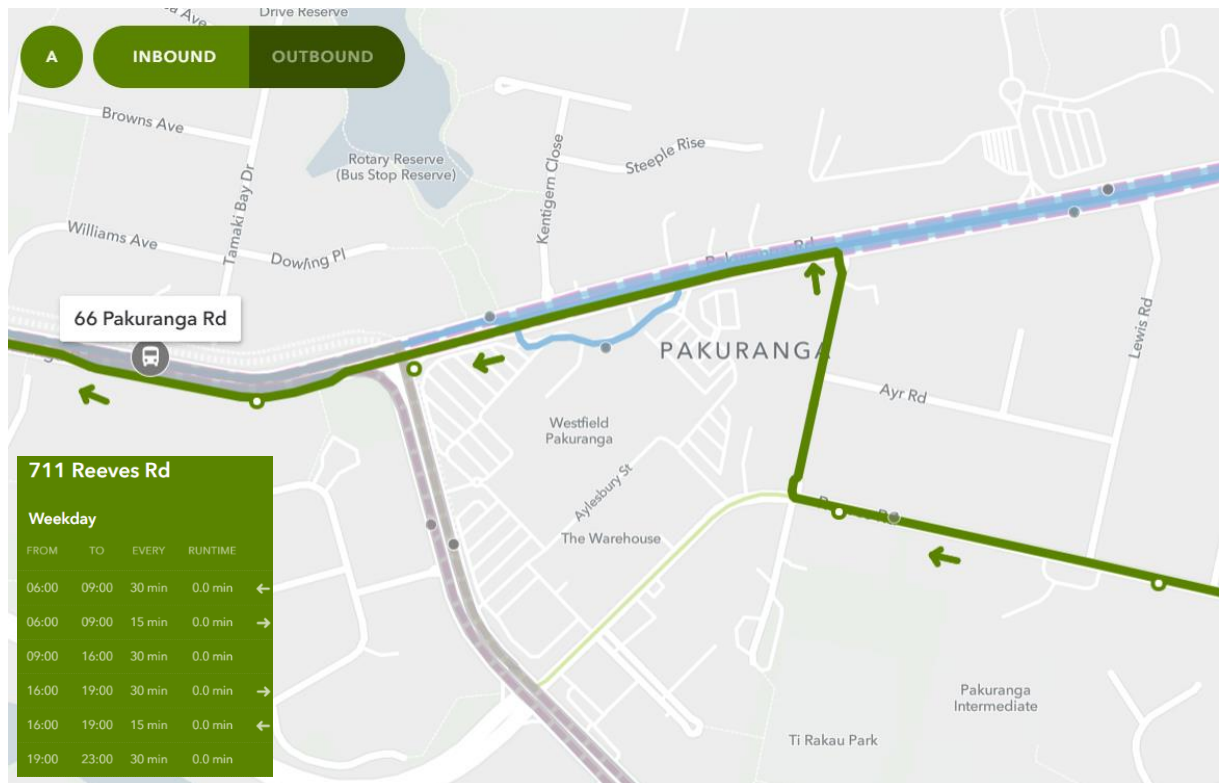


Figure 7: Inbound buses through project area

- NOTE: The 711 outbound route below is based on the Do-Min scenario. During Stage 2, with Reeves Road closed between Ti Rakau Drive and William Roberts Road, it is anticipated buses will continue along Ti Rakau Drive and turn left at the newly completed Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road intersection.
- The impacts to buses through the project area are expected to be low as the frequency of the 711 route in the PM outbound direction is only 4 buses/h (1 every 15min).
- The Pakuranga Road / Ti Rakau Drive intersection is expected to perform at LOS F during the Stage 2 PM scenario, compared to the LOS E of the Do-Min scenario, however, the Pakuranga Road west approach is already at capacity (including the bus lanes).
 - However, performance is expected to improve at this intersection with the mitigation measures proposed under **Section 3.4**.
- The Ti Rakau Drive / SEART intersection is already saturated during the PM peak and the impact of the detour is expected to be negligible.
 - However, performance is expected to improve at this intersection with the mitigation measures proposed under **Section 3.4**.
- It is expected that the Ti Rakau Drive / William Roberts Road LILo intersection would operate with acceptable LOS and the impact of the detour would be negligible at this intersection.

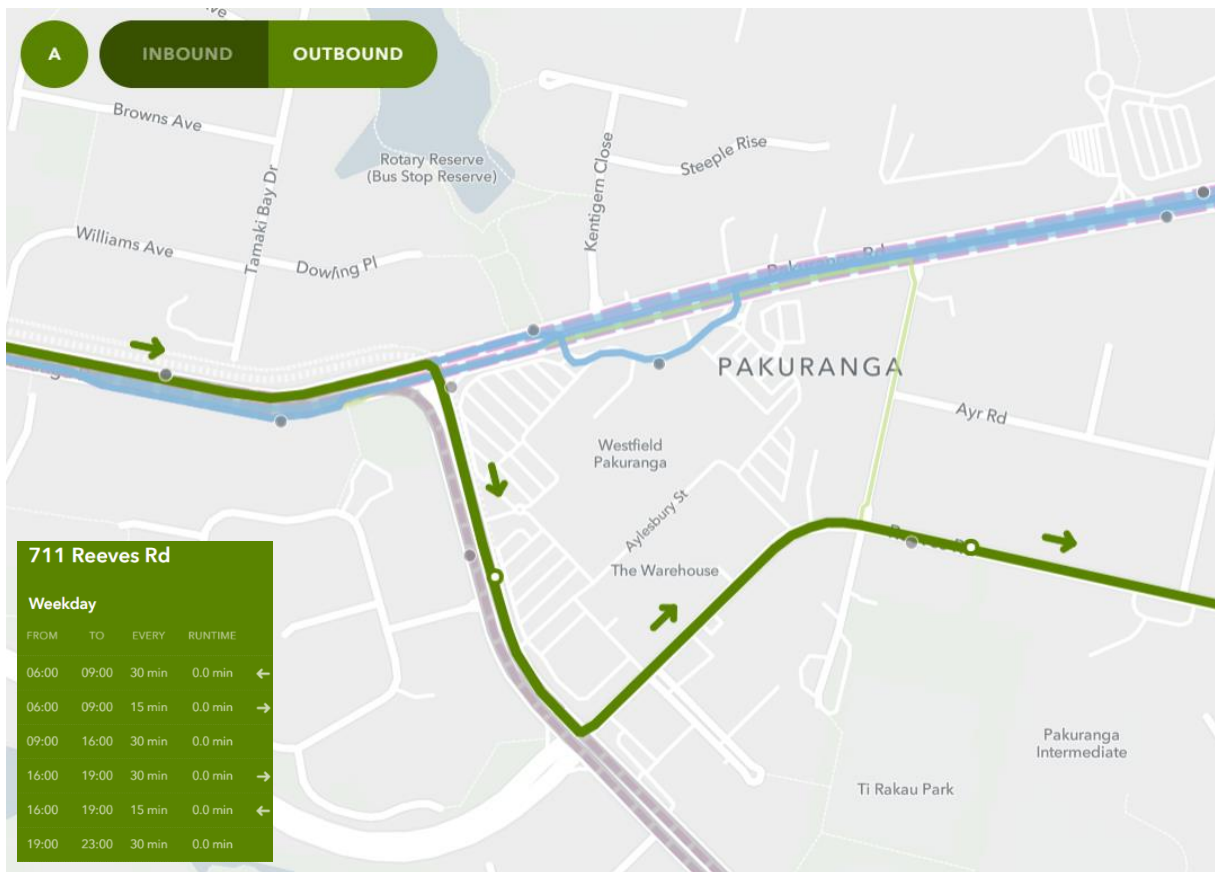


Figure 8: Outbound buses through project area

Appendix B

EB2 General Arrangement Plans



REFER TO DRAWING NO. EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000112

PAKURANGA TOWN CENTRE

RECONFIGURATION OF EXISTING CAR PARK TO PROVIDE LINK FROM AYLESBURY STREET TO TI RAKAU DRIVE

CARPARK CONFIGURATION TO BE CONFIRMED IN THE NEXT STAGE OF DESIGN

PROPOSED RAINGARDEN. REFER TO 2SW-00 DRAINAGE DESIGN PACKAGE FOR DETAILS

CLOSE EXISTING ACCESS FROM TI RAKAU DRIVE

NEW ENTRY FROM TI RAKAU DRIVE WITH AN AYLESBURY STREET EXTENSION

KERB RAMP TO BE PROVIDED IN THE NEXT DESIGN STAGE

SIGNALISED INTERSECTION WITH CROSSINGS. REFER TO 2IT-10 TRAFFIC SIGNALS DESIGN PACKAGE FOR DETAILS

SIGNALISED INTERSECTION WITH CROSSINGS. REFER TO 2IT-10 TRAFFIC SIGNALS DESIGN PACKAGE FOR DETAILS

TIE INTO EXISTING FOOTPATH

KERB RAMP TO BE PROVIDED IN THE NEXT DESIGN STAGE

RAISED ISLAND TO BE REMOVED

TIE IN TO EXISTING FOOTPATH

EASTERN AND WESTERN KERBLINE AND FOOTPATH OF PALM AVENUE TO BE RETAINED AS IS

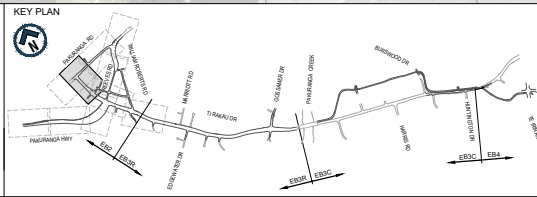
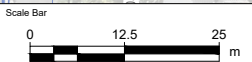
Plot By: SANTOSMR (3/29/2022 6:23:45 pm)

Filename: EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000101-000125.DWG

ORIGINAL SIZE A1

- NOTES**
- DO NOT SCALE OFF THESE DRAWINGS.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS AND DISTANCES ARE IN METRES UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE.
 - REFER TO DRAWINGS EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000004 FOR LEGEND AND EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000005 FOR GENERAL NOTES.

This drawing is confidential and shall only be used for the purpose of this project. The signing of this title block confirms the design and drafting of this project have been prepared and checked in accordance with the Alliance quality assurance system to ISO 9001. Printed copies of this document are UNCONTROLLED. Do not scale from this drawing			
Designed	D. deAbrew	Checked	D. Angus
Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones		
Date	29/03/2022	Approver Signature	



AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
(PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

Drawing Status	
STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum	
NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT	
Vertical Datum	
2016 NEW ZEALAND	
A1 SCALE	A3 SCALE
1:500	1:1000

Design Package	
ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN	
Drawing Title	
TI RAKAU DRIVE GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN SHEET 1 OF 3	
Drawing Number	Revision
EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000101	A

PACKAGE No. 2RD-00

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

ORIGINAL IN COLOUR

REFER TO DRAWING NO. EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000124

REFER TO AT TDM STANDARD DETAILS FOR RAISED TABLE ARRANGEMENT FOR CROSSING. NOTE THAT THIS CROSSING WILL HAVE A SPLITTER ISLAND

REFER TO 2RD-30 DESIGN PACKAGE FOR WILLIAM ROBERTS ROAD DESIGN DETAILS

TIE INTO EXISTING CORTINA PLACE FROM PROPOSED WILLIAM ROBERTS ROAD

KISS AND RIDE ARRANGEMENT TO BE AMENDED. DETAILS TO BE PROVIDED IN THE NEXT STAGE

RAISED TABLE TO BE PROVIDED AT THE INTERSECTION. DETAILS TO BE PROVIDED IN THE NEXT STAGE

SIGNALISED INTERSECTION WITH CROSSING. REFER TO 2IT-10 TRAFFIC SIGNALS DESIGN PACKAGE FOR DETAILS

TRANSFORMER RELOCATION. REFER TO UTILITIES DRAWINGS FOR DETAILS

220KV PAK-PEN-B CABLE

BUSWAY CROSS OVER

CLOSE EXISTING ACCESS FROM TI RAKAU DRIVE

TRANSFORMER RELOCATIONS INCLUDING ADJACENT SERVICE RELOCATIONS. REFER TO UTILITIES DRAWINGS FOR DETAILS

TIE INTO EXISTING FOOTPATH
STATION PLATFORM AREA. REFER TO EB2 PAKURANGA STATION PACKAGE 2BS-00 FOR DETAILS OF THE PLATFORMS AND THE SHELTERS

ONLY LEFT IN AND OUT MOVEMENT PERMITTED
WATERCARE HUNUA No.2 Ø1070mm CLS TO BE PROTECTED

RAISED TABLE TO BE PROVIDED AT THE INTERSECTION. DETAILS TO BE PROVIDED IN THE NEXT STAGE

NEW ON RAMP CONFIGURATION WILL UTILISE EXISTING PAVEMENT

EXISTING TRANSPOWER PYLON TO BE REPLACED. REFER TO 2UT-00 FOR DETAILS

REFER TO DRAWING NO. EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000123

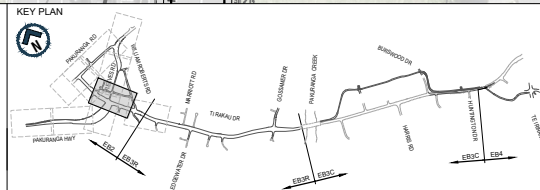
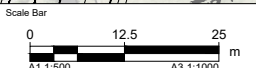
PACKAGE No. 2RD-00

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

- NOTES**
- DO NOT SCALE OFF THESE DRAWINGS.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS AND DISTANCES ARE IN METRES UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE.
 - REFER TO DRAWINGS EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000004 FOR LEGEND AND EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000005 FOR GENERAL NOTES.

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Designed	D. deAbrew	Checked	D. Angus
Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones		
Date	29/03/2022	Approver Signature	



AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
 (PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

Drawing Status	
STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum	
NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT	
Vertical Datum	
2016 NEW ZEALAND	
A1 SCALE	A3 SCALE
1:500	1:1000

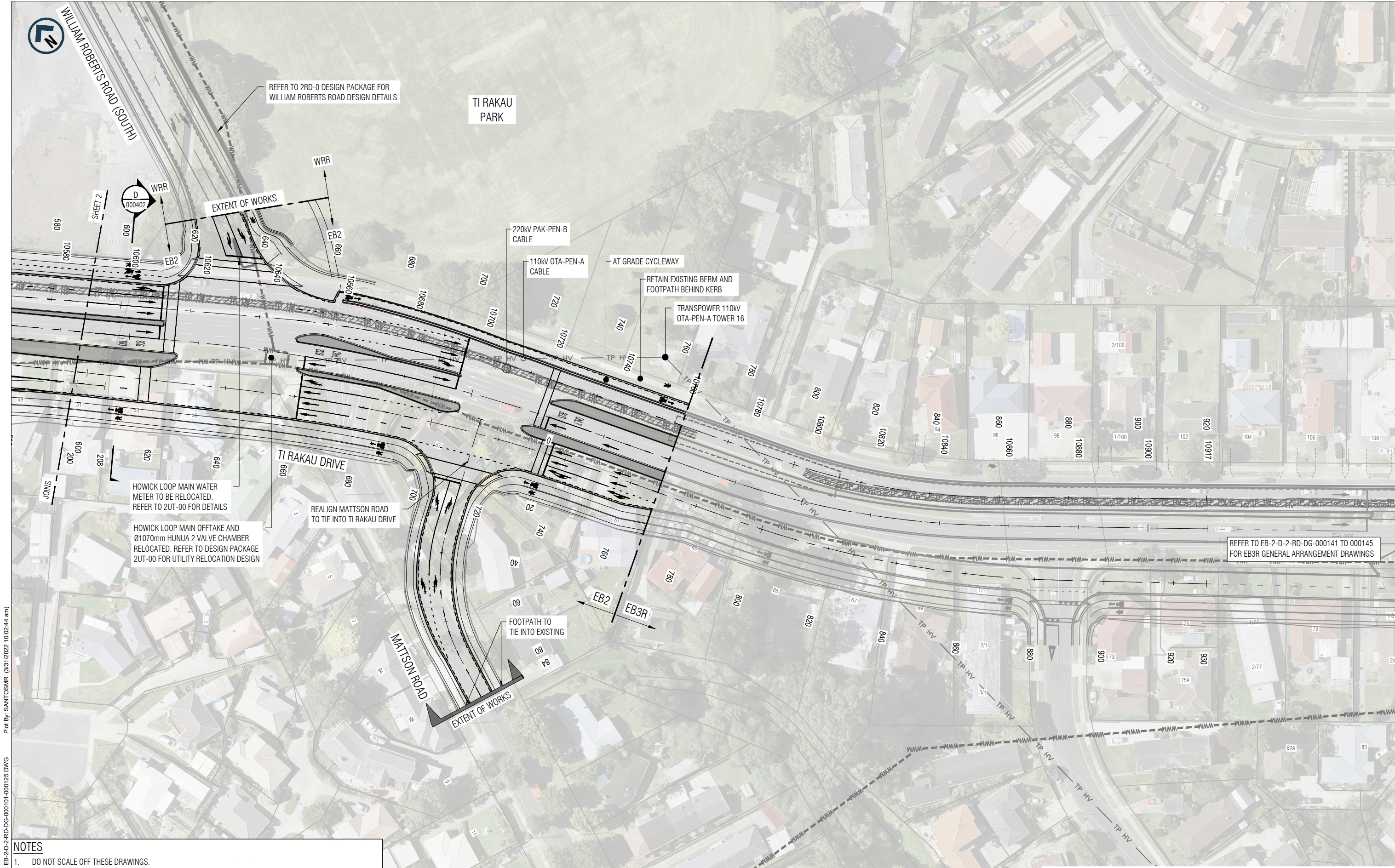
Design Package	
ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN	
Drawing Title	
TI RAKAU DRIVE GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN SHEET 2 OF 3	
Drawing Number	Revision
EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000102	A

Filename: EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000101-000125.DWG Plot By: SANTOSMR (3/31/2022 10:02:44 am)

ORIGINAL SIZE A1



ORIGINAL IN COLOUR

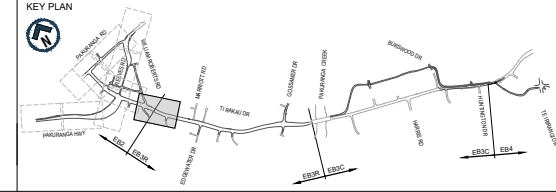
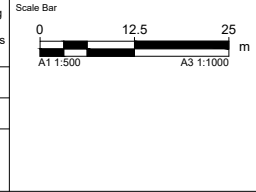


NOTES

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Designed	D. deAbrew	Checked	D. Angus
Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones	Approver Signature	
REV	DATE	M. Santos	ISSUED FOR STAGE 1 SUBMISSION
A	29/03/2022		
REV	DATE	DRAWN	REVISION DESCRIPTION
	29/03/2022		

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Designed	D. deAbrew	Checked	D. Angus
Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones	Approver Signature	
REV	DATE	M. Santos	ISSUED FOR STAGE 1 SUBMISSION
A	29/03/2022		
REV	DATE	DRAWN	REVISION DESCRIPTION
	29/03/2022		



AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
(PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

AT Eastern Busway

PACKAGE No. 2RD-00

STAGE 1

Horizontal Datum
NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT

Vertical Datum
2016 NEW ZEALAND

A1 SCALE 1:500 A3 SCALE 1:1000

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

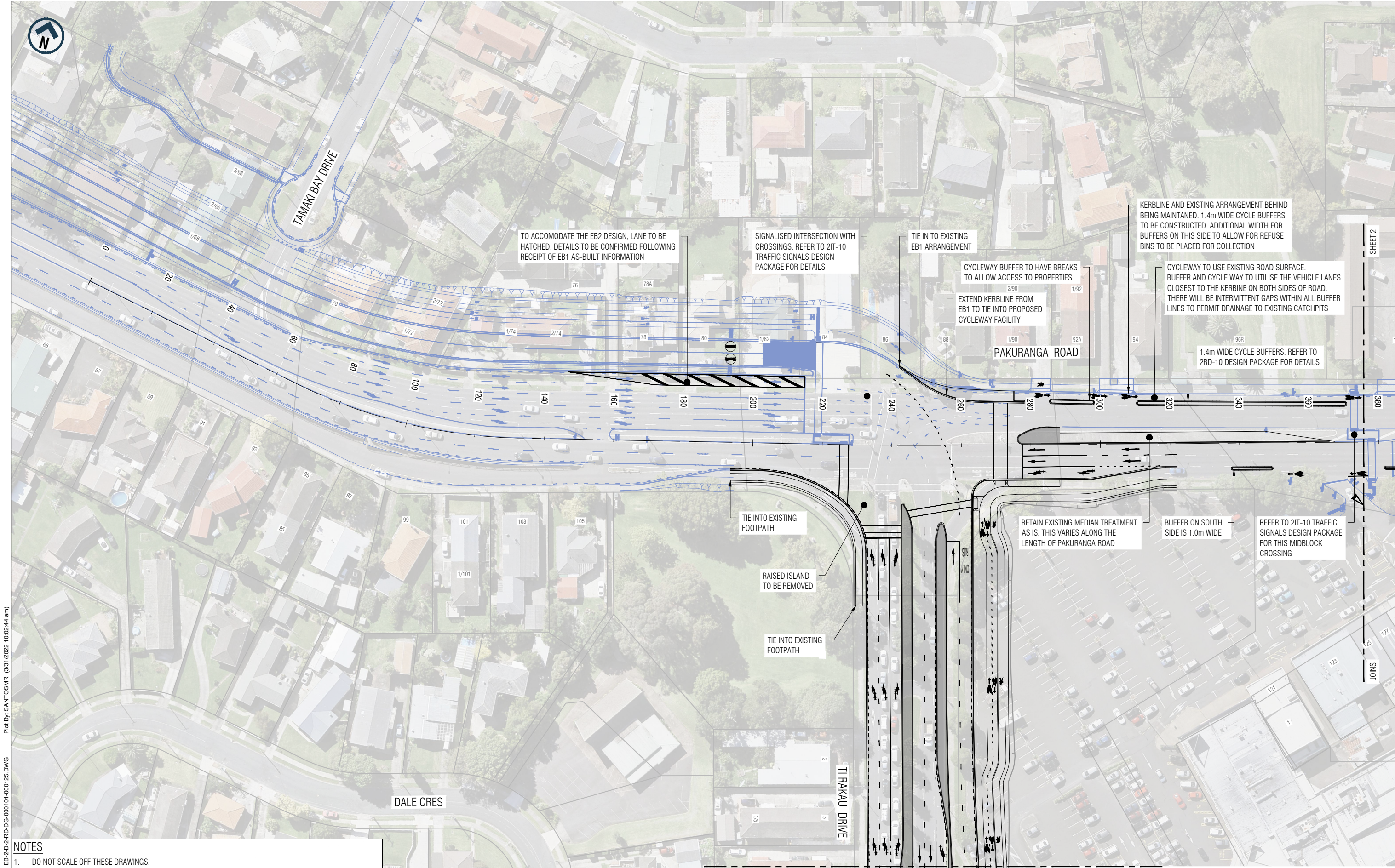
ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN

TI RAKAU DRIVE
GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN
SHEET 3 OF 3

Drawing Number
EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000103

Revision
A

ORIGINAL SIZE A1
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 Plot By: SANTOSMR (3/31/2022 10:02:44 am)

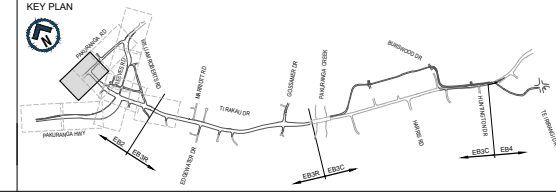
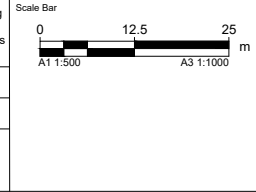


File name: EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000101-000125.DWG
 Plot By: SANTOSMR (3/31/2022 10:02:44 am)

- NOTES**
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 - REFER TO DRAWINGS EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000004 FOR LEGEND AND EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000005 FOR GENERAL NOTES.

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Designed	D. deAbrew	Checked	D. Angus
Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones		
Date	29/03/2022	Approver Signature	



AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
(PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

Drawing Status	
STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum	NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT
Vertical Datum	2016 NEW ZEALAND
A1 SCALE	1:500
A3 SCALE	1:1000

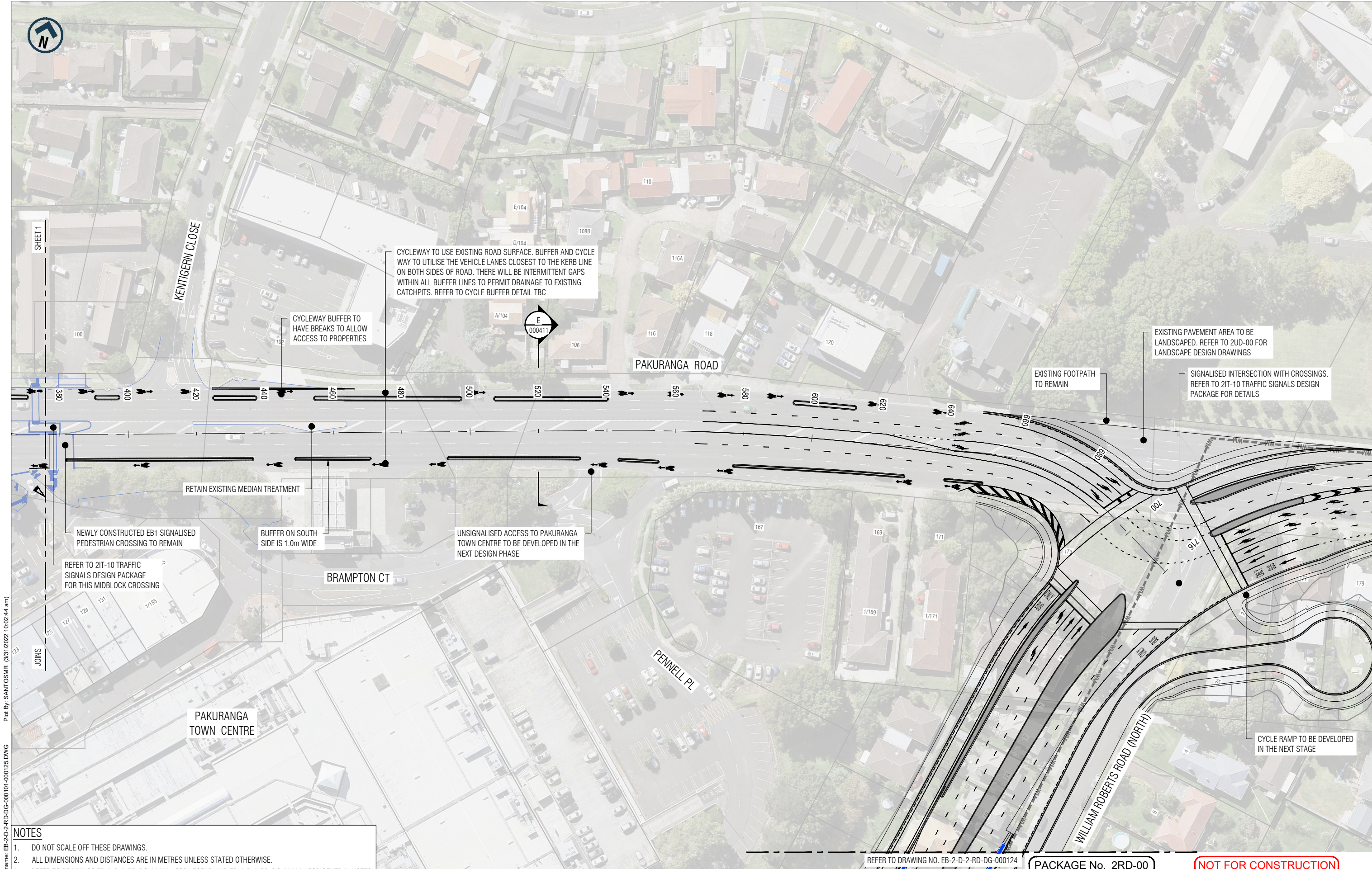
Design Package	
ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN	
Drawing Title	
PAKURANGA ROAD GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN SHEET 1 OF 2	
Drawing Number	EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000111
Revision	A

PACKAGE No. 2RD-00

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

ORIGINAL SIZE A1

ORIGINAL IN COLOUR



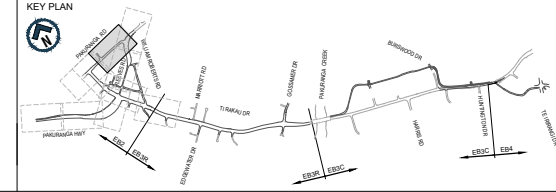
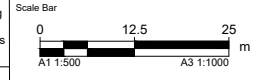
Plot By: SANTOSMR (3/31/2022 10:02:44 am)
Filename: EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000101-000125.DWG
ORIGINAL SIZE A1
ORIGINAL IN COLOUR

NOTES

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- REFER TO DRAWINGS EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000004 FOR LEGEND AND EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000005 FOR GENERAL NOTES.

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Designed	D. deAbrew	Checked	D. Angus
Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones		
Date	29/03/2022	Approver Signature	



AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
(PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

Drawing Status		STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum		NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT	
Vertical Datum		2016 NEW ZEALAND	
A1 SCALE	1:500	A3 SCALE	1:1000

Design Package		ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN	
Drawing Title		PAKURANGA ROAD GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN SHEET 2 OF 2	
Drawing Number		EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000112	
Revision		A	

REFER TO DRAWING NO. EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000124

PACKAGE No. 2RD-00

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

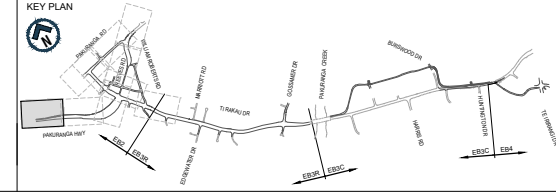
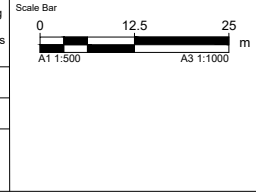


File Name: EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000101-000125.DWG
 Plot By: SANTOSMR (3/31/2022 10:02:44 am)

- NOTES**
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Designed	D. deAbrew	Checked	D. Angus
Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones		
Date	29/03/2022	Approver Signature	



AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
(PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

PACKAGE No. 2RD-00	
STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum	NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT
Vertical Datum	2016 NEW ZEALAND
A1 SCALE	1:500
A3 SCALE	1:1000

ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN

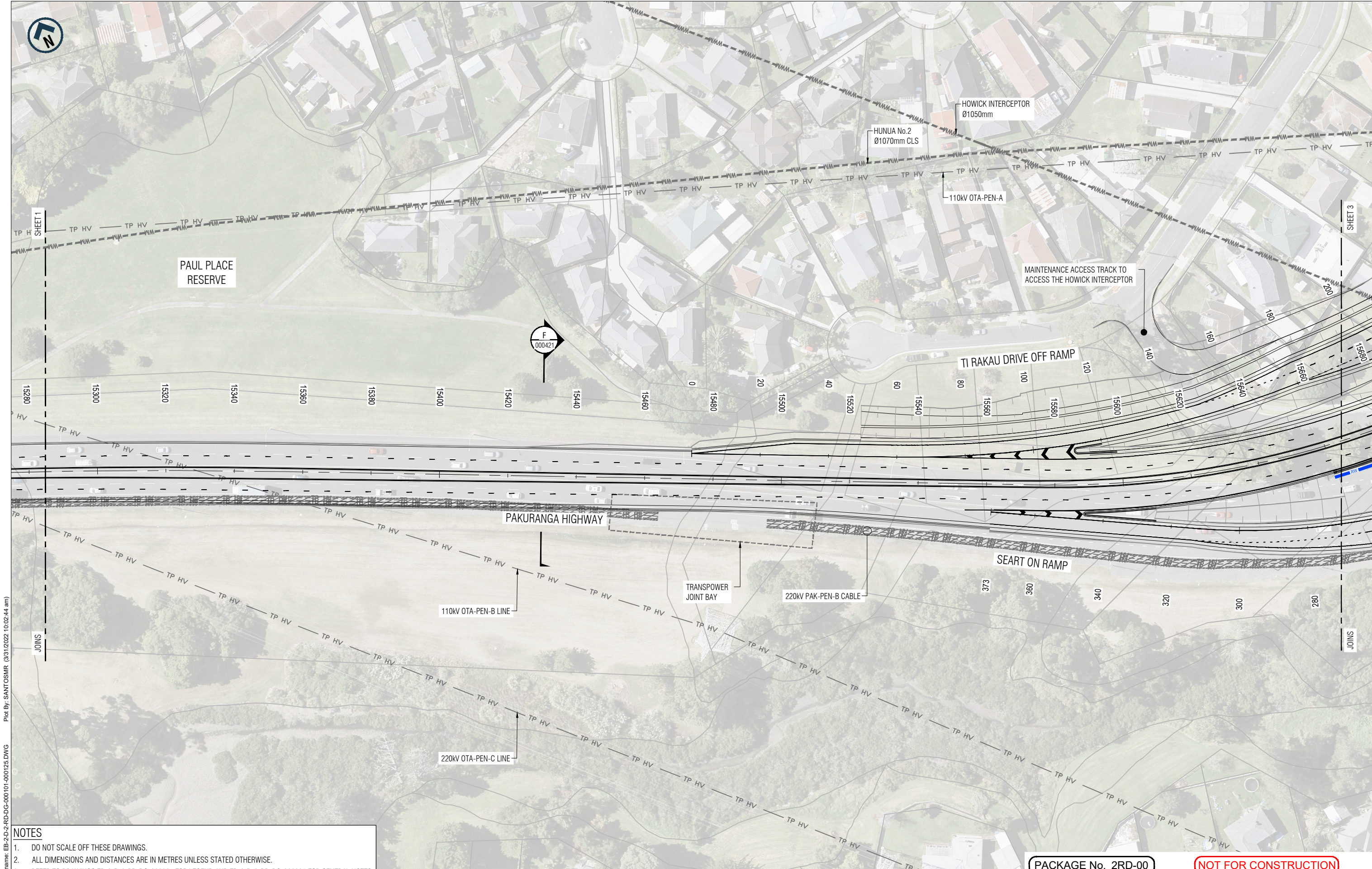
PAKURANGA HIGHWAY / REEVES ROAD
GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN
SHEET 1 OF 5

Drawing Number: EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000121
 Revision: A

ORIGINAL SIZE A1



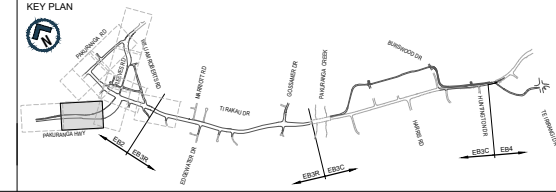
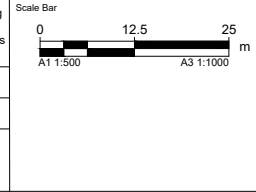
ORIGINAL IN COLOUR



- NOTES**
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 - REFER TO DRAWINGS EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000004 FOR LEGEND AND EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000005 FOR GENERAL NOTES.

Designed	D. deAbrew	Checked	D. Angus
Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones	Approver Signature	
REV	DATE	DRAWN	REVISION DESCRIPTION
A	29/03/2022	M. Santos	ISSUED FOR STAGE 1 SUBMISSION

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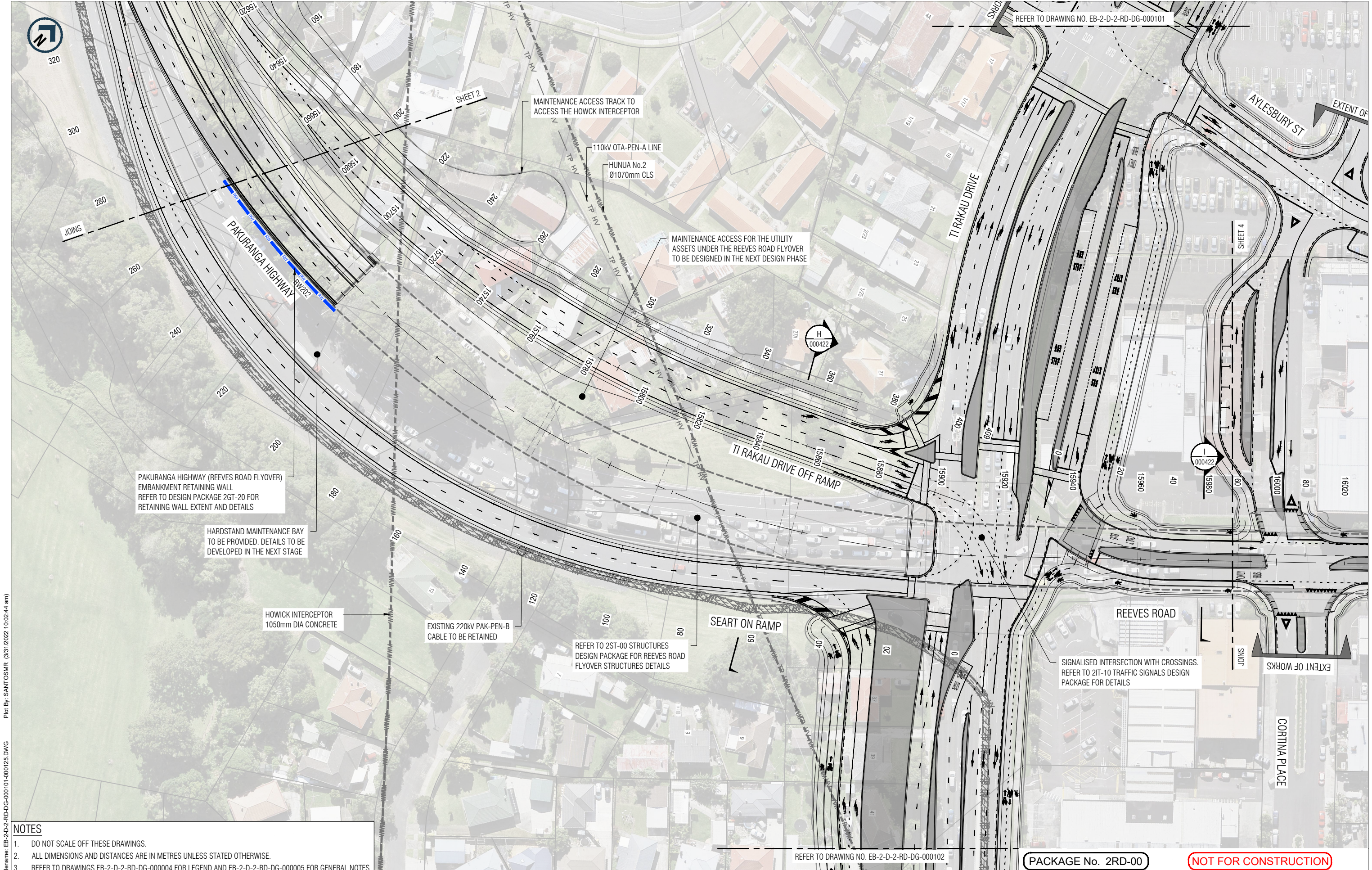
AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
(PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

Drawing Status	
STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum	
NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT	
Vertical Datum	
2016 NEW ZEALAND	
A1 SCALE	A3 SCALE
1:500	1:1000

Design Package	
ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN	
Drawing Title	
PAKURANGA HIGHWAY / REEVES ROAD	
GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN	
SHEET 2 OF 5	
Drawing Number	Revision
EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000122	A

PACKAGE No. 2RD-00 NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

Original Size A1
 Plot By: SANTOSMR (3/31/2022 10:02:44 am)
 Filename: EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000101-000125.DWG



REFER TO DRAWING NO. EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000101

PAKURANGA HIGHWAY (REEVES ROAD FLYOVER)
EMBANKMENT RETAINING WALL
REFER TO DESIGN PACKAGE 2GT-20 FOR
RETAINING WALL EXTENT AND DETAILS

HARDSTAND MAINTENANCE BAY
TO BE PROVIDED. DETAILS TO BE
DEVELOPED IN THE NEXT STAGE

HOWICK INTERCEPTOR
1050mm DIA CONCRETE

EXISTING 220kV PAK-PEN-B
CABLE TO BE RETAINED

REFER TO 2ST-00 STRUCTURES
DESIGN PACKAGE FOR REEVES ROAD
FLYOVER STRUCTURES DETAILS

MAINTENANCE ACCESS FOR THE UTILITY
ASSETS UNDER THE REEVES ROAD FLYOVER
TO BE DESIGNED IN THE NEXT DESIGN PHASE

MAINTENANCE ACCESS TRACK TO
ACCESS THE HOWICK INTERCEPTOR

HUNUA No.2
Ø1070mm CLS

SIGNALISED INTERSECTION WITH CROSSINGS.
REFER TO 2IT-10 TRAFFIC SIGNALS DESIGN
PACKAGE FOR DETAILS

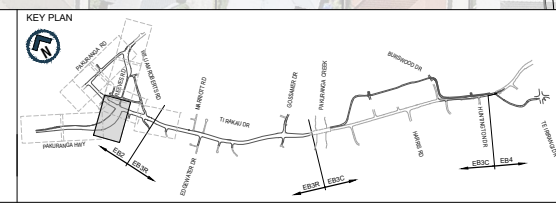
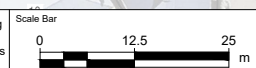
REFER TO DRAWING NO. EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000102

PACKAGE No. 2RD-00

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

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Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones		
Date	29/03/2022	Approver Signature	

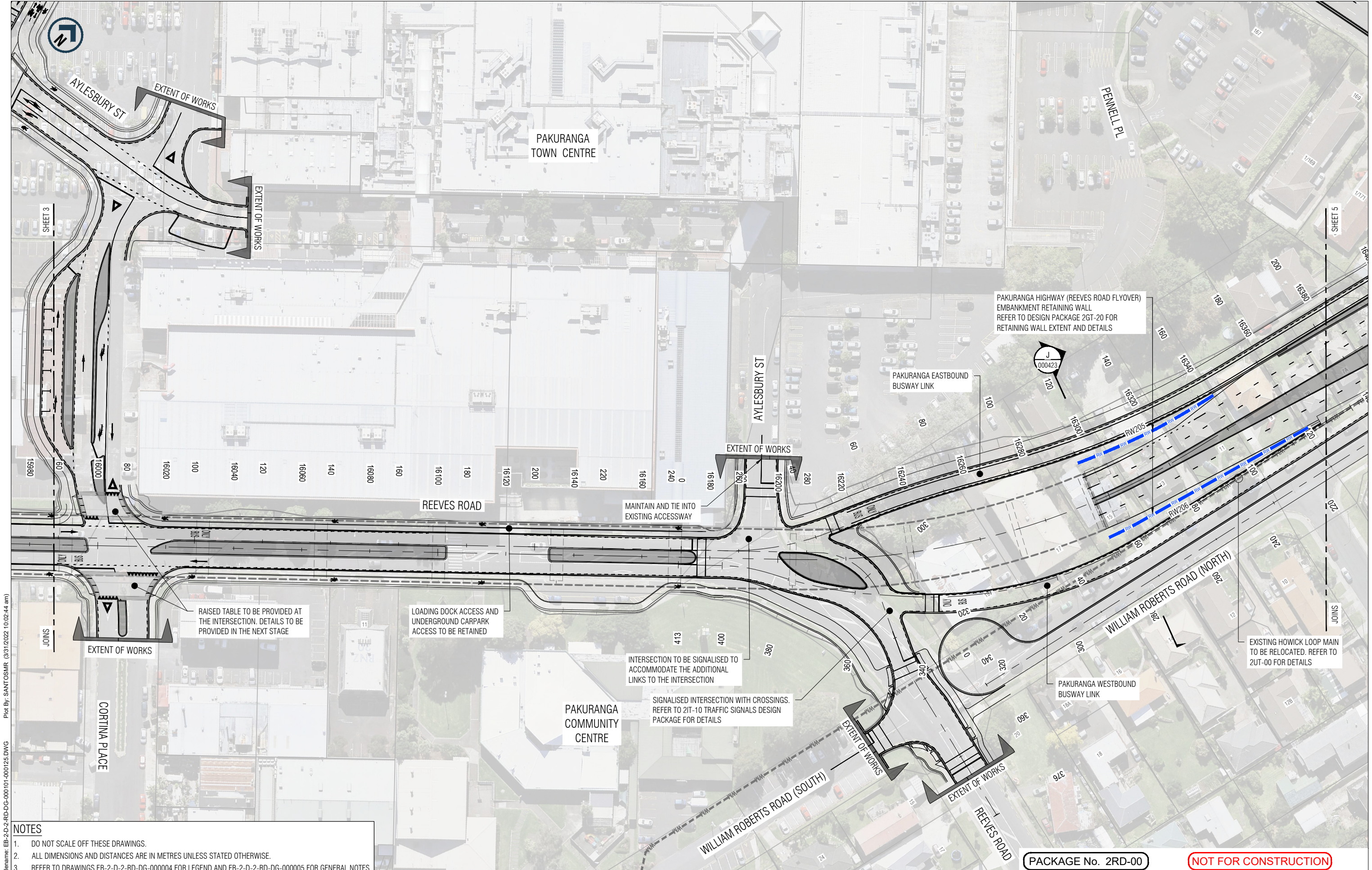


AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
(PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum	NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT
Vertical Datum	2016 NEW ZEALAND
A1 SCALE	1:500
A3 SCALE	1:1000

ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN	
Drawing Title PAKURANGA HIGHWAY / REEVES ROAD GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN	
SHEET 3 OF 5	
Drawing Number	EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000123
Revision	A

File Name: EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000101-000125.DWG
 Plot By: SANTOSMR (3/31/2022 10:02:44 am)
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 ORIGINAL IN COLOUR

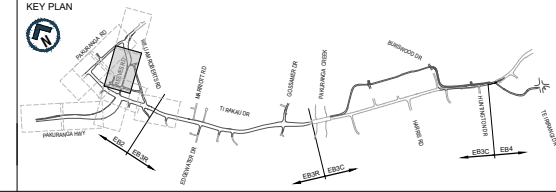
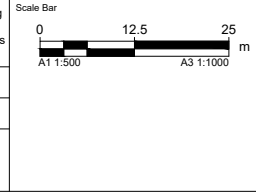


File Name: EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000101-000125.DWG
 Plot By: SANTOSMR (3/31/2022 10:02:44 am)
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- NOTES**
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Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones	Approver Signature	
Date	29/03/2022		



AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
(PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

Drawing Status	
STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum	NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT
Vertical Datum	2016 NEW ZEALAND
A1 SCALE	1:500
A3 SCALE	1:1000

PACKAGE No. 2RD-00 NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN

Drawing Title: **PAKURANGA HIGHWAY / REEVES ROAD**
GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN
SHEET 4 OF 5

Drawing Number: **EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000124** Revision: **A**

REFER TO DRAWING NO. EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000112



SIGNALISED INTERSECTION WITH CROSSING.
REFER TO 2IT-10 TRAFFIC SIGNALS DESIGN
PACKAGE FOR DETAILS

PAKURANGA EASTBOUND
BUSWAY LINK

PAKURANGA WESTBOUND
BUSWAY LINK

WILLIAM ROBERTS ROAD (NORTH)

PAKURANGA ROAD

EXTENT OF WORKS

AYR ROAD

Plot By: SANTOSMR (3/31/2022 10:02:44 am)

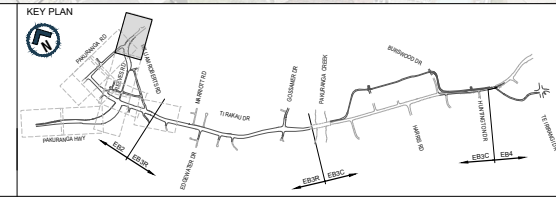
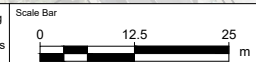
Filename: EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000101-000125.DWG

ORIGINAL SIZE A1

- NOTES**
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Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones		
Date	29/03/2022	Approver Signature	



AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
(PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

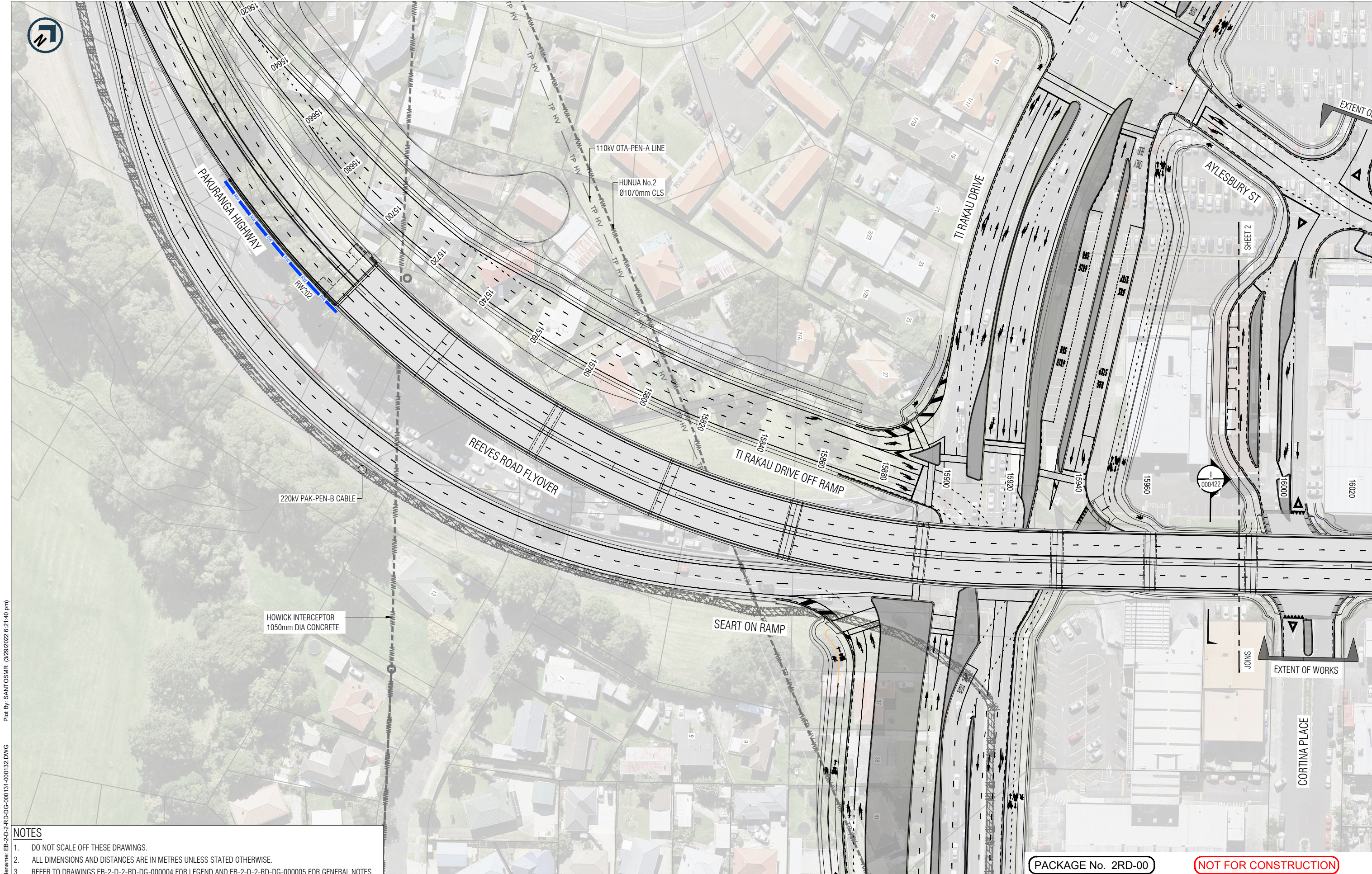
PACKAGE No. 2RD-00

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum	NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT
Vertical Datum	2016 NEW ZEALAND
A1 SCALE	1:500
A3 SCALE	1:1000

ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN	
Drawing Title PAKURANGA HIGHWAY / REEVES ROAD GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN	
SHEET 5 OF 5	
Drawing Number	EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000125
Revision	A



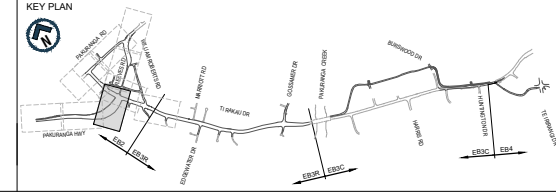
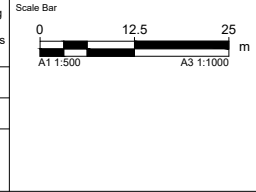


ORIGINAL SIZE A1
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 Plot By: SANTOSMR (3/29/2022 6:21:40 pm)

- NOTES**
- DO NOT SCALE OFF THESE DRAWINGS.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS AND DISTANCES ARE IN METRES UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE.
 - REFER TO DRAWINGS EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000004 FOR LEGEND AND EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000005 FOR GENERAL NOTES.

REV	DATE	DRAWN	REVISION DESCRIPTION
A	29/03/2022	M. Santos	ISSUED FOR STAGE 1 SUBMISSION

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Designed	D. deAbrew	Checked	D. Angus
Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones	Approver Signature	
Date	29/03/2022		



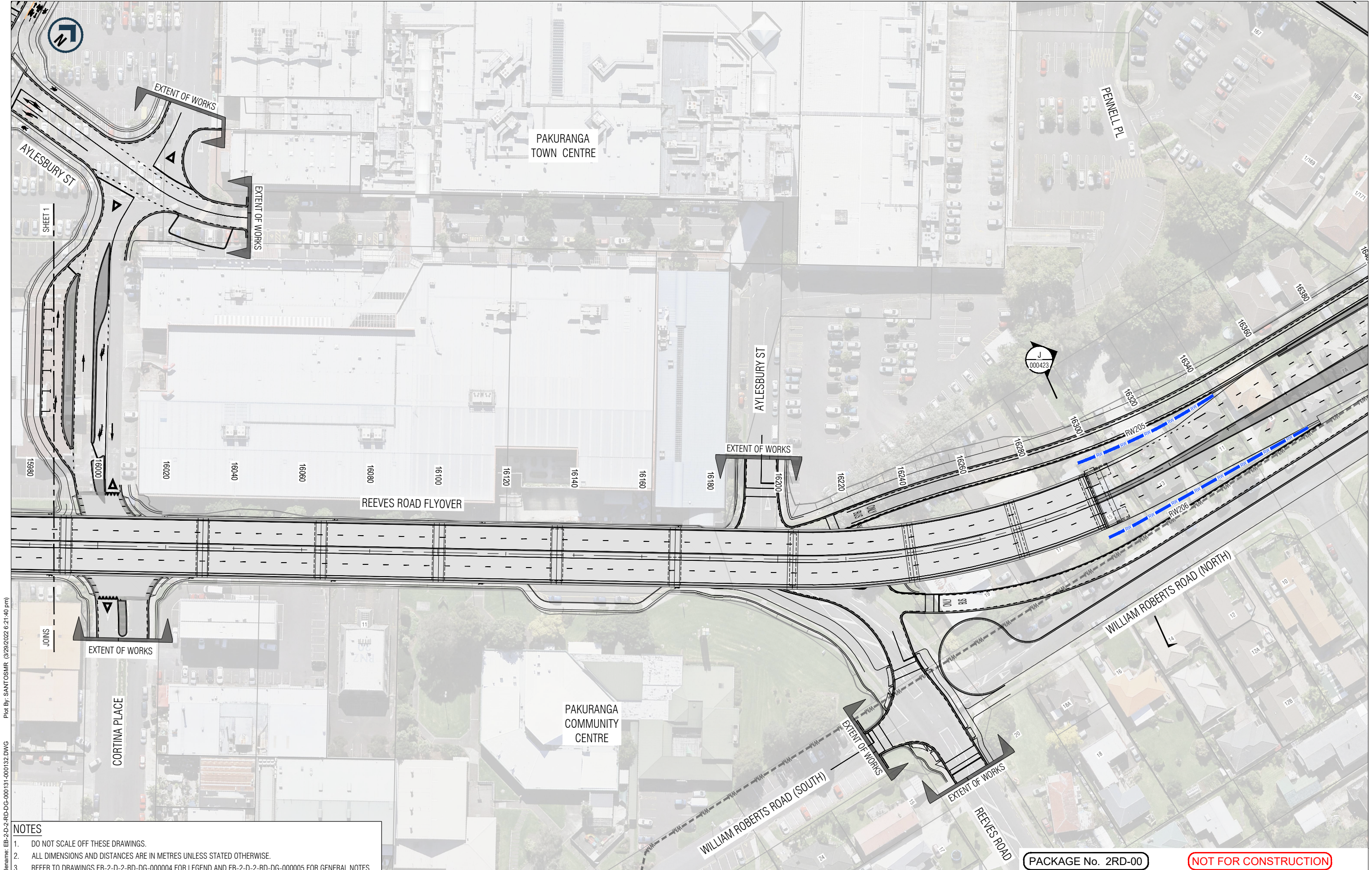
AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
(PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

Drawing Status	
STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum	
NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT	
Vertical Datum	
2016 NEW ZEALAND	
A1 SCALE	A3 SCALE
1:500	1:1000

Design Package	
ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN	
Drawing Title	
REEVES ROAD FLYOVER GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN SHEET 1 OF 2	
Drawing Number	Revision
EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000131	A

PACKAGE No. 2RD-00
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

ORIGINAL IN COLOUR

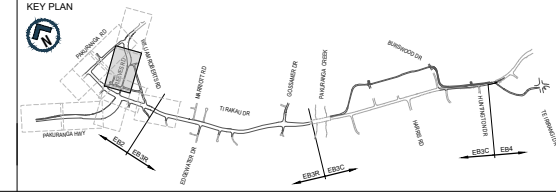
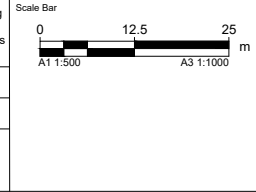


File Name: EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000131-000132.DWG
 Plot By: SANTOSMR (3/29/2022 6:21:40 pm)
 ORIGINAL SIZE A1
 ORIGINAL IN COLOUR

- NOTES**
- DO NOT SCALE OFF THESE DRAWINGS.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS AND DISTANCES ARE IN METRES UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE.
 - REFER TO DRAWINGS EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000004 FOR LEGEND AND EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000005 FOR GENERAL NOTES.

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Designed	D. deAbrew	Checked	D. Angus
Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones		
Date	29/03/2022	Approver Signature	



AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
(PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

Drawing Status	
STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum	
NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT	
Vertical Datum	
2016 NEW ZEALAND	
A1 SCALE	A3 SCALE
1:500	1:1000

Design Package	
ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN	
Drawing Title	
REEVES ROAD FLYOVER GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN SHEET 2 OF 2	
Drawing Number	Revision
EB-2-D-2-RD-DG-000132	A

PACKAGE No. 2RD-00

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

Appendix C

EB3R General Arrangement Plans



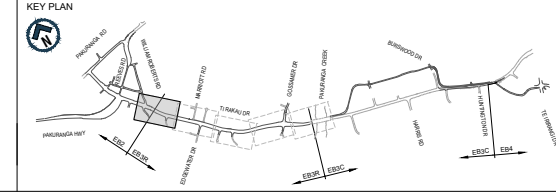
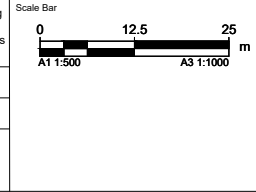
Plot By: SANTOSMR (3/28/2022 11:18:45 am)
Filename: EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000141-000145.DWG

ORIGINAL SIZE
A1

- NOTES**
- DO NOT SCALE OFF THESE DRAWINGS.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS AND DISTANCES ARE IN METRES UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE.
 - REFER TO DRAWING EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000004 FOR GENERAL LEGEND AND EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000005 FOR GENERAL NOTES.

REV	DATE	DRAWN	REVISION DESCRIPTION
A	28/03/2022	M. Santos	ISSUED FOR STAGE 1 SUBMISSION

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Designed	K. Sinnathamby	Checked	D. Angus
Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones	Approver Signature	
Date	28/03/2022		



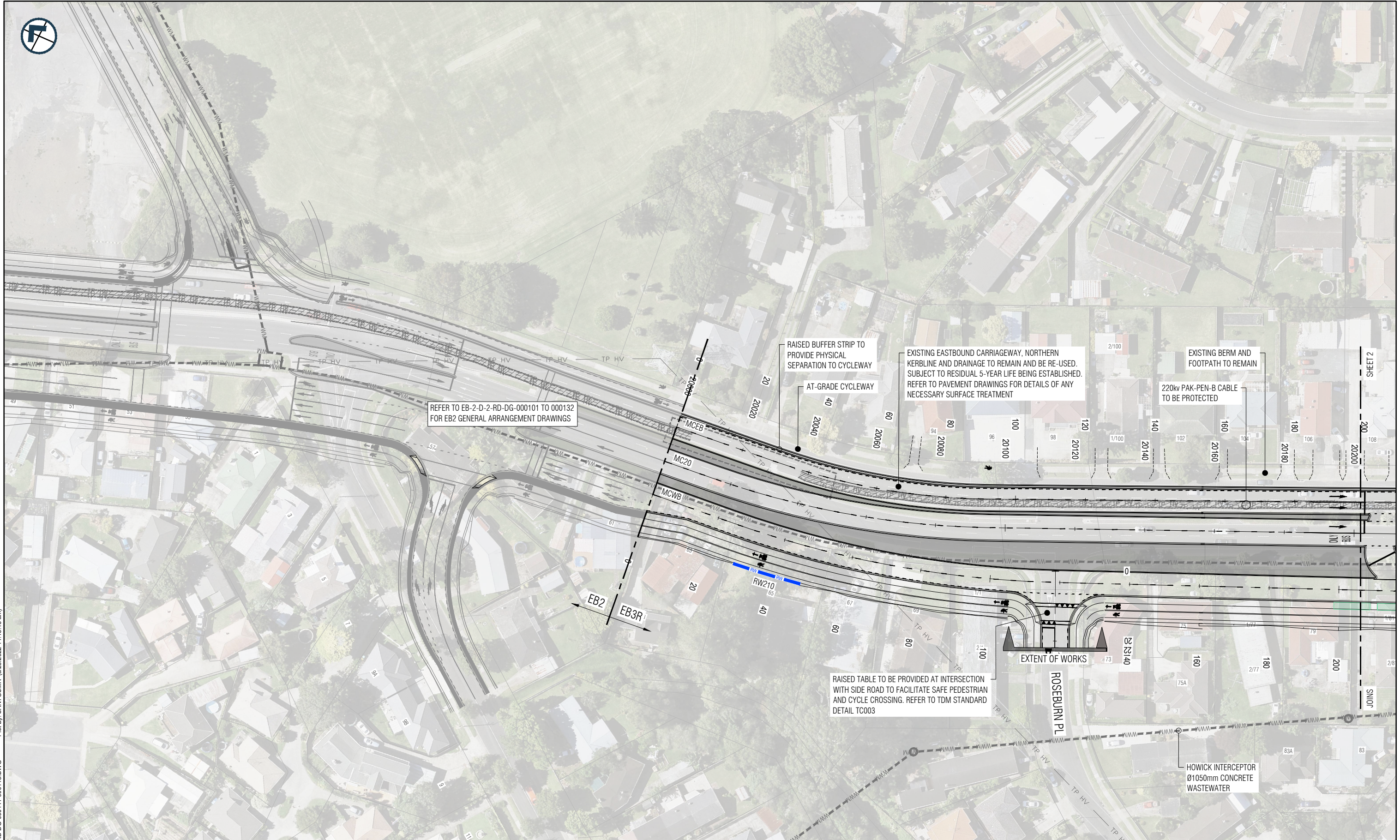
AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
 (PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

Drawing Status		STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum		NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT	
Vertical Datum		2016 NEW ZEALAND	
A1 SCALE	1:500	A3 SCALE	1:1000

Design Package		ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN	
Drawing Title		TI RAKAU DRIVE GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN	
		SHEET 1 OF 5	
Drawing Number		EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000101	
Revision		A	

PACKAGE No. 3RD-00

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

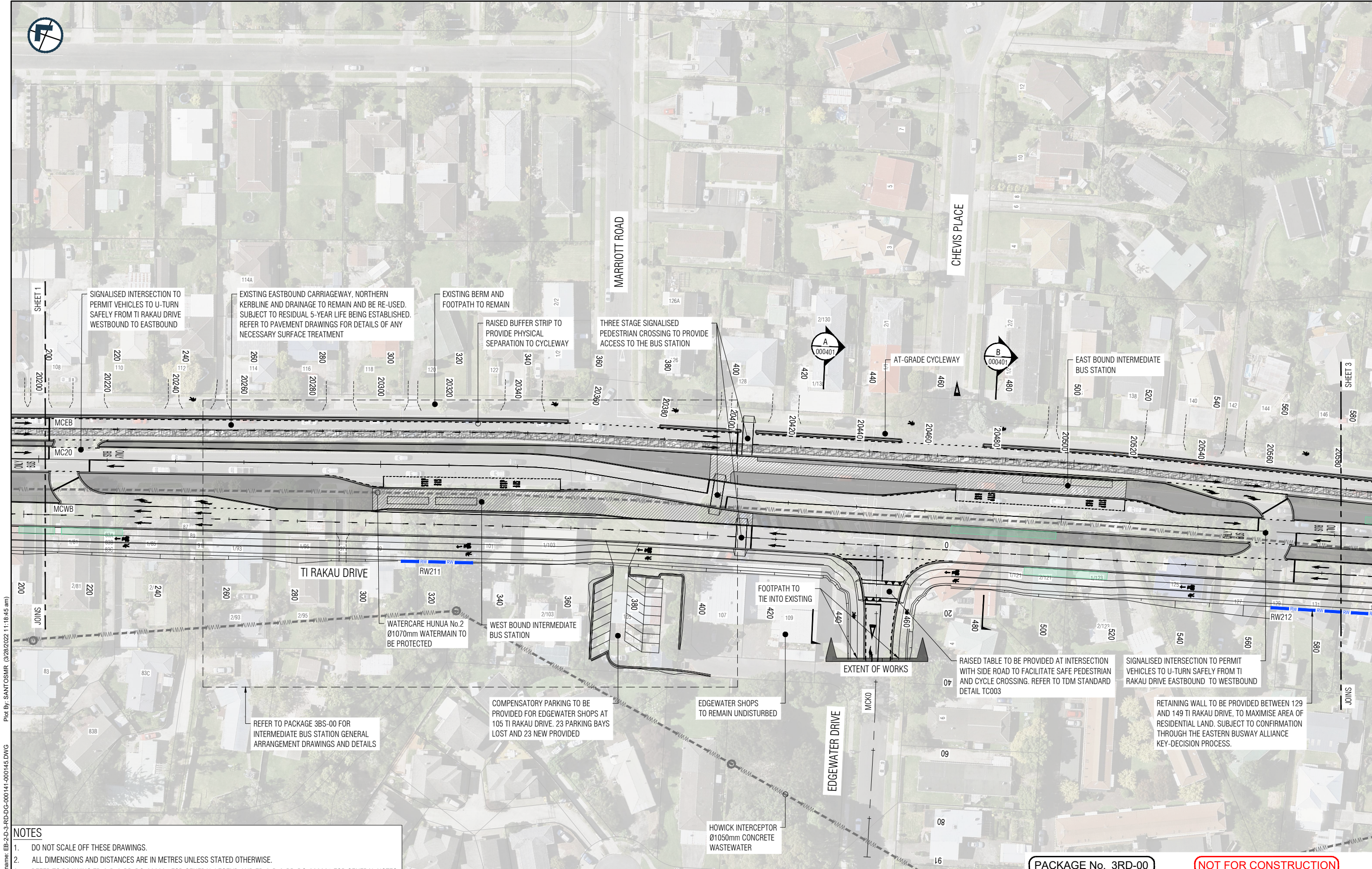


SHEET 2

SHEET 1

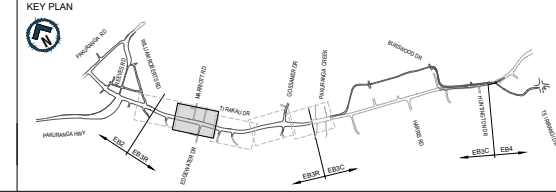
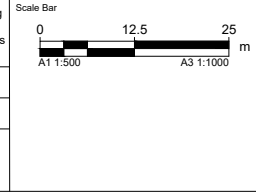


ORIGINAL IN COLOUR



- NOTES**
- DO NOT SCALE OFF THESE DRAWINGS.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS AND DISTANCES ARE IN METRES UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE.
 - REFER TO DRAWING EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000004 FOR GENERAL LEGEND AND EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000005 FOR GENERAL NOTES.

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Designed	K. Sinnathamby	Checked	D. Angus
Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones		
Date	28/03/2022	Approver Signature	



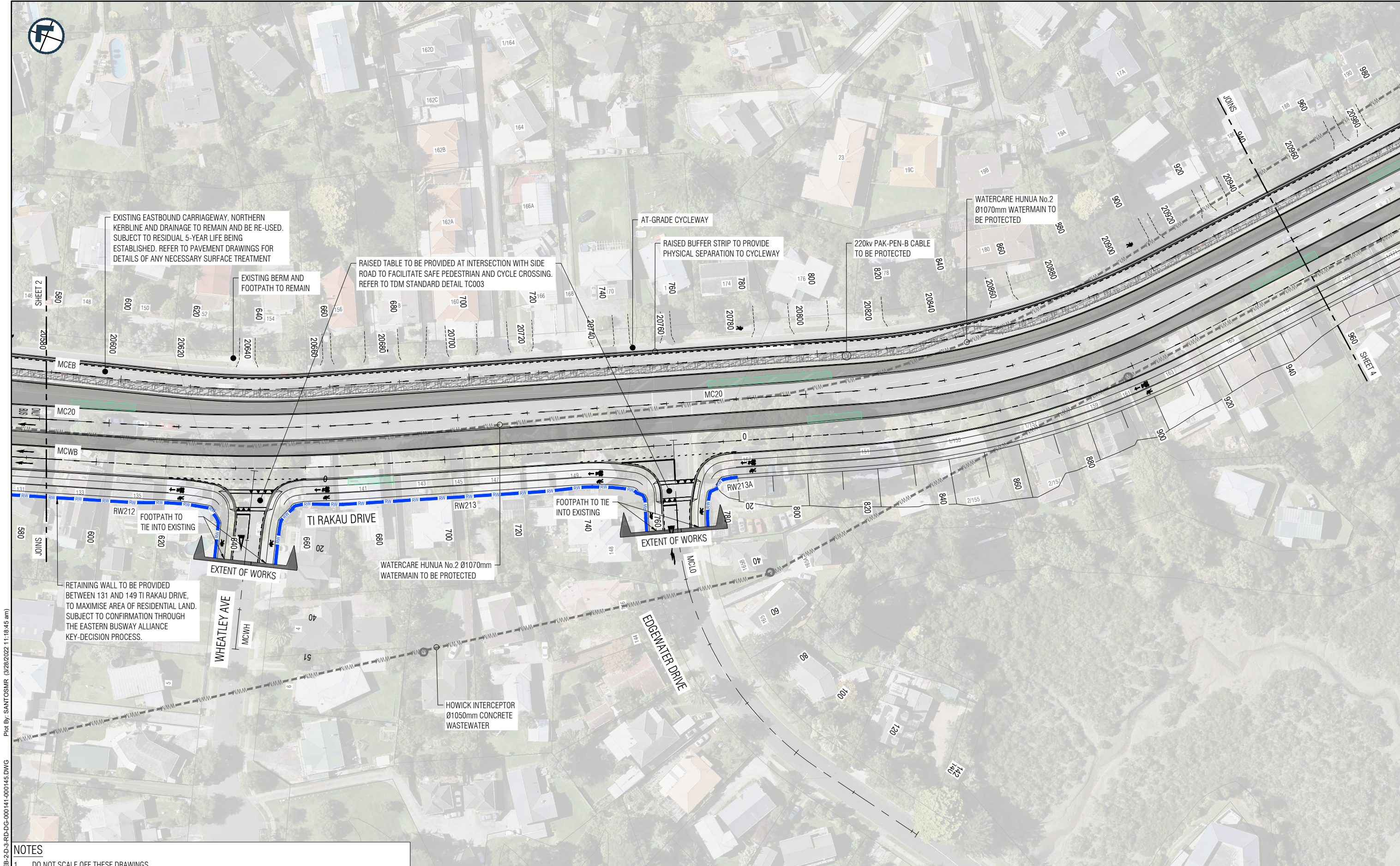
AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
 (PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

PACKAGE No. 3RD-00	
STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum	NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT
Vertical Datum	2016 NEW ZEALAND
A1 SCALE	1:500
A3 SCALE	1:1000

ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN	
Drawing Title	
TI RAKAU DRIVE GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN SHEET 2 OF 5	
Drawing Number	EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000102
Revision	A

ORIGINAL SIZE
 ORIGINAL IN COLOUR

File name: EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000141-000145.DWG
 Plot By: SANTOSMR 03/28/2022 11:18:45 am

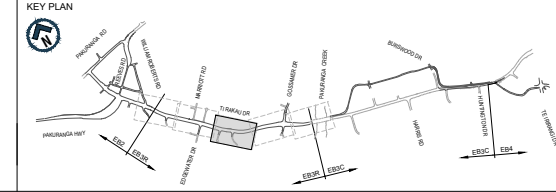
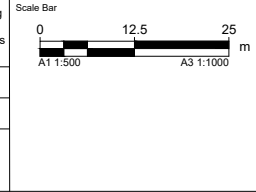


NOTES

- DO NOT SCALE OFF THESE DRAWINGS.
- ALL DIMENSIONS AND DISTANCES ARE IN METRES UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE.
- REFER TO DRAWING EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000004 FOR GENERAL LEGEND AND EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000005 FOR GENERAL NOTES.

PACKAGE No. 3RD-00 NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

A1		This drawing is confidential and shall only be used for the purpose of this project. The signing of this title block confirms the design and drafting of this project have been prepared and checked in accordance with the Alliance quality assurance system to ISO 9001. Printed copies of this document are UNCONTROLLED. Do not scale from this drawing	
Designed	K. Sinnathamby	Checked	D. Angus
Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones		
Date	28/03/2022	Approver Signature	

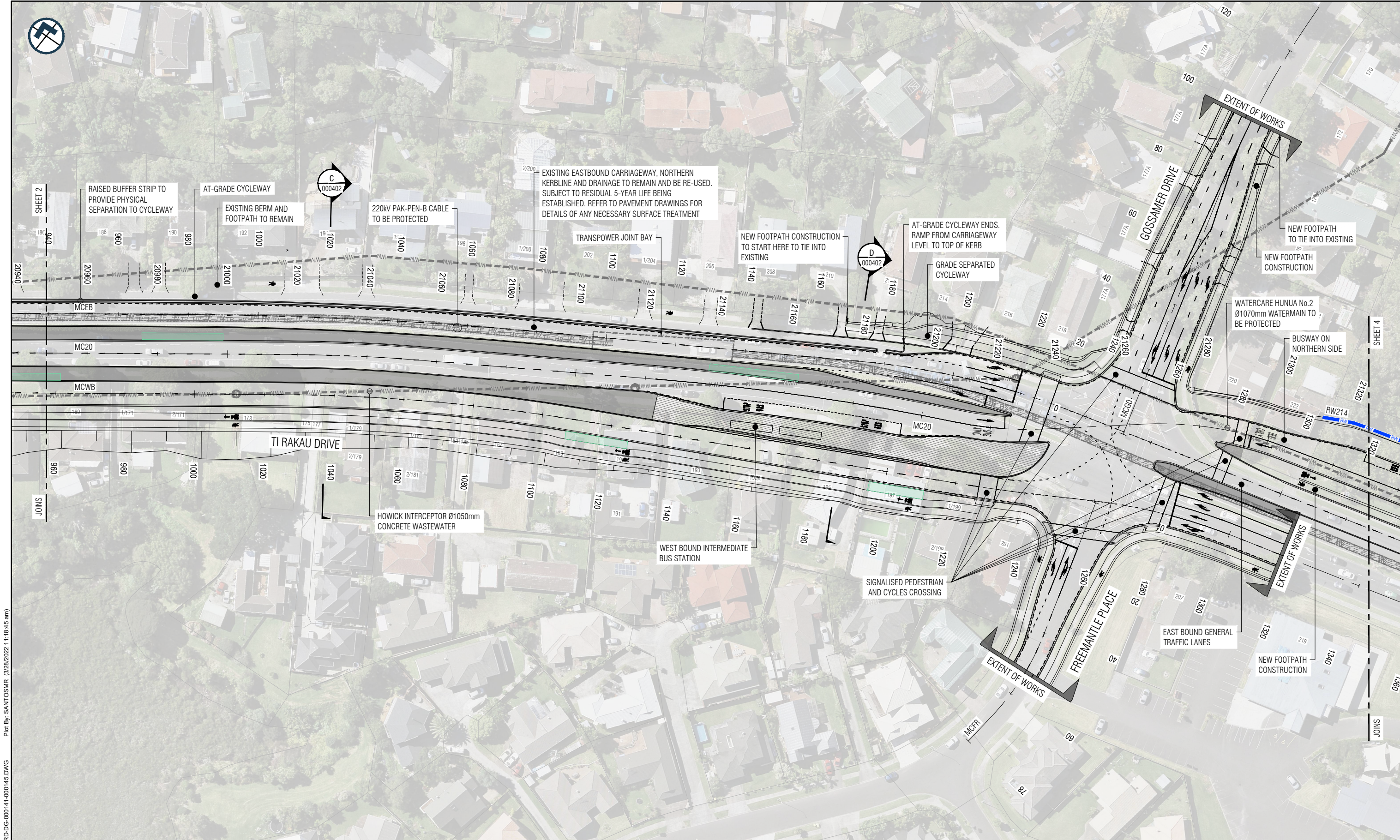


AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
 (PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

Drawing Status		STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum		NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT	
Vertical Datum		2016 NEW ZEALAND	
A1 SCALE	1:500	A3 SCALE	1:1000

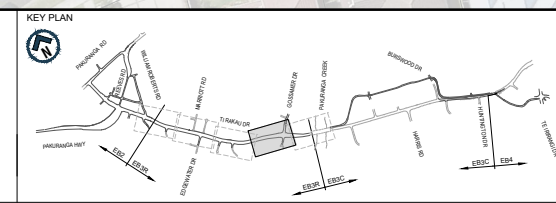
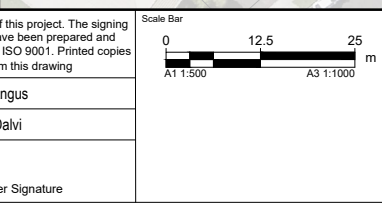
Design Package		ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN	
Drawing Title		TI RAKAU DRIVE GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN SHEET 3 OF 5	
Drawing Number		EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000103	
Revision		A	

File name: EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000141-000145.DWG
 Plot By: SANTOSMR (3/28/2022 11:18:45 am)



- NOTES**
- DO NOT SCALE OFF THESE DRAWINGS.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS AND DISTANCES ARE IN METRES UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE.
 - REFER TO DRAWING EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000004 FOR GENERAL LEGEND AND EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000005 FOR GENERAL NOTES.

This drawing is confidential and shall only be used for the purpose of this project. The signing of this title block confirms the design and drafting of this project have been prepared and checked in accordance with the Alliance quality assurance system to ISO 9001. Printed copies of this document are UNCONTROLLED. Do not scale from this drawing			
Designed	K. Sinnathamby	Checked	D. Angus
Drawn	M. Santos	Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones		
Date	28/03/2022	Approver Signature	



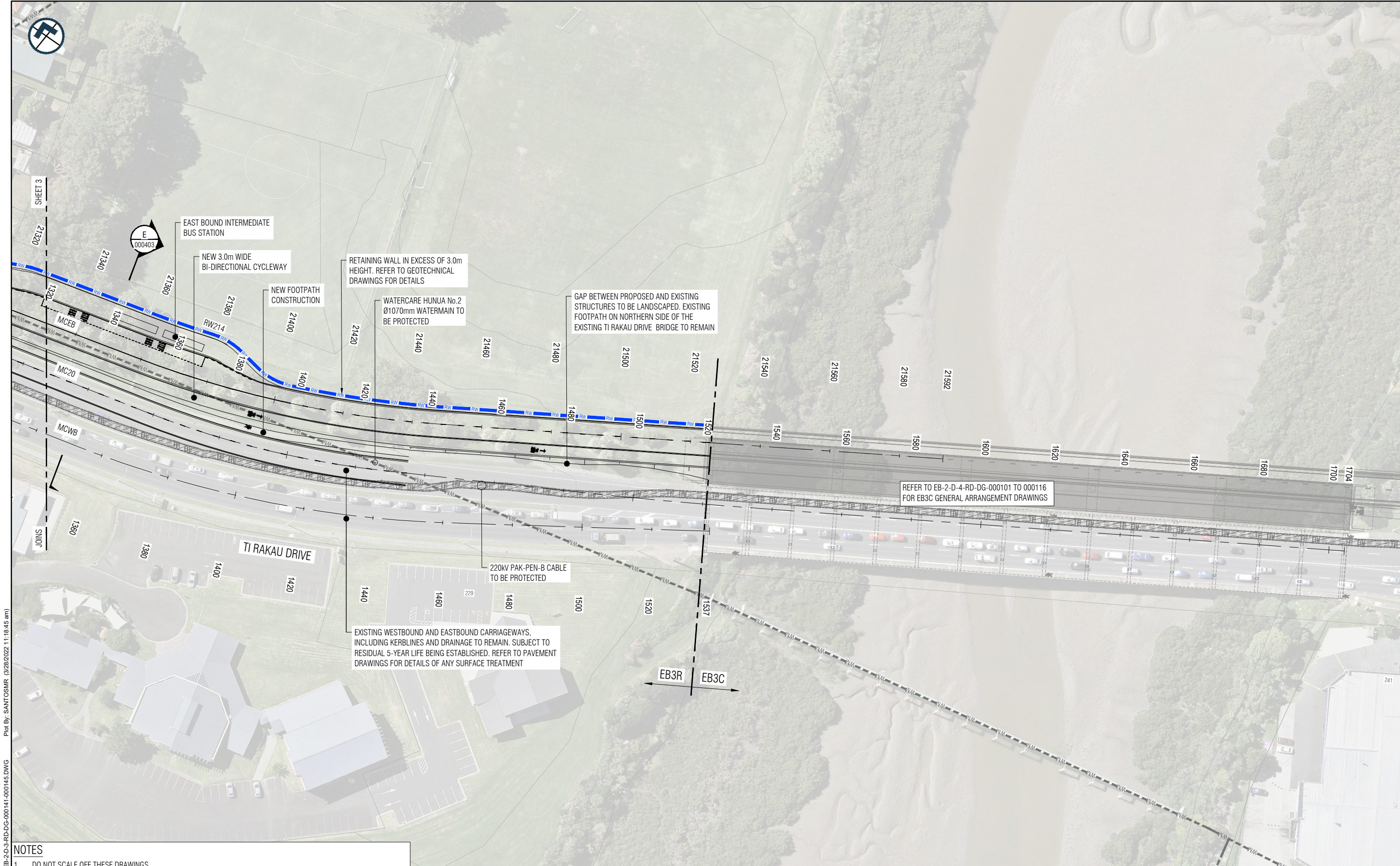
AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
 (PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

PACKAGE No. 3RD-00	
STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum	NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT
Vertical Datum	2016 NEW ZEALAND
A1 SCALE	1:500
A3 SCALE	1:1000

ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN	
Drawing Title	
TI RAKAU DRIVE GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN SHEET 4 OF 5	
Drawing Number	EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000104
Revision	A

ORIGINAL SIZE
 A1
 ORIGINAL IN COLOUR

Filename: EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000141-000145.DWG
 Plot By: SANTOSMR (3/28/2022 11:18:45 am)



EAST BOUND INTERMEDIATE BUS STATION

NEW 3.0m WIDE BI-DIRECTIONAL CYCLEWAY

NEW FOOTPATH CONSTRUCTION

RETAINING WALL IN EXCESS OF 3.0m HEIGHT. REFER TO GEOTECHNICAL DRAWINGS FOR DETAILS

WATERCARE HUNUA No.2 Ø1070mm WATERMAIN TO BE PROTECTED

GAP BETWEEN PROPOSED AND EXISTING STRUCTURES TO BE LANDSCAPED. EXISTING FOOTPATH ON NORTHERN SIDE OF THE EXISTING TI RAKAU DRIVE BRIDGE TO REMAIN

REFER TO EB-2-D-4-RD-DG-000101 TO 000116 FOR EB3C GENERAL ARRANGEMENT DRAWINGS

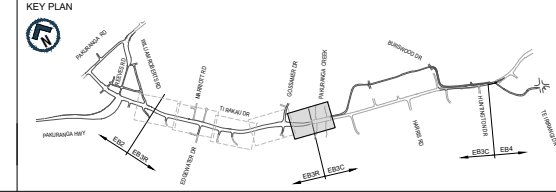
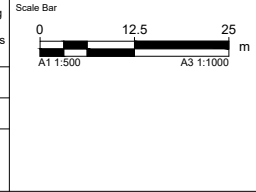
220KV PAK-PEN-B CABLE TO BE PROTECTED

EXISTING WESTBOUND AND EASTBOUND CARRIAGEWAYS, INCLUDING KERBLINES AND DRAINAGE TO REMAIN. SUBJECT TO RESIDUAL 5-YEAR LIFE BEING ESTABLISHED. REFER TO PAVEMENT DRAWINGS FOR DETAILS OF ANY SURFACE TREATMENT

- NOTES**
- DO NOT SCALE OFF THESE DRAWINGS.
 - ALL DIMENSIONS AND DISTANCES ARE IN METRES UNLESS STATED OTHERWISE.
 - REFER TO DRAWING EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000004 FOR GENERAL LEGEND AND EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000005 FOR GENERAL NOTES.

PACKAGE No. 3RD-00 NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

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Designed	K. Sinnathamby
Checked	D. Angus
Drawn	M. Santos
Checked	M. Dalvi
Approved	S. Jones
Date	28/03/2022
Approver Signature	

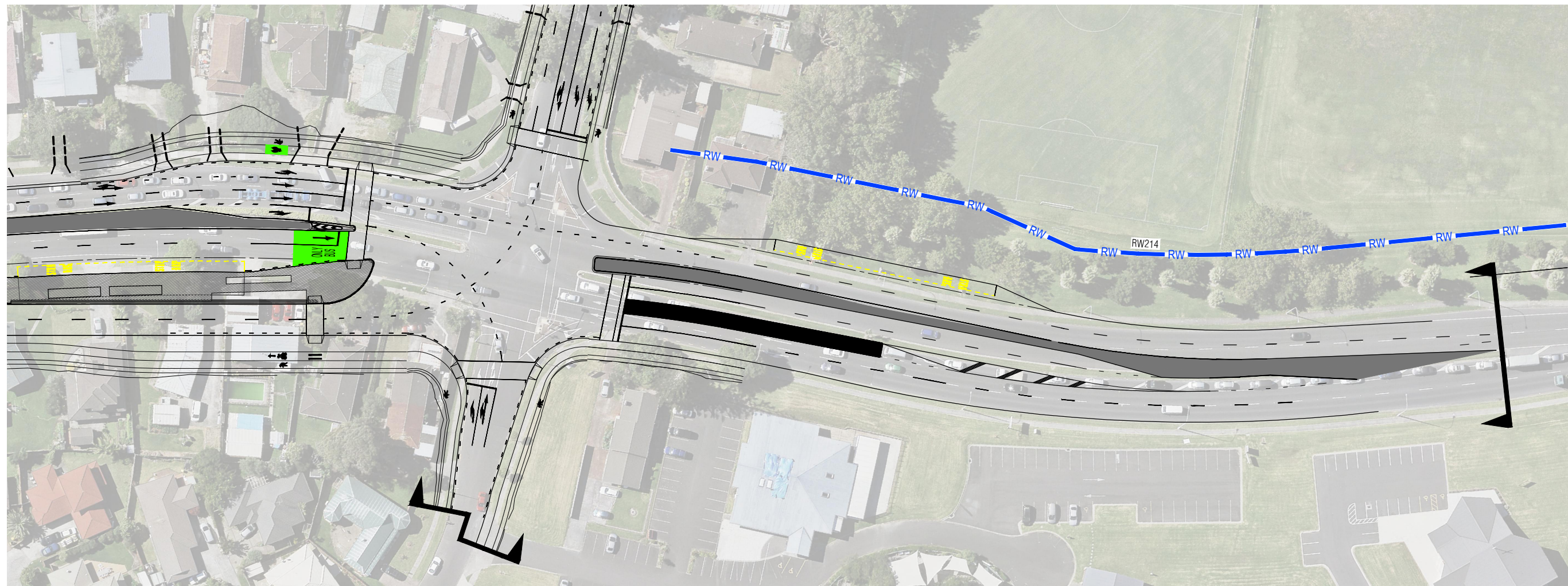


AUCKLAND MANUKAU EASTERN TRANSPORT INITIATIVE
EASTERN BUSWAY ALLIANCE
(PAKURANGA TO BOTANY)

Drawing Status	
STAGE 1	
Horizontal Datum	
NZGD 2000 MOUNT EDEN CIRCUIT	
Vertical Datum	
2016 NEW ZEALAND	
A1 SCALE	1:500
A3 SCALE	1:1000

Design Package	
ROADWORK GEOMETRIC DESIGN	
Drawing Title	
TI RAKAU DRIVE GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN SHEET 5 OF 5	
Drawing Number	EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000105
Revision	A

Filename: EB-2-D-3-RD-DG-000141-000145.DWG
 Plot By: SANTOSMR 3/28/2022 11:18:45 am
 ORIGINAL SIZE



Appendix D

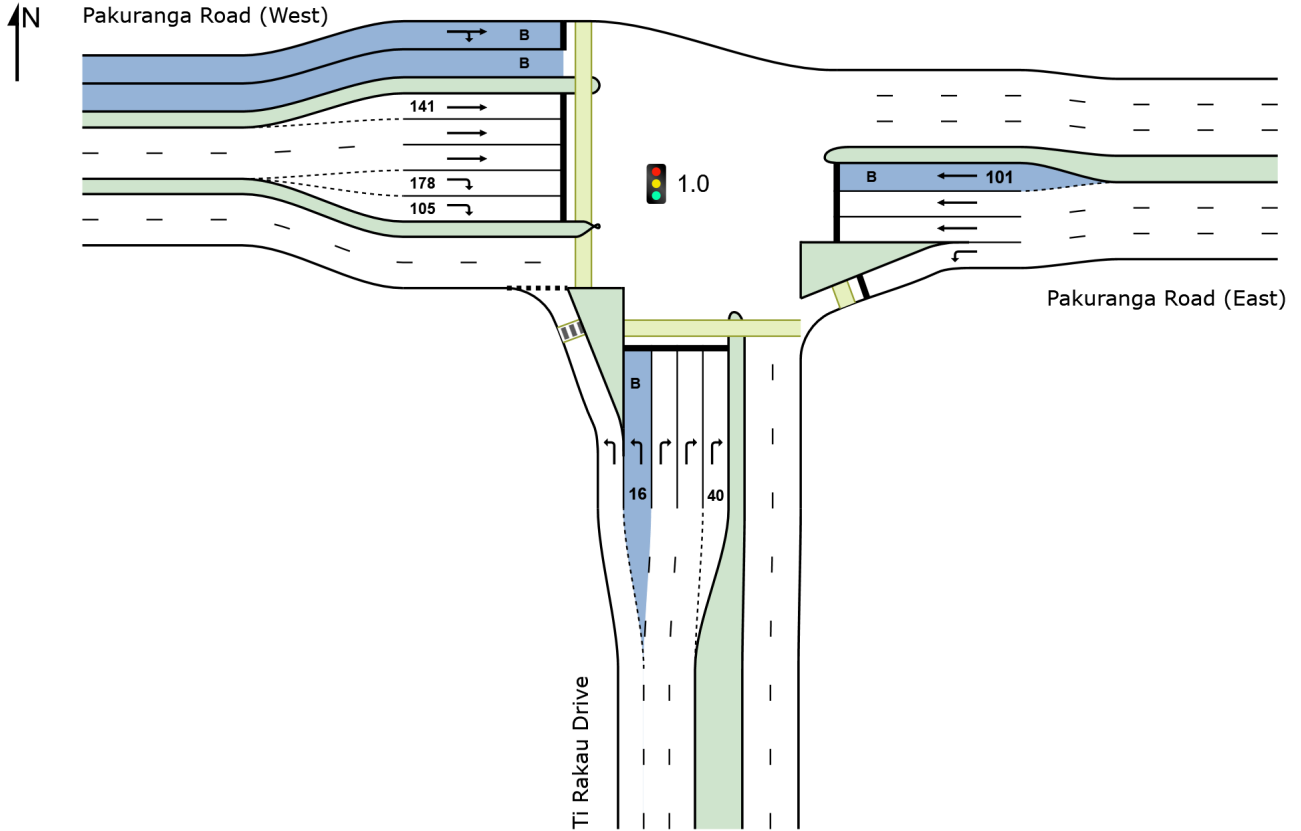
Construction Scenario 1 – Phasing Diagrams

SITE LAYOUT

Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Rd (Site Folder: General)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Rd (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: AM)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 130 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Map Extract Default

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E

Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D	E
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	23	35	64	78
Green Time (sec)	17	6	23	8	46
Phase Time (sec)	23	12	29	14	52
Phase Split	18%	9%	22%	11%	40%











See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Rd (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: PM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 70 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

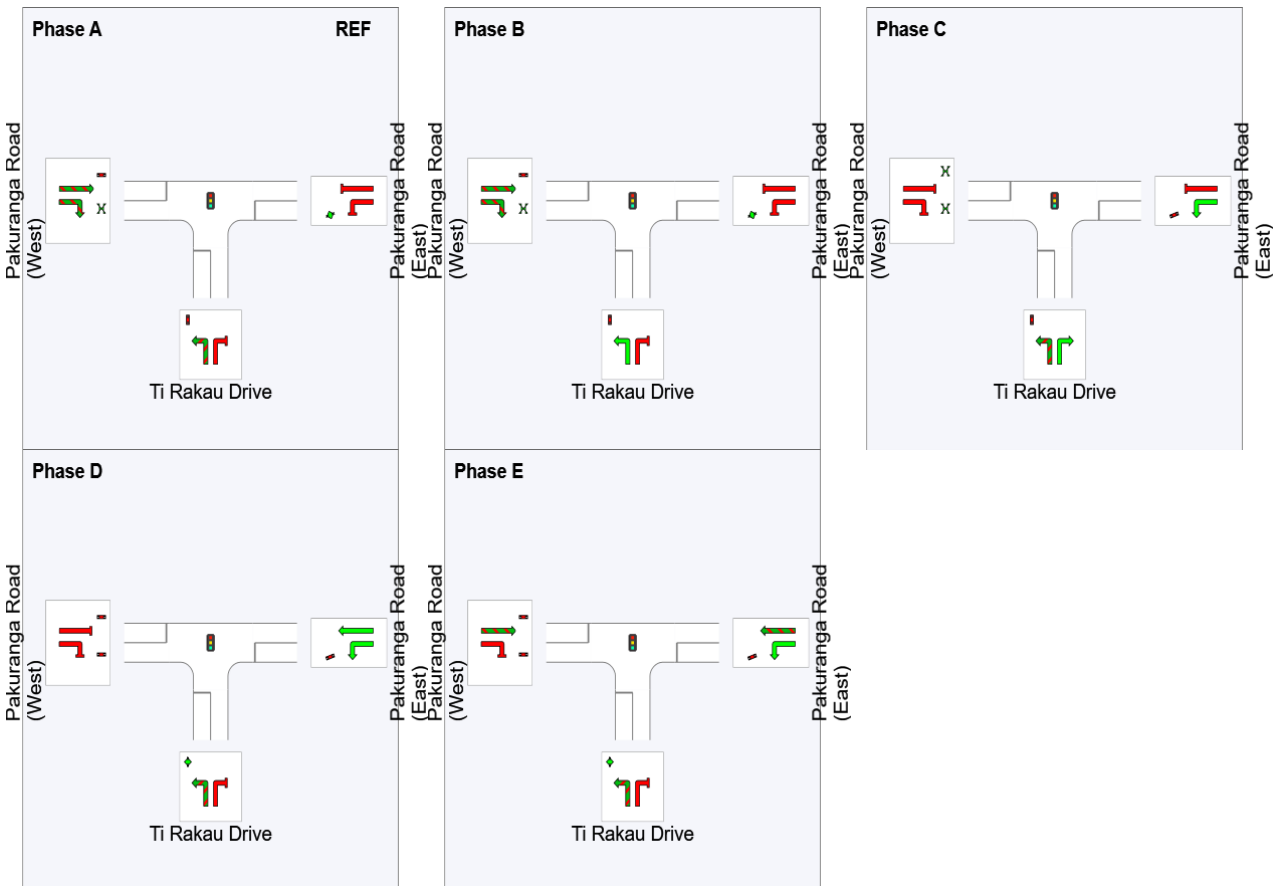
Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog
Phase Times determined by the program
Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times
Phase Sequence: Map Extract Default
Reference Phase: Phase A
Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E

Phase Timing Summary













Phase	A	B	C	D	E
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	13	25	47	59
Green Time (sec)	7	6	16	6	5
Phase Time (sec)	13	12	22	12	11
Phase Split	19%	17%	31%	17%	16%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase
VAR: Variable Phase

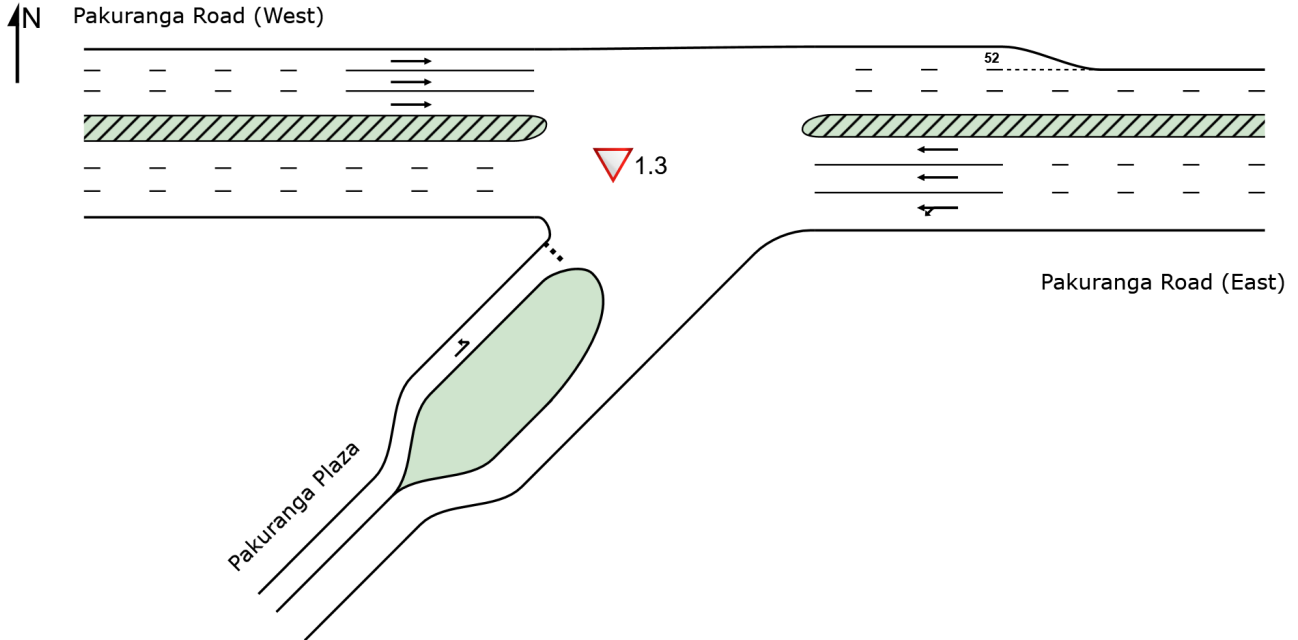
	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

SITE LAYOUT

▽ Site: 1.3 [1.3 Mall/ Pakuranga Rd WR Closure (Site Folder: General)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.

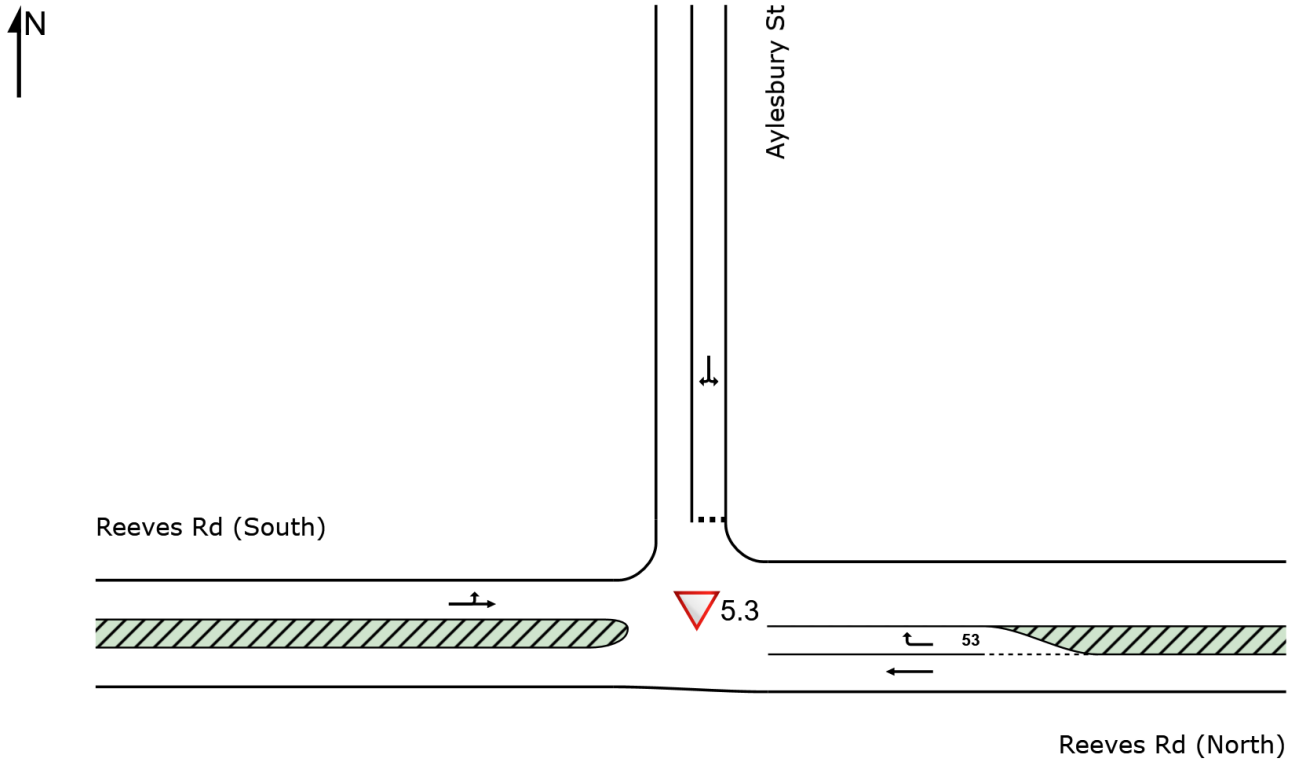


SITE LAYOUT

▽ Site: 5.3 [5.3 Reeves Rd/ Aylesbury St (Site Folder: General)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.

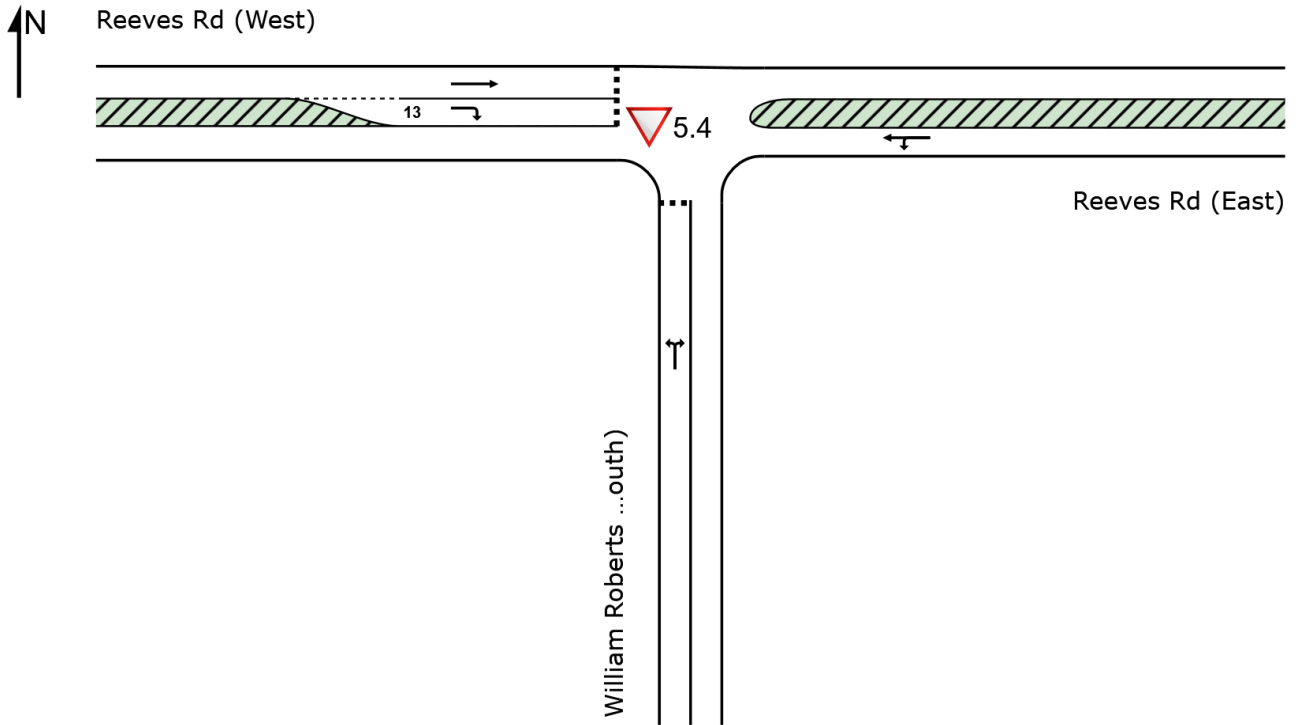


SITE LAYOUT

▽ Site: 5.4 [5.4 Reeves Rd / William Roberts Rd WR Closure C
(Site Folder: General)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.

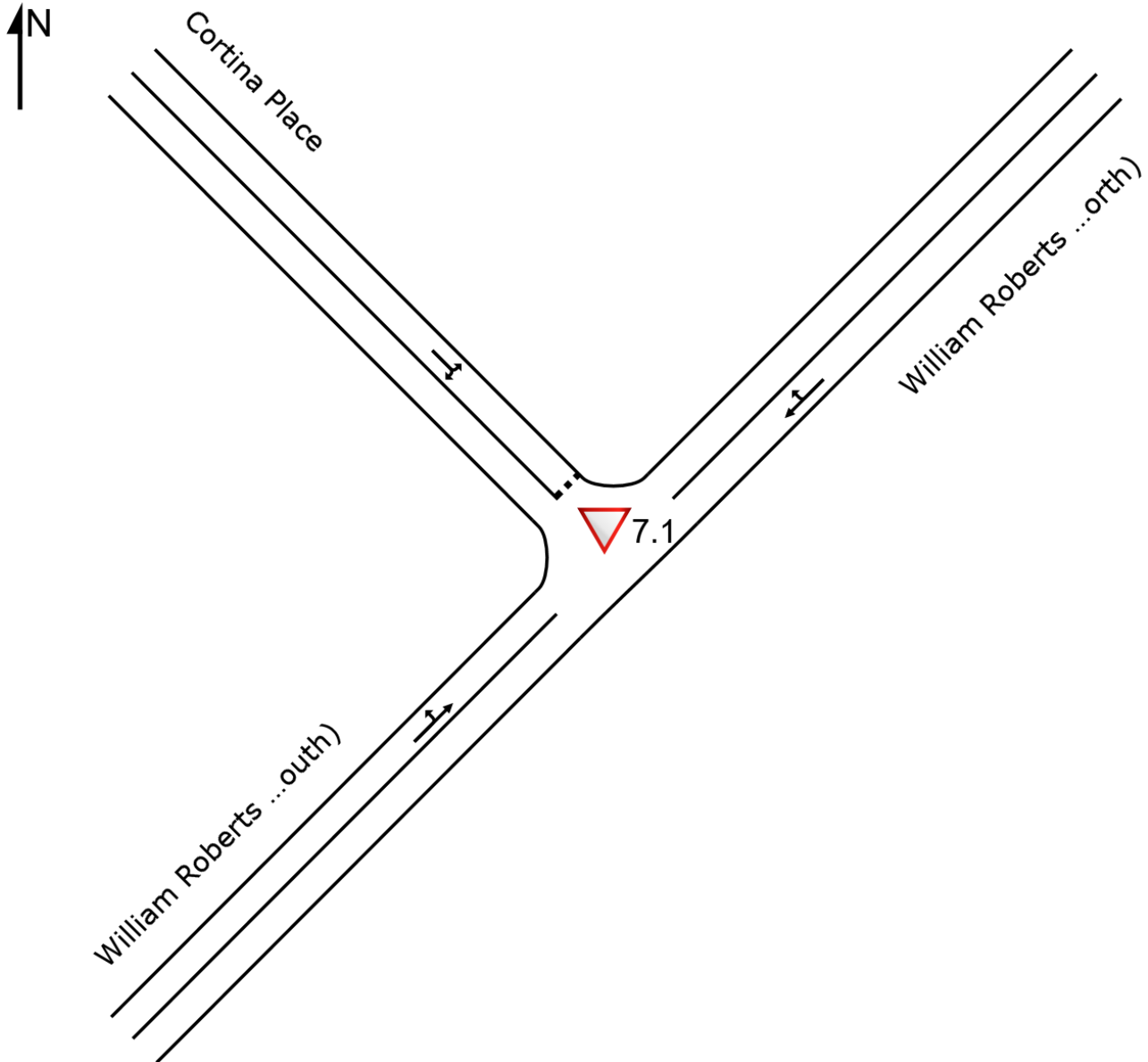


SITE LAYOUT

▽ Site: 7.1 [7.1 William Roberts Rd / Cortina PI WR Closure
(Site Folder: General)]

Scheme Design
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.

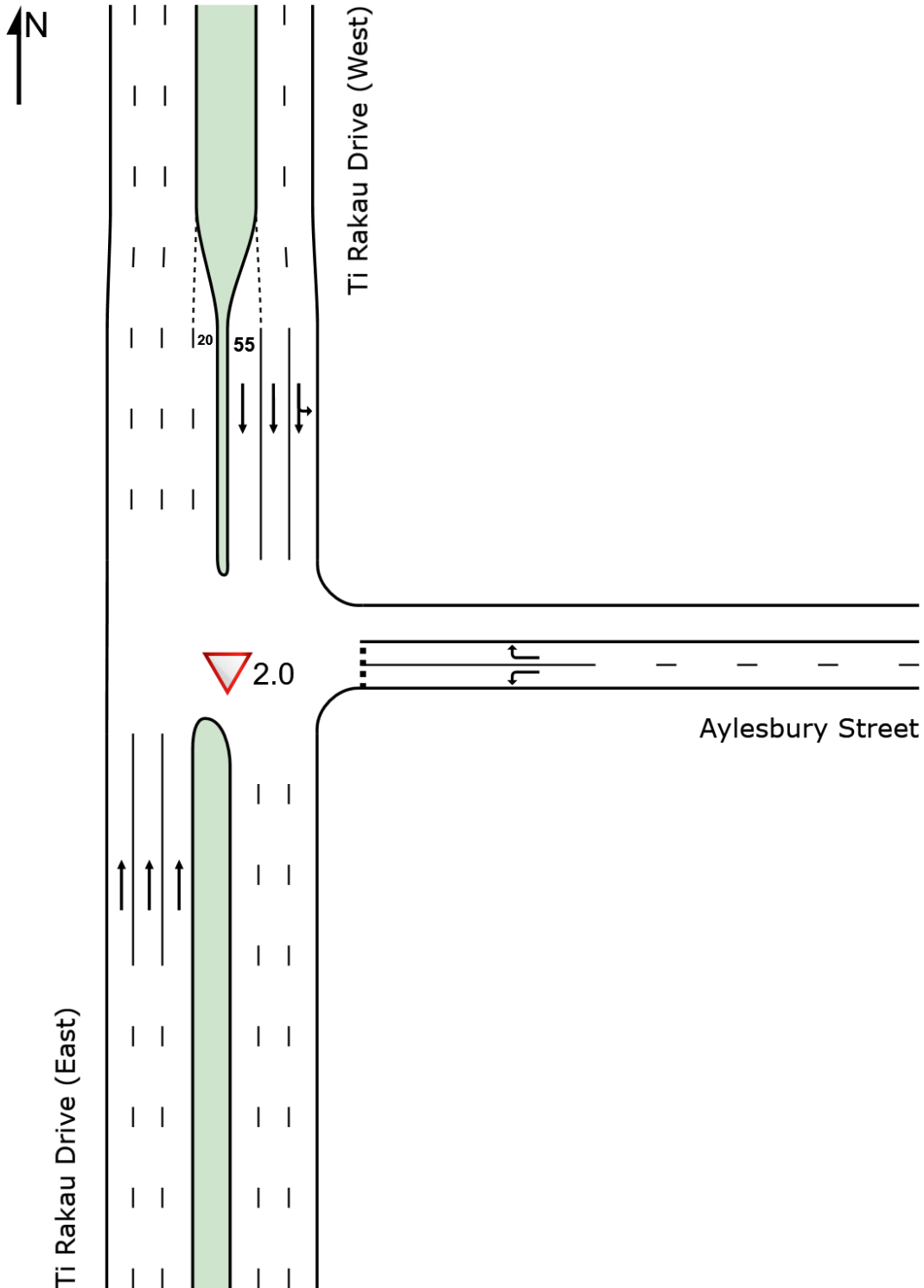


SITE LAYOUT

▽ Site: 2.0 [2.0 Aylesbury St North/Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: General)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.

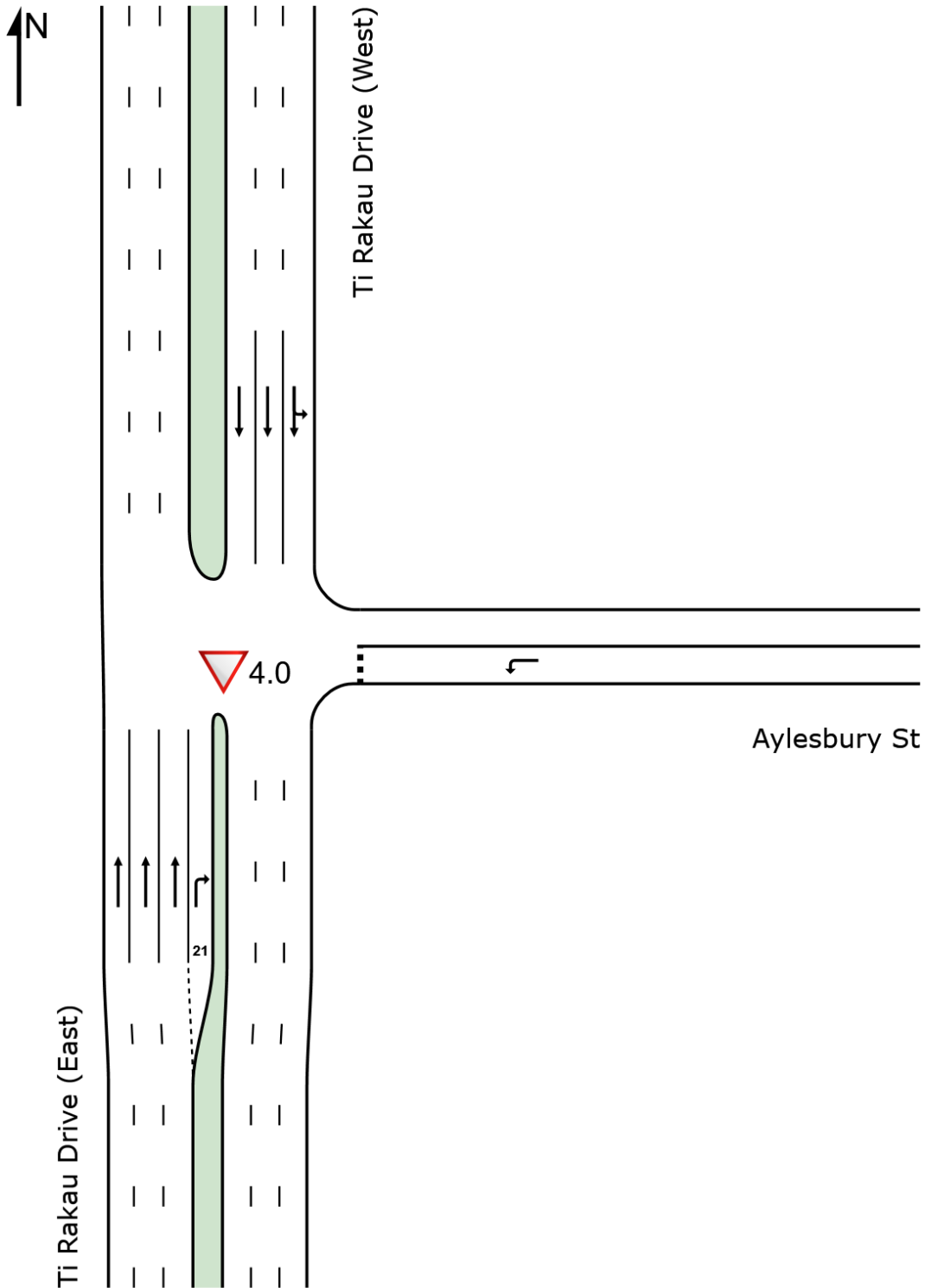


SITE LAYOUT

▽ Site: 4.0 [4.0 Aylesbury St South/ Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: General)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.

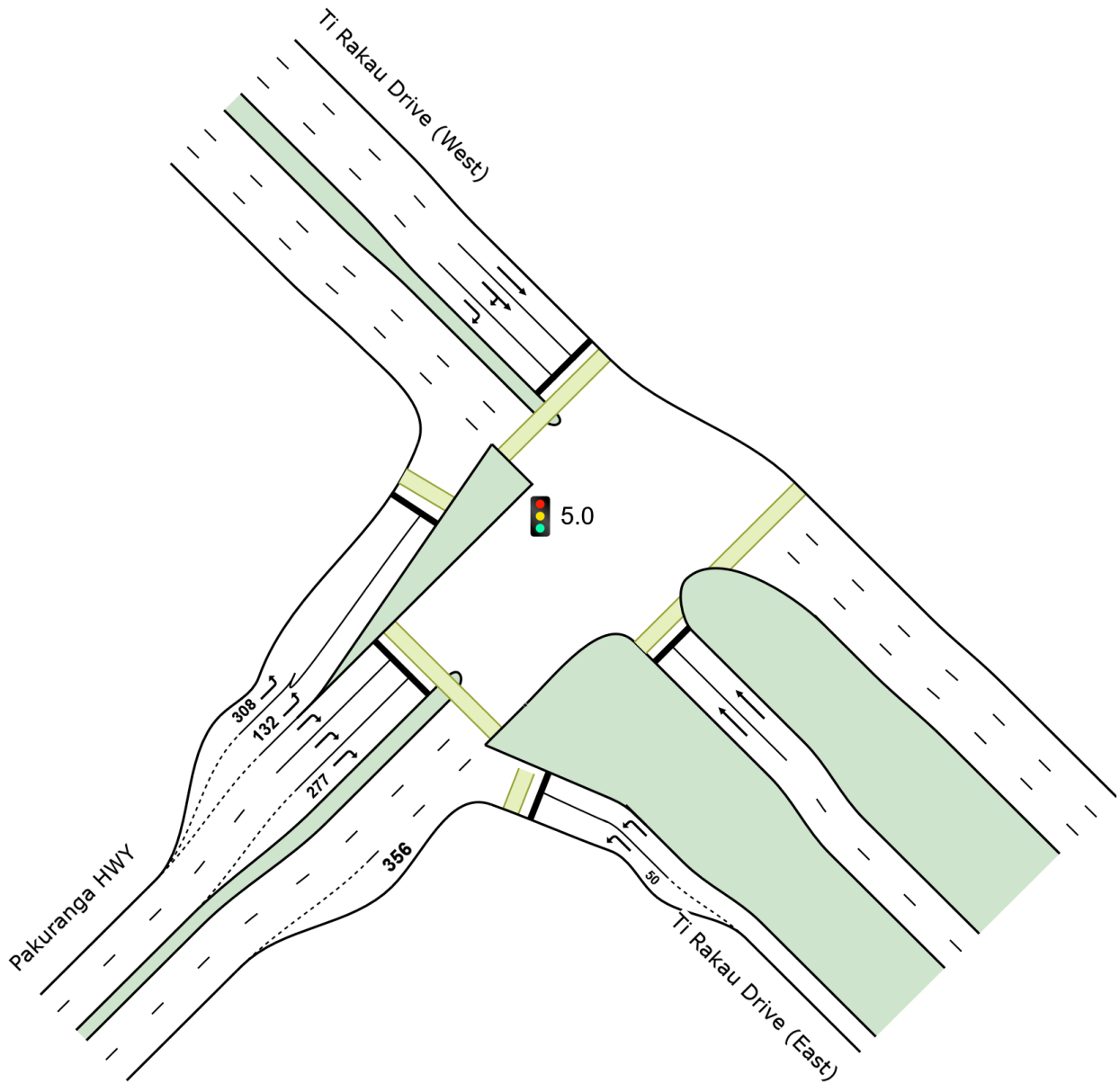


SITE LAYOUT

 Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga HWY/ Reeves Rd Mitigation 1 C (Site Folder: General)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga HWY/ Reeves Rd Mitigation 1 C (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: AM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 65 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

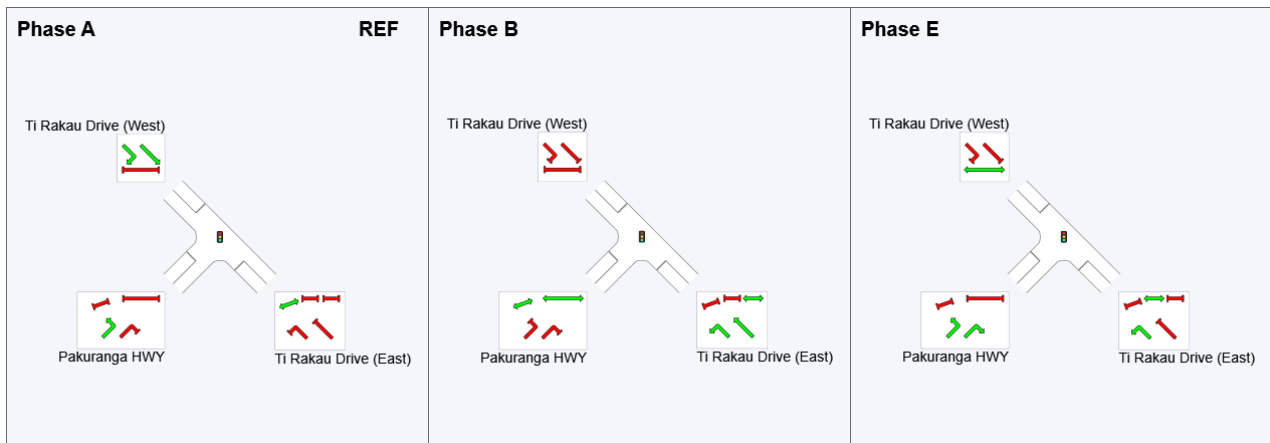
Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog
Phase Times specified by the user
Phase Sequence: Map Extract Default
Reference Phase: Phase A
Input Phase Sequence: A, B, E
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, E

Phase Timing Summary

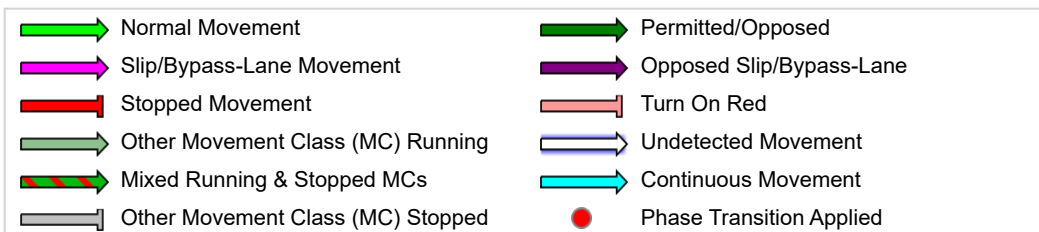
Phase	A	B	E
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	23	48
Green Time (sec)	20	19	12
Phase Time (sec)	26	24	15
Phase Split	40%	37%	23%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase
VAR: Variable Phase



PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga HWY/ Reeves Rd Mitigation 1 C (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: PM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

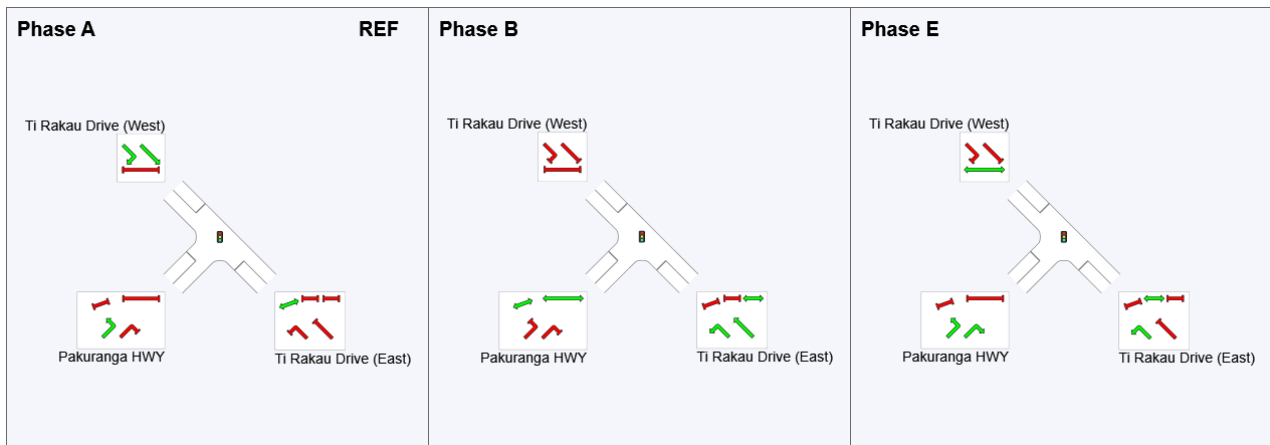
Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog
Phase Times determined by the program
Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times
Phase Sequence: Map Extract Default
Reference Phase: Phase A
Input Phase Sequence: A, B, E
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, E

Phase Timing Summary

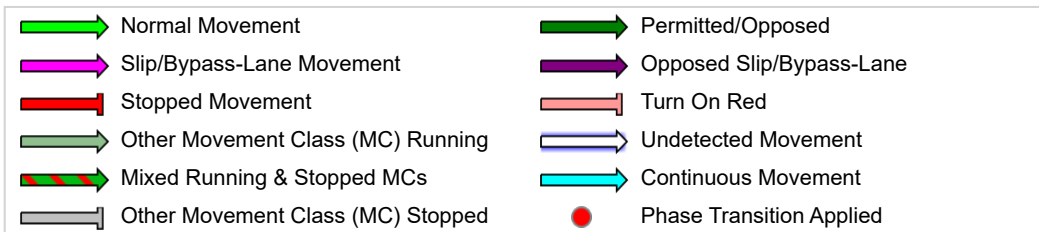
Phase	A	B	E
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	14	28
Green Time (sec)	8	8	6
Phase Time (sec)	14	14	12
Phase Split	35%	35%	30%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase
VAR: Variable Phase



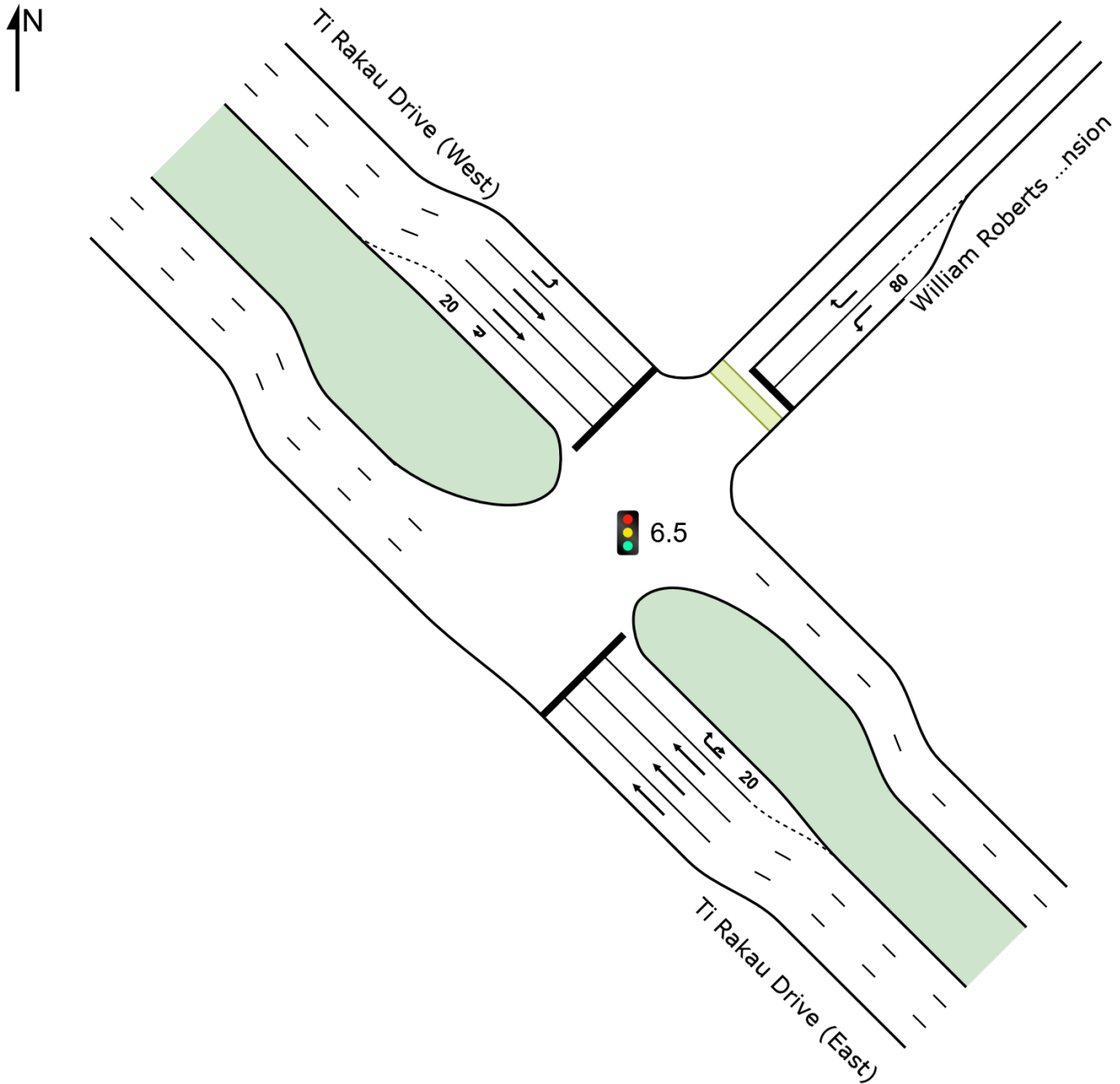
SITE LAYOUT

Site: 6.5 [6.5 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr C (Site Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



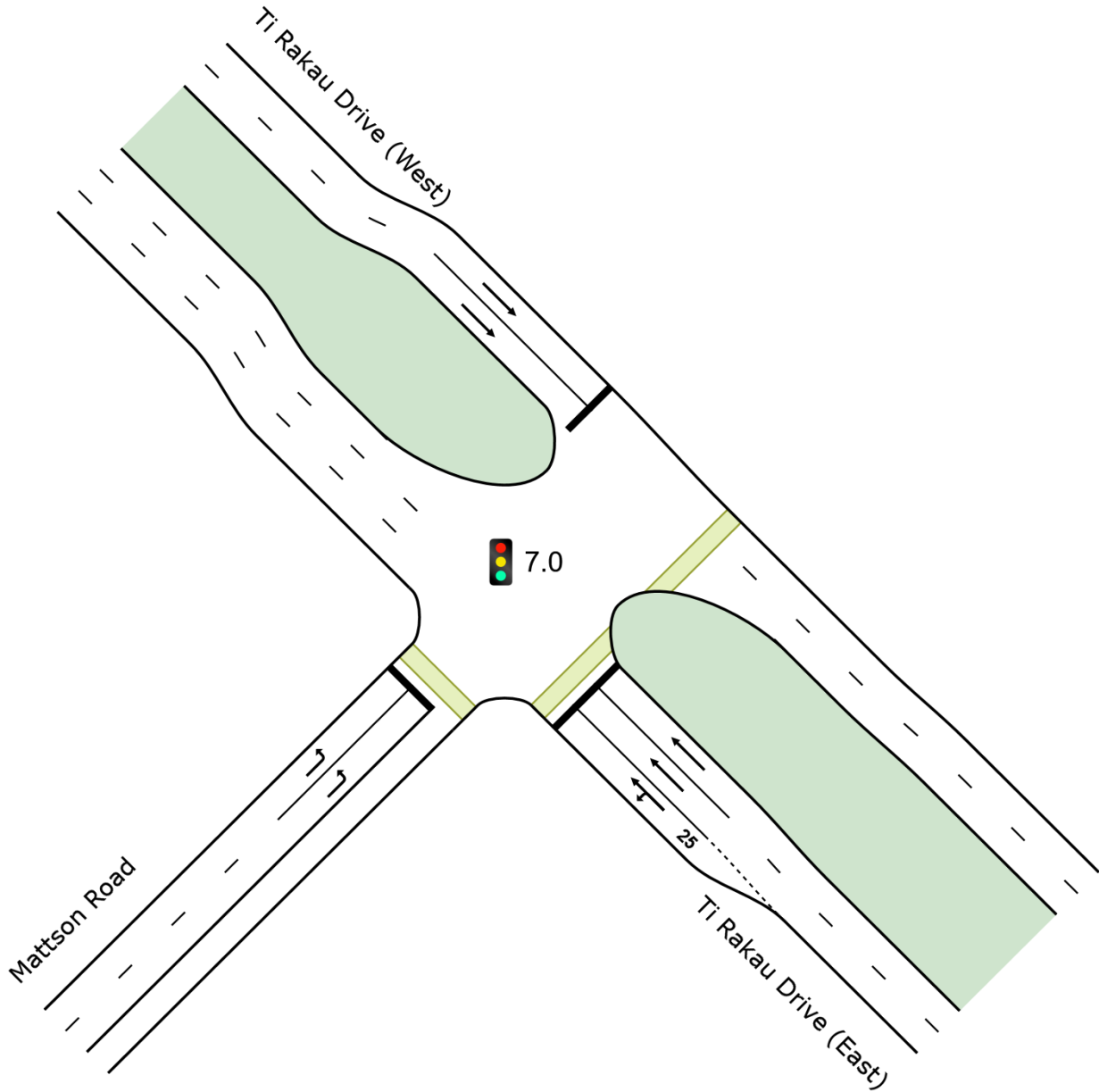
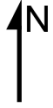
SITE LAYOUT

 Site: 7.0 [7.0 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr C (Site Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



CCG PHASING SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG1 [WR/ Mattson]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: AM)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 131 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Network Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: CCG Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, A2, B, B2, C

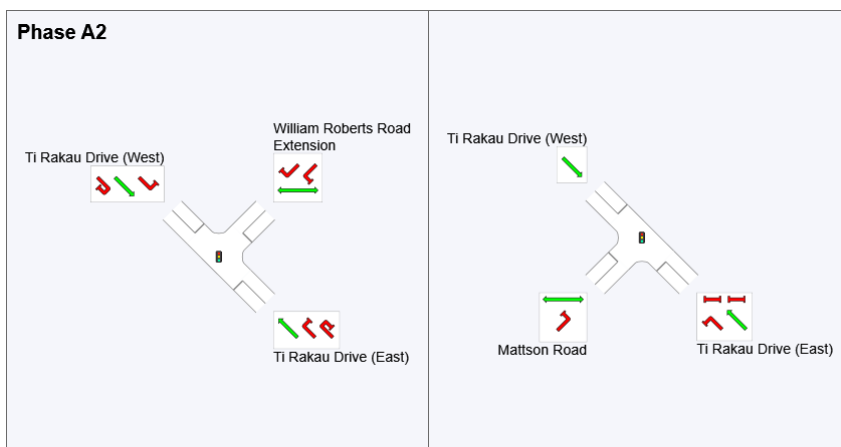
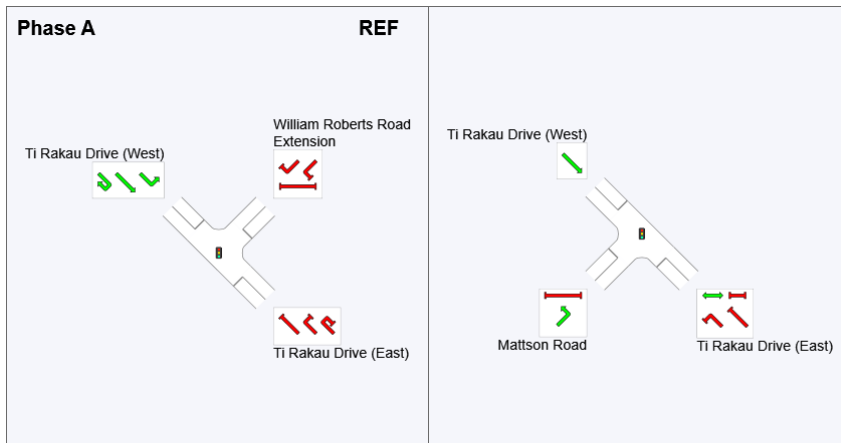
Output Phase Sequence: A, A2, B, B2, C

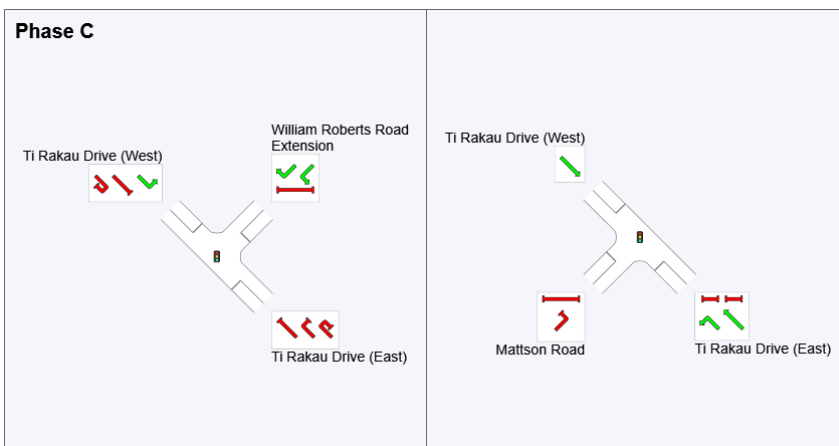
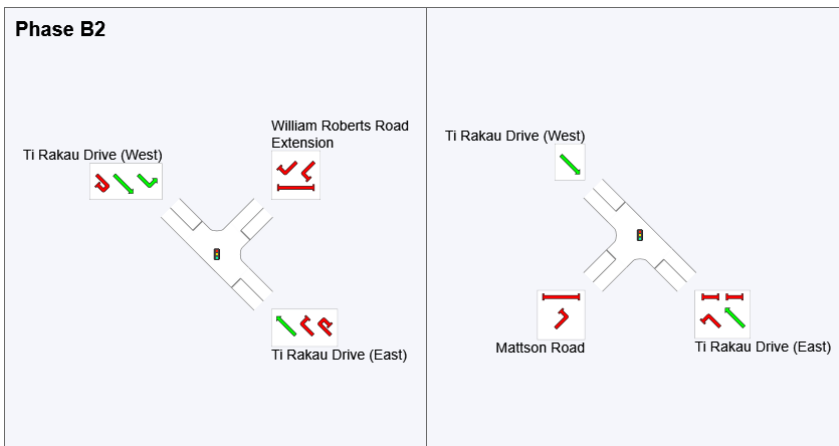
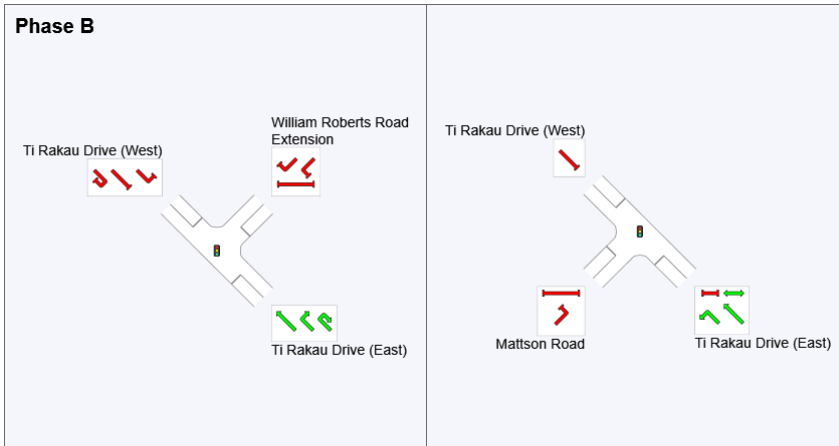
Phase Timing Summary (CCG)

Phase	A	A2	B	B2	C
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	18	43	82	101
Green Time (sec)	12	19	33	13	24
Phase Time (sec)	18	25	39	19	30
Phase Split	14%	19%	30%	15%	23%

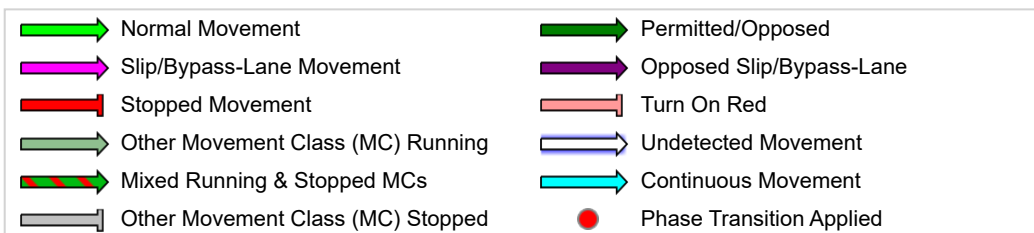
See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence (CCG)





REF: Reference Phase
 VAR: Variable Phase



CCG PHASING SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG1 [WR/ Mattson]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: PM)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Network Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: CCG Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, A2, B, B2, C

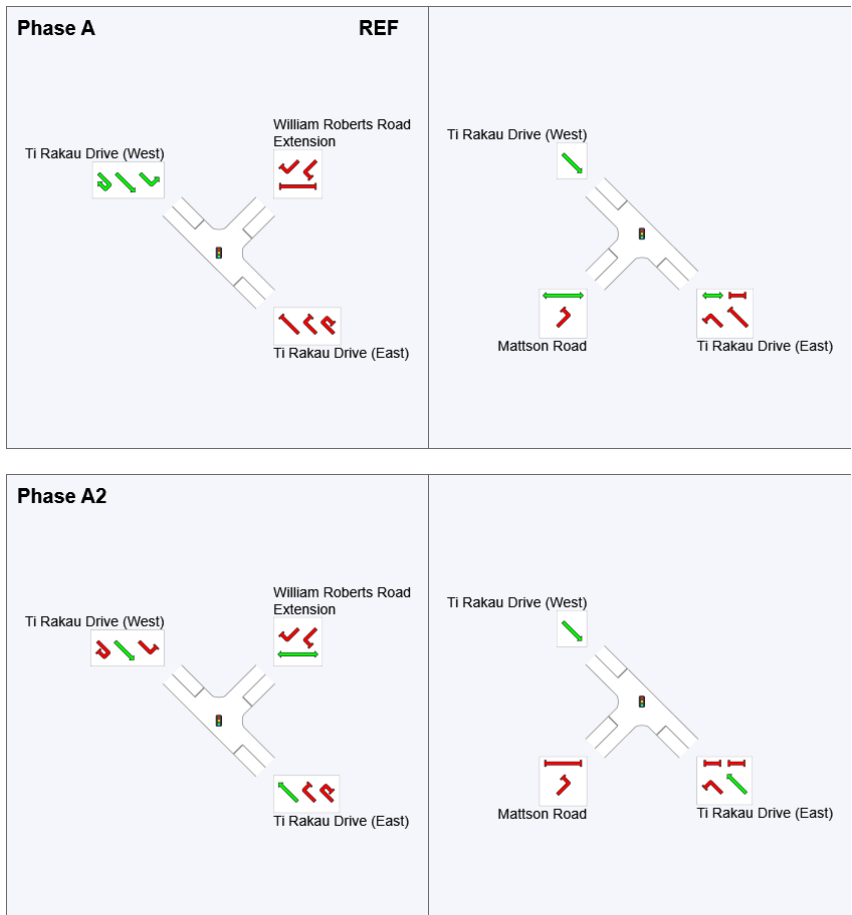
Output Phase Sequence: A, A2, B, B2, C

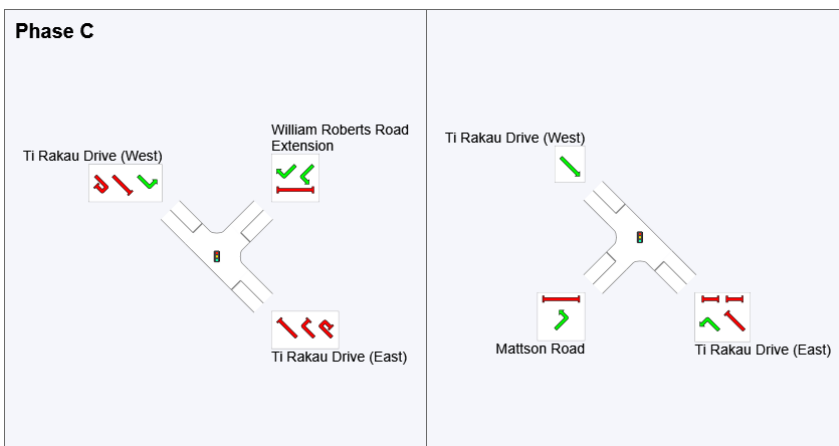
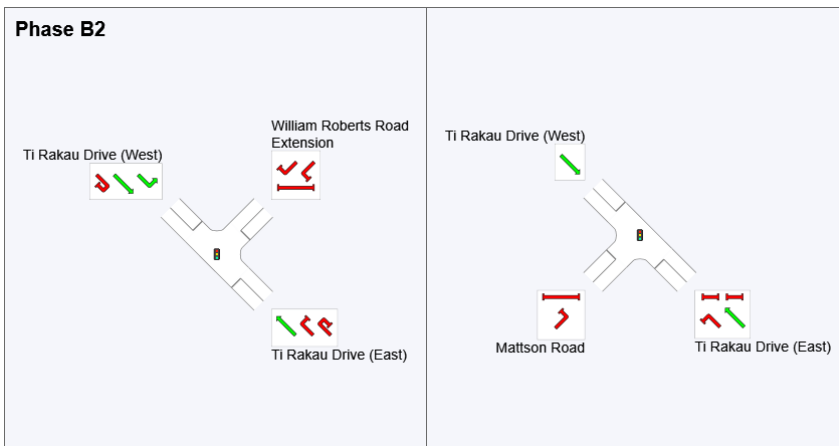
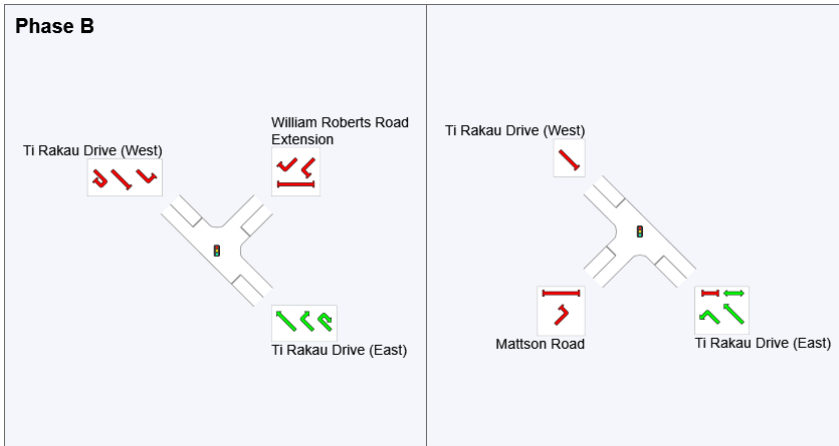
Phase Timing Summary (CCG)

Phase	A	A2	B	B2	C
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	46	70	95	118
Green Time (sec)	40	18	19	17	26
Phase Time (sec)	46	24	25	23	32
Phase Split	31%	16%	17%	15%	21%

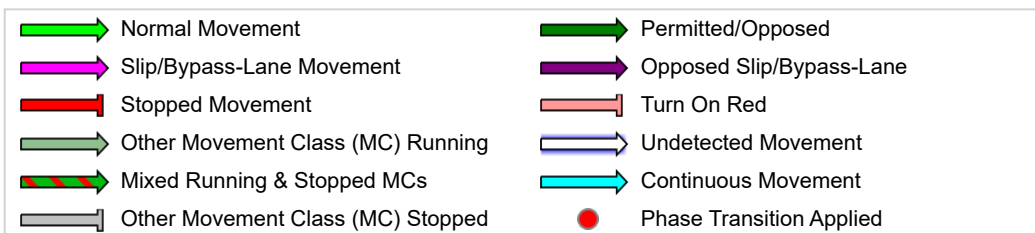
See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence (CCG)





REF: Reference Phase
 VAR: Variable Phase

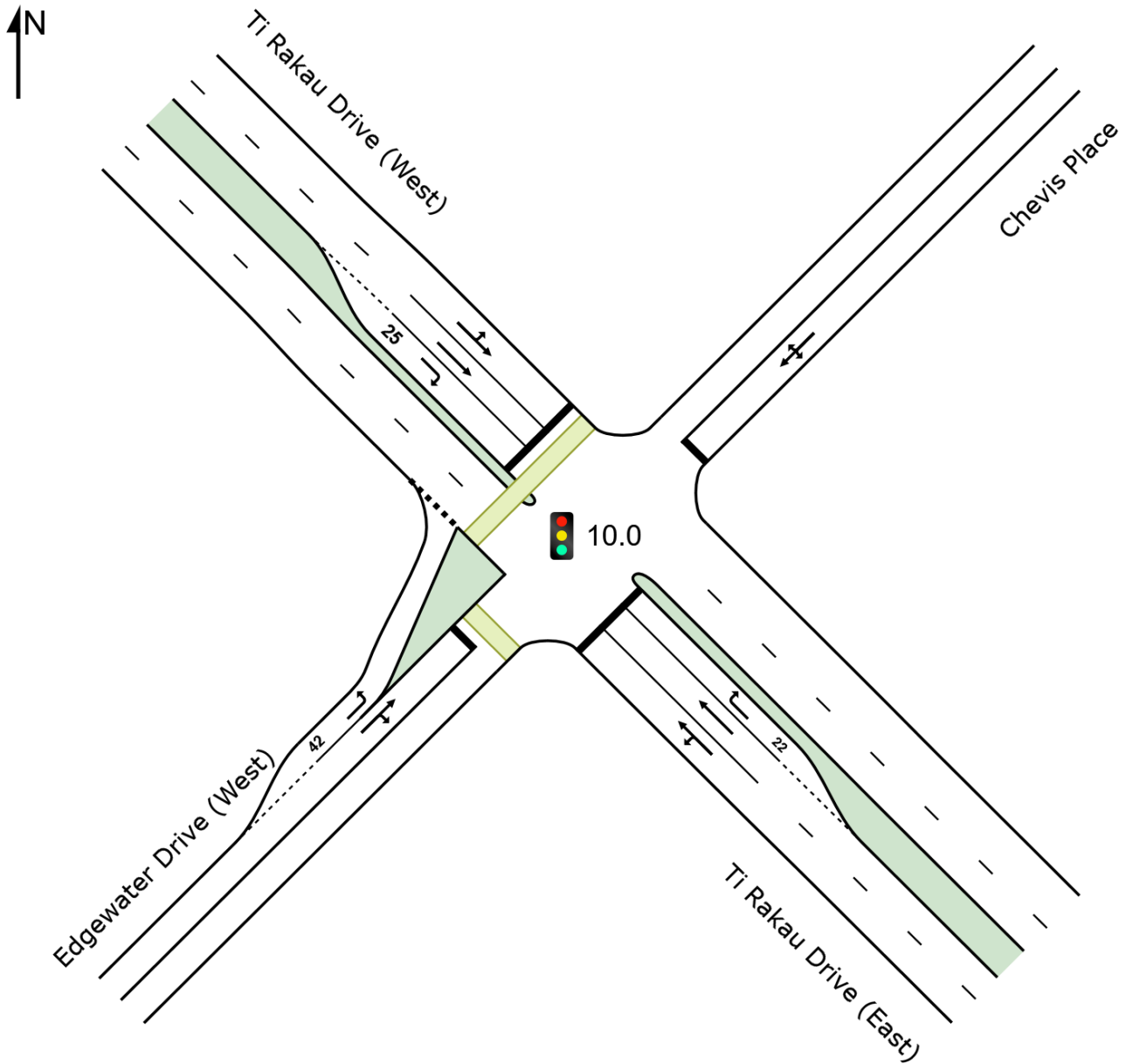


SITE LAYOUT

Site: 10.0 [10.0 Edgewater Dr (West) / Chevis Pl (Site Folder: General)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 10.0 [10.0 Edgewater Dr (West) / Chevis Pl (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: AM)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 90 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

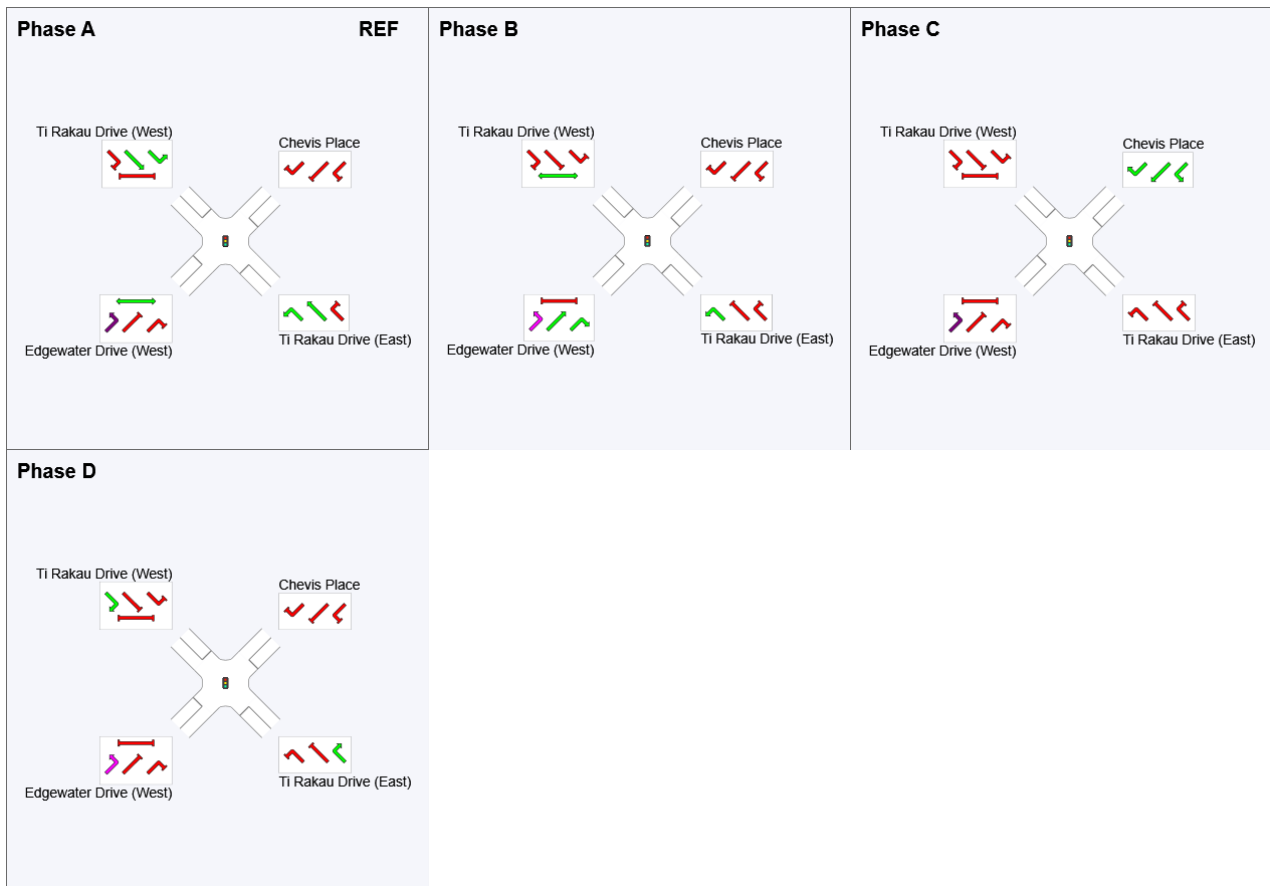
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	46	66	78
Green Time (sec)	40	14	6	6
Phase Time (sec)	46	20	12	12
Phase Split	51%	22%	13%	13%













See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 10.0 [10.0 Edgewater Dr (West) / Chevis Pl (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: PM)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 100 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

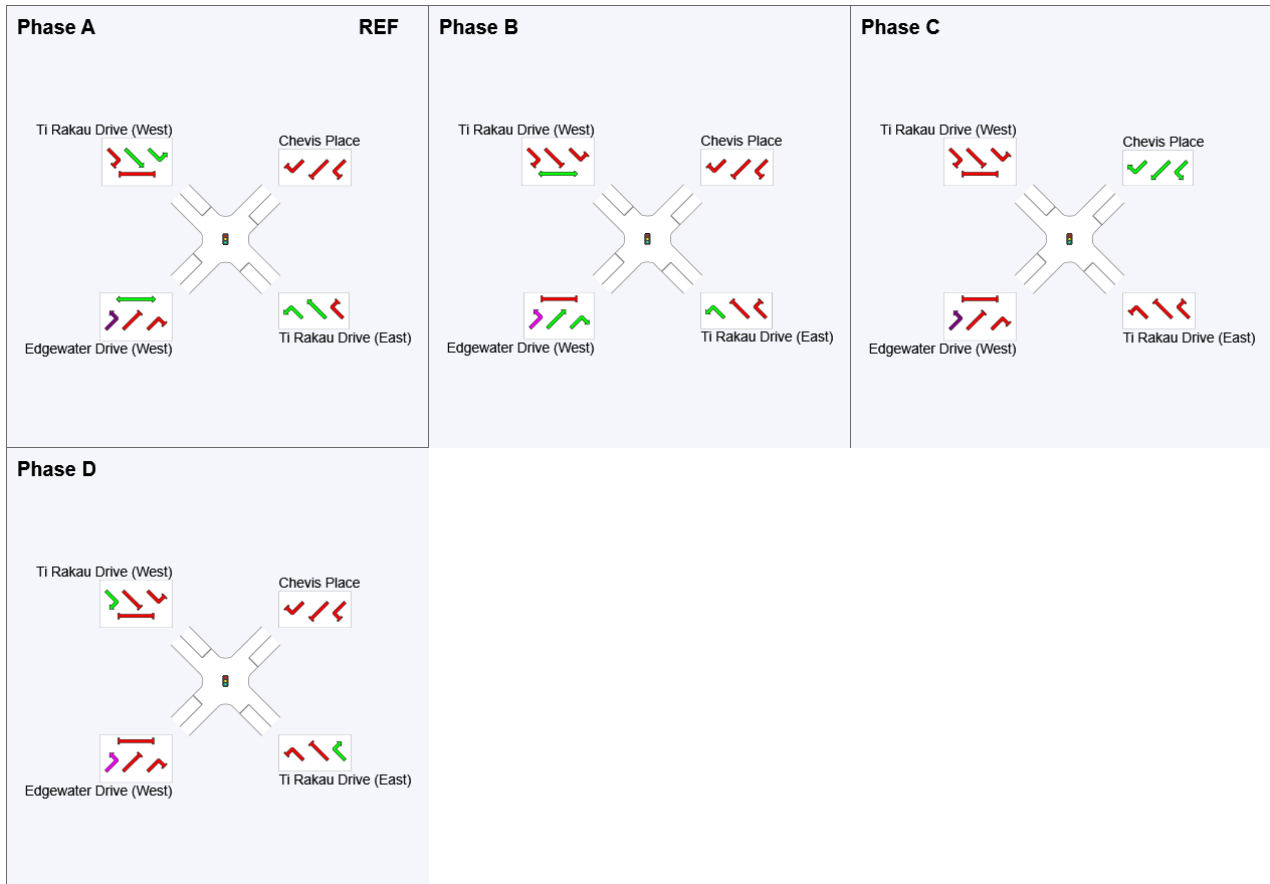
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	55	76	88
Green Time (sec)	49	15	6	6
Phase Time (sec)	55	21	12	12
Phase Split	55%	21%	12%	12%













See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

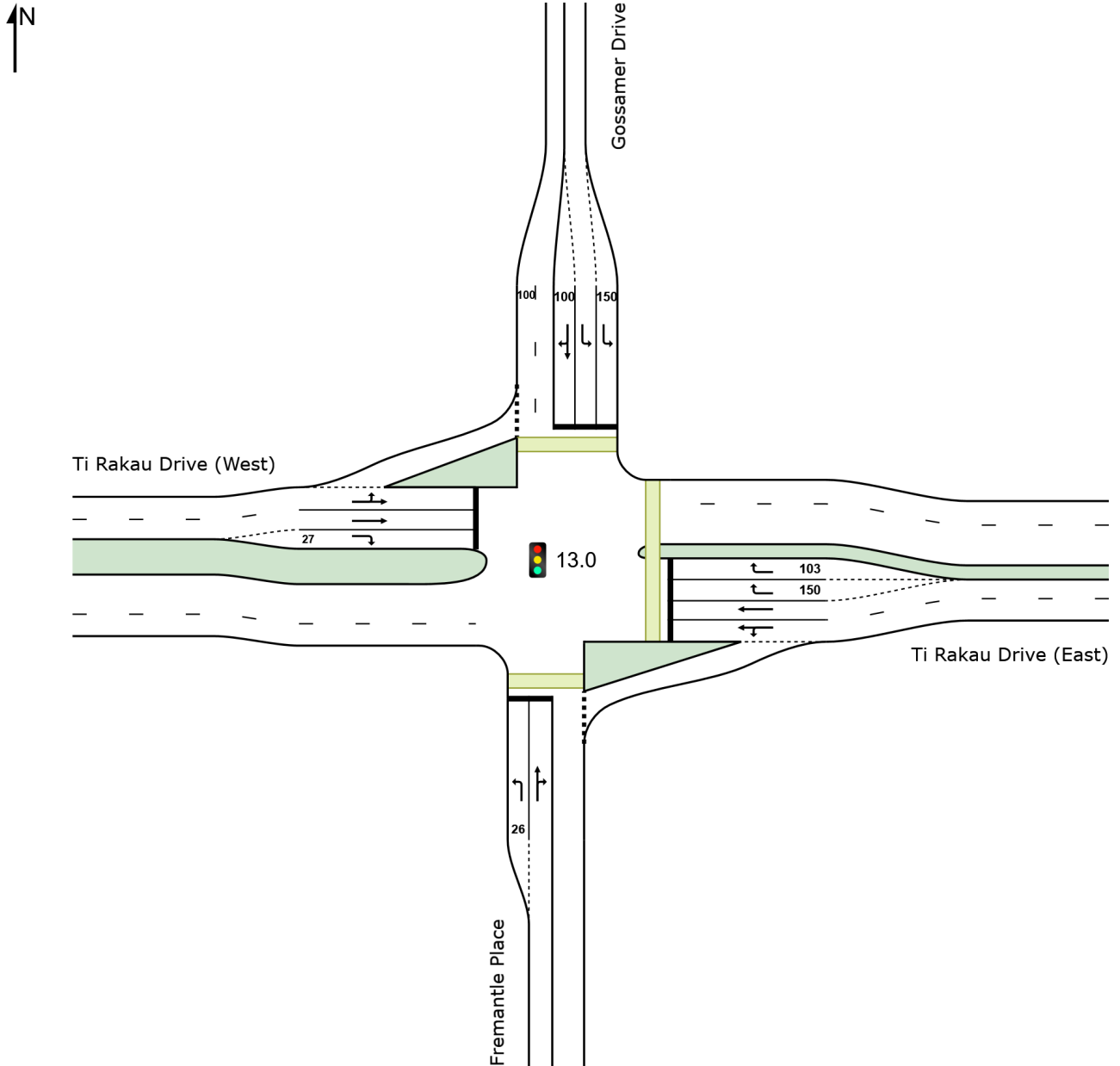
	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

SITE LAYOUT

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr Mitigation 2 (Site Folder: General)]

Scheme Design
Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr Mitigation 2 (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: AM)]

Scheme Design

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 110 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Green Split Priority has been specified

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E

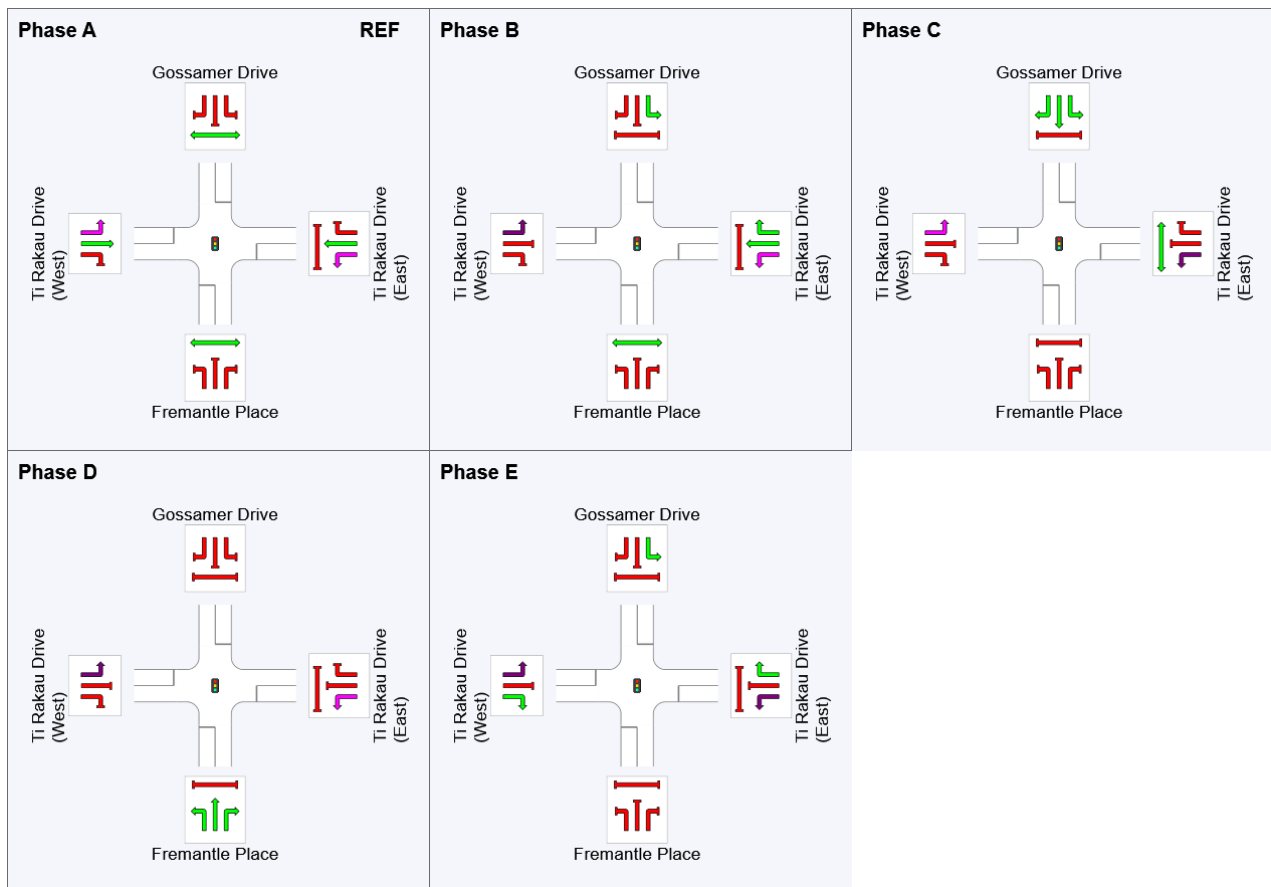
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D	E
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	39	56	81	93
Green Time (sec)	33	11	19	6	11
Phase Time (sec)	39	17	25	12	17
Phase Split	35%	15%	23%	11%	15%












See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr Mitigation 2 (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: PM)]

Scheme Design

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 154 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E

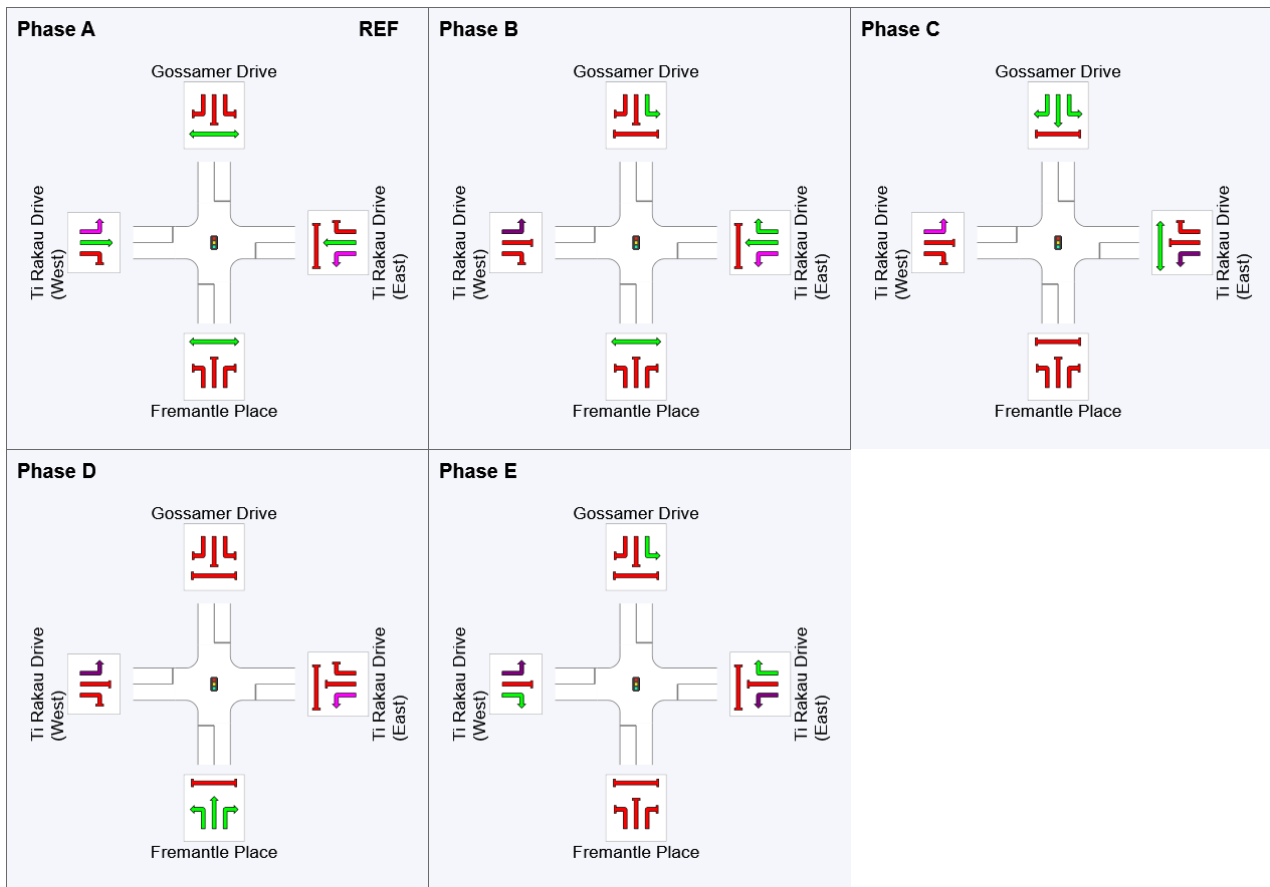
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D	E
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	50	90	119	134
Green Time (sec)	44	34	23	10	14
Phase Time (sec)	50	40	28	16	20
Phase Split	32%	26%	18%	10%	13%













See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

Appendix E

Construction Scenario 1 – Lane performance Summaries

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Rd (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: AM)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 130 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh]	[Dist]		m	%	%
South: Ti Rakau Drive															
Lane 1	618	9.4	574	9.4	878 ¹	0.655	100	13.3	LOS B	19.4	146.7	Full	130	0.0	15.9
Lane 2 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	78	0.218	100	73.9	LOS E	1.1	14.4	Short	16	0.0	NA
Lane 3	221	3.6	205	3.6	319	0.644	100	59.0	LOS E	12.3	88.7	Full	130	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	199	3.6	185	3.6	288 ¹	0.644	100	58.3	LOS E	11.0	79.0	Full	130	0.0	0.0
Lane 5	199	3.6	185	3.6	288 ¹	0.644	100	58.3	LOS E	11.0	79.0	Short	40	0.0	NA
Approach	1254	7.7	1167 ^{N1}	7.8		0.655		36.5	LOS D	19.4	146.7				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	1114	5.0	1100	5.0	1221	0.900	100	30.9	LOS C	25.3 ^{N4}	184.4 ^{N4}	Full	113	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	552	6.0	545	6.0	862	0.632	100	28.3	LOS C	25.1 ^{N4}	184.4 ^{N4}	Full	113	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	530	6.0	523	6.0	828 ¹	0.632	100	27.8	LOS C	24.5	180.5	Full	113	0.0	48.0
Lane 4 (B)	25	100.0	25	100.0	73	0.340	100	69.7	LOS E	1.6	21.4	Short	101	0.0	NA
Approach	2221	6.6	2193 ^{N1}	6.5		0.900		30.0	LOS C	25.3	184.4				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1 (B)	24	100.0	24	100.0	52	0.460	100	72.1	LOS E	1.6	20.9	Full	388	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	259	8.1	259	8.1	978	0.264	100	17.6	LOS B	8.8	65.7	Short	141	0.0	NA
Lane 3	259	8.1	259	8.1	978	0.264	100	17.6	LOS B	8.8	65.7	Full	388	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	259	8.1	259	8.1	978	0.264	100	17.6	LOS B	8.8	65.7	Full	388	0.0	0.0
Lane 5	192	15.9	192	15.9	217	0.885	100	78.6	LOS E	13.8	109.9	Short	178	0.0	NA
Lane 6	192	15.9	192	15.9	217	0.885	100	78.6	LOS E	13.8	109.9	Short	105	0.0	NA
Approach	1184	12.5	1184	12.5		0.885		38.5	LOS D	13.8	109.9				
Intersection	4659	8.4	4543 ^{N1}	8.6		0.900		33.9	LOS C	25.3	184.4				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: Ti Rakau Drive										
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	W	E								
Lane 1	574	-	574	9.4	878 ¹	0.655	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	17	-	17	100.0	78	0.218	100	0.0	1	

Lane 3	-	205	205	3.6	319	0.644	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	185	185	3.6	288 ¹	0.644	100	NA	NA
Lane 5	-	185	185	3.6	288 ¹	0.644	100	68.2	4
Approach	591	575	1167	7.8		0.655			
East: Pakuranga Road (East)									
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	1100	-	1100	5.0	1221	0.900	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	545	545	6.0	862	0.632	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	523	523	6.0	828 ¹	0.632	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	25	25	100.0	73	0.340	100	0.0	3
Approach	1100	1093	2193	6.5		0.900			
West: Pakuranga Road (West)									
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	9	15	24	100.0	52	0.460	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	259	-	259	8.1	978	0.264	100	0.0	3
Lane 3	259	-	259	8.1	978	0.264	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	259	-	259	8.1	978	0.264	100	NA	NA
Lane 5	-	192	192	15.9	217	0.885	100	0.0	4
Lane 6	-	192	192	15.9	217	0.885	100	9.1	5
Approach	785	399	1184	12.5		0.885			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	4543	8.6		0.900					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate % veh/h	Critical Gap pcu/h	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3										Merge Analysis not applied.
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Rd (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: PM)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 70 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist] m		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
South: Ti Rakau Drive															
Lane 1	624	6.4	592	6.4	1121 ¹	0.528	100	7.8	LOS A	7.2	53.3	Full	130	0.0	0.0
Lane 2 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	145	0.090	100	39.0	LOS D	0.4	5.7	Short	16	0.0	NA
Lane 3	362	6.7	343	6.7	403	0.852	100	40.7	LOS D	13.4	99.5	Full	130	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	333	6.7	316	6.7	371 ¹	0.852	100	40.5	LOS D	12.3	90.7	Full	130	0.0	0.0
Lane 5	333	6.7	316	6.7	371 ¹	0.852	100	40.5	LOS D	12.3	90.7	Short	40	0.0	NA
Approach	1665	7.3	1581 ^N ₁	7.4		0.852		28.3	LOS C	13.4	99.5				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	448	2.2	438	2.2	1013	0.432	100	15.4	LOS B	8.7	62.3	Full	113	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	385	8.2	376	8.2	447	0.841	100	34.3	LOS C	14.4	107.8	Full	113	0.0	0.7
Lane 3	385	8.2	376	8.2	447	0.841	100	34.3	LOS C	14.4	107.8	Full	113	0.0	0.7
Lane 4 (B)	11	100.0	11	100.0	102	0.107	100	36.2	LOS D	0.4	4.9	Short	101	0.0	NA
Approach	1229	6.8	1201 ^N ₁	6.9		0.841		27.4	LOS C	14.4	107.8				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1 (B)	42	100.0	42	100.0	98	0.429	100	35.8	LOS D	1.4	18.7	Full	388	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	419	8.0	419	8.0	474	0.883	100	38.0	LOS D	17.2	128.6	Short	141	0.0	NA
Lane 3	419	8.0	419	8.0	474	0.883	100	38.0	LOS D	17.2	128.6	Full	388	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	419	8.0	419	8.0	474	0.883	100	38.0	LOS D	17.2	128.6	Full	388	0.0	0.0
Lane 5	157	3.5	157	3.5	180	0.871	100	48.3	LOS D	6.4	45.9	Short	178	0.0	NA
Lane 6	157	3.5	157	3.5	180	0.871	100	48.3	LOS D	6.4	45.9	Short	105	0.0	NA
Approach	1613	9.5	1613	9.5		0.883		40.0	LOS D	17.2	128.6				
Intersection	4507	8.0	4396 ^N ₁	8.2		0.883		32.3	LOS C	17.2	128.6				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: Ti Rakau Drive										
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	592	-	592	6.4	1121 ¹	0.528	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	13	-	13	100.0	145	0.090	100	0.0	1	
Lane 3	-	343	343	6.7	403	0.852	100	NA	NA	

Lane 4	-	316	316	6.7	371 ¹	0.852	100	NA	NA
Lane 5	-	316	316	6.7	371 ¹	0.852	100	81.5	4
Approach	605	976	1581	7.4		0.852			
East: Pakuranga Road (East)									
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	S	W							
Lane 1	438	-	438	2.2	1013	0.432	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	376	376	8.2	447	0.841	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	376	376	8.2	447	0.841	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	11	11	100.0	102	0.107	100	0.0	3
Approach	438	763	1201	6.9		0.841			
West: Pakuranga Road (West)									
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	E	S							
Lane 1	21	21	42	100.0	98	0.429	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	419	-	419	8.0	474	0.883	100	0.0	3
Lane 3	419	-	419	8.0	474	0.883	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	419	-	419	8.0	474	0.883	100	NA	NA
Lane 5	-	157	157	3.5	180	0.871	100	0.0	4
Lane 6	-	157	157	3.5	180	0.871	100	0.0	5
Approach	1278	335	1613	9.5		0.883			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	4396	8.2		0.883					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate % veh/h	Critical Gap pcu/h	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3										Merge Analysis not applied.
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 1.3 [1.3 Mall/ Pakuranga Rd WR Closure (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: AM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total]	[HV]	[Total]	[HV]						[Veh]	[Dist]				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	764	8.5	764	8.5	1966	0.389	100	0.6	LOS A	9.4 ^{N5}	70.8 ^{N5}	Full	152	0.0	16.0
Lane 2	736	5.5	736	5.5	1893	0.389	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	152	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	736	5.5	736	5.5	1893	0.389	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	152	0.0	0.0
Approach	2237	6.5	2237	6.5		0.389		0.2	NA	9.4	70.8				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1	183	6.8	180	6.9	1798	0.100	31 ⁶	1.4	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	108	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	592	6.8	580	6.9	1789	0.324	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	108	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	608	6.8	596	6.9	1837	0.324	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	108	0.0	0.0
Approach	1384	6.8	1356 ^{N1}	6.9		0.324		0.2	NA	0.0	0.0				
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza															
Lane 1	25	8.0	25	8.0	266	0.094	100	4.9	LOS A	0.3 ^{N5}	2.6 ^{N5}	Full	196	49.9 ^{N7}	10.8
Approach	25	8.0	25	8.0		0.094		4.9	LOS A	0.3	2.6				
Intersection	3646	6.6	3618 ^{N1}	6.7		0.389		0.3	NA	9.4	70.8				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

⁶ Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N5} Continuous Lane results determined by Back of Queue values of downstream lanes (proportional to lane movement flows).

^{N7} The capacity reduction has been determined from the queue blockage probability of a Site further downstream due to intermediate continuous lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										
Mov.	L1	T1	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From E					veh/h	Satn	Util.	SL	Lane	
To Exit:	SW	W				v/c	%	Ov.	No.	
Lane 1	74	690	764	8.5	1966	0.389	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	736	736	5.5	1893	0.389	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	736	736	5.5	1893	0.389	100	NA	NA	
Approach	74	2163	2237	6.5		0.389				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov.	T1	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	Ov.	
From W				veh/h	Satn	Util.	SL	Lane	Lane	
To Exit:	E				v/c	%	%	No.	No.	

Lane 1	180	180	6.9	1798	0.100	31 ⁶	NA	NA
Lane 2	580	580	6.9	1789	0.324	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	596	596	6.9	1837	0.324	100	NA	NA
Approach	1356	1356	6.9		0.324			
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza								
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L3	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	W							
Lane 1	25	25	8.0	266	0.094	100	NA	NA
Approach	25	25	8.0		0.094			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)								
Intersection	3618	6.7	0.389					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

⁶ Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)												
Merge Type: Priority												
Exit Short Lane	1	52	0.0	580	600	3.00	2.00	180	1180	0.152	1.1	1.4
Merge Lane	2	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				580	1800	0.322	0.0	0.0
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga Plaza												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 1.3 [1.3 Mall/ Pakuranga Rd WR Closure (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: PM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist m]				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	439	8.0	439	8.0	1973	0.222	100	0.4	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Short	52	0.0	NA
Lane 2	420	5.9	420	5.9	1887	0.222	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	152	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	420	5.9	420	5.9	1887	0.222	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	152	0.0	0.0
Approach	1278	6.7	1278	6.7		0.222		0.2	NA	0.0	0.0				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1	765	8.2	754	8.3	1783	0.423	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	108	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	760	8.2	749	8.3	1774	0.423	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	108	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	781	8.2	770	8.3	1822	0.423	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	108	0.0	0.0
Approach	2306	8.2	2273 ^N ₁	8.3		0.423		0.0	NA	0.0	0.0				
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza															
Lane 1	38	2.6	38	2.6	849	0.045	100	2.0	LOS A	0.2	1.1	Full	196	0.0	0.0
Approach	38	2.6	38	2.6		0.045		2.0	LOS A	0.2	1.1				
Intersection	3622	7.6	3589 ^N ₁	7.7		0.423		0.1	NA	0.2	1.1				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

N1 Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L1 SW	T1 W	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	33	406	439	8.0	1973	0.222	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	420	420	5.9	1887	0.222	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	420	420	5.9	1887	0.222	100	NA	NA	
Approach	33	1245	1278	6.7		0.222				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1 E	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	754	754	8.3	1783	0.423	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	749	749	8.3	1774	0.423	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	770	770	8.3	1822	0.423	100	NA	NA		

Approach	2273	2273	8.3		0.423				
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza									
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L3	Total	%HV		Deg. Satn veh/h	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	W								
Lane 1	38	38	2.6		849	0.045	100	NA	NA
Approach	38	38	2.6			0.045			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	3589	7.7				0.423			

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										
Full Length Lane	2										
Full Length Lane	3										
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										
Full Length Lane	2										
Full Length Lane	3										
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga Plaza											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 5.3 [5.3 Reeves Rd/ Aylesbury St (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: AM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV]		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV]		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist]		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	veh/h	v/c	%	sec					m	%	%
East: Reeves Rd (North)															
Lane 1	32	3.1	32	3.1	1969	0.016	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	55	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	51	5.9	51	5.9	1719	0.029	100	4.4	LOS A	0.1	1.0	Short	53	0.0	NA
Approach	83	4.8	82 ^{N1}	4.8		0.029		2.7	NA	0.1	1.0				
North: Aylesbury St															
Lane 1	20	0.0	20	0.0	1296	0.015	100	0.4	LOS A	0.1	0.4	Full	193	0.0	0.0
Approach	20	0.0	20	0.0		0.015		0.4	LOS A	0.1	0.4				
West: Reeves Rd (South)															
Lane 1	20	0.0	20	0.0	1991	0.010	100	2.2	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	20	0.0	20	0.0		0.010		2.2	NA	0.0	0.0				
Intersection	123	3.3	122 ^{N1}	3.3		0.029		2.2	NA	0.1	1.0				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

N1 Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Reeves Rd (North)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	W	N								
Lane 1	32	-	32	3.1	1969	0.016	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	51	51	5.9	1719	0.029	100	0.0	1	
Approach	32	51	82	4.8		0.029				
North: Aylesbury St										
Mov. From N To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	E	W								
Lane 1	10	10	20	0.0	1296	0.015	100	NA	NA	
Approach	10	10	20	0.0		0.015				
West: Reeves Rd (South)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	N	E								
Lane 1	10	10	20	0.0	1991	0.010	100	NA	NA	

Approach	10	10	20	0.0	0.010
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)					
Intersection	122	3.3	0.029		

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
East Exit: Reeves Rd (North)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
North Exit: Aylesbury St												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
West Exit: Reeves Rd (South)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 5.3 [5.3 Reeves Rd/ Aylesbury St (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: PM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV]		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV]		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist]		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	veh/h	v/c	%	sec					m	%	%
East: Reeves Rd (North)															
Lane 1	24	4.2	24	4.2	1955	0.012	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	55	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	20	5.0	20	5.1	1717	0.012	100	4.4	LOS A	0.1	0.4	Short	53	0.0	NA
Approach	44	4.5	43 ^{N1}	4.6		0.012		2.0	NA	0.1	0.4				
North: Aylesbury St															
Lane 1	53	1.9	53	1.9	1477	0.036	100	0.2	LOS A	0.1	1.0	Full	193	0.0	0.0
Approach	53	1.9	53	1.9		0.036		0.2	LOS A	0.1	1.0				
West: Reeves Rd (South)															
Lane 1	26	0.0	26	0.0	2003	0.013	100	1.7	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	26	0.0	26	0.0		0.013		1.7	NA	0.0	0.0				
Intersection	123	2.4	122 ^{N1}	2.5		0.036		1.1	NA	0.1	1.0				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Reeves Rd (North)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	W	N								
Lane 1	24	-	24	4.2	1955	0.012	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	20	20	5.1	1717	0.012	100	0.0	1	
Approach	24	20	43	4.6		0.012				
North: Aylesbury St										
Mov. From N To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	E	W								
Lane 1	43	10	53	1.9	1477	0.036	100	NA	NA	
Approach	43	10	53	1.9		0.036				
West: Reeves Rd (South)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	N	E								
Lane 1	10	16	26	0.0	2003	0.013	100	NA	NA	

Approach	10	16	26	0.0	0.013
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)					
Intersection	122	2.5		0.036	

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
East Exit: Reeves Rd (North) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
North Exit: Aylesbury St Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
West Exit: Reeves Rd (South) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 5.4 [5.4 Reeves Rd / William Roberts Rd WR Closure C
(Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network
Folder: AM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE	OF Dist	Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh]	[Dist] m		m	%	%
South: William Roberts Rd (South)															
Lane 1	166	7.9	163	8.0	1112	0.146	100	2.9	LOS A	0.5	4.1	Full	243	0.0	0.0
Approach	166	7.9	163 ^{N1}	8.0		0.146		2.9	LOS A	0.5	4.1				
East: Reeves Rd (East)															
Lane 1	320	7.8	320	7.8	1741	0.184	100	4.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	266	0.0	0.0
Approach	320	7.8	320	7.8		0.184		4.1	NA	0.0	0.0				
West: Reeves Rd (West)															
Lane 1	11	0.0	11	0.0	1960	0.005	100	2.7	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	55	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	11	0.0	11	0.0	775	0.014	100	6.2	LOS A	0.0	0.3	Short	13	0.0	NA
Approach	21	0.0	21	0.0		0.014		4.5	LOS A	0.0	0.3				
Intersection	506	7.5	504 ^{N1}	7.6		0.184		3.8	NA	0.5	4.1				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: William Roberts Rd (South)										
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	W	E								
Lane 1	51	112	163	8.0	1112	0.146	100	NA	NA	
Approach	51	112	163	8.0		0.146				
East: Reeves Rd (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	S	W								
Lane 1	284	36	320	7.8	1741	0.184	100	NA	NA	
Approach	284	36	320	7.8		0.184				
West: Reeves Rd (West)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	E	S								
Lane 1	11	-	11	0.0	1960	0.005	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	11	11	0.0	775	0.014	100	0.0	1	

Approach	11	11	21	0.0	0.014
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)					
Intersection	504	7.6		0.184	

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: William Roberts Rd (South) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
East Exit: Reeves Rd (East) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
West Exit: Reeves Rd (West) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 5.4 [5.4 Reeves Rd / William Roberts Rd WR Closure C
(Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network
Folder: PM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	Dist]		m	%	%
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%											
South: William Roberts Rd (South)															
Lane 1	234	4.7	228	4.8	1052	0.216	100	3.1	LOS A	0.8	6.0	Full	243	0.0	0.0
Approach	234	4.7	228 ^{N1}	4.8		0.216		3.1	LOS A	0.8	6.0				
East: Reeves Rd (East)															
Lane 1	277	8.7	277	8.7	1728	0.160	100	4.3	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	266	0.0	0.0
Approach	277	8.7	277	8.7		0.160		4.3	NA	0.0	0.0				
West: Reeves Rd (West)															
Lane 1	36	2.9	36	2.9	1923	0.019	100	2.7	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	55	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	27	3.8	27	3.8	729	0.038	100	6.6	LOS A	0.1	0.9	Short	13	0.0	NA
Approach	63	3.3	63	3.3		0.038		4.4	LOS A	0.1	0.9				
Intersection	574	6.5	568 ^{N1}	6.5		0.216		3.9	NA	0.8	6.0				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: William Roberts Rd (South)										
Mov.	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Prob. Ov.	Ov. Lane No.
From S To Exit:	W	E			veh/h	v/c	%	%		
Lane 1	24	204	228	4.8	1052	0.216	100	NA	NA	
Approach	24	204	228	4.8		0.216				
East: Reeves Rd (East)										
Mov.	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Prob. Ov.	Ov. Lane No.
From E To Exit:	S	W			veh/h	v/c	%	%		
Lane 1	256	21	277	8.7	1728	0.160	100	NA	NA	
Approach	256	21	277	8.7		0.160				
West: Reeves Rd (West)										
Mov.	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Prob. Ov.	Ov. Lane No.
From W To Exit:	E	S			veh/h	v/c	%	%		
Lane 1	36	-	36	2.9	1923	0.019	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	27	27	3.8	729	0.038	100	0.0	1	

Approach	36	27	63	3.3	0.038
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)					
Intersection	568	6.5	0.216		

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: William Roberts Rd (South) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
East Exit: Reeves Rd (East) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
West Exit: Reeves Rd (West) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 7.1 [7.1 William Roberts Rd / Cortina PI WR Closure
(Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: AM)]

Scheme Design
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	[HV %	[Total veh/h	[HV %						[Veh	[Dist] m				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)															
Lane 1	319	9.4	319	9.4	1216	0.262	100	0.2	LOS A	0.2	1.2	Full	243	-32.5 ^{N3}	0.0
Approach	319	9.4	319	9.4		0.262		0.2	NA	0.2	1.2				
NorthWest: Cortina Place															
Lane 1	30	6.7	30	6.7	764	0.039	100	3.7	LOS A	0.1	0.8	Full	177	-21.3 ^{N3}	0.0
Approach	30	6.7	30	6.7		0.039		3.7	LOS A	0.1	0.8				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)															
Lane 1	204	6.9	200	6.9	1798	0.111	100	0.4	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	204	6.9	200 ^{N1}	6.9		0.111		0.4	NA	0.0	0.0				
Intersection	553	8.3	549 ^{N1}	8.4		0.262		0.5	NA	0.2	1.2				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N3} Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)										
Mov. From NE To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	303	16	319	9.4	1216	0.262	100	NA	NA	
Approach	303	16	319	9.4		0.262				
NorthWest: Cortina Place										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NE	SW								
Lane 1	14	16	30	6.7	764	0.039	100	NA	NA	
Approach	14	16	30	6.7		0.039				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NW	NE								
Lane 1	42	158	200	6.9	1798	0.111	100	NA	NA	
Approach	42	158	200	6.9		0.111				

	Total	%HV	Deg.Satn (v/c)
Intersection	549	8.4	0.262

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road (North) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Cortina Place Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: William Roberts Road (South) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 7.1 [7.1 William Roberts Rd / Cortina PI WR Closure
(Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: PM)]

Scheme Design
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	Dist]		m	%	%
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)															
Lane 1	288	8.7	288	8.7	1351	0.213	100	0.3	LOS A	0.2	1.3	Full	243	-24.7 ^{N3}	0.0
Approach	288	8.7	288	8.7		0.213		0.3	NA	0.2	1.3				
NorthWest: Cortina Place															
Lane 1	59	6.8	59	6.8	698	0.085	100	4.2	LOS A	0.2	1.8	Full	177	-19.6 ^{N3}	0.0
Approach	59	6.8	59	6.8		0.085		4.2	LOS A	0.2	1.8				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)															
Lane 1	250	4.8	242	4.9	1830	0.132	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	250	4.8	242 ^{N1}	4.9		0.132		0.2	NA	0.0	0.0				
Intersection	597	6.9	589 ^{N1}	7.0		0.213		0.7	NA	0.2	1.8				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N3} Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)										
Mov.	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov.	Ov. Lane
From NE					Cap.	v/c	%	%		No.
To Exit:	SW	NW			veh/h					
Lane 1	269	19	288	8.7	1351	0.213	100	NA	NA	
Approach	269	19	288	8.7		0.213				
NorthWest: Cortina Place										
Mov.	L2	R2	Total	%HV		Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov.	Ov. Lane
From NW					Cap.	v/c	%	%		No.
To Exit:	NE	SW			veh/h					
Lane 1	18	41	59	6.8	698	0.085	100	NA	NA	
Approach	18	41	59	6.8		0.085				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)										
Mov.	L2	T1	Total	%HV		Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov.	Ov. Lane
From SW					Cap.	v/c	%	%		No.
To Exit:	NW	NE			veh/h					
Lane 1	27	215	242	4.9	1830	0.132	100	NA	NA	
Approach	27	215	242	4.9		0.132				

	Total	%HV	Deg.Satn (v/c)
Intersection	589	7.0	0.213

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road (North) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Cortina Place Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: William Roberts Road (South) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 2.0 [2.0 Aylesbury St North/Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: AM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total]	[HV]	[Total]	[HV]						[Veh]	[Dist]				
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	363	7.8	339	7.9	1503	0.225	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	63	-15.9 ^{N3}	0.0
Lane 2	439	7.8	409	7.9	1816	0.225	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	63	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	441	7.8	411	7.9	1826	0.225	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	63	0.0	0.0
Approach	1244	7.8	1159 ^{N1}	7.9		0.225		0.0	NA	0.0	0.0				
East: Aylesbury Street															
Lane 1	14	7.1	14	7.1	724	0.019	100	3.2	LOS A	0.1	0.6	Full	28	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	10	0.0	10	0.0	6	1.667	100	1303.7	LOS F	6.4	44.7	Full	28	0.0	21.2
Approach	24	4.2	24	4.2		1.667		545.0	LOS F	6.4	44.7				
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	595	8.6	589	8.6	1795	0.328	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	130	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	449	8.7	444	8.7	1354	0.328	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	130	-24.6 ^{N7}	0.0
Lane 3	474	8.7	469	8.7	1429	0.328	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Short	55	-22.5 ^{N7}	NA
Approach	1517	8.7	1503 ^{N1}	8.7		0.328		0.1	NA	0.0	0.0				
Intersection	2785	8.3	2686 ^{N1}	8.6		1.667		4.9	NA	6.4	44.7				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

N1 Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

N3 Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

N7 The capacity reduction has been determined from the queue blockage probability of a Site further downstream due to intermediate continuous lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)									
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)									
Mov. From S To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	N								
Lane 1	339	339	7.9	1503	0.225	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	409	409	7.9	1816	0.225	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	411	411	7.9	1826	0.225	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1159	1159	7.9		0.225				
East: Aylesbury Street									
Mov. From E	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.

To Exit:	S	N			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	14	-	14	7.1	724	0.019	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	10	10	0.0	6	1.667	100	NA	NA
Approach	14	10	24	4.2		1.667			
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)									
Mov.	L2	T1	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.
From N					Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL	Lane
To Exit:	E	S			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	19	570	589	8.6	1795	0.328	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	444	444	8.7	1354	0.328	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	469	469	8.7	1429	0.328	100	0.0	2
Approach	19	1484	1503	8.7		0.328			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	2686	8.6		1.667					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
Full Length Lane	3											
East Exit: Aylesbury Street												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
North Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Priority												
Exit Short Lane	4	20	0.0	411	428	3.00	2.00	6	1362	0.004	0.7	0.7
Merge Lane	3	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				411	1800	0.229	0.0	0.0

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 2.0 [2.0 Aylesbury St North/Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: PM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist]				
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	537	7.3	513	7.3	1794	0.286	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	63	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	545	7.3	521	7.3	1823	0.286	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	63	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	548	7.3	524	7.3	1832	0.286	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	63	0.0	0.0
Approach	1630	7.3	1558 ^{N1}	7.3		0.286		0.0	NA	0.0	0.0				
East: Aylesbury Street															
Lane 1	36	5.6	36	5.6	1047	0.034	100	1.0	LOS A	0.1	1.0	Full	28	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	20	5.0	20	5.0	7	2.913	100	2137.3	LOS F	15.0	109.8	Full	28	0.0	100.0
Approach	56	5.4	56	5.4		2.913		764.0	LOS F	15.0	109.8				
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	253	5.5	249	5.5	1830	0.136	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	130	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	253	5.7	250	5.7	1831	0.136	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	130	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	260	5.7	256	5.7	1880	0.136	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Short	55	0.0	NA
Approach	765	5.6	755 ^{N1}	5.7		0.136		0.1	NA	0.0	0.0				
Intersection	2451	6.7	2369 ^{N1}	7.0		2.913		18.1	NA	15.0	109.8				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From S To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV		Deg. Cap.	Lane Satn	Prob. Util.	SL Ov.	Ov. Lane No.	
	N				veh/h	v/c	%	%		
Lane 1	513	513	7.3		1794	0.286	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	521	521	7.3		1823	0.286	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	524	524	7.3		1832	0.286	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1558	1558	7.3			0.286				
East: Aylesbury Street										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Deg. Cap.	Lane Satn	Prob. Util.	SL Ov.	Ov. Lane No.	
	S	N			veh/h	v/c	%	%		
Lane 1	36	-	36	5.6	1047	0.034	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	20	20	5.0	7	2.913	100	NA	NA	

Approach	36	20	56	5.4	2.913				
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)									
Mov. From N To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Deg. Cap. veh/h	Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.
	E	S							
Lane 1	10	240	249	5.5	1830	0.136	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	250	250	5.7	1831	0.136	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	256	256	5.7	1880	0.136	100	0.0	2
Approach	10	745	755	5.7	0.136				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	2369	7.0	2.913						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
East Exit: Aylesbury Street												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
North Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Priority												
Exit Short Lane	4	20	0.0	524	543	3.00	2.00	7	1241	0.006	0.9	1.0
Merge Lane	3	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				524	1800	0.291	0.0	0.0

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Aylesbury St South/ Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: AM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV]		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV]		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist]		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	veh/h	v/c	%	sec			m		m	%	%
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	402	7.8	390	7.7	1779	0.219	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	84	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	410	7.8	399	7.7	1818	0.219	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	84	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	403	7.8	391	7.7	1784	0.219	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	84	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	20	5.0	19	4.9	100	0.195	100	40.0	LOS E	0.5	3.4	Short	21	0.0	NA
Approach	1235	7.8	1200 ^{N1}	7.7		0.219		0.7	NA	0.5	3.4				
East: Aylesbury St															
Lane 1	12	0.0	12	0.0	681	0.018	100	2.0	LOS A	0.0	0.3	Full	93	-18.8 ^{N3}	0.0
Approach	12	0.0	12	0.0		0.018		2.0	LOS A	0.0	0.3				
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	451	8.6	434	8.6	1489	0.292	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	45	-18.4 ^{N3}	0.0
Lane 2	541	8.8	521	8.8	1787	0.292	100	0.0	LOS A	9.8 ^{N6}	73.4 ^{N6}	Full	45	0.0	50.0 ^{N6}
Lane 3	547	8.8	527	8.8	1806	0.292	100	0.0	LOS A	9.8 ^{N6}	73.4 ^{N6}	Full	45	0.0	50.0 ^{N6}
Approach	1540	8.7	1482 ^{N1}	8.8		0.292		0.0	NA	9.8	73.4				
Intersection	2787	8.3	2694 ^{N1}	8.5		0.292		0.3	NA	9.8	73.4				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N3} Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

^{N6} Continuous Lane results determined by Back of Queue values of downstream lanes (proportional to lane movement flows) but average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From S To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	N	E								
Lane 1	390	-	390	7.7	1779	0.219	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	399	-	399	7.7	1818	0.219	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	391	-	391	7.7	1784	0.219	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	19	19	4.9	100	0.195	100	0.0	3	
Approach	1181	19	1200	7.7		0.219				
East: Aylesbury St										
Mov.	L2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.		

From E To Exit:	S			Cap. veh/h	Satn v/c	Util. %	SL %	Ov. %	Lane No.
Lane 1	12	12	0.0	681	0.018	100	NA	NA	
Approach	12	12	0.0		0.018				
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)									
Mov. From N To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	10	425	434	8.6	1489	0.292	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	521	521	8.8	1787	0.292	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	527	527	8.8	1806	0.292	100	NA	NA
Approach	10	1472	1482	8.8		0.292			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	2694	8.5		0.292					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3											Merge Analysis not applied.
East Exit: Aylesbury St Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
North Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3											Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Aylesbury St South/ Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: PM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist m]				
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	536	7.3	524	7.3	1784	0.294	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	84	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	547	7.3	536	7.3	1823	0.294	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	84	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	538	7.3	526	7.3	1791	0.294	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	84	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	10	10.0	10	9.9	357	0.027	100	12.1	LOS B	0.1	0.5	Short	21	0.0	NA
Approach	1631	7.4	1596 ^{N1}	7.3		0.294		0.1	NA	0.1	0.5				
East: Aylesbury St															
Lane 1	40	10.0	40	10.0	982	0.041	100	1.1	LOS A	0.1	1.1	Full	93	0.0	0.0
Approach	40	10.0	40	10.0		0.041		1.1	LOS A	0.1	1.1				
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	267	5.8	255	5.9	1855	0.137	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	45	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	262	6.0	250	6.2	1817	0.137	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	45	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	264	6.0	252	6.2	1836	0.137	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	45	0.0	0.0
Approach	793	5.9	757 ^{N1}	6.1		0.137		0.1	NA	0.0	0.0				
Intersection	2464	6.9	2393 ^{N1}	7.1		0.294		0.1	NA	0.1	1.1				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From S To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	N	E								
Lane 1	524	-	524	7.3	1784	0.294	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	536	-	536	7.3	1823	0.294	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	526	-	526	7.3	1791	0.294	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	10	10	9.9	357	0.027	100	0.0	3	
Approach	1586	10	1596	7.3		0.294				
East: Aylesbury St										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
	S									
Lane 1	40	40	10.0	982	0.041	100	NA	NA		

Approach	40	40	10.0							0.041
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From N To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	E	S								
Lane 1	10	245	255	5.9	1855	0.137	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	250	250	6.2	1817	0.137	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	252	252	6.2	1836	0.137	100	NA	NA	
Approach	10	747	757	6.1		0.137				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2393	7.1		0.294						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate % veh/h	Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3											Merge Analysis not applied.
East Exit: Aylesbury St												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
North Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3											Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga HWY/ Reeves Rd Mitigation 1 C (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101 [Construction 1 (Network Folder: AM)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 65 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist m]				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	635	9.5	598	9.4	764 ¹	0.782	100	112.7	LOS F	15.2	115.0	Short	50	0.0	NA
Lane 2	635	9.5	598	9.4	764 ¹	0.782	100	19.2	LOS B	15.2	115.0	Full	90	0.0	27.3 ⁸
Lane 3	308	11.3	290	11.3	520	0.559	100	21.6	LOS C	8.0	61.6	Full	90	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	311	11.3	293	11.3	525	0.559	100	21.6	LOS C	8.1	62.3	Full	90	0.0	0.0
Approach	1889	10.1	1780 ^{N1}	10.0		0.782		51.4	LOS D	15.2	115.0				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	403	18.9	389	19.1	528	0.735	73 ⁵	24.2	LOS C	12.0	97.8	Full	84	0.0	18.8
Lane 2	577	5.2	555	5.2	554	1.002	100	75.9	LOS E	18.7 ^{N4}	137.1 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	562	5.2	541	5.2	540	1.002	100	76.2	LOS E	18.7 ^{N4}	137.1 ^{N4}	Full	84	0.0	50.0
Approach	1542	8.8	1484 ^{N1}	8.8		1.002		62.5	LOS E	18.7	137.1				
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY															
Lane 1	306	4.4	306	4.4	1053	0.291	100	14.9	LOS B	4.9	35.3	Short	308	0.0	NA
Lane 2	311	4.4	311	4.4	1069	0.291	100	14.9	LOS B	4.9	35.8	Short	132	0.0	NA
Lane 3	273	8.8	273	8.8	317	0.860	100	44.0	LOS D	10.2	77.0	Full	1650	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	276	8.8	276	8.8	321	0.860	100	43.9	LOS D	10.3	77.7	Full	1650	0.0	0.0
Lane 5	276	8.8	276	8.8	321	0.860	100	43.9	LOS D	10.3	77.7	Short	277	0.0	NA
Approach	1442	6.9	1442	6.9		0.860		31.5	LOS C	10.3	77.7				
Intersection	4873	8.7	4706 ^{N1}	9.1		1.002		48.8	LOS D	18.7	137.1				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

⁵ Lane under-utilisation found by the program

⁸ Probability of Blockage has been set on the basis of a queue that overflows from a short lane.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2		Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	598	-	598	9.4	764 ¹	0.782	100	82.9	2	
Lane 2	598	-	598	9.4	764 ¹	0.782	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	290	290	11.3	520	0.559	100	NA	NA	

Lane 4	-	293	293	11.3	525	0.559	100	NA	NA
Approach	1196	584	1780	10.0	0.782				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)									
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.
	SE	SW							
Lane 1	389	-	389	19.1	528	0.735	73 ⁵	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	555	555	5.2	554	1.002	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	541	541	5.2	540	1.002	100	NA	NA
Approach	389	1096	1484	8.8	1.002				
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY									
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.
	NW	SE							
Lane 1	306	-	306	4.4	1053	0.291	100	0.0	3
Lane 2	311	-	311	4.4	1069	0.291	100	0.0	3
Lane 3	-	273	273	8.8	317	0.860	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	276	276	8.8	321	0.860	100	NA	NA
Lane 5	-	276	276	8.8	321	0.860	100	0.0	4
Approach	617	825	1442	6.9	0.860				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	4706	9.1	1.002						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 5 Lane under-utilisation found by the program

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga HWY												
Merge Type: Priority												
Exit Short Lane	1	356	0.0	1152	1194	3.00	2.00	598	553	1.080	4.1	93.5
Merge Lane	2	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				1152	1800	0.640	0.0	0.0

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga HWY/ Reeves Rd Mitigation 1 C (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: PM)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]						[Veh	Dist]				
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	veh/h	v/c	%	sec			m		m	%	%
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	603	7.1	568	6.8	858	0.662	100	15.7	LOS B	8.8	65.3	Short	50	0.0	NA
Lane 2	603	7.1	568	6.8	858	0.662	100	13.2	LOS B	8.8	65.3	Full	90	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	313	7.9	295	7.8	363	0.812	100	21.5	LOS C	6.7	50.1	Full	90	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	316	7.9	298	7.8	367	0.812	100	21.5	LOS C	6.8	50.6	Full	90	0.0	0.0
Approach	1835	7.4	1728 ^{N1}	7.2		0.812		16.9	LOS B	8.8	65.3				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	280	5.5	268	5.7	372	0.719	100	18.8	LOS B	5.6	40.9	Full	84	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	283	5.6	271	5.8	376	0.719	100	19.1	LOS B	5.6	41.4	Full	84	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	259	7.6	248	7.6	345	0.719	100	23.5	LOS C	5.2	38.8	Full	84	0.0	0.0
Approach	822	6.2	786 ^{N1}	6.4		0.719		20.4	LOS C	5.6	41.4				
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY															
Lane 1	495	6.9	495	6.9	885	0.560	100	15.4	LOS B	6.9	51.4	Short	308	0.0	NA
Lane 2	503	6.9	503	6.9	899	0.560	100	15.4	LOS B	7.0	52.2	Short	132	0.0	NA
Lane 3	202	3.4	202	3.4	268	0.754	100	28.7	LOS C	4.4	32.0	Full	1650	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	204	3.4	204	3.4	270	0.754	100	28.6	LOS C	4.5	32.3	Full	1650	0.0	0.0
Lane 5	204	3.4	204	3.4	270	0.754	100	28.6	LOS C	4.5	32.3	Short	277	0.0	NA
Approach	1608	5.6	1608	5.6		0.754		20.4	LOS C	7.0	52.2				
Intersection	4265	6.5	4123 ^{N1}	6.7		0.812		18.9	LOS B	8.8	65.3				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

N1 Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov. Lane No.	Ov. Lane
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	568	-	568	6.8	858	0.662	100	29.3	2	
Lane 2	568	-	568	6.8	858	0.662	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	295	295	7.8	363	0.812	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	298	298	7.8	367	0.812	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1135	593	1728	7.2		0.812				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov. Lane	Ov. Lane

To Exit:	SE	SW			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	268	-	268	5.7	372	0.719	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	253	18	271	5.8	376	0.719	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	248	248	7.6	345	0.719	100	NA	NA
Approach	521	266	786	6.4		0.719			
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY									
Mov.	L2	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.
From SW					Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL Ov.	Lane
To Exit:	NW	SE			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	495	-	495	6.9	885	0.560	100	0.0	3
Lane 2	503	-	503	6.9	899	0.560	100	0.0	3
Lane 3	-	202	202	3.4	268	0.754	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	204	204	3.4	270	0.754	100	NA	NA
Lane 5	-	204	204	3.4	270	0.754	100	0.0	4
Approach	998	610	1608	5.6		0.754			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	4123	6.7		0.812					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis													
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec		
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)													
Merge Type: Not Applied													
	Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
	Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
	Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)													
Merge Type: Not Applied													
	Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
	Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
	Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga HWY													
Merge Type: Priority													
	Exit Short Lane	1	356	0.0	585	605	3.00	2.00	568	1175	0.483	1.1	2.5
	Merge Lane	2	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed			585	1800	0.325	0.0	0.0	

CCG LANE SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG1 [WR/ Mattson]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: AM)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 131 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance (CCG)															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist]				
Site: 6.5 [6.5 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr C]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	525	10.3	487	10.2	1069	0.455	100	16.0	LOS B	12.9 ^{N4}	97.9 ^{N4}	Full	60	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	525	10.3	487	10.2	1069	0.455	100	14.3	LOS B	12.9 ^{N4}	97.9 ^{N4}	Full	60	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	482	10.3	447	10.2	982 ¹	0.455	100	13.3	LOS B	12.1	91.8	Full	60	0.0	43.9
Lane 4	45	4.4	42	4.4	386	0.108	100	45.4	LOS D	1.9	13.7	Short	20	0.0	NA
Approach	1578	10.1	1461 ^N ₁	10.0		0.455		15.5	LOS B	12.9	97.9				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension															
Lane 1	33	12.1	33	12.1	312	0.106	100	50.1	LOS D	1.8	13.6	Short	80	0.0	NA
Lane 2	281	8.5	281	8.5	319	0.881	100	69.9	LOS E	20.0	150.6	Full	110	0.0	33.6
Approach	314	8.9	314	8.9		0.881		67.8	LOS E	20.0	150.6				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	182	7.1	180	7.1	819	0.220	100	26.7	LOS C	6.7	50.0	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	527	12.8	521	12.8	684	0.762	100	25.6	LOS C	17.8	138.1	Full	107	0.0	28.2
Lane 3	473	12.8	468	12.8	614 ¹	0.762	100	23.1	LOS C	14.3	111.0	Full	107	0.0	8.3
Lane 4	49	16.3	48	16.3	115	0.422	100	70.3	LOS E	3.1	24.7	Short	20	0.0	NA
Approach	1231	12.1	1217 ^N ₁	12.1		0.762		26.6	LOS C	17.8	138.1				
Intersection	3123	10.8	2992 ^N ₁	11.3		0.881		25.5	LOS C	20.0	150.6				
Site: 7.0 [7.0 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr C]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	427	9.3	393	9.2	503 ¹	0.782	100	14.3	LOS B	13.0	98.5	Short	25	-48.1 ^{N7}	NA
Lane 2	367	9.5	337	9.4	432 ¹	0.782	100	12.6	LOS B	8.8	66.5	Full	143	-50.0 ^{N3}	0.0
Lane 3	701	11.7	646	11.8	826	0.782	100	6.5	LOS A	20.8	160.0	Full	143	-43.9 ^{N3}	15.2
Approach	1495	10.5	1376 ^N ₁	10.4		0.782		10.2	LOS B	20.8	160.0				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	531	11.5	524	11.5	1185	0.443	100	2.4	LOS A	3.4	26.5	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	524	13.7	517	13.7	1169	0.443	100	2.6	LOS A	3.7	28.7	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	1055	12.6	1042 ^N ₁	12.6		0.443		2.5	LOS A	3.7	28.7				
SouthWest: Mattson Road															
Lane 1	53	5.5	53	5.5	81	0.651	100	73.6	LOS E	3.6	26.6	Full	282	-50.0 ^{N7}	0.0
Lane 2	56	5.5	56	5.5	86	0.651	100	73.2	LOS E	3.8	28.0	Full	282	-47.1 ^{N3}	0.0
Approach	109	5.5	109	5.5		0.651		73.4	LOS E	3.8	28.0				
Intersection	2659	11.1	2527 ^N ₁	11.7		0.782		9.7	LOS A	20.8	160.0				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).
Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.
Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.
Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA Standard.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

N1 Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

N3 Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

N4 Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

N7 The capacity reduction has been determined from the queue blockage probability of a Site further downstream due to intermediate continuous lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (CCG) (veh/h)											
Site: 6.5 [6.5 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr C]											
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	R2	U	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	487	-	-	487	10.2	1069	0.455	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	487	-	-	487	10.2	1069	0.455	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	447	-	-	447	10.2	982 ¹	0.455	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	20	21	42	4.4	386	0.108	100	0.0	3	
Approach	1420	20	21	1461	10.0		0.455				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension											
Mov. From NE To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	33	-	33	12.1	312	0.106	100	0.0	2		
Lane 2	-	281	281	8.5	319	0.881	100	NA	NA		
Approach	33	281	314	8.9		0.881					
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	T1	U	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	180	-	-	180	7.1	819	0.220	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	521	-	521	12.8	684	0.762	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	468	-	468	12.8	614 ¹	0.762	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	-	48	48	16.3	115	0.422	100	24.3	3	
Approach	180	988	48	1217	12.1		0.762				
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)											
Intersection	2992	11.3		0.881							
Site: 7.0 [7.0 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr C]											
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	28	365	393	9.2	503 ¹	0.782	100	100.0	2		
Lane 2	-	337	337	9.4	432 ¹	0.782	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	-	646	646	11.8	826	0.782	100	NA	NA		
Approach	28	1348	1376	10.4		0.782					
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											

Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	524	524	11.5	1185	0.443	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	517	517	13.7	1169	0.443	100	NA	NA
Approach	1042	1042	12.6		0.443			
SouthWest: Mattson Road								
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	53	53	5.5	81	0.651	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	56	56	5.5	86	0.651	100	NA	NA
Approach	109	109	5.5		0.651			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)								
Intersection	2527	11.7			0.782			

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis (CCG)												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
Site: 6.5 [6.5 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr C]												
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
	Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
	Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road Extension												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
	Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
	Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
	Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
	Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Site: 7.0 [7.0 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr C]												
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
	Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
	Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
	Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
	Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
	Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									
SouthWest Exit: Mattson Road												
Merge Type: Not Applied												

CCG LANE SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG1 [WR/ Mattson]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: PM)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance (CCG)															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist]				
Site: 6.5 [6.5 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr C]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	510	7.6	473	7.3	815	0.580	100	7.4	LOS A	8.6	64.0	Full	60	0.0	10.8
Lane 2	510	7.6	473	7.3	815	0.580	100	3.8	LOS A	4.7	35.3	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	510	7.6	473	7.3	815	0.580	100	3.7	LOS A	4.6	34.1	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	71	2.8	66	2.7	210	0.314	100	57.1	LOS E	3.8	27.2	Short	20	0.0	NA
Approach	1602	7.4	1484 ^N ₁	7.1		0.580		7.3	LOS A	8.6	64.0				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension															
Lane 1	52	7.7	52	7.7	304	0.171	100	59.0	LOS E	3.3	24.3	Short	80	0.0	NA
Lane 2	245	8.6	245	8.6	302	0.812	100	71.7	LOS E	18.4	138.6	Full	110	0.0	26.0
Approach	297	8.4	297	8.4		0.812		69.4	LOS E	18.4	138.6				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	198	5.6	194	5.6	1125	0.172	100	16.5	LOS B	5.7	41.7	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	449	5.4	440	5.4	1012	0.435	100	11.3	LOS B	10.5	77.0	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	335	5.4	328	5.4	753 ¹	0.435	100	10.5	LOS B	7.2	53.1	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	179	0.6	175	0.6	199 ¹	0.881	100	77.6	LOS E	13.4	94.2	Short	20	0.0	NA
Approach	1161	4.7	1138 ^N ₁	4.7		0.881		22.2	LOS C	13.4	94.2				
Intersection	3060	6.4	2918 ^N ₁	6.8		0.881		19.4	LOS B	18.4	138.6				
Site: 7.0 [7.0 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr C]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	131	8.0	121	7.5	133 ¹	0.904	100	75.4	LOS E	8.8	65.6	Short	25	-7.2 ^{N3}	NA
Lane 2	665	6.6	614	6.3	679 ¹	0.904	100	52.7	LOS D	31.6 ^{N4}	233.4 ^{N4}	Full	143	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	795	8.1	734	7.9	812	0.904	100	53.4	LOS D	31.2 ^{N4}	233.4 ^{N4}	Full	143	0.0	50.0
Approach	1591	7.5	1468 ^N ₁	7.2		0.904		54.9	LOS D	31.6	233.4				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	433	3.5	424	3.5	1505	0.282	100	1.3	LOS A	2.2	16.0	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	422	7.3	414	7.5	1468	0.282	100	1.5	LOS A	2.5	18.9	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	855	5.4	838 ^{N1}	5.4		0.282		1.4	LOS A	2.5	18.9				
SouthWest: Mattson Road															
Lane 1	28	5.0	28	5.0	276	0.103	100	60.9	LOS E	1.7	12.7	Full	282	-10.8 ^{N3}	0.0
Lane 2	32	5.0	32	5.0	309	0.103	100	60.7	LOS E	2.0	14.2	Full	282	0.0	0.0
Approach	60	5.0	60	5.0		0.103		60.8	LOS E	2.0	14.2				
Intersection	2506	6.7	2366 ^N ₁	7.1		0.904		36.1	LOS D	31.6	233.4				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA Standard.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

N1 Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

N3 Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

N4 Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (CCG) (veh/h)											
Site: 6.5 [6.5 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr C]											
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	R2	U	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	473	-	-	473	7.3	815	0.580	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	473	-	-	473	7.3	815	0.580	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	473	-	-	473	7.3	815	0.580	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	47	19	66	2.7	210	0.314	100	33.0	3	
Approach	1418	47	19	1484	7.1		0.580				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension											
Mov. From NE To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	52	-	52	7.7		304	0.171	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	245	245	8.6		302	0.812	100	NA	NA	
Approach	52	245	297	8.4			0.812				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	T1	U	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	194	-	-	194	5.6	1125	0.172	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	440	-	440	5.4	1012	0.435	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	328	-	328	5.4	753 ¹	0.435	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	-	175	175	0.6	199 ¹	0.881	100	100.0	3	
Approach	194	768	175	1138	4.7		0.881				
Total											
Intersec		2918		6.8		0.881					
Site: 7.0 [7.0 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr C]											
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	45	76	121	7.5		133 ¹	0.904	100	96.1	2	
Lane 2	-	614	614	6.3		679 ¹	0.904	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	734	734	7.9		812	0.904	100	NA	NA	
Approach	45	1423	1468	7.2			0.904				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Mov. From	T1	Total	%HV			Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL Ov.	Ov. Lane	

NW To Exit:	SE			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	424	424	3.5	1505	0.282	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	414	414	7.5	1468	0.282	100	NA	NA
Approach	838	838	5.4		0.282			
SouthWest: Mattson Road								
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	28	28	5.0	276	0.103	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	32	32	5.0	309	0.103	100	NA	NA
Approach	60	60	5.0		0.103			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)								
Intersection	2366	7.1			0.904			

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis (CCG)											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate % veh/h	Critical Gap pcu/h	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
Site: 6.5 [6.5 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr C]											
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road Extension											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3										Merge Analysis not applied.
Site: 7.0 [7.0 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr C]											
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3										Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: Mattson Road											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 10.0 [10.0 Edgewater Dr (West) / Chevis Pl (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: AM)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 90 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	697	9.7	691	9.7	819	0.844	100	30.3	LOS C	30.5	231.4	Full	162	0.0	37.6
Lane 2	678	10.5	672	10.6	796 ¹	0.844	100	30.2	LOS C	29.7	226.5	Full	162	0.0	35.6
Lane 3	10	0.0	10	0.0	119	0.084	100	49.4	LOS D	0.4	3.0	Short	22	0.0	NA
Approach	1385	10.0	1373 ^{N1}	10.1		0.844		30.4	LOS C	30.5	231.4				
NorthEast: Chevis Place															
Lane 1	46	2.2	46	2.2	123	0.373	100	50.1	LOS D	2.1	14.8	Full	138	0.0	0.0
Approach	46	2.2	46	2.2		0.373		50.1	LOS D	2.1	14.8				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	530	12.5	494	12.7	821	0.601	100	20.5	LOS C	14.3 ^{N4}	111.0 ^{N4}	Full	68	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	461	12.7	429	12.9	713 ¹	0.601	100	19.9	LOS B	13.9	108.2	Full	68	0.0	47.6
Lane 3	47	12.8	44	12.8	113	0.387	100	51.5	LOS D	2.0	15.5	Short	25	0.0	NA
Approach	1038	12.6	966 ^{N1}	12.8		0.601		21.6	LOS C	14.3	111.0				
SouthWest: Edgewater Drive (West)															
Lane 1	117	8.5	117	8.5	743	0.157	100	13.0	LOS B	2.2	16.8	Short	42	0.0	NA
Lane 2	41	4.9	41	4.9	281	0.146	100	39.7	LOS D	1.6	11.6	Full	789	0.0	0.0
Approach	158	7.6	158	7.6		0.157		19.9	LOS B	2.2	16.8				
Intersection	2627	10.8	2544 ^{N1}	11.1		0.844		26.7	LOS C	30.5	231.4				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)											
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW	NE								
Lane 1	94	597	-	691	9.7	819	0.844	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	672	-	672	10.6	796 ¹	0.844	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	-	10	10	0.0	119	0.084	100	0.0	2	
Approach	94	1269	10	1373	10.1		0.844				
NorthEast: Chevis Place											

Mov. From NE To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	19	10	17	46	2.2	123	0.373	100	NA	NA
Approach	19	10	17	46	2.2		0.373			
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	9	484	-	494	12.7	821	0.601	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	429	-	429	12.9	713 ¹	0.601	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	-	44	44	12.8	113	0.387	100	0.0	2
Approach	9	913	44	966	12.8		0.601			
SouthWest: Edgewater Drive (West)										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	117	-	-	117	8.5	743	0.157	100	0.0	2
Lane 2	-	10	31	41	4.9	281	0.146	100	NA	NA
Approach	117	10	31	158	7.6		0.157			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2544	11.1		0.844						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.	
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.	
NorthEast Exit: Chevis Place Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.	
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.	
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.	
SouthWest Exit: Edgewater Drive (West) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.	

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 10.0 [10.0 Edgewater Dr (West) / Chevis Pl (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: PM)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 100 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	825	6.9	816	6.9	915	0.892	100	36.3	LOS D	35.6 ^{N4}	264.4 ^{N4}	Full	162	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	809	7.2	801	7.3	897 ¹	0.892	100	36.3	LOS D	35.6 ^{N4}	264.4 ^{N4}	Full	162	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	10	0.0	10	0.0	107	0.093	100	55.1	LOS E	0.5	3.4	Short	22	0.0	NA
Approach	1644	7.0	1627 ^{N1}	7.1		0.892		36.4	LOS D	35.6	264.4				
NorthEast: Chevis Place															
Lane 1	30	0.0	30	0.0	113	0.265	100	54.6	LOS D	1.5	10.4	Full	138	0.0	0.0
Approach	30	0.0	30	0.0		0.265		54.6	LOS D	1.5	10.4				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	418	7.4	381	6.3	941	0.405	100	17.4	LOS B	11.7	86.5	Full	68	0.0	26.9
Lane 2	356	7.6	324	6.5	800 ¹	0.405	100	16.9	LOS B	9.7	72.0	Full	68	0.0	10.1
Lane 3	46	6.5	42	4.9	107	0.389	100	57.0	LOS E	2.1	15.4	Short	25	0.0	NA
Approach	820	7.4	747 ^{N1}	6.3		0.405		19.4	LOS B	11.7	86.5				
SouthWest: Edgewater Drive (West)															
Lane 1	87	6.9	87	6.9	676	0.129	100	16.1	LOS B	2.0	15.1	Short	42	0.0	NA
Lane 2	51	3.9	51	3.9	272	0.187	100	44.7	LOS D	2.2	16.1	Full	789	0.0	0.0
Approach	138	5.8	138	5.8		0.187		26.7	LOS C	2.2	16.1				
Intersection	2632	7.0	2542 ^{N1}	7.2		0.892		31.1	LOS C	35.6	264.4				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)											
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW	NE								
Lane 1	92	724	-	816	6.9	915	0.892	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	801	-	801	7.3	897 ¹	0.892	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	-	10	10	0.0	107	0.093	100	0.0	2	
Approach	92	1525	10	1627	7.1		0.892				
NorthEast: Chevis Place											

Mov. From NE To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	10	10	10	30	0.0	113	0.265	100	NA	NA
Approach	10	10	10	30	0.0		0.265			
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	9	372	-	381	6.3	941	0.405	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	324	-	324	6.5	800 ¹	0.405	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	-	42	42	4.9	107	0.389	100	0.0	2
Approach	9	696	42	747	6.3		0.405			
SouthWest: Edgewater Drive (West)										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	87	-	-	87	6.9	676	0.129	100	0.0	2
Lane 2	-	10	41	51	3.9	272	0.187	100	NA	NA
Approach	87	10	41	138	5.8		0.187			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2542	7.2		0.892						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2											Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthEast Exit: Chevis Place												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2											Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: Edgewater Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr Mitigation 2 (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: AM)]

Scheme Design

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 110 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist] m		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
					veh/h	v/c	%	sec					m	%	%
South: Fremantle Place															
Lane 1	18	5.6	18	5.6	96	0.188	100	61.6	LOS E	1.0	7.2	Short	26	0.0	NA
Lane 2	26	3.8	26	3.8	100	0.259	100	60.1	LOS E	1.4	10.3	Full	285	0.0	0.0
Approach	44	4.5	44	4.5		0.259		60.8	LOS E	1.4	10.3				
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	624	10.2	624	10.2	824	0.758	100	26.8	LOS C	27.6	210.2	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	610	10.4	610	10.4	804	0.758	100	26.8	LOS C	27.1	206.8	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	168	11.0	168	11.0	339	0.496	57 ⁶	27.0	LOS C	4.3	33.2	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 4	296	11.0	296	11.0	339	0.873	100	39.2	LOS D	10.5	80.5	Short	103	0.0	NA
Approach	1698	10.5	1698	10.5		0.873		29.0	LOS C	27.6	210.2				
North: Gossamer Drive															
Lane 1	393	7.6	393	7.6	741	0.530	100	19.7	LOS B	11.2	83.6	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 2	393	7.6	393	7.6	741	0.530	100	19.7	LOS B	11.2	83.6	Full	1010	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	132	7.6	132	7.6	301	0.439	100	49.2	LOS D	6.5	48.4	Short	100	0.0	NA
Approach	917	7.6	917	7.6		0.530		23.9	LOS C	11.2	83.6				
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	516	12.2	481	12.4	541	0.888	100	54.4	LOS D	29.0	224.9	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	496	12.3	461	12.5	519 ¹	0.888	100	52.2	LOS D	28.0	216.6	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	10	0.0	9	0.0	180	0.052	100	53.8	LOS D	0.5	3.2	Short	27	0.0	NA
Approach	1022	12.1	951 ^{N1}	12.3		0.888		53.3	LOS D	29.0	224.9				
Intersection	3681	10.2	3610 ^{N1}	10.4		0.888		34.5	LOS C	29.0	224.9				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

⁶ Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)											
South: Fremantle Place											
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	18	-	-	18	5.6	96	0.188	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	10	16	26	3.8	100	0.259	100	NA	NA	
Approach	18	10	16	44	4.5		0.259				

East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	19	605	-	624	10.2	824	0.758	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	610	-	610	10.4	804	0.758	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	-	168	168	11.0	339	0.496	57 ⁶	0.0	2	
Lane 4	-	-	296	296	11.0	339	0.873	100	0.0	3	
Approach	19	1215	464	1698	10.5		0.873				
North: Gossamer Drive											
Mov. From N To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	393	-	-	393	7.6	741	0.530	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	393	-	-	393	7.6	741	0.530	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	10	122	132	7.6	301	0.439	100	0.0	2	
Approach	785	10	122	917	7.6		0.530				
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Mov. From W To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	18	463	-	481	12.4	541	0.888	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	461	-	461	12.5	519 ¹	0.888	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	-	9	9	0.0	180	0.052	100	0.0	2	
Approach	18	924	9	951	12.3		0.888				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)											
Intersection	3610	10.4					0.888				

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate % veh/h	pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: Fremantle Place												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
East Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
North Exit: Gossamer Drive												
Merge Type: Zipper												
Exit Short Lane	1	100	50.0	153	161	2.50	2.00	186	1612	0.115	0.0	0.1
Merge Lane	2	-	50.0	93	98	2.50	2.00	306	1689	0.181	0.0	0.0
West Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr Mitigation 2 (Site Folder: General)]

Network: N101
[Construction 1 (Network Folder: PM)]

Scheme Design

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 154 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	95% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist] m		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
South: Fremantle Place															
Lane 1	12	8.3	12	8.3	112	0.107	100	80.0	LOS E	0.9	6.6	Short	26	0.0	NA
Lane 2	27	3.7	27	3.7	120	0.226	100	79.2	LOS E	2.0	14.4	Full	285	0.0	0.0
Approach	39	5.1	39	5.1		0.226		79.4	LOS E	2.0	14.4				
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	879	7.1	879	7.1	1007	0.873	100	35.1	LOS D	58.4	433.8	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	745	7.1	745	7.1	854 ¹	0.873	100	34.9	LOS C	46.6	346.0	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	245	8.0	245	8.0	539	0.455	57 ⁶	28.2	LOS C	7.8	58.6	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 4	432	8.0	432	8.0	539	0.801	100	38.3	LOS D	19.1	142.6	Short	103	0.0	NA
Approach	2301	7.3	2301	7.3		0.873		34.9	LOS C	58.4	433.8				
North: Gossamer Drive															
Lane 1	200	14.5	200	14.5	828	0.241	100	18.8	LOS B	6.1	48.1	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 2	200	14.5	200	14.5	828	0.241	100	18.8	LOS B	6.1	48.1	Full	1010	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	47	8.5	47	8.5	260	0.180	100	65.7	LOS E	3.1	23.3	Short	100	0.0	NA
Approach	446	13.9	446	13.9		0.241		23.7	LOS C	6.1	48.1				
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	411	7.2	372	6.2	539	0.690	100	53.5	LOS D	23.9	176.5	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	387	8.1	350	7.0	508 ¹	0.690	100	52.2	LOS D	23.2	172.1	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	10	0.0	9	0.0	164	0.056	100	74.2	LOS E	0.6	4.5	Short	27	0.0	NA
Approach	808	7.5	731 ^{N1}	6.5		0.690		53.1	LOS D	23.9	176.5				
Intersection	3594	8.2	3517 ^{N1}	8.4		0.873		37.8	LOS D	58.4	433.8				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

⁶ Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)											
South: Fremantle Place											
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	12	-	-	12	8.3	112	0.107	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	10	17	27	3.7	120	0.226	100	NA	NA	
Approach	12	10	17	39	5.1		0.226				

East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	20	859	-	879	7.1	1007	0.873	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	745	-	745	7.1	854 ¹	0.873	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	-	245	245	8.0	539	0.455	57 ⁶	0.5	2
Lane 4	-	-	432	432	8.0	539	0.801	100	34.7	3
Approach	20	1604	677	2301	7.3		0.873			
North: Gossamer Drive										
Mov. From N To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	200	-	-	200	14.5	828	0.241	100	0.0	2
Lane 2	200	-	-	200	14.5	828	0.241	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	10	37	47	8.5	260	0.180	100	0.0	2
Approach	399	10	37	446	13.9		0.241			
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	50	322	-	372	6.2	539	0.690	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	350	-	350	7.0	508 ¹	0.690	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	-	9	9	0.0	164	0.056	100	0.0	2
Approach	50	672	9	731	6.5		0.690			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	3517	8.4		0.873						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Fremantle Place												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
East Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
North Exit: Gossamer Drive												
Merge Type: Zipper												
Exit Short Lane	1	100	50.0	221	230	2.50	2.00	295	1525	0.194	0.0	0.1
Merge Lane	2	-	50.0	148	153	2.50	2.00	442	1623	0.272	0.0	0.1
West Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										

Appendix F

Construction Scenario 2 – Phasing Diagrams

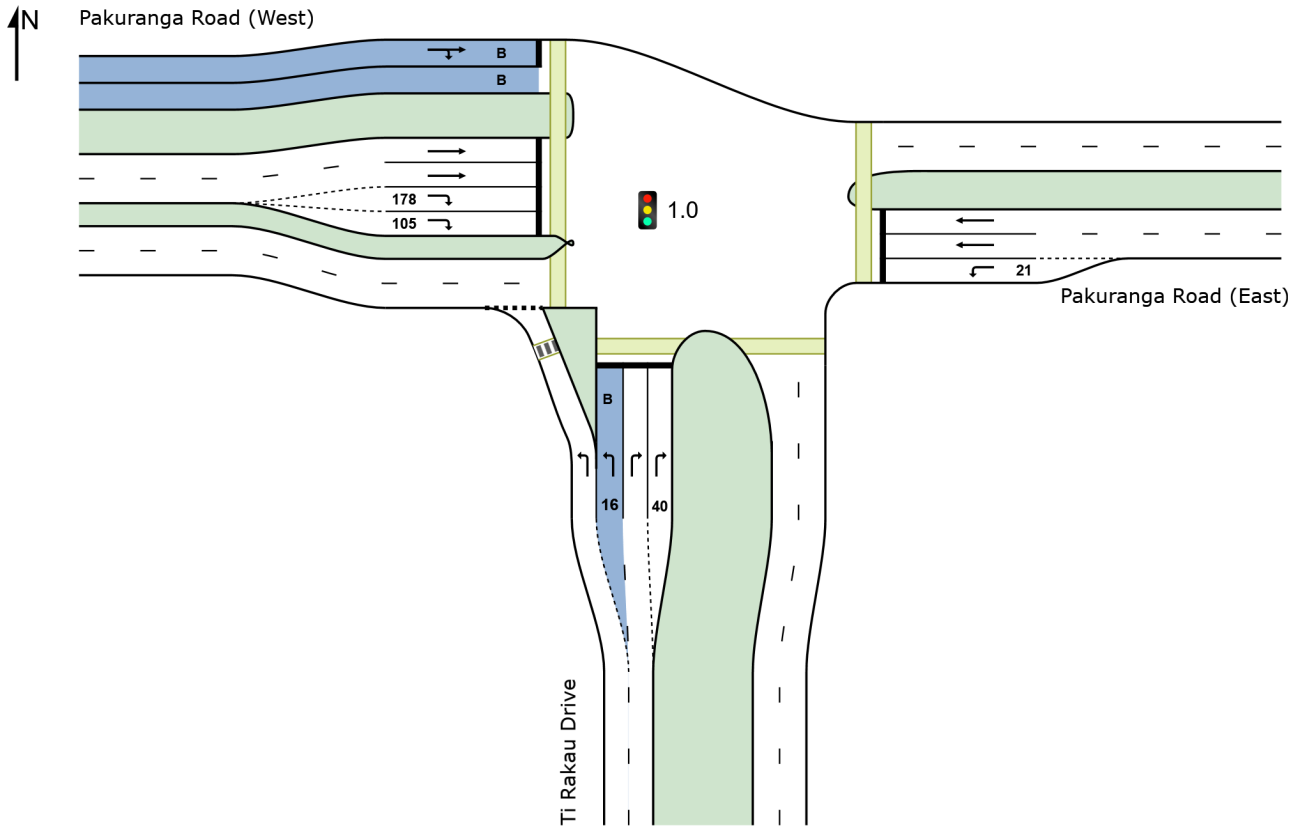
SITE LAYOUT

 Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

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Project: C:\Users\jacques.vandenheever\Downloads\2028 Construction 2 AM - XL (1).sip9

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 140 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase B

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, Bus, D, E

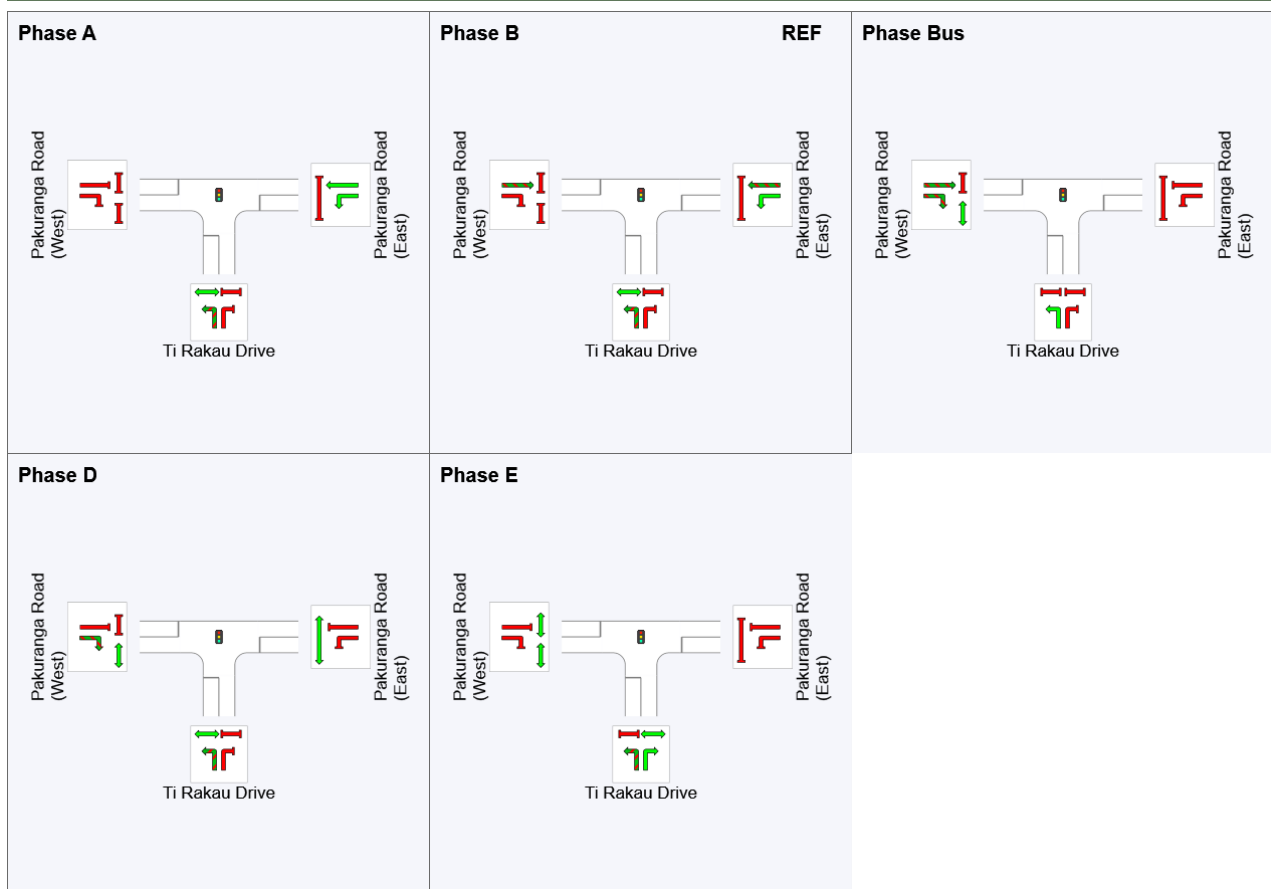
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, Bus, D, E

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	Bus	D	E
Phase Change Time (sec)	113	0	45	57	84
Green Time (sec)	21	39	6	21	23
Phase Time (sec)	27	45	12	27	29
Phase Split	19%	32%	9%	19%	21%












See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 130 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: B, A, D, Bus, E

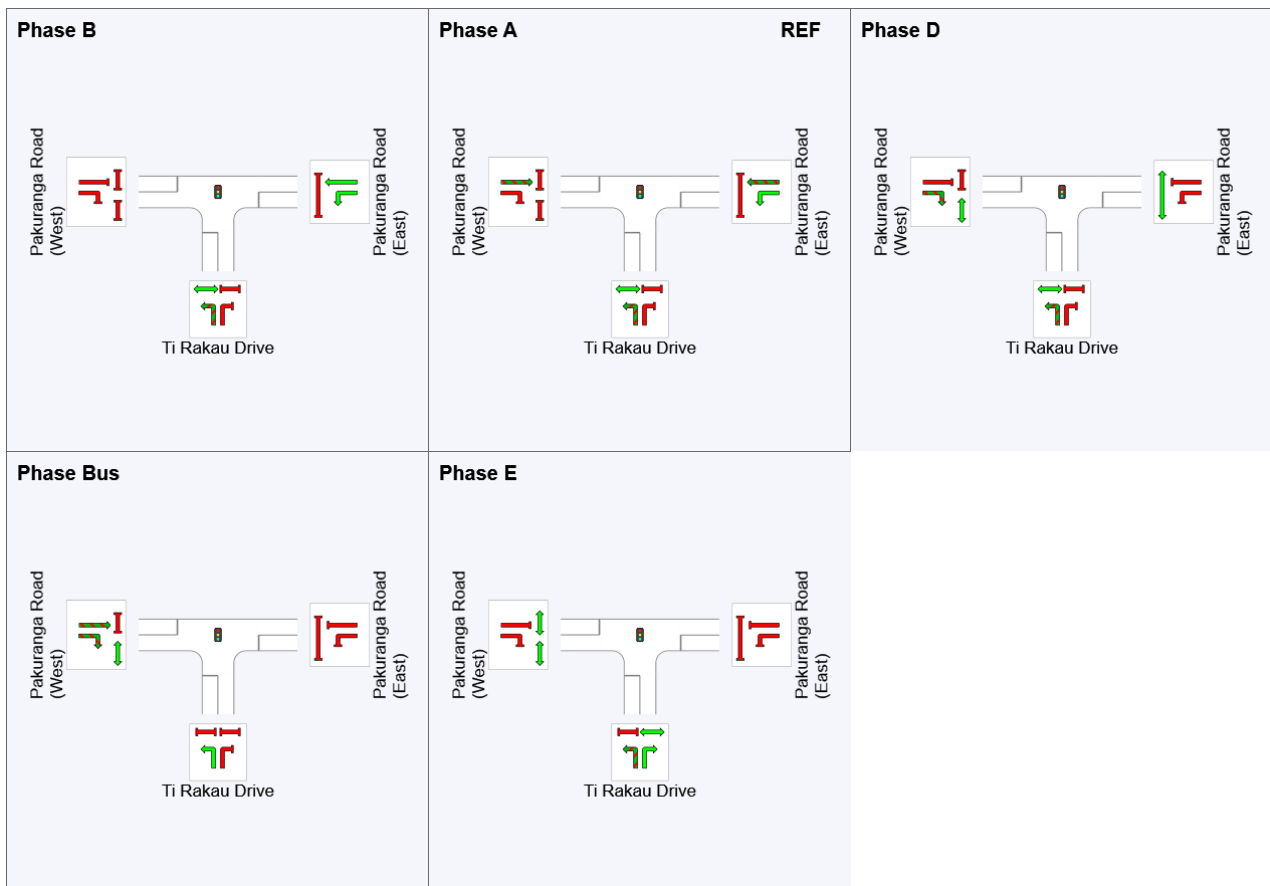
Output Phase Sequence: B, A, D, Bus, E

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	B	A	D	Bus	E
Phase Change Time (sec)	123	0	70	95	109
Green Time (sec)	5	66	19	9	8
Phase Time (sec)	9	72	24	15	10
Phase Split	7%	55%	18%	12%	8%












See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

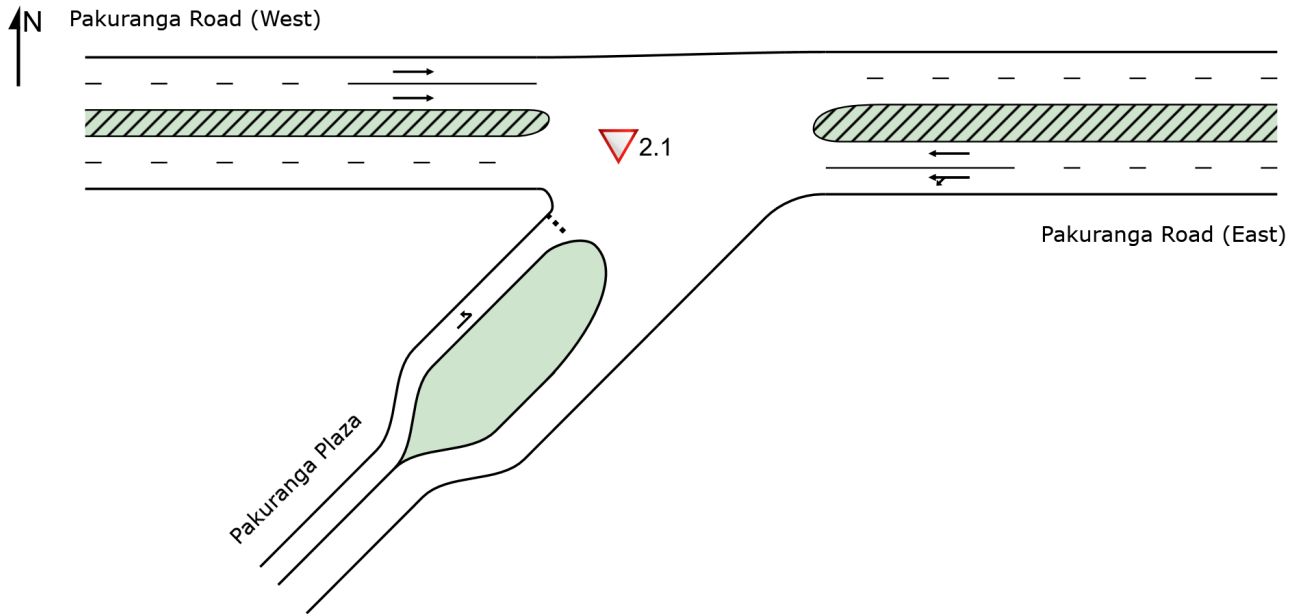
	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

SITE LAYOUT

▽ Site: 2.1 [2.1 Pakuranga Plaza / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

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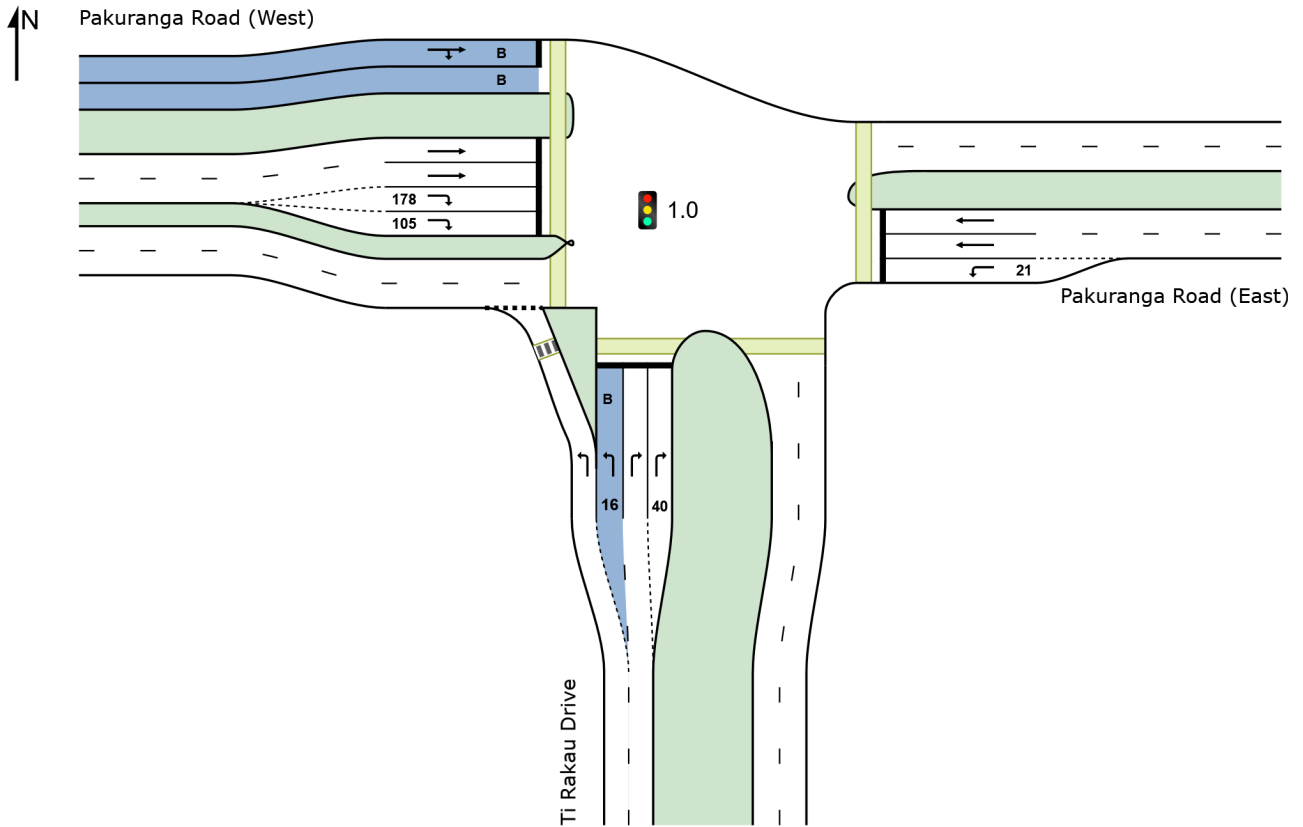
SITE LAYOUT

 Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

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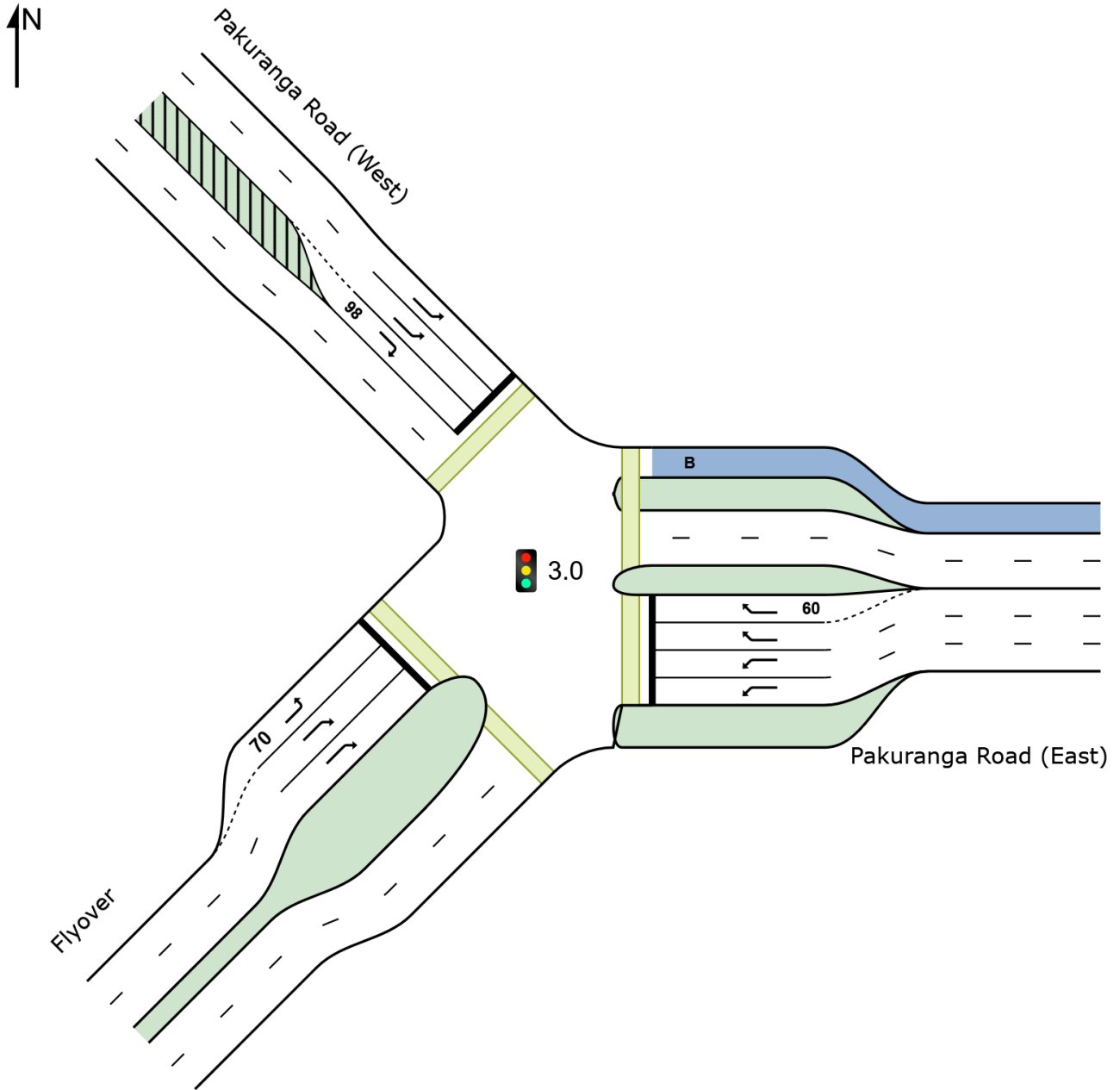
Project: C:\Users\jacques.vandenheever\Downloads\2028 Construction 2 AM - XL (1).sip9

SITE LAYOUT

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.

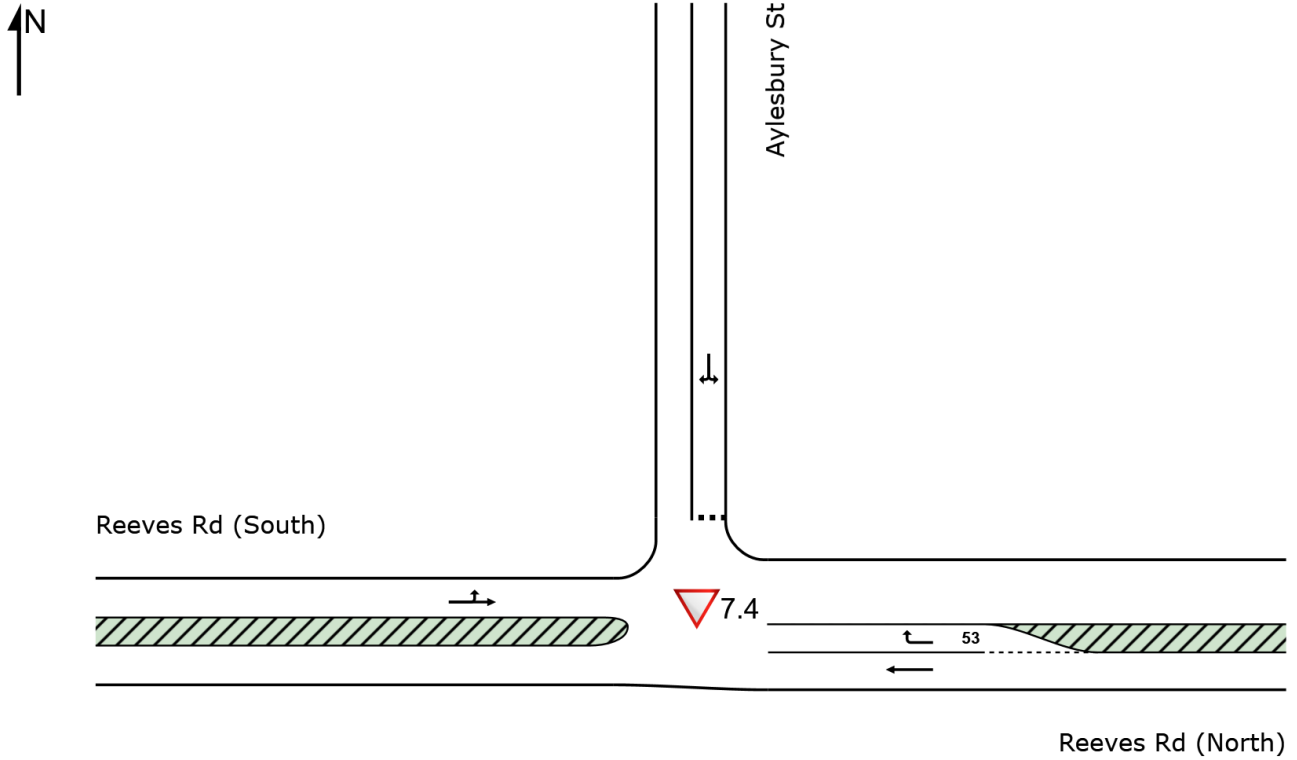


SITE LAYOUT

▽ Site: 7.4 [7.4 Reeves Rd/ Aylesbury St - XL (Site Folder: AM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.

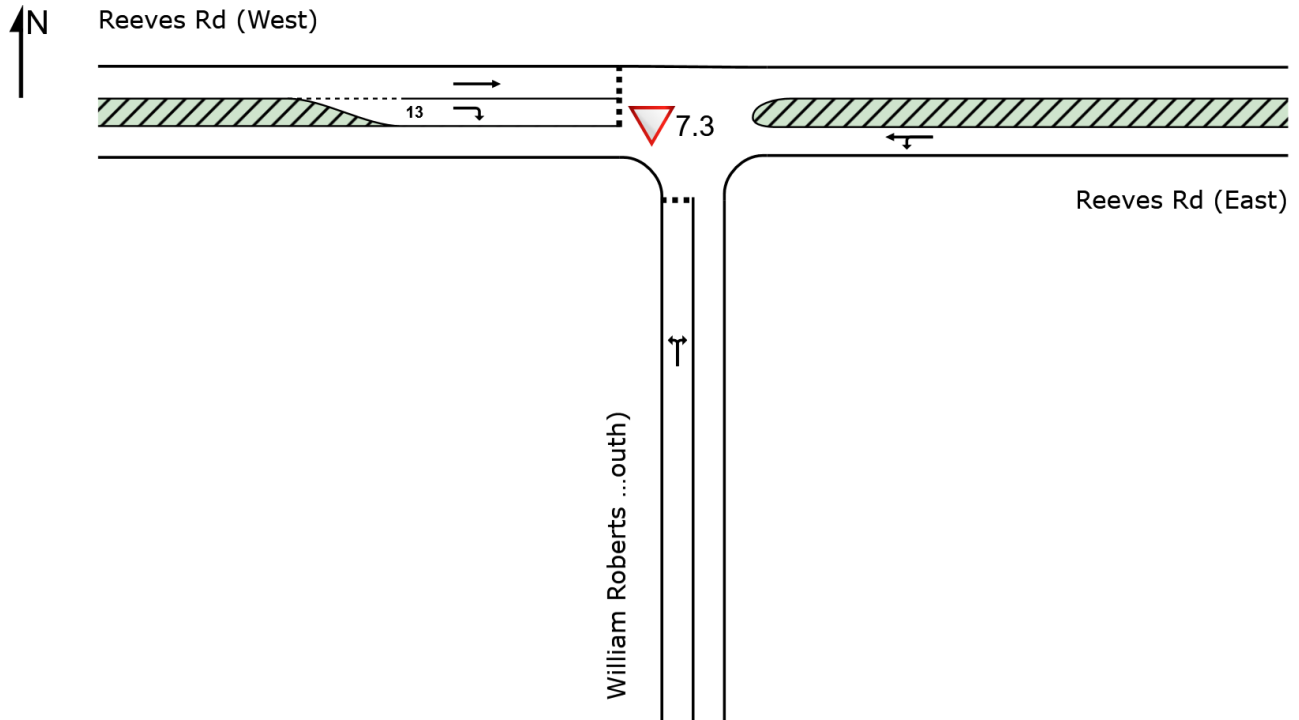


SITE LAYOUT

▽ Site: 7.3 [7.3 William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd - XL (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.

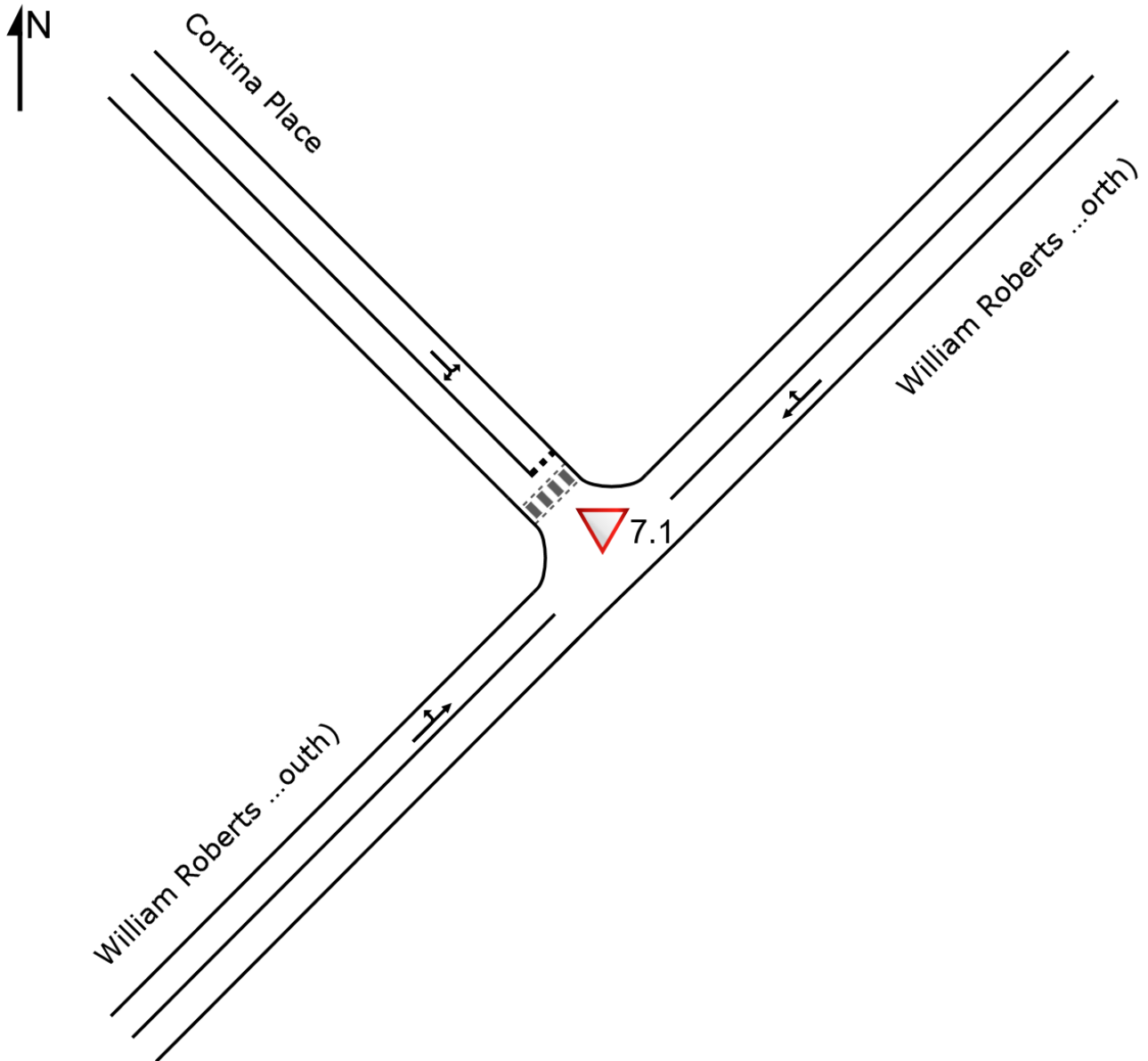


SITE LAYOUT

▼ Site: 7.1 [7.1 William Roberts Rd / Cortina PI (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



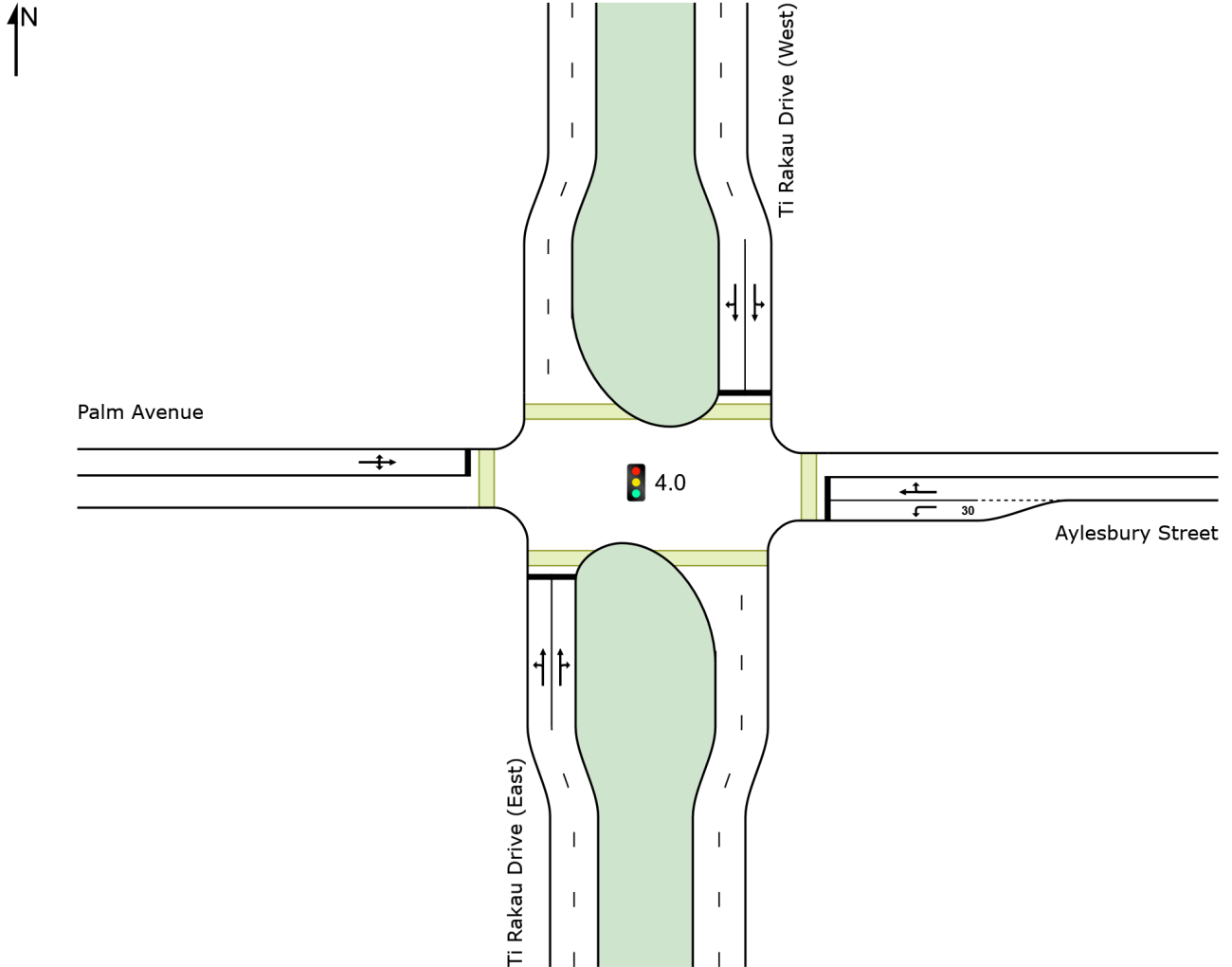
SITE LAYOUT

 Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated

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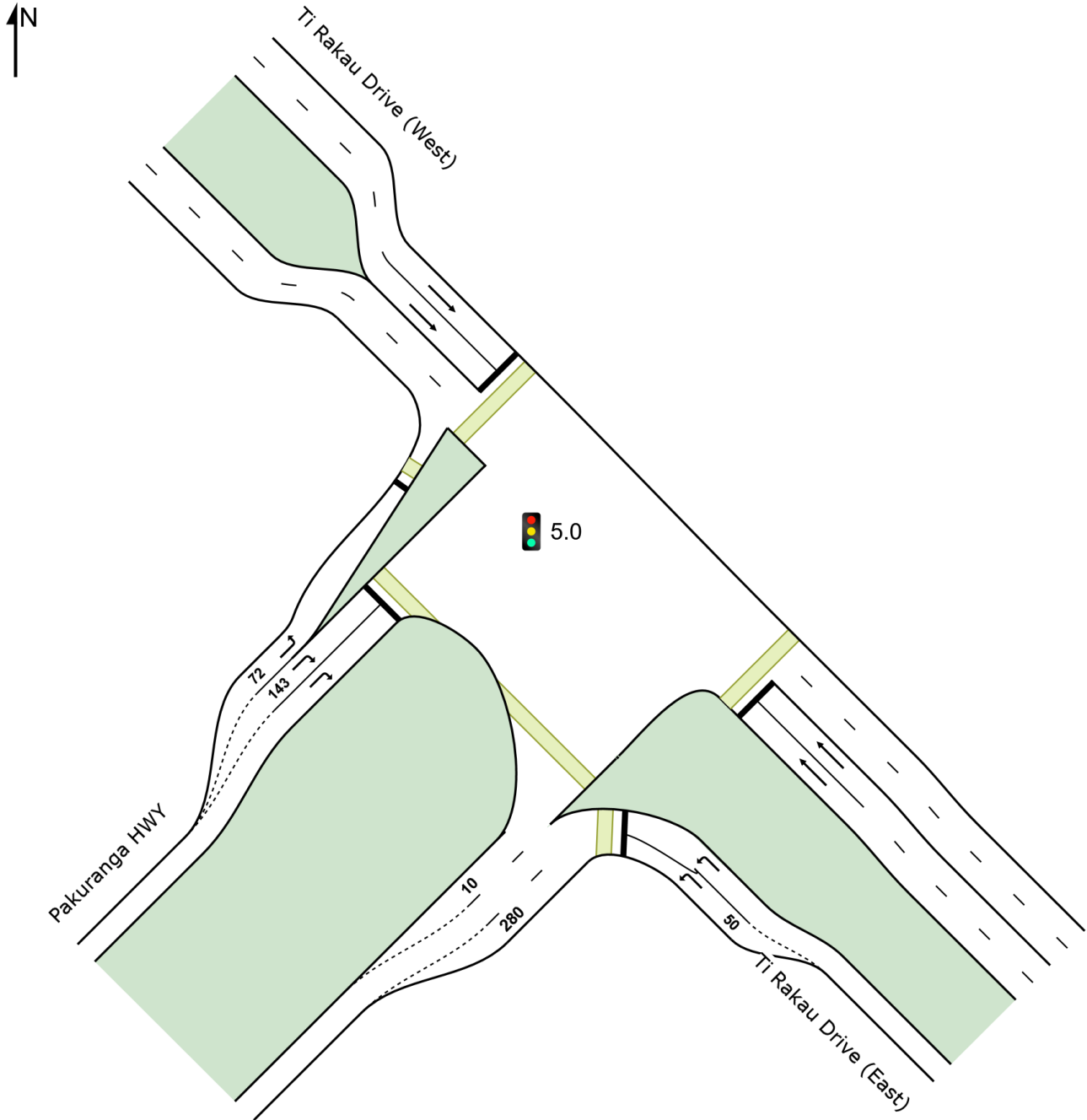
Project: C:\Users\jacques.vandenneever\Downloads\2028 Construction 2 AM - XL (1).sip9

SITE LAYOUT

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga Highway/ Reeves Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated

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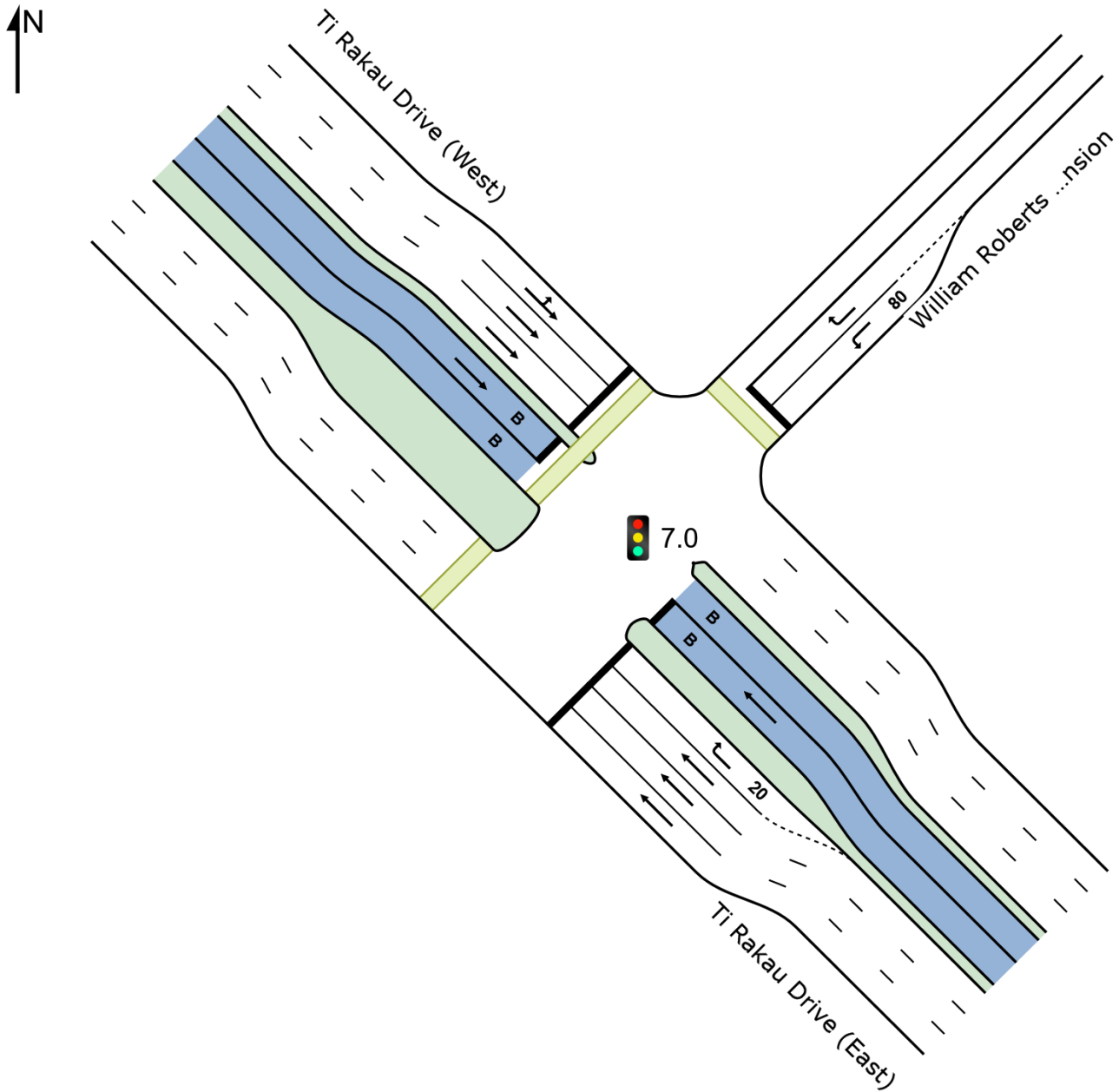
SITE LAYOUT

Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

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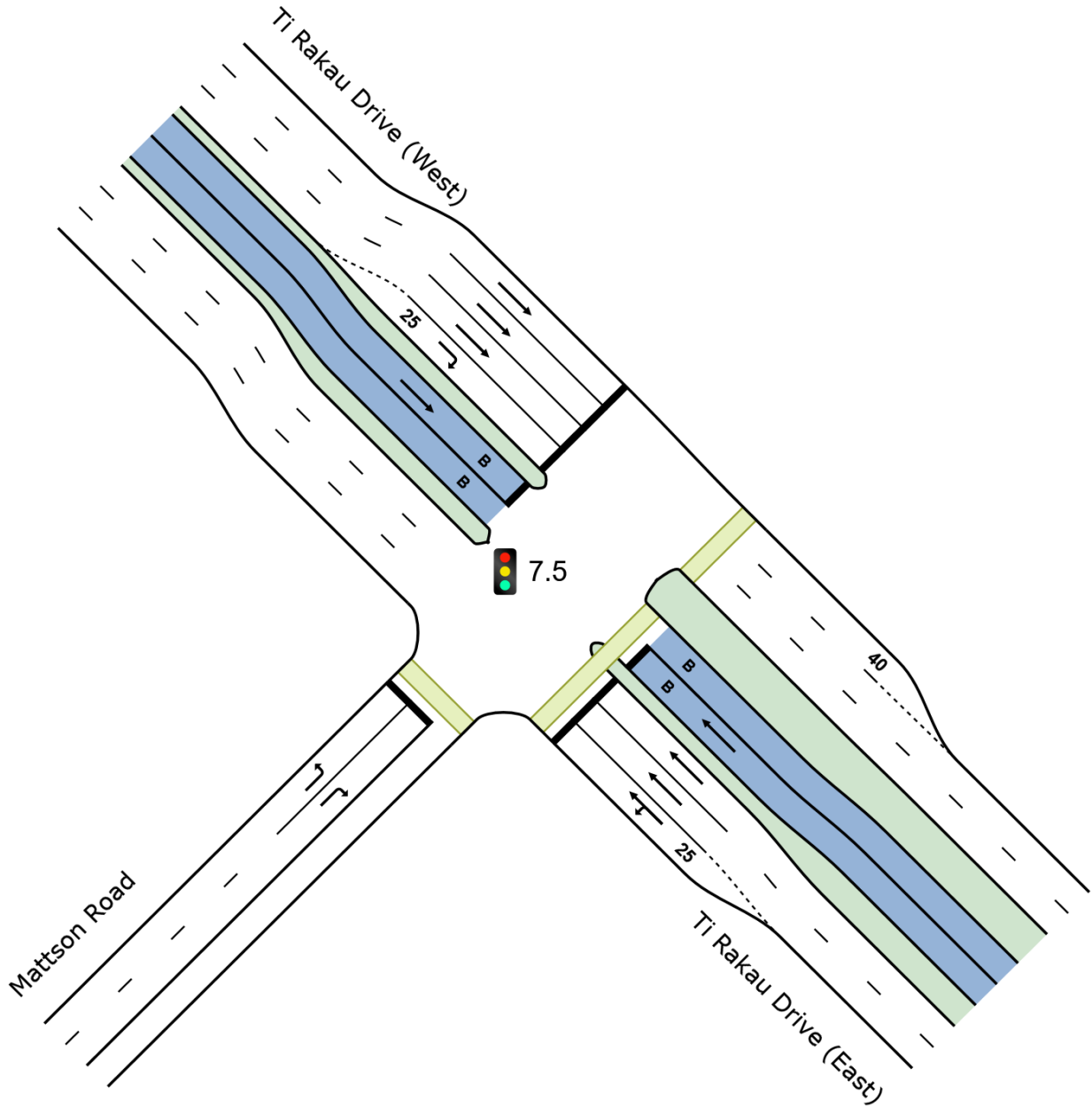
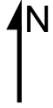
SITE LAYOUT

Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

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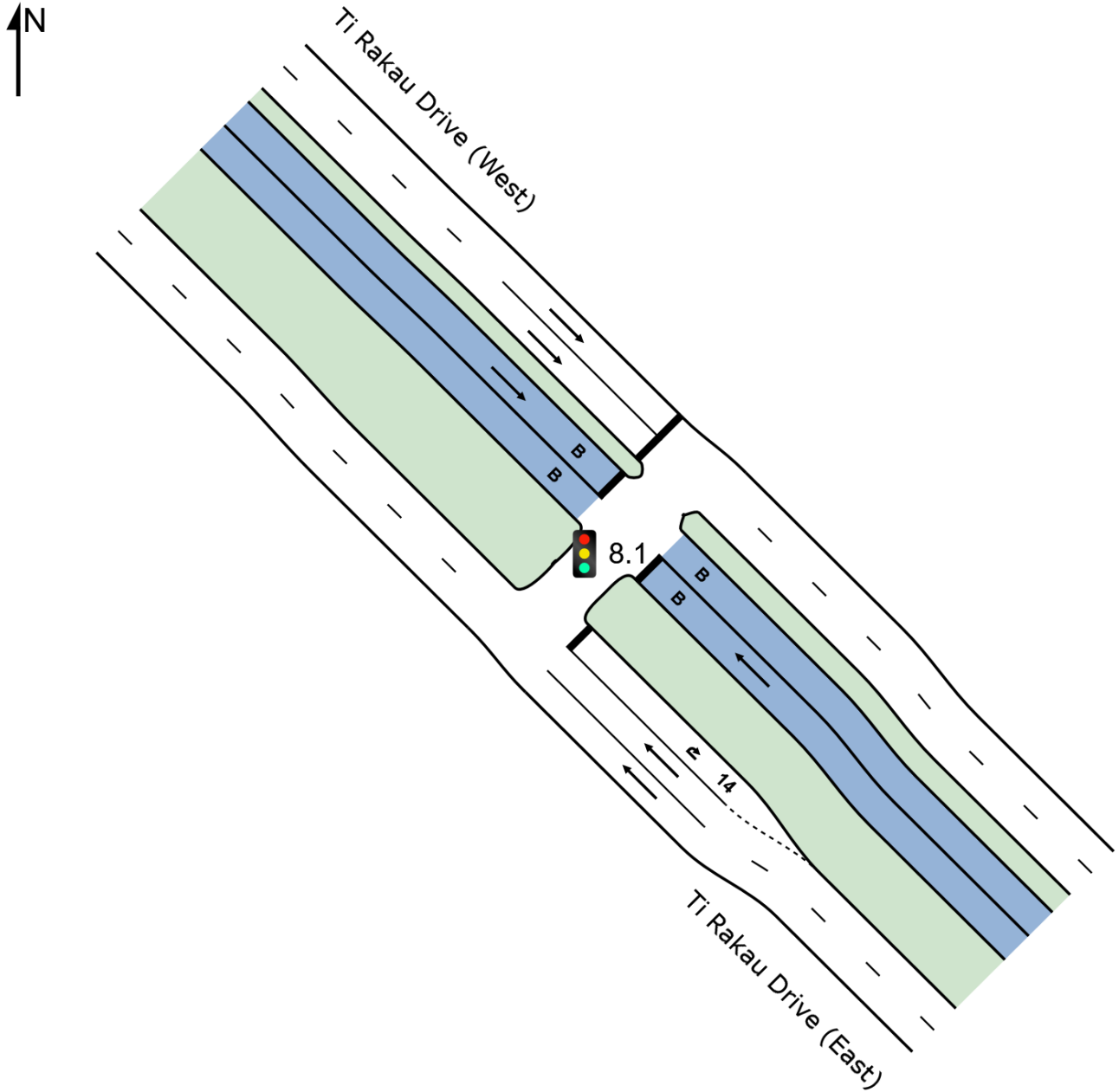
SITE LAYOUT

 Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.

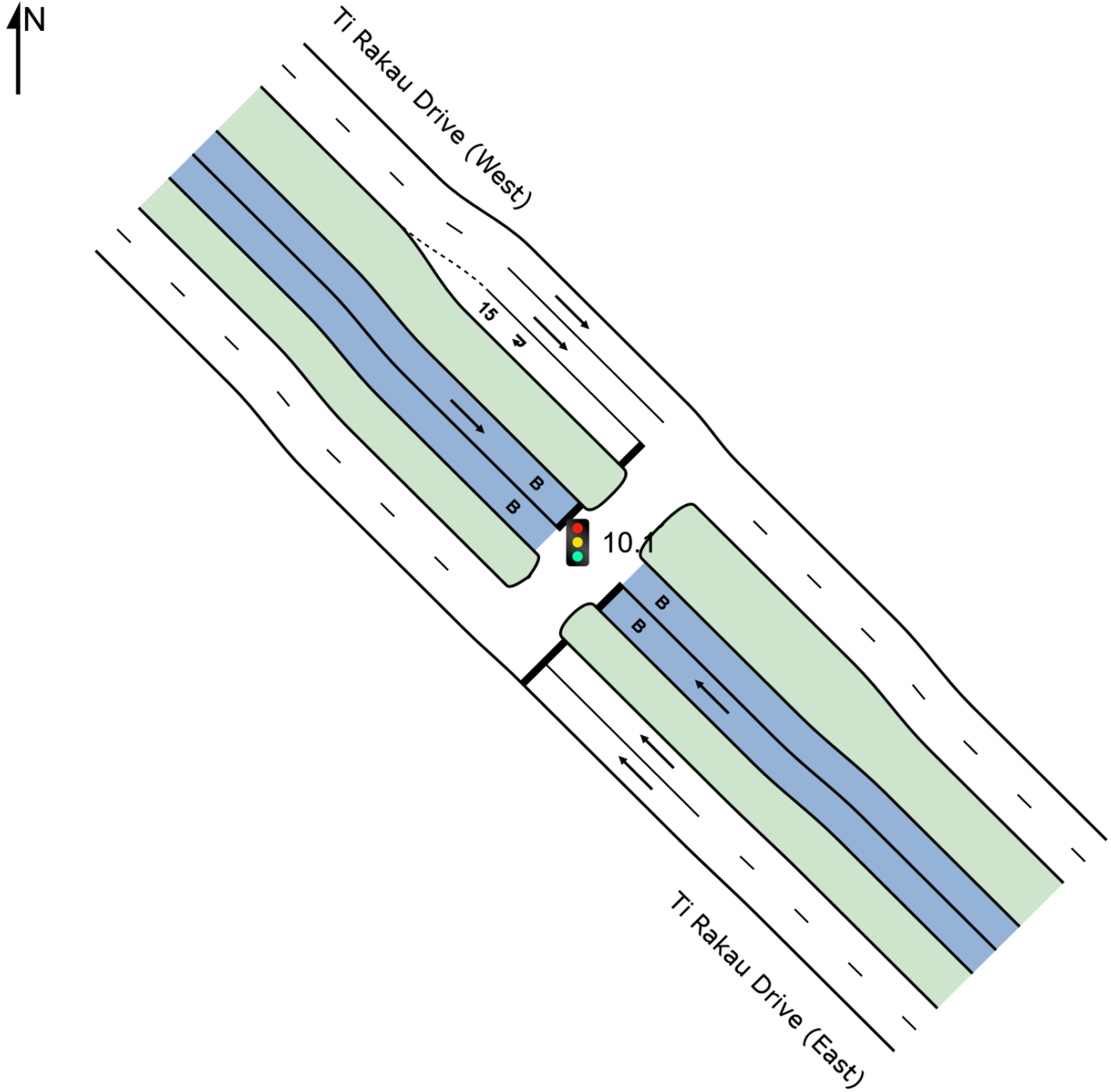


SITE LAYOUT

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



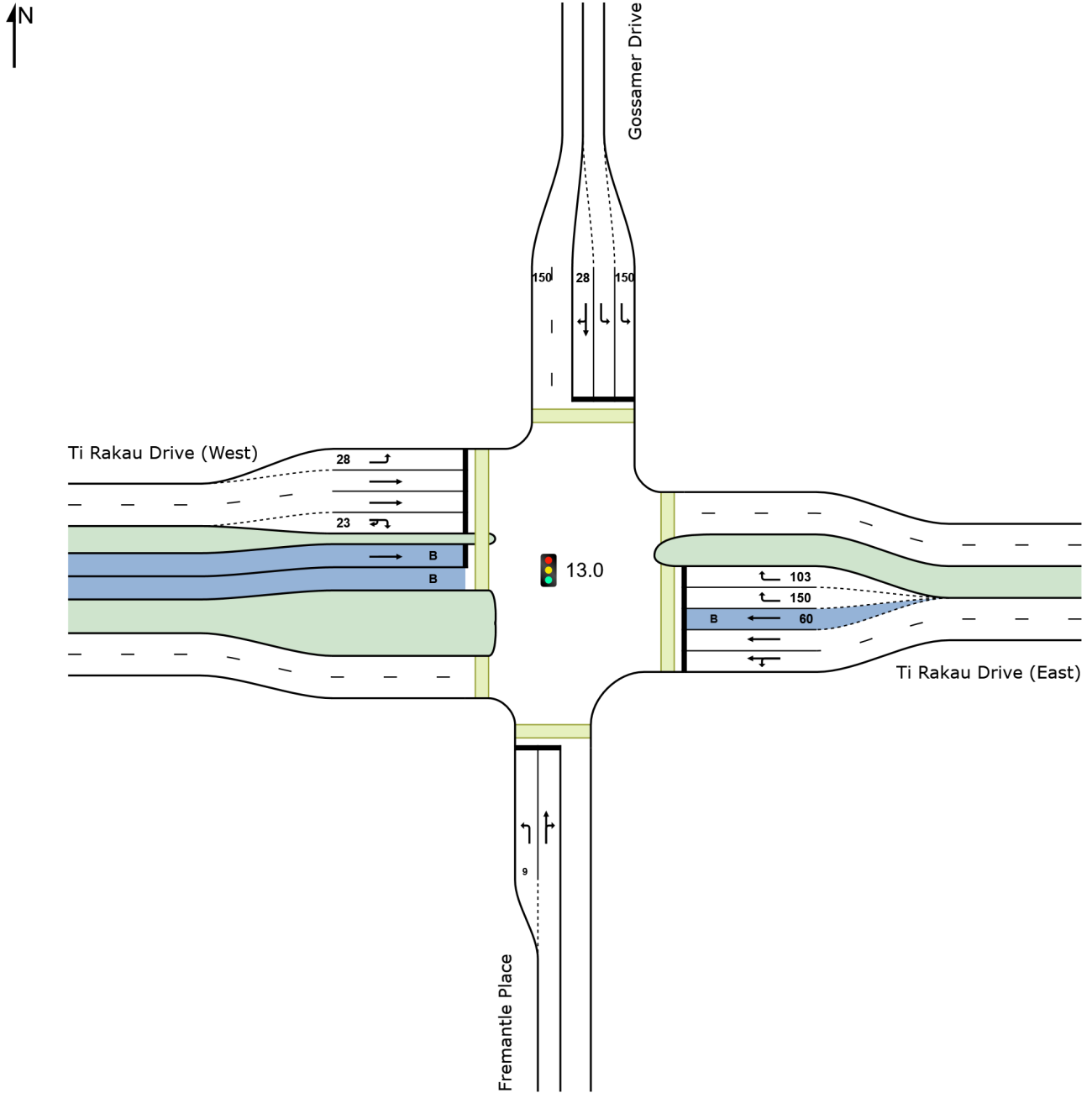
SITE LAYOUT

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.

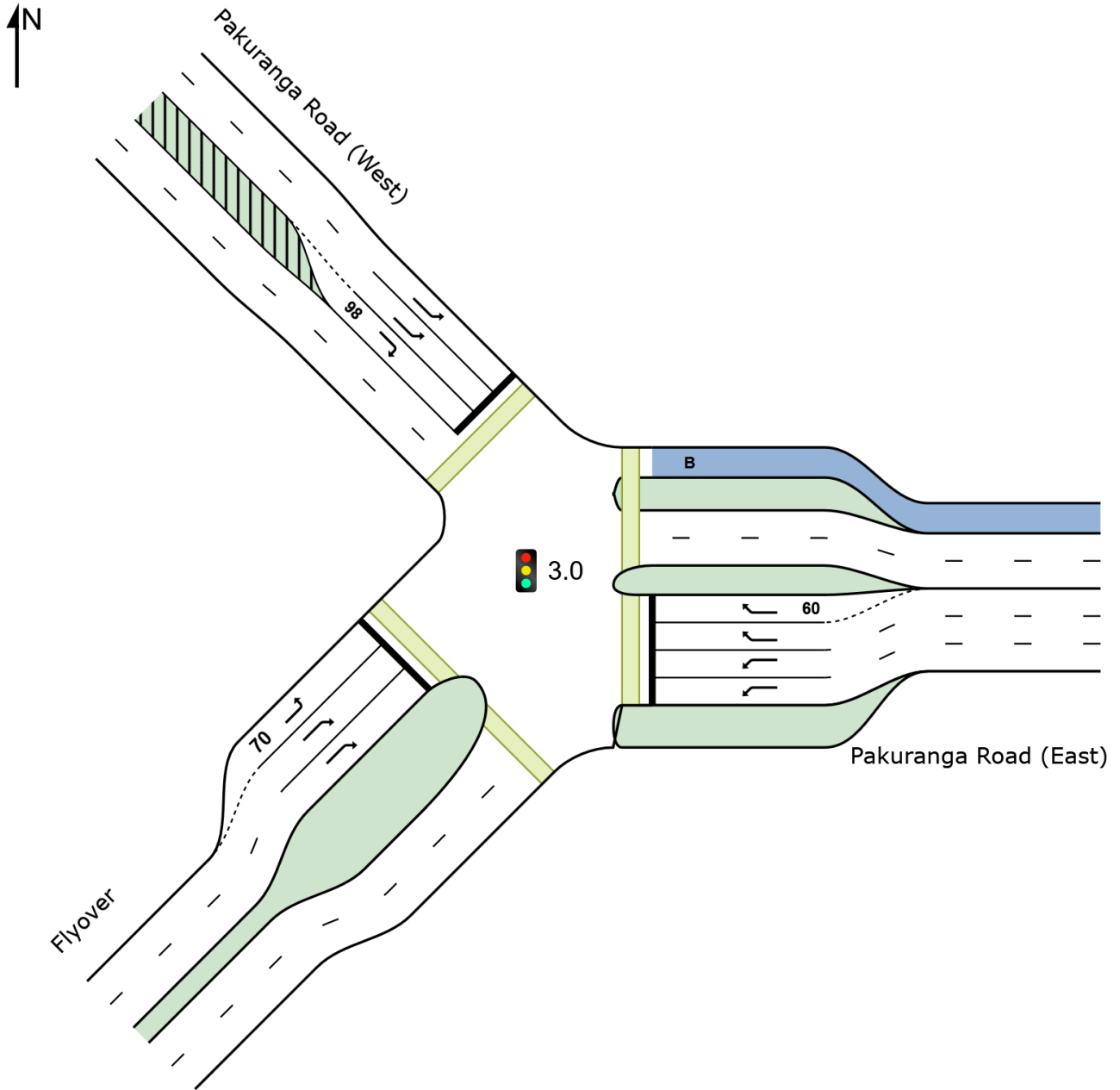


SITE LAYOUT

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 80 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, D

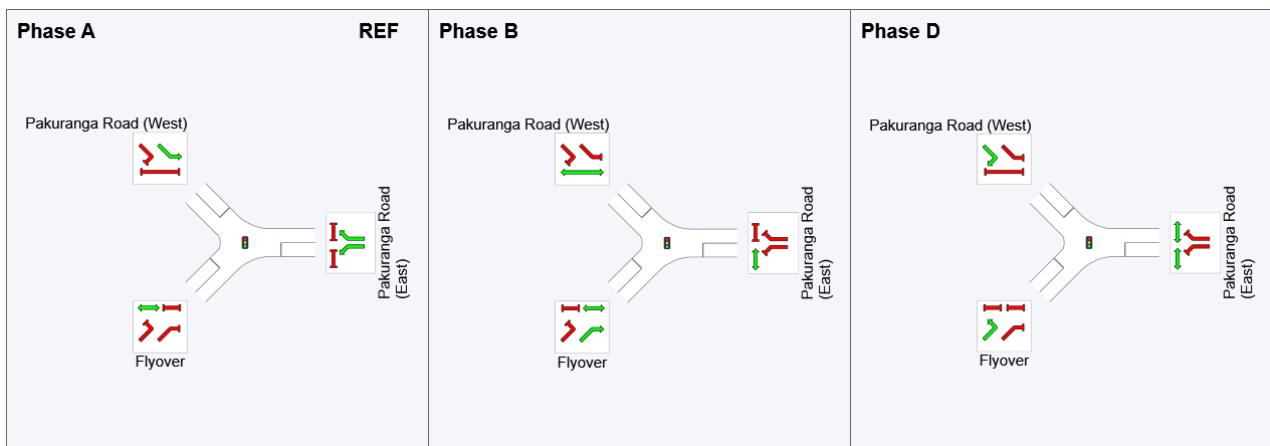
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, D

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	39	58
Green Time (sec)	33	13	16
Phase Time (sec)	39	19	22
Phase Split	49%	24%	28%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: **Network: N101 [PM (Network PM)]** Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 120 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, D, B, C

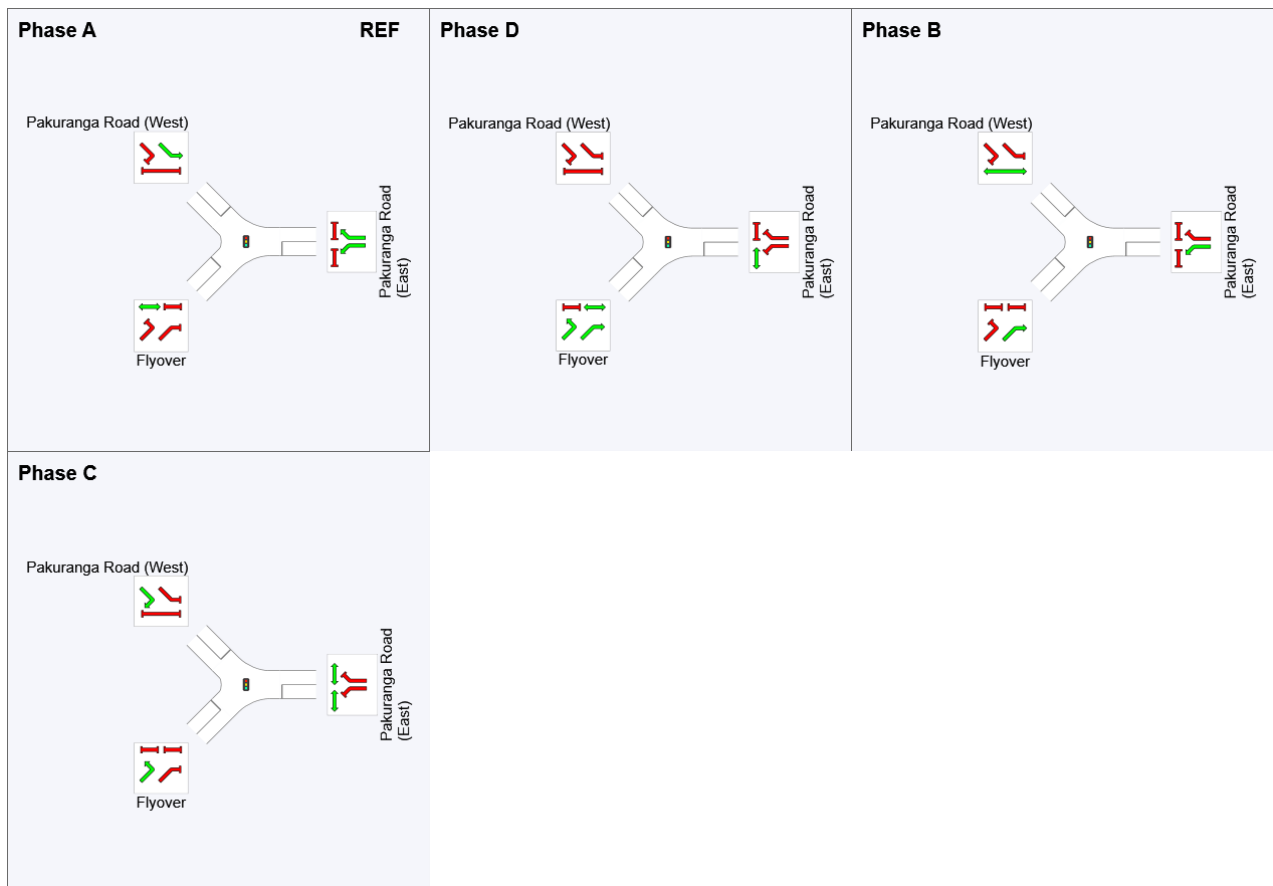
Output Phase Sequence: A, D, B, C

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	D	B	C
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	47	84	106
Green Time (sec)	44	31	16	9
Phase Time (sec)	50	37	21	12
Phase Split	42%	31%	18%	10%










See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

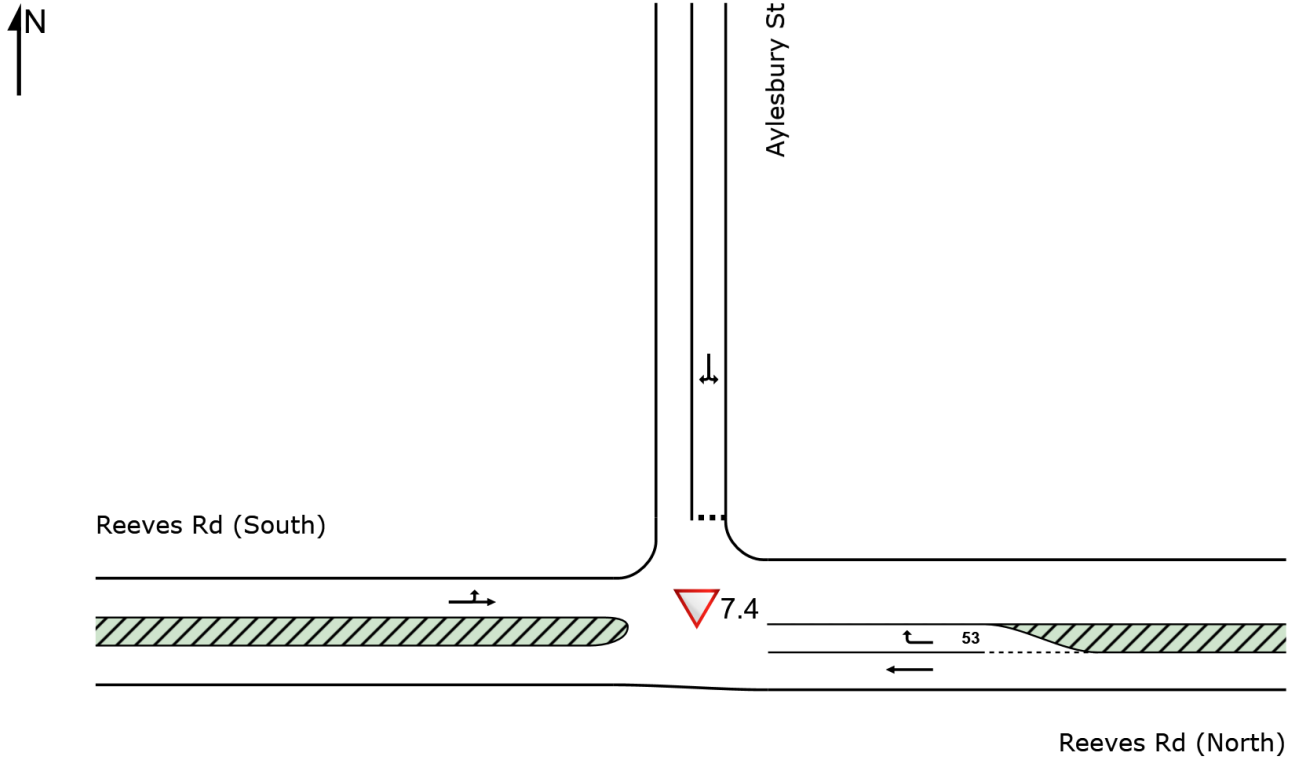
	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

SITE LAYOUT

▽ Site: 7.4 [7.4 Reeves Rd/ Aylesbury St - XL (Site Folder: AM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

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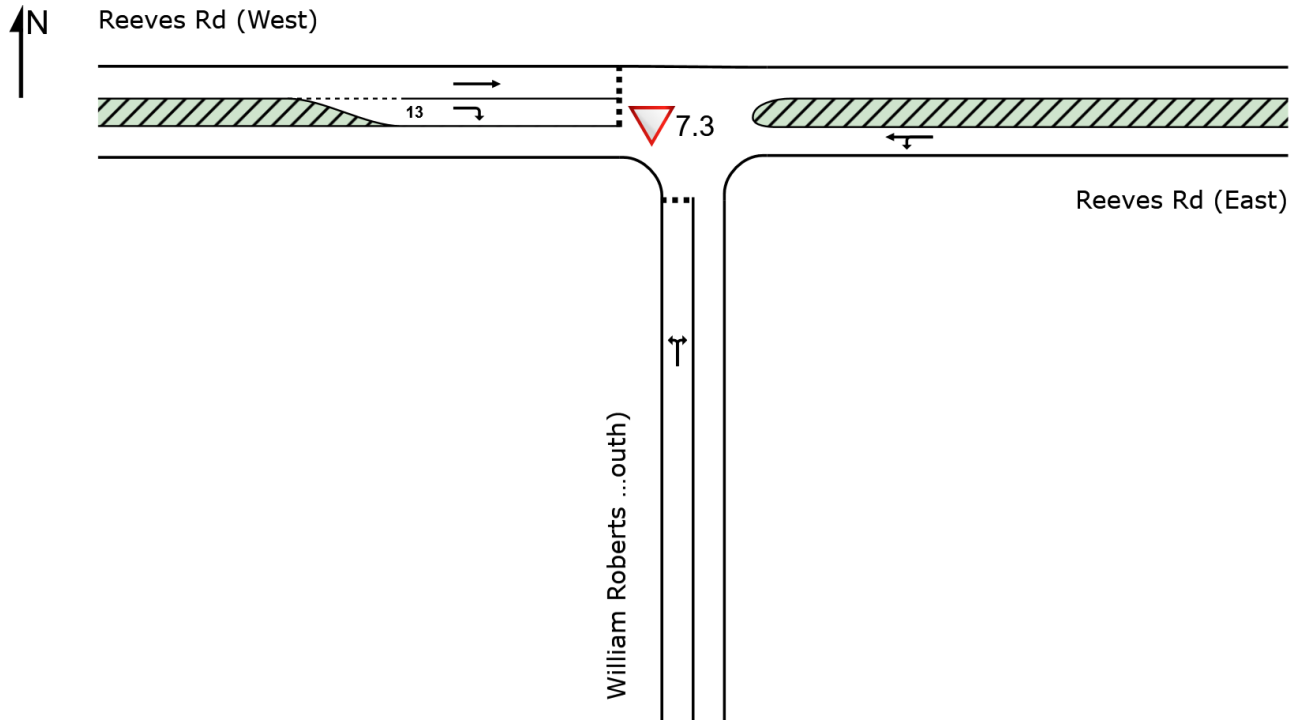


SITE LAYOUT

▽ Site: 7.3 [7.3 William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd - XL (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.

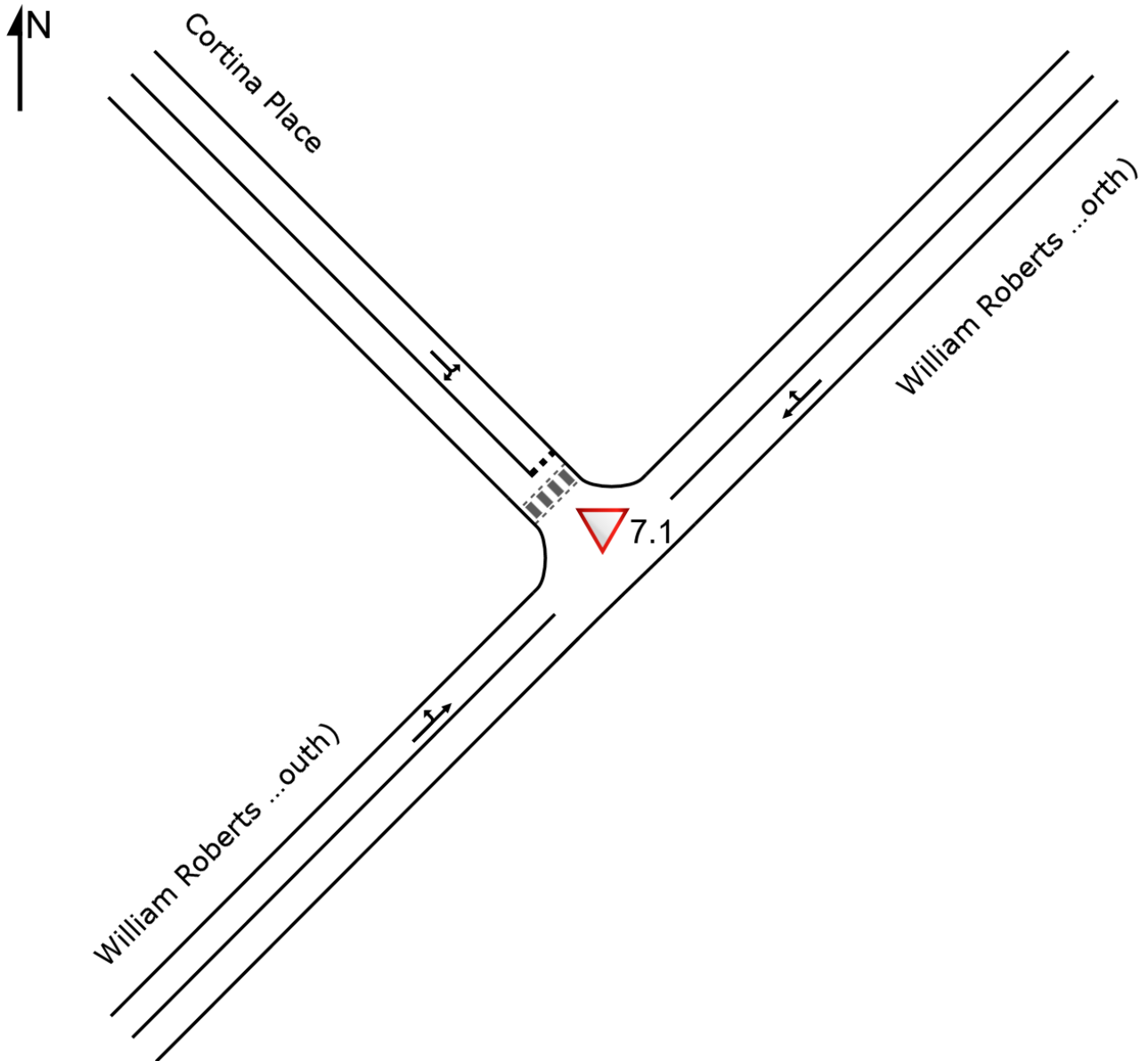


SITE LAYOUT

▼ Site: 7.1 [7.1 William Roberts Rd / Cortina PI (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



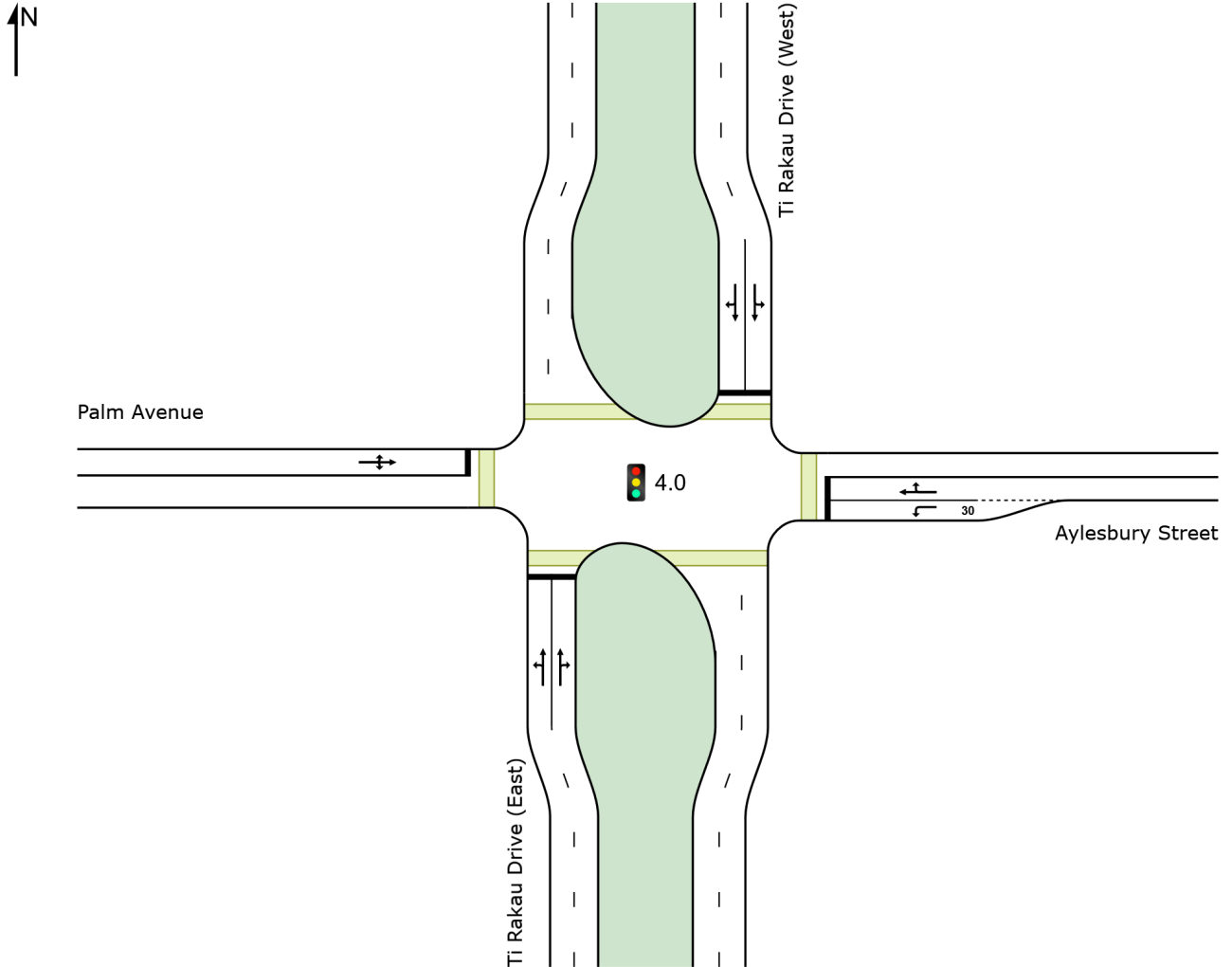
SITE LAYOUT

 Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated

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PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 70 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Green Split Priority has been specified

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

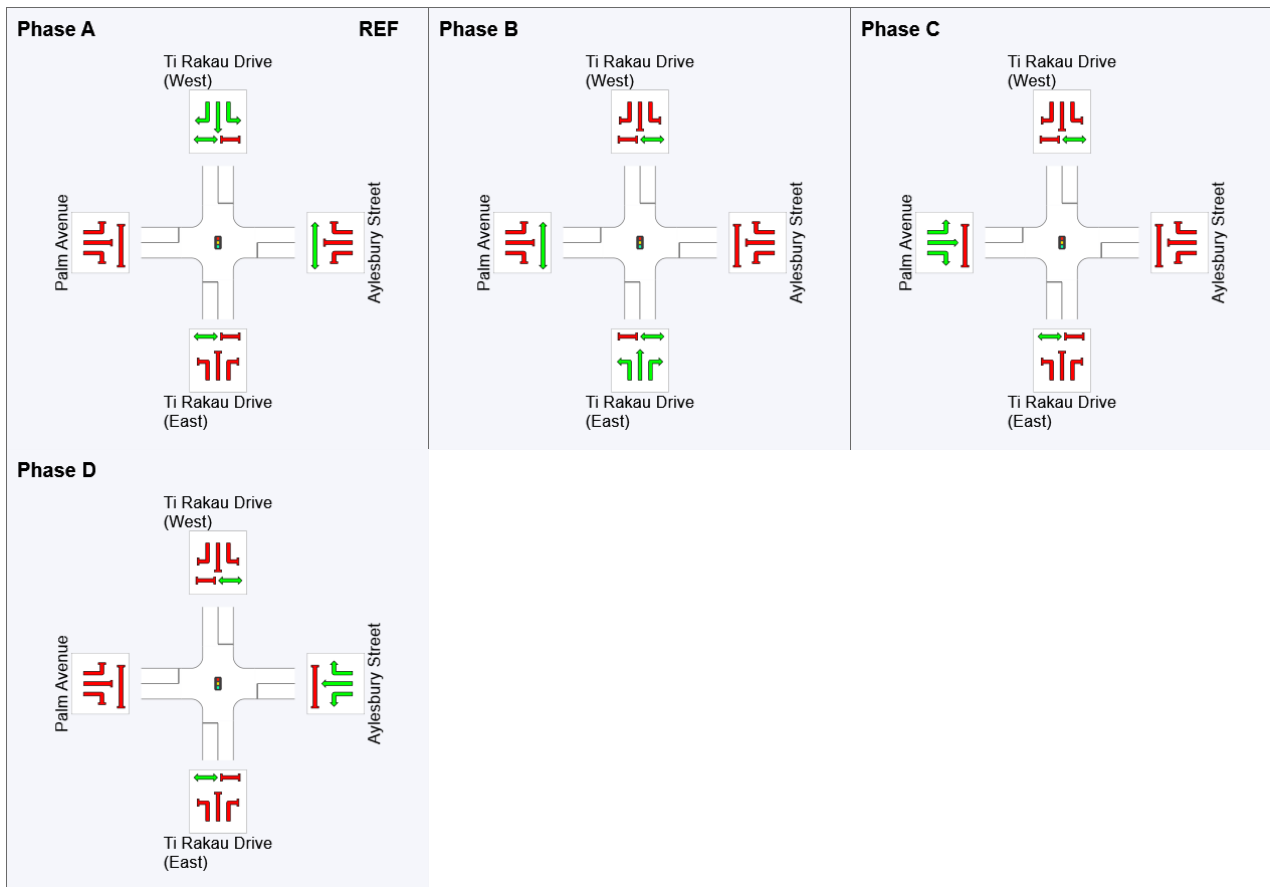
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	21	45	58
Green Time (sec)	15	18	7	6
Phase Time (sec)	21	24	13	12
Phase Split	30%	34%	19%	17%













See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 90 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Green Split Priority has been specified

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

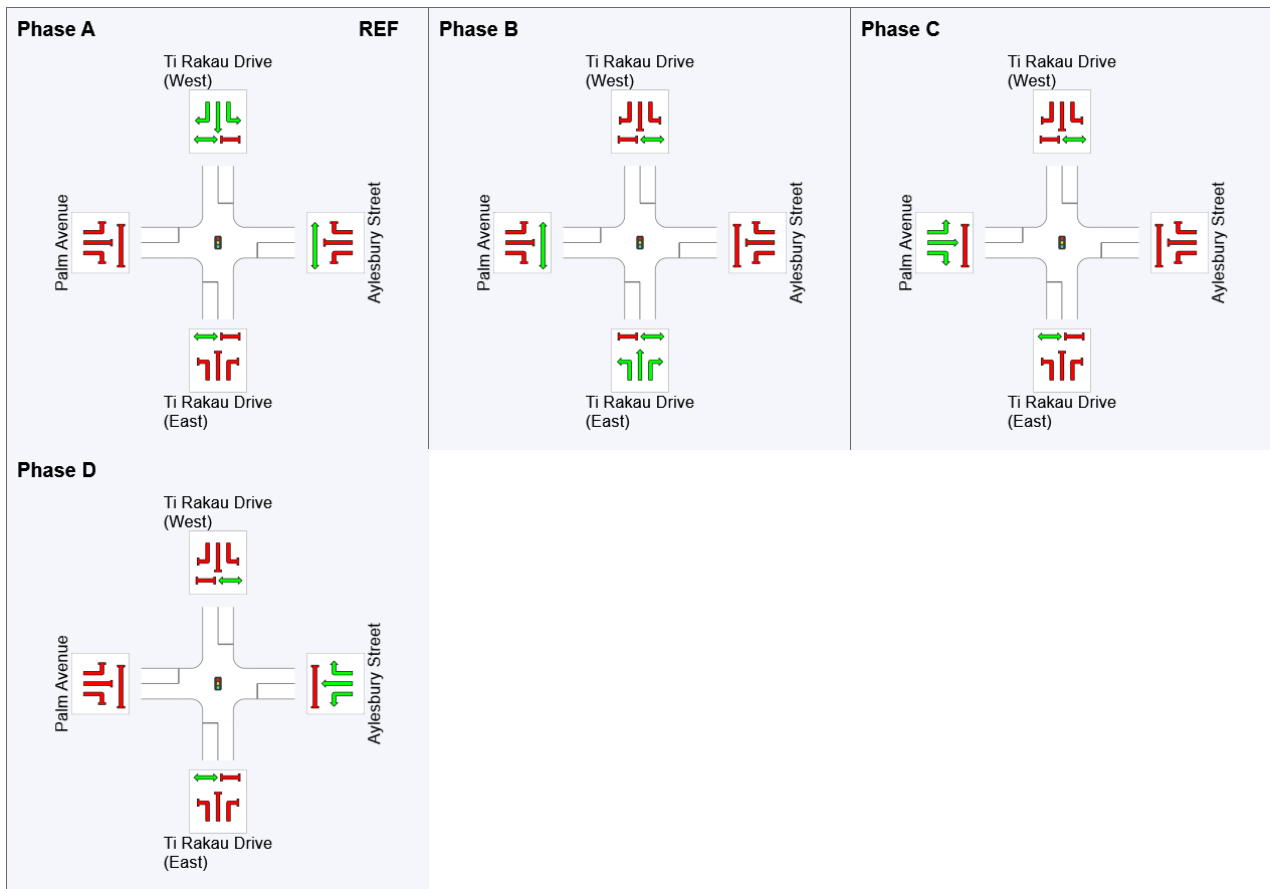
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	31	63	75
Green Time (sec)	25	26	6	9
Phase Time (sec)	31	32	12	15
Phase Split	34%	36%	13%	17%










See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

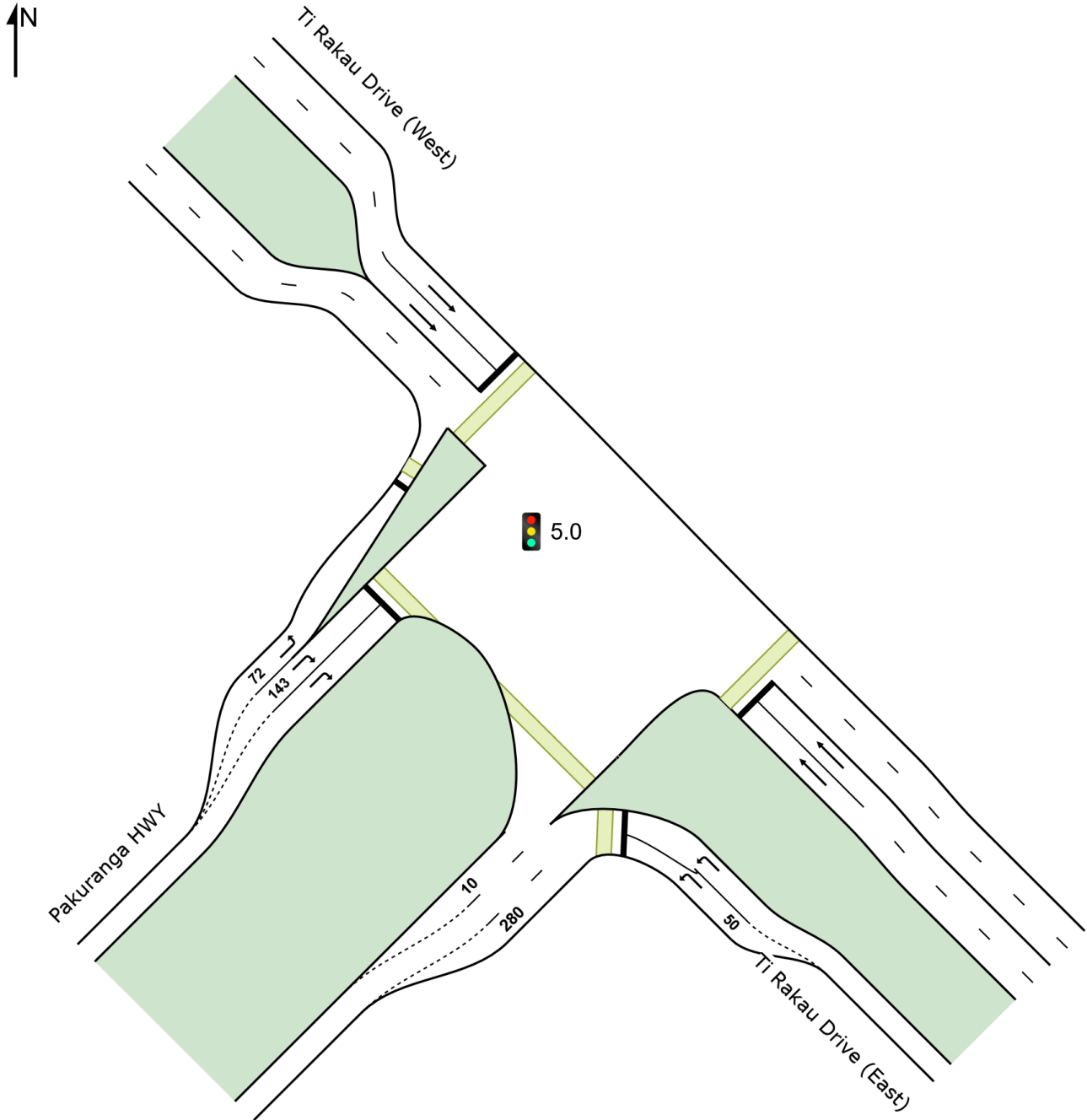
	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

SITE LAYOUT

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga Highway/ Reeves Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga Highway/ Reeves Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Map Extract Default

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C

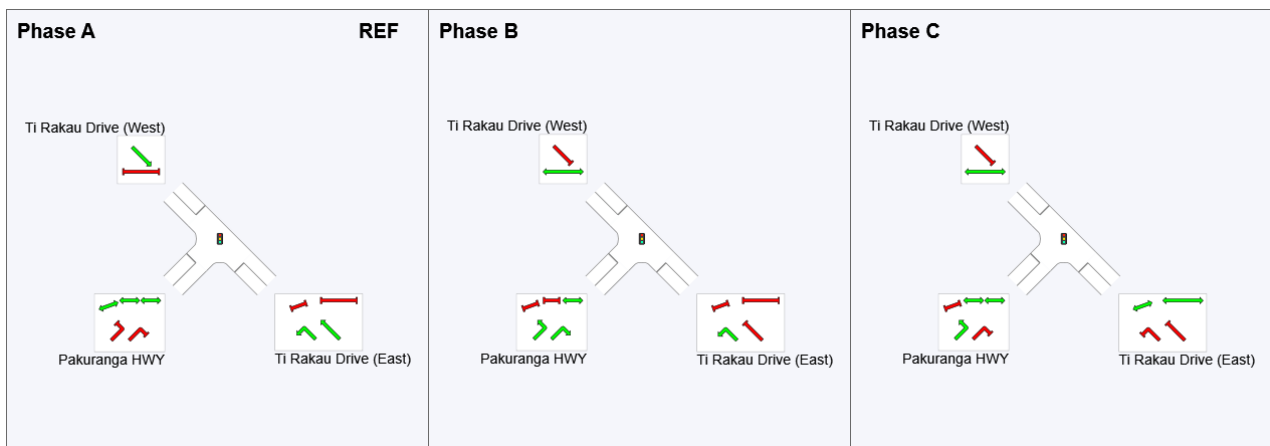
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	14	26
Green Time (sec)	8	6	11
Phase Time (sec)	14	9	17
Phase Split	35%	23%	43%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga Highway/ Reeves Rd (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 80 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Map Extract Default

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C

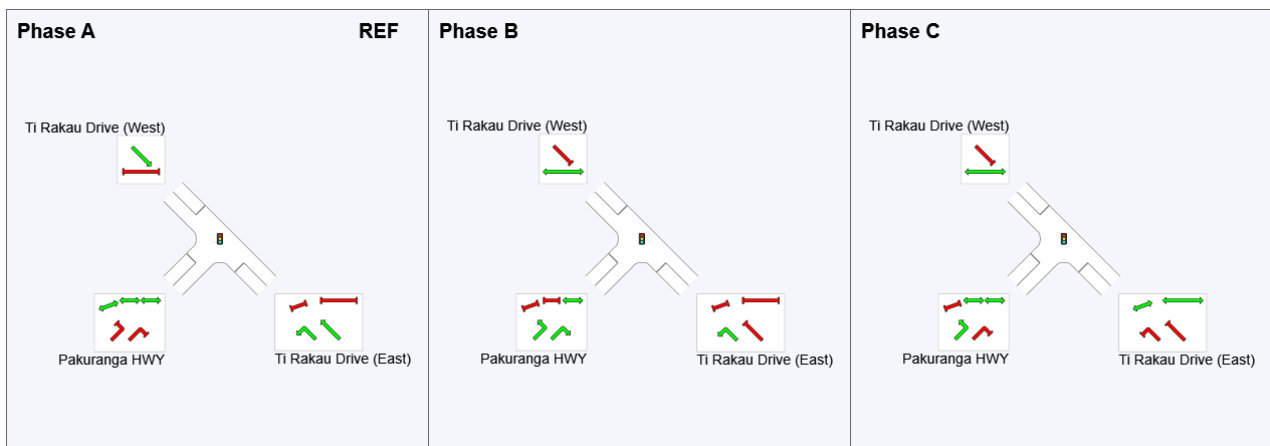
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	30	56
Green Time (sec)	24	20	20
Phase Time (sec)	30	24	26
Phase Split	38%	30%	33%

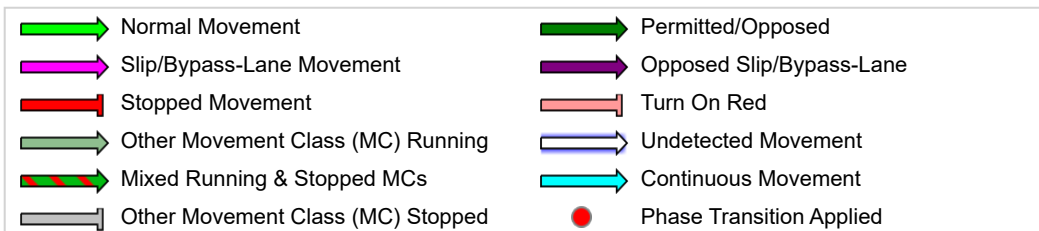
See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase



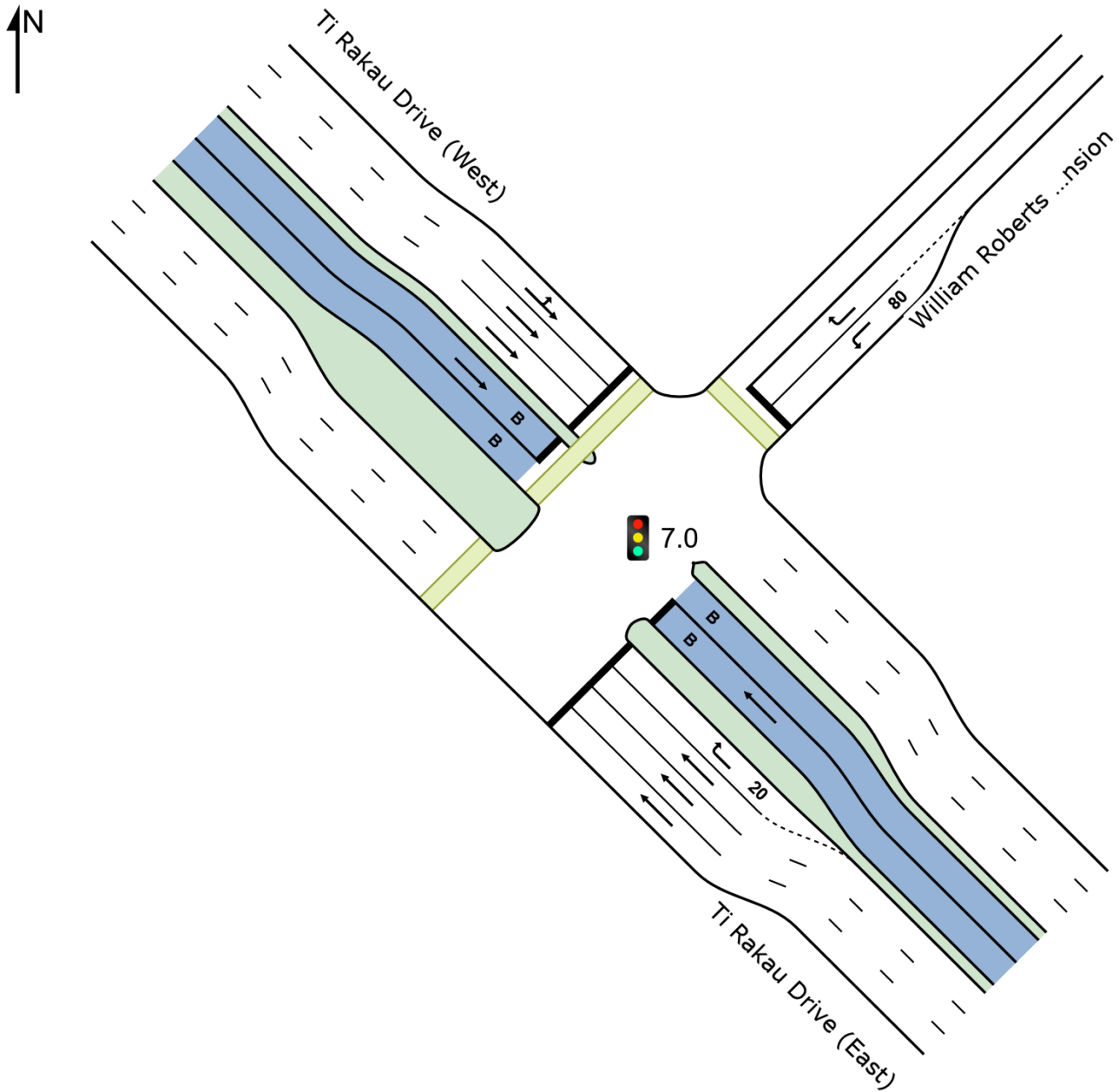
SITE LAYOUT

Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



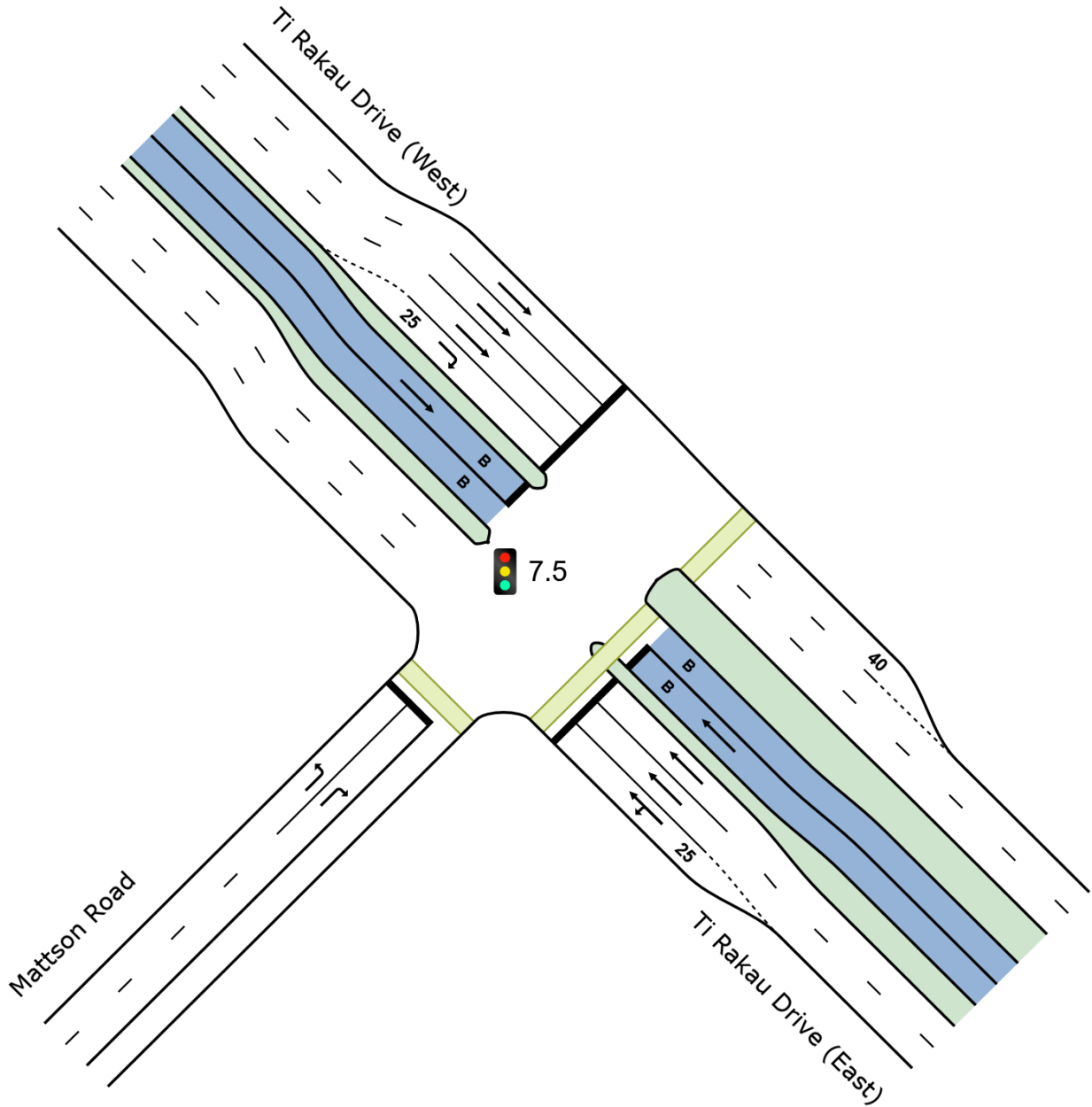
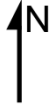
SITE LAYOUT

Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



CCG PHASING SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG2 [WRR / Mattson]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 100 seconds (CCG Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Network Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: CCG Phasing (phase reduction applied)

Reference Phase: Phase A1

Input Phase Sequence: A1, A2, B, C, D

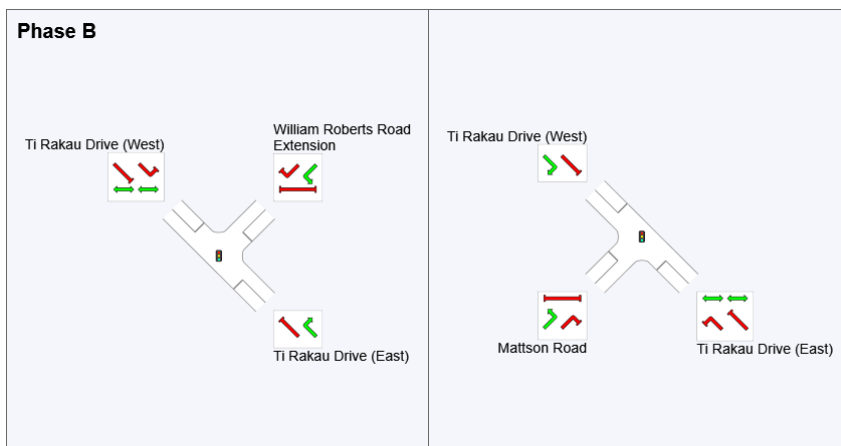
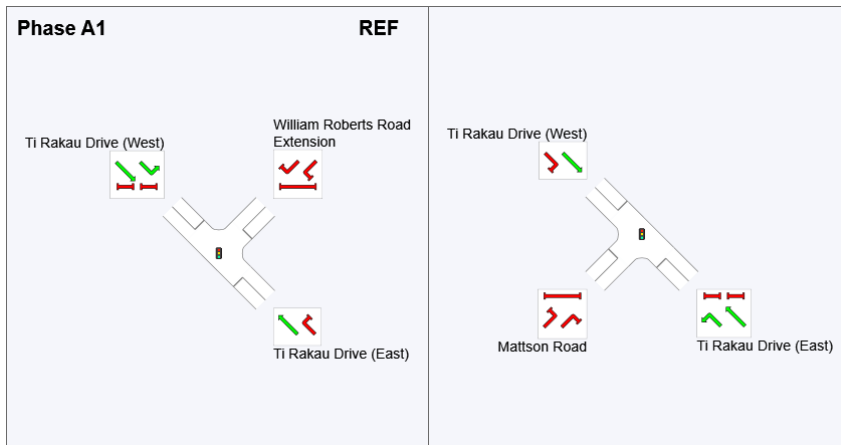
Output Phase Sequence: A1, B, C, D

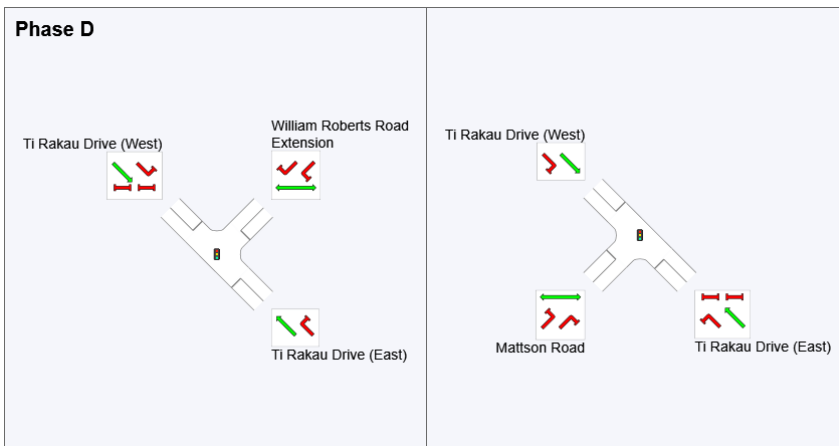
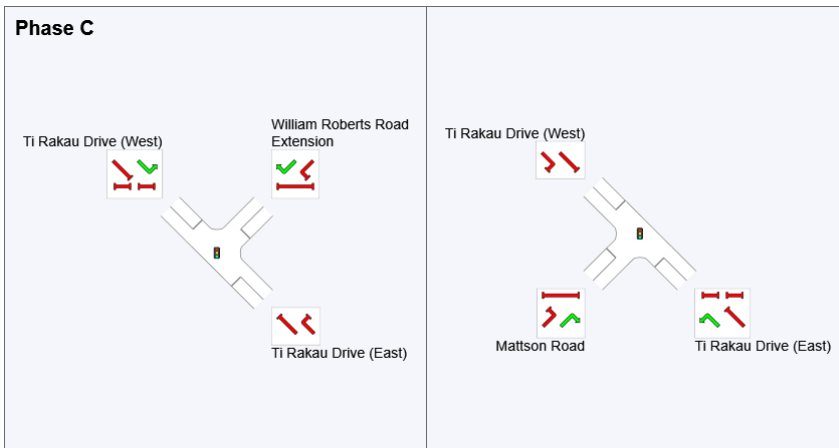
Phase Timing Summary (CCG)

Phase	A1	B	C	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	24	43	63
Green Time (sec)	18	13	14	31
Phase Time (sec)	24	19	20	37
Phase Split	24%	19%	20%	37%

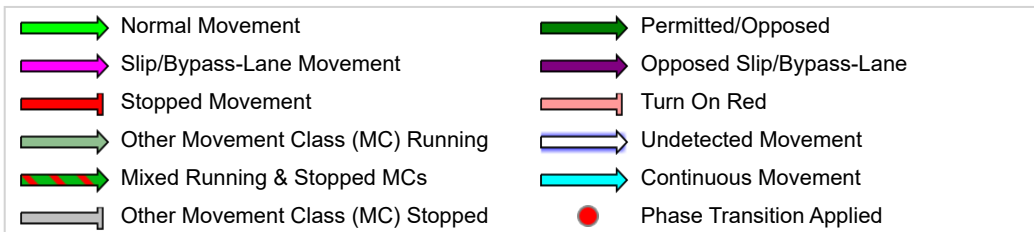
See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence (CCG)





REF: Reference Phase
 VAR: Variable Phase



CCG PHASING SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG2 [WRR / Mattson]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 60 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Network Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: CCG Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C

Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C

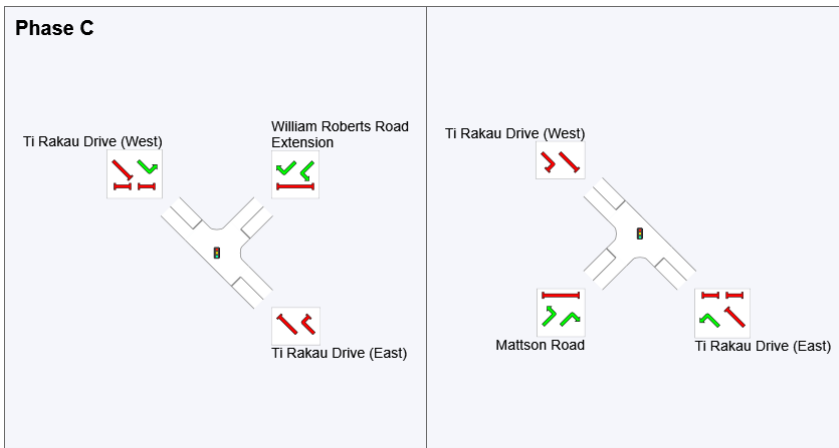
Phase Timing Summary (CCG)

Phase	A	B	C
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	34	51
Green Time (sec)	28	11	6
Phase Time (sec)	34	14	12
Phase Split	57%	23%	20%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence (CCG)





REF: Reference Phase
 VAR: Variable Phase



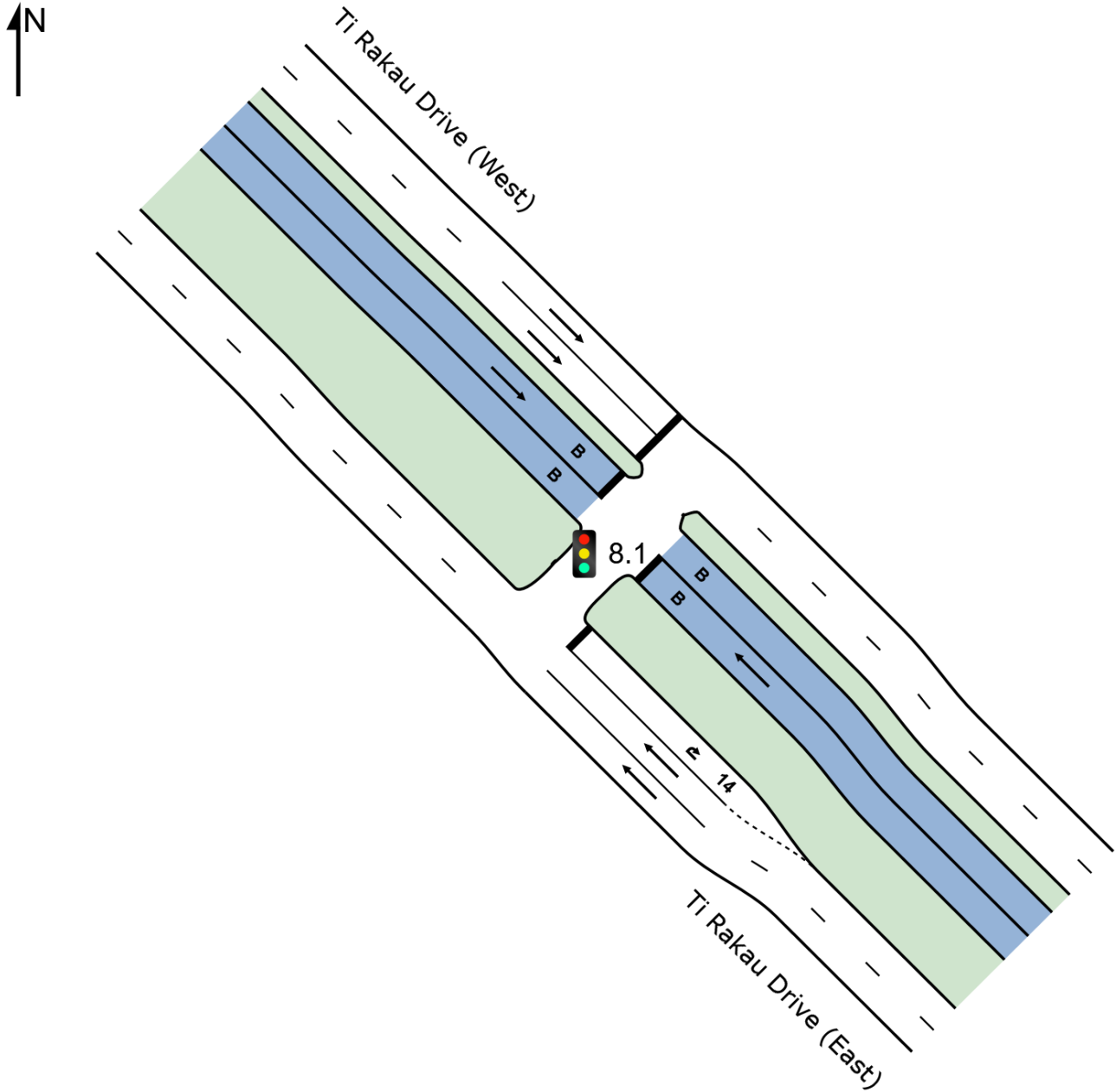
SITE LAYOUT

 Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 30 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Opposed Turns

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B

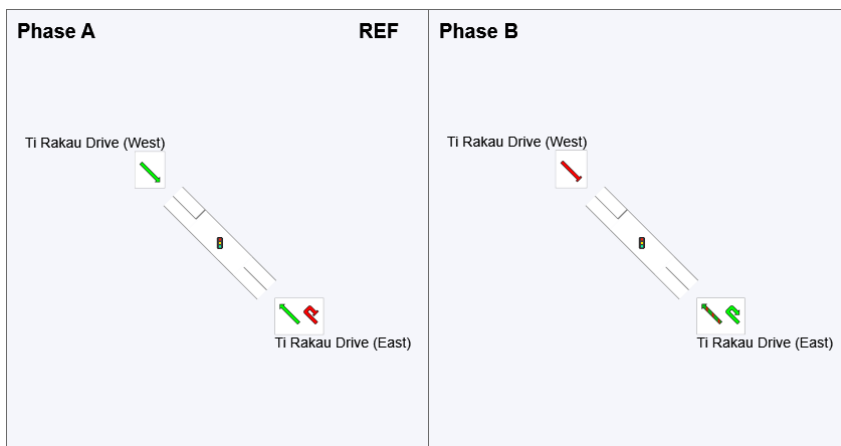
Output Phase Sequence: A, B

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	18
Green Time (sec)	12	6
Phase Time (sec)	18	12
Phase Split	60%	40%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Opposed Turns

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B

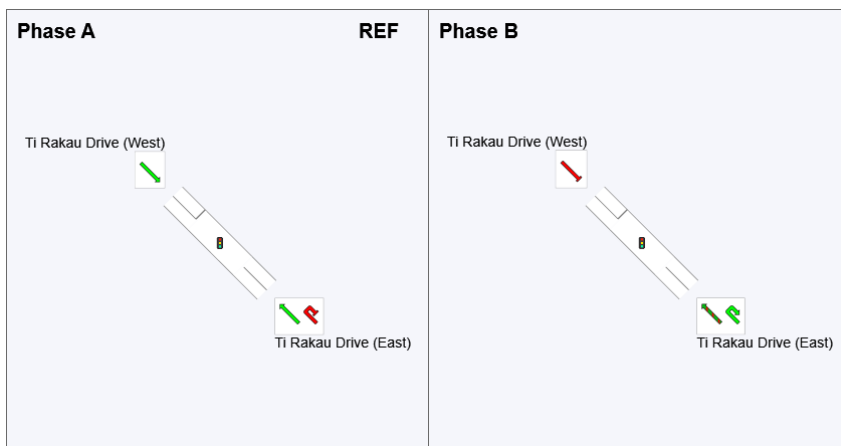
Output Phase Sequence: A, B

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	27
Green Time (sec)	21	7
Phase Time (sec)	27	13
Phase Split	68%	33%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

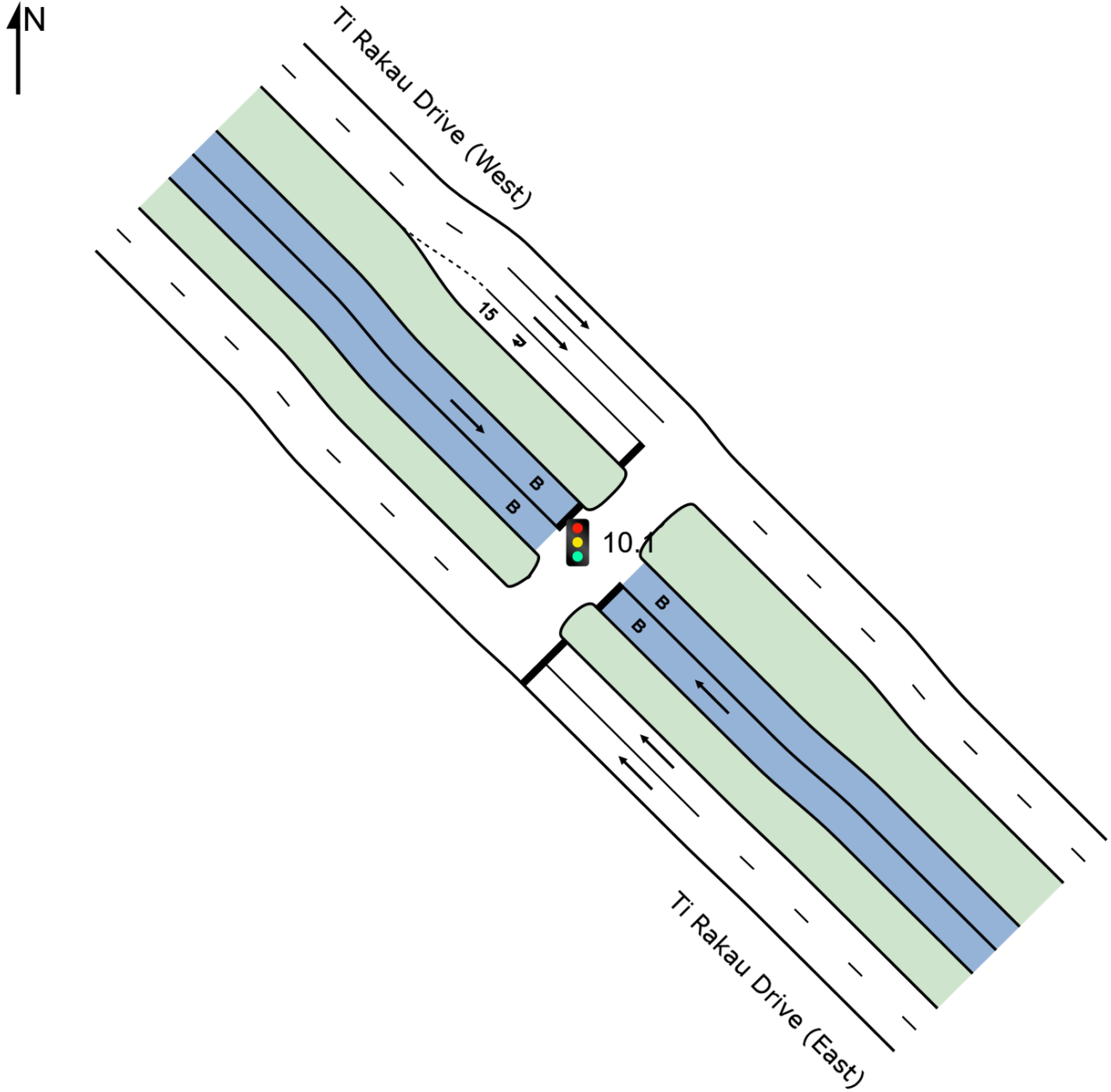
	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

SITE LAYOUT

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Opposed Turns

Reference Phase: Phase B

Input Phase Sequence: A, B

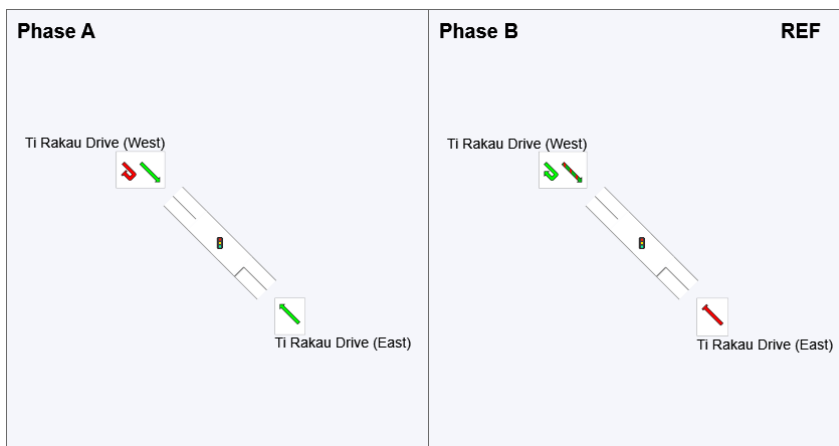
Output Phase Sequence: A, B

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B
Phase Change Time (sec)	13	0
Green Time (sec)	21	7
Phase Time (sec)	27	13
Phase Split	68%	33%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 50 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Opposed Turns

Reference Phase: Phase B

Input Phase Sequence: A, B

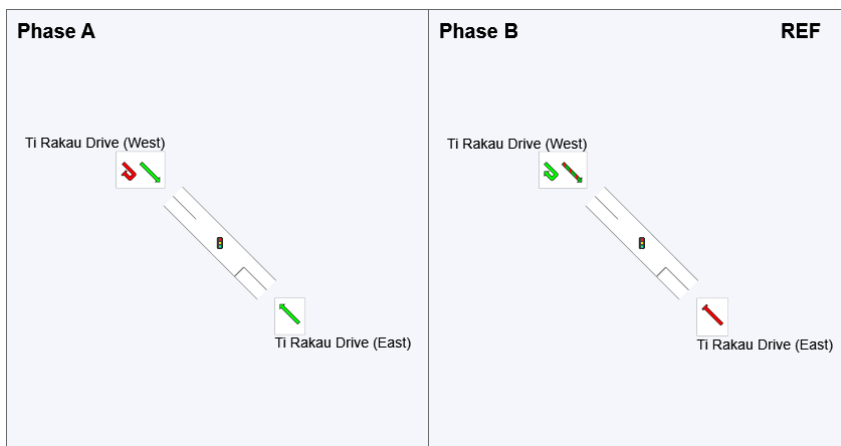
Output Phase Sequence: A, B

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B
Phase Change Time (sec)	13	0
Green Time (sec)	31	7
Phase Time (sec)	37	13
Phase Split	74%	26%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

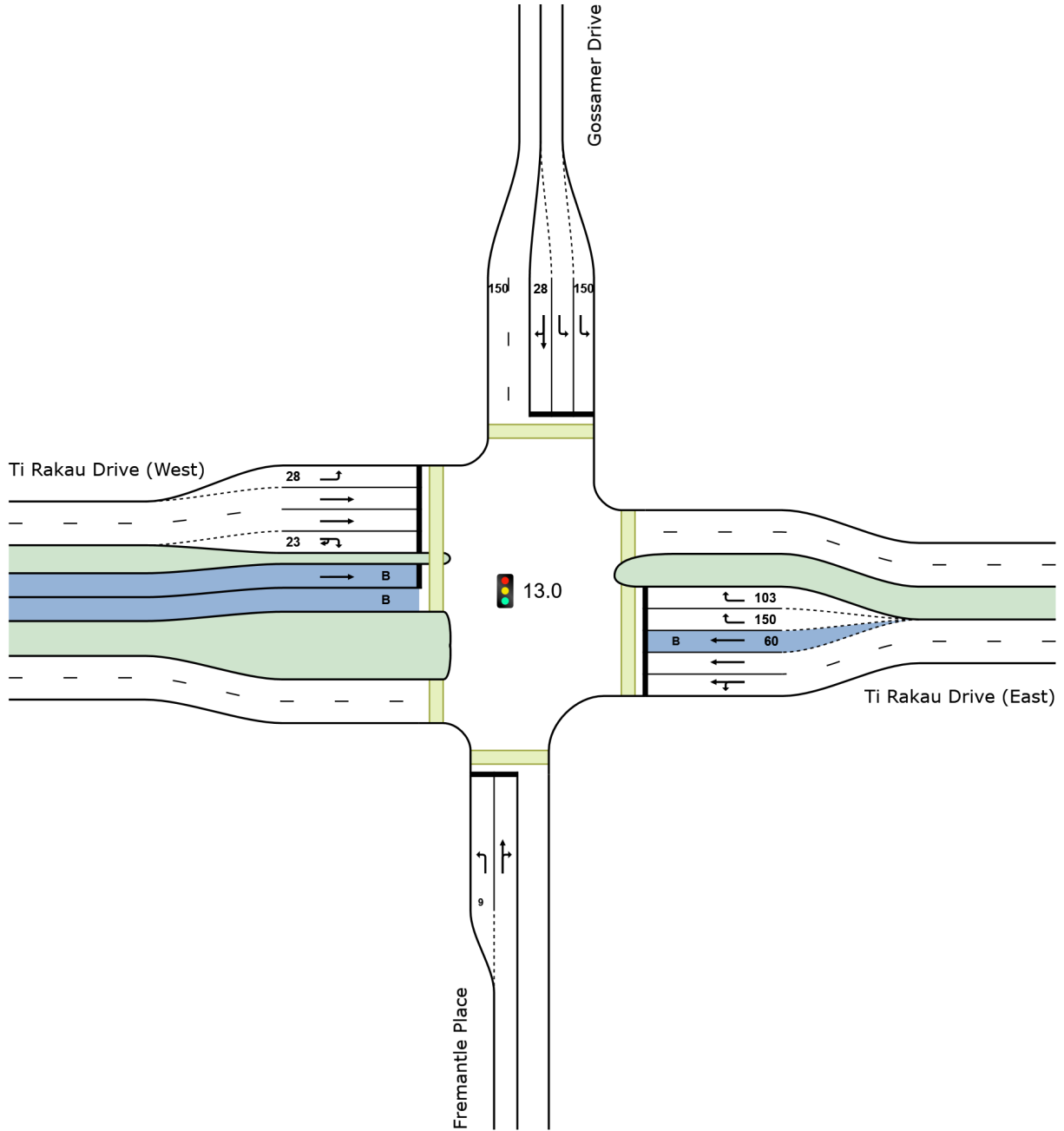
SITE LAYOUT

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 140 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, Bus, C, D, E, F

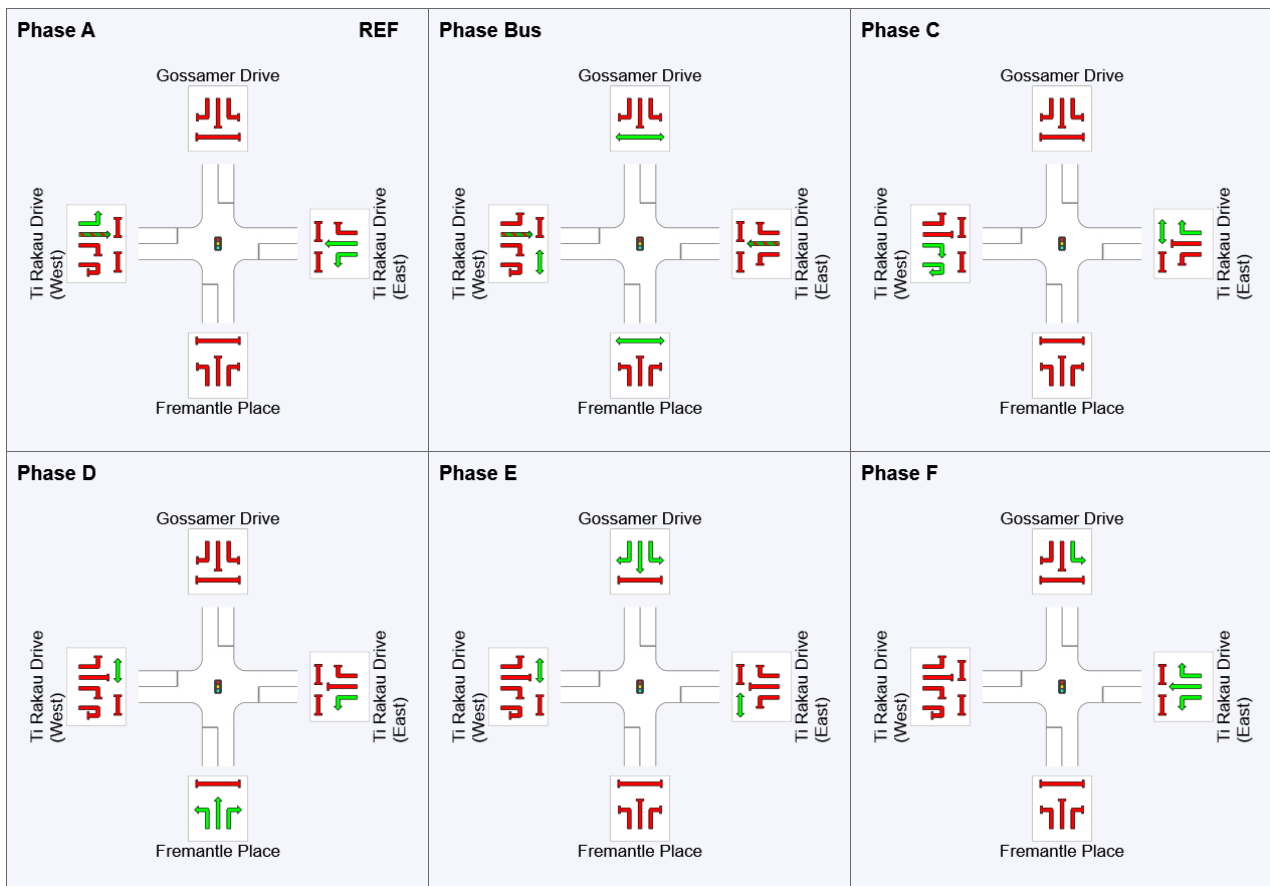
Output Phase Sequence: A, Bus, C, D, E, F

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	Bus	C	D	E	F
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	50	67	81	98	120
Green Time (sec)	44	11	10	11	16	15
Phase Time (sec)	50	15	16	17	21	21
Phase Split	36%	11%	11%	12%	15%	15%













See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: PM)] Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, Bus, C, D, E, F

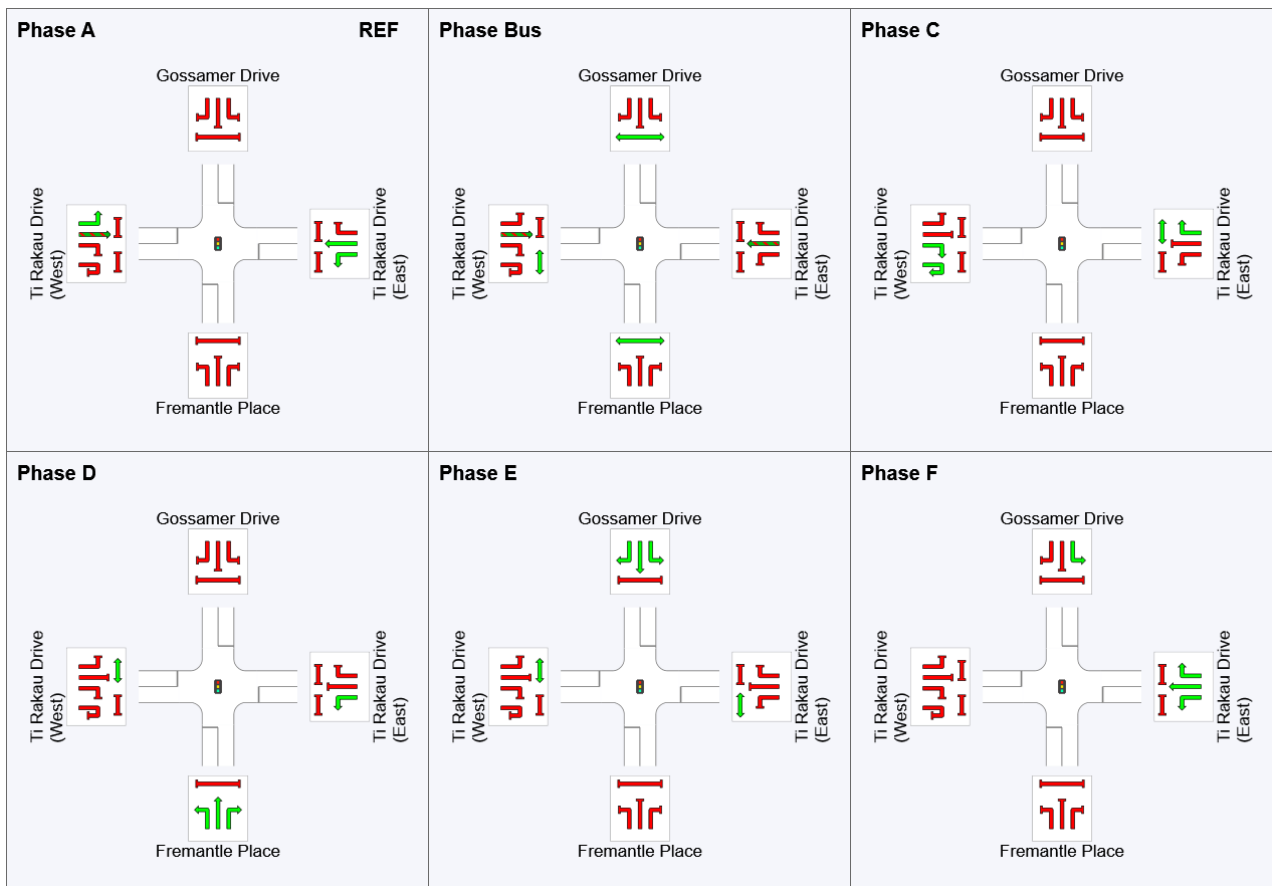
Output Phase Sequence: A, Bus, C, D, E, F

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	Bus	C	D	E	F
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	56	74	88	107	126
Green Time (sec)	50	12	10	14	13	20
Phase Time (sec)	56	16	15	20	17	26
Phase Split	37%	11%	10%	13%	11%	17%










See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

Appendix G

Construction Scenario 2 – Lane performance Summaries

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 140 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
South: Ti Rakau Drive															
Lane 1	596	9.6	596	9.6	825 ¹	0.722	100	18.5	LOS B	22.4	169.5	Full	174	0.0	12.6
Lane 2 (B)	21	100.0	21	100.0	71	0.298	100	76.9	LOS E	1.3	16.8	Short	16	0.0	NA
Lane 3	62	4.8	62	4.8	293	0.211	100	59.5	LOS E	3.3	24.1	Full	174	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	62	4.8	62	4.8	293	0.211	100	59.5	LOS E	3.3	24.1	Short	40	0.0	NA
Approach	741	11.3	741	11.3		0.722		27.0	LOS C	22.4	169.5				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	140	7.9	139	7.8	535 ¹	0.259	100	27.0	LOS C	4.8	35.6	Short	21	0.0	NA
Lane 2	606	5.3	601	5.2	730 ¹	0.824	100	33.7	LOS C	19.6 ^{N4}	143.2 ^{N4}	Full	98	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	515	9.9	510	9.9	619	0.824	100	49.4	LOS D	18.9 ^{N4}	143.2 ^{N4}	Full	98	0.0	50.0
Approach	1261	7.5	1250 ^{N1}	7.4		0.824		39.4	LOS D	19.6	143.2				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1 (B)	26	100.0	26	100.0	48	0.538	100	80.0	LOS E	1.7	22.3	Full	380	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	430	7.6	430	7.6	515	0.835	100	56.4	LOS E	26.4	197.1	Full	380	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	430	7.6	430	7.6	515	0.835	100	56.4	LOS E	26.4	197.1	Full	380	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	204	18.1	204	18.1	245	0.831	100	74.8	LOS E	13.3	107.7	Short	178	0.0	NA
Lane 5	204	18.1	204	18.1	245	0.831	100	74.8	LOS E	13.3	107.7	Short	105	0.0	NA
Approach	1294	12.8	1294	12.8		0.835		62.7	LOS E	26.4	197.1				
Intersection	3296	10.4	3285 ^{N1}	10.4		0.835		45.8	LOS D	26.4	197.1				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: Ti Rakau Drive										
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	W	E								
Lane 1	596	-	596	9.6	825 ¹	0.722	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	21	-	21	100.0	71	0.298	100	19.6	1	
Lane 3	-	62	62	4.8	293	0.211	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	62	62	4.8	293	0.211	100	0.0	3	
Approach	617	124	741	11.3		0.722				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										

Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	139	-	139	7.8	535 ¹	0.259	100	64.2	2
Lane 2	-	601	601	5.2	730 ¹	0.824	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	510	510	9.9	619	0.824	100	NA	NA
Approach	139	1111	1250	7.4		0.824			
West: Pakuranga Road (West)									
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	9	17	26	100.0	48	0.538	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	430	-	430	7.6	515	0.835	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	430	-	430	7.6	515	0.835	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	204	204	18.1	245	0.831	100	0.0	3
Lane 5	-	204	204	18.1	245	0.831	100	17.3	4
Approach	869	425	1294	12.8		0.835			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	3285	10.4		0.835					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate % veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
Full Length Lane	3											

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: PM)] Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 130 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
South: Ti Rakau Drive															
Lane 1	709	14.8	709	14.8	906 ¹	0.783	100	11.1	LOS B	19.5	153.8	Full	174	0.0	3.9
Lane 2 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	99	0.131	100	64.7	LOS E	0.7	8.9	Short	16	0.0	NA
Lane 3	107	7.9	107	7.9	70	1.521	100	531.8	LOS F	20.4	152.9	Full	174	-34.6 ^{N7}	3.3 ⁸
Lane 4	107	7.9	107	7.9	70	1.521	100	531.8	LOS F	20.4	152.9	Short	40	-34.6 ^{N7}	NA
Approach	936	14.4	936	14.4		1.521		130.9	LOS F	20.4	153.8				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	377	1.3	370	1.3	656 ¹	0.564	100	20.0	LOS B	10.9	77.4	Short	21	0.0	NA
Lane 2	369	3.3	362	3.3	652 ¹	0.555	100	15.1	LOS B	10.5	75.8	Full	98	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	389	6.1	382	6.1	688	0.555	100	34.8	LOS C	17.1	126.0	Full	98	0.0	38.1
Approach	1135	3.6	1115 ^{N1}	3.6		0.564		23.5	LOS C	17.1	126.0				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1 (B)	42	100.0	42	100.0	63	0.672	100	71.6	LOS E	2.6	33.6	Full	380	-20.9 ^{N7}	0.0
Lane 2	586	7.3	586	7.3	615	0.953	100	70.6	LOS E	44.6	331.6	Full	380	-34.6 ^{N7}	2.7
Lane 3	586	7.3	586	7.3	615	0.953	100	70.6	LOS E	44.6	331.6	Full	380	-34.6 ^{N7}	2.7
Lane 4	226	5.8	226	5.8	259	0.869	100	73.6	LOS E	14.2	104.1	Short	178	0.0	NA
Lane 5	226	5.8	226	5.8	259	0.869	100	73.6	LOS E	14.2	104.1	Short	105	0.0	NA
Approach	1665	9.2	1665	9.2		0.953		71.4	LOS E	44.6	331.6				
Intersection	3736	8.8	3716 ^{N1}	8.9		1.521		72.0	LOS E	44.6	331.6				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- ⁸ Probability of Blockage has been set on the basis of a queue that overflows from a short lane.
- ^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.
- ^{N7} The capacity reduction has been determined from the queue blockage probability of a Site further downstream due to intermediate continuous lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: Ti Rakau Drive										
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	W	E								
Lane 1	709	-	709	14.8	906 ¹	0.783	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	13	-	13	100.0	99	0.131	100	0.0	1	
Lane 3	-	107	107	7.9	70	1.521	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	107	107	7.9	70	1.521	100	100.0	3	

Approach	722	214	936	14.4		1.521				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	S	W								
Lane 1	370	-	370	1.3	656 ¹	0.564	100	100.0	2	
Lane 2	-	362	362	3.3	652 ¹	0.555	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	382	382	6.1	688	0.555	100	NA	NA	
Approach	370	744	1115	3.6		0.564				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	E	S								
Lane 1	21	21	42	100.0	63	0.672	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	586	-	586	7.3	615	0.953	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	586	-	586	7.3	615	0.953	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	226	226	5.8	259	0.869	100	0.0	3	
Lane 5	-	226	226	5.8	259	0.869	100	14.2	4	
Approach	1193	472	1665	9.2		0.953				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	3716	8.9		1.521						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap pcu/h	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 2.1 [2.1 Pakuranga Plaza / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	[HV %	[Total veh/h	[HV %						[Veh	[Dist] m				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	680	8.7	680	8.7	1823	0.373	100	1.2	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	699	5.6	699	5.6	1872	0.373	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Approach	1379	7.1	1379	7.1		0.373		0.6	NA	0.0	0.0				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1	497	7.9	497	7.9	1845	0.269	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	108	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	497	7.9	497	7.9	1845	0.269	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	108	0.0	0.0
Approach	994	7.9	994	7.9		0.269		0.0	NA	0.0	0.0				
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza															
Lane 1	29	6.9	29	6.9	687	0.042	100	2.8	LOS A	0.1	0.8	Full	196	-11.2 ^{N7}	0.0
Approach	29	6.9	29	6.9		0.042		2.8	LOS A	0.1	0.8				
Intersection	2402	7.5	2402	7.5		0.373		0.4	NA	0.1	0.8				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N7} The capacity reduction has been determined from the queue blockage probability of a Site further downstream due to intermediate continuous lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L1	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	155	525	680	8.7	1823	0.373	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	699	699	5.6	1872	0.373	100	NA	NA	
Approach	155	1224	1379	7.1		0.373				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	497	497	7.9	1845	0.269	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	497	497	7.9	1845	0.269	100	NA	NA		
Approach	994	994	7.9		0.269					
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L3	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		

W									
Lane 1	29	29	6.9		687	0.042	100	NA	NA
Approach	29	29	6.9			0.042			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	2402	7.5							0.373

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga Plaza											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 2.1 [2.1 Pakuranga Plaza / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: **PM**)] Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist] m		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
					veh/h	v/c	%	sec					m	%	%
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	579	4.4	579	4.4	1877	0.309	100	0.8	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	589	2.6	589	2.6	1908	0.309	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Approach	1168	3.5	1168	3.5		0.309		0.4	NA	0.0	0.0				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1	708	8.8	706	8.8	1835	0.384	100	0.0	LOS A	21.0 ^{N6}	157.8 ^{N6}	Full	108	0.0	50.0 ^{N6}
Lane 2	708	8.8	706	8.8	1835	0.384	100	0.0	LOS A	21.0 ^{N6}	157.8 ^{N6}	Full	108	0.0	50.0 ^{N6}
Approach	1415	8.8	1411 ^{N1}	8.8		0.384		0.0	NA	21.0	157.8				
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza															
Lane 1	69	7.2	69	7.2	808	0.085	100	2.6	LOS A	0.3	2.0	Full	196	0.0	0.0
Approach	69	7.2	69	7.2		0.085		2.6	LOS A	0.3	2.0				
Intersection	2652	6.4	2648 ^{N1}	6.4		0.384		0.3	NA	21.0	157.8				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N6} Continuous Lane results determined by Back of Queue values of downstream lanes (proportional to lane movement flows) but average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L1	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	W								
Lane 1	91	488	579	4.4	1877	0.309	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	589	589	2.6	1908	0.309	100	NA	NA	
Approach	91	1077	1168	3.5		0.309				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
	E									
Lane 1	706	706	8.8	1835	0.384	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	706	706	8.8	1835	0.384	100	NA	NA		
Approach	1411	1411	8.8		0.384					
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza										
Mov.	L3	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		

From SW To Exit:	W			Cap. veh/h	Satn v/c	Util. %	SL Ov. %	Lane No.
Lane 1	69	69	7.2	808	0.085	100	NA	NA
Approach	69	69	7.2		0.085			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)								
Intersection	2648	6.4			0.384			

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate % veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga Plaza											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 80 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	683	5.2	683	5.2	757	0.902	100	41.5	LOS D	28.8	210.4	Full	183	0.0	27.7
Lane 2	683	5.2	683	5.2	757	0.902	100	41.5	LOS D	28.8	210.4	Full	183	0.0	27.7
Lane 3	534	7.2	534	7.2	583 ¹	0.916	100	45.3	LOS D	22.3	165.9	Full	183	0.0	6.1 ⁸
Lane 4	535	7.2	535	7.2	583 ¹	0.916	100	45.3	LOS D	22.3	165.9	Short	60	0.0	NA
Approach	2434	6.1	2434	6.1		0.916		43.2	LOS D	28.8	210.4				
NorthWest: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1	369	9.2	369	9.2	737	0.501	100	22.3	LOS C	9.6	72.7	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	375	6.9	375	6.9	748	0.501	100	22.3	LOS C	9.8	72.4	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	241	7.5	241	7.5	351	0.687	100	38.7	LOS D	8.3	61.8	Short	98	0.0	NA
Approach	985	7.9	985	7.9		0.687		26.3	LOS C	9.8	72.7				
SouthWest: Flyover															
Lane 1	314	6.7	314	6.7	364	0.863	100	48.1	LOS D	12.6	93.2	Short	70	0.0	NA
Lane 2	264	5.3	264	5.3	307	0.857	100	48.0	LOS D	10.5	76.8	Full	1162	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	264	5.3	264	5.3	307	0.857	100	48.0	LOS D	10.5	76.8	Full	1162	0.0	0.0
Approach	841	5.8	841	5.8		0.863		48.0	LOS D	12.6	93.2				
Intersection	4260	6.5	4260	6.5		0.916		40.2	LOS D	28.8	210.4				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

⁸ Probability of Blockage has been set on the basis of a queue that overflows from a short lane.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L1	R1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	683	-	683	5.2	757	0.902	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	683	-	683	5.2	757	0.902	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	534	534	7.2	583 ¹	0.916	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	535	535	7.2	583 ¹	0.916	100	100.0	3	
Approach	1365	1069	2434	6.1		0.916				
NorthWest: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	E	SW								
Lane 1	369	-	369	9.2	737	0.501	100	NA	NA	

Lane 2	375	-	375	6.9	748	0.501	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	241	241	7.5	351	0.687	100	0.0	2
Approach	744	241	985	7.9		0.687			
SouthWest: Flyover									
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	R1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	NW	E							
Lane 1	314	-	314	6.7	364	0.863	100	41.3	2
Lane 2	-	264	264	5.3	307	0.857	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	264	264	5.3	307	0.857	100	NA	NA
Approach	314	527	841	5.8		0.863			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	4260	6.5		0.916					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate % veh/h	Critical Gap pcu/h	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
Full Length Lane	3											
NorthWest Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
SouthWest Exit: Flyover												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: Network: N101 [PM (Network PM)]) Folder: General]]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 120 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	378	4.2	378	4.2	924	0.409	100	16.0	LOS B	9.3	67.3	Full	183	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	378	4.2	378	4.2	924	0.409	100	16.0	LOS B	9.3	67.3	Full	183	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	382	4.7	382	4.7	544 ¹	0.701	100	36.1	LOS D	15.9	115.9	Full	183	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	382	4.7	382	4.7	544 ¹	0.701	100	36.1	LOS D	15.9	115.9	Short	60	0.0	NA
Approach	1519	4.5	1519	4.5		0.701		26.1	LOS C	15.9	115.9				
NorthWest: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1	668	9.4	668	9.4	654	1.021	100	107.2	LOS F	23.4 ^{N4}	176.8 ^{N4}	Full	121	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	639	6.5	639	6.5	626 ¹	1.021	100	108.0	LOS F	23.9 ^{N4}	176.8 ^{N4}	Full	121	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	102	19.6	102	19.6	122	0.839	100	73.2	LOS E	6.0	48.8	Short	98	0.0	NA
Approach	1409	8.8	1409	8.8		1.021		105.1	LOS F	23.9	176.8				
SouthWest: Flyover															
Lane 1	414	0.7	414	0.7	632	0.655	100	26.3	LOS C	12.4	87.1	Short	70	0.0	NA
Lane 2	611	2.3	611	2.3	625 ¹	0.978	100	78.8	LOS E	40.8	291.5	Full	1162	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	834	2.3	834	2.3	853	0.978	100	77.6	LOS E	60.3	430.7	Full	1162	0.0	0.0
Approach	1859	1.9	1859	1.9		0.978		66.5	LOS E	60.3	430.7				
Intersection	4787	4.8	4787	4.8		1.021		65.1	LOS E	60.3	430.7				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L1	R1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	378	-	378	4.2	924	0.409	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	378	-	378	4.2	924	0.409	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	382	382	4.7	544 ¹	0.701	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	382	382	4.7	544 ¹	0.701	100	76.7	3	
Approach	756	763	1519	4.5		0.701				
NorthWest: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	E	SW								
Lane 1	668	-	668	9.4	654	1.021	100	NA	NA	

Lane 2	639	-	639	6.5	626 ¹	1.021	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	102	102	19.6	122	0.839	100	0.0	2
Approach	1307	102	1409	8.8		1.021			
SouthWest: Flyover									
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	R1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	NW	E							
Lane 1	414	-	414	0.7	632	0.655	100	35.0	2
Lane 2	-	611	611	2.3	625 ¹	0.978	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	834	834	2.3	853	0.978	100	NA	NA
Approach	414	1445	1859	1.9		0.978			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	4787	4.8		1.021					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
Full Length Lane	3											
NorthWest Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
SouthWest Exit: Flyover												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 7.4 [7.4 Reeves Rd/ Aylesbury St - XL (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

New Site
Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total]	[HV]	[Total]	[HV]						[Veh]	[Dist]				
East: Reeves Rd (North)															
Lane 1	29	0.0	29	0.0	2014	0.015	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	55	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	45	0.0	45	0.0	1783	0.025	100	4.1	LOS A	0.1	0.6	Short	53	0.0	NA
Approach	75	0.0	75	0.0		0.025		2.5	NA	0.1	0.6				
North: Aylesbury St															
Lane 1	24	0.0	24	0.0	1341	0.018	100	4.8	LOS A	0.1	0.4	Full	193	0.0	0.0
Approach	24	0.0	24	0.0		0.018		4.8	LOS A	0.1	0.4				
West: Reeves Rd (South)															
Lane 1	12	0.0	12	0.0	2032	0.006	100	0.4	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	12	0.0	12	0.0		0.006		0.4	NA	0.0	0.0				
Intersection	111	0.0	111	0.0		0.025		2.8	NA	0.1	0.6				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Reeves Rd (North)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	29	-	29	0.0	2014	0.015	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	45	45	0.0	1783	0.025	100	0.0	1	
Approach	29	45	75	0.0		0.025				
North: Aylesbury St										
Mov. From N To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	14	11	24	0.0	1341	0.018	100	NA	NA	
Approach	14	11	24	0.0		0.018				
West: Reeves Rd (South)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	1	11	12	0.0	2032	0.006	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1	11	12	0.0		0.006				

	Total	%HV	Deg.Satn (v/c)
Intersection	111	0.0	0.025

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
East Exit: Reeves Rd (North) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								
North Exit: Aylesbury St Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								
West Exit: Reeves Rd (South) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 7.4 [7.4 Reeves Rd/ Aylesbury St - XL (Site Folder: PM)] Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

New Site
 Site Category: (None)
 Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	Dist]		m	%	%
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		Veh	m		m	%	%
East: Reeves Rd (North)															
Lane 1	13	0.0	13	0.0	2009	0.006	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	55	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	16	0.0	16	0.0	1735	0.009	100	4.2	LOS A	0.0	0.2	Short	53	0.0	NA
Approach	28	0.0	28	0.0		0.009		2.3	NA	0.0	0.2				
North: Aylesbury St															
Lane 1	104	0.0	104	0.0	1351	0.077	100	4.8	LOS A	0.2	1.6	Full	193	0.0	0.0
Approach	104	0.0	104	0.0		0.077		4.8	LOS A	0.2	1.6				
West: Reeves Rd (South)															
Lane 1	43	0.0	43	0.0	2039	0.021	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	43	0.0	43	0.0		0.021		0.1	NA	0.0	0.0				
Intersection	176	0.0	176	0.0		0.077		3.2	NA	0.2	1.6				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Reeves Rd (North)										
Mov.	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov.	Ov. Lane No.
From E To Exit:	W	N			veh/h	v/c	%	%		
Lane 1	13	-	13	0.0	2009	0.006	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	16	16	0.0	1735	0.009	100	0.0	1	
Approach	13	16	28	0.0		0.009				
North: Aylesbury St										
Mov.	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov.	Ov. Lane No.
From N To Exit:	E	W			veh/h	v/c	%	%		
Lane 1	62	42	104	0.0	1351	0.077	100	NA	NA	
Approach	62	42	104	0.0		0.077				
West: Reeves Rd (South)										
Mov.	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov.	Ov. Lane No.
From W To Exit:	N	E			veh/h	v/c	%	%		
Lane 1	1	42	43	0.0	2039	0.021	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1	42	43	0.0		0.021				

	Total	%HV	Deg.Satn (v/c)
Intersection	176	0.0	0.077

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
East Exit: Reeves Rd (North) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								
North Exit: Aylesbury St Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								
West Exit: Reeves Rd (South) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 7.3 [7.3 William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd - XL (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist m]				
South: William Roberts Road (South)															
Lane 1	134	8.7	134	8.7	950	0.141	100	5.6	LOS A	0.4	2.8	Full	243	0.0	0.0
Approach	134	8.7	134	8.7		0.141		5.6	LOS A	0.4	2.8				
East: Reeves Rd (East)															
Lane 1	283	8.2	283	8.2	1743	0.162	100	4.4	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	266	0.0	0.0
Approach	283	8.2	283	8.2		0.162		4.4	NA	0.0	0.0				
West: Reeves Rd (West)															
Lane 1	15	7.1	15	7.1	1873	0.008	100	2.7	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	55	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	14	15.4	14	15.4	635	0.022	100	6.8	LOS A	0.1	0.4	Short	13	0.0	NA
Approach	28	11.1	28	11.1		0.022		4.7	LOS A	0.1	0.4				
Intersection	445	8.5	445	8.5		0.162		4.8	NA	0.4	2.8				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: William Roberts Road (South)										
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	24	109	134	8.7	950	0.141	100	NA	NA	
Approach	24	109	134	8.7		0.141				
East: Reeves Rd (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	229	54	283	8.2	1743	0.162	100	NA	NA	
Approach	229	54	283	8.2		0.162				
West: Reeves Rd (West)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	15	-	15	7.1	1873	0.008	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	14	14	15.4	635	0.022	100	0.0	1	
Approach	15	14	28	11.1		0.022				

	Total	%HV	Deg.Satn (v/c)
Intersection	445	8.5	0.162

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: William Roberts Road (South) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
East Exit: Reeves Rd (East) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
West Exit: Reeves Rd (West) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 7.3 [7.3 William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd - XL (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV]		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV]		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist]		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	veh/h	v/c	%	sec			m		m	%	%
South: William Roberts Road (South)															
Lane 1	323	14.3	323	14.4	972	0.332	100	5.4	LOS A	1.1	8.6	Full	243	0.0	0.0
Approach	323	14.3	323	14.4		0.332		5.4	LOS A	1.1	8.6				
East: Reeves Rd (East)															
Lane 1	112	6.6	112	6.6	1750	0.064	100	4.5	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	266	0.0	0.0
Approach	112	6.6	112	6.6		0.064		4.5	NA	0.0	0.0				
West: Reeves Rd (West)															
Lane 1	37	5.7	37	5.7	1890	0.019	100	2.7	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	55	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	75	7.0	75	7.0	649	0.115	100	7.1	LOS A	0.3	2.1	Short	13	0.0	NA
Approach	112	6.6	112	6.6		0.115		5.7	LOS A	0.3	2.1				
Intersection	546	11.2	546	11.2		0.332		5.3	NA	1.1	8.6				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: William Roberts Road (South)										
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV		Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL Ov.	Ov. Lane No.	
	W	E			Cap. veh/h	v/c	%	%		
Lane 1	23	299	323	14.4	972	0.332	100	NA	NA	
Approach	23	299	323	14.4		0.332				
East: Reeves Rd (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV		Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL Ov.	Ov. Lane No.	
	S	W			Cap. veh/h	v/c	%	%		
Lane 1	105	6	112	6.6	1750	0.064	100	NA	NA	
Approach	105	6	112	6.6		0.064				
West: Reeves Rd (West)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL Ov.	Ov. Lane No.	
	E	S			Cap. veh/h	v/c	%	%		
Lane 1	37	-	37	5.7	1890	0.019	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	75	75	7.0	649	0.115	100	0.0	1	
Approach	37	75	112	6.6		0.115				

	Total	%HV	Deg.Satn (v/c)
Intersection	546	11.2	0.332

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: William Roberts Road (South) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								
East Exit: Reeves Rd (East) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								
West Exit: Reeves Rd (West) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 7.1 [7.1 William Roberts Rd / Cortina PI (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	Dist]		m	%	%
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)															
Lane 1	267	8.3	267	8.3	1831	0.146	100	0.2	LOS A	0.1	0.5	Full	243	0.0	0.0
Approach	267	8.3	267	8.3		0.146		0.2	NA	0.1	0.5				
NorthWest: Cortina Place															
Lane 1	37	5.4	37	5.4	1136	0.033	100	3.0	LOS A	0.1	0.7	Full	177	0.0	0.0
Approach	37	5.4	37	5.4		0.033		3.0	LOS A	0.1	0.7				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)															
Lane 1	97	7.2	97	7.2	1792	0.054	100	0.5	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	97	7.2	97	7.2		0.054		0.5	NA	0.0	0.0				
Intersection	401	7.7	401	7.7		0.146		0.5	NA	0.1	0.7				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)										
Mov.	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov. Lane	
From NE					Cap. veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.	
To Exit:	SW	NW								
Lane 1	257	10	267	8.3	1831	0.146	100	NA	NA	
Approach	257	10	267	8.3		0.146				
NorthWest: Cortina Place										
Mov.	L2	R2	Total	%HV		Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov. Lane	
From NW					Cap. veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.	
To Exit:	NE	SW								
Lane 1	19	18	37	5.4	1136	0.033	100	NA	NA	
Approach	19	18	37	5.4		0.033				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)										
Mov.	L2	T1	Total	%HV		Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov. Lane	
From SW					Cap. veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.	
To Exit:	NW	NE								
Lane 1	23	74	97	7.2	1792	0.054	100	NA	NA	
Approach	23	74	97	7.2		0.054				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										

Intersection	401	7.7	0.146
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Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road (North) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Cortina Place Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: William Roberts Road (South) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 7.1 [7.1 William Roberts Rd / Cortina PI (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE	Dist	Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	m		m	%	%
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)															
Lane 1	141	10.0	141	10.0	1754	0.080	100	0.5	LOS A	0.1	0.6	Full	243	0.0	0.0
Approach	141	10.0	141	10.0		0.080		0.5	NA	0.1	0.6				
NorthWest: Cortina Place															
Lane 1	64	6.3	64	6.3	898	0.071	100	4.2	LOS A	0.2	1.4	Full	177	0.0	0.0
Approach	64	6.3	64	6.3		0.071		4.2	LOS A	0.2	1.4				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)															
Lane 1	367	10.9	366	10.9	1762	0.208	100	0.3	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	367	10.9	366 ^{N1}	10.9		0.208		0.3	NA	0.0	0.0				
Intersection	572	10.1	571 ^{N1}	10.2		0.208		0.8	NA	0.2	1.4				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)										
Mov. From NE To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	131	10	141	10.0	1754	0.080	100	NA	NA	
Approach	131	10	141	10.0		0.080				
NorthWest: Cortina Place										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NE	SW								
Lane 1	19	45	64	6.3	898	0.071	100	NA	NA	
Approach	19	45	64	6.3		0.071				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NW	NE								
Lane 1	48	318	366	10.9	1762	0.208	100	NA	NA	
Approach	48	318	366	10.9		0.208				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										

Intersection	571	10.2	0.208
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Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road (North) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								
NorthWest Exit: Cortina Place Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								
SouthWest Exit: William Roberts Road (South) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 70 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist] m				
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	314	12.1	314	12.1	403	0.781	100	31.3	LOS C	10.1	78.2	Full	110	-11.5 ^{N3}	0.0
Lane 2	359	12.6	359	12.6	459	0.781	100	30.6	LOS C	11.4	88.3	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	673	12.3	673	12.3		0.781		30.9	LOS C	11.4	88.3				
East: Aylesbury Street															
Lane 1	32	6.3	32	6.3	148	0.217	100	36.5	LOS D	1.0	7.2	Short	30	0.0	NA
Lane 2	53	5.7	53	5.7	153	0.347	100	36.8	LOS D	1.7	12.1	Full	40	0.0	0.0
Approach	85	5.9	85	5.9		0.347		36.7	LOS D	1.7	12.1				
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	275	16.9	275	16.9	365	0.752	100	32.4	LOS C	8.7	69.8	Full	174	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	283	18.5	282	18.5	375	0.752	100	31.7	LOS C	8.9	72.4	Full	174	0.0	0.0
Approach	558	17.7	557 ^{N1}	17.7		0.752		32.1	LOS C	8.9	72.4				
West: Palm Avenue															
Lane 1	121	4.1	121	4.1	165	0.732	100	42.1	LOS D	4.1	29.4	Full	87	-9.6 ^{N3}	0.0
Approach	121	4.1	121	4.1		0.732		42.1	LOS D	4.1	29.4				
Intersection	1437	13.4	1436 ^{N1}	13.4		0.781		32.6	LOS C	11.4	88.3				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N3} Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)											
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	W	N	E								
Lane 1	33	281	-	314	12.1	403	0.781	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	329	30	359	12.6	459	0.781	100	NA	NA	
Approach	33	610	30	673	12.3		0.781				
East: Aylesbury Street											
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	S	W	N								
Lane 1	32	-	-	32	6.3	148	0.217	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	10	43	53	5.7	153	0.347	100	NA	NA	
Approach	32	10	43	85	5.9		0.347				

North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.
From N						Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL	Lane
To Exit:	E	S	W			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	61	214	-	275	16.9	365	0.752	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	257	25	282	18.5	375	0.752	100	NA	NA
Approach	61	471	25	557	17.7		0.752			
West: Palm Avenue										
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.
From W						Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL	Lane
To Exit:	N	E	S			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	89	10	22	121	4.1	165	0.732	100	NA	NA
Approach	89	10	22	121	4.1		0.732			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	1436	13.4		0.781						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1									Merge Analysis not applied.	
Full Length Lane	2									Merge Analysis not applied.	
East Exit: Aylesbury Street											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1									Merge Analysis not applied.	
North Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1									Merge Analysis not applied.	
Full Length Lane	2									Merge Analysis not applied.	
West Exit: Palm Avenue											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1									Merge Analysis not applied.	

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 90 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist] m				
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	390	16.9	390	16.9	481	0.810	100	37.9	LOS D	15.9	127.3	Full	110	-3.5 ^{N3}	28.4
Lane 2	407	17.0	407	17.0	503	0.810	100	37.5	LOS D	16.5	132.4	Full	110	0.0	32.0
Approach	797	16.9	797	16.9		0.810		37.7	LOS D	16.5	132.4				
East: Aylesbury Street															
Lane 1	64	10.9	64	10.9	159	0.402	100	45.5	LOS D	2.5	19.2	Short	30	-4.5 ^{N3}	NA
Lane 2	153	3.3	153	3.3	180	0.849	100	53.4	LOS D	6.8	49.1	Full	40	0.0	33.8
Approach	217	5.5	217	5.5		0.849		51.0	LOS D	6.8	49.1				
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	419	6.3	415	6.4	496	0.836	100	40.4	LOS D	17.5	129.1	Full	174	-4.0 ^{N3}	0.0
Lane 2	424	5.8	421	5.8	503	0.836	100	40.4	LOS D	17.7	130.0	Full	174	-3.9 ^{N3}	0.0
Approach	843	6.0	836 ^{N1}	6.1		0.836		40.4	LOS D	17.7	130.0				
West: Palm Avenue															
Lane 1	95	5.3	95	5.3	117	0.813	100	56.6	LOS E	4.2	30.8	Full	87	-3.6 ^{N3}	0.0
Approach	95	5.3	95	5.3		0.813		56.6	LOS E	4.2	30.8				
Intersection	1952	10.4	1945 ^{N1}	10.4		0.849		41.3	LOS D	17.7	132.4				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N3} Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)											
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	37	353	-	390	16.9	481	0.810	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	379	28	407	17.0	503	0.810	100	NA	NA	
Approach	37	732	28	797	16.9		0.810				
East: Aylesbury Street											
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	64	-	-	64	10.9	159	0.402	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	10	143	153	3.3	180	0.849	100	NA	NA	
Approach	64	10	143	217	5.5		0.849				

North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.
From N						Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL	Lane
To Exit:	E	S	W			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	52	364	-	415	6.4	496	0.836	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	364	58	421	5.8	503	0.836	100	NA	NA
Approach	52	727	58	836	6.1		0.836			
West: Palm Avenue										
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.
From W						Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL	Lane
To Exit:	N	E	S			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	64	10	21	95	5.3	117	0.813	100	NA	NA
Approach	64	10	21	95	5.3		0.813			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	1945	10.4		0.849						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
East Exit: Aylesbury Street												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
North Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
West Exit: Palm Avenue												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga Highway/ Reeves Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	[HV %	[Total veh/h	[HV %						[Veh	[Dist] m				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	689	9.4	689	9.4	865	0.795	100	21.9	LOS C	12.3	93.1	Short	50	0.0	NA
Lane 2	689	9.4	689	9.4	865	0.795	100	17.7	LOS B	12.3	93.1	Full	90	0.0	18.1 ⁸
Lane 3	303	12.7	303	12.7	358	0.844	100	23.1	LOS C	6.4	50.0	Full	90	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	303	12.7	303	12.7	358	0.844	100	23.1	LOS C	6.4	50.0	Full	90	0.0	0.0
Approach	1982	10.4	1982	10.4		0.844		20.8	LOS C	12.3	93.1				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	262	18.9	262	18.9	351	0.745	100	19.6	LOS B	5.0	40.7	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	262	18.9	262	18.9	351	0.745	100	19.6	LOS B	5.0	40.7	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	524	18.9	523 ^{N1}	18.9		0.745		19.6	LOS B	5.0	40.7				
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY															
Lane 1	75	6.7	75	6.7	882	0.085	100	13.1	LOS B	0.7	5.1	Short	72	0.0	NA
Lane 2	226	8.2	226	8.2	262	0.861	100	32.7	LOS C	4.9	37.0	Short	143	0.0	NA
Lane 3	226	8.2	226	8.2	262	0.861	100	32.7	LOS C	4.9	37.0	Full	623	0.0	0.0
Approach	526	8.0	526	8.0		0.861		29.9	LOS C	4.9	37.0				
Intersection	3032	11.5	3031 ^{N1}	11.5		0.861		22.2	LOS C	12.3	93.1				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

⁸ Probability of Blockage has been set on the basis of a queue that overflows from a short lane.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	689	-	689	9.4	865	0.795	100	73.1	2	
Lane 2	689	-	689	9.4	865	0.795	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	303	303	12.7	358	0.844	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	303	303	12.7	358	0.844	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1377	605	1982	10.4		0.844				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
	SE									
Lane 1	262	262	18.9	351	0.745	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	262	262	18.9	351	0.745	100	NA	NA		

Approach	523	523	18.9		0.745					
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2 NW	R2 SE	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	75	-	75	6.7	882	0.085	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	226	226	8.2	262	0.861	100	0.0	3	
Lane 3	-	226	226	8.2	262	0.861	100	NA	NA	
Approach	75	451	526	8.0		0.861				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	3031	11.5		0.861						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga HWY Merge Type: Priority												
Exit Short Lane	1	280	0.0	688	721	3.00	2.00	688	1052	0.654	1.4	4.2
Merge Lane	2	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				688	1800	0.383	0.0	0.0
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga HWY Merge Type: Priority												
Exit Short Lane	3	10	0.0	688	721	3.00	2.00	0	1052	0.000	1.4	1.4
Merge Lane	2	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				688	1800	0.383	0.0	0.0

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga Highway/ Reeves Rd (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 80 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist] m		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	523	6.7	523	6.7	1102	0.474	100	14.9	LOS B	9.7	71.7	Short	50	0.0	NA
Lane 2	523	6.7	523	6.7	1102	0.474	100	13.0	LOS B	9.7	71.7	Full	90	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	337	16.4	337	16.4	377	0.894	100	45.8	LOS D	14.9	119.1	Full	90	-28.3 ^{N3}	40.7
Lane 4	321	16.4	321	16.4	359	0.894	100	46.4	LOS D	14.3	114.3	Full	90	-31.7 ^{N3}	36.9
Approach	1703	10.5	1703	10.5		0.894		26.4	LOS C	14.9	119.1				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	408	7.1	405	7.1	565	0.717	100	28.3	LOS C	13.2	98.0	Full	110	0.0	4.5
Lane 2	408	7.1	405	7.1	565	0.717	100	28.3	LOS C	13.2	98.0	Full	110	0.0	4.5
Approach	816	7.1	810 ^{N1}	7.1		0.717		28.3	LOS C	13.2	98.0				
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY															
Lane 1	141	19.9	141	19.9	638	0.221	100	17.6	LOS B	2.5	20.9	Short	72	-28.3 ^{N3}	NA
Lane 2	364	13.1	364	13.1	423	0.860	100	47.9	LOS D	14.5	113.1	Short	143	0.0	NA
Lane 3	364	13.1	364	13.1	423	0.860	100	47.9	LOS D	14.5	113.1	Full	623	0.0	0.0
Approach	868	14.2	868	14.2		0.860		43.0	LOS D	14.5	113.1				
Intersection	3387	10.6	3381 ^{N1}	10.6		0.894		31.1	LOS C	14.9	119.1				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N3} Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	523	-	523	6.7	1102	0.474	100	48.3	2	
Lane 2	523	-	523	6.7	1102	0.474	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	337	337	16.4	377	0.894	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	321	321	16.4	359	0.894	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1045	658	1703	10.5		0.894				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SE									
Lane 1	405	405	7.1	565	0.717	100	NA	NA	NA	
Lane 2	405	405	7.1	565	0.717	100	NA	NA	NA	

Approach	810	810	7.1							0.717
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2 NW	R2 SE	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	141	-	141	19.9	638	0.221	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	364	364	13.1	423	0.860	100	0.0	3	
Lane 3	-	364	364	13.1	423	0.860	100	NA	NA	
Approach	141	727	868	14.2		0.860				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	3381	10.6		0.894						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga HWY												
Merge Type: Priority												
Exit Short Lane	1	280	0.0	523	540	3.00	2.00	523	1244	0.420	0.9	1.9
Merge Lane	2	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				523	1800	0.290	0.0	0.0
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga HWY												
Merge Type: Priority												
Exit Short Lane	3	10	0.0	523	540	3.00	2.00	0	1244	0.000	0.9	0.9
Merge Lane	2	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				523	1800	0.290	0.0	0.0

CCG LANE SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG2 [WRR / Mattson]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 100 seconds (CCG Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance (CCG)															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist] m				
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	564	9.9	564	9.9	1003	0.563	100	8.8	LOS A	9.5	72.4	Full	60	0.0	32.2
Lane 2	564	9.9	564	9.9	1003	0.563	100	2.1	LOS A	3.1	23.7	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	564	9.9	564	9.9	1003	0.563	100	2.1	LOS A	3.1	23.7	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	37	5.4	37	5.4	231	0.160	100	52.4	LOS D	1.6	12.0	Short	20	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	657	0.026	100	0.5	LOS A	0.0	0.2	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	1746	10.7	1746	10.7		0.563		5.3	LOS A	9.5	72.4				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension															
Lane 1	67	6.0	67	6.0	230	0.291	100	45.8	LOS D	2.7	20.2	Short	80	0.0	NA
Lane 2	208	9.2	208	9.2	243	0.858	100	56.5	LOS E	10.2	77.4	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	275	8.4	275	8.4		0.858		53.9	LOS D	10.2	77.4				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	143	10.9	143	10.9	345	0.414	100	36.8	LOS D	4.4	34.0	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	409	12.8	408	12.8	985	0.414	100	14.0	LOS B	10.3	80.0	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	409	12.8	408	12.8	985	0.414	100	14.0	LOS B	10.3	80.0	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 4 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	657	0.020	100	0.5	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Approach	973	13.7	972 ^{N1}	13.7		0.414		17.1	LOS B	10.3	80.0				
Intersection	2994	11.4	2994	11.4		0.858		13.6	LOS B	10.3	80.0				
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	187	9.5	187	9.5	212	0.879	100	65.8	LOS E	9.7	73.3	Short	25	-36.1 ^{N3}	NA
Lane 2	640	9.9	640	9.9	728 ¹	0.879	100	30.4	LOS C	25.3	192.0	Full	143	0.0	42.1
Lane 3	881	9.9	881	9.9	1003	0.879	100	29.9	LOS C	27.5 ^{N4}	209.0 ^{N4}	Full	143	0.0	50.0
Lane 4 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	647	0.026	100	0.5	LOS A	0.0	0.2	Full	143	0.0	0.0
Approach	1725	10.7	1725	10.7		0.879		33.7	LOS C	27.5	209.0				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	112	12.2	111	12.2	988	0.113	27 ⁶	12.3	LOS B	2.4	18.8	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	410	12.2	410	12.2	988	0.414	100	3.2	LOS A	2.9	22.4	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	410	12.2	410	12.2	988	0.414	100	1.9	LOS A	1.8	13.5	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	36	11.1	36	11.1	223	0.162	100	52.5	LOS D	1.6	12.2	Short	25	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	647	0.020	100	0.5	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	980	13.4	980	13.4		0.414		5.5	LOS A	2.9	22.4				
SouthWest: Mattson Road															
Lane 1	48	4.2	48	4.2	140	0.342	100	50.1	LOS D	2.0	14.8	Full	282	-39.8 ^{N3}	0.0
Lane 2	64	6.3	64	6.3	248	0.258	100	47.2	LOS D	2.6	19.0	Full	282	0.0	0.0
Approach	112	5.4	112	5.4		0.342		48.4	LOS D	2.6	19.0				
Intersection	2817	11.4	2817	11.4		0.879		24.5	LOS C	27.5	209.0				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.
 Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).
 Queue Model: SIDRA Standard.
 Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).
 HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects
- N1 Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.
- N3 Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.
- N4 Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (CCG) (veh/h)										
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NW	NE								
Lane 1	564	-	564	9.9	1003	0.563	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	564	-	564	9.9	1003	0.563	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	564	-	564	9.9	1003	0.563	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	37	37	5.4	231	0.160	100	0.0	3	
Lane 5	17	-	17	100.0	657	0.026	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1709	37	1746	10.7		0.563				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension										
Mov. From To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SE	NW								
Lane 1	67	-	67	6.0	230	0.291	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	208	208	9.2	243	0.858	100	NA	NA	
Approach	67	208	275	8.4		0.858				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NE	SE								
Lane 1	60	83	143	10.9	345	0.414	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	408	408	12.8	985	0.414	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	408	408	12.8	985	0.414	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	13	13	100.0	657	0.020	100	NA	NA	
Approach	60	912	972	13.7		0.414				
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2994	11.4		0.858						
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	27	160	187	9.5	212	0.879	100	100.0	2	
Lane 2	-	640	640	9.9	728 ¹	0.879	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	881	881	9.9	1003	0.879	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	17	17	100.0	647	0.026	100	NA	NA	

Approach	27	1698	1725	10.7		0.879				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SE	SW								
Lane 1	111	-	111	12.2	988	0.113	27 ⁶	NA	NA	
Lane 2	410	-	410	12.2	988	0.414	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	410	-	410	12.2	988	0.414	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	36	36	11.1	223	0.162	100	0.0	3	
Lane 5	13	-	13	100.0	647	0.020	100	NA	NA	
Approach	944	36	980	13.4		0.414				
SouthWest: Mattson Road										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NW	SE								
Lane 1	48	-	48	4.2	140	0.342	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	64	64	6.3	248	0.258	100	NA	NA	
Approach	48	64	112	5.4		0.342				
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2817	11.4		0.879						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis (CCG)												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]												
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	4											Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road Extension												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	4											Merge Analysis not applied.
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]												
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Priority												

Exit Short Lane	1	40	0.0	410	435	3.00	2.00	111	1355	0.082	0.7	0.9
Merge Lane	2	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				410	1800	0.228	0.0	0.0
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	4	Merge Analysis not applied.										
SouthWest Exit: Mattson Road												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										

CCG LANE SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG2 [WRR / Mattson]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 60 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance (CCG)															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist m]				
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	547	9.3	547	9.3	854	0.641	100	3.3	LOS A	4.3	32.5	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	547	9.3	547	9.3	854	0.641	100	2.8	LOS A	3.7	28.3	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	547	9.3	547	9.3	854	0.641	100	2.6	LOS A	3.5	26.5	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	145	2.8	145	2.8	332	0.437	100	33.8	LOS C	4.0	28.3	Short	20	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	557	0.023	100	1.2	LOS A	0.0	0.3	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	1799	9.4	1799	9.4		0.641		5.3	LOS A	4.3	32.5				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension															
Lane 1	46	4.3	46	4.3	597	0.077	100	16.9	LOS B	0.8	6.1	Short	80	0.0	NA
Lane 2	132	10.7	132	10.7	172	0.769	100	35.3	LOS D	3.9	29.8	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	178	9.0	178	9.0		0.769		30.5	LOS C	3.9	29.8				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	490	11.5	488	11.6	819	0.596	100	14.6	LOS B	9.2	71.0	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	516	7.7	514	7.7	862	0.596	100	12.9	LOS B	10.1	75.4	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	516	7.7	514	7.7	862	0.596	100	12.9	LOS B	10.1	75.4	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 4 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	557	0.031	100	1.2	LOS A	0.0	0.4	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Approach	1538	9.9	1532 ^N	10.0		0.596		13.3	LOS B	10.1	75.4				
Intersection	3515	9.6	3510 ^N	9.7		0.769		10.1	LOS B	10.1	75.4				
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	690	8.6	690	8.6	855	0.807	100	18.8	LOS B	17.3	129.8	Short	25	0.0	NA
Lane 2	409	8.8	409	8.8	507 ¹	0.807	100	19.0	LOS B	9.4	70.8	Full	143	0.0	6.2 ⁸
Lane 3	691	8.8	691	8.8	856	0.807	100	19.1	LOS B	17.9	134.4	Full	143	0.0	9.4
Lane 4 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	549	0.024	100	1.2	LOS A	0.0	0.3	Full	143	0.0	0.0
Approach	1802	9.4	1802	9.4		0.807		18.8	LOS B	17.9	134.4				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	151	7.8	150	7.8	861	0.174	27 ⁶	5.9	LOS A	1.1	8.2	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	553	7.8	551	7.8	861	0.640	100	3.6	LOS A	4.6	34.7	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	553	7.8	551	7.8	861	0.640	100	2.5	LOS A	3.5	25.9	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	87	4.6	87	4.6	328	0.264	100	32.7	LOS C	2.3	17.0	Short	25	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	549	0.031	100	1.2	LOS A	0.0	0.4	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	1361	8.7	1356 ^N	8.8		0.640		5.2	LOS A	4.6	34.7				
SouthWest: Mattson Road															
Lane 1	21	4.8	21	4.8	596	0.035	100	19.2	LOS B	0.4	2.7	Full	282	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	50	4.0	50	4.0	180	0.278	100	33.6	LOS C	1.3	9.5	Full	282	0.0	0.0
Approach	71	4.2	71	4.2		0.278		29.3	LOS C	1.3	9.5				
Intersection	3234	9.0	3229 ^N	9.0		0.807		13.3	LOS B	17.9	134.4				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA Standard.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects
- 8 Probability of Blockage has been set on the basis of a queue that overflows from a short lane.
- N1 Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (CCG) (veh/h)										
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	547	-	547	9.3	854	0.641	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	547	-	547	9.3	854	0.641	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	547	-	547	9.3	854	0.641	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	145	145	2.8	332	0.437	100	47.0	3	
Lane 5	13	-	13	100.0	557	0.023	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1654	145	1799	9.4		0.641				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension										
Mov. From NE To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	46	-	46	4.3	597	0.077	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	132	132	10.7	172	0.769	100	NA	NA	
Approach	46	132	178	9.0		0.769				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	222	266	488	11.6	819	0.596	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	514	514	7.7	862	0.596	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	514	514	7.7	862	0.596	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	17	17	100.0	557	0.031	100	NA	NA	
Approach	222	1310	1532	10.0		0.596				
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	3510	9.7		0.769						
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	35	655	690	8.6	855	0.807	100	100.0	2	
Lane 2	-	409	409	8.8	507 ¹	0.807	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	691	691	8.8	856	0.807	100	NA	NA	

Lane 4	-	13	13	100.0	549	0.024	100	NA	NA
Approach	35	1767	1802	9.4		0.807			
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)									
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1 SE	R2 SW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	150	-	150	7.8	861	0.174	27 ⁶	NA	NA
Lane 2	551	-	551	7.8	861	0.640	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	551	-	551	7.8	861	0.640	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	87	87	4.6	328	0.264	100	0.0	3
Lane 5	17	-	17	100.0	549	0.031	100	NA	NA
Approach	1270	87	1356	8.8		0.640			
SouthWest: Mattson Road									
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2 NW	R2 SE	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	21	-	21	4.8	596	0.035	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	50	50	4.0	180	0.278	100	NA	NA
Approach	21	50	71	4.2		0.278			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	3229	9.0		0.807					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis (CCG)												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]												
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	4											Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road Extension												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	4											Merge Analysis not applied.
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]												
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												

Merge Type: Priority												
Exit Short Lane	1	40	0.0	551	573	3.00	2.00	150	1210	0.124	1.0	1.3
Merge Lane	2	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				551	1800	0.306	0.0	0.0
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	4	Merge Analysis not applied.										
SouthWest Exit: Mattson Road												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 30 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	849	10.0	849	10.0	1822	0.466	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	849	10.0	849	10.0	1822	0.466	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	84	6.0	84	6.0	267	0.315	100	18.4	LOS B	1.1	7.7	Short	14	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	478	0.036	100	2.1	LOS A	0.0	0.6	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Approach	1799	10.6	1799	10.6		0.466		0.9	LOS A	1.1	7.7				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	500	11.9	500	11.9	720	0.694	100	9.7	LOS A	6.2	48.0	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	500	11.9	500	11.9	720	0.694	100	9.7	LOS A	6.2	48.0	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Lane 3 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	478	0.027	100	2.1	LOS A	0.0	0.5	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Approach	1013	13.0	1013	13.0		0.694		9.6	LOS A	6.2	48.0				
Intersection	2812	11.5	2812	11.5		0.694		4.1	LOS A	6.2	48.0				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	U	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	849	-	849	10.0	1822	0.466	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	849	-	849	10.0	1822	0.466	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	84	84	6.0	267	0.315	100	0.0	2	
Lane 4	17	-	17	100.0	478	0.036	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1715	84	1799	10.6		0.466				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	500	500	11.9	720	0.694	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	500	500	11.9	720	0.694	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	13	13	100.0	478	0.027	100	NA	NA		
Approach	1013	1013	13.0		0.694					
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2812	11.5		0.694						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	Dist]		m	%	%
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	903	8.7	903	8.7	1836	0.492	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	904	8.7	903	8.7	1836	0.492	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	137	5.1	137	5.1	235	0.584	100	24.6	LOS C	2.5	18.2	Short	14	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	627	0.021	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Approach	1957	9.0	1957	9.0		0.584		1.8	LOS A	2.5	18.2				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	652	7.7	650	7.7	970	0.670	100	8.1	LOS A	8.8	65.5	Full	73	0.0	5.1
Lane 2	652	7.7	650	7.7	970	0.670	100	8.1	LOS A	8.8	65.5	Full	73	0.0	5.1
Lane 3 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	627	0.027	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Approach	1321	8.9	1317 ^N ₁	8.9		0.670		8.0	LOS A	8.8	65.5				
Intersection	3278	9.0	3274 ^N ₁	9.0		0.670		4.3	LOS A	8.8	65.5				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

N1 Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov.	T1	U	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov.	Ov. Lane No.
From SE					veh/h	v/c	%	%		
To Exit:	NW	SE								
Lane 1	903	-	903	8.7	1836	0.492	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	903	-	903	8.7	1836	0.492	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	137	137	5.1	235	0.584	100	39.2	2	
Lane 4	13	-	13	100.0	627	0.021	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1820	137	1957	9.0		0.584				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov.	T1	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov.	Ov. Lane No.	
From NW				veh/h	v/c	%	%			
To Exit:	SE									
Lane 1	650	650	7.7	970	0.670	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	650	650	7.7	970	0.670	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	17	17	100.0	627	0.027	100	NA	NA		
Approach	1317	1317	8.9		0.670					
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	3274	9.0		0.670						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total HV]	%	[Total HV]	%						[Veh]	Dist] m				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	799	9.6	799	9.6	959	0.833	100	14.8	LOS B	12.3 ^{N4}	93.5 ^{N4}	Full	64	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	799	9.6	799	9.6	959	0.833	100	14.8	LOS B	12.3 ^{N4}	93.5 ^{N4}	Full	64	0.0	50.0
Lane 3 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	627	0.027	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	64	0.0	0.0
Approach	1615	10.5	1615	10.5		0.833		14.7	LOS B	12.3	93.5				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	555	11.5	555	11.5	1805	0.308	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	555	11.5	555	11.5	1805	0.308	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	179	12.3	179	12.3	225	0.797	100	28.9	LOS C	3.8	29.1	Short	15	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	627	0.021	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Approach	1302	12.5	1302	12.5		0.797		4.0	LOS A	3.8	29.1				
Intersection	2917	11.4	2917	11.4		0.833		9.9	LOS A	12.3	93.5				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
	NW									
Lane 1	799	799	9.6	959	0.833	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	799	799	9.6	959	0.833	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	17	17	100.0	627	0.027	100	NA	NA		
Approach	1615	1615	10.5		0.833					
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	U	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SE	NW								
Lane 1	555	-	555	11.5	1805	0.308	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	555	-	555	11.5	1805	0.308	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	179	179	12.3	225	0.797	100	76.9	2	
Lane 4	13	-	13	100.0	627	0.021	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1123	179	1302	12.5		0.797				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2917	11.4		0.833						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 50 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV]		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV]		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist]		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	veh/h	v/c	%	sec			m		m	%	%
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	925	8.4	925	8.4	1141	0.811	100	12.1	LOS B	12.5 ^{N4}	93.5 ^{N4}	Full	64	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	925	8.4	925	8.4	1141	0.811	100	12.1	LOS B	12.5 ^{N4}	93.5 ^{N4}	Full	64	0.0	50.0
Lane 3 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	740	0.018	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	64	0.0	0.0
Approach	1863	9.0	1863	9.0		0.811		12.0	LOS B	12.5	93.5				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	566	5.5	566	5.5	1873	0.302	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	566	5.5	566	5.5	1873	0.302	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	145	7.6	145	7.6	185	0.784	100	34.2	LOS C	3.7	27.5	Short	15	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	740	0.023	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Approach	1294	7.0	1294	7.0		0.784		3.9	LOS A	3.7	27.5				
Intersection	3157	8.2	3157	8.2		0.811		8.7	LOS A	12.5	93.5				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov. Ov.	Ov. Lane No.	
	NW			veh/h	v/c	%	%			
Lane 1	925	925	8.4	1141	0.811	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	925	925	8.4	1141	0.811	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	13	13	100.0	740	0.018	100	NA	NA		
Approach	1863	1863	9.0		0.811					
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	U	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov. Ov.	Ov. Lane No.
	SE	NW			veh/h	v/c	%	%		
Lane 1	566	-	566	5.5	1873	0.302	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	566	-	566	5.5	1873	0.302	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	145	145	7.6	185	0.784	100	71.8	2	
Lane 4	17	-	17	100.0	740	0.023	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1149	145	1294	7.0		0.784				
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	3157	8.2		0.811						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 140 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]						[Veh	Dist]				
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	veh/h	v/c	%	sec			m	m	%	%	
South: Fremantle Place															
Lane 1	20	10.0	20	10.0	137	0.146	100	71.4	LOS E	1.2	8.9	Short	9	0.0	NA
Lane 2	28	7.1	28	7.1	142	0.197	100	69.9	LOS E	1.7	12.3	Full	285	0.0	0.0
Approach	48	8.3	48	8.3		0.197		70.6	LOS E	1.7	12.3				
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	775	10.3	775	10.3	844	0.919	100	57.7	LOS E	52.2	397.9	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	756	10.5	756	10.5	823 ¹	0.919	100	53.1	LOS D	50.4	384.1	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 3 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	672	0.025	100	0.6	LOS A	0.0	0.3	Short	60	0.0	NA
Lane 4	201	9.2	201	9.2	310	0.649	82 ⁶	36.8	LOS D	7.5	56.7	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 5	245	9.2	245	9.2	310	0.792	100	45.7	LOS D	9.9	75.0	Short	103	0.0	NA
Approach	1994	10.9	1994	10.9		0.919		51.9	LOS D	52.2	397.9				
North: Gossamer Drive															
Lane 1	412	7.3	412	7.3	447	0.922	100	78.6	LOS E	29.6	220.1	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 2	341	7.3	341	7.3	370 ¹	0.922	100	78.4	LOS E	23.8	177.3	Full	1010	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	101	8.9	101	8.9	199	0.506	100	68.7	LOS E	6.0	45.0	Short	28	0.0	NA
Approach	854	7.5	854	7.5		0.922		77.4	LOS E	29.6	220.1				
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	100	8.0	100	8.0	549	0.182	100	41.9	LOS D	4.4	32.9	Short	28	0.0	NA
Lane 2	449	11.9	449	11.9	480 ¹	0.936	100	72.8	LOS E	32.0	246.4	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	470	11.9	470	11.9	502 ¹	0.936	100	72.7	LOS E	33.7	260.0	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	53	11.3	53	11.3	97	0.547	100	78.1	LOS E	3.4	25.7	Short	23	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	94	0.139	100	62.3	LOS E	0.7	9.4	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Approach	1085	12.5	1085	12.5		0.936		70.0	LOS E	33.7	260.0				
Intersection	3981	10.6	3981	10.6		0.936		62.5	LOS E	52.2	397.9				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

⁶ Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)													
South: Fremantle Place													
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2		T1		R2		Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov. Lane No.
	W	N	E			v/c							
Lane 1	20	-	-	20	10.0		137	0.146	100	14.4	2		
Lane 2	-	11	17	28	7.1		142	0.197	100	NA	NA		

Approach	20	11	17	48	8.3						0.197
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From E						Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL Ov.	Lane	
To Exit:	S	W	N			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.	
Lane 1	20	755	-	775	10.3	844	0.919	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	756	-	756	10.5	823 ¹	0.919	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	17	-	17	100.0	672	0.025	100	0.0	2	
Lane 4	-	-	201	201	9.2	310	0.649	82 ⁶	0.0	2	
Lane 5	-	-	245	245	9.2	310	0.792	100	0.0	4	
Approach	20	1528	446	1994	10.9						0.919
North: Gossamer Drive											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From N						Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL Ov.	Lane	
To Exit:	E	S	W			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.	
Lane 1	412	-	-	412	7.3	447	0.922	100	50.4	2	
Lane 2	341	-	-	341	7.3	370 ¹	0.922	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	10	91	101	8.9	199	0.506	100	59.1	2	
Approach	753	10	91	854	7.5						0.922
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	U	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.
From W							Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL Ov.	Lane
To Exit:	N	E	S	W			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	100	-	-	-	100	8.0	549	0.182	100	29.8	2
Lane 2	-	449	-	-	449	11.9	480 ¹	0.936	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	470	-	-	470	11.9	502 ¹	0.936	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	-	10	43	53	11.3	97	0.547	100	25.2	3
Lane 5	-	13	-	-	13	100.0	94	0.139	100	NA	NA
Approach	100	932	10	43	1085	12.5					0.936
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)											
Intersection	3981	10.6									0.936

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Fremantle Place												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
East Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
North Exit: Gossamer Drive												
Merge Type: Zipper												
Exit Short Lane	1	150	50.0	123	128	2.50	2.00	312	1653	0.189	0.0	0.1
Merge Lane	2	-	50.0	156	163	2.50	2.00	245	1611	0.152	0.0	0.1
West Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												

Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: PM)] Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total]	[HV]	[Total]	[HV]						[Veh]	[Dist]				
South: Fremantle Place															
Lane 1	11	0.0	11	0.0	175	0.063	100	72.1	LOS E	0.7	4.7	Short	9	0.0	NA
Lane 2	27	3.7	27	3.7	173	0.156	100	71.6	LOS E	1.7	12.0	Full	285	0.0	0.0
Approach	38	2.6	38	2.6		0.156		71.7	LOS E	1.7	12.0				
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	905	8.3	905	8.3	932	0.971	100	76.3	LOS E	74.8	561.1	Full	636	0.0	3.7
Lane 2	888	8.5	888	8.5	915 ¹	0.971	100	71.9	LOS E	72.7	545.9	Full	636	0.0	1.2
Lane 3 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	721	0.018	100	0.6	LOS A	0.0	0.2	Short	60	0.0	NA
Lane 4	302	2.8	302	2.8	362	0.835	82 ⁶	56.8	LOS E	13.7	98.2	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 5	369	2.8	369	2.8	362	1.018	100	93.4	LOS F	25.3	181.4	Short	103	0.0	NA
Approach	2477	7.4	2477	7.4		1.018		74.5	LOS E	74.8	561.1				
North: Gossamer Drive															
Lane 1	206	15.1	206	15.1	407	0.507	100	57.2	LOS E	11.7	92.3	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 2	166	15.1	166	15.1	327 ¹	0.507	100	55.6	LOS E	9.1	71.7	Full	1010	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	96	4.2	96	4.2	156	0.614	100	78.1	LOS E	6.3	45.8	Short	28	0.0	NA
Approach	468	12.8	468	12.8		0.614		60.9	LOS E	11.7	92.3				
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	47	2.1	47	2.1	607	0.077	100	40.8	LOS D	2.1	14.7	Short	28	0.0	NA
Lane 2	548	5.6	548	5.6	582 ¹	0.943	100	75.9	LOS E	42.2	309.4	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	515	5.6	515	5.6	546 ¹	0.943	100	75.9	LOS E	39.1	286.8	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	67	3.0	67	3.0	98	0.687	100	85.4	LOS F	4.6	33.3	Short	23	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	96	0.178	100	66.5	LOS E	1.0	13.2	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Approach	1194	6.6	1194	6.6		0.943		74.9	LOS E	42.2	309.4				
Intersection	4177	7.7	4177	7.7		1.018		73.1	LOS E	74.8	561.1				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

⁶ Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: Fremantle Place										
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	W	N	E							
Lane 1	11	-	-	11	0.0	175	0.063	100	0.0	2
Lane 2	-	10	17	27	3.7	173	0.156	100	NA	NA

Approach	11	10	17	38	2.6						0.156
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From E						Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL Ov.	Lane	
To Exit:	S	W	N			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.	
Lane 1	21	884	-	905	8.3	932	0.971	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	888	-	888	8.5	915 ¹	0.971	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	13	-	13	100.0	721	0.018	100	0.0	2	
Lane 4	-	-	302	302	2.8	362	0.835	82 ⁶	32.4	2	
Lane 5	-	-	369	369	2.8	362	1.018	100	67.7	4	
Approach	21	1785	671	2477	7.4						1.018
North: Gossamer Drive											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From N						Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL Ov.	Lane	
To Exit:	E	S	W			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.	
Lane 1	206	-	-	206	15.1	407	0.507	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	166	-	-	166	15.1	327 ¹	0.507	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	10	86	96	4.2	156	0.614	100	60.7	2	
Approach	372	10	86	468	12.8						0.614
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	U	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.
From W							Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL Ov.	Lane
To Exit:	N	E	S	W			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	47	-	-	-	47	2.1	607	0.077	100	0.0	2
Lane 2	-	548	-	-	548	5.6	582 ¹	0.943	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	515	-	-	515	5.6	546 ¹	0.943	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	-	19	48	67	3.0	98	0.687	100	49.1	3
Lane 5	-	17	-	-	17	100.0	96	0.178	100	NA	NA
Approach	47	1080	19	48	1194	6.6					0.943
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)											
Intersection	4177	7.7									1.018

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity veh/h	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: Fremantle Place												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
East Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
North Exit: Gossamer Drive												
Merge Type: Zipper												
Exit Short Lane	1	150	50.0	181	184	2.50	2.00	359	1584	0.227	0.0	0.1
Merge Lane	2	-	50.0	180	182	2.50	2.00	362	1586	0.228	0.0	0.1
West Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												

Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.

Appendix H

Construction Scenario 3 – Phasing Diagrams

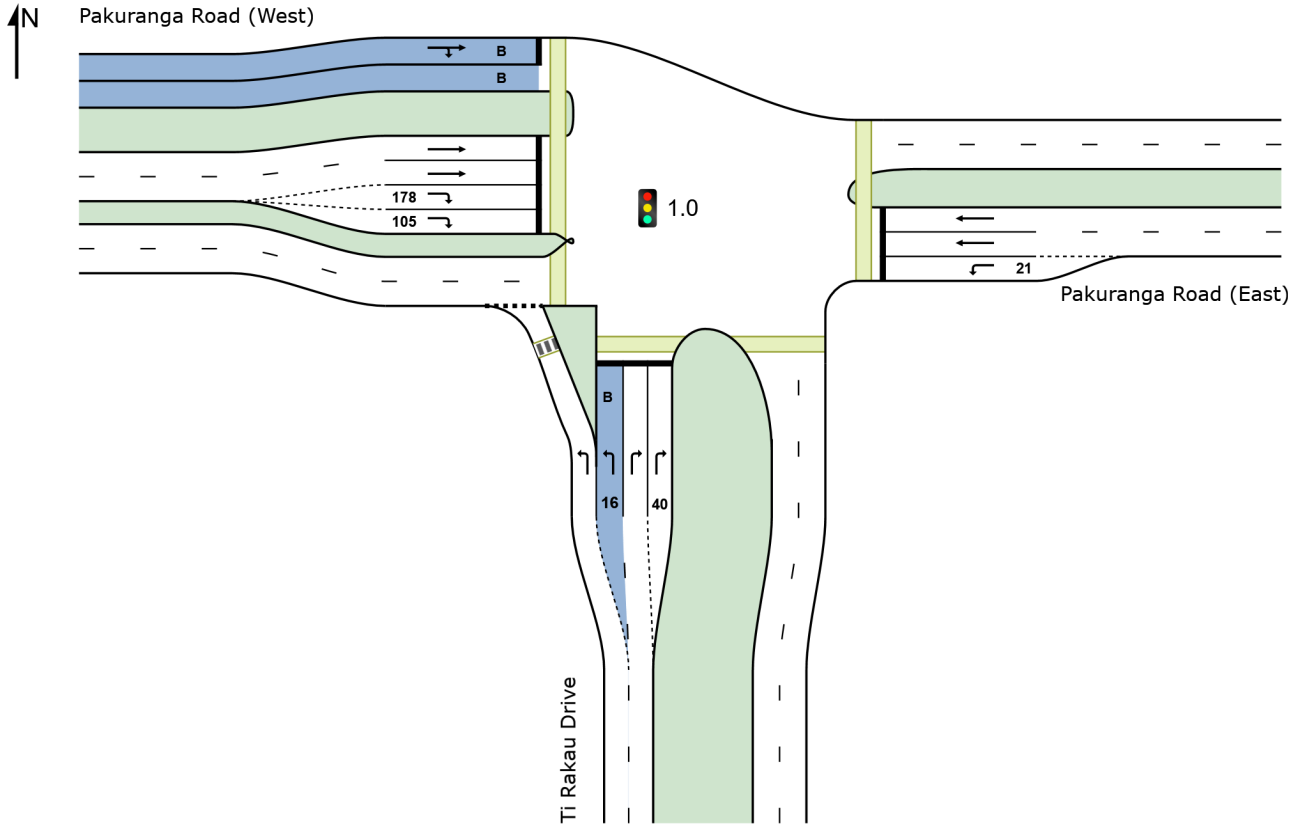
SITE LAYOUT

 Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



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Organisation: AECOM AUSTRALIA PTY LTD | Licence: NETWORK / Enterprise | Created: Monday, 16 May 2022 3:49:33 pm

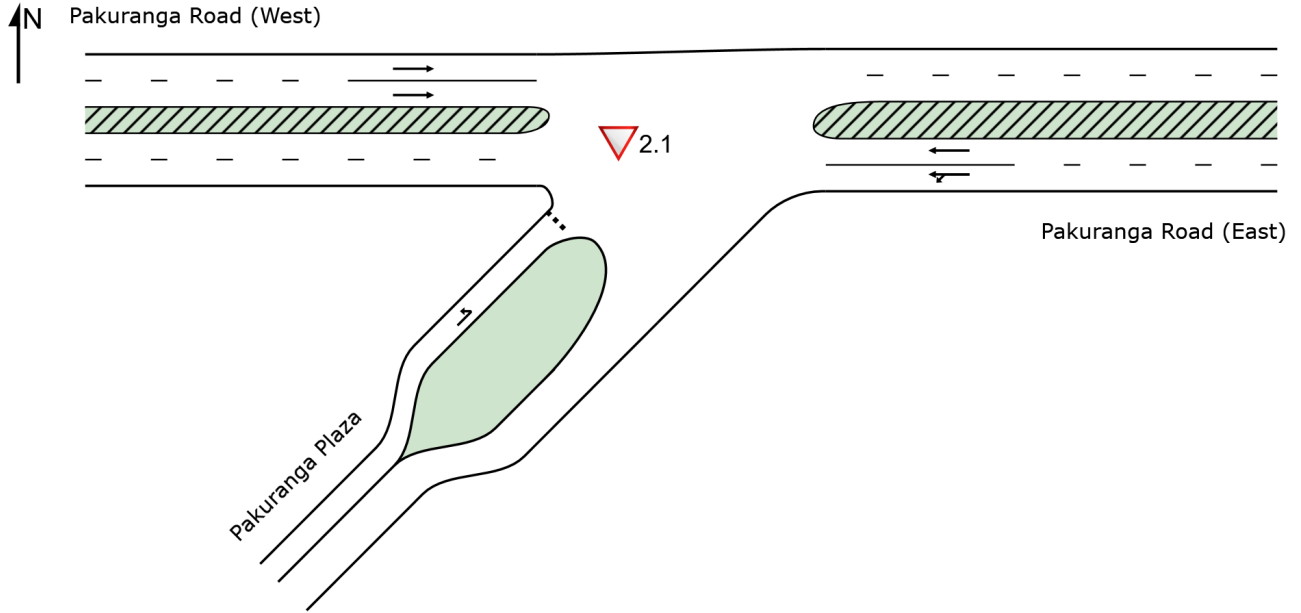
Project: C:\Users\jacques.vandenheever\Downloads\2028 Construction 3 AM_40.sip9

SITE LAYOUT

▽ Site: 2.1 [2.1 Pakuranga Plaza / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.

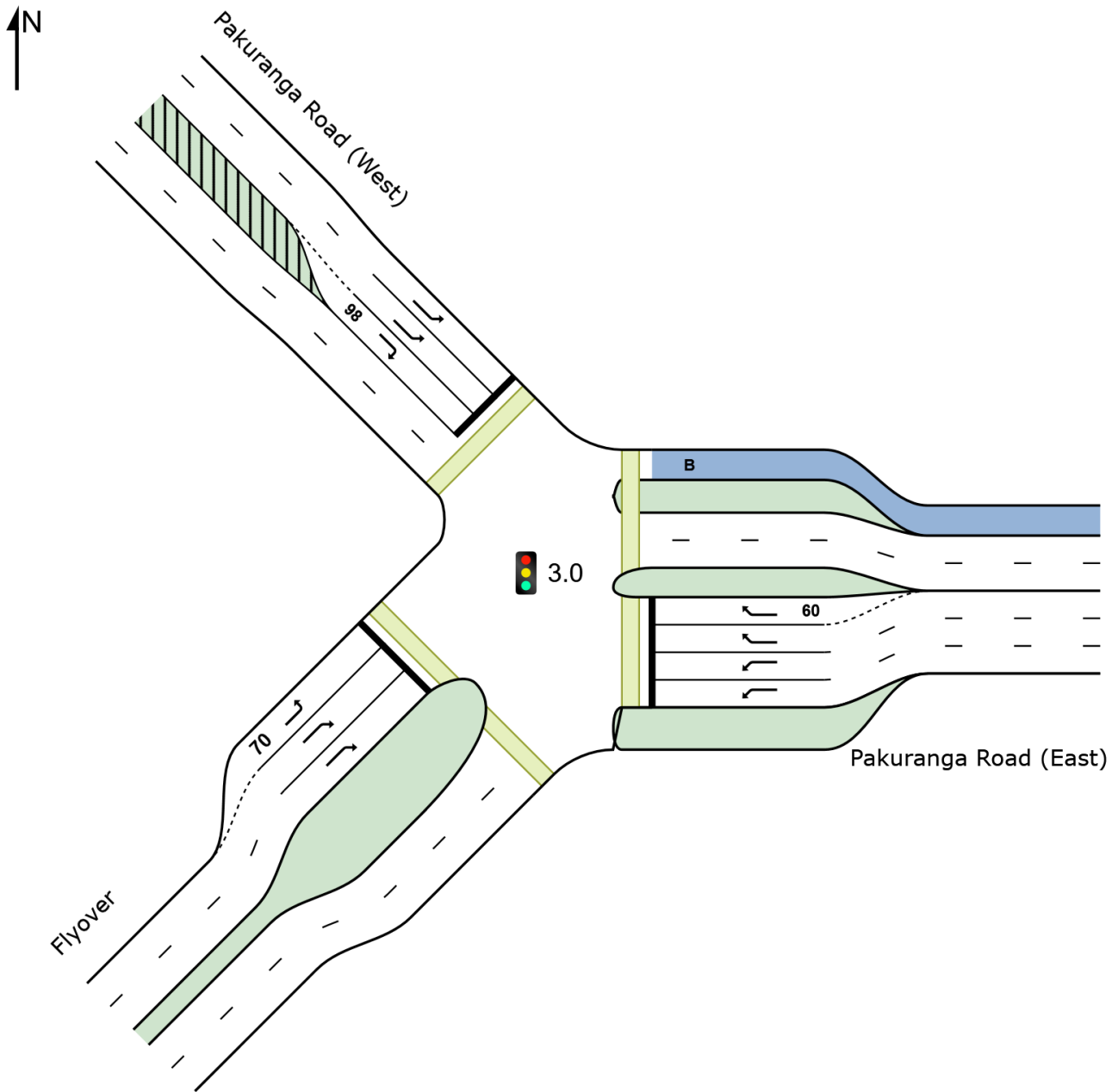


SITE LAYOUT

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)
Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.

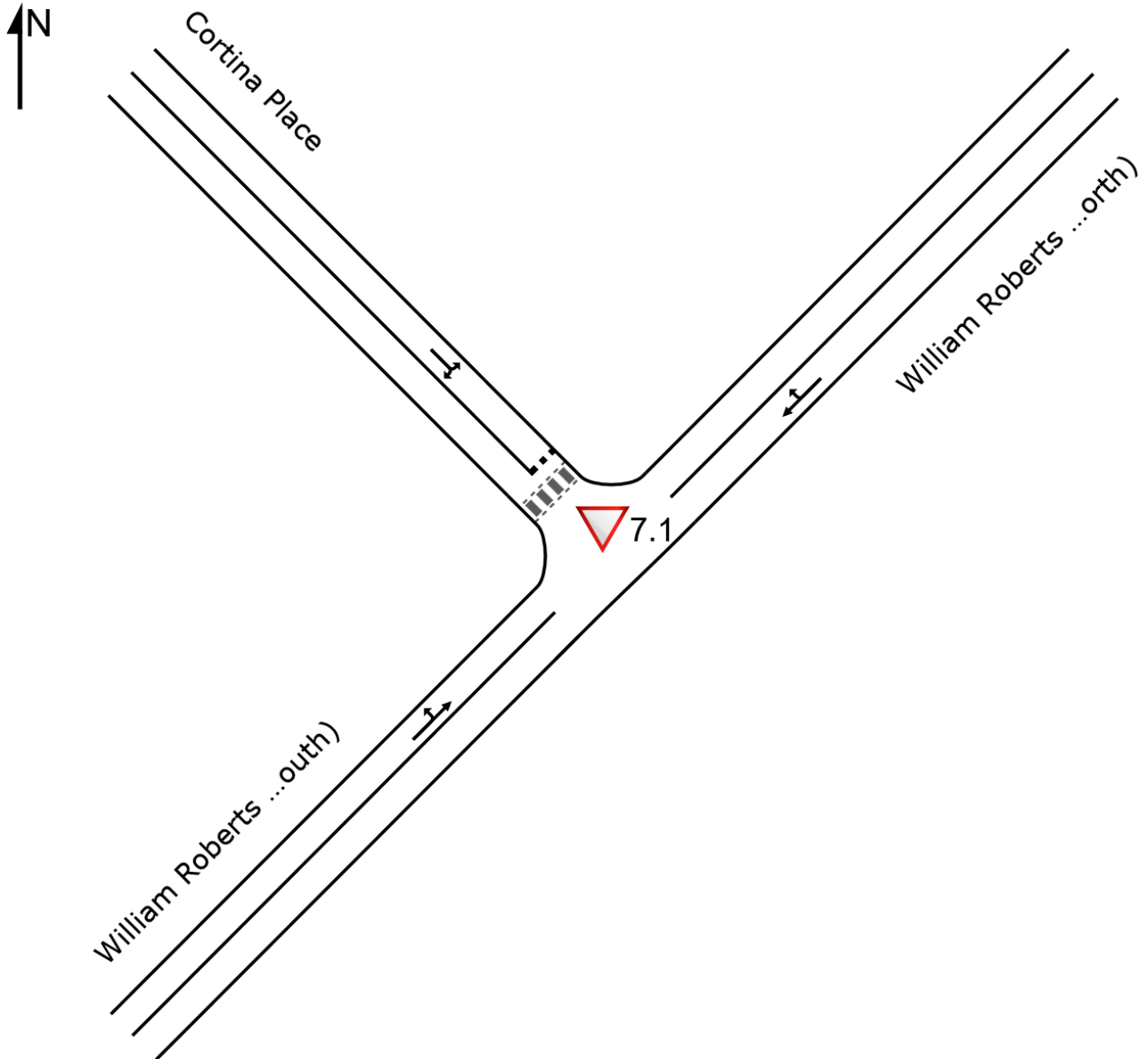


SITE LAYOUT

▼ Site: 7.1 [7.1 William Roberts Rd / Cortina PI (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



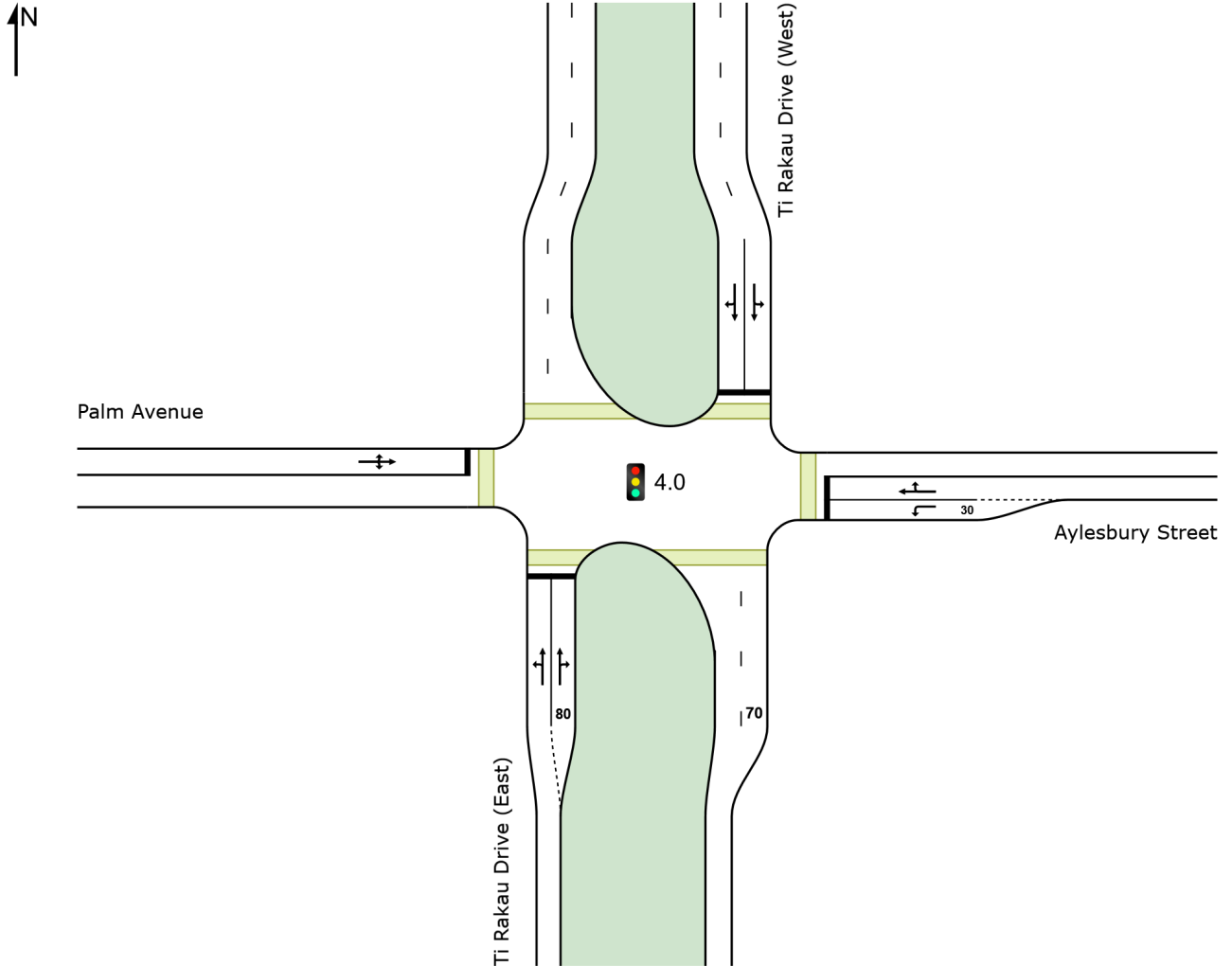
SITE LAYOUT

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



SITE LAYOUT

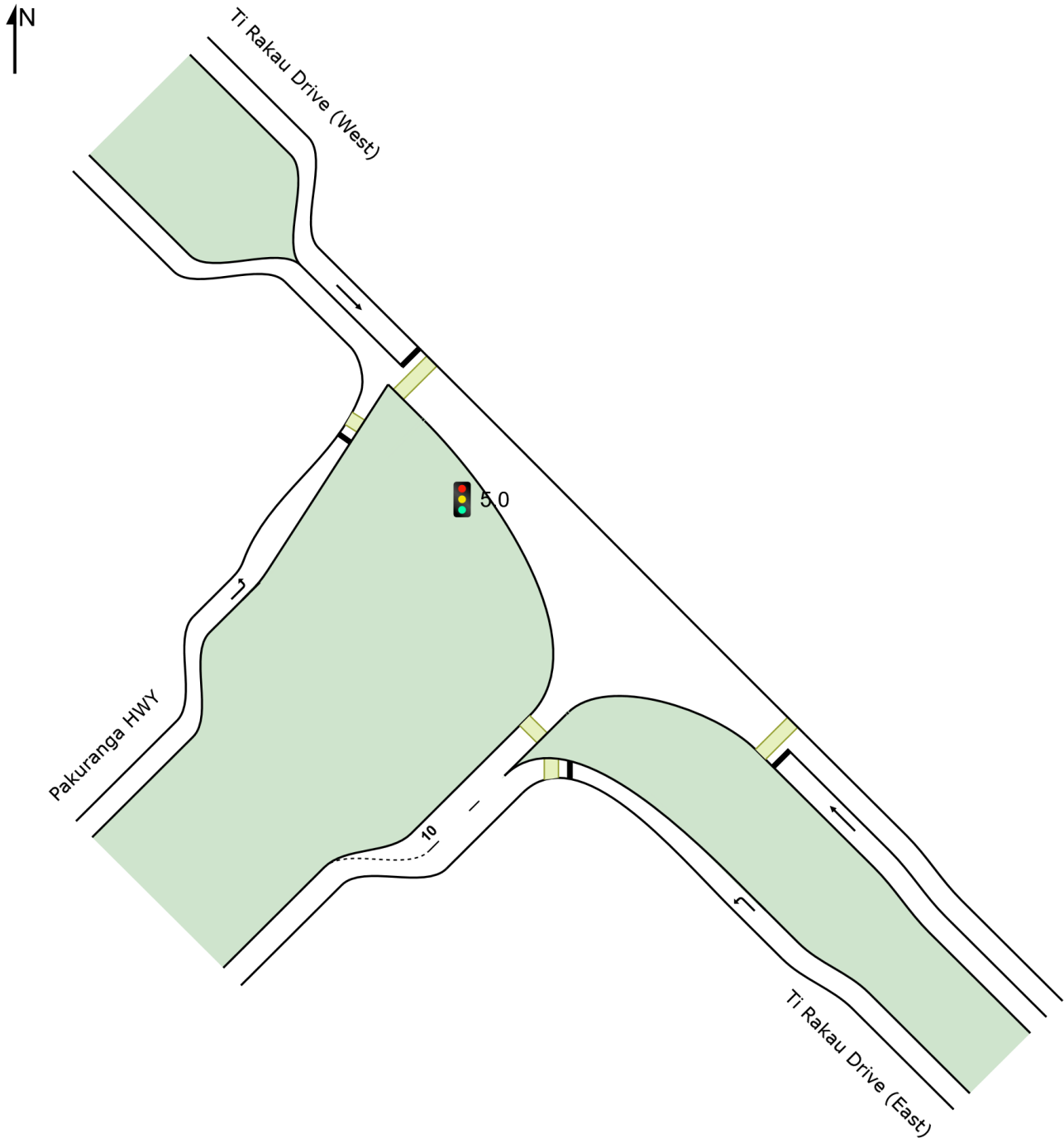
 Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga Highway/ Reeves Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



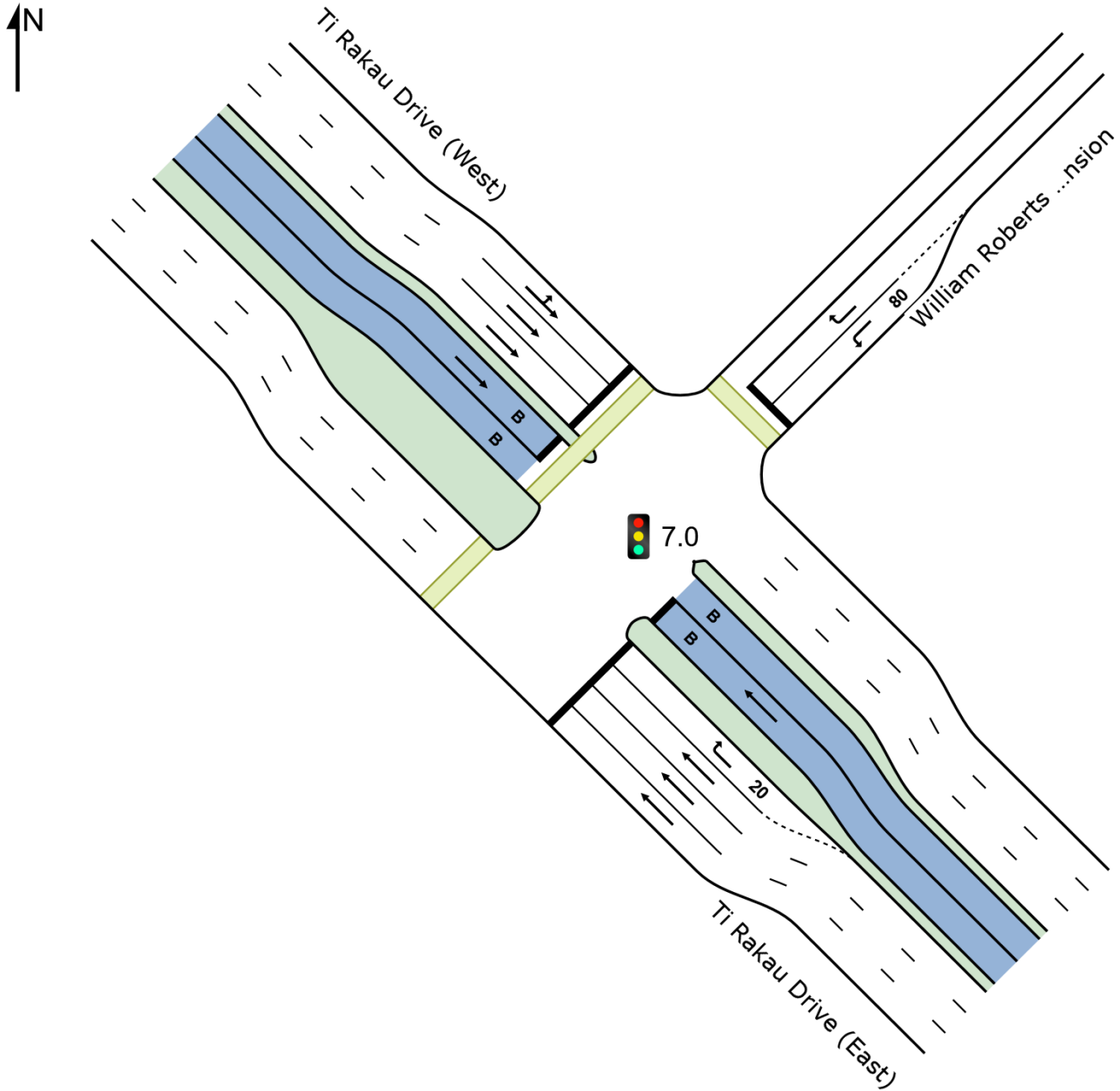
SITE LAYOUT

Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



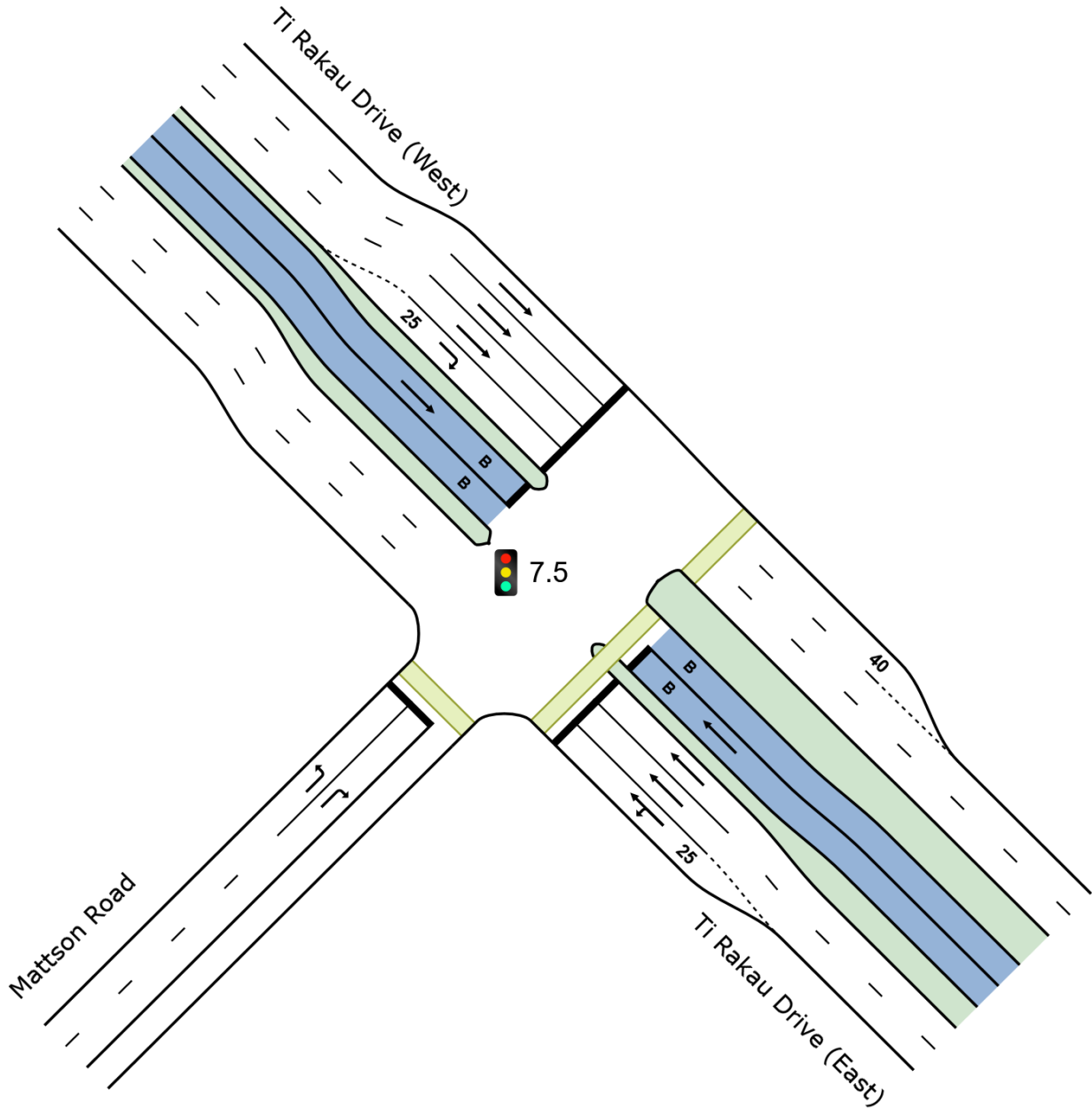
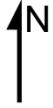
SITE LAYOUT

Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



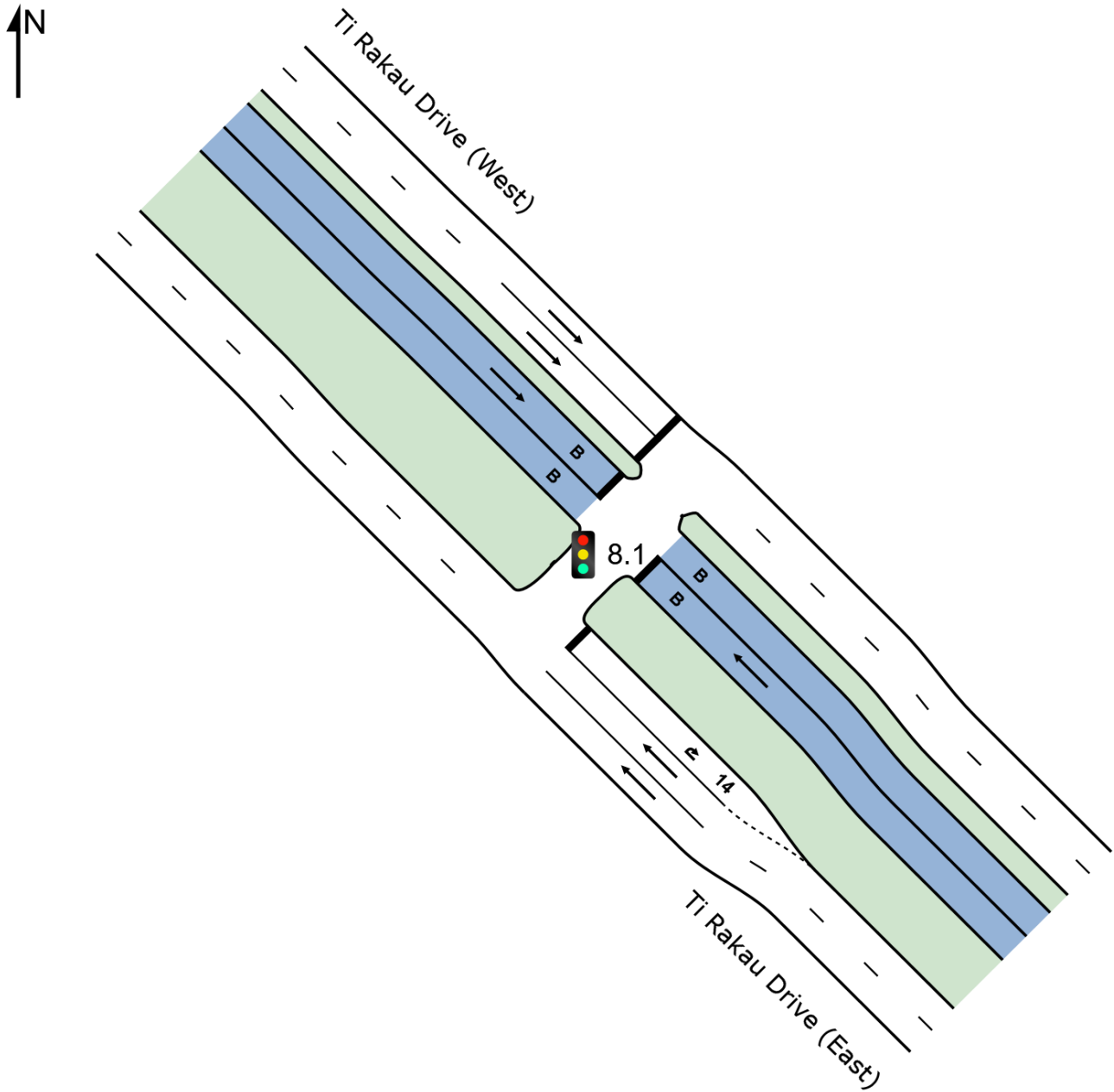
SITE LAYOUT

 Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



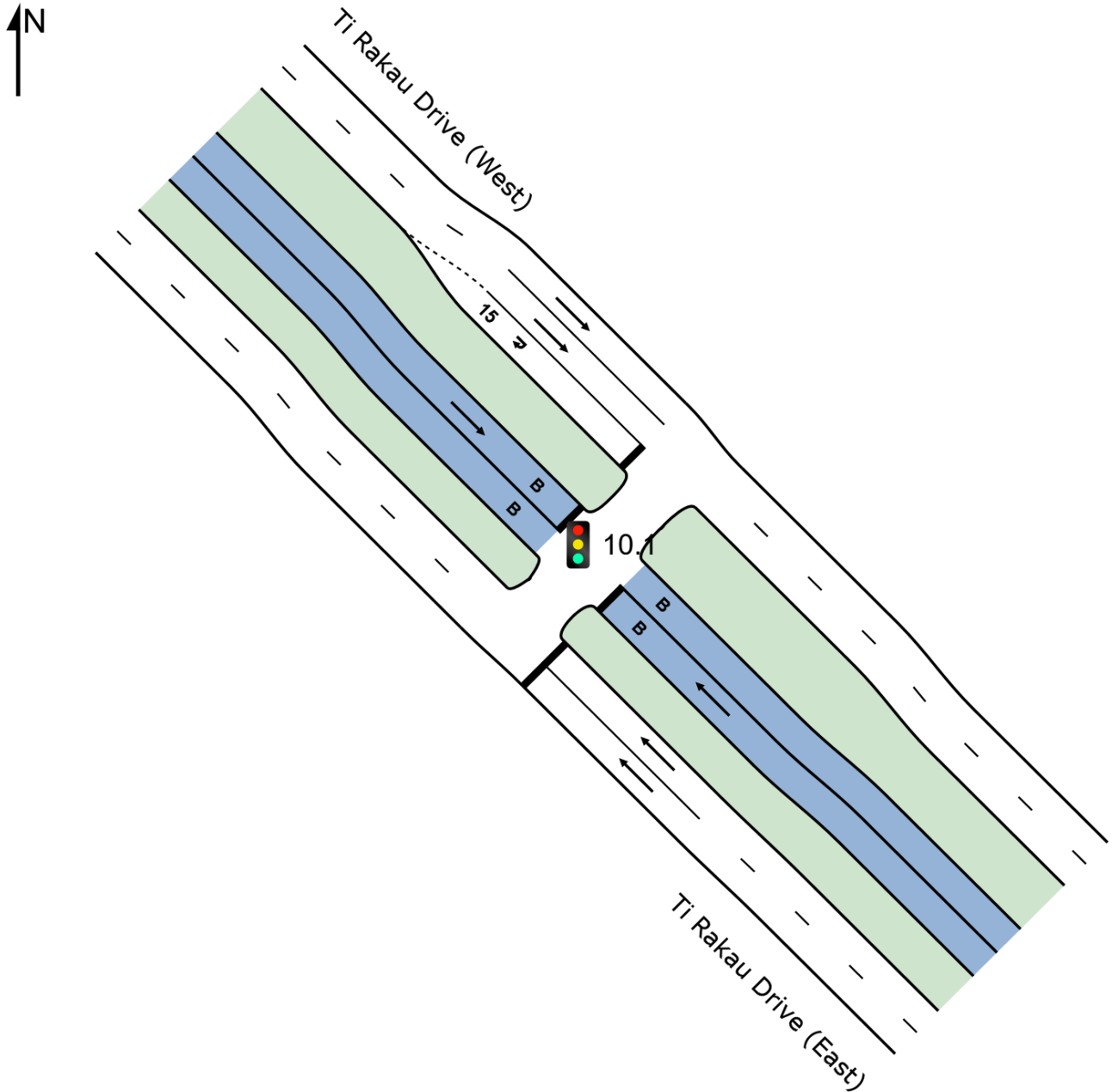
SITE LAYOUT

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: AM)]


Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

Layout pictures are schematic functional drawings reflecting input data. They are not design drawings.



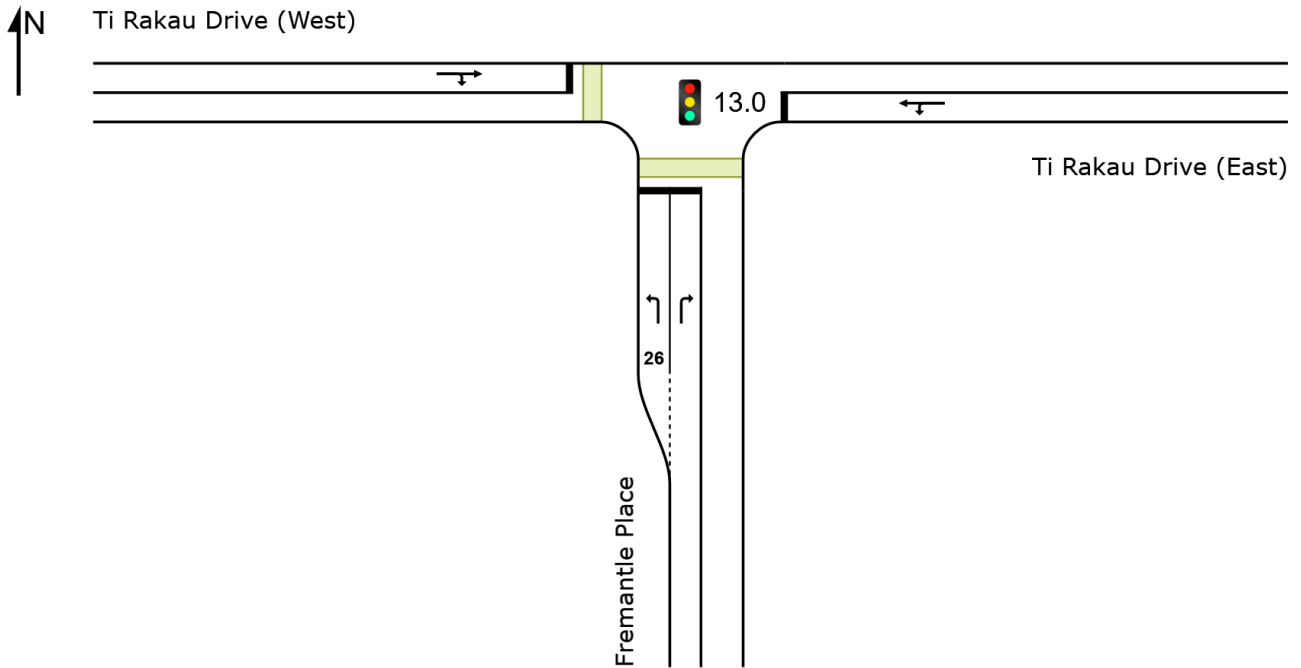
SITE LAYOUT

 Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr Closure (Site Folder: AM)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated

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Organisation: AECOM AUSTRALIA PTY LTD | Licence: NETWORK / Enterprise | Created: Monday, 16 May 2022 3:49:35 pm

Project: C:\Users\jacques.vandenheever\Downloads\2028 Construction 3 AM_40.sip9

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 110 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase B

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, Bus, D, E

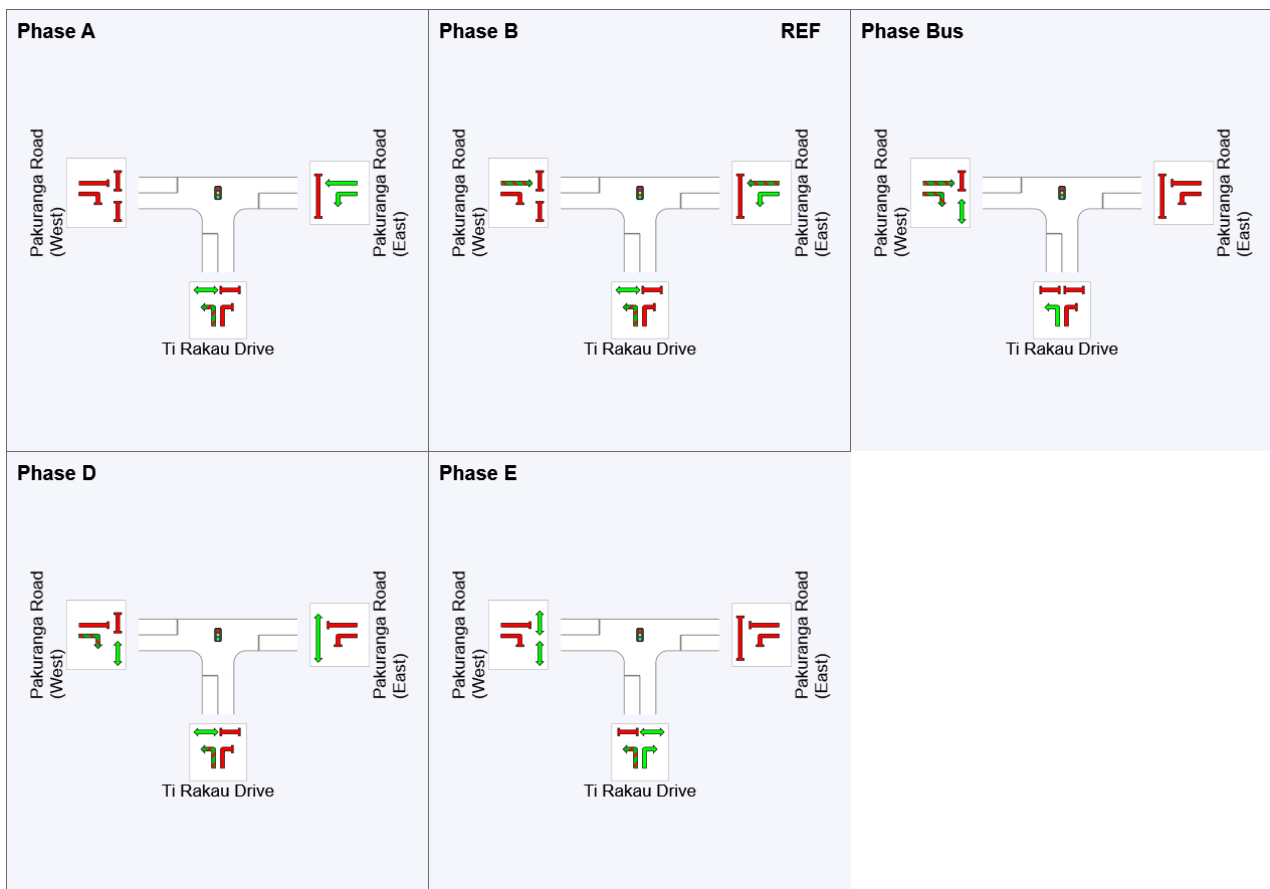
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, Bus, D, E

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	Bus	D	E
Phase Change Time (sec)	83	0	21	33	57
Green Time (sec)	21	15	6	18	20
Phase Time (sec)	27	21	12	24	26
Phase Split	25%	19%	11%	22%	24%










See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

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Organisation: AECOM AUSTRALIA PTY LTD | Licence: NETWORK / Enterprise | Processed: Wednesday, 16 February 2022 9:16:52 am
 Project: C:\Users\jacques.vandenhoeveer\Downloads\2028 Construction 3 AM_40.sip9

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 60 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, D

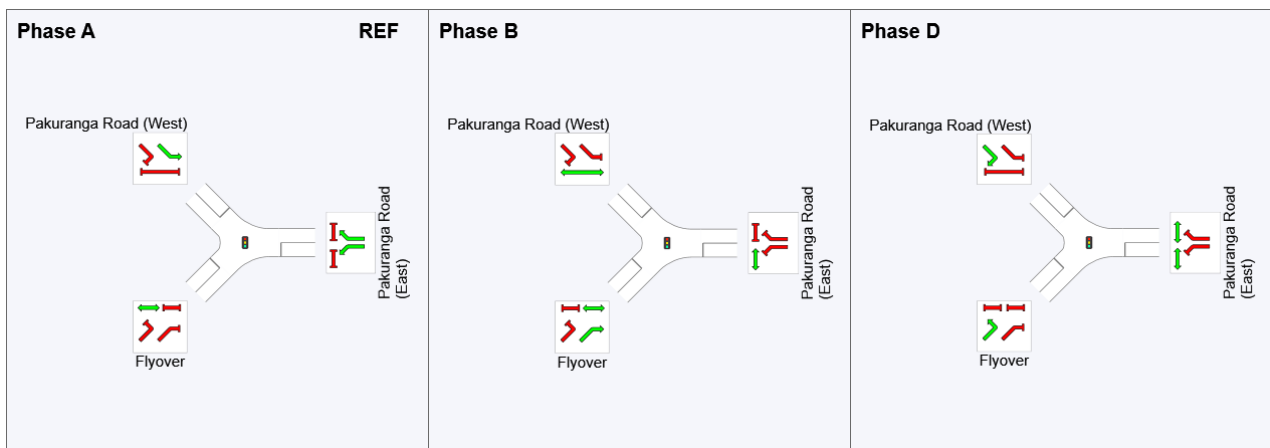
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, D

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	28	42
Green Time (sec)	22	8	12
Phase Time (sec)	28	14	18
Phase Split	47%	23%	30%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 70 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Green Split Priority has been specified

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

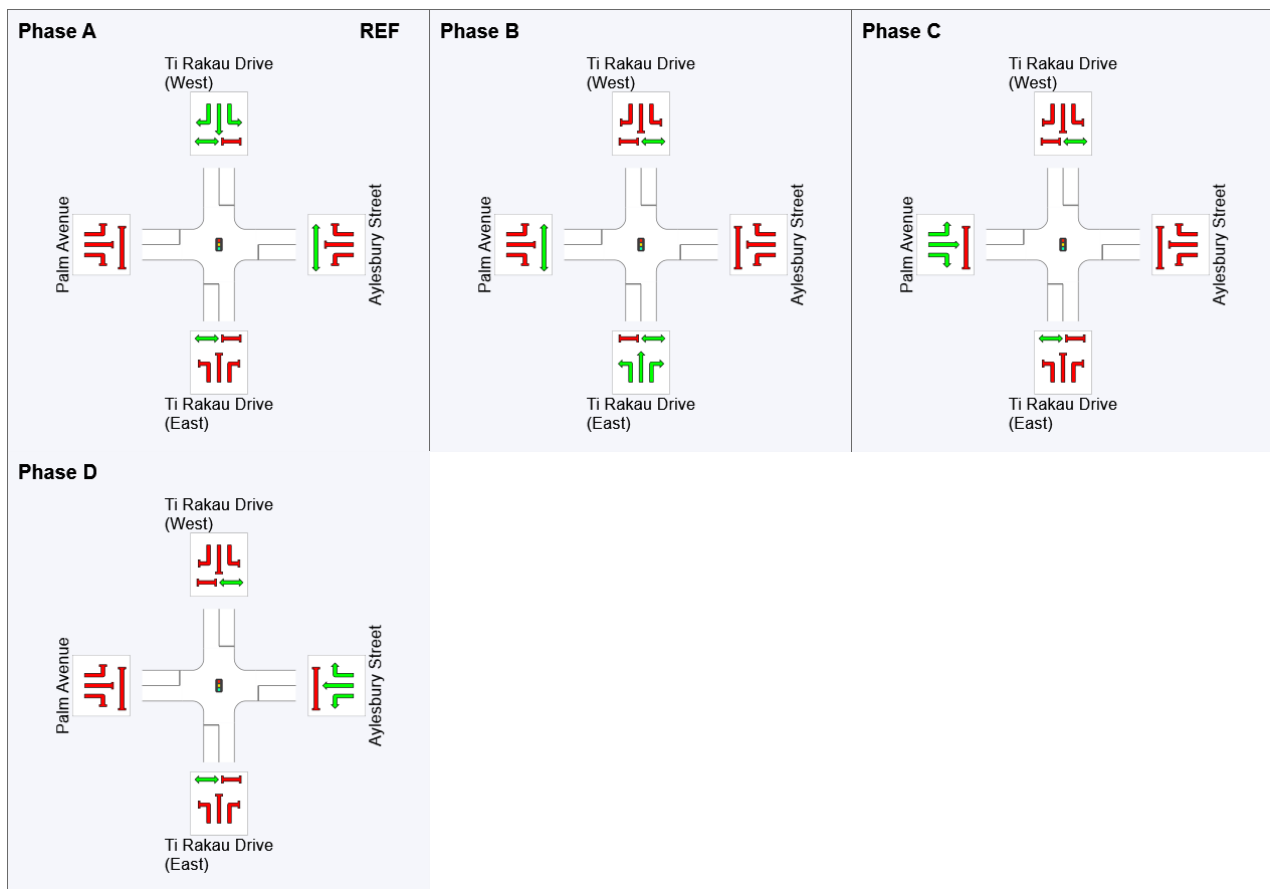
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	28	46	58
Green Time (sec)	22	12	6	6
Phase Time (sec)	28	18	12	12
Phase Split	40%	26%	17%	17%










See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga Highway/ Reeves Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 50 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Map Extract Default

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B

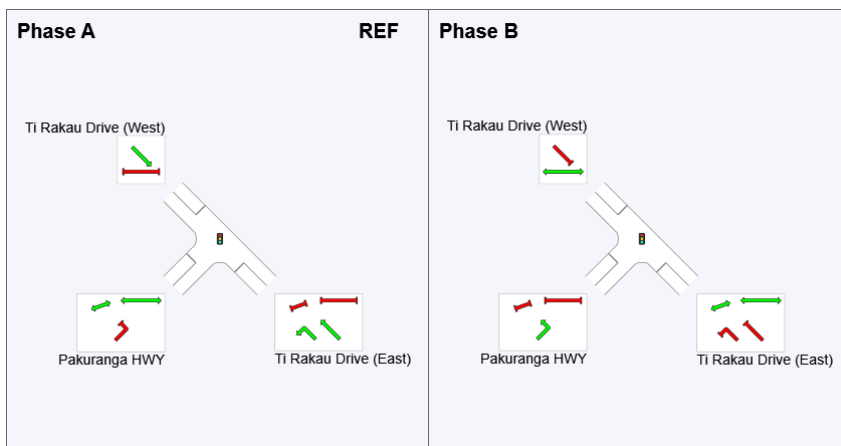
Output Phase Sequence: A, B

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	35
Green Time (sec)	29	9
Phase Time (sec)	35	15
Phase Split	70%	30%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 30 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Opposed Turns

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B

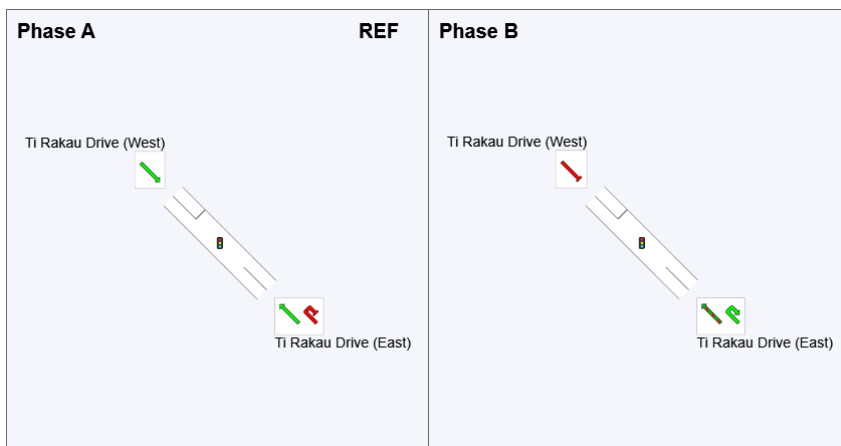
Output Phase Sequence: A, B

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	18
Green Time (sec)	12	6
Phase Time (sec)	18	12
Phase Split	60%	40%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 30 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Opposed Turns

Reference Phase: Phase B

Input Phase Sequence: A, B

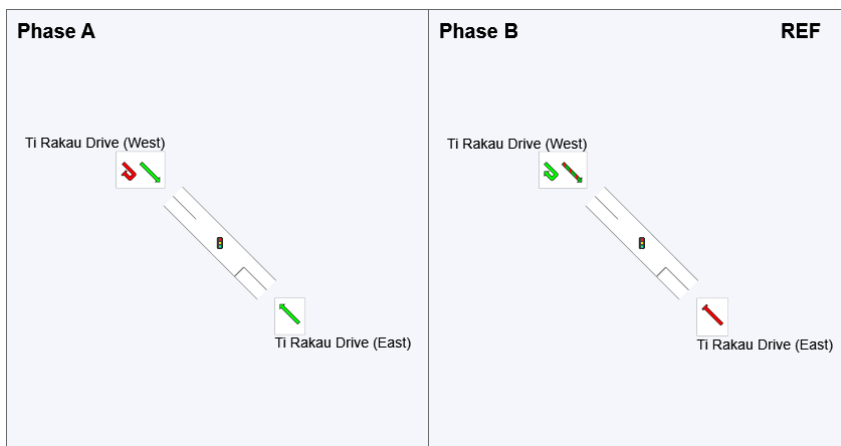
Output Phase Sequence: A, B

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B
Phase Change Time (sec)	12	0
Green Time (sec)	12	6
Phase Time (sec)	18	12
Phase Split	60%	40%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr Closure (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Green Split Priority has been specified

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C

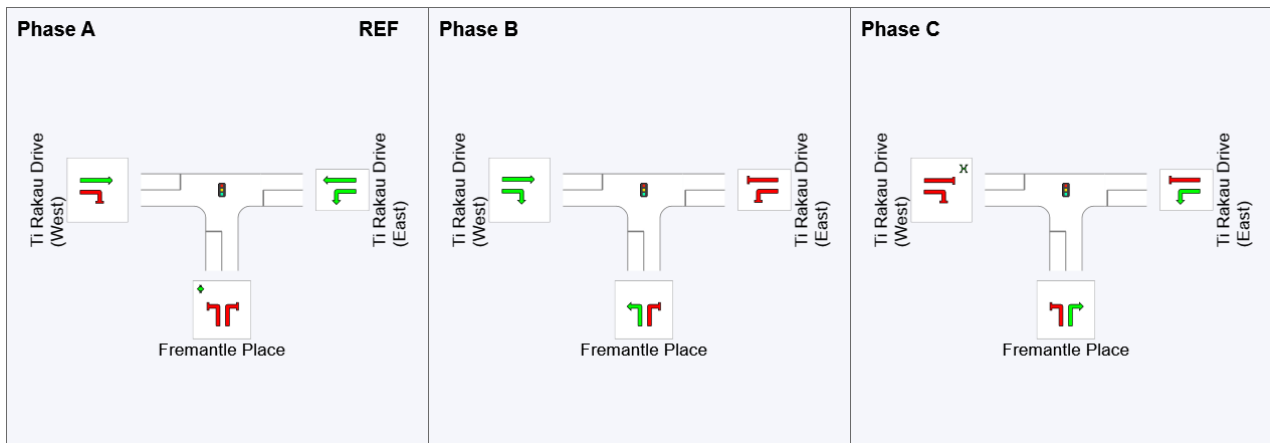
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	105	135
Green Time (sec)	99	24	9
Phase Time (sec)	105	30	15
Phase Split	70%	20%	10%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

CCG PHASING SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG2 [WRR / Mattson]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 50 seconds (CCG Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Network Timing dialog
 Phase Times determined by the program
 Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times
 Phase Sequence: CCG Phasing (phase reduction applied)
 Reference Phase: Phase A1
 Input Phase Sequence: A1, A2, B, C, D
 Output Phase Sequence: A1, B, C, D

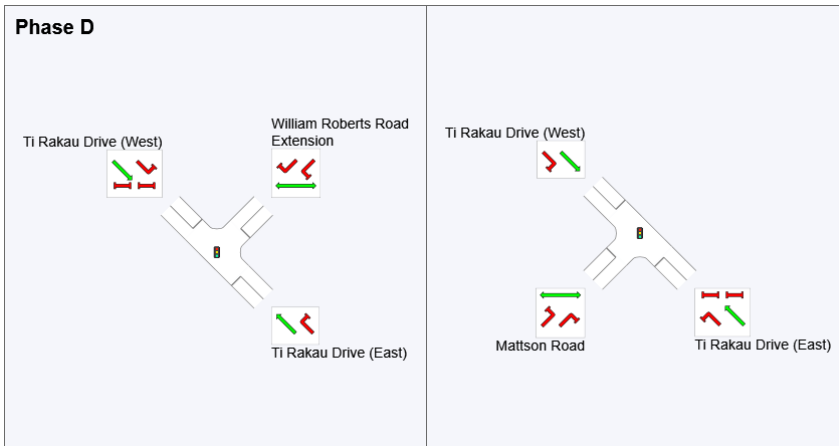
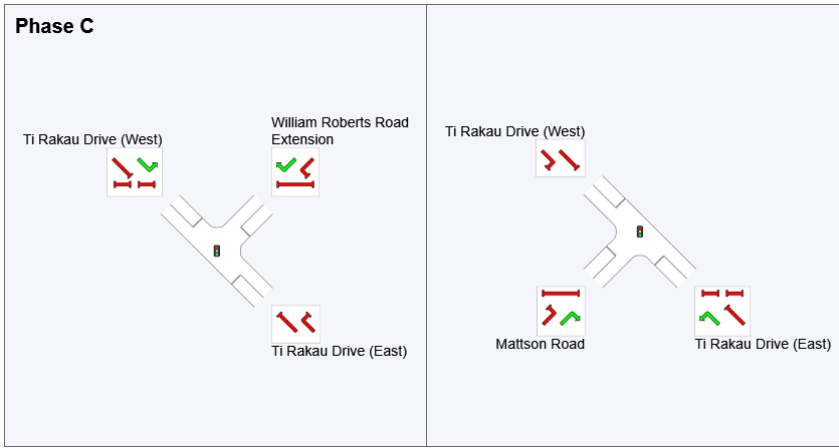
Phase Timing Summary (CCG)

Phase	A1	B	C	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	15	28	40
Green Time (sec)	9	7	6	4
Phase Time (sec)	15	13	12	10
Phase Split	30%	26%	24%	20%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence (CCG)





REF: Reference Phase
 VAR: Variable Phase



PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 120 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: B, A, Bus, E, D

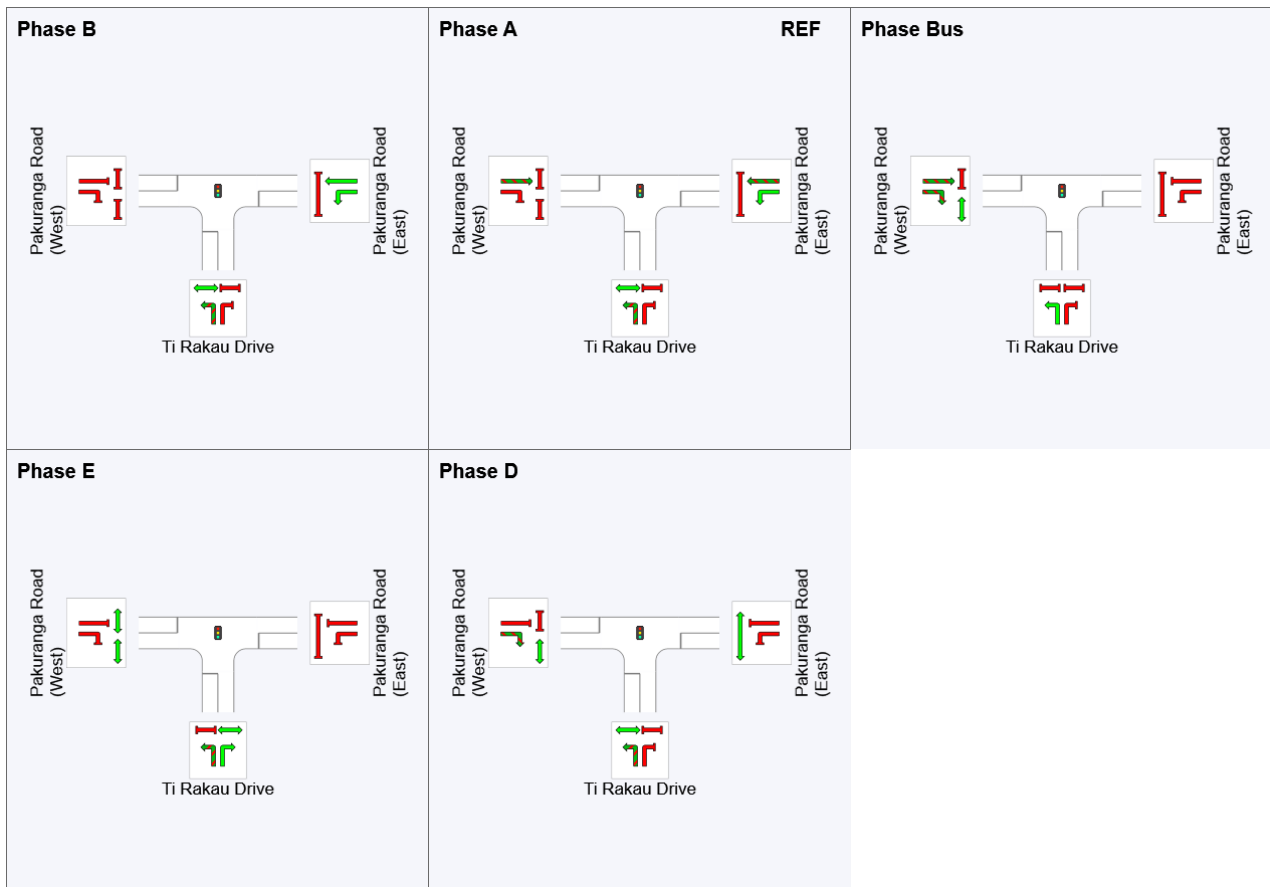
Output Phase Sequence: B, A, Bus, E, D

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	B	A	Bus	E	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	108	0	44	56	83
Green Time (sec)	6	38	6	21	19
Phase Time (sec)	12	44	12	27	25
Phase Split	10%	37%	10%	23%	21%










See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: Network: N101 [PM (Network PM)]) Folder: General]]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 134 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, D, B, C

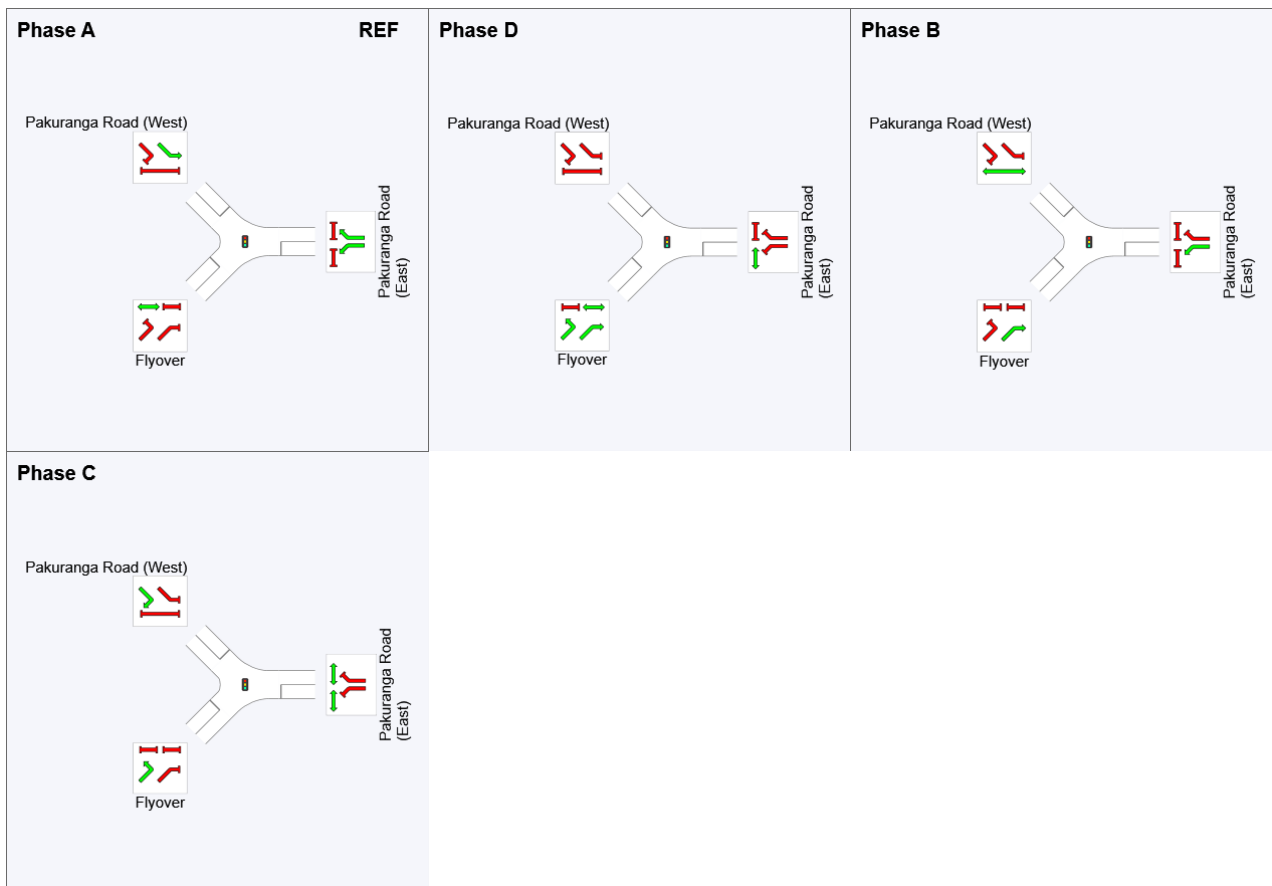
Output Phase Sequence: A, D, B, C

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	D	B	C
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	43	100	120
Green Time (sec)	40	51	14	9
Phase Time (sec)	46	57	19	12
Phase Split	34%	43%	14%	9%










See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 100 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Green Split Priority has been specified

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

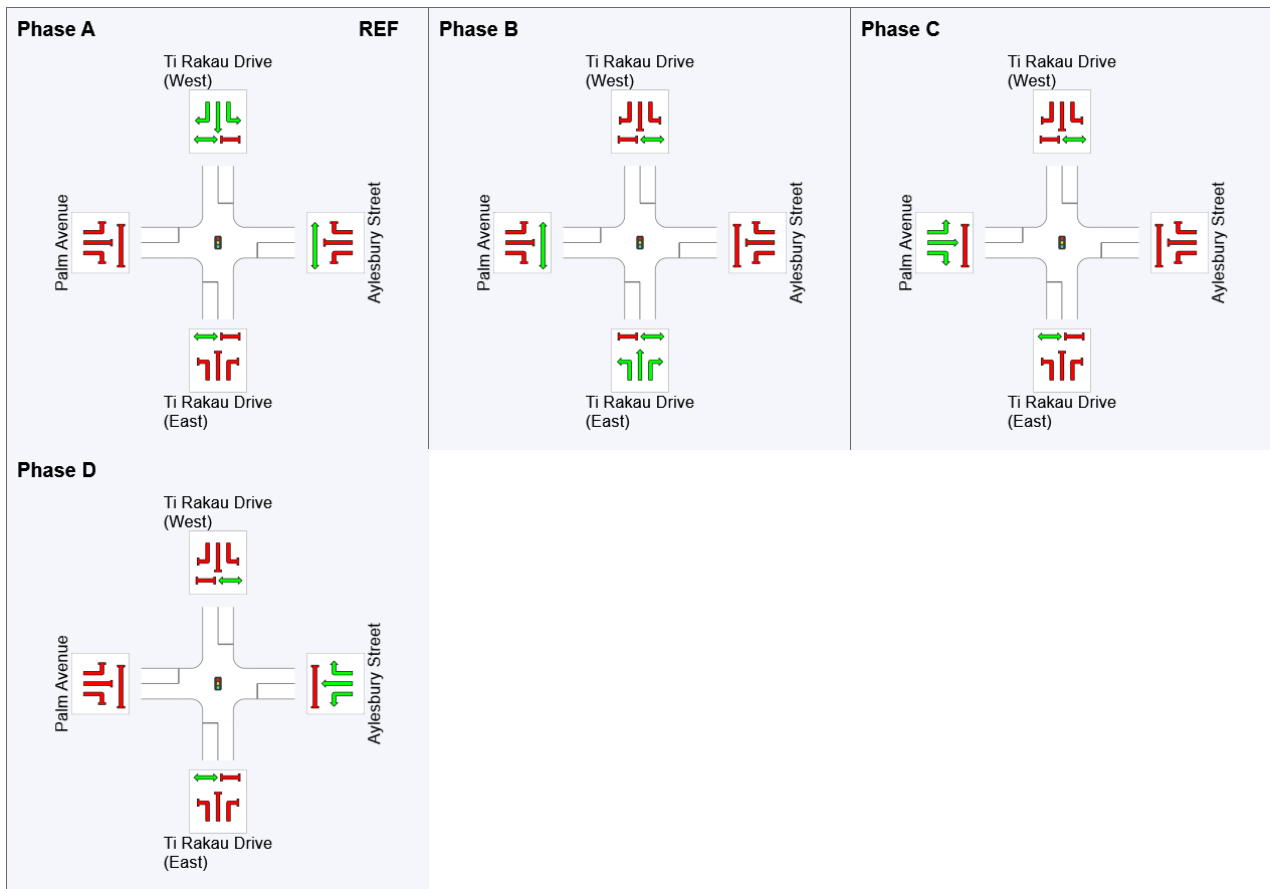
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	53	76	88
Green Time (sec)	47	17	6	6
Phase Time (sec)	53	23	12	12
Phase Split	53%	23%	12%	12%










See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga Highway/ Reeves Rd (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Map Extract Default

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B

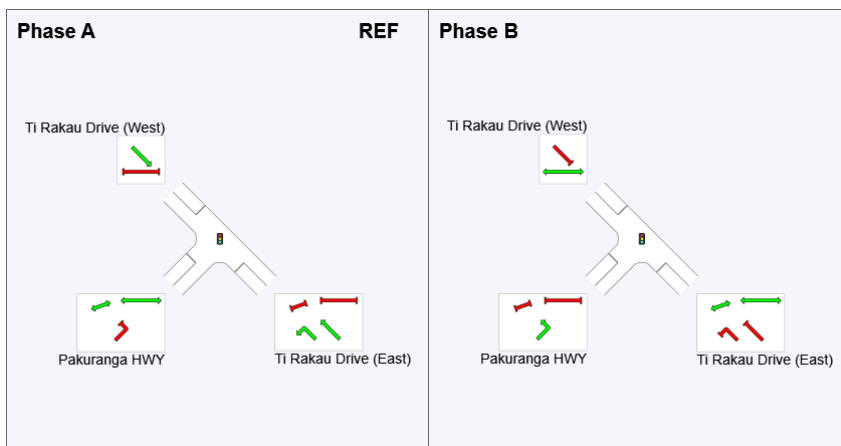
Output Phase Sequence: A, B

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	28
Green Time (sec)	22	6
Phase Time (sec)	28	12
Phase Split	70%	30%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

CCG PHASING SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG2 [WRR / Mattson]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 50 seconds (CCG Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Network Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: CCG Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A1

Input Phase Sequence: A1, B, C, D

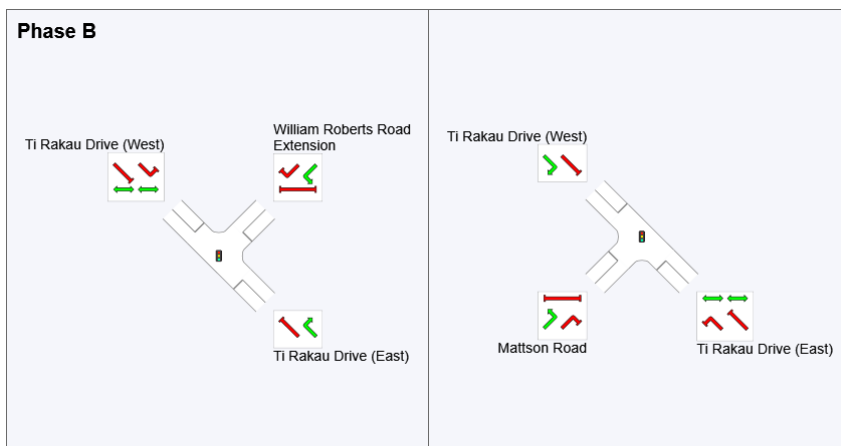
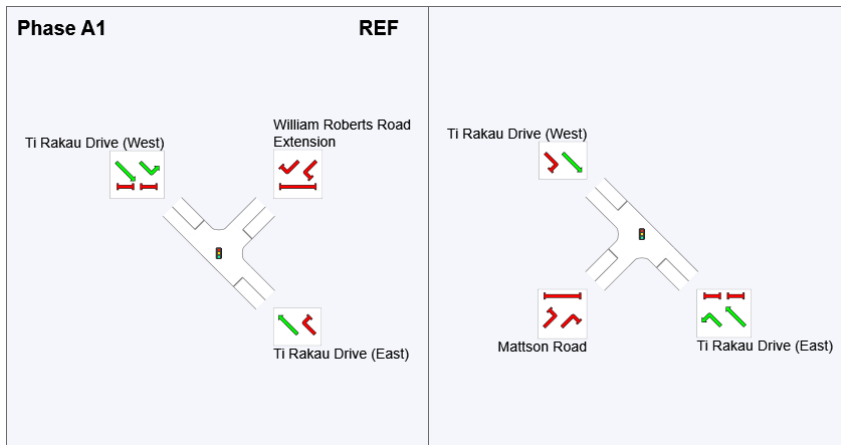
Output Phase Sequence: A1, B, C, D

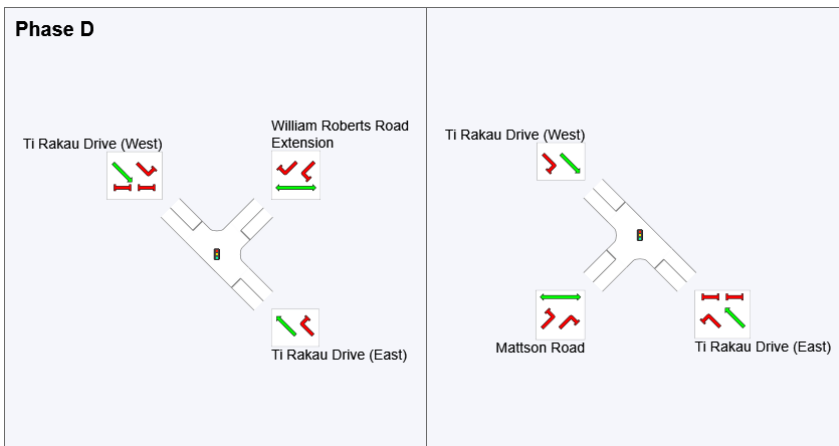
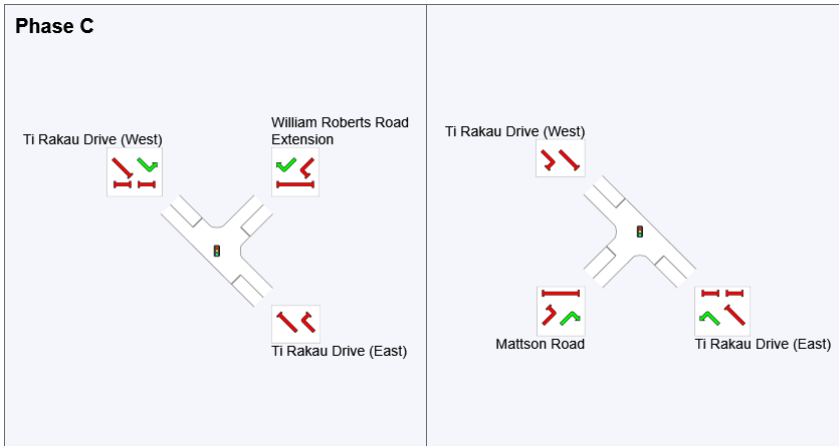
Phase Timing Summary (CCG)

Phase	A1	B	C	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	12	28	40
Green Time (sec)	6	10	6	4
Phase Time (sec)	12	16	12	10
Phase Split	24%	32%	24%	20%

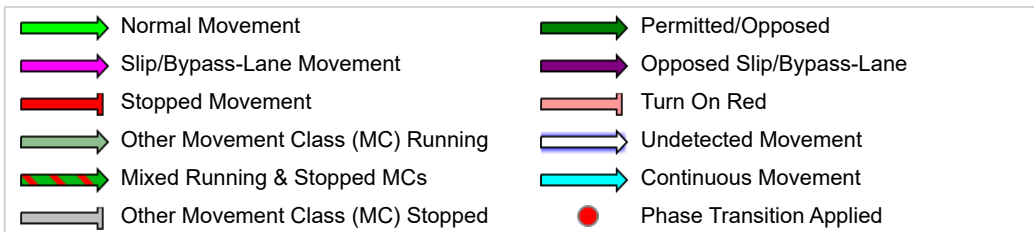
See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence (CCG)





REF: Reference Phase
 VAR: Variable Phase



PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 30 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Opposed Turns

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B

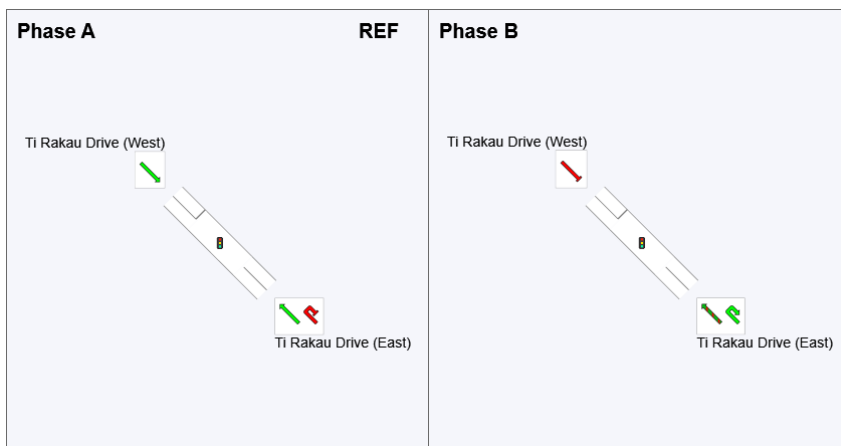
Output Phase Sequence: A, B

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	17
Green Time (sec)	11	7
Phase Time (sec)	17	13
Phase Split	57%	43%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 30 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Opposed Turns

Reference Phase: Phase B

Input Phase Sequence: A, B

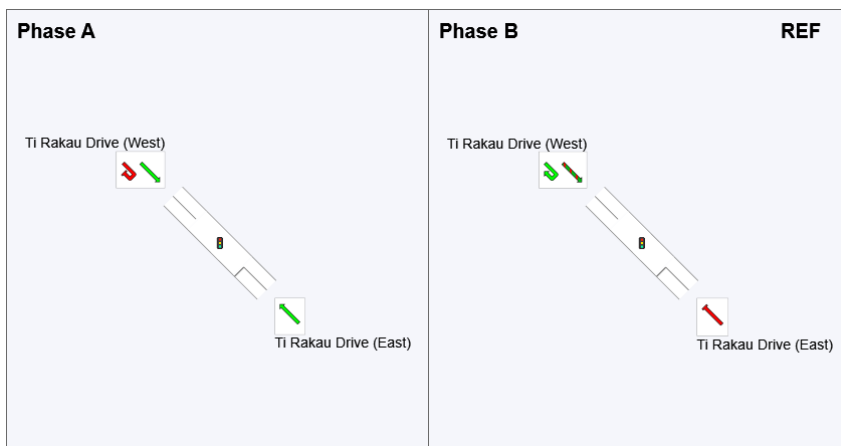
Output Phase Sequence: A, B

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B
Phase Change Time (sec)	12	0
Green Time (sec)	12	6
Phase Time (sec)	18	12
Phase Split	60%	40%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr Closure (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Green Split Priority has been specified

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C

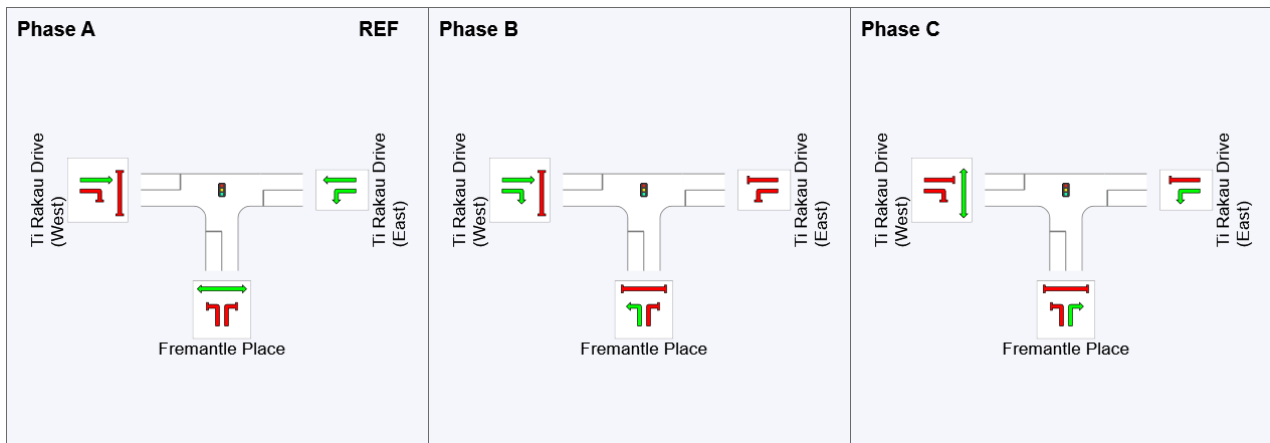
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	104	135
Green Time (sec)	98	25	9
Phase Time (sec)	104	31	15
Phase Split	69%	21%	10%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase



Appendix I

Construction Scenario 3 – Lane performance Summaries

From E To Exit:	S	W			Cap. veh/h	Satn v/c	Util. %	SL Ov. %	Lane No.
Lane 1	275	-	275	8.0	381 ¹	0.722	100	100.0	2
Lane 2	-	363	363	6.0	452 ¹	0.803	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	490	490	10.8	611	0.803	100	NA	NA
Approach	275	853	1128	8.6		0.803			
West: Pakuranga Road (West)									
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1 E	R2 S	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	9	15	24	100.0	62	0.389	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	209	-	209	6.9	253	0.826	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	209	-	209	6.9	253	0.826	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	129	129	15.6	272	0.472	100	0.0	3
Lane 5	-	129	129	15.6	272	0.472	100	0.0	4
Approach	427	272	699	13.3		0.826			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	2279	10.7		0.826					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec		
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 2.1 [2.1 Pakuranga Plaza / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total HV]	%	[Total HV]	%						[Veh]	[Dist]				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	592	9.8	592	9.8	1813	0.327	100	0.9	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	609	6.3	609	6.3	1864	0.327	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Approach	1201	8.0	1201	8.0		0.327		0.5	NA	0.0	0.0				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1	253	8.1	253	8.1	1843	0.137	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	108	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	253	8.1	253	8.1	1843	0.137	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	108	0.0	0.0
Approach	506	8.1	506	8.1		0.137		0.0	NA	0.0	0.0				
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza															
Lane 1	27	3.7	27	3.7	822	0.033	100	2.5	LOS A	0.1	0.7	Full	196	0.0	0.0
Approach	27	3.7	27	3.7		0.033		2.5	LOS A	0.1	0.7				
Intersection	1734	8.0	1734	8.0		0.327		0.4	NA	0.1	0.7				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L1	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	102	490	592	9.8	1813	0.327	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	609	609	6.3	1864	0.327	100	NA	NA	
Approach	102	1099	1201	8.0		0.327				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	253	253	8.1	1843	0.137	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	253	253	8.1	1843	0.137	100	NA	NA		
Approach	506	506	8.1		0.137					
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L3	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	27	27	3.7	822	0.033	100	NA	NA		

Approach	27	27	3.7	0.033
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)				
Intersection	1734	8.0	0.327	

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga Plaza											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 60 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	598	5.5	598	5.5	671	0.890	100	34.8	LOS C	19.5	142.9	Full	183	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	598	5.5	598	5.5	671	0.890	100	34.8	LOS C	19.5	142.9	Full	183	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	453	8.1	453	8.1	660	0.685	100	21.9	LOS C	10.5	78.7	Full	183	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	453	8.1	453	8.1	660	0.685	100	21.9	LOS C	10.5	78.7	Short	60	0.0	NA
Approach	2100	6.6	2100	6.6		0.890		29.3	LOS C	19.5	142.9				
NorthWest: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1	188	10.9	188	10.9	648	0.290	100	18.2	LOS B	3.6	27.2	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	193	6.5	193	6.5	667	0.290	100	18.2	LOS B	3.7	27.0	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	130	5.4	130	5.4	356	0.365	100	27.9	LOS C	3.1	22.5	Short	98	0.0	NA
Approach	511	7.8	511	7.8		0.365		20.7	LOS C	3.7	27.2				
SouthWest: Flyover															
Lane 1	304	7.9	304	7.9	361	0.843	100	37.7	LOS D	9.2	68.8	Short	70	0.0	NA
Lane 2	215	6.5	215	6.5	250	0.858	100	39.7	LOS D	6.6	49.1	Full	1162	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	215	6.5	215	6.5	250	0.858	100	39.7	LOS D	6.6	49.1	Full	1162	0.0	0.0
Approach	733	7.1	733	7.1		0.858		38.9	LOS D	9.2	68.8				
Intersection	3344	6.9	3344	6.9		0.890		30.1	LOS C	19.5	142.9				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L1	R1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	598	-	598	5.5	671	0.890	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	598	-	598	5.5	671	0.890	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	453	453	8.1	660	0.685	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	453	453	8.1	660	0.685	100	39.9	3	
Approach	1195	905	2100	6.6		0.890				
NorthWest: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	E	SW								
Lane 1	188	-	188	10.9	648	0.290	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	193	-	193	6.5	667	0.290	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	130	130	5.4	356	0.365	100	0.0	2	

Approach	381	130	511	7.8		0.365				
SouthWest: Flyover										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2 NW	R1 E	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	304	-	304	7.9	361	0.843	100	13.4	2	
Lane 2	-	215	215	6.5	250	0.858	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	215	215	6.5	250	0.858	100	NA	NA	
Approach	304	429	733	7.1		0.858				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	3344	6.9		0.890						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
Full Length Lane	3											
NorthWest Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
SouthWest Exit: Flyover												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 70 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist] m		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	196	11.5	196	11.5	303	0.647	100	31.6	LOS C	6.0	46.0	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	199	11.8	199	11.8	307	0.647	100	31.7	LOS C	6.1	46.7	Short	80	0.0	NA
Approach	395	11.6	395	11.6		0.647		31.7	LOS C	6.1	46.7				
East: Aylesbury Street															
Lane 1	26	3.8	26	3.8	150	0.173	100	36.3	LOS D	0.8	5.7	Short	30	0.0	NA
Lane 2	43	9.3	43	9.3	149	0.288	100	36.5	LOS D	1.3	10.1	Full	40	0.0	0.0
Approach	69	7.2	69	7.2		0.288		36.4	LOS D	1.3	10.1				
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	151	13.8	151	13.8	555	0.272	39 ⁶	20.6	LOS C	3.5	27.6	Full	174	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	390	14.4	390	14.4	565	0.690	100	24.1	LOS C	10.9	85.9	Full	174	0.0	0.0
Approach	541	14.2	541	14.2		0.690		23.1	LOS C	10.9	85.9				
West: Palm Avenue															
Lane 1	92	3.3	92	3.3	158	0.582	100	40.7	LOS D	3.0	21.3	Full	87	0.0	0.0
Approach	92	3.3	92	3.3		0.582		40.7	LOS D	3.0	21.3				
Intersection	1097	11.9	1097	11.9		0.690		28.5	LOS C	10.9	85.9				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

⁶ Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)											
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	19	177	-	196	11.5	303	0.647	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	177	22	199	11.8	307	0.647	100	0.0	1	
Approach	19	354	22	395	11.6		0.647				
East: Aylesbury Street											
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	26	-	-	26	3.8	150	0.173	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	10	33	43	9.3	149	0.288	100	NA	NA	
Approach	26	10	33	69	7.2		0.288				
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											

Mov. From N To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	26	125	-	151	13.8	555	0.272	39 ⁶	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	374	16	390	14.4	565	0.690	100	NA	NA
Approach	26	499	16	541	14.2		0.690			
West: Palm Avenue										
Mov. From W To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	58	10	24	92	3.3	158	0.582	100	NA	NA
Approach	58	10	24	92	3.3		0.582			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	1097	11.9		0.690						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Zipper												
Exit Short Lane	1	70	50.0	199	213	2.50	2.00	151	1546	0.098	0.0	0.1
Merge Lane	2	-	50.0	75	80	2.50	2.00	398	1709	0.233	0.0	0.0
East Exit: Aylesbury Street												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
North Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
West Exit: Palm Avenue												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga Highway/ Reeves Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 50 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist m]				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	895	9.1	895	9.1	1007	0.889	100	26.9	LOS C	17.4 ^{N4}	131.5 ^{N4}	Full	90	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	379	12.4	379	12.4	1041	0.364	100	6.1	LOS A	4.5	34.6	Full	90	0.0	0.0
Approach	1274	10.0	1274	10.0		0.889		20.7	LOS C	17.4	131.5				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	552	14.3	552	14.3	1046	0.528	100	6.9	LOS A	7.4	58.3	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	552	14.3	552	14.3		0.528		6.9	LOS A	7.4	58.3				
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY															
Lane 1	26	3.8	26	3.8	324	0.080	100	26.5	LOS C	0.5	3.6	Full	623	0.0	0.0
Approach	26	3.8	26	3.8		0.080		26.5	LOS C	0.5	3.6				
Intersection	1852	11.2	1852	11.2		0.889		16.7	LOS B	17.4	131.5				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	895	-	895	9.1	1007	0.889	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	379	379	12.4	1041	0.364	100	NA	NA	
Approach	895	379	1274	10.0		0.889				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	552	552	14.3	1046	0.528	100	NA	NA		
Approach	552	552	14.3		0.528					
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	26	26	3.8	324	0.080	100	NA	NA		
Approach	26	26	3.8		0.080					
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										

Intersection 1852 11.2 0.889

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga HWY Merge Type: Priority												
Exit Short Lane	2	10	0.0	895	935	3.00	2.00	0	824	0.000	2.3	2.3
Merge Lane	1	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				895	1800	0.497	0.0	0.0

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 7.1 [7.1 William Roberts Rd / Cortina PI (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist] m	Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %	
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)															
Lane 1	131	4.6	131	4.6	1860	0.070	100	0.2	LOS A	0.1	0.5	Full	223	0.0	0.0
Approach	131	4.6	131	4.6		0.070		0.2	NA	0.1	0.5				
NorthWest: Cortina Place															
Lane 1	37	5.4	37	5.4	1249	0.030	100	2.7	LOS A	0.1	0.6	Full	177	0.0	0.0
Approach	37	5.4	37	5.4		0.030		2.7	LOS A	0.1	0.6				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)															
Lane 1	87	6.9	87	6.9	1793	0.049	100	0.5	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	87	6.9	87	6.9		0.049		0.5	NA	0.0	0.0				
Intersection	255	5.5	255	5.5		0.070		0.7	NA	0.1	0.6				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)										
Mov. From NE To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	121	10	131	4.6	1860	0.070	100	NA	NA	
Approach	121	10	131	4.6		0.070				
NorthWest: Cortina Place										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NE	SW								
Lane 1	19	18	37	5.4	1249	0.030	100	NA	NA	
Approach	19	18	37	5.4		0.030				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NW	NE								
Lane 1	23	64	87	6.9	1793	0.049	100	NA	NA	
Approach	23	64	87	6.9		0.049				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										

Intersection	255	5.5	0.070
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Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road (North) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Cortina Place Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: William Roberts Road (South) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 30 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	[HV %	[Total veh/h	[HV %						[Veh	[Dist] m				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	594	9.2	593	9.2	1831	0.324	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	594	9.2	593	9.2	1831	0.324	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	110	5.5	110	5.5	268	0.411	100	18.7	LOS B	1.4	10.3	Short	14	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	478	0.036	100	2.1	LOS A	0.0	0.6	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Approach	1314	10.0	1314	10.0		0.411		1.6	LOS A	1.4	10.3				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	308	10.7	308	10.7	725	0.425	100	7.4	LOS A	3.1	23.5	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	308	10.7	308	10.7	725	0.425	100	7.4	LOS A	3.1	23.5	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Lane 3 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	478	0.027	100	2.1	LOS A	0.0	0.5	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Approach	629	12.6	629	12.6		0.425		7.3	LOS A	3.1	23.5				
Intersection	1943	10.9	1943	10.9		0.425		3.5	LOS A	3.1	23.5				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	U	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NW	SE								
Lane 1	593	-	593	9.2	1831	0.324	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	593	-	593	9.2	1831	0.324	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	110	110	5.5	268	0.411	100	0.0	2	
Lane 4	17	-	17	100.0	478	0.036	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1204	110	1314	10.0		0.411				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
	SE									
Lane 1	308	308	10.7	725	0.425	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	308	308	10.7	725	0.425	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	13	13	100.0	478	0.027	100	NA	NA		
Approach	629	629	12.6		0.425					
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	1943	10.9		0.425						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 30 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	Dist]		m	%	%
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	Dist]		m	%	%
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	580	8.8	580	8.8	734	0.790	100	12.4	LOS B	8.4	63.0	Full	64	0.0	13.6
Lane 2	580	8.8	580	8.8	734	0.790	100	12.4	LOS B	8.4	63.0	Full	64	0.0	13.6
Lane 3 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	478	0.036	100	2.1	LOS A	0.0	0.6	Full	64	0.0	0.0
Approach	1176	10.1	1176	10.1		0.790		12.2	LOS B	8.4	63.0				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	623	9.2	569	9.3	1829	0.311	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	623	9.2	569	9.3	1829	0.311	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	109	7.3	100	7.4	264	0.377	100	18.6	LOS B	1.3	9.4	Short	15	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	478	0.027	100	2.1	LOS A	0.0	0.5	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Approach	1367	9.9	1251 ^N ₁	10.1		0.377		1.5	LOS A	1.3	9.4				
Intersection	2543	10.0	2427 ^N ₁	10.5		0.790		6.7	LOS A	8.4	63.0				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

N1 Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov.	T1	Total	%HV		Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL Ov.	Ov. Lane No.		
From SE To Exit:	NW			Cap. veh/h	v/c	%	%			
Lane 1	580	580	8.8	734	0.790	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	580	580	8.8	734	0.790	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	17	17	100.0	478	0.036	100	NA	NA		
Approach	1176	1176	10.1		0.790					
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov.	T1	U	Total	%HV		Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL Ov.	Ov. Lane No.	
From NW To Exit:	SE	NW			Cap. veh/h	v/c	%	%		
Lane 1	569	-	569	9.3	1829	0.311	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	569	-	569	9.3	1829	0.311	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	100	100	7.4	264	0.377	100	0.0	2	
Lane 4	13	-	13	100.0	478	0.027	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1151	100	1251	10.1		0.377				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2427	10.5		0.790						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr Closure (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
South: Fremantle Place															
Lane 1	23	0.0	23	0.0	299	0.077	100	62.0	LOS E	1.3	8.9	Short	26	0.0	NA
Lane 2	12	8.3	12	8.3	106	0.113	100	79.1	LOS E	0.8	5.8	Full	285	0.0	0.0
Approach	35	2.9	35	2.9		0.113		67.9	LOS E	1.3	8.9				
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	1135	10.3	1135	10.3	1199	0.946	100	40.2	LOS D	72.9	555.2	Full	636	0.0	2.7
Approach	1135	10.3	1135	10.3		0.946		40.2	LOS D	72.9	555.2				
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	1214	10.2	1201	10.2	1317	0.912	100	21.8	LOS C	66.0	502.2	Full	479	0.0	19.3
Approach	1214	10.2	1201 ^{N1}	10.2		0.912		21.8	LOS C	66.0	502.2				
Intersection	2384	10.2	2371 ^{N1}	10.2		0.946		31.3	LOS C	72.9	555.2				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: Fremantle Place										
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	23	-	23	0.0	299	0.077	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	12	12	8.3	106	0.113	100	NA	NA	
Approach	23	12	35	2.9		0.113				
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	10	1125	1135	10.3	1199	0.946	100	NA	NA	
Approach	10	1125	1135	10.3		0.946				
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	1191	10	1201	10.2	1317	0.912	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1191	10	1201	10.2		0.912				

	Total	%HV	Deg.Satn (v/c)
Intersection	2371	10.2	0.946

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: Fremantle Place											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								
East Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								
West Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								

CCG LANE SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG2 [WRR / Mattson]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 50 seconds (CCG Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance (CCG)															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist] m				
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	383	9.1	383	9.1	696	0.551	100	11.9	LOS B	5.8	43.6	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	383	9.1	383	9.1	696	0.551	100	2.6	LOS A	2.0	15.2	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	383	9.1	383	9.1	696	0.551	100	2.6	LOS A	2.0	15.2	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	61	4.9	61	4.9	250	0.244	100	29.4	LOS C	1.4	10.3	Short	20	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	454	0.037	100	4.2	LOS A	0.1	1.2	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	1228	10.2	1228	10.2		0.551		6.9	LOS A	5.8	43.6				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension															
Lane 1	86	3.5	86	3.5	252	0.341	100	24.4	LOS C	1.8	13.2	Short	80	0.0	NA
Lane 2	53	7.5	53	7.5	210	0.252	100	25.0	LOS C	1.1	8.5	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	139	5.0	139	5.0		0.341		24.7	LOS C	1.8	13.2				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	109	12.5	109	12.5	341	0.319	100	23.1	LOS C	2.2	17.2	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	217	12.8	217	12.8	681	0.319	100	12.1	LOS B	3.4	26.7	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	217	12.8	217	12.8	681	0.319	100	12.1	LOS B	3.4	26.7	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 4 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	454	0.029	100	4.1	LOS A	0.1	0.9	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Approach	556	14.7	556	14.7		0.319		14.1	LOS B	3.4	26.7				
Intersection	1923	11.1	1923	11.1		0.551		10.2	LOS B	5.8	43.6				
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	256	9.0	256	9.0	332	0.771	100	32.9	LOS C	6.8	51.1	Short	25	0.0	NA
Lane 2	405	9.0	405	9.0	525 ¹	0.771	100	17.4	LOS B	8.3	62.7	Full	143	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	537	9.0	537	9.0	696	0.771	100	17.9	LOS B	11.7	88.5	Full	143	0.0	0.0
Lane 4 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	447	0.038	100	4.2	LOS A	0.1	1.2	Full	143	0.0	0.0
Approach	1215	10.3	1215	10.3		0.771		20.7	LOS C	11.7	88.5				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	70	11.2	70	11.2	687	0.101	27 ⁶	11.5	LOS B	1.1	8.2	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	256	11.2	256	11.2	687	0.372	100	6.7	LOS A	2.6	19.6	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	256	11.2	256	11.2	687	0.372	100	2.4	LOS A	1.0	7.9	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	16	18.8	16	18.8	228	0.070	100	28.5	LOS C	0.4	3.0	Short	25	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	447	0.029	100	4.1	LOS A	0.1	0.9	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	610	13.3	610	13.3		0.372		6.0	LOS A	2.6	19.6				
SouthWest: Mattson Road															
Lane 1	27	3.7	27	3.7	252	0.107	100	26.0	LOS C	0.5	3.9	Full	282	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	38	5.3	38	5.3	214	0.178	100	27.5	LOS C	0.8	5.9	Full	282	0.0	0.0
Approach	65	4.6	65	4.6		0.178		26.9	LOS C	0.8	5.9				
Intersection	1890	11.1	1890	11.1		0.771		16.2	LOS B	11.7	88.5				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA Standard.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Approach Lane Flows (CCG) (veh/h)										
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	383	-	383	9.1	696	0.551	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	383	-	383	9.1	696	0.551	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	383	-	383	9.1	696	0.551	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	61	61	4.9	250	0.244	100	0.0	3	
Lane 5	17	-	17	100.0	454	0.037	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1167	61	1228	10.2		0.551				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension										
Mov. From NE To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	86	-	86	3.5	252	0.341	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	53	53	7.5	210	0.252	100	NA	NA	
Approach	86	53	139	5.0		0.341				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	26	83	109	12.5	341	0.319	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	217	217	12.8	681	0.319	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	217	217	12.8	681	0.319	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	13	13	100.0	454	0.029	100	NA	NA	
Approach	26	530	556	14.7		0.319				
Total				%HV	Deg.Satn (v/c)					
Intersection	1923	11.1		0.551						
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	11	245	256	9.0	332	0.771	100	82.2	2	
Lane 2	-	405	405	9.0	525 ¹	0.771	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	537	537	9.0	696	0.771	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	17	17	100.0	447	0.038	100	NA	NA	
Approach	11	1204	1215	10.3		0.771				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										

Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	70	-	70	11.2	687	0.101	27 ⁶	NA	NA
Lane 2	256	-	256	11.2	687	0.372	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	256	-	256	11.2	687	0.372	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	16	16	18.8	228	0.070	100	0.0	3
Lane 5	13	-	13	100.0	447	0.029	100	NA	NA
Approach	594	16	610	13.3		0.372			
SouthWest: Mattson Road									
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	27	-	27	3.7	252	0.107	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	38	38	5.3	214	0.178	100	NA	NA
Approach	27	38	65	4.6		0.178			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	1890	11.1		0.771					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis (CCG)													
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec		
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]													
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)													
Merge Type: Not Applied													
Full Length Lane	1												
Full Length Lane	2												
Full Length Lane	3												
Full Length Lane	4												
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road Extension													
Merge Type: Not Applied													
Full Length Lane	1												
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)													
Merge Type: Not Applied													
Full Length Lane	1												
Full Length Lane	2												
Full Length Lane	3												
Full Length Lane	4												
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]													
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)													
Merge Type: Priority													
Exit Short Lane	1	40	0.0	256	270	3.00	2.00	70	1526	0.046	0.4	0.5	
Merge Lane	2	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				256	1800	0.142	0.0	0.0	
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)													

Merge Type: Not Applied

Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	4	Merge Analysis not applied.

SouthWest Exit: Mattson Road

Merge Type: Not Applied

Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.
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LANE SUMMARY

Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: PM)] Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 120 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
South: Ti Rakau Drive															
Lane 1	413	6.5	413	6.5	1094 ¹	0.377	100	7.6	LOS A	5.4	39.8	Full	174	0.0	0.0
Lane 2 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	82	0.158	100	64.6	LOS E	0.7	8.6	Short	16	0.0	NA
Lane 3	63	5.6	63	5.6	311	0.201	100	50.7	LOS D	2.8	20.8	Full	174	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	63	5.6	63	5.6	311	0.201	100	50.7	LOS D	2.8	20.8	Short	40	0.0	NA
Approach	551	8.5	551	8.5		0.377		18.7	LOS B	5.4	39.8				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	497	6.4	497	6.4	570 ¹	0.872	100	47.2	LOS D	19.4 ^{N4}	143.2 ^{N4}	Short	21	0.0	NA
Lane 2	191	3.4	191	3.4	385 ¹	0.497	100	24.1	LOS C	6.4	46.2	Full	98	0.0	50.0 ⁸
Lane 3	260	7.5	260	7.5	522	0.497	100	38.7	LOS D	11.4	84.8	Full	98	0.0	1.9
Approach	948	6.1	948	6.1		0.872		40.2	LOS D	19.4	143.2				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1 (B)	42	100.0	42	100.0	57	0.735	100	70.1	LOS E	2.5	31.9	Full	380	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	462	5.4	462	5.4	593	0.778	100	41.8	LOS D	22.6	165.8	Full	380	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	462	5.4	462	5.4	593	0.778	100	41.8	LOS D	22.6	165.8	Full	380	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	189	8.3	189	8.3	276	0.686	100	58.1	LOS E	9.8	73.2	Short	178	0.0	NA
Lane 5	147	8.3	147	8.3	213	0.686	100	59.3	LOS E	7.7	57.7	Short	105	-22.7 ^{N3}	NA
Approach	1301	9.2	1301	9.2		0.778		47.1	LOS D	22.6	165.8				
Intersection	2800	8.0	2800	8.0		0.872		39.2	LOS D	22.6	165.8				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

⁸ Probability of Blockage has been set on the basis of a queue that overflows from a short lane.

^{N3} Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: Ti Rakau Drive										
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	W	E								
Lane 1	413	-	413	6.5	1094 ¹	0.377	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	13	-	13	100.0	82	0.158	100	0.0	1	
Lane 3	-	63	63	5.6	311	0.201	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	63	63	5.6	311	0.201	100	0.0	3	
Approach	426	125	551	8.5		0.377				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										

Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	S	W							
Lane 1	497	-	497	6.4	570 ¹	0.872	100	100.0	2
Lane 2	-	191	191	3.4	385 ¹	0.497	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	260	260	7.5	522	0.497	100	NA	NA
Approach	497	451	948	6.1		0.872			
West: Pakuranga Road (West)									
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	E	S							
Lane 1	21	21	42	100.0	57	0.735	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	462	-	462	5.4	593	0.778	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	462	-	462	5.4	593	0.778	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	189	189	8.3	276	0.686	100	0.0	3
Lane 5	-	147	147	8.3	213	0.686	100	0.0	4
Approach	944	357	1301	9.2		0.778			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	2800	8.0		0.872					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
Full Length Lane	3											

Lane 1	52	52	5.8	883	0.059	100	NA	NA
Approach	52	52	5.8		0.059			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)								
Intersection	2066	6.6	0.287					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga Plaza											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: Network: N101 [PM (Network PM)]) Folder: General]]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 134 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	Dist]		m	%	%
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%							m				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	215	6.3	215	6.3	734	0.293	100	23.6	LOS C	7.0	51.6	Full	183	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	215	6.3	215	6.3	734	0.293	100	23.6	LOS C	7.0	51.6	Full	183	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	200	5.8	200	5.8	546	0.366	100	43.2	LOS D	9.2	67.2	Full	183	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	200	5.8	200	5.8	546	0.366	100	43.2	LOS D	9.2	67.2	Short	60	0.0	NA
Approach	829	6.0	829	6.0		0.366		33.1	LOS C	9.2	67.2				
NorthWest: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1	495	8.5	495	8.5	536	0.924	100	72.0	LOS E	23.5 ^{N4}	176.8 ^{N4}	Full	121	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	482	4.5	482	4.5	521 ¹	0.924	100	71.4	LOS E	24.3 ^{N4}	176.8 ^{N4}	Full	121	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	80	15.0	80	15.0	112	0.714	100	76.3	LOS E	5.0	39.2	Short	98	0.0	NA
Approach	1057	7.2	1057	7.2		0.924		72.0	LOS E	24.3	176.8				
SouthWest: Flyover															
Lane 1	554	6.0	554	6.0	628 ¹	0.882	100	38.8	LOS D	23.5	172.8	Short	70	0.0	NA
Lane 2	637	5.4	637	5.4	649 ¹	0.982	100	79.8	LOS E	43.8	320.9	Full	1162	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	984	5.4	984	5.4	1002	0.982	100	76.6	LOS E	77.5	567.7	Full	1162	0.0	0.0
Approach	2175	5.5	2175	5.5		0.982		67.9	LOS E	77.5	567.7				
Intersection	4061	6.1	4061	6.1		0.982		61.9	LOS E	77.5	567.7				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L1	R1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	215	-	215	6.3	734	0.293	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	215	-	215	6.3	734	0.293	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	200	200	5.8	546	0.366	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	200	200	5.8	546	0.366	100	25.4	3	
Approach	430	399	829	6.0		0.366				
NorthWest: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	E	SW								
Lane 1	495	-	495	8.5	536	0.924	100	NA	NA	

Lane 2	482	-	482	4.5	521 ¹	0.924	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	80	80	15.0	112	0.714	100	0.0	2
Approach	977	80	1057	7.2		0.924			
SouthWest: Flyover									
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	R1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	NW	E							
Lane 1	554	-	554	6.0	628 ¹	0.882	100	100.0	2
Lane 2	-	637	637	5.4	649 ¹	0.982	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	984	984	5.4	1002	0.982	100	NA	NA
Approach	554	1621	2175	5.5		0.982			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	4061	6.1		0.982					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate % veh/h	Critical Gap pcu/h	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
Full Length Lane	3											
NorthWest Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
SouthWest Exit: Flyover												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 7.1 [7.1 William Roberts Rd / Cortina PI (Site Folder: PM)] Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist] m	Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %	
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)															
Lane 1	152	3.3	152	3.3	1852	0.082	100	0.3	LOS A	0.1	0.6	Full	223	0.0	0.0
Approach	152	3.3	152	3.3		0.082		0.3	NA	0.1	0.6				
NorthWest: Cortina Place															
Lane 1	64	6.3	64	6.3	1039	0.062	100	3.4	LOS A	0.2	1.3	Full	177	0.0	0.0
Approach	64	6.3	64	6.3		0.062		3.4	LOS A	0.2	1.3				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)															
Lane 1	221	5.9	221	5.9	1809	0.122	100	0.4	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	221	5.9	221	5.9		0.122		0.4	NA	0.0	0.0				
Intersection	437	5.0	437	5.0		0.122		0.8	NA	0.2	1.3				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)										
Mov. From NE To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	142	10	152	3.3	1852	0.082	100	NA	NA	
Approach	142	10	152	3.3		0.082				
NorthWest: Cortina Place										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NE	SW								
Lane 1	19	45	64	6.3	1039	0.062	100	NA	NA	
Approach	19	45	64	6.3		0.062				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NW	NE								
Lane 1	48	173	221	5.9	1809	0.122	100	NA	NA	
Approach	48	173	221	5.9		0.122				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										

Intersection	437	5.0	0.122
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Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road (North) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Cortina Place Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: William Roberts Road (South) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 100 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist] m		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	248	9.0	248	9.0	299	0.831	100	51.1	LOS D	11.8	89.0	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	257	9.2	257	9.2	309	0.831	100	50.8	LOS D	12.2	91.8	Short	80	0.0	NA
Approach	505	9.1	505	9.1		0.831		51.0	LOS D	12.2	91.8				
East: Aylesbury Street															
Lane 1	35	8.6	35	8.6	102	0.344	100	54.5	LOS D	1.6	11.9	Short	30	0.0	NA
Lane 2	91	3.3	91	3.3	108	0.840	100	60.7	LOS E	4.5	32.4	Full	40	0.0	0.0
Approach	126	4.8	126	4.8		0.840		59.0	LOS E	4.5	32.4				
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	295	9.5	295	9.5	865	0.342	39 ⁶	18.3	LOS B	8.1	61.2	Full	174	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	554	9.6	554	9.6	639	0.866	100	37.5	LOS D	26.2	198.7	Full	174	-26.5 ^{N3}	27.1
Approach	849	9.5	849	9.5		0.866		30.8	LOS C	26.2	198.7				
West: Palm Avenue															
Lane 1	63	6.3	63	6.3	101	0.622	100	58.7	LOS E	3.0	21.8	Full	87	-6.7 ^{N3}	0.0
Approach	63	6.3	63	6.3		0.622		58.7	LOS E	3.0	21.8				
Intersection	1543	8.9	1543	8.9		0.866		40.9	LOS D	26.2	198.7				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

⁶ Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

^{N3} Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)											
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	38	210	-	248	9.0	299	0.831	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	222	35	257	9.2	309	0.831	100	27.5	1	
Approach	38	432	35	505	9.1		0.831				
East: Aylesbury Street											
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	35	-	-	35	8.6	102	0.344	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	10	81	91	3.3	108	0.840	100	NA	NA	
Approach	35	10	81	126	4.8		0.840				

North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From N To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	19	276	-	295	9.5	865	0.342	39 ⁶	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	534	20	554	9.6	639	0.866	100	NA	NA
Approach	19	810	20	849	9.5		0.866			
West: Palm Avenue										
Mov. From W To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	41	10	12	63	6.3	101	0.622	100	NA	NA
Approach	41	10	12	63	6.3		0.622			
Total		%HV Deg. Satn (v/c)								
Intersection	1543	8.9	0.866							

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East) Merge Type: Zipper												
Exit Short Lane	1	70	50.0	273	286	2.50	2.00	311	1450	0.215	0.1	0.2
Merge Lane	2	-	50.0	156	163	2.50	2.00	546	1610	0.339	0.0	0.1
East Exit: Aylesbury Street Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
North Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
West Exit: Palm Avenue Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga Highway/ Reeves Rd (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

New Site

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh]	[Dist]		m	%	%
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	478	10.3	478	10.3	947	0.505	100	10.7	LOS B	5.4	40.8	Full	90	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	441	8.8	441	8.8	1009	0.437	100	5.9	LOS A	4.7	35.3	Full	90	0.0	0.0
Approach	919	9.6	919	9.6		0.505		8.4	LOS A	5.4	40.8				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	857	9.6	857	9.6	1020	0.840	100	14.7	LOS B	16.6	125.8	Full	110	0.0	27.3
Approach	857	9.6	857	9.6		0.840		14.7	LOS B	16.6	125.8				
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY															
Lane 1	66	9.1	66	9.1	260	0.254	100	25.0	LOS C	1.1	8.4	Full	623	0.0	0.0
Approach	66	9.1	66	9.1		0.254		25.0	LOS C	1.1	8.4				
Intersection	1842	9.6	1842	9.6		0.840		11.9	LOS B	16.6	125.8				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	478	-	478	10.3	947	0.505	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	441	441	8.8	1009	0.437	100	NA	NA	
Approach	478	441	919	9.6		0.505				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
	SE									
Lane 1	857	857	9.6	1020	0.840	100	NA	NA		
Approach	857	857	9.6		0.840					
SouthWest: Pakuranga HWY										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
	NW									
Lane 1	66	66	9.1	260	0.254	100	NA	NA		
Approach	66	66	9.1		0.254					
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										

Intersection 1842 9.6 0.840

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga HWY Merge Type: Priority												
Exit Short Lane	2	10	0.0	478	503	3.00	2.00	0	1284	0.000	0.8	0.8
Merge Lane	1	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				478	1800	0.266	0.0	0.0

CCG LANE SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG2 [WRR / Mattson]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 50 seconds (CCG Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance (CCG)															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist] m				
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	295	8.3	295	8.3	589	0.500	100	15.1	LOS B	5.4	40.1	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	295	8.3	295	8.3	589	0.500	100	5.3	LOS A	2.5	18.9	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	295	8.3	295	8.3	589	0.500	100	5.3	LOS A	2.5	18.9	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	155	2.6	155	2.6	363	0.427	100	28.7	LOS C	3.5	25.3	Short	20	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	382	0.034	100	6.9	LOS A	0.1	1.4	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	1052	8.6	1052	8.6		0.500		11.5	LOS B	5.4	40.1				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension															
Lane 1	123	3.3	123	3.3	361	0.341	100	21.5	LOS C	2.4	17.5	Short	80	0.0	NA
Lane 2	64	3.1	64	3.1	217	0.295	100	25.1	LOS C	1.4	9.9	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	187	3.2	187	3.2		0.341		22.7	LOS C	2.4	17.5				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	154	10.0	154	10.0	265	0.580	100	24.9	LOS C	3.1	23.8	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	344	7.4	344	7.4	592	0.580	100	15.9	LOS B	6.5	48.4	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	344	7.4	344	7.4	592	0.580	100	15.9	LOS B	6.5	48.4	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 4 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	382	0.044	100	6.9	LOS A	0.1	1.9	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Approach	858	9.7	858	9.7		0.580		17.3	LOS B	6.5	48.4				
Intersection	2097	8.5	2097	8.5		0.580		14.9	LOS B	6.5	48.4				
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	185	7.8	185	7.8	229	0.807	100	36.5	LOS D	5.2	38.6	Short	25	0.0	NA
Lane 2	386	7.5	386	7.5	478 ¹	0.807	100	21.3	LOS C	8.8	65.5	Full	143	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	478	7.5	478	7.5	592	0.807	100	21.7	LOS C	11.3	84.4	Full	143	0.0	0.0
Lane 4 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	376	0.035	100	6.9	LOS A	0.1	1.4	Full	143	0.0	0.0
Approach	1061	8.7	1061	8.7		0.807		23.9	LOS C	11.3	84.4				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	100	6.9	100	6.9	594	0.169	27 ⁶	17.8	LOS B	2.0	14.7	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	369	6.9	369	6.9	594	0.621	100	8.1	LOS A	4.8	35.9	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	369	6.9	369	6.9	594	0.621	100	2.9	LOS A	2.2	16.5	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	60	5.0	60	5.0	357	0.168	100	27.1	LOS C	1.4	9.9	Short	25	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	376	0.045	100	6.9	LOS A	0.1	1.9	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	915	8.5	915	8.5		0.621		8.3	LOS A	4.8	35.9				
SouthWest: Mattson Road															
Lane 1	13	7.7	13	7.7	350	0.037	100	22.5	LOS C	0.2	1.8	Full	282	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	26	3.8	26	3.8	216	0.120	100	27.2	LOS C	0.5	3.9	Full	282	0.0	0.0
Approach	39	5.1	39	5.1		0.120		25.6	LOS C	0.5	3.9				
Intersection	2015	8.5	2015	8.5		0.807		16.9	LOS B	11.3	84.4				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA Standard.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Approach Lane Flows (CCG) (veh/h)										
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	295	-	295	8.3	589	0.500	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	295	-	295	8.3	589	0.500	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	295	-	295	8.3	589	0.500	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	155	155	2.6	363	0.427	100	36.7	3	
Lane 5	13	-	13	100.0	382	0.034	100	NA	NA	
Approach	897	155	1052	8.6		0.500				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension										
Mov. From NE To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	123	-	123	3.3	361	0.341	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	64	64	3.1	217	0.295	100	NA	NA	
Approach	123	64	187	3.2		0.341				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	67	87	154	10.0	265	0.580	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	344	344	7.4	592	0.580	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	344	344	7.4	592	0.580	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	17	17	100.0	382	0.044	100	NA	NA	
Approach	67	791	858	9.7		0.580				
Total				%HV	Deg.Satn (v/c)					
Intersection	2097	8.5		0.580						
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	20	165	185	7.8	229	0.807	100	55.2	2	
Lane 2	-	386	386	7.5	478 ¹	0.807	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	478	478	7.5	592	0.807	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	13	13	100.0	376	0.035	100	NA	NA	
Approach	20	1041	1061	8.7		0.807				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										

Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	100	-	100	6.9	594	0.169	27 ⁶	NA	NA
Lane 2	369	-	369	6.9	594	0.621	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	369	-	369	6.9	594	0.621	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	60	60	5.0	357	0.168	100	0.0	3
Lane 5	17	-	17	100.0	376	0.045	100	NA	NA
Approach	855	60	915	8.5		0.621			
SouthWest: Mattson Road									
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	13	-	13	7.7	350	0.037	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	26	26	3.8	216	0.120	100	NA	NA
Approach	13	26	39	5.1		0.120			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	2015	8.5		0.807					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis (CCG)														
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec			
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]														
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)														
Merge Type: Not Applied														
Full Length Lane	1													
Full Length Lane	2													
Full Length Lane	3													
Full Length Lane	4													
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road Extension														
Merge Type: Not Applied														
Full Length Lane	1													
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)														
Merge Type: Not Applied														
Full Length Lane	1													
Full Length Lane	2													
Full Length Lane	3													
Full Length Lane	4													
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]														
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)														
Merge Type: Priority														
Exit Short Lane	1	40	0.0	369	382	3.00	2.00	100	1410	0.071	0.6	0.7		
Merge Lane	2	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				369	1800	0.205	0.0	0.0		
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)														

Merge Type: Not Applied

Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	4	Merge Analysis not applied.

SouthWest Exit: Mattson Road

Merge Type: Not Applied

Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.
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LANE SUMMARY

Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 30 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	529	7.6	529	7.6	1849	0.286	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	529	7.6	529	7.6	1849	0.286	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	173	4.6	173	4.6	314	0.551	100	18.4	LOS B	2.3	16.5	Short	14	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	438	0.030	100	2.9	LOS A	0.0	0.6	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Approach	1244	8.1	1244	8.1		0.551		2.6	LOS A	2.3	16.5				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	434	6.9	433	6.9	681	0.637	100	9.5	LOS A	5.2	38.3	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	434	6.9	433	6.9	681	0.637	100	9.5	LOS A	5.2	38.3	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Lane 3 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	438	0.039	100	2.9	LOS A	0.1	0.8	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Approach	884	8.7	884	8.7		0.637		9.4	LOS A	5.2	38.3				
Intersection	2128	8.4	2128	8.4		0.637		5.4	LOS A	5.2	38.3				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	U	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NW	SE								
Lane 1	529	-	529	7.6	1849	0.286	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	529	-	529	7.6	1849	0.286	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	173	173	4.6	314	0.551	100	29.8	2	
Lane 4	13	-	13	100.0	438	0.030	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1071	173	1244	8.1		0.551				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
	SE									
Lane 1	433	433	6.9	681	0.637	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	433	433	6.9	681	0.637	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	17	17	100.0	438	0.039	100	NA	NA		
Approach	884	884	8.7		0.637					
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2128	8.4		0.637						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 30 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	572	7.2	572	7.2	741	0.772	100	11.7	LOS B	8.0	59.3	Full	64	0.0	8.1
Lane 2	572	7.2	572	7.2	741	0.772	100	11.7	LOS B	8.0	59.3	Full	64	0.0	8.1
Lane 3 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	478	0.027	100	2.1	LOS A	0.0	0.5	Full	64	0.0	0.0
Approach	1157	8.2	1157	8.2		0.772		11.6	LOS B	8.0	59.3				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	550	7.7	550	7.7	1847	0.298	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	550	7.7	550	7.7	1847	0.298	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	109	5.5	109	5.5	268	0.407	100	18.6	LOS B	1.4	10.2	Short	15	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	17	100.0	17	100.0	478	0.036	100	2.1	LOS A	0.0	0.6	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Approach	1226	8.8	1226	8.8		0.407		1.7	LOS A	1.4	10.2				
Intersection	2383	8.5	2383	8.5		0.772		6.5	LOS A	8.0	59.3				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV		Deg. Cap. veh/h	Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NW									
Lane 1	572	572	7.2		741	0.772	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	572	572	7.2		741	0.772	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	13	13	100.0		478	0.027	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1157	1157	8.2			0.772				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	U	Total	%HV	Deg. Cap. veh/h	Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SE	NW								
Lane 1	550	-	550	7.7	1847	0.298	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	550	-	550	7.7	1847	0.298	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	109	109	5.5	268	0.407	100	0.0	2	
Lane 4	17	-	17	100.0	478	0.036	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1117	109	1226	8.8		0.407				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2383	8.5		0.772						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr Closure (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	Dist]		m	%	%
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%							m				
South: Fremantle Place															
Lane 1	10	0.0	10	0.0	312	0.032	100	60.4	LOS E	0.5	3.8	Short	26	0.0	NA
Lane 2	11	0.0	11	0.0	112	0.098	100	78.6	LOS E	0.7	4.9	Full	285	0.0	0.0
Approach	21	0.0	21	0.0		0.098		69.9	LOS E	0.7	4.9				
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	1164	8.1	1164	8.1	1204	0.967	100	51.4	LOS D	84.1	629.2	Full	636	0.0	14.0
Approach	1164	8.1	1164	8.1		0.967		51.4	LOS D	84.1	629.2				
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	1102	9.3	1102	9.3	1163	0.948	100	45.5	LOS D	78.4	592.7	Full	479	0.0	34.5
Approach	1102	9.3	1102	9.3		0.948		45.5	LOS D	78.4	592.7				
Intersection	2287	8.6	2287	8.6		0.967		48.7	LOS D	84.1	629.2				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: Fremantle Place										
Mov.	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov.	Ov. Lane
From S					veh/h	v/c	%	%	%	No.
To Exit:	W	E								
Lane 1	10	-	10	0.0	312	0.032	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	11	11	0.0	112	0.098	100	NA	NA	
Approach	10	11	21	0.0		0.098				
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov.	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov.	Ov. Lane
From E					veh/h	v/c	%	%	%	No.
To Exit:	S	W								
Lane 1	10	1154	1164	8.1	1204	0.967	100	NA	NA	
Approach	10	1154	1164	8.1		0.967				
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov.	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov.	Ov. Lane
From W					veh/h	v/c	%	%	%	No.
To Exit:	E	S								
Lane 1	1085	17	1102	9.3	1163	0.948	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1085	17	1102	9.3		0.948				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										

Intersection 2287 8.6 0.967

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: Fremantle Place Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
East Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
West Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										

Appendix J

EB2/EB3R Final Scenario – Phasing Diagrams

From E To Exit:	S	W			Cap. veh/h	Satn v/c	Util. %	SL Ov. %	Lane No.
Lane 1	84	-	84	6.4	459	0.183	100	16.0	2
Lane 2	-	333	333	4.4	416 ¹	0.801	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	393	393	4.4	490	0.801	100	NA	NA
Approach	84	725	810	4.6		0.801			
West: Pakuranga Road (West)									
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1 E	R2 S	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	-	23	23	100.0	263	0.087	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	296	-	296	5.7	486	0.609	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	296	-	296	5.7	486	0.609	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	319	319	17.9	393	0.810	100	0.0	3
Lane 5	-	319	319	17.9	393	0.810	100	25.4	4
Approach	592	660	1252	13.7		0.810			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	3262	11.3		0.810					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2		Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3		Merge Analysis not applied.									
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2		Merge Analysis not applied.									
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2		Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3		Merge Analysis not applied.									

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 30 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	780	11.0	780	11.0	1810	0.431	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	780	11.0	780	11.0	1810	0.431	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	68	5.9	68	5.9	267	0.255	100	18.2	LOS B	0.8	6.2	Short	14	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	25	100.0	25	100.0	478	0.052	100	2.1	LOS A	0.1	0.9	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Approach	1652	12.2	1652	12.2		0.431		0.8	LOS A	0.8	6.2				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	533	14.2	533	14.2	711	0.750	100	11.1	LOS B	7.2	56.7	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	533	14.2	533	14.2	711	0.750	100	11.1	LOS B	7.2	56.7	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Lane 3 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	478	0.027	100	2.1	LOS A	0.0	0.5	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Approach	1079	15.2	1079	15.2		0.750		11.0	LOS B	7.2	56.7				
Intersection	2731	13.4	2731	13.4		0.750		4.8	LOS A	7.2	56.7				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	U	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	780	-	780	11.0	1810	0.431	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	780	-	780	11.0	1810	0.431	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	68	68	5.9	267	0.255	100	0.0	2	
Lane 4	25	-	25	100.0	478	0.052	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1584	68	1652	12.2		0.431				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	533	533	14.2	711	0.750	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	533	533	14.2	711	0.750	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	13	13	100.0	478	0.027	100	NA	NA		
Approach	1079	1079	15.2		0.750					
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2731	13.4		0.750						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	771	10.7	771	10.7	998	0.773	100	10.6	LOS B	12.2 ^{N4}	93.5 ^{N4}	Full	64	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	771	10.7	771	10.7	998	0.773	100	10.6	LOS B	12.2 ^{N4}	93.5 ^{N4}	Full	64	0.0	50.0
Lane 3 (B)	25	100.0	25	100.0	657	0.038	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	64	0.0	0.0
Approach	1567	12.1	1567	12.1		0.773		10.5	LOS B	12.2	93.5				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	537	13.6	537	13.6	1783	0.302	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	538	13.6	538	13.6	1783	0.302	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	112	10.7	112	10.7	194	0.576	100	25.6	LOS C	2.1	16.0	Short	15	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	657	0.020	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Approach	1200	14.3	1200	14.3		0.576		2.4	LOS A	2.1	16.0				
Intersection	2767	13.0	2767	13.0		0.773		7.0	LOS A	12.2	93.5				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.		
	NW									
Lane 1	771	771	10.7	998	0.773	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	771	771	10.7	998	0.773	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	25	25	100.0	657	0.038	100	NA	NA		
Approach	1567	1567	12.1		0.773					
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	U	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SE	NW								
Lane 1	537	-	537	13.6	1783	0.302	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	538	-	538	13.6	1783	0.302	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	112	112	10.7	194	0.576	100	20.7	2	
Lane 4	13	-	13	100.0	657	0.020	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1088	112	1200	14.3		0.576				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2767	13.0		0.773						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total]	[HV]	[Total]	[HV]						[Veh]	[Dist]				
South: Fremantle Place															
Lane 1	20	10.0	20	10.0	93	0.215	100	81.5	LOS F	1.3	10.0	Short	9	0.0	NA
Lane 2	21	4.8	21	4.8	98	0.213	100	79.0	LOS E	1.4	10.0	Full	285	0.0	0.0
Approach	41	7.3	41	7.3		0.215		80.2	LOS F	1.4	10.0				
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	769	10.6	769	10.6	796	0.967	100	77.1	LOS E	63.7	486.1	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	739	10.8	739	10.8	764 ¹	0.967	100	76.8	LOS E	60.1	459.5	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 3 (B)	28	100.0	28	100.0	204	0.137	100	34.7	LOS C	1.2	15.0	Short	60	0.0	NA
Lane 4	172	8.4	172	8.4	244	0.705	82 ⁶	73.4	LOS E	11.1	83.6	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 5	210	8.4	210	8.4	244	0.860	100	82.5	LOS F	14.9	111.9	Short	103	0.0	NA
Approach	1918	11.5	1918	11.5		0.967		76.6	LOS E	63.7	486.1				
North: Gossamer Drive															
Lane 1	359	9.5	359	9.5	365	0.982	100	101.3	LOS F	24.8	187.8	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 2	358	9.5	358	9.5	365 ¹	0.982	100	101.0	LOS F	24.8	187.6	Full	1010	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	41	14.6	41	14.6	124	0.330	100	77.5	LOS E	2.7	20.9	Short	28	0.0	NA
Approach	758	9.8	758	9.8		0.982		99.9	LOS F	24.8	187.8				
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	31	6.5	31	6.5	718	0.043	100	32.9	LOS C	1.2	8.8	Short	28	0.0	NA
Lane 2	505	13.7	505	13.7	542 ¹	0.932	100	74.5	LOS E	38.4	300.7	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	473	13.7	473	13.7	507 ¹	0.932	100	74.4	LOS E	35.5	277.5	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	53	7.5	53	7.5	194	0.274	100	69.3	LOS E	3.2	23.7	Short	23	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	27	100.0	27	100.0	207	0.130	100	34.6	LOS C	1.1	14.4	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Approach	1089	15.3	1089	15.3		0.932		72.0	LOS E	38.4	300.7				
Intersection	3806	12.2	3806	12.2		0.982		80.0	LOS E	63.7	486.1				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

⁶ Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)													
South: Fremantle Place													
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2		T1		R2		Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.
	W	N	E										
Lane 1	20	-	-	20	10.0			93	0.215	100	24.7	2	
Lane 2	-	10	11	21	4.8			98	0.213	100	NA	NA	

Approach	20	10	11	41	7.3						0.215
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From E						Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL	Ov.	Lane
To Exit:	S	W	N			veh/h	v/c	%	%	%	No.
Lane 1	15	754	-	769	10.6	796	0.967	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	739	-	739	10.8	764 ¹	0.967	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	28	-	28	100.0	204	0.137	100	0.0	2	
Lane 4	-	-	172	172	8.4	244	0.705	82 ⁶	0.0	2	
Lane 5	-	-	210	210	8.4	244	0.860	100	22.5	4	
Approach	15	1521	382	1918	11.5						0.967
North: Gossamer Drive											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From N						Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL	Ov.	Lane
To Exit:	E	S	W			veh/h	v/c	%	%	%	No.
Lane 1	359	-	-	359	9.5	365	0.982	100	35.6	2	
Lane 2	358	-	-	358	9.5	365 ¹	0.982	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	10	31	41	14.6	124	0.330	100	0.0	2	
Approach	717	10	31	758	9.8						0.982
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	U	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.
From W							Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL	Ov.
To Exit:	N	E	S	W			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	31	-	-	-	31	6.5	718	0.043	100	0.0	2
Lane 2	-	505	-	-	505	13.7	542 ¹	0.932	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	473	-	-	473	13.7	507 ¹	0.932	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	-	10	43	53	7.5	194	0.274	100	17.7	3
Lane 5	-	27	-	-	27	100.0	207	0.130	100	NA	NA
Approach	31	1005	10	43	1089	15.3					0.932
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)											
Intersection	3806	12.2									0.982

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec		
South Exit: Fremantle Place												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
East Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
North Exit: Gossamer Drive												
Merge Type: Zipper												
Exit Short Lane	1	150	50.0	105	109	2.50	2.00	213	1675	0.127	0.0	0.0
Merge Lane	2	-	50.0	107	111	2.50	2.00	210	1674	0.125	0.0	0.0
West Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												

Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.

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LANE SUMMARY

Site: 2.1 [2.1 Pakuranga Plaza / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist m]				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	479	4.5	428	4.6	1879	0.227	100	0.6	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	480	4.7	428	4.7	1882	0.227	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Approach	959	4.6	856 ^{N1}	4.6		0.227		0.3	NA	0.0	0.0				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1	521	6.9	521	6.9	1856	0.281	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	108	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	347	6.9	347	6.9	1238	0.281	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	108	-33.3 ^{N3}	0.0
Approach	868	6.9	868	6.9		0.281		0.0	NA	0.0	0.0				
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza															
Lane 1	46	4.3	46	4.3	87	0.527	100	48.9	LOS E	1.1	7.7	Full	196	-27.0 ^{N7}	0.0
Approach	46	4.3	46	4.3		0.527		48.9	LOS E	1.1	7.7				
Intersection	1873	5.7	1770 ^{N1}	6.0		0.527		1.4	NA	1.1	7.7				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N3} Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

^{N7} The capacity reduction has been determined from the queue blockage probability of a Site further downstream due to intermediate continuous lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L1	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	W								
Lane 1	52	376	428	4.6	1879	0.227	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	428	428	4.7	1882	0.227	100	NA	NA	
Approach	52	804	856	4.6		0.227				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
	E									
Lane 1	521	521	6.9	1856	0.281	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	347	347	6.9	1238	0.281	100	NA	NA		
Approach	868	868	6.9		0.281					
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza										

Mov. From SW To Exit:	L3 W	R1 E	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	12	34	46	4.3	87	0.527	100	NA	NA
Approach	12	34	46	4.3	0.527				
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	1770	6.0	0.527						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga Plaza											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total]	[HV]	[Total]	[HV]						[Veh]	[Dist]				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1 (B)	28	100.0	28	100.0	665	0.042	100	17.8	LOS B	0.7	9.4	Short	24	0.0	NA
Lane 2	1057	5.1	1057	5.1	1070 ¹	0.988	100	74.8	LOS E	88.2	644.3	Full	183	0.0	100.0
Lane 3	1100	5.1	1100	5.1	1114	0.988	100	75.0	LOS E	94.9	693.1	Full	183	0.0	100.0
Lane 4	428	4.3	428	4.3	376 ¹	1.138	100	212.5	LOS F	54.4	394.9	Full	183	0.0	87.5 ⁸
Lane 5	428	4.3	428	4.3	376 ¹	1.138	100	212.5	LOS F	54.4	394.9	Short	60	0.0	NA
Approach	3041	5.8	3041	5.8		1.138		113.1	LOS F	94.9	693.1				
NorthWest: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1	313	5.6	313	5.6	708	0.442	100	26.4	LOS C	11.5	84.1	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	313	5.6	313	5.6	708	0.442	100	26.4	LOS C	11.5	84.1	Full	121	0.0	33.3 ⁸
Lane 3	288	9.4	288	9.4	346	0.832	100	73.3	LOS E	19.5	147.8	Short	98	0.0	NA
Approach	913	6.8	913	6.8		0.832		41.1	LOS D	19.5	147.8				
West: Pakuranga Road Busway Link (Northbound)															
Lane 1 (B)	9	100.0	9	100.0	454	0.020	100	30.7	LOS C	0.4	4.7	Full	215	0.0	0.0
Approach	9	100.0	9	100.0		0.020		30.7	LOS C	0.4	4.7				
SouthWest: Flyover															
Lane 1	108	7.4	108	7.4	362	0.298	100	60.6	LOS E	6.0	44.9	Short	70	0.0	NA
Lane 2	388	4.9	388	4.9	644 ¹	0.603	100	42.9	LOS D	19.6	142.7	Full	1162	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	435	4.9	435	4.9	721	0.603	100	44.1	LOS D	22.6	165.1	Full	1162	0.0	0.0
Approach	931	5.2	931	5.2		0.603		45.5	LOS D	22.6	165.1				
Intersection	4894	6.0	4894	6.0		1.138		86.7	LOS F	94.9	693.1				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

⁸ Probability of Blockage has been set on the basis of a queue that overflows from a short lane.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)											
East: Pakuranga Road (East)											
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	L1	R1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	28	-	-	28	100.0	665	0.042	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	1057	-	1057	5.1	1070 ¹	0.988	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	1100	-	1100	5.1	1114	0.988	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	-	428	428	4.3	376 ¹	1.138	100	NA	NA	
Lane 5	-	-	428	428	4.3	376 ¹	1.138	100	100.0	4	

Approach	28	2157	856	3041	5.8		1.138			
NorthWest: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L1	R2	Total	%HV		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	E	SW								
Lane 1	313	-	313	5.6		708	0.442	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	313	-	313	5.6		708	0.442	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	288	288	9.4		346	0.832	100	53.0	2
Approach	625	288	913	6.8			0.832			
West: Pakuranga Road Busway Link (Northbound)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV			Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	E									
Lane 1	9	9	100.0			454	0.020	100	NA	NA
Approach	9	9	100.0				0.020			
SouthWest: Flyover										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	R1	Total	%HV		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	NW	E								
Lane 1	108	-	108	7.4		362	0.298	100	0.0	2
Lane 2	-	388	388	4.9		644 ¹	0.603	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	435	435	4.9		721	0.603	100	NA	NA
Approach	108	823	931	5.2			0.603			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	4894	6.0		1.138						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Pakuranga Road Busway Link (Southbound) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
NorthWest Exit: Pakuranga Road (West) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
SouthWest Exit: Flyover Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										

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LANE SUMMARY

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 144 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]						[Veh	Dist]				
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	veh/h	v/c	%	sec			m		m	%	%
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	515	9.2	515	9.2	560	0.919	100	74.2	LOS E	21.3 ^{N4}	160.7 ^{N4}	Full	110	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	565	9.3	565	9.3	615 ¹	0.919	100	65.4	LOS E	21.3 ^{N4}	160.7 ^{N4}	Full	110	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	33	6.1	33	6.1	135	0.244	100	74.4	LOS E	2.0	14.9	Short	86	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	53	100.0	53	100.0	506	0.105	100	3.9	LOS A	0.4	4.6	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	1166	13.3	1166	13.3		0.919		66.8	LOS E	21.3	160.7				
East: Aylesbury Street															
Lane 1	76	9.2	76	9.2	115	0.658	100	76.5	LOS E	5.0	37.5	Short	30	-10.5 ^{N3}	NA
Lane 2	137	9.5	137	9.5	184 ¹	0.746	100	70.2	LOS E	7.7 ^{N4}	58.4 ^{N4}	Full	40	0.0	50.0
Approach	213	9.4	213	9.4		0.746		72.5	LOS E	7.7	58.4				
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1 (B)	23	100.0	23	100.0	506	0.045	100	3.8	LOS A	0.1	1.9	Full	174	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	148	17.6	146	17.7	205	0.712	100	73.3	LOS E	9.3	74.7	Short	100	0.0	NA
Lane 3	290	16.5	286	16.7	544	0.526	100	40.3	LOS D	14.3	114.5	Full	174	-10.5 ^{N3}	0.0
Lane 4	278	16.5	274	16.7	522 ¹	0.526	100	39.9	LOS D	13.6	108.9	Full	174	-10.5 ^{N3}	0.0
Lane 5	15	0.0	15	0.0	141	0.105	100	72.9	LOS E	0.9	6.2	Short	14	0.0	NA
Approach	754	19.0	744 ^{N1}	19.1		0.712		46.1	LOS D	14.3	114.5				
West: Palm Avenue															
Lane 1	120	4.2	120	4.2	313	0.384	100	60.8	LOS E	6.7	48.6	Full	87	-4.0 ^{N7}	0.0
Approach	120	4.2	120	4.2		0.384		60.8	LOS E	6.7	48.6				
Intersection	2253	14.3	2243 ^{N1}	14.4		0.919		60.1	LOS E	21.3	160.7				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N3} Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

^{N7} The capacity reduction has been determined from the queue blockage probability of a Site further downstream due to intermediate continuous lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)													
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)													
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2		T1		R2		Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.
	W	N	E										
Lane 1	120	395	-	515	9.2	560	0.919	100	NA	NA			
Lane 2	-	565	-	565	9.3	615 ¹	0.919	100	NA	NA			

Lane 3	-	-	33	33	6.1	135	0.244	100	0.0	2
Lane 4	-	53	-	53	100.0	506	0.105	100	NA	NA
Approach	120	1013	33	1166	13.3		0.919			
East: Aylesbury Street										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	S	W	N							
Lane 1	76	-	-	76	9.2	115	0.658	100	35.5	2
Lane 2	-	10	127	137	9.5	184 ¹	0.746	100	NA	NA
Approach	76	10	127	213	9.4		0.746			
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From N To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	E	S	W							
Lane 1	-	23	-	23	100.0	506	0.045	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	146	-	-	146	17.7	205	0.712	100	0.0	3
Lane 3	-	286	-	286	16.7	544	0.526	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	274	-	274	16.7	522 ¹	0.526	100	NA	NA
Lane 5	-	-	15	15	0.0	141	0.105	100	0.0	4
Approach	146	583	15	744	19.1		0.712			
West: Palm Avenue										
Mov. From W To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	N	E	S							
Lane 1	51	27	42	120	4.2	313	0.384	100	NA	NA
Approach	51	27	42	120	4.2		0.384			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2243	14.4					0.919			

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3										Merge Analysis not applied.
East Exit: Aylesbury Street											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
North Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3										Merge Analysis not applied.
West Exit: Palm Avenue											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

To Exit:	SW	NW			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.		
Lane 1	404	-	404	12.8	1229	0.328	100	46.1	2		
Lane 2	404	-	404	12.8	1229	0.328	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	-	474	474	9.1	464	1.020	100	NA	NA		
Lane 4	-	474	474	9.1	464	1.020	100	NA	NA		
Lane 5	-	25	25	100.0	155	0.161	100	NA	NA		
Approach	807	972	1779	12.0	1.020						
NorthEast: Reeves Road											
Mov.	R2	Total	%HV		Cap.	Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.		
From NE					veh/h	Satn	Util.	SL	Lane		
To Exit:	NW					v/c	%	%	No.		
Lane 1	28	28	100.0		368	0.076	100	NA	NA		
Approach	28	28	100.0		0.076						
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Cap.	Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.
From NW							veh/h	Satn	Util.	SL	Lane
To Exit:	NE	SE	SW					v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	9	13	-	22	100.0		184	0.120	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	268	-	268	17.3		609	0.440	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	268	-	268	17.3		609	0.440	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	-	99	99	7.1		217	0.456	100	0.0	3
Approach	9	549	99	657	18.5		0.456				
SouthWest: Pakuranga Highway											
Mov.	L2	R2	Total	%HV		Cap.	Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From SW						veh/h	Satn	Util.	SL	Lane	
To Exit:	NW	SE					v/c	%	%	No.	
Lane 1	132	-	132	10.6		263	0.502	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	248	248	12.3		294 ¹	0.844	100	5.7	3	
Lane 3	-	259	259	12.3		307	0.844	100	0.0	4	
Lane 4	-	259	259	12.3		307	0.844	100	NA	NA	
Approach	132	767	899	12.0		0.844					
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)											
Intersection	3363	14.0	1.020								

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	4	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthEast Exit: Reeves Road											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									

Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga Highway												
Merge Type: Zipper												
Exit Short Lane	1	280	50.0	251	266	2.50	2.00	404	1477	0.273	0.0	0.2
Merge Lane	2	-	50.0	202	215	2.50	2.00	502	1545	0.325	0.0	0.1
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga Highway												
Merge Type: Zipper												
Exit Short Lane	3	10	50.0	202	215	2.50	2.00	99	1545	0.064	0.0	0.1
Merge Lane	2	-	50.0	49	51	2.50	2.00	404	1743	0.232	0.0	0.0

CCG LANE SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG3 [Aylesbury/ WR/ Reeves Rd]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 112 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance (CCG)															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist]				
Site: 5.2v [5.2 Aylesbury St/ Reeves Rd/ Busway Link signalised]															
SouthEast: Reeves Road (East)															
Lane 1	136	8.1	136	8.1	330	0.412	100	14.9	LOS B	2.4	18.0	Full	27	-8.6 ^{N7}	0.0
Approach	136	8.1	136	8.1		0.412		14.9	LOS B	2.4	18.0				
East: Pakuranga Rd Busway Link (Southbound)															
Lane 1 (B)	28	100.0	28	100.0	142	0.197	100	54.1	LOS D	1.3	16.8	Full	203	0.0	0.0
Approach	28	100.0	28	100.0		0.197		54.1	LOS D	1.3	16.8				
NorthWest: Aylesbury Street															
Lane 1	21	0.0	21	0.0	141	0.149	100	51.4	LOS D	1.0	6.8	Full	284	-31.1 ^{N7}	0.0
Approach	21	0.0	21	0.0		0.149		51.4	LOS D	1.0	6.8				
SouthWest: Reeves Road (South)															
Lane 1	116	22.5	115	22.6	193	0.596	100	48.0	LOS D	5.4	45.1	Full	180	-42.6 ^{N7}	0.0
Approach	116	22.5	115 ^{N1}	22.6		0.596		48.0	LOS D	5.4	45.1				
Intersection	301	21.6	300 ^{N1}	21.7		0.596		33.8	LOS C	5.4	45.1				
Site: 7.3v [7.3 William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd signalised]															
SouthEast: Reeves Rd (East)															
Lane 1	303	8.3	303	8.3	321 ¹	0.943	100	76.2	LOS E	18.7	140.1	Full	810	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	108	7.4	108	7.4	376	0.287	100	43.4	LOS D	4.5	33.6	Short	45	0.0	NA
Approach	411	8.0	411	8.0		0.943		67.6	LOS E	18.7	140.1				
NorthWest: Reeves Rd (West)															
Lane 1	107	15.0	107	15.0	464	0.230	100	43.1	LOS D	4.8	37.9	Full	27	0.0	46.2
Approach	107	15.0	107	15.0		0.230		43.1	LOS D	4.8	37.9				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)															
Lane 1	333	12.3	332	12.3	351	0.947	100	75.2	LOS E	21.0	162.3	Full	223	0.0	0.0
Approach	333	12.3	332 ^{N1}	12.3		0.947		75.2	LOS E	21.0	162.3				
Intersection	851	10.6	849 ^{N1}	10.6		0.947		67.5	LOS E	21.0	162.3				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA Standard.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N7} The capacity reduction has been determined from the queue blockage probability of a Site further downstream due to intermediate continuous lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (CCG) (veh/h)										
Site: 5.2v [5.2 Aylesbury St/ Reeves Rd/ Busway Link signalised]										
SouthEast: Reeves Road (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2 SW	T1 NW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	101	35	136	8.1	330	0.412	100	NA	NA	
Approach	101	35	136	8.1		0.412				
East: Pakuranga Rd Busway Link (Southbound)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L1 SW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	28	28	100.0	142	0.197	100	NA	NA		
Approach	28	28	100.0		0.197					
NorthWest: Aylesbury Street										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1 SE	R2 SW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	11	10	21	0.0	141	0.149	100	NA	NA	
Approach	11	10	21	0.0		0.149				
SouthWest: Reeves Road (South)										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2 NW	T1 NE	R2 SE	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	12	9	95	115	22.6	193	0.596	100	NA	NA
Approach	12	9	95	115	22.6		0.596			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)										
Intersec	300	21.7		0.596						
Site: 7.3v [7.3 William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd signalised]										
SouthEast: Reeves Rd (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2 SW	T1 NW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	303	-	303	8.3	321 ¹	0.943	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	108	108	7.4	376	0.287	100	0.0	1	
Approach	303	108	411	8.0		0.943				
NorthWest: Reeves Rd (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1 SE	R2 SW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	85	22	107	15.0	464	0.230	100	NA	NA	
Approach	85	22	107	15.0		0.230				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2 NW	R2 SE	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	

Lane 1	25	307	332	12.3	351	0.947	100	NA	NA
Approach	25	307	332	12.3		0.947			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	849	10.6		0.947					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis (CCG)												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
Site: 5.2v [5.2 Aylesbury St/ Reeves Rd/ Busway Link signalised]												
SouthEast Exit: Reeves Road (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthEast Exit: Pakuranga Rd Busway Link (Northbound)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Aylesbury Street												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: Reeves Road (South)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Site: 7.3v [7.3 William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd signalised]												
SouthEast Exit: Reeves Rd (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Reeves Rd (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: William Roberts Road (South)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.

CCG LANE SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG2 [WRR / Mattson]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 110 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance (CCG)															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist] m				
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	535	11.2	535	11.2	953	0.561	100	5.7	LOS A	7.1	54.7	Full	60	0.0	6.7
Lane 2	535	11.2	535	11.2	953	0.561	100	1.1	LOS A	1.6	12.3	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	442	11.2	442	11.2	788	0.561	100	1.1	LOS A	1.3	10.1	Full	60	-17.4 ^{N7}	0.0
Lane 4	96	8.3	96	8.3	123 ¹	0.778	100	58.9	LOS E	4.8	36.3	Short	20	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	25	100.0	25	100.0	630	0.040	100	0.6	LOS A	0.0	0.3	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	1633	12.4	1633	12.4		0.778		6.0	LOS A	7.1	54.7				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension															
Lane 1	165	10.3	165	10.3	313	0.527	100	46.9	LOS D	7.3	56.0	Short	80	0.0	NA
Lane 2	167	8.4	167	8.4	183	0.910	100	70.4	LOS E	9.7	73.0	Full	110	-17.4 ^{N7}	0.0
Approach	332	9.3	332	9.3		0.910		58.7	LOS E	9.7	73.0				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	359	11.6	358	11.6	706	0.507	100	23.6	LOS C	10.9	83.8	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	474	15.2	472	15.3	930	0.507	100	17.9	LOS B	14.5	114.6	Full	107	0.0	21.3
Lane 3	474	15.2	472	15.3	930	0.507	100	17.9	LOS B	14.5	114.6	Full	107	0.0	21.3
Lane 4 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	630	0.021	100	0.6	LOS A	0.0	0.2	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Approach	1320	15.1	1314 ^N ₁	15.1		0.507		19.3	LOS B	14.5	114.6				
Intersection	3285	13.2	3279 ^N ₁	13.2		0.910		16.7	LOS B	14.5	114.6				
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	256	10.4	256	10.4	285	0.898	100	73.0	LOS E	15.3	116.8	Short	25	-46.3 ^{N3}	NA
Lane 2	472	11.1	472	11.1	525 ¹	0.898	100	40.5	LOS D	21.2	162.6	Full	143	-1.5 ^{N7}	26.7
Lane 3	857	11.1	857	11.1	954	0.898	100	37.0	LOS D	27.3 ^{N4}	209.0 ^{N4}	Full	143	0.0	50.0
Lane 4 (B)	25	100.0	25	100.0	620	0.040	100	13.3	LOS B	0.6	7.4	Full	143	0.0	0.0
Approach	1609	12.4	1609	12.4		0.898		43.4	LOS D	27.3	209.0				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	131	14.4	131	14.5	935	0.140	27 ⁶	28.8	LOS C	5.8	45.7	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	482	14.4	480	14.5	935	0.513	100	4.4	LOS A	4.8	38.0	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	482	14.4	480	14.5	935	0.513	100	1.0	LOS A	1.2	9.8	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	26	15.4	26	15.4	303	0.086	100	52.9	LOS D	1.2	9.8	Short	25	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	620	0.021	100	1.5	LOS A	0.0	0.4	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	1134	15.4	1130 ^N ₁	15.5		0.513		6.9	LOS A	5.8	45.7				
SouthWest: Mattson Road															
Lane 1	54	7.4	54	7.4	160	0.338	100	49.2	LOS D	2.4	17.8	Full	282	-50.0 ^{N3}	0.0
Lane 2	25	12.0	25	12.0	217	0.115	100	51.5	LOS D	1.1	8.4	Full	282	0.0	0.0
Approach	79	8.9	79	8.9		0.338		50.0	LOS D	2.4	17.8				
Intersection	2822	13.5	2818 ^N ₁	13.5		0.898		28.9	LOS C	27.3	209.0				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA Standard.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects
- N1 Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.
- N3 Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.
- N4 Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.
- N7 The capacity reduction has been determined from the queue blockage probability of a Site further downstream due to intermediate continuous lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (CCG) (veh/h)										
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1 NW	R2 NE	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	535	-	535	11.2	953	0.561	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	535	-	535	11.2	953	0.561	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	442	-	442	11.2	788	0.561	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	96	96	8.3	123 ¹	0.778	100	70.7	3	
Lane 5	25	-	25	100.0	630	0.040	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1537	96	1633	12.4		0.778				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension										
Mov. From NE To Exit:	L2 SE	R2 NW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	165	-	165	10.3	313	0.527	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	167	167	8.4	183	0.910	100	NA	NA	
Approach	165	167	332	9.3		0.910				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2 NE	T1 SE	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	347	10	358	11.6	706	0.507	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	472	472	15.3	930	0.507	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	472	472	15.3	930	0.507	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	13	13	100.0	630	0.021	100	NA	NA	
Approach	347	967	1314	15.1		0.507				
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	3279	13.2		0.910						
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2 SW	T1 NW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	35	221	256	10.4	285	0.898	100	100.0	2	

Lane 2	-	472	472	11.1	525 ¹	0.898	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	857	857	11.1	954	0.898	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	25	25	100.0	620	0.040	100	NA	NA
Approach	35	1574	1609	12.4		0.898			
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)									
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1 SE	R2 SW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	131	-	131	14.5	935	0.140	27 ⁶	NA	NA
Lane 2	480	-	480	14.5	935	0.513	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	480	-	480	14.5	935	0.513	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	26	26	15.4	303	0.086	100	0.0	3
Lane 5	13	-	13	100.0	620	0.021	100	NA	NA
Approach	1104	26	1130	15.5		0.513			
SouthWest: Mattson Road									
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2 NW	R2 SE	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	54	-	54	7.4	160	0.338	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	25	25	12.0	217	0.115	100	NA	NA
Approach	54	25	79	8.9		0.338			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	2818	13.5		0.898					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis (CCG)											
Site:	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]											
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	4										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road Extension											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	4										Merge Analysis not applied.

Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]												
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Priority												
Exit Short Lane	1	40	0.0	480	515	3.00	2.00	131	1271	0.103	0.9	1.1
Merge Lane	2	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				480	1800	0.267	0.0	0.0
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	4	Merge Analysis not applied.										
SouthWest Exit: Mattson Road												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 7.1 [7.1 William Roberts Rd / Cortina PI (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist] m	Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %	
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)															
Lane 1	368	8.7	368	8.7	1593	0.231	100	1.9	LOS A	0.7 5.1	Full	223	0.0	0.0	
Approach	368	8.7	368	8.7		0.231		1.9	NA	0.7 5.1					
NorthWest: Cortina Place															
Lane 1	92	13.0	92	13.1	740	0.124	100	5.3	LOS A	0.3 2.7	Full	177	0.0	0.0	
Approach	92	13.0	92	13.1		0.124		5.3	LOS A	0.3 2.7					
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)															
Lane 1	447	11.0	445	11.0	1740	0.256	100	0.7	LOS A	0.0 0.0	Full	110	0.0	0.0	
Approach	447	11.0	445 ^{N1}	11.0		0.256		0.7	NA	0.0 0.0					
Intersection	907	10.3	905 ^{N1}	10.3		0.256		1.7	NA	0.7 5.1					

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)										
Mov. From NE To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	284	84	368	8.7	1593	0.231	100	NA	NA	
Approach	284	84	368	8.7		0.231				
NorthWest: Cortina Place										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NE	SW								
Lane 1	29	63	92	13.1	740	0.124	100	NA	NA	
Approach	29	63	92	13.1		0.124				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NW	NE								
Lane 1	149	296	445	11.0	1740	0.256	100	NA	NA	
Approach	149	296	445	11.0		0.256				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										

Intersection	905	10.3	0.256
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Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road (North) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								
NorthWest Exit: Cortina Place Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								
SouthWest Exit: William Roberts Road (South) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								

CCG PHASING SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG2 [WRR / Mattson]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 110 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Network Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Green Split Priority has been specified

Phase Sequence: CCG Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A1

Input Phase Sequence: A1, A2*, B, C, D

Output Phase Sequence: A1, B, C, D

(* Variable Phase)

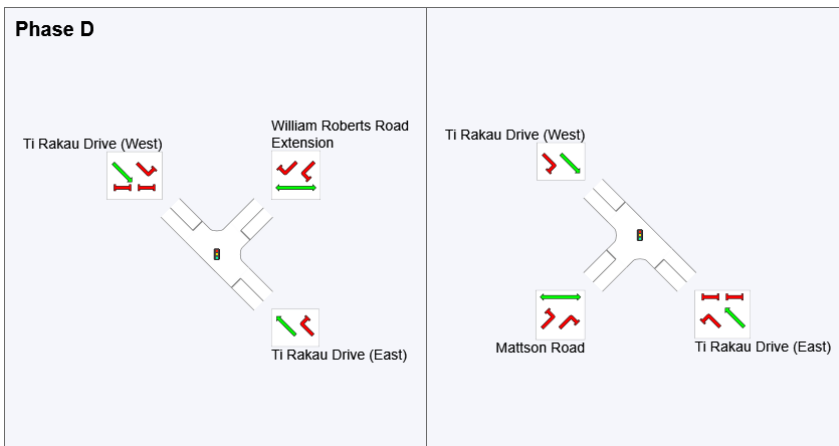
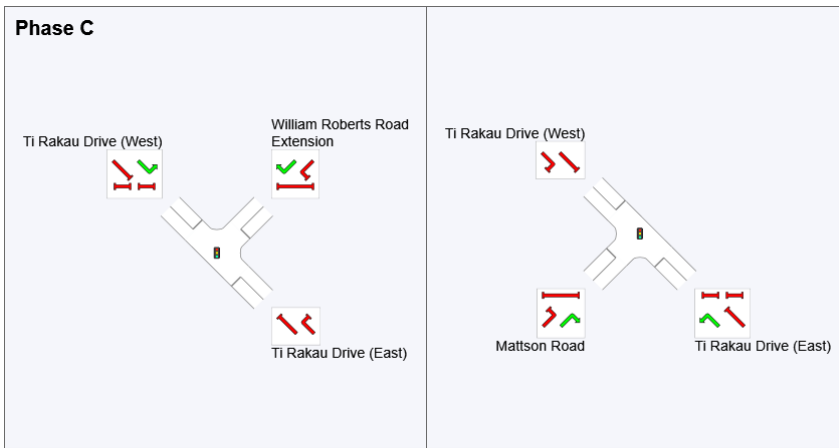
Phase Timing Summary (CCG)

Phase	A1	B	C	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	38	64	84
Green Time (sec)	32	20	14	20
Phase Time (sec)	38	26	20	26
Phase Split	35%	24%	18%	24%

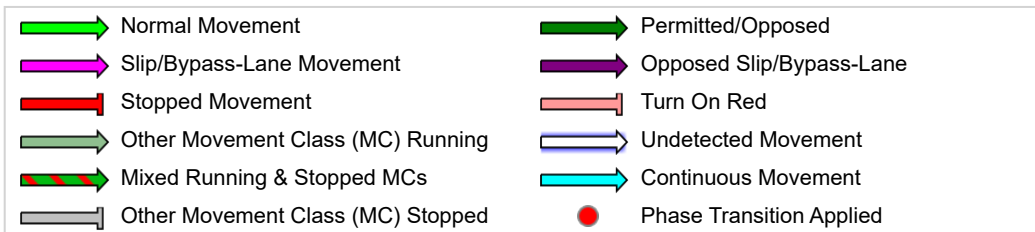
See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence (CCG)





REF: Reference Phase
 VAR: Variable Phase



CCG PHASING SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG3 [Aylesbury/ WR/ Reeves Rd]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 112 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Network Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: CCG Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, C2, D

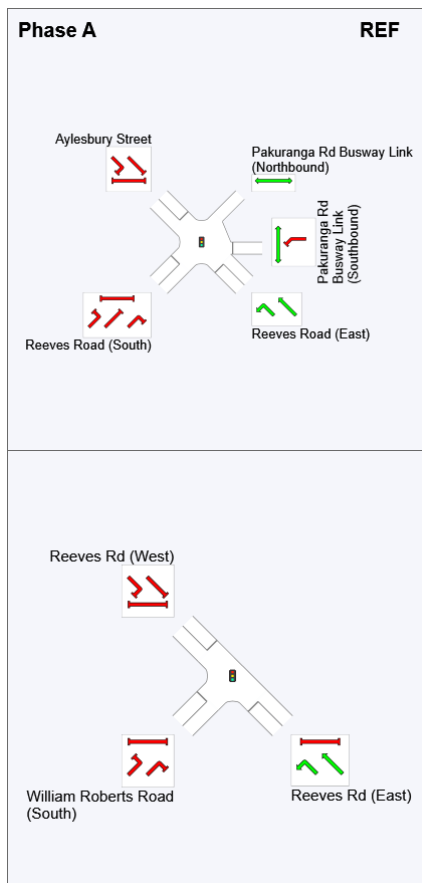
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, C2, D

Phase Timing Summary (CCG)

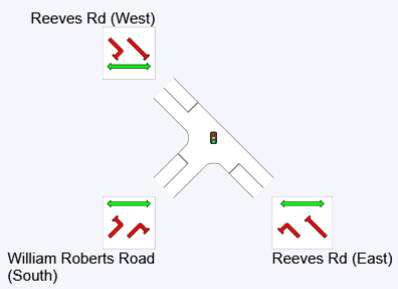
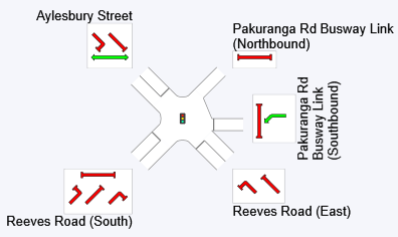
Phase	A	B	C	C2	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	29	49	67	84
Green Time (sec)	23	14	12	11	23
Phase Time (sec)	29	20	18	16	29
Phase Split	26%	18%	16%	14%	26%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

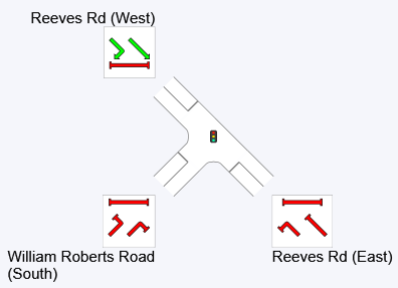
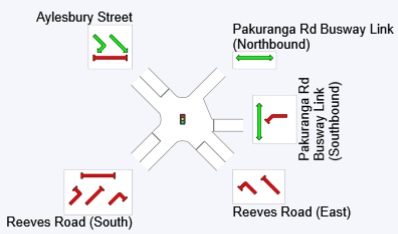
Output Phase Sequence (CCG)



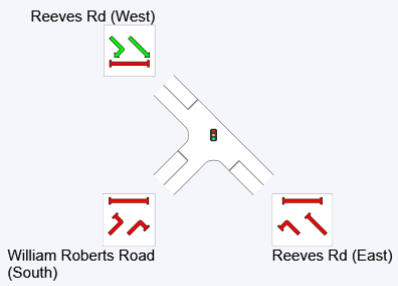
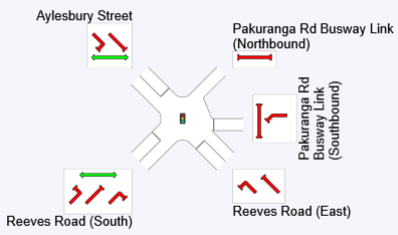
Phase B



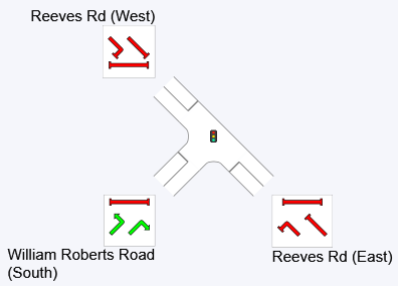
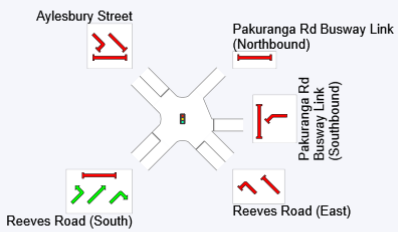
Phase C















Phase C2



Phase D



REF: Reference Phase
VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga Highway / Reeves Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Single Point Interchange (Signals) - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 146 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E, F

Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E, F

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D	E	F
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	32	51	79	111	123
Green Time (sec)	27	13	22	26	6	18
Phase Time (sec)	33	19	28	32	11	23
Phase Split	23%	13%	19%	22%	8%	16%










See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 144 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E

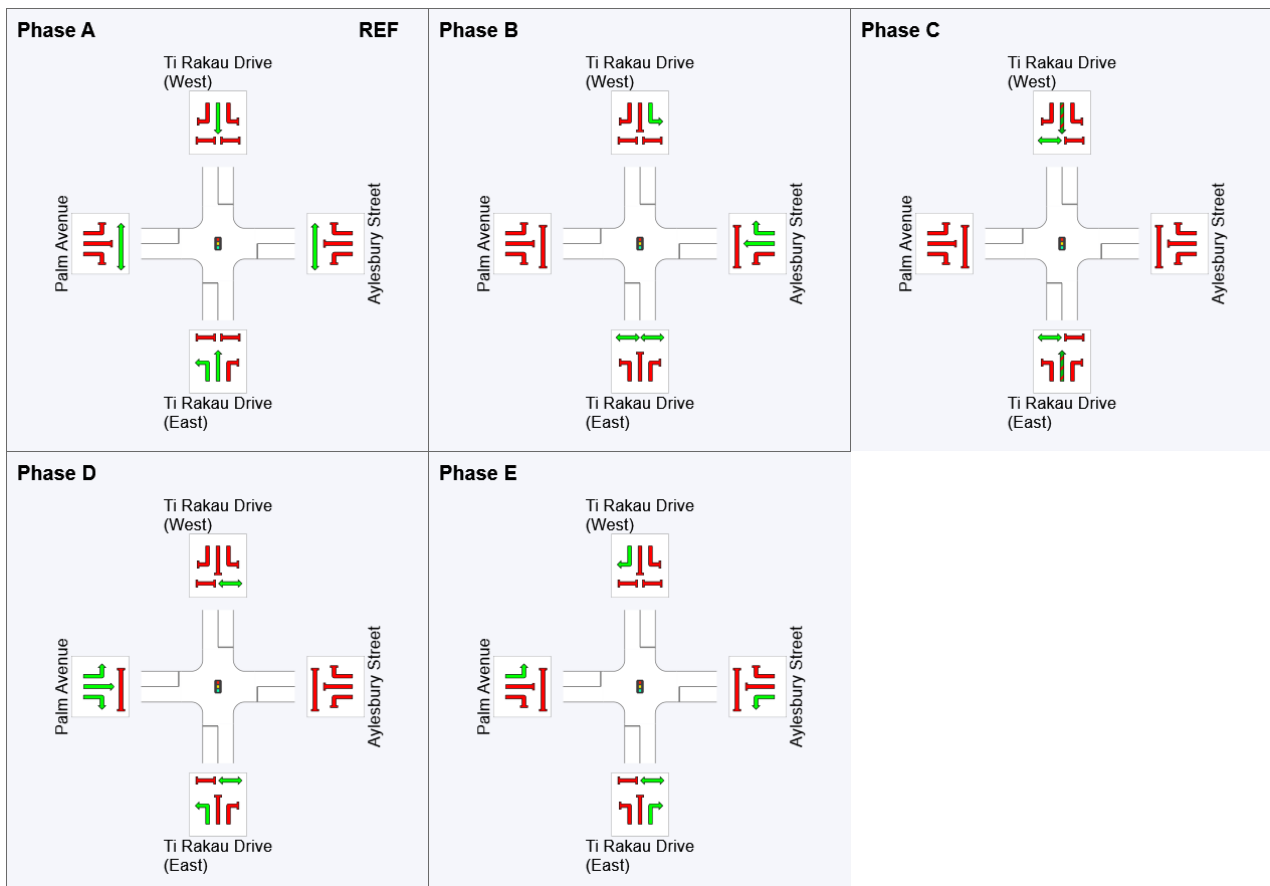
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D	E
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	56	80	97	127
Green Time (sec)	50	18	11	24	11
Phase Time (sec)	56	24	17	30	17
Phase Split	39%	17%	12%	21%	12%











See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

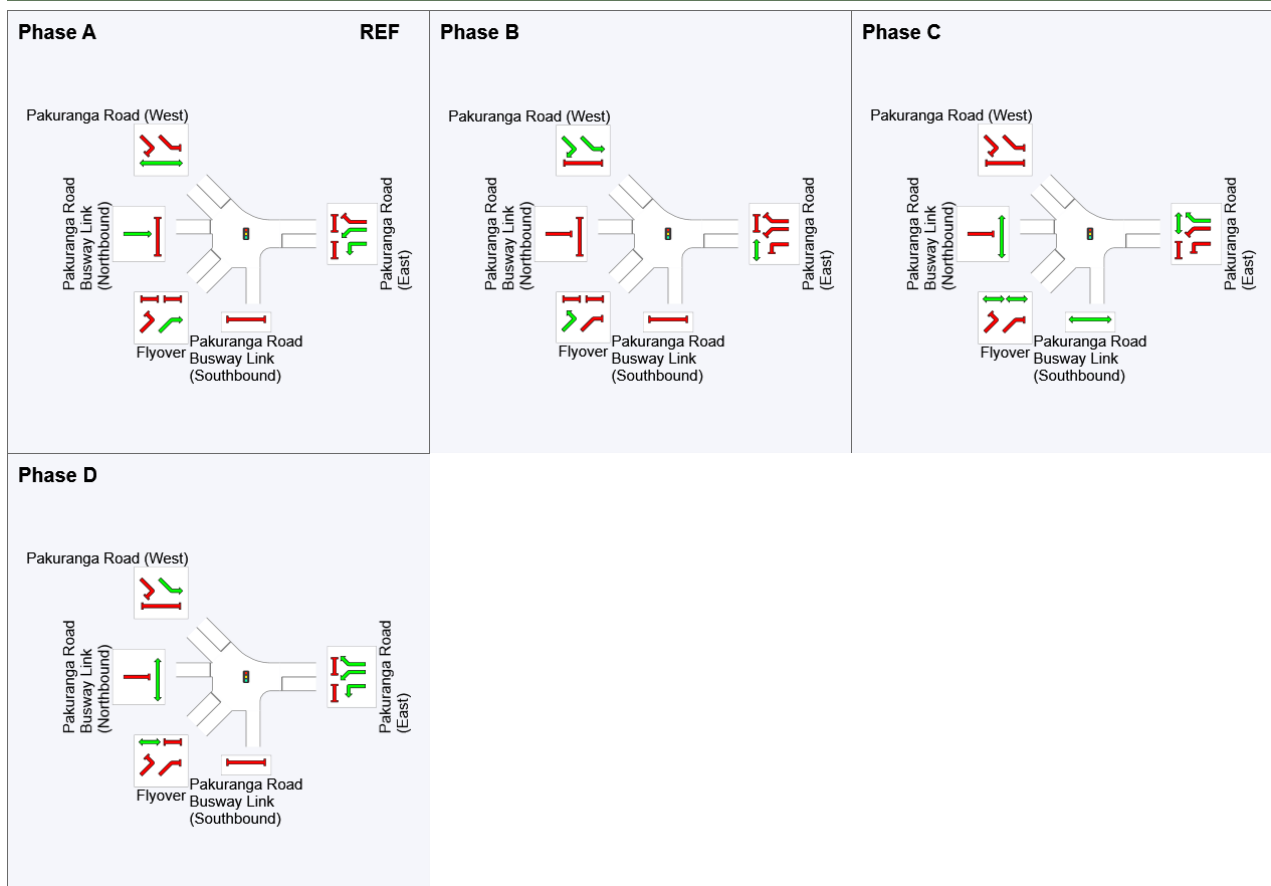
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	63	99	118
Green Time (sec)	57	30	13	28
Phase Time (sec)	63	36	17	34
Phase Split	42%	24%	11%	23%












See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 100 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C

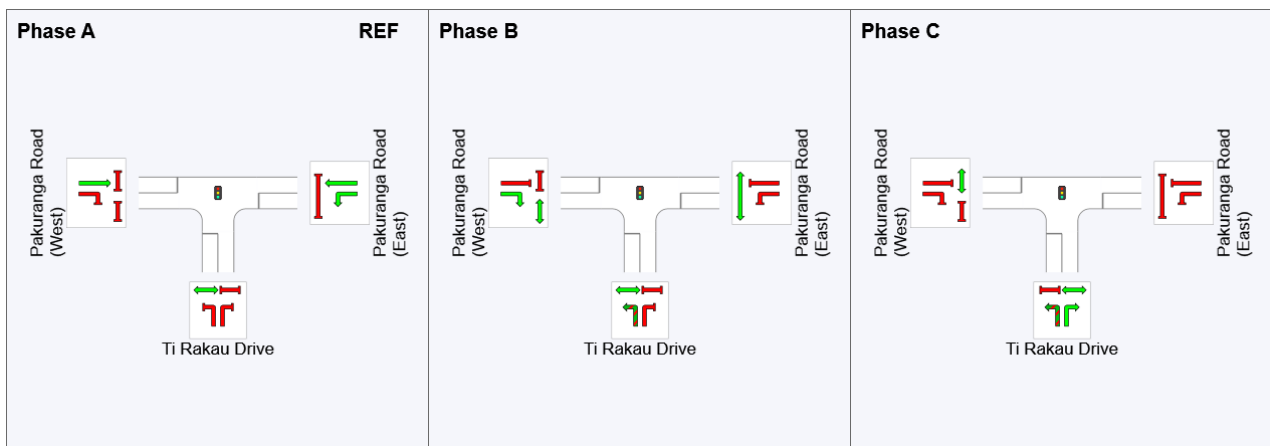
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	32	62
Green Time (sec)	26	24	32
Phase Time (sec)	32	30	38
Phase Split	32%	30%	38%

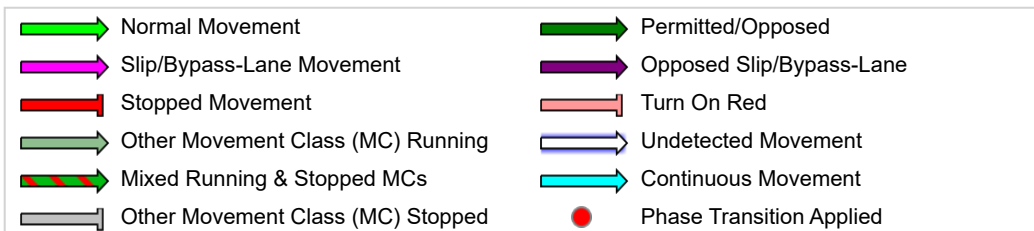
See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase



PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E, F

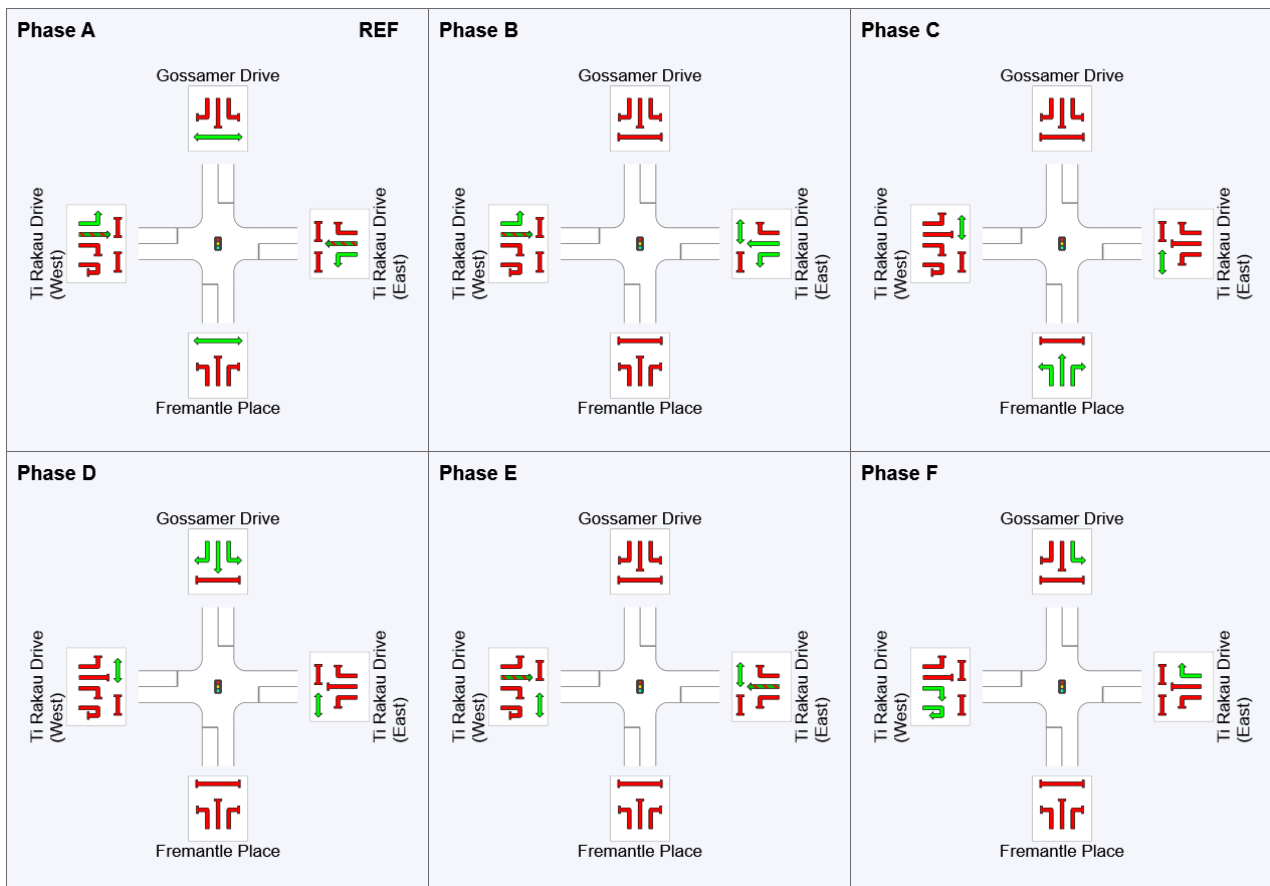
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E, F

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D	E	F
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	54	72	86	103	123
Green Time (sec)	48	12	8	11	14	21
Phase Time (sec)	54	18	14	17	20	27
Phase Split	36%	12%	9%	11%	13%	18%










See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Opposed Turns

Reference Phase: Phase B

Input Phase Sequence: A, B

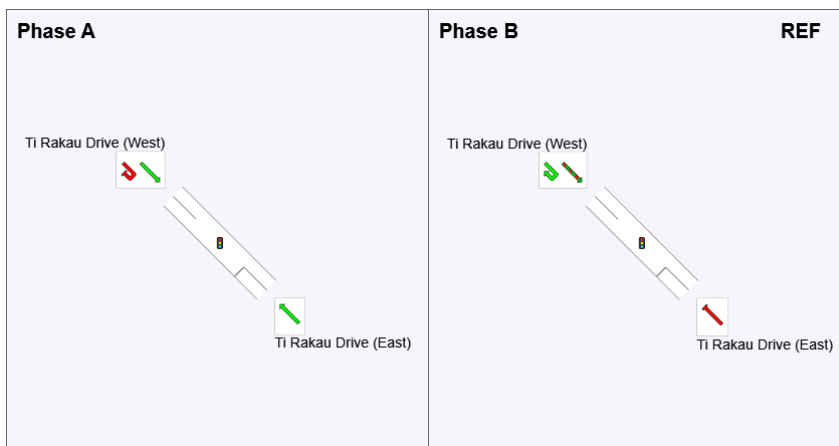
Output Phase Sequence: A, B

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B
Phase Change Time (sec)	12	0
Green Time (sec)	22	6
Phase Time (sec)	28	12
Phase Split	70%	30%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 30 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Opposed Turns

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B

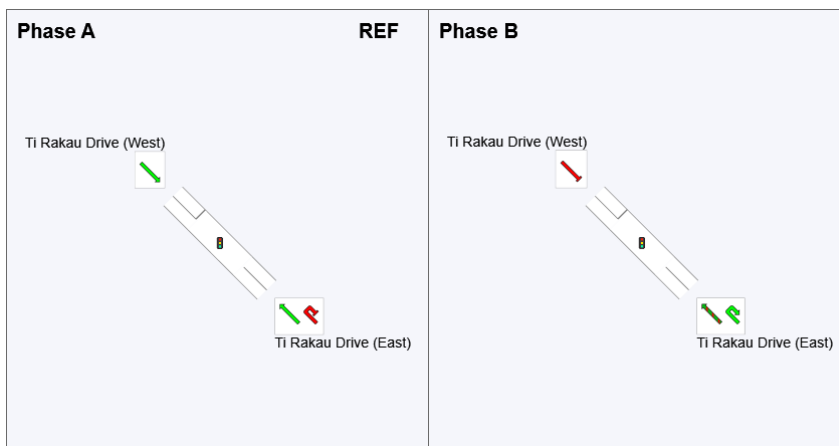
Output Phase Sequence: A, B

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	18
Green Time (sec)	12	6
Phase Time (sec)	18	12
Phase Split	60%	40%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 100 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C

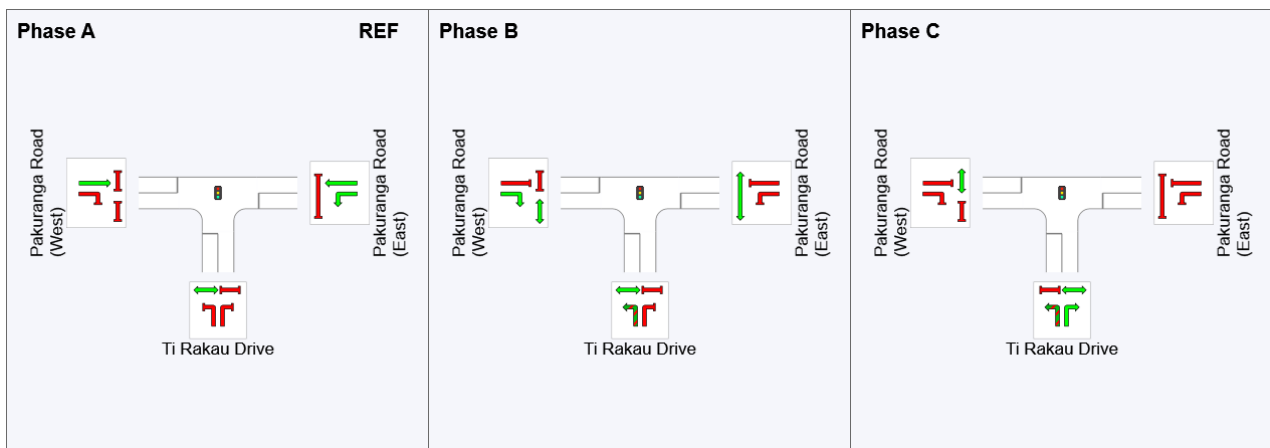
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	35	67
Green Time (sec)	29	26	27
Phase Time (sec)	35	32	33
Phase Split	35%	32%	33%

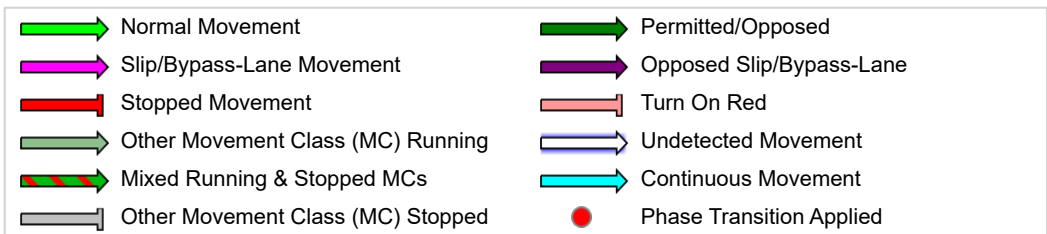
See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase



PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: **Network: N101 [PM (Network PM)]** Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

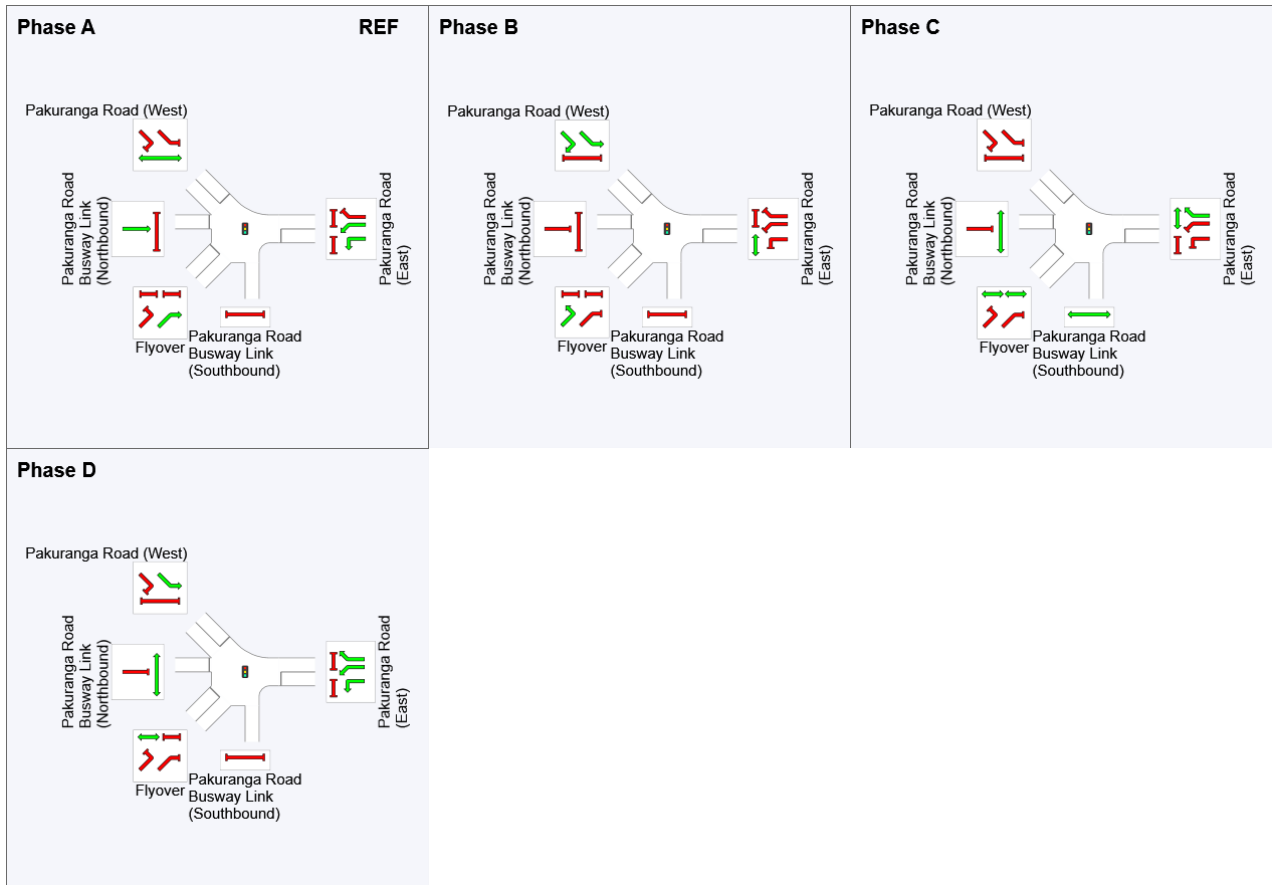
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	72	97	120
Green Time (sec)	66	19	17	24
Phase Time (sec)	72	25	23	30
Phase Split	48%	17%	15%	20%













See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

CCG PHASING SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG3 [Aylesbury/ WR/ Reeves Rd] Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 108 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Network Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: CCG Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, C2, D

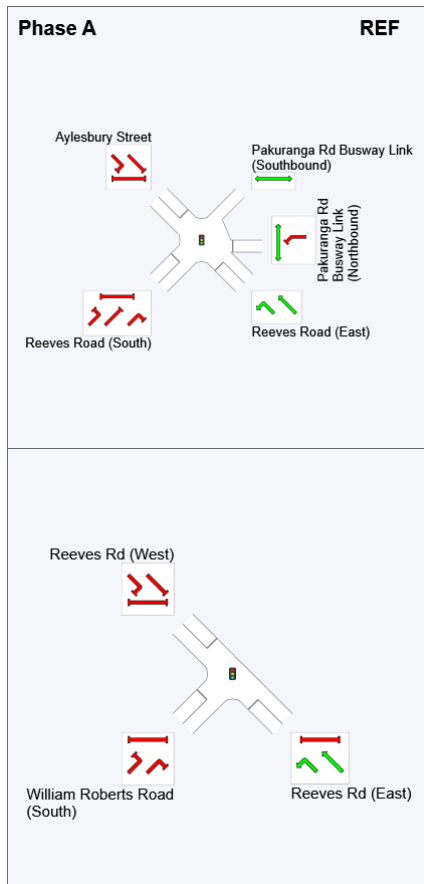
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, C2, D

Phase Timing Summary (CCG)

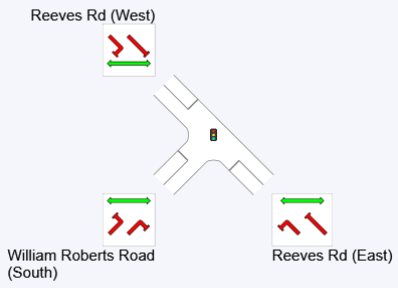
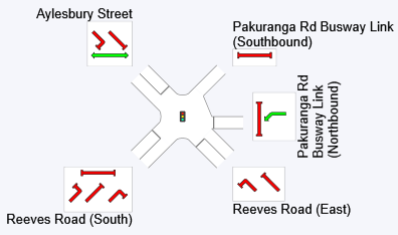
Phase	A	B	C	C2	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	18	35	58	73
Green Time (sec)	12	11	19	9	31
Phase Time (sec)	18	15	25	13	37
Phase Split	17%	14%	23%	12%	34%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

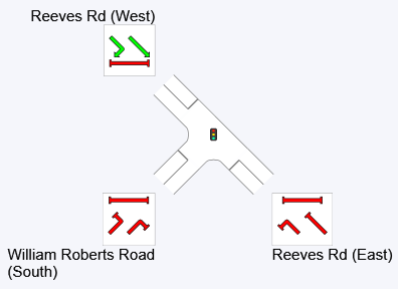
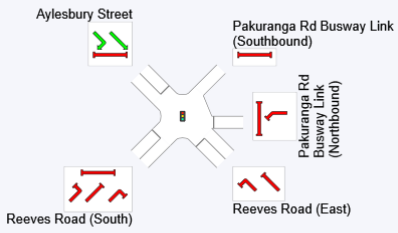
Output Phase Sequence (CCG)



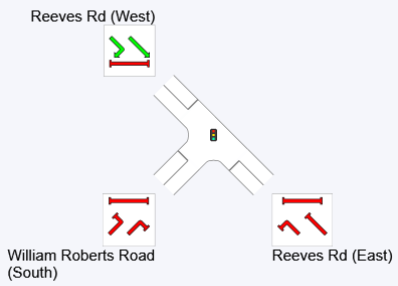
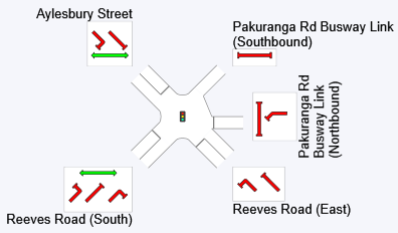
Phase B



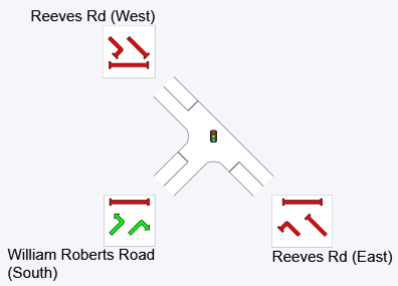
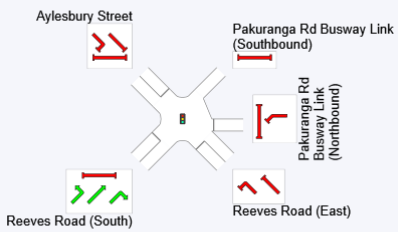
Phase C















Phase C2



Phase D



REF: Reference Phase
VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 149 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E, F2

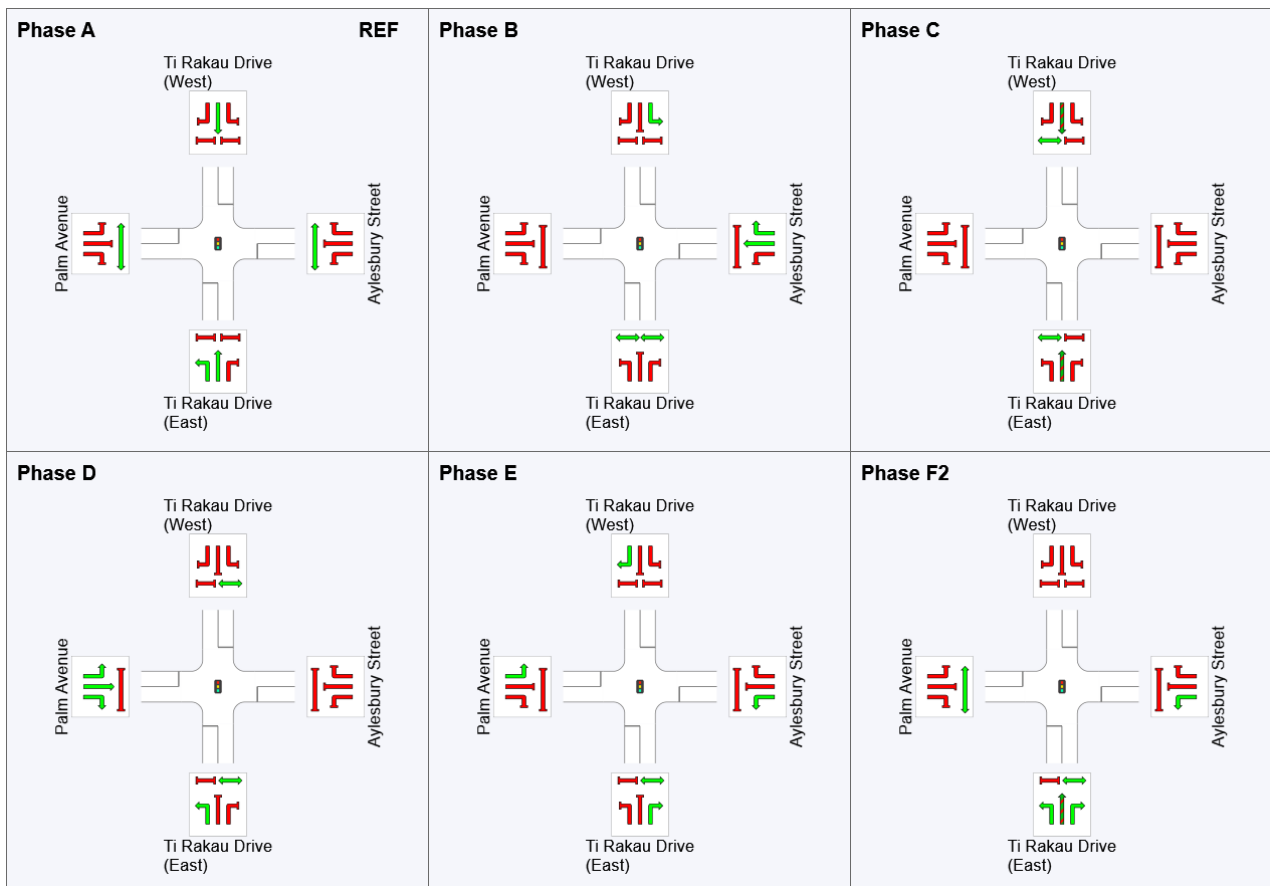
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E, F2

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D	E	F2
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	29	64	86	114	129
Green Time (sec)	23	29	16	22	9	14
Phase Time (sec)	29	35	22	28	15	20
Phase Split	19%	23%	15%	19%	10%	13%













See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 5.0 [5.0 Pakuranga Highway / Reeves Rd (Site Folder: PM)] Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
 Single Point Interchange (Signals) - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 131 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E, F

Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E, F

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D	E	F
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	17	30	54	91	103
Green Time (sec)	11	7	18	31	6	23
Phase Time (sec)	17	13	24	37	11	29
Phase Split	13%	10%	18%	28%	8%	22%













See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

CCG PHASING SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG2 [WRR / Mattson]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 69 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Network Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: CCG Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A1

Input Phase Sequence: A1, B, C, D

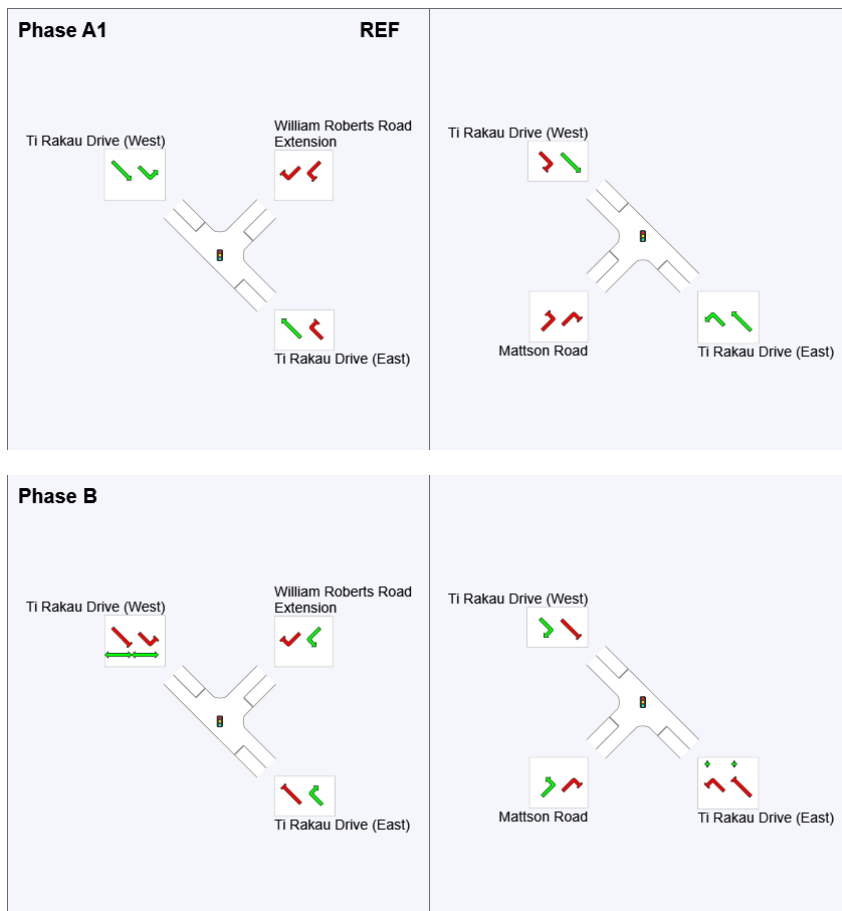
Output Phase Sequence: A1, B, C, D

Phase Timing Summary (CCG)

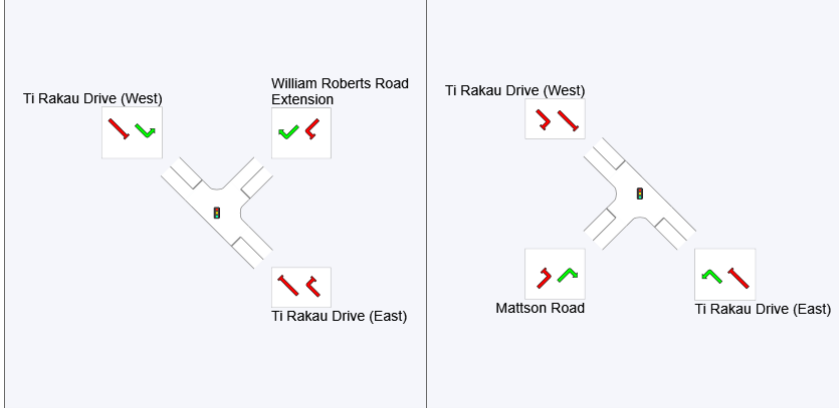
Phase	A1	B	C	D
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	13	37	48
Green Time (sec)	8	18	5	16
Phase Time (sec)	14	24	10	21
Phase Split	20%	35%	14%	30%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

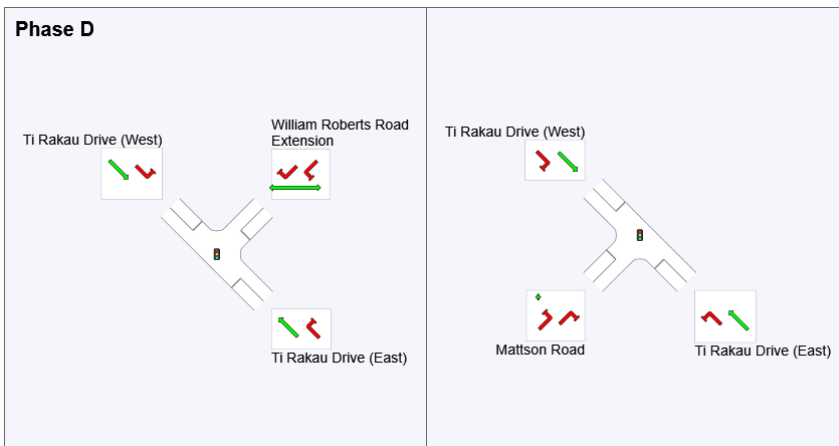
Output Phase Sequence (CCG)



Phase C



Phase D



REF: Reference Phase
 VAR: Variable Phase



PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Opposed Turns

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B

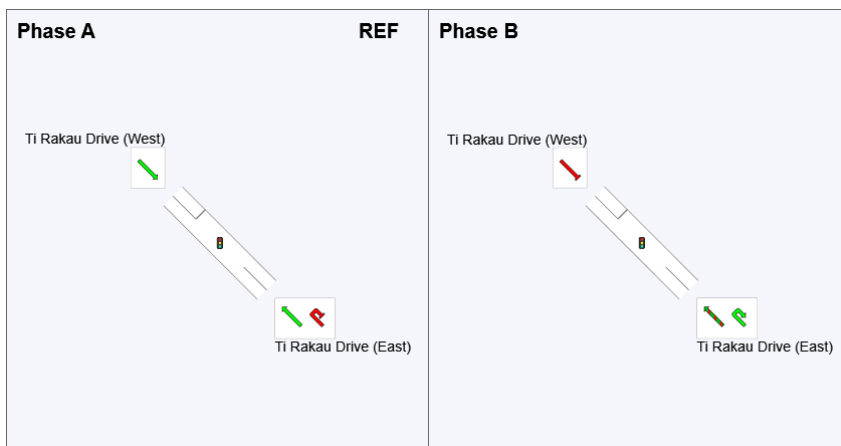
Output Phase Sequence: A, B

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	28
Green Time (sec)	22	6
Phase Time (sec)	28	12
Phase Split	70%	30%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times determined by the program

Downstream lane blockage effects included in determining phase times

Phase Sequence: Opposed Turns

Reference Phase: Phase B

Input Phase Sequence: A, B

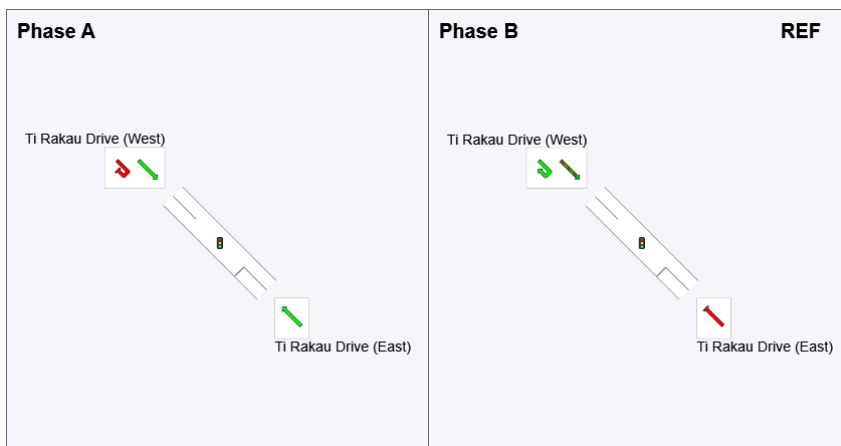
Output Phase Sequence: A, B

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B
Phase Change Time (sec)	12	0
Green Time (sec)	22	6
Phase Time (sec)	28	12
Phase Split	70%	30%

See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

PHASING SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: PM)] Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Timings based on settings in the Site Phasing & Timing dialog

Phase Times specified by the user

Phase Sequence: Variable Phasing

Reference Phase: Phase A

Input Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E, F

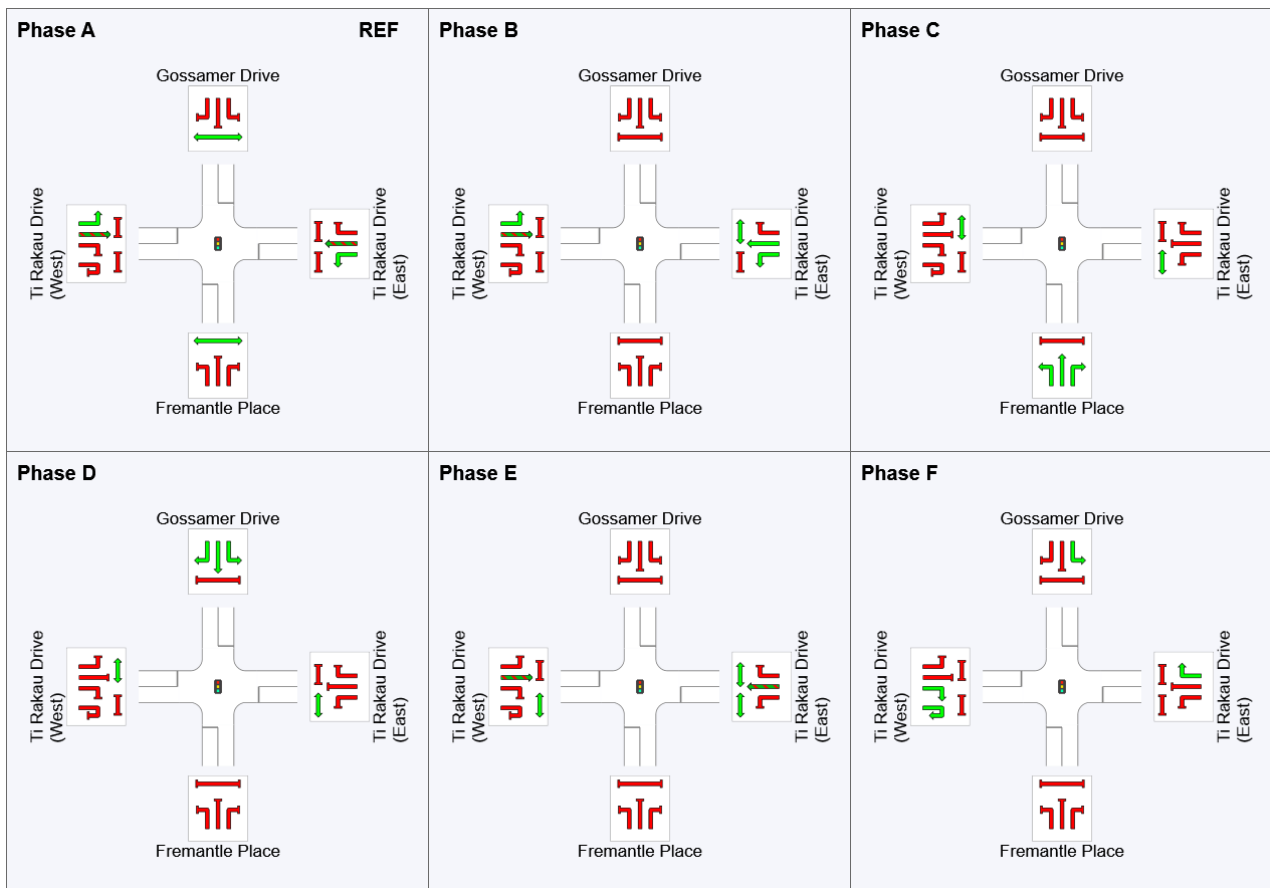
Output Phase Sequence: A, B, C, D, E, F

Phase Timing Summary

Phase	A	B	C	D	E	F
Phase Change Time (sec)	0	57	78	91	102	122
Green Time (sec)	51	15	7	6	15	22
Phase Time (sec)	57	21	12	11	21	28
Phase Split	38%	14%	8%	7%	14%	19%













See the Timing Analysis report for more detailed information including input values of Yellow Time and All-Red Time, and information on any adjustments to Intergreen Time, Phase Time and Green Time values in cases of Pedestrian Actuation, Minor Phase Actuation and Phase Frequency values (user-specified or implied) less than 100%.

Output Phase Sequence



REF: Reference Phase

VAR: Variable Phase

	Normal Movement		Permitted/Opposed
	Slip/Bypass-Lane Movement		Opposed Slip/Bypass-Lane
	Stopped Movement		Turn On Red
	Other Movement Class (MC) Running		Undetected Movement
	Mixed Running & Stopped MCs		Continuous Movement
	Other Movement Class (MC) Stopped		Phase Transition Applied

Appendix K

EB2/EB3R Final Scenario – Lane performance Summaries

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 30 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	780	11.0	780	11.0	1810	0.431	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	780	11.0	780	11.0	1810	0.431	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	68	5.9	68	5.9	267	0.255	100	18.2	LOS B	0.8	6.2	Short	14	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	25	100.0	25	100.0	478	0.052	100	2.1	LOS A	0.1	0.9	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Approach	1652	12.2	1652	12.2		0.431		0.8	LOS A	0.8	6.2				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	533	14.2	533	14.2	711	0.750	100	11.1	LOS B	7.2	56.7	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	533	14.2	533	14.2	711	0.750	100	11.1	LOS B	7.2	56.7	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Lane 3 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	478	0.027	100	2.1	LOS A	0.0	0.5	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Approach	1079	15.2	1079	15.2		0.750		11.0	LOS B	7.2	56.7				
Intersection	2731	13.4	2731	13.4		0.750		4.8	LOS A	7.2	56.7				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	U	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	780	-	780	11.0	1810	0.431	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	780	-	780	11.0	1810	0.431	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	68	68	5.9	267	0.255	100	0.0	2	
Lane 4	25	-	25	100.0	478	0.052	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1584	68	1652	12.2		0.431				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	533	533	14.2	711	0.750	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	533	533	14.2	711	0.750	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	13	13	100.0	478	0.027	100	NA	NA		
Approach	1079	1079	15.2		0.750					
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2731	13.4		0.750						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist] m		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	771	10.7	771	10.7	998	0.773	100	10.6	LOS B	12.2 ^{N4}	93.5 ^{N4}	Full	64	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	771	10.7	771	10.7	998	0.773	100	10.6	LOS B	12.2 ^{N4}	93.5 ^{N4}	Full	64	0.0	50.0
Lane 3 (B)	25	100.0	25	100.0	657	0.038	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	64	0.0	0.0
Approach	1567	12.1	1567	12.1		0.773		10.5	LOS B	12.2	93.5				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	537	13.6	537	13.6	1783	0.302	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	538	13.6	538	13.6	1783	0.302	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	112	10.7	112	10.7	194	0.576	100	25.6	LOS C	2.1	16.0	Short	15	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	657	0.020	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Approach	1200	14.3	1200	14.3		0.576		2.4	LOS A	2.1	16.0				
Intersection	2767	13.0	2767	13.0		0.773		7.0	LOS A	12.2	93.5				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	771	771	10.7		998	0.773	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	771	771	10.7		998	0.773	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	25	25	100.0		657	0.038	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1567	1567	12.1			0.773				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	U	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	537	-	537	13.6	1783	0.302	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	538	-	538	13.6	1783	0.302	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	112	112	10.7	194	0.576	100	20.7	2	
Lane 4	13	-	13	100.0	657	0.020	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1088	112	1200	14.3		0.576				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2767	13.0		0.773						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	Dist]		m	%	%
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		Dist]	m		m	%	%
South: Fremantle Place															
Lane 1	20	10.0	20	10.0	93	0.215	100	81.5	LOS F	1.3	10.0	Short	9	0.0	NA
Lane 2	21	4.8	21	4.8	98	0.213	100	79.0	LOS E	1.4	10.0	Full	285	0.0	0.0
Approach	41	7.3	41	7.3		0.215		80.2	LOS F	1.4	10.0				
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	769	10.6	769	10.6	796	0.967	100	77.1	LOS E	63.7	486.1	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	739	10.8	739	10.8	764 ¹	0.967	100	76.8	LOS E	60.1	459.5	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 3 (B)	28	100.0	28	100.0	204	0.137	100	34.7	LOS C	1.2	15.0	Short	60	0.0	NA
Lane 4	172	8.4	172	8.4	244	0.705	82 ⁶	73.4	LOS E	11.1	83.6	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 5	210	8.4	210	8.4	244	0.860	100	82.5	LOS F	14.9	111.9	Short	103	0.0	NA
Approach	1918	11.5	1918	11.5		0.967		76.6	LOS E	63.7	486.1				
North: Gossamer Drive															
Lane 1	359	9.5	359	9.5	365	0.982	100	101.3	LOS F	24.8	187.8	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 2	358	9.5	358	9.5	365 ¹	0.982	100	101.0	LOS F	24.8	187.6	Full	1010	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	41	14.6	41	14.6	124	0.330	100	77.5	LOS E	2.7	20.9	Short	28	0.0	NA
Approach	758	9.8	758	9.8		0.982		99.9	LOS F	24.8	187.8				
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	31	6.5	31	6.5	718	0.043	100	32.9	LOS C	1.2	8.8	Short	28	0.0	NA
Lane 2	505	13.7	505	13.7	542 ¹	0.932	100	74.5	LOS E	38.4	300.7	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	473	13.7	473	13.7	507 ¹	0.932	100	74.4	LOS E	35.5	277.5	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	53	7.5	53	7.5	194	0.274	100	69.3	LOS E	3.2	23.7	Short	23	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	27	100.0	27	100.0	207	0.130	100	34.6	LOS C	1.1	14.4	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Approach	1089	15.3	1089	15.3		0.932		72.0	LOS E	38.4	300.7				
Intersection	3806	12.2	3806	12.2		0.982		80.0	LOS E	63.7	486.1				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

⁶ Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)											
South: Fremantle Place											
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov. Lane No.	
	W	N	E			veh/h	v/c	%	%		
Lane 1	20	-	-	20	10.0	93	0.215	100	24.7	2	
Lane 2	-	10	11	21	4.8	98	0.213	100	NA	NA	

Approach	20	10	11	41	7.3						0.215
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From E						Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL	Ov.	Lane
To Exit:	S	W	N			veh/h	v/c	%	%	%	No.
Lane 1	15	754	-	769	10.6	796	0.967	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	739	-	739	10.8	764 ¹	0.967	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	28	-	28	100.0	204	0.137	100	0.0	2	
Lane 4	-	-	172	172	8.4	244	0.705	82 ⁶	0.0	2	
Lane 5	-	-	210	210	8.4	244	0.860	100	22.5	4	
Approach	15	1521	382	1918	11.5						0.967
North: Gossamer Drive											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From N						Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL	Ov.	Lane
To Exit:	E	S	W			veh/h	v/c	%	%	%	No.
Lane 1	359	-	-	359	9.5	365	0.982	100	35.6	2	
Lane 2	358	-	-	358	9.5	365 ¹	0.982	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	10	31	41	14.6	124	0.330	100	0.0	2	
Approach	717	10	31	758	9.8						0.982
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	U	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.
From W							Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL	Ov.
To Exit:	N	E	S	W			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	31	-	-	-	31	6.5	718	0.043	100	0.0	2
Lane 2	-	505	-	-	505	13.7	542 ¹	0.932	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	473	-	-	473	13.7	507 ¹	0.932	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	-	10	43	53	7.5	194	0.274	100	17.7	3
Lane 5	-	27	-	-	27	100.0	207	0.130	100	NA	NA
Approach	31	1005	10	43	1089	15.3					0.932
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)											
Intersection	3806	12.2									0.982

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec		
South Exit: Fremantle Place												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
East Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
North Exit: Gossamer Drive												
Merge Type: Zipper												
Exit Short Lane	1	150	50.0	105	109	2.50	2.00	213	1675	0.127	0.0	0.0
Merge Lane	2	-	50.0	107	111	2.50	2.00	210	1674	0.125	0.0	0.0
West Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												

Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.

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From E To Exit:	S	W			Cap. veh/h	Satn v/c	Util. %	SL Ov. %	Lane No.
Lane 1	84	-	84	6.4	459	0.183	100	16.0	2
Lane 2	-	333	333	4.4	416 ¹	0.801	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	393	393	4.4	490	0.801	100	NA	NA
Approach	84	725	810	4.6		0.801			
West: Pakuranga Road (West)									
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1 E	R2 S	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	-	23	23	100.0	263	0.087	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	296	-	296	5.7	486	0.609	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	296	-	296	5.7	486	0.609	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	319	319	17.9	393	0.810	100	0.0	3
Lane 5	-	319	319	17.9	393	0.810	100	25.4	4
Approach	592	660	1252	13.7		0.810			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	3262	11.3		0.810					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 2.1 [2.1 Pakuranga Plaza / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist m]				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	479	4.5	428	4.6	1879	0.227	100	0.6	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	480	4.7	428	4.7	1882	0.227	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Approach	959	4.6	856 ^{N1}	4.6		0.227		0.3	NA	0.0	0.0				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1	521	6.9	521	6.9	1856	0.281	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	108	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	347	6.9	347	6.9	1238	0.281	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	108	-33.3 ^{N3}	0.0
Approach	868	6.9	868	6.9		0.281		0.0	NA	0.0	0.0				
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza															
Lane 1	46	4.3	46	4.3	87	0.527	100	48.9	LOS E	1.1	7.7	Full	196	-27.0 ^{N7}	0.0
Approach	46	4.3	46	4.3		0.527		48.9	LOS E	1.1	7.7				
Intersection	1873	5.7	1770 ^{N1}	6.0		0.527		1.4	NA	1.1	7.7				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N3} Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

^{N7} The capacity reduction has been determined from the queue blockage probability of a Site further downstream due to intermediate continuous lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L1	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	W								
Lane 1	52	376	428	4.6	1879	0.227	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	428	428	4.7	1882	0.227	100	NA	NA	
Approach	52	804	856	4.6		0.227				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
	E									
Lane 1	521	521	6.9	1856	0.281	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	347	347	6.9	1238	0.281	100	NA	NA		
Approach	868	868	6.9		0.281					
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza										

Mov. From SW To Exit:	L3	R1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	12	34	46	4.3	87	0.527	100	NA	NA
Approach	12	34	46	4.3		0.527			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	1770	6.0		0.527					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap pcu/h	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga Plaza											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1 (B)	28	100.0	28	100.0	665	0.042	100	17.8	LOS B	0.7	9.4	Short	24	0.0	NA
Lane 2	1057	5.1	1057	5.1	1070 ¹	0.988	100	74.8	LOS E	88.2	644.3	Full	183	0.0	100.0
Lane 3	1100	5.1	1100	5.1	1114	0.988	100	75.0	LOS E	94.9	693.1	Full	183	0.0	100.0
Lane 4	428	4.3	428	4.3	376 ¹	1.138	100	212.5	LOS F	54.4	394.9	Full	183	0.0	87.5 ⁸
Lane 5	428	4.3	428	4.3	376 ¹	1.138	100	212.5	LOS F	54.4	394.9	Short	60	0.0	NA
Approach	3041	5.8	3041	5.8		1.138		113.1	LOS F	94.9	693.1				
NorthWest: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1	313	5.6	313	5.6	708	0.442	100	26.4	LOS C	11.5	84.1	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	313	5.6	313	5.6	708	0.442	100	26.4	LOS C	11.5	84.1	Full	121	0.0	33.3 ⁸
Lane 3	288	9.4	288	9.4	346	0.832	100	73.3	LOS E	19.5	147.8	Short	98	0.0	NA
Approach	913	6.8	913	6.8		0.832		41.1	LOS D	19.5	147.8				
West: Pakuranga Road Busway Link (Northbound)															
Lane 1 (B)	9	100.0	9	100.0	454	0.020	100	30.7	LOS C	0.4	4.7	Full	215	0.0	0.0
Approach	9	100.0	9	100.0		0.020		30.7	LOS C	0.4	4.7				
SouthWest: Flyover															
Lane 1	108	7.4	108	7.4	362	0.298	100	60.6	LOS E	6.0	44.9	Short	70	0.0	NA
Lane 2	388	4.9	388	4.9	644 ¹	0.603	100	42.9	LOS D	19.6	142.7	Full	1162	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	435	4.9	435	4.9	721	0.603	100	44.1	LOS D	22.6	165.1	Full	1162	0.0	0.0
Approach	931	5.2	931	5.2		0.603		45.5	LOS D	22.6	165.1				
Intersection	4894	6.0	4894	6.0		1.138		86.7	LOS F	94.9	693.1				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

⁸ Probability of Blockage has been set on the basis of a queue that overflows from a short lane.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)											
East: Pakuranga Road (East)											
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	L1	R1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	S	SW	NW								
Lane 1	28	-	-	28	100.0	665	0.042	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	1057	-	1057	5.1	1070 ¹	0.988	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	1100	-	1100	5.1	1114	0.988	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	-	428	428	4.3	376 ¹	1.138	100	NA	NA	
Lane 5	-	-	428	428	4.3	376 ¹	1.138	100	100.0	4	

Approach	28	2157	856	3041	5.8		1.138			
NorthWest: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L1	R2	Total	%HV		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	E	SW								
Lane 1	313	-	313	5.6		708	0.442	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	313	-	313	5.6		708	0.442	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	288	288	9.4		346	0.832	100	53.0	2
Approach	625	288	913	6.8			0.832			
West: Pakuranga Road Busway Link (Northbound)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV			Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	E									
Lane 1	9	9	100.0			454	0.020	100	NA	NA
Approach	9	9	100.0				0.020			
SouthWest: Flyover										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	R1	Total	%HV		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	NW	E								
Lane 1	108	-	108	7.4		362	0.298	100	0.0	2
Lane 2	-	388	388	4.9		644 ¹	0.603	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	435	435	4.9		721	0.603	100	NA	NA
Approach	108	823	931	5.2			0.603			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	4894	6.0		1.138						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Pakuranga Road Busway Link (Southbound) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
NorthWest Exit: Pakuranga Road (West) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
SouthWest Exit: Flyover Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										

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LANE SUMMARY

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 144 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total]	[HV]	[Total]	[HV]						[Veh]	[Dist]				
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	515	9.2	515	9.2	560	0.919	100	74.2	LOS E	21.3 ^{N4}	160.7 ^{N4}	Full	110	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	565	9.3	565	9.3	615 ¹	0.919	100	65.4	LOS E	21.3 ^{N4}	160.7 ^{N4}	Full	110	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	33	6.1	33	6.1	135	0.244	100	74.4	LOS E	2.0	14.9	Short	86	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	53	100.0	53	100.0	506	0.105	100	3.9	LOS A	0.4	4.6	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	1166	13.3	1166	13.3		0.919		66.8	LOS E	21.3	160.7				
East: Aylesbury Street															
Lane 1	76	9.2	76	9.2	115	0.658	100	76.5	LOS E	5.0	37.5	Short	30	-10.5 ^{N3}	NA
Lane 2	137	9.5	137	9.5	184 ¹	0.746	100	70.2	LOS E	7.7 ^{N4}	58.4 ^{N4}	Full	40	0.0	50.0
Approach	213	9.4	213	9.4		0.746		72.5	LOS E	7.7	58.4				
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1 (B)	23	100.0	23	100.0	506	0.045	100	3.8	LOS A	0.1	1.9	Full	174	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	148	17.6	146	17.7	205	0.712	100	73.3	LOS E	9.3	74.7	Short	100	0.0	NA
Lane 3	290	16.5	286	16.7	544	0.526	100	40.3	LOS D	14.3	114.5	Full	174	-10.5 ^{N3}	0.0
Lane 4	278	16.5	274	16.7	522 ¹	0.526	100	39.9	LOS D	13.6	108.9	Full	174	-10.5 ^{N3}	0.0
Lane 5	15	0.0	15	0.0	141	0.105	100	72.9	LOS E	0.9	6.2	Short	14	0.0	NA
Approach	754	19.0	744 ^{N1}	19.1		0.712		46.1	LOS D	14.3	114.5				
West: Palm Avenue															
Lane 1	120	4.2	120	4.2	313	0.384	100	60.8	LOS E	6.7	48.6	Full	87	-4.0 ^{N7}	0.0
Approach	120	4.2	120	4.2		0.384		60.8	LOS E	6.7	48.6				
Intersection	2253	14.3	2243 ^{N1}	14.4		0.919		60.1	LOS E	21.3	160.7				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N3} Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

^{N7} The capacity reduction has been determined from the queue blockage probability of a Site further downstream due to intermediate continuous lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.
	W	N	E							
Lane 1	120	395	-	515	9.2	560	0.919	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	565	-	565	9.3	615 ¹	0.919	100	NA	NA

Lane 3	-	-	33	33	6.1	135	0.244	100	0.0	2
Lane 4	-	53	-	53	100.0	506	0.105	100	NA	NA
Approach	120	1013	33	1166	13.3		0.919			
East: Aylesbury Street										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	S	W	N							
Lane 1	76	-	-	76	9.2	115	0.658	100	35.5	2
Lane 2	-	10	127	137	9.5	184 ¹	0.746	100	NA	NA
Approach	76	10	127	213	9.4		0.746			
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From N To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	E	S	W							
Lane 1	-	23	-	23	100.0	506	0.045	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	146	-	-	146	17.7	205	0.712	100	0.0	3
Lane 3	-	286	-	286	16.7	544	0.526	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	274	-	274	16.7	522 ¹	0.526	100	NA	NA
Lane 5	-	-	15	15	0.0	141	0.105	100	0.0	4
Approach	146	583	15	744	19.1		0.712			
West: Palm Avenue										
Mov. From W To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	N	E	S							
Lane 1	51	27	42	120	4.2	313	0.384	100	NA	NA
Approach	51	27	42	120	4.2		0.384			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	2243	14.4					0.919			

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3										Merge Analysis not applied.
East Exit: Aylesbury Street											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
North Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3										Merge Analysis not applied.
West Exit: Palm Avenue											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

To Exit:	SW	NW			veh/h	v/c	%	%	No.		
Lane 1	404	-	404	12.8	1229	0.328	100	46.1	2		
Lane 2	404	-	404	12.8	1229	0.328	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	-	474	474	9.1	464	1.020	100	NA	NA		
Lane 4	-	474	474	9.1	464	1.020	100	NA	NA		
Lane 5	-	25	25	100.0	155	0.161	100	NA	NA		
Approach	807	972	1779	12.0	1.020						
NorthEast: Reeves Road											
Mov.	R2	Total	%HV		Cap.	Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.		
From NE					veh/h	Satn	Util.	SL	Lane		
To Exit:	NW					v/c	%	%	No.		
Lane 1	28	28	100.0		368	0.076	100	NA	NA		
Approach	28	28	100.0		0.076						
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Cap.	Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.
From NW							veh/h	Satn	Util.	SL	Lane
To Exit:	NE	SE	SW					v/c	%	%	No.
Lane 1	9	13	-	22	100.0	184	0.120	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	268	-	268	17.3	609	0.440	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	268	-	268	17.3	609	0.440	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	-	99	99	7.1	217	0.456	100	0.0	3	
Approach	9	549	99	657	18.5	0.456					
SouthWest: Pakuranga Highway											
Mov.	L2	R2	Total	%HV		Cap.	Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From SW						veh/h	Satn	Util.	SL	Lane	
To Exit:	NW	SE					v/c	%	%	No.	
Lane 1	132	-	132	10.6	263	0.502	100	0.0	2		
Lane 2	-	248	248	12.3	294 ¹	0.844	100	5.7	3		
Lane 3	-	259	259	12.3	307	0.844	100	0.0	4		
Lane 4	-	259	259	12.3	307	0.844	100	NA	NA		
Approach	132	767	899	12.0	0.844						
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)											
Intersection	3363	14.0	1.020								

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.									
Full Length Lane	4	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthEast Exit: Reeves Road											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.									

Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga Highway												
Merge Type: Zipper												
Exit Short Lane	1	280	50.0	251	266	2.50	2.00	404	1477	0.273	0.0	0.2
Merge Lane	2	-	50.0	202	215	2.50	2.00	502	1545	0.325	0.0	0.1
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga Highway												
Merge Type: Zipper												
Exit Short Lane	3	10	50.0	202	215	2.50	2.00	99	1545	0.064	0.0	0.1
Merge Lane	2	-	50.0	49	51	2.50	2.00	404	1743	0.232	0.0	0.0

CCG LANE SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG3 [Aylesbury/ WR/ Reeves Rd]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 112 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance (CCG)															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist]				
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	veh/h	v/c	%	sec			m	m	%	%	
Site: 5.2v [5.2 Aylesbury St/ Reeves Rd/ Busway Link signalised]															
SouthEast: Reeves Road (East)															
Lane 1	136	8.1	136	8.1	330	0.412	100	14.9	LOS B	2.4	18.0	Full	27	-8.6 ^{N7}	0.0
Approach	136	8.1	136	8.1		0.412		14.9	LOS B	2.4	18.0				
East: Pakuranga Rd Busway Link (Southbound)															
Lane 1 (B)	28	100.0	28	100.0	142	0.197	100	54.1	LOS D	1.3	16.8	Full	203	0.0	0.0
Approach	28	100.0	28	100.0		0.197		54.1	LOS D	1.3	16.8				
NorthWest: Aylesbury Street															
Lane 1	21	0.0	21	0.0	141	0.149	100	51.4	LOS D	1.0	6.8	Full	284	-31.1 ^{N7}	0.0
Approach	21	0.0	21	0.0		0.149		51.4	LOS D	1.0	6.8				
SouthWest: Reeves Road (South)															
Lane 1	116	22.5	115	22.6	193	0.596	100	48.0	LOS D	5.4	45.1	Full	180	-42.6 ^{N7}	0.0
Approach	116	22.5	115 ^{N1}	22.6		0.596		48.0	LOS D	5.4	45.1				
Intersection	301	21.6	300 ^{N1}	21.7		0.596		33.8	LOS C	5.4	45.1				
Site: 7.3v [7.3 William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd signalised]															
SouthEast: Reeves Rd (East)															
Lane 1	303	8.3	303	8.3	321 ¹	0.943	100	76.2	LOS E	18.7	140.1	Full	810	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	108	7.4	108	7.4	376	0.287	100	43.4	LOS D	4.5	33.6	Short	45	0.0	NA
Approach	411	8.0	411	8.0		0.943		67.6	LOS E	18.7	140.1				
NorthWest: Reeves Rd (West)															
Lane 1	107	15.0	107	15.0	464	0.230	100	43.1	LOS D	4.8	37.9	Full	27	0.0	46.2
Approach	107	15.0	107	15.0		0.230		43.1	LOS D	4.8	37.9				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)															
Lane 1	333	12.3	332	12.3	351	0.947	100	75.2	LOS E	21.0	162.3	Full	223	0.0	0.0
Approach	333	12.3	332 ^{N1}	12.3		0.947		75.2	LOS E	21.0	162.3				
Intersection	851	10.6	849 ^{N1}	10.6		0.947		67.5	LOS E	21.0	162.3				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA Standard.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N7} The capacity reduction has been determined from the queue blockage probability of a Site further downstream due to intermediate continuous lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (CCG) (veh/h)										
Site: 5.2v [5.2 Aylesbury St/ Reeves Rd/ Busway Link signalised]										
SouthEast: Reeves Road (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2 SW	T1 NW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	101	35	136	8.1	330	0.412	100	NA	NA	
Approach	101	35	136	8.1		0.412				
East: Pakuranga Rd Busway Link (Southbound)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L1 SW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	28	28	100.0	142	0.197	100	NA	NA		
Approach	28	28	100.0		0.197					
NorthWest: Aylesbury Street										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1 SE	R2 SW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	11	10	21	0.0	141	0.149	100	NA	NA	
Approach	11	10	21	0.0		0.149				
SouthWest: Reeves Road (South)										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2 NW	T1 NE	R2 SE	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	12	9	95	115	22.6	193	0.596	100	NA	NA
Approach	12	9	95	115	22.6		0.596			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)										
Intersec	300	21.7		0.596						
Site: 7.3v [7.3 William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd signalised]										
SouthEast: Reeves Rd (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2 SW	T1 NW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	303	-	303	8.3	321 ¹	0.943	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	108	108	7.4	376	0.287	100	0.0	1	
Approach	303	108	411	8.0		0.943				
NorthWest: Reeves Rd (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1 SE	R2 SW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	85	22	107	15.0	464	0.230	100	NA	NA	
Approach	85	22	107	15.0		0.230				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2 NW	R2 SE	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	

Lane 1	25	307	332	12.3	351	0.947	100	NA	NA
Approach	25	307	332	12.3		0.947			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	849	10.6		0.947					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis (CCG)												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
Site: 5.2v [5.2 Aylesbury St/ Reeves Rd/ Busway Link signalised]												
SouthEast Exit: Reeves Road (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthEast Exit: Pakuranga Rd Busway Link (Northbound)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Aylesbury Street												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: Reeves Road (South)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Site: 7.3v [7.3 William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd signalised]												
SouthEast Exit: Reeves Rd (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Reeves Rd (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: William Roberts Road (South)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.

CCG LANE SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG2 [WRR / Mattson]

Network: N101 [AM
(Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 110 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance (CCG)															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist] m				
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	535	11.2	535	11.2	953	0.561	100	5.7	LOS A	7.1	54.7	Full	60	0.0	6.7
Lane 2	535	11.2	535	11.2	953	0.561	100	1.1	LOS A	1.6	12.3	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	442	11.2	442	11.2	788	0.561	100	1.1	LOS A	1.3	10.1	Full	60	-17.4 ^{N7}	0.0
Lane 4	96	8.3	96	8.3	123 ¹	0.778	100	58.9	LOS E	4.8	36.3	Short	20	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	25	100.0	25	100.0	630	0.040	100	0.6	LOS A	0.0	0.3	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	1633	12.4	1633	12.4		0.778		6.0	LOS A	7.1	54.7				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension															
Lane 1	165	10.3	165	10.3	313	0.527	100	46.9	LOS D	7.3	56.0	Short	80	0.0	NA
Lane 2	167	8.4	167	8.4	183	0.910	100	70.4	LOS E	9.7	73.0	Full	110	-17.4 ^{N7}	0.0
Approach	332	9.3	332	9.3		0.910		58.7	LOS E	9.7	73.0				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	359	11.6	358	11.6	706	0.507	100	23.6	LOS C	10.9	83.8	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	474	15.2	472	15.3	930	0.507	100	17.9	LOS B	14.5	114.6	Full	107	0.0	21.3
Lane 3	474	15.2	472	15.3	930	0.507	100	17.9	LOS B	14.5	114.6	Full	107	0.0	21.3
Lane 4 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	630	0.021	100	0.6	LOS A	0.0	0.2	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Approach	1320	15.1	1314 ^N ₁	15.1		0.507		19.3	LOS B	14.5	114.6				
Intersection	3285	13.2	3279 ^N ₁	13.2		0.910		16.7	LOS B	14.5	114.6				
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	256	10.4	256	10.4	285	0.898	100	73.0	LOS E	15.3	116.8	Short	25	-46.3 ^{N3}	NA
Lane 2	472	11.1	472	11.1	525 ¹	0.898	100	40.5	LOS D	21.2	162.6	Full	143	-1.5 ^{N7}	26.7
Lane 3	857	11.1	857	11.1	954	0.898	100	37.0	LOS D	27.3 ^{N4}	209.0 ^{N4}	Full	143	0.0	50.0
Lane 4 (B)	25	100.0	25	100.0	620	0.040	100	13.3	LOS B	0.6	7.4	Full	143	0.0	0.0
Approach	1609	12.4	1609	12.4		0.898		43.4	LOS D	27.3	209.0				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	131	14.4	131	14.5	935	0.140	27 ⁶	28.8	LOS C	5.8	45.7	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	482	14.4	480	14.5	935	0.513	100	4.4	LOS A	4.8	38.0	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	482	14.4	480	14.5	935	0.513	100	1.0	LOS A	1.2	9.8	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	26	15.4	26	15.4	303	0.086	100	52.9	LOS D	1.2	9.8	Short	25	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	620	0.021	100	1.5	LOS A	0.0	0.4	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	1134	15.4	1130 ^N ₁	15.5		0.513		6.9	LOS A	5.8	45.7				
SouthWest: Mattson Road															
Lane 1	54	7.4	54	7.4	160	0.338	100	49.2	LOS D	2.4	17.8	Full	282	-50.0 ^{N3}	0.0
Lane 2	25	12.0	25	12.0	217	0.115	100	51.5	LOS D	1.1	8.4	Full	282	0.0	0.0
Approach	79	8.9	79	8.9		0.338		50.0	LOS D	2.4	17.8				
Intersection	2822	13.5	2818 ^N ₁	13.5		0.898		28.9	LOS C	27.3	209.0				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA Standard.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects
- N1 Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.
- N3 Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.
- N4 Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.
- N7 The capacity reduction has been determined from the queue blockage probability of a Site further downstream due to intermediate continuous lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (CCG) (veh/h)										
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1 NW	R2 NE	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	535	-	535	11.2	953	0.561	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	535	-	535	11.2	953	0.561	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	442	-	442	11.2	788	0.561	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	96	96	8.3	123 ¹	0.778	100	70.7	3	
Lane 5	25	-	25	100.0	630	0.040	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1537	96	1633	12.4		0.778				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension										
Mov. From NE To Exit:	L2 SE	R2 NW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	165	-	165	10.3	313	0.527	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	167	167	8.4	183	0.910	100	NA	NA	
Approach	165	167	332	9.3		0.910				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2 NE	T1 SE	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	347	10	358	11.6	706	0.507	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	472	472	15.3	930	0.507	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	472	472	15.3	930	0.507	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	13	13	100.0	630	0.021	100	NA	NA	
Approach	347	967	1314	15.1		0.507				
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	3279	13.2		0.910						
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2 SW	T1 NW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	35	221	256	10.4	285	0.898	100	100.0	2	

Lane 2	-	472	472	11.1	525 ¹	0.898	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	857	857	11.1	954	0.898	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	25	25	100.0	620	0.040	100	NA	NA
Approach	35	1574	1609	12.4		0.898			
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)									
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1 SE	R2 SW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	131	-	131	14.5	935	0.140	27 ⁶	NA	NA
Lane 2	480	-	480	14.5	935	0.513	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	480	-	480	14.5	935	0.513	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	26	26	15.4	303	0.086	100	0.0	3
Lane 5	13	-	13	100.0	620	0.021	100	NA	NA
Approach	1104	26	1130	15.5		0.513			
SouthWest: Mattson Road									
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2 NW	R2 SE	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	54	-	54	7.4	160	0.338	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	25	25	12.0	217	0.115	100	NA	NA
Approach	54	25	79	8.9		0.338			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	2818	13.5		0.898					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis (CCG)											
Site:	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]											
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	4										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road Extension											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	4										Merge Analysis not applied.

Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]												
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Priority												
Exit Short Lane	1	40	0.0	480	515	3.00	2.00	131	1271	0.103	0.9	1.1
Merge Lane	2	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				480	1800	0.267	0.0	0.0
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	4	Merge Analysis not applied.										
SouthWest Exit: Mattson Road												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 7.1 [7.1 William Roberts Rd / Cortina PI (Site Folder: AM)]

Network: N101 [AM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	Dist]		m	%	%
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)															
Lane 1	368	8.7	368	8.7	1593	0.231	100	1.9	LOS A	0.7	5.1	Full	223	0.0	0.0
Approach	368	8.7	368	8.7		0.231		1.9	NA	0.7	5.1				
NorthWest: Cortina Place															
Lane 1	92	13.0	92	13.1	740	0.124	100	5.3	LOS A	0.3	2.7	Full	177	0.0	0.0
Approach	92	13.0	92	13.1		0.124		5.3	LOS A	0.3	2.7				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)															
Lane 1	447	11.0	445	11.0	1740	0.256	100	0.7	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	447	11.0	445 ^{N1}	11.0		0.256		0.7	NA	0.0	0.0				
Intersection	907	10.3	905 ^{N1}	10.3		0.256		1.7	NA	0.7	5.1				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)										
Mov. From NE To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	284	84	368	8.7	1593	0.231	100	NA	NA	
Approach	284	84	368	8.7		0.231				
NorthWest: Cortina Place										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NE	SW								
Lane 1	29	63	92	13.1	740	0.124	100	NA	NA	
Approach	29	63	92	13.1		0.124				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NW	NE								
Lane 1	149	296	445	11.0	1740	0.256	100	NA	NA	
Approach	149	296	445	11.0		0.256				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										

Intersection	905	10.3	0.256
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Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road (North) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								
NorthWest Exit: Cortina Place Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								
SouthWest Exit: William Roberts Road (South) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1		Merge Analysis not applied.								

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 13.0 [13.0 Gossamer Dr / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: PM)] Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total]	[HV]	[Total]	[HV]						[Veh]	[Dist]				
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	veh/h	v/c	%	sec			m		m	%	%
South: Fremantle Place															
Lane 1	12	8.3	12	8.3	82	0.146	100	82.3	LOS F	0.8	5.9	Short	9	0.0	NA
Lane 2	27	7.4	27	7.4	84	0.321	100	81.8	LOS F	1.8	13.5	Full	285	0.0	0.0
Approach	39	7.7	39	7.7		0.321		82.0	LOS F	1.8	13.5				
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	788	7.7	788	7.7	884	0.891	100	46.1	LOS D	51.1	381.5	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	756	7.7	756	7.7	848 ¹	0.891	100	45.6	LOS D	48.1	359.2	Full	636	0.0	0.0
Lane 3 (B)	28	100.0	28	100.0	235	0.119	100	35.0	LOS D	1.2	15.5	Short	60	0.0	NA
Lane 4	259	5.6	259	5.6	261	0.994	82 ⁶	118.0	LOS F	22.8	167.3	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 5	316	5.6	316	5.6	261	1.212	100	273.5	LOS F	44.3	324.5	Short	103	0.0	NA
Approach	2147	8.3	2147	8.3		1.212		87.9	LOS F	51.1	381.5				
North: Gossamer Drive															
Lane 1	167	8.7	167	8.7	321	0.518	100	56.1	LOS E	8.2	61.6	Short	150	0.0	NA
Lane 2	168	8.7	168	8.7	325	0.518	100	56.1	LOS E	8.3	62.2	Full	1010	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	59	5.1	59	5.1	72	0.821	100	90.6	LOS F	4.3	31.2	Short	28	0.0	NA
Approach	394	8.1	394	8.1		0.821		61.3	LOS E	8.3	62.2				
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	116	1.7	116	1.7	815	0.142	100	30.4	LOS C	4.4	31.2	Short	28	0.0	NA
Lane 2	597	8.6	597	8.6	537 ¹	1.112	100	183.5	LOS F	71.8	539.8	Full	479	0.0	25.9
Lane 3	630	8.6	630	8.6	566 ¹	1.112	100	182.5	LOS F	75.5	567.6	Full	479	0.0	30.5
Lane 4	58	1.7	58	1.7	210	0.276	100	68.3	LOS E	3.4	24.5	Short	23	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	27	100.0	27	100.0	239	0.113	100	34.9	LOS C	1.1	14.9	Full	479	0.0	0.0
Approach	1428	9.5	1428	9.5		1.112		163.1	LOS F	75.5	567.6				
Intersection	4008	8.7	4008	8.7		1.212		112.0	LOS F	75.5	567.6				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

⁶ Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: Fremantle Place										
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov. Lane No.
	W	N	E		%					
Lane 1	12	-	-	12	8.3	82	0.146	100	0.0	2
Lane 2	-	10	17	27	7.4	84	0.321	100	NA	NA

Approach	12	10	17	39	7.7						0.321
East: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From E							Satn	Util.	SL	Ov.	Lane
To Exit:	S	W	N				v/c	%	%		No.
Lane 1	17	771	-	788	7.7		884	0.891	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	756	-	756	7.7		848 ¹	0.891	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	28	-	28	100.0		235	0.119	100	0.0	2
Lane 4	-	-	259	259	5.6		261	0.994	82 ⁶	87.8	2
Lane 5	-	-	316	316	5.6		261	1.212	100	100.0	4
Approach	17	1555	575	2147	8.3						1.212
North: Gossamer Drive											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From N							Satn	Util.	SL	Ov.	Lane
To Exit:	E	S	W				v/c	%	%		No.
Lane 1	167	-	-	167	8.7		321	0.518	100	0.0	2
Lane 2	168	-	-	168	8.7		325	0.518	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	10	49	59	5.1		72	0.821	100	25.0	2
Approach	335	10	49	394	8.1						0.821
West: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	U	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.
From W							Satn	Util.	SL	Ov.	Lane
To Exit:	N	E	S	W			v/c	%	%		No.
Lane 1	116	-	-	-	116	1.7	815	0.142	100	24.8	2
Lane 2	-	597	-	-	597	8.6	537 ¹	1.112	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	630	-	-	630	8.6	566 ¹	1.112	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	-	10	48	58	1.7	210	0.276	100	20.7	3
Lane 5	-	27	-	-	27	100.0	239	0.113	100	NA	NA
Approach	116	1254	10	48	1428	9.5					1.112
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)											
Intersection	4008	8.7									1.212

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Fremantle Place												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
East Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
North Exit: Gossamer Drive												
Merge Type: Zipper												
Exit Short Lane	1	150	50.0	130	134	2.50	2.00	385	1646	0.234	0.0	0.1
Merge Lane	2	-	50.0	193	197	2.50	2.00	261	1568	0.166	0.0	0.1
West Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												

Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 1.0 [1.0 Pakuranga Rd / Ti Rakau Dr (Site Folder: PM)] Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 100 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
South: Ti Rakau Drive															
Lane 1	232	7.3	230	7.3	474	0.486	100	38.1	LOS D	8.6	63.7	Full	174	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	232	7.3	230	7.3	474	0.486	100	38.1	LOS D	8.6	63.7	Full	174	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	97	5.2	96	5.2	481	0.200	100	35.0	LOS D	3.3	23.8	Short	87	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	23	100.0	23	100.0	285	0.081	100	25.2	LOS C	0.5	6.7	Full	174	0.0	0.0
Approach	584	10.6	580 ^{N1}	10.6		0.486		37.0	LOS D	8.6	63.7				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	65	10.8	61	10.8	484	0.126	100	32.9	LOS C	2.0	15.1	Short	21	-2.7 ^{N3}	NA
Lane 2	427	5.3	401	5.3	484 ¹	0.828	100	40.9	LOS D	17.7	129.6	Full	98	0.0	40.7
Lane 3	480	5.3	450	5.3	544	0.828	100	41.4	LOS D	19.6 ^{N4}	143.2 ^{N4}	Full	98	0.0	50.0
Approach	972	5.7	912 ^{N1}	5.7		0.828		40.6	LOS D	19.6	143.2				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1 (B)	53	100.0	53	100.0	285	0.186	100	25.8	LOS C	1.3	16.4	Full	380	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	440	5.1	440	5.1	544	0.808	100	39.8	LOS D	19.3	141.3	Full	380	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	440	5.1	440	5.1	544	0.808	100	39.8	LOS D	19.3	141.3	Full	380	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	358	8.5	358	8.5	440	0.814	100	47.7	LOS D	16.3	122.3	Short	178	-2.7 ^{N3}	NA
Lane 5	369	8.5	369	8.5	453	0.814	100	47.5	LOS D	16.7	125.3	Short	105	0.0	NA
Approach	1660	9.6	1660	9.6		0.814		42.8	LOS D	19.3	141.3				
Intersection	3216	8.6	3152 ^{N1}	8.8		0.828		41.1	LOS D	19.6	143.2				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N3} Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
South: Ti Rakau Drive										
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. Lane No.	
	W	E								
Lane 1	230	-	230	7.3	474	0.486	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	230	-	230	7.3	474	0.486	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	96	96	5.2	481	0.200	100	0.0	2	
Lane 4	23	-	23	100.0	285	0.081	100	NA	NA	
Approach	483	96	580	10.6		0.486				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										

Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	61	-	61	10.8	484	0.126	100	0.0	2
Lane 2	-	401	401	5.3	484 ¹	0.828	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	450	450	5.3	544	0.828	100	NA	NA
Approach	61	851	912	5.7		0.828			
West: Pakuranga Road (West)									
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	-	53	53	100.0	285	0.186	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	440	-	440	5.1	544	0.808	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	440	-	440	5.1	544	0.808	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	358	358	8.5	440	0.814	100	0.0	3
Lane 5	-	369	369	8.5	453	0.814	100	31.2	4
Approach	880	780	1660	9.6		0.814			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	3152	8.8		0.828					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
Full Length Lane	3											
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											
Full Length Lane	2											
Full Length Lane	3											

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 2.1 [2.1 Pakuranga Plaza / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: **PM**)] Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	[HV %	[Total veh/h	[HV %						[Veh	[Dist] m				
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1	479	5.8	448	5.9	1867	0.240	100	0.3	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	481	5.7	449	5.7	1870	0.240	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	121	0.0	0.0
Approach	960	5.7	897 ^{N1}	5.8		0.240		0.1	NA	0.0	0.0				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1	492	5.1	492	5.1	1878	0.262	100	0.0	LOS A	0.6 ^{N5}	4.7 ^{N5}	Full	108	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	492	5.1	492	5.1	1878	0.262	100	0.0	LOS A	0.6 ^{N5}	4.1 ^{N5}	Full	108	0.0	0.0
Approach	984	5.1	983 ^{N1}	5.1		0.262		0.0	NA	0.6	4.7				
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza															
Lane 1	106	4.7	106	4.7	317	0.334	100	7.3	LOS A	0.6	4.2	Full	196	-37.6 ^{N7}	0.0
Approach	106	4.7	106	4.7		0.334		7.3	LOS A	0.6	4.2				
Intersection	2050	5.4	1986 ^{N1}	5.5		0.334		0.5	NA	0.6	4.7				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N5} Continuous Lane results determined by Back of Queue values of downstream lanes (proportional to lane movement flows).

^{N7} The capacity reduction has been determined from the queue blockage probability of a Site further downstream due to intermediate continuous lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
East: Pakuranga Road (East)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L1	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	W								
Lane 1	21	426	448	5.9	1867	0.240	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	449	449	5.7	1870	0.240	100	NA	NA	
Approach	21	875	897	5.8		0.240				
West: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
	E									
Lane 1	492	492	5.1	1878	0.262	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	492	492	5.1	1878	0.262	100	NA	NA		
Approach	983	983	5.1		0.262					
SouthWest: Pakuranga Plaza										

Mov. From SW To Exit:	L3 W	R1 E	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	42	64	106	4.7	317	0.334	100	NA	NA
Approach	42	64	106	4.7		0.334			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	1986	5.5		0.334					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
West Exit: Pakuranga Road (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2										Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga Plaza											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 3.0 [3.0 Pakuranga Highway / Pakuranga Rd (Site Folder: Network: N101 [PM (Network PM)] Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 150 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	Dist]		m	%	%
East: Pakuranga Road (East)															
Lane 1 (B)	9	100.0	9	100.0	701	0.013	100	15.6	LOS B	0.2	2.7	Short	24	0.0	NA
Lane 2	518	5.1	518	5.1	1152 ¹	0.449	100	17.7	LOS B	16.6	121.2	Full	183	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	528	5.1	528	5.1	1176	0.449	100	17.8	LOS B	17.1	124.7	Full	183	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	418	5.0	418	5.0	386 ¹	1.082	100	169.7	LOS F	47.6	347.5	Full	183	0.0	75.0 ⁸
Lane 5	418	5.0	418	5.0	386 ¹	1.082	100	169.7	LOS F	47.6	347.5	Short	60	0.0	NA
Approach	1891	5.5	1891	5.5		1.082		84.9	LOS F	47.6	347.5				
NorthWest: Pakuranga Road (West)															
Lane 1	474	4.9	473	4.9	527	0.897	100	57.4	LOS E	24.2 ^{N4}	176.8 ^{N4}	Full	121	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	474	4.9	473	4.9	527	0.897	100	57.4	LOS E	24.2 ^{N4}	176.8 ^{N4}	Full	121	0.0	50.0
Lane 3	95	7.4	95	7.4	222	0.427	100	71.0	LOS E	5.9	43.6	Short	98	0.0	NA
Approach	1042	5.1	1041 ^{N1}	5.1		0.897		58.6	LOS E	24.2	176.8				
West: Pakuranga Road Busway Link (Northbound)															
Lane 1 (B)	28	100.0	28	100.0	525	0.053	100	25.5	LOS C	1.0	13.5	Full	215	0.0	0.0
Approach	28	100.0	28	100.0		0.053		25.5	LOS C	1.0	13.5				
SouthWest: Flyover															
Lane 1	124	10.5	124	10.5	225	0.552	100	73.3	LOS E	7.8	59.5	Short	70	0.0	NA
Lane 2	711	4.3	711	4.3	742 ¹	0.958	100	75.6	LOS E	54.4	395.0	Full	1162	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	803	4.3	803	4.3	838	0.958	100	75.7	LOS E	64.0	464.6	Full	1162	0.0	0.0
Approach	1638	4.8	1638	4.8		0.958		75.5	LOS E	64.0	464.6				
Intersection	4599	5.7	4598 ^{N1}	5.7		1.082		75.2	LOS E	64.0	464.6				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

⁸ Probability of Blockage has been set on the basis of a queue that overflows from a short lane.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)											
East: Pakuranga Road (East)											
Mov. From E To Exit:	L2	L1	R1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	9	-	-	9	100.0	701	0.013	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	518	-	518	5.1	1152 ¹	0.449	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	528	-	528	5.1	1176	0.449	100	NA	NA	

Lane 4	-	-	418	418	5.0	386 ¹	1.082	100	NA	NA
Lane 5	-	-	418	418	5.0	386 ¹	1.082	100	100.0	4
Approach	9	1046	836	1891	5.5		1.082			
NorthWest: Pakuranga Road (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L1	R2	Total	%HV		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	E	SW								
Lane 1	473	-	473	4.9		527	0.897	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	473	-	473	4.9		527	0.897	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	95	95	7.4		222	0.427	100	0.0	2
Approach	946	95	1041	5.1			0.897			
West: Pakuranga Road Busway Link (Northbound)										
Mov. From W To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV			Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	E									
Lane 1	28	28	100.0			525	0.053	100	NA	NA
Approach	28	28	100.0				0.053			
SouthWest: Flyover										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	R1	Total	%HV		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	NW	E								
Lane 1	124	-	124	10.5		225	0.552	100	0.3	2
Lane 2	-	711	711	4.3		742 ¹	0.958	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	803	803	4.3		838	0.958	100	NA	NA
Approach	124	1514	1638	4.8			0.958			
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	4598	5.7					1.082			

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Flow Rate veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
South Exit: Pakuranga Road Busway Link (Southbound) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
East Exit: Pakuranga Road (East) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3											Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Pakuranga Road (West) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2											Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: Flyover Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2											Merge Analysis not applied.

CCG LANE SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG3 [Aylesbury/ WR/ Reeves Rd] Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 108 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance (CCG)															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist]				
	veh/h	%	veh/h	%	veh/h	v/c	%	sec			m	m	%	%	
Site: 5.2v [5.2 Aylesbury St/ Reeves Road/ Busway Link signalised]															
SouthEast: Reeves Road (East)															
Lane 1	50	6.0	49	6.0	198	0.246	100	26.9	LOS C	1.3	9.2	Full	27	0.0	0.0
Approach	50	6.0	49 ^{N1}	6.0		0.246		26.9	LOS C	1.3	9.2				
East: Pakuranga Rd Busway Link (Northbound)															
Lane 1 (B)	9	100.0	9	100.0	116	0.078	100	54.1	LOS D	0.4	5.3	Full	203	0.0	0.0
Approach	9	100.0	9	100.0		0.078		54.1	LOS D	0.4	5.3				
NorthWest: Aylesbury Street															
Lane 1	126	4.0	126	4.0	173	0.724	100	51.1	LOS D	6.2	45.0	Full	284	-47.9 ^{N3}	0.0
Approach	126	4.0	126	4.0		0.724		51.1	LOS D	6.2	45.0				
SouthWest: Reeves Road (South)															
Lane 1	202	21.3	199	21.5	264	0.751	100	45.6	LOS D	9.5	78.9	Full	180	-44.7 ^{N3}	0.0
Approach	202	21.3	199 ^{N1}	21.5		0.751		45.6	LOS D	9.5	78.9				
Intersection	387	15.5	382 ^{N1}	15.7		0.751		45.2	LOS D	9.5	78.9				
Site: 7.3v [7.3 William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd signalised]															
SouthEast: Reeves Rd (East)															
Lane 1	121	4.1	121	4.1	200	0.604	100	56.2	LOS E	5.7	41.3	Full	810	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	28	3.6	28	3.6	208	0.134	100	50.3	LOS D	1.2	8.8	Short	45	0.0	NA
Approach	149	4.0	149	4.0		0.604		55.1	LOS E	5.7	41.3				
NorthWest: Reeves Rd (West)															
Lane 1	283	7.1	280	7.1	591	0.474	100	32.0	LOS C	5.3 ^{N4}	39.5 ^{N4}	Full	27	0.0	50.0
Approach	283	7.1	280 ^{N1}	7.1		0.474		32.0	LOS C	5.3	39.5				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)															
Lane 1	440	5.9	415	6.0	511	0.811	100	45.5	LOS D	19.7	145.3	Full	223	0.0	0.0
Approach	440	5.9	415 ^{N1}	6.0		0.811		45.5	LOS D	19.7	145.3				
Intersection	872	6.0	844 ^{N1}	6.2		0.811		42.7	LOS D	19.7	145.3				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Queue Model: SIDRA Standard.

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

N1 Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

N3 Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.

N4 Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (CCG) (veh/h)													
Site: 5.2v [5.2 Aylesbury St/ Reeves Road/ Busway Link signalised]													

SouthEast: Reeves Road (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2 SW	T1 NW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	37	12	49	6.0	198	0.246	100	NA	NA	
Approach	37	12	49	6.0		0.246				
East: Pakuranga Rd Busway Link (Northbound)										
Mov. From E To Exit:	L1 SW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
Lane 1	9	9	100.0	116	0.078	100	NA	NA		
Approach	9	9	100.0		0.078					
NorthWest: Aylesbury Street										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1 SE	R2 SW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	116	10	126	4.0	173	0.724	100	NA	NA	
Approach	116	10	126	4.0		0.724				
SouthWest: Reeves Road (South)										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2 NW	T1 NE	R2 SE	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	10	28	160	199	21.5	264	0.751	100	NA	NA
Approach	10	28	160	199	21.5		0.751			
Total		382		15.7		0.751				
Intersection										
Site: 7.3v [7.3 William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd signalised]										
SouthEast: Reeves Rd (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2 SW	T1 NW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	121	-	121	4.1	200	0.604	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	28	28	3.6	208	0.134	100	0.0	1	
Approach	121	28	149	4.0		0.604				
NorthWest: Reeves Rd (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1 SE	R2 SW	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	212	68	280	7.1	591	0.474	100	NA	NA	
Approach	212	68	280	7.1		0.474				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2 NW	R2 SE	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	20	395	415	6.0	511	0.811	100	NA	NA	

Approach	20	395	415	6.0	0.811
	Total	%HV	Deg.Satn	(v/c)	
Intersection	844	6.2		0.811	

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis (CCG)											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane	Opposing Flow Rate % veh/h	Critical Gap pcu/h	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
Site: 5.2v [5.2 Aylesbury St/ Reeves Road/ Busway Link signalised]											
SouthEast Exit: Reeves Road (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthEast Exit: Pakuranga Rd Busway Link (Southbound)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Aylesbury Street											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: Reeves Road (South)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
Site: 7.3v [7.3 William Roberts Rd / Reeves Rd signalised]											
SouthEast Exit: Reeves Rd (East)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Reeves Rd (West)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: William Roberts Road (South)											
Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 7.1 [7.1 William Roberts Rd / Cortina PI (Site Folder: PM)] Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)
Give-Way (Two-Way)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		ARRIVAL FLOWS [Total HV] veh/h %		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE [Veh Dist] m	Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %	
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)															
Lane 1	192	6.3	191	6.2	1767	0.108	100	0.7	LOS A	0.1	0.9	Full	223	0.0	0.0
Approach	192	6.3	191 ^{N1}	6.2		0.108		0.7	NA	0.1	0.9				
NorthWest: Cortina Place															
Lane 1	229	10.5	228	10.5	732	0.312	100	6.3	LOS A	1.1	8.3	Full	177	0.0	0.0
Approach	229	10.5	228 ^{N1}	10.5		0.312		6.3	LOS A	1.1	8.3				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)															
Lane 1	563	6.0	529	6.1	1805	0.293	100	0.5	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	563	6.0	529 ^{N1}	6.1		0.293		0.5	NA	0.0	0.0				
Intersection	984	7.1	948 ^{N1}	7.4		0.312		1.9	NA	1.1	8.3				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab). Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Minor Road Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

NA: Intersection LOS and Major Road Approach LOS values are Not Applicable for two-way sign control since the average delay is not a good LOS measure due to zero delays associated with major road lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
NorthEast: William Roberts Road (North)										
Mov. From NE To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SW	NW								
Lane 1	178	13	191	6.2	1767	0.108	100	NA	NA	
Approach	178	13	191	6.2		0.108				
NorthWest: Cortina Place										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NE	SW								
Lane 1	31	197	228	10.5	732	0.312	100	NA	NA	
Approach	31	197	228	10.5		0.312				
SouthWest: William Roberts Road (South)										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NW	NE								
Lane 1	122	407	529	6.1	1805	0.293	100	NA	NA	
Approach	122	407	529	6.1		0.293				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										

Intersection	948	7.4	0.312
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Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis											
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road (North) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Cortina Place Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.
SouthWest Exit: William Roberts Road (South) Merge Type: Not Applied											
Full Length Lane	1										Merge Analysis not applied.

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 4.0 [4.0 Palm Ave / Aylesbury St (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 149 seconds (Site User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	[HV %	[Total veh/h	[HV %						[Veh	[Dist] m				
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	283	8.3	282	8.3	420	0.670	100	56.5	LOS E	14.9	112.1	Full	110	0.0	16.7
Lane 2	353	7.2	351	7.2	524 ¹	0.670	100	49.9	LOS D	20.0	148.5	Full	110	0.0	42.6
Lane 3	49	6.1	49	6.1	345	0.141	100	58.0	LOS E	2.6	19.3	Short	86	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	23	100.0	23	100.0	313	0.074	100	15.7	LOS B	0.5	6.2	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	708	10.6	704 ^{N1}	10.6		0.670		52.0	LOS D	20.0	148.5				
East: Aylesbury Street															
Lane 1	36	5.6	35	5.6	337	0.104	100	54.9	LOS D	1.9	13.7	Short	30	0.0	NA
Lane 2	84	6.0	82	6.0	347	0.235	100	55.7	LOS E	4.5	33.0	Full	40	0.0	0.0
Approach	120	5.8	117 ^{N1}	5.8		0.235		55.5	LOS E	4.5	33.0				
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1 (B)	53	100.0	53	100.0	313	0.170	100	16.2	LOS B	1.2	15.1	Full	174	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	290	9.7	289	9.7	336	0.858	100	76.3	LOS E	20.0	151.9	Short	100	0.0	NA
Lane 3	250	8.8	249	8.8	283	0.879	100	77.7	LOS E	17.8	133.8	Full	174	0.0	2.7 ⁸
Lane 4	225	8.8	224	8.8	255 ¹	0.879	100	77.4	LOS E	15.8	119.2	Full	174	0.0	0.0
Lane 5	30	3.3	30	3.3	109	0.274	100	79.8	LOS E	1.9	14.0	Short	14	0.0	NA
Approach	848	14.6	844 ^{N1}	14.6		0.879		73.3	LOS E	20.0	151.9				
West: Palm Avenue															
Lane 1	87	2.3	87	2.3	284	0.306	100	64.9	LOS E	5.1	36.2	Full	87	0.0	0.0
Approach	87	2.3	87	2.3		0.306		64.9	LOS E	5.1	36.2				
Intersection	1763	11.8	1752 ^{N1}	11.9		0.879		63.1	LOS E	20.0	151.9				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

⁸ Probability of Blockage has been set on the basis of a queue that overflows from a short lane.

^{N1} Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)											
South: Ti Rakau Drive (East)											
Mov. From S To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL %	Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	W	N	E								
Lane 1	149	132	-	282	8.3	420	0.670	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	351	-	351	7.2	524 ¹	0.670	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	-	49	49	6.1	345	0.141	100	0.0	2	
Lane 4	-	23	-	23	100.0	313	0.074	100	NA	NA	

Approach	149	506	49	704	10.6		0.670				
East: Aylesbury Street											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From E						Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL	Ov.	Lane
To Exit:	S	W	N			veh/h	v/c	%	%	%	No.
Lane 1	35	-	-	35	5.6	337	0.104	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	19	62	82	6.0	347	0.235	100	NA	NA	
Approach	35	19	62	117	5.8		0.235				
North: Ti Rakau Drive (West)											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From N						Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL	Ov.	Lane
To Exit:	E	S	W			veh/h	v/c	%	%	%	No.
Lane 1	-	53	-	53	100.0	313	0.170	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	289	-	-	289	9.7	336	0.858	100	53.7	3	
Lane 3	-	249	-	249	8.8	283	0.879	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	224	-	224	8.8	255 ¹	0.879	100	NA	NA	
Lane 5	-	-	30	30	3.3	109	0.274	100	14.8	4	
Approach	289	526	30	844	14.6		0.879				
West: Palm Avenue											
Mov.	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV		Deg.	Lane	Prob.	Ov.	
From W						Cap.	Satn	Util.	SL	Ov.	Lane
To Exit:	N	E	S			veh/h	v/c	%	%	%	No.
Lane 1	19	32	36	87	2.3	284	0.306	100	NA	NA	
Approach	19	32	36	87	2.3		0.306				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)											
Intersection	1752	11.9		0.879							

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane % veh/h	Opposing Flow Rate pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
South Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
East Exit: Aylesbury Street Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
North Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West) Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
West Exit: Palm Avenue Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										

Lane 1	427	-	427	8.5	1016 ¹	0.421	100	62.8	2	
Lane 2	427	-	427	8.5	1016 ¹	0.421	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	314	314	7.7	564	0.557	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	217	217	7.7	389	0.557	100	NA	NA	
Lane 5	-	13	13	100.0	118	0.110	100	NA	NA	
Approach	854	543	1398	9.0		0.557				
NorthEast: Reeves Road										
Mov. From NE To Exit:	R2	Total	%HV		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	NW									
Lane 1	9	9	100.0		243	0.037	100	NA	NA	
Approach	9	9	100.0			0.037				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	NE	SE	SW							
Lane 1	28	25	-	53	100.0	173	0.306	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	227	-	227	7.9	563	0.403	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	-	227	-	227	7.9	563	0.403	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	-	71	71	11.3	300	0.235	100	0.0	3
Approach	28	479	71	578	16.7		0.403			
SouthWest: Pakuranga Highway										
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
	NW	SE								
Lane 1	154	-	154	7.1		613	0.251	100	0.0	2
Lane 2	-	348	348	7.0		380 ¹	0.916	100	31.3	3
Lane 3	-	387	387	7.0		423	0.916	100	0.0	4
Lane 4	-	387	387	7.0		423	0.916	100	NA	NA
Approach	154	1123	1277	7.0			0.916			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	3261	9.9		0.916						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- ¹ Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate % veh/h	pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Capacity Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	4	Merge Analysis not applied.										
NorthEast Exit: Reeves Road												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										

Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga Highway												
Merge Type: Zipper												
Exit Short Lane	1	280	50.0	249	260	2.50	2.00	427	1485	0.288	0.0	0.2
Merge Lane	2	-	50.0	214	223	2.50	2.00	498	1535	0.324	0.0	0.1
SouthWest Exit: Pakuranga Highway												
Merge Type: Zipper												
Exit Short Lane	3	10	50.0	214	223	2.50	2.00	71	1534	0.046	0.0	0.1
Merge Lane	2	-	50.0	35	37	2.50	2.00	427	1758	0.243	0.0	0.0

CCG LANE SUMMARY

Common Control Group: CCG2 [WRR / Mattson]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Isolated Cycle Time = 69 seconds (CCG User-Given Phase Times)

Lane Use and Performance (CCG)															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]	[Total veh/h]	[HV %]						[Veh]	[Dist]				
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	436	8.1	436	8.1	801	0.545	100	12.4	LOS B	7.7	57.9	Full	60	0.0	11.8
Lane 2	436	8.1	436	8.1	801	0.545	100	4.7	LOS A	4.1	30.6	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	436	8.1	436	8.1	801	0.545	100	4.7	LOS A	4.1	30.6	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	198	7.1	198	7.1	243 ¹	0.814	100	39.4	LOS D	6.6	48.7	Short	20	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	519	0.025	100	2.8	LOS A	0.1	0.7	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	1520	8.7	1520	8.7		0.814		11.4	LOS B	7.7	57.9				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension															
Lane 1	234	9.0	233	9.0	453	0.515	100	26.2	LOS C	6.2	46.7	Short	80	0.0	NA
Lane 2	138	6.5	137	6.5	128	1.075	100	119.8	LOS F	9.0	66.4	Full	110	0.0	0.0
Approach	372	8.1	371 ^{N1}	8.1		1.075		60.9	LOS E	9.0	66.4				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	369	5.7	368	5.7	335	1.101	100	131.1	LOS F	21.3 ^{N4}	156.4 ^{N4}	Full	107	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	498	7.8	497	7.8	573	0.868	79 ⁵	31.6	LOS C	17.9	133.5	Full	107	-28.6 ^{N3}	35.3
Lane 3	698	7.8	697	7.8	803	0.868	79 ⁵	28.3	LOS C	20.9 ^{N4}	156.4 ^{N4}	Full	107	0.0	50.0
Lane 4 (B)	25	100.0	25	100.0	519	0.048	100	2.8	LOS A	0.1	1.3	Full	107	0.0	0.0
Approach	1590	8.7	1587 ^N	8.7		1.101		52.8	LOS D	21.3	156.4				
Intersection	3482	8.7	3478 ^N	8.7		1.101		35.6	LOS D	21.3	156.4				
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]															
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	226	6.9	226	6.9	238	0.949	100	58.4	LOS E	8.9	65.9	Short	25	-7.9 ^{N3}	NA
Lane 2	578	8.0	578	8.0	610 ¹	0.949	100	47.2	LOS D	24.1	180.0	Full	143	0.0	36.1
Lane 3	761	8.0	761	8.0	802	0.949	100	46.1	LOS D	27.9 ^{N4}	209.0 ^{N4}	Full	143	0.0	50.0
Lane 4 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	511	0.025	100	12.1	LOS B	0.2	2.9	Full	143	0.0	0.0
Approach	1578	8.6	1578	8.6		0.949		48.0	LOS D	27.9	209.0				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	164	8.0	164	8.0	802	0.204	27 ⁶	24.1	LOS C	4.9	36.4	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	603	8.0	601	8.0	802	0.750	100	6.8	LOS A	9.3	69.6	Full	60	0.0	28.6
Lane 3	603	8.0	601	8.0	802	0.750	100	3.5	LOS A	5.4	40.6	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Lane 4	60	6.7	60	6.7	460	0.130	100	32.6	LOS C	1.8	13.4	Short	25	0.0	NA
Lane 5 (B)	25	100.0	25	100.0	511	0.049	100	3.8	LOS A	0.1	1.8	Full	60	0.0	0.0
Approach	1454	9.5	1451 ^N	9.5		0.750		8.4	LOS A	9.3	69.6				
SouthWest: Mattson Road															
Lane 1	26	3.8	26	3.8	414	0.063	100	25.6	LOS C	0.6	4.3	Full	282	-11.8 ^{N3}	0.0
Lane 2	38	7.9	38	7.9	127	0.300	100	40.3	LOS D	1.2	8.9	Full	282	0.0	0.0
Approach	64	6.3	64	6.3		0.300		34.3	LOS C	1.2	8.9				
Intersection	3096	8.9	3093 ^N	9.0		0.949		29.1	LOS C	27.9	209.0				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).
Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.
Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.
Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).
Queue Model: SIDRA Standard.
Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).
HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 5 Lane under-utilisation found by the program
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects
- N1 Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.
- N3 Capacity Adjustment due to downstream lane blockage determined by the program.
- N4 Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (CCG) (veh/h)										
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	436	-	436	8.1	801	0.545	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	436	-	436	8.1	801	0.545	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	436	-	436	8.1	801	0.545	100	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	198	198	7.1	243 ¹	0.814	100	99.6	3	
Lane 5	13	-	13	100.0	519	0.025	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1322	198	1520	8.7		0.814				
NorthEast: William Roberts Road Extension										
Mov. From NE To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	233	-	233	9.0	453	0.515	100	0.0	2	
Lane 2	-	137	137	6.5	128	1.075	100	NA	NA	
Approach	233	137	371	8.1		1.075				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	368	-	368	5.7	335	1.101	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	-	497	497	7.8	573	0.868	79 ⁵	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	697	697	7.8	803	0.868	79 ⁵	NA	NA	
Lane 4	-	25	25	100.0	519	0.048	100	NA	NA	
Approach	368	1219	1587	8.7		1.101				
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	3478	8.7		1.101						
Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	L2	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
Lane 1	81	145	226	6.9	238	0.949	100	100.0	2	
Lane 2	-	578	578	8.0	610 ¹	0.949	100	NA	NA	

Lane 3	-	761	761	8.0	802	0.949	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	13	13	100.0	511	0.025	100	NA	NA
Approach	81	1497	1578	8.6		0.949			
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)									
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	164	-	164	8.0	802	0.204	27 ⁶	NA	NA
Lane 2	601	-	601	8.0	802	0.750	100	NA	NA
Lane 3	601	-	601	8.0	802	0.750	100	NA	NA
Lane 4	-	60	60	6.7	460	0.130	100	0.0	3
Lane 5	25	-	25	100.0	511	0.049	100	NA	NA
Approach	1391	60	1451	9.5		0.750			
SouthWest: Mattson Road									
Mov. From SW To Exit:	L2	R2	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.
Lane 1	26	-	26	3.8	414	0.063	100	NA	NA
Lane 2	-	38	38	7.9	127	0.300	100	NA	NA
Approach	26	38	64	6.3		0.300			
Total %HV Deg.Satn (v/c)									
Intersection	3093	9.0		0.949					

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

- 1 Reduced capacity due to a short lane effect. Short lane queues may extend into the full-length lanes. Some upstream delays at entry to short lanes are not included.
- 5 Lane under-utilisation found by the program
- 6 Lane under-utilisation due to downstream effects

Merge Analysis (CCG)												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	Critical Gap pcu/h	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec	
Site: 7.0 [7.0 William Roberts Rd / Ti Rakau Dr]												
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	4											Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthEast Exit: William Roberts Road Extension												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	2											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	3											Merge Analysis not applied.
Full Length Lane	4											Merge Analysis not applied.

Site: 7.5 [7.5 Mattson Rd/ Ti Rakau Dr]												
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Priority												
Exit Short Lane	1	40	0.0	601	625	3.00	2.00	164	1154	0.142	1.1	1.5
Merge Lane	2	-	100.0	Merge Lane is not Opposed				601	1800	0.334	0.0	0.0
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	4	Merge Analysis not applied.										
SouthWest Exit: Mattson Road												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 8.1 [8.1 U-turn - West of Marriot Rd (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Aver. Delay	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length	Cap. Adj.	Prob. Block.
	[Total	HV]	[Total	HV]	veh/h	v/c	%	sec		[Veh	Dist]		m	%	%
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	781	7.8	781	7.8	1846	0.423	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	781	7.8	781	7.8	1846	0.423	100	0.1	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	95	6.3	95	6.3	200	0.476	100	24.8	LOS C	1.7	12.6	Short	14	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	657	0.020	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	147	0.0	0.0
Approach	1670	8.4	1670	8.4		0.476		1.5	LOS A	1.7	12.6				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	700	7.9	699	7.9	1015	0.689	100	7.8	LOS A	9.5	70.7	Full	73	0.0	12.1
Lane 2	700	7.9	699	7.9	1015	0.689	100	7.8	LOS A	9.5	70.7	Full	73	0.0	12.1
Lane 3 (B)	25	100.0	25	100.0	657	0.038	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	73	0.0	0.0
Approach	1424	9.6	1423 ^N	9.6		0.689		7.7	LOS A	9.5	70.7				
Intersection	3094	9.0	3093 ^N	9.0		0.689		4.3	LOS A	9.5	70.7				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

N1 Arrival Flow value is reduced due to capacity constraint at oversaturated upstream lanes.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov.	T1	U	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov.	Ov. Lane No.
From SE					veh/h	v/c	%	%		
To Exit:	NW	SE								
Lane 1	781	-	781	7.8	1846	0.423	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	781	-	781	7.8	1846	0.423	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	95	95	6.3	200	0.476	100	5.3	2	
Lane 4	13	-	13	100.0	657	0.020	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1575	95	1670	8.4		0.476				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov.	T1	Total	%HV	Cap.	Deg. Satn	Lane Util.	Prob. SL	Ov.	Ov. Lane No.	
From NW				veh/h	v/c	%	%			
To Exit:	SE									
Lane 1	699	699	7.9	1015	0.689	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	699	699	7.9	1015	0.689	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	25	25	100.0	657	0.038	100	NA	NA		
Approach	1423	1423	9.6		0.689					
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	3093	9.0		0.689						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										

LANE SUMMARY

Site: 10.1 [10.1 U-turn - East of Edgewater Dr (West) (Site Folder: PM)]

Network: N101 [PM (Network Folder: General)]

Site Category: (None)

Signals - EQUISAT (Fixed-Time/SCATS) Coordinated Cycle Time = 40 seconds (Site Practical Cycle Time)

Lane Use and Performance															
	DEMAND FLOWS		ARRIVAL FLOWS		Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Aver. Delay sec	Level of Service	85% BACK OF QUEUE		Lane Config	Lane Length m	Cap. Adj. %	Prob. Block. %
	[Total veh/h	HV %	[Total veh/h	HV %						[Veh	Dist] m				
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)															
Lane 1	796	7.7	796	7.7	1016	0.783	100	11.0	LOS B	12.5 ^{N4}	93.5 ^{N4}	Full	64	0.0	50.0
Lane 2	796	7.7	796	7.7	1016	0.783	100	11.0	LOS B	12.5 ^{N4}	93.5 ^{N4}	Full	64	0.0	50.0
Lane 3 (B)	13	100.0	13	100.0	657	0.020	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	64	0.0	0.0
Approach	1604	8.4	1604	8.4		0.783		10.9	LOS B	12.5	93.5				
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)															
Lane 1	678	8.0	678	8.0	1844	0.367	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Lane 2	678	8.0	678	8.0	1844	0.367	100	0.0	LOS A	0.0	0.0	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Lane 3	117	6.8	117	6.8	199	0.588	100	25.7	LOS C	2.2	16.2	Short	15	0.0	NA
Lane 4 (B)	25	100.0	25	100.0	657	0.038	100	0.2	LOS A	0.0	0.1	Full	81	0.0	0.0
Approach	1497	9.4	1497	9.4		0.588		2.0	LOS A	2.2	16.2				
Intersection	3101	8.9	3101	8.9		0.783		6.6	LOS A	12.5	93.5				

Site Level of Service (LOS) Method: Delay (SIDRA). Site LOS Method is specified in the Network Data dialog (Network tab).

Lane LOS values are based on average delay per lane.

Intersection and Approach LOS values are based on average delay for all lanes.

Delay Model: SIDRA Standard (Geometric Delay is included).

Gap-Acceptance Capacity: SIDRA Standard (Akçelik M3D).

HV (%) values are calculated for All Movement Classes of All Heavy Vehicle Model Designation.

^{N4} Average back of queue has been restricted to the available queue storage space.

Approach Lane Flows (veh/h)										
SouthEast: Ti Rakau Drive (East)										
Mov. From SE To Exit:	T1	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.		
	NW									
Lane 1	796	796	7.7	1016	0.783	100	NA	NA		
Lane 2	796	796	7.7	1016	0.783	100	NA	NA		
Lane 3	13	13	100.0	657	0.020	100	NA	NA		
Approach	1604	1604	8.4		0.783					
NorthWest: Ti Rakau Drive (West)										
Mov. From NW To Exit:	T1	U	Total	%HV	Cap. veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Lane Util. %	Prob. SL Ov. %	Ov. Lane No.	
	SE	NW								
Lane 1	678	-	678	8.0	1844	0.367	100	NA	NA	
Lane 2	678	-	678	8.0	1844	0.367	100	NA	NA	
Lane 3	-	117	117	6.8	199	0.588	100	22.0	2	
Lane 4	25	-	25	100.0	657	0.038	100	NA	NA	
Approach	1380	117	1497	9.4		0.588				
Total %HV Deg. Satn (v/c)										
Intersection	3101	8.9		0.783						

Lane flow rates given in this report are based on the arrival flow rates subject to upstream capacity constraint where applicable.

Merge Analysis												
	Exit Lane Number	Short Lane Length m	Percent Opng in Lane %	Opposing Flow Rate veh/h	pcu/h	Critical Gap sec	Follow-up Headway sec	Lane Flow Rate veh/h	Capacity veh/h	Deg. Satn v/c	Min. Delay sec	Merge Delay sec
SouthEast Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (East)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										
NorthWest Exit: Ti Rakau Drive (West)												
Merge Type: Not Applied												
Full Length Lane	1	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	2	Merge Analysis not applied.										
Full Length Lane	3	Merge Analysis not applied.										

Appendix L

Base 2018 Model Update Report

Eastern Busway - Base 2018 Model Update Report

Prepared for Auckland Transport (AT)
Prepared by Beca Limited

28 February 2019



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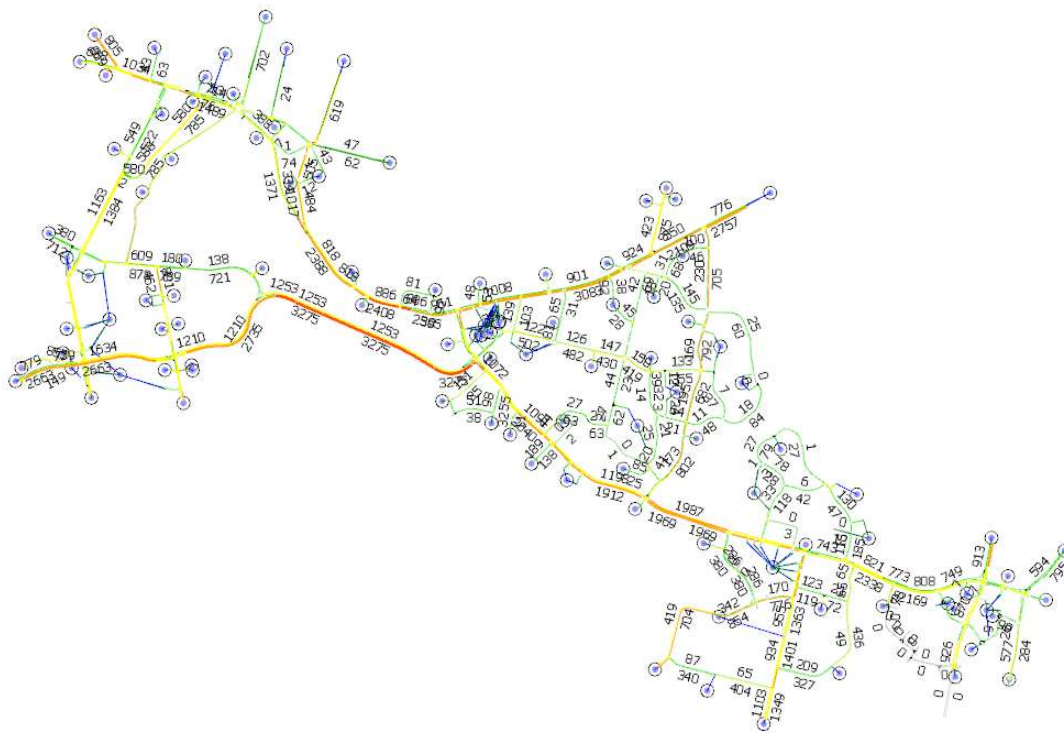
Appendix I – Travel Time Validation Tables

List of Abbreviations

Abbreviation	
ADTA	Auckland Dynamic Traffic Assignment (model)
AFC	Auckland Forecasting Centre
AMETI	Auckland-Manuka Eastern Transport Initiative
AT	Auckland Transport
GEH	Gesellschaft zur Erhaltung alter und gefährdeter Haustierrassen (statistic)
JDF	Junction Delay Function
MSM	Macro Strategic Model
NZTA	New Zealand Transport Agency
QLD	Queensland model (Aimsun model in Australia)
SCATS	Sydney Coordinated Adaptive Traffic System
TPF	Turn Delay Function
VDF	Volume Delay Function
EB	Eastern Busway

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Revision History

Revision N°	Prepared By	Description	Date
1.0	Ling Hoong	Draft for client comments	1 March 2019

Document Acceptance

Action	Name	Signed	Date
Prepared by	Ling Hoong		1 March 2019
Reviewed by	Caleb Deverell / Nyan Aung Lin		1 March 2019
Approved by	Andrew Murray		1 March 2019
on behalf of	Beca Limited		

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Executive Summary

This report details the update and calibration/validation of the Aimsun model for the Eastern Busway Project. The purpose of this model is to provide a consistent and common base for project developments in the East Auckland Area, primarily along Ti Rakau Drive for the EB 2 and EB3 detailed design work.

The model covers two three-hour peak periods (6.30 am – 9.30 am, and 3.30 pm – 6.30 pm). The modelled periods were chosen to capture the congestion typically experienced in the modelled area.

The model consists of macro and micro tiers with the respective assignment methods: static assignment and microscopic dynamic assignment (DTA). The macro tier provides an interim stage to calibrate the demand through demand adjustment and to generate 80% of paths for the micro DTA. Based on previous modelling of the area, an 80-to-20 split in static versus dynamic path assignment was considered appropriate. This gave better control of modelling route choice in the area and sense-checks during the model development process showed that route distribution in the model is reasonable.

Various observed data were provided by Auckland Transport (AT) for the model development. These included traffic counts, travel time, public transport timing, and signal timing.

The traffic demands come from the AMETI EMME traffic model and were processed before assigning to the Aimsun model. This demand interface process includes a minor refinement of AMETI traffic model zones and application of 2-to-3 hour expansion factors to fit the Aimsun model period. Demand adjustment as part of the validation process was done manually.

The model network was developed in line with the Auckland Dynamic Traffic Assignment Model (ADTA) network coding guideline, which sets out the recommended network coding methodology for Aimsun models in Auckland. This included a standard system of classification and labelling of different turn movement types which were important function variables in the ADTA-developed cost functions also adopted in this model for calculating junction and turn delays.

Model validation showed that the model meets the validation target criteria for Category C: Urban Area in NZTA Model Development Guidelines on individual link flows and turn flows for each hour between 7am – 9am, and 4pm – 6pm. Travel times in the model fit reasonably well with the observed.

Overall, the base year model is considered acceptably calibrated and validated for the purposes of the EB2/3 design work.

1 Introduction

1.1 Background

This report documents the calibration and validation of the Aimsun model to the year 2018.

The Eastern Busway project is focused on developing an integrated multi-modal transport system that supports population and economic growth in East Auckland and Manukau. This involves providing more and better transport choices and aims to significantly enhance the safety, quality and attractiveness of passenger transport, walking and cycling environments.

Beca Ltd (Beca) was commissioned by the Auckland Transport (AT) to update the existing microsimulation model in Aimsun software for testing scenarios relating to the Eastern Busway project. Figure 1 shows the extent of the model. The model was calibrated to 2018 observations and will be used to forecast operational performance for various future scenarios in 2026.

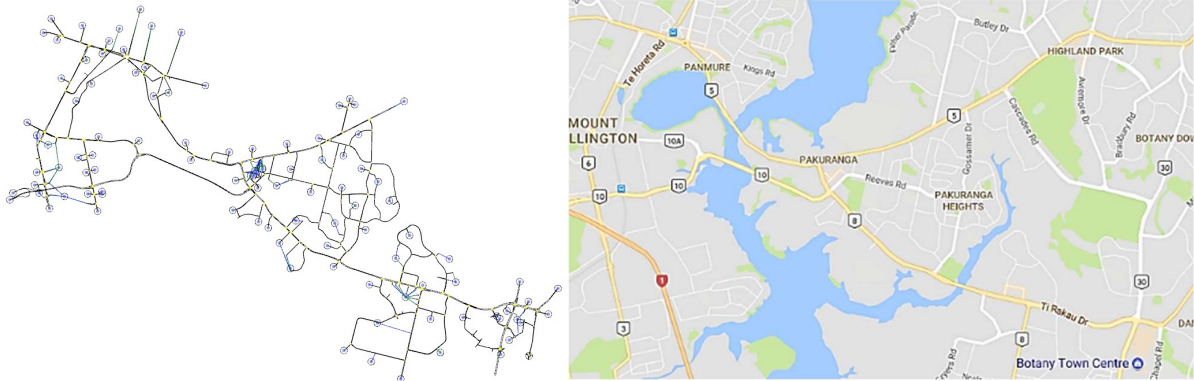


Figure 1 - Snapshot of Aimsun model network and zone structure

1.2 Report Structure

The remainder of this report is structured as follows:

- Chapter 2 Describes the model's background and structure;
- Chapter 3 Details the model's data inputs;
- Chapter 4 Details the model's parameter inputs;
- Chapter 5 Presents the calibration and validation results;
- Chapter 6 Presents conclusions of this report;

2 Model Background and Structure

2.1 Background and Focus

Previously, an update of the Base model had been undertaken in 2017, focusing on the area around the Panmure Town Centre, including the Panmure roundabout, King's Roundabout and Lagoon Drive, which were of interest for the EB1 project. SCATS and manual traffic counts and observed travel time data were used to validate the model to a 2016 base year for EB1 option-testing.

This update focuses on the EB2/3 corridor which is along Ti Rakau Drive from Pakuranga Highway to Botany (Figure 2). This base year for this model update is 2018 where 2018 input demand were sourced from the AMETI traffic model and calibration/validation process used 2018 counts and travel time information.

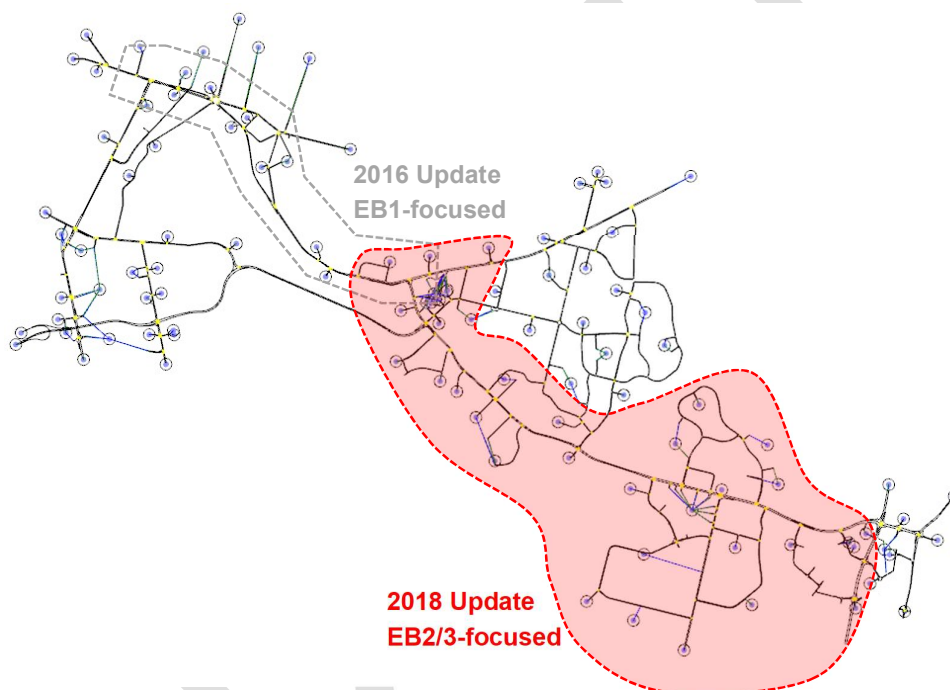


Figure 2 - Aimsun model focus areas: 2016/ EB1-focused (grey) and 2018/ EB2/3-focused (red)

2.2 Model Structure

The Aimsun model follows the hierarchical modelling structure that has been used successfully on other major projects in Auckland since the early 1990's. This involves the following three components:

- A strategic multi-modal **Demand (Macro Strategic Model, MSM)** model (an EMME model developed by AFC) that relates forecast land use (such as population and employment), to travel patterns at a strategic, region-wide level;
- A **Traffic Assignment** model (an EMME model developed by Arup) that has a more refined network representation for the wider study area. It takes the demand matrices from the Demand model and is calibrated to match traffic conditions particularly in the study area of interest. This model provides the cordon matrices for the Project Operational model.
- A **Project Operational** model (an Aimsun model and the focus of this report) that has a more refined network in a smaller project area. This model loads the vehicle trip patterns predicted by the assignment model onto the road network to test various options and investigate the traffic effects at a more detailed level.

It is the **project operational** model, developed in Aimsun that is detailed in this report.

The **demand** model was developed in EMME and is the Macro Strategic Model (MSM) developed by AFC. Also AMETI traffic assignment model was developed in EMME software.

The overall model structure is shown schematically in Figure 3 which comprises a hierarchical structure with the MSM model providing the multi-modal demand forecasts, and the EMME traffic assignment model and the Aimsun project model used for assignment and network performance modelling.

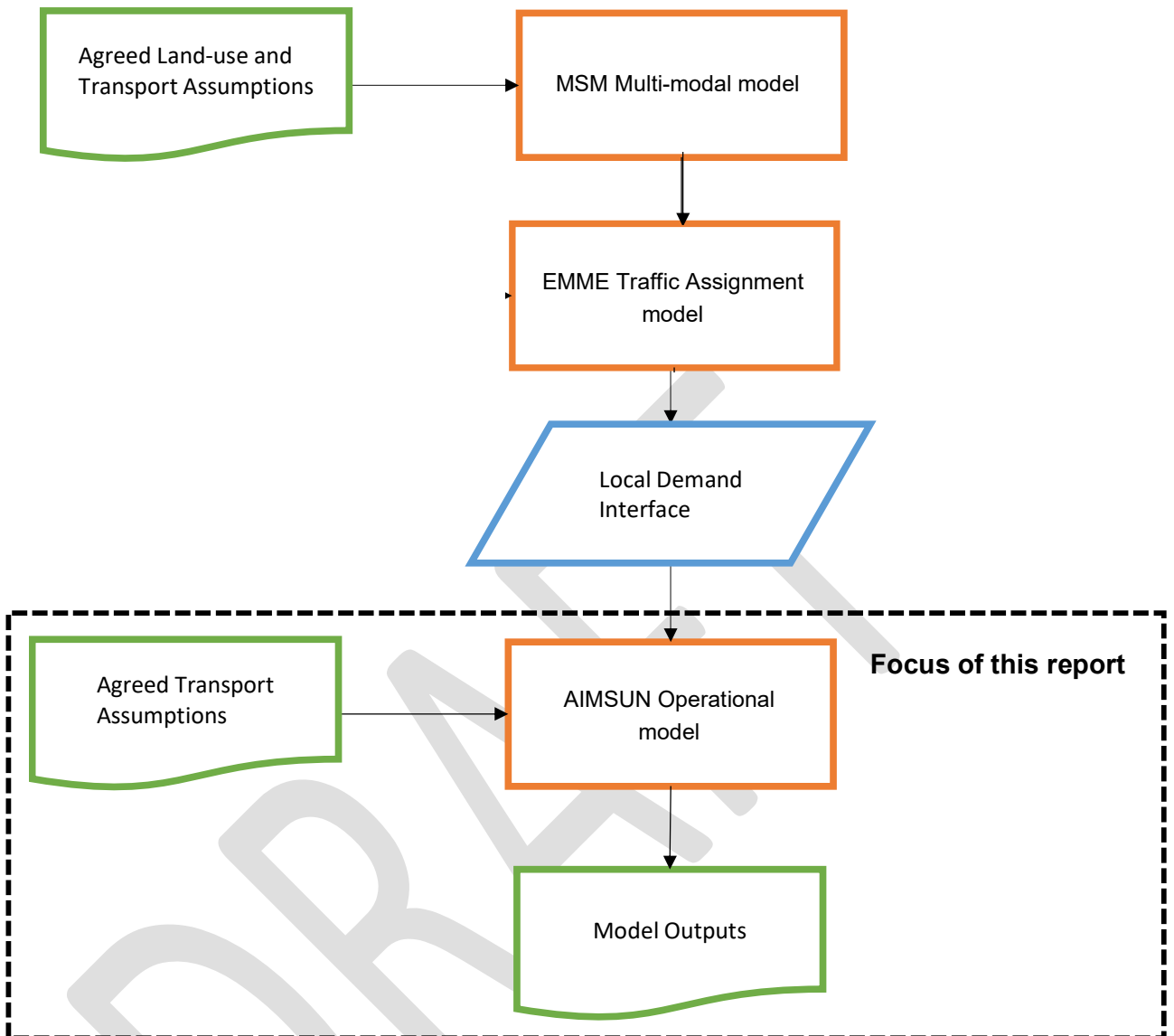


Figure 3 - Model Structure

2.2.1 MSM Demand Model

The MSM model is a traditional 4-step multi-modal model. The original model was developed for the year 2006, using the 2006 Census data and observed travel data. The model was updated in 2017/ 2018 using Census data from 2013, and validated to 2016 conditions. Separate models exist for the morning and evening commuter peaks and weekday inter-peak periods.

The model itself comprises the following key modules:

- **Trip Generation.** This is where the number of person-trips are estimated as a function of the land use data (population, employment, school roll etc.);
- **Mode Choice.** This is where the choice of preferred travel mode is determined, based on the relative attractiveness of the various modes. The key modes are car-driver, car passenger, bus passenger, train passenger and ferry passenger. A process is used to also consider 'slow' modes, such as walking and cycling;

- **Trip Distribution.** This is where the trips produced in each zone (generally by the households), are matched to a preferred destination. This distribution is predicted as a function of the relative attractiveness of each destination zone (generally related to employment), and the travel costs to reach each destination;
- **Time of Day.** This is where the proportion of daily trips occur in each peak. The proportion occurring in each peak changes in future-year models in response to the changes in travel time and costs; and
- **Trip Assignment.** This is where the resulting travel demands, in the form of origin to destination trip tables, are loaded to the road and public transport networks. An iterative process is used to firstly identify the lowest-cost route between each origin and destination, followed by an estimation of the speeds and delays on each route associated with the predicted traffic flows on the route.

The MSM model is operated by AFC and is implemented in the EMME software, which is a well-used and proven platform for this kind of analysis.

It is therefore the MSM model that predicts the overall regional traffic patterns, based on the inputs and forecasts of population and employment growth, together with the assumed level of road and public transport infrastructure.

The MSM standard model years are 2016, 2026 and so on. To get the 2018 regional demand, a demand interpolation process was undertaken between 2016 and 2026 scenarios. The 2016 scenario is the validated MSM base year scenario. As part of this project, a 2026 scenario was developed using the today network layout and bus service patterns.

2.2.2 EMME Traffic Assignment Model

This model was originally developed by Arup in 2010 and was peer-reviewed. This peer-reviewed model was used as the traffic assignment model for the previous AMETI project. The model takes its traffic demands from the MSM model and has the same model extent as MSM but has a more refined network representation in the wider study area of interest (Manukau and Auckland City areas). A zone refinement process was undertaken as an interface between the MSM and traffic assignment models.

2.2.3 Aimsun Operational Model

The Aimsun model is only a traffic operational model in that it takes the localised traffic demands from the EMME traffic assignment model, assigns them to the road network and tests the operation of the network. Land use data is not directly used in this part of the model, and it only considers vehicle traffic i.e. it represents bus vehicles but not passengers.

2.3 Model Time Period

The Aimsun model models two peak periods:

- AM: 6.30am – 9.30am
- PM: 3.30pm – 6.30pm

The traffic counts and typical traffic conditions were evaluated to determine that these time periods are suitable to capture the peak traffic on the network and ending at a time when traffic cooldown is typically observed. Each peak consists of a 15 minute warm-up prior to the peak start time in order to generate an appropriate level of demand inside the network before the official start of the peak.

3 Model Data Inputs

3.1 Network

Most of the road network was formed from the previous version of the Aimsun model (updated for 2016 base year). Additional road network was added in around Cryers Road and Burswood Road in the South East area of the model. Further refinements or error-checking over the whole model were conducted based on ADTA network coding conventions (Ref. 160520_DTA_Template_JMAC_v2.1.3). Network parameters are detailed in Chapter 4.1.

3.2 Demand

The initial demand was from the AMETI assignment model (refer to Chapter 2.2.2) and restructured to match the zone structure in the Aimsun model.

3.2.1 Demand Expansion

The two-hour to three-hour demand expansion factor for each peak was 1.38. This has been applied to the two-hour EMME demands to create a three-hour demand as a starting point for model calibration/validation.

3.2.2 Zone Disaggregation

As discussed earlier, most of the zone refinement was undertaken between the MSM and AMETI traffic assignment models. Only a very limited zone was further refined in the demand interface process between the AMETI traffic and Aimsun models. This process was retained from the previous base model 2016. A zone to zone correlation table is provided in Appendix A.

3.2.3 Demand Release Profiles

For developing traffic release profiles, the zones in the Aimsun model were grouped into six sectors: Panmure, West, Internal, North, East and South (Figure 4). Within the Internal sector, a subset of zones was created to separately represent the region nearest the Panmure Bridge and assigned its own demand profile.

Figure 5 and Figure 6 show the sector-to-sector profiles applied in the Aimsun model. Traffic count profiles at key locations on the network were used as a guideline to develop these demand profiles.

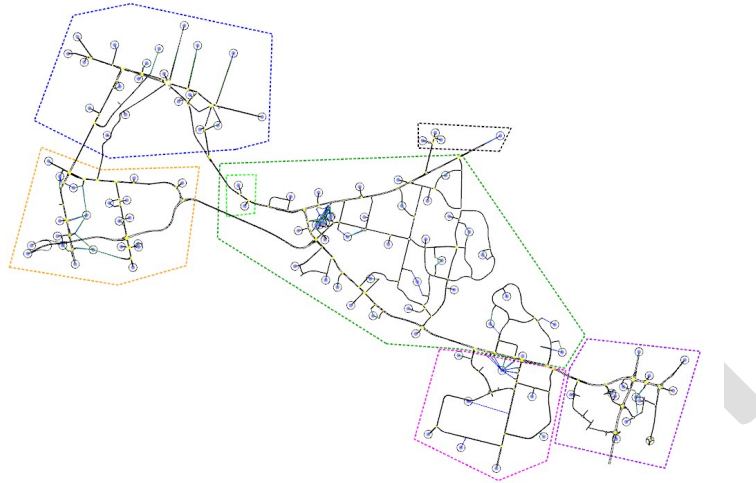


Figure 4 - Aimsun model sectors: Panmure (blue), West (yellow), Internal (dark green) with Panmure Bridge subset (light green), North (black), South (Pink), and East (purple)

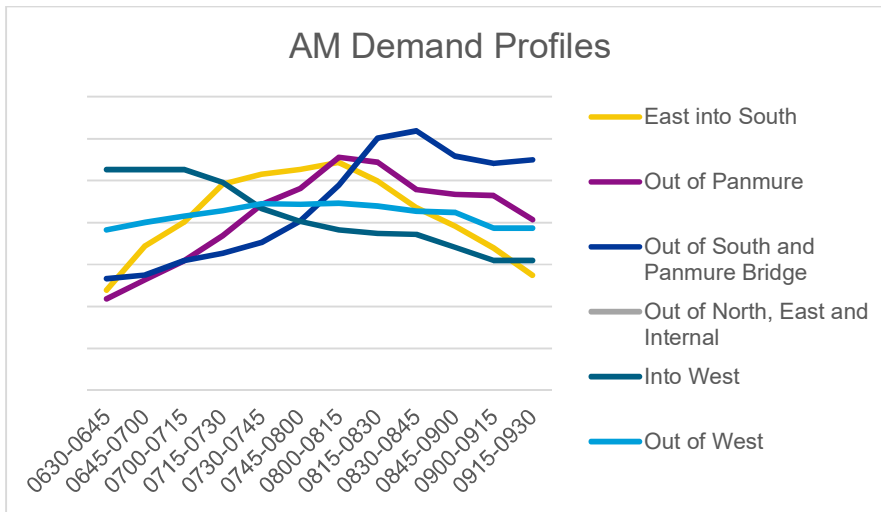


Figure 5 - AM Demand Profiles

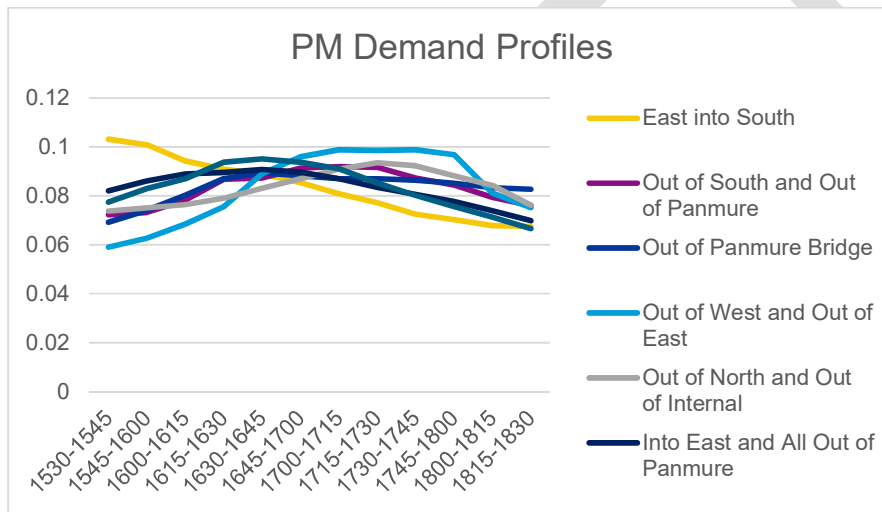


Figure 6 - PM Demand Profiles

3.3 Count Data

All count data for 2018 were provided by AFC, including SCATS detector counts and some manual counts. The locations of these counts used for link validation and turn validation (refer to Chapter 5) are shown in Figure 7 and Figure 8 respectively.

Link validation data was based on the average SCATS data of Tuesdays to Thursdays in March 2018. Turn validation data was based on the average of manual counts taken between Tuesday 12 June 2018 to Thursday 14 June 2018.

A sense-check of count continuity across the network was carried out and only counts that were consistent with adjacent counts were retained. This consisted of the majority of counts. All manual turn counts were checked for continuity with adjacent relevant SCATS counts and all were retained regardless of continuity since manual counts are considered more robust in general and these had been specifically provided by AFC for turn validation in the focus area. All counts used in validation were used as-is, without any further smoothing or processing.

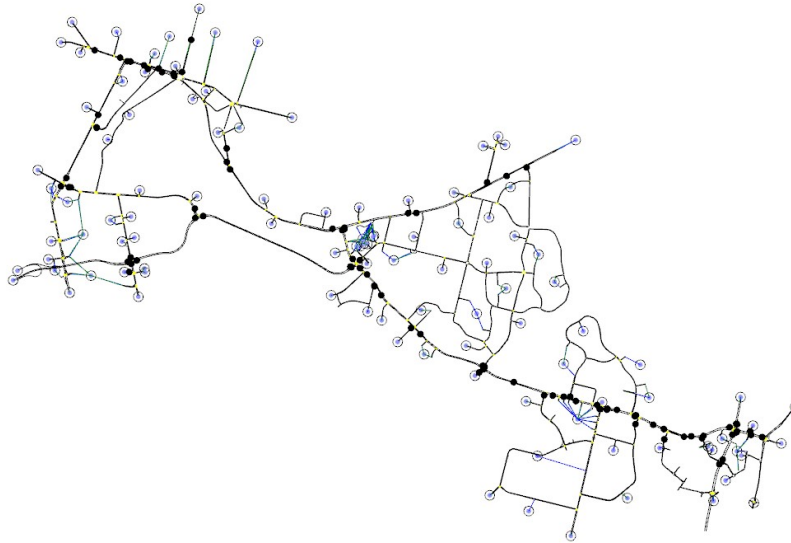


Figure 7 - Count locations used for link validation

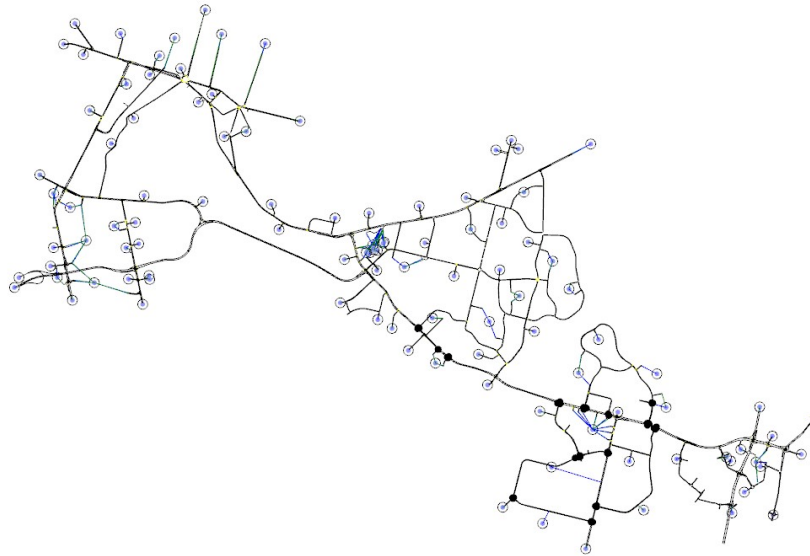


Figure 8 - Count locations used for turn validation, specifically for the model's focus area

3.4 Travel Time Data

The general traffic travel time data for key routes on the network (Figure 9) of Tuesdays to Thursdays in June 2018 was provided by AFC as summarised by Snitch GPS data. The full routes were provided in segments in order to understand the travel time and condition along the route. Following a sense-check of the travel times on Google, only the mean travel time on Ti Rakau Drive between Pakuranga Road and Pakuranga Highway was adjusted. All other travel times were accepted and retained for use in the validation.

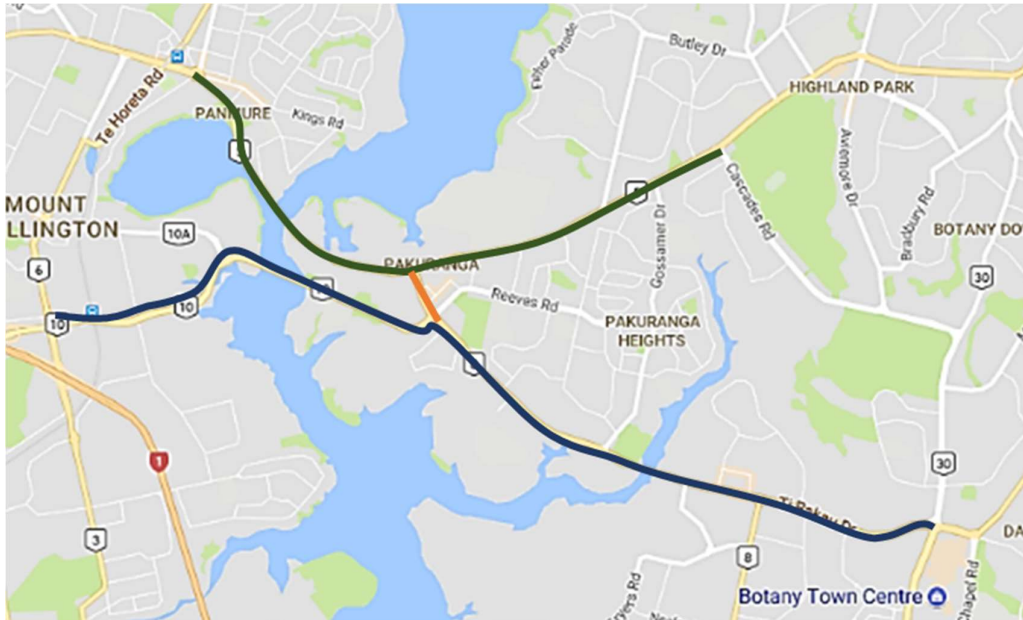


Figure 9 - Travel time routes from Snitch GPS data for reporting travel time validation in Chapter 5

3.5 Public Transport Data

All bus schedules and bus routes were obtained from the Auckland Transport (AT) website. Bus dwell time at bus stops were fixed at 30 sec mean stop time and deviation of 5. Bus travel time data was provided by AFC for March 2018 which included detailed timing of when each bus arrives and leaves each bus stop for each route. Following a sense-check of the travel times calculated from the raw data against AT's Journey Planner App, the average and maximum travel time of the routes were adjusted. The full list of bus services in the model is provided in Appendix D.

3.6 Signal Timing Data

The SCATS signal timing data of 7 March 2018 was provided by AFC for every signalised intersection within the model area. This was used to derive the signal timing coded into the model.

Average of maximum and minimum green times was used to develop the actuated control plan used in the dynamic assignment and initially used in the static assignment. During the model development process, it was noted that a fixed signal plan was more appropriate for model stability in the static assignment. Average green time from the single-day SCATS data was used as a starting point for developing the fixed control plan. Priority was placed on obtaining realistic turn delays and ensuring appropriate route choice distribution across the network rather than strict adherence to the average green times reported from that single day.

4 Model Parameter Inputs

4.1 Network Parameters

4.1.1 Road-Type Parameters

Road type distribution on the model network is summarised in Figure 10. Road type parameters were mostly retained from the ADTA model and provided in Appendix B. Adjustments were made to user-defined cost, third user-defined costs and capacity as part of the calibration process of route choice on the network. Lane-changing cooperation was also adjusted on certain road types to reflect the level of congestion as seen on Google's traffic view modes, and the travel time data.

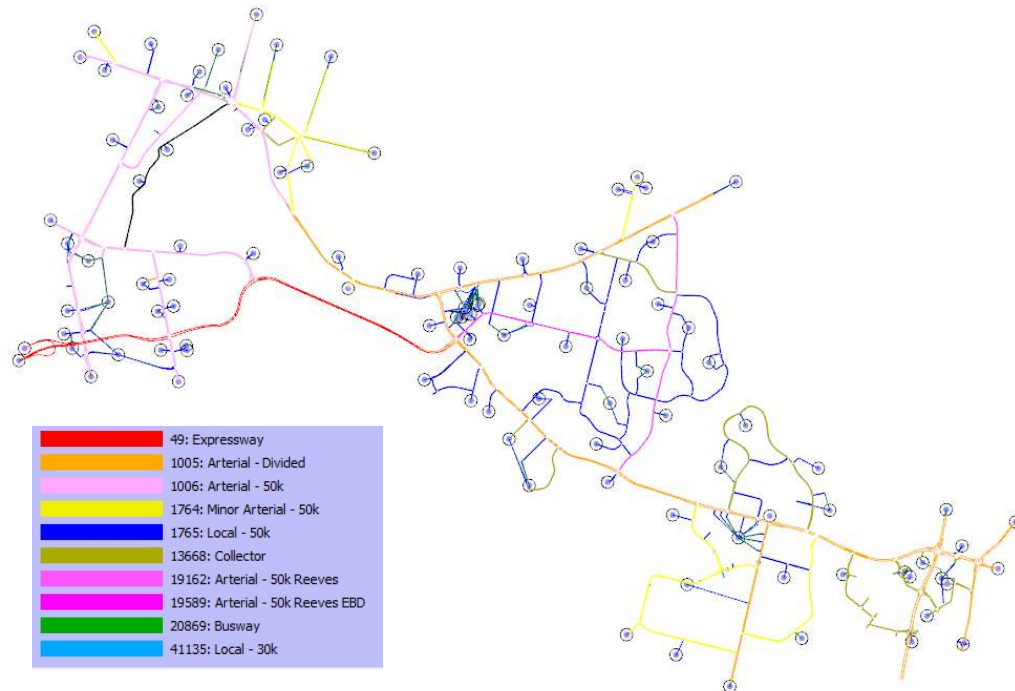


Figure 10 - Road Type Definition in the Aimsun Model

4.1.2 Attribute Overrides

The parameters of some sections and turns were controlled during assignment runs using Aimsun's attribute override functionality. This approach allows parameter values to be adjusted to a value more suitable than the default calculations at a particular section or turn. The parameter values that have been adjusted using attribute overrides are:

- Section maximum speed
- Turn capacity
- Turn look-ahead distance
- Lane-changing cooperation

The full list of these attribute overrides applied in the model is provided in Appendix E.

4.1.3 Traffic Management

Traffic management schemes on the network were applied using Aimsun's traffic management functionality. This approach also allows certain conditions of the road to be applied when they are typically observed during the modelled period and not necessarily throughout the period. Traffic management schemes in the model applied are:

- Panmure Bridge Eastbound Lane Closure: 1 Lane Closed, 6 am – 11 am
- Panmure Bridge Westbound Lane Closure: 1 Lane Closed, 3 pm – 8 pm
- Pakuranga Highway Maximum Speed Change to 55 km/h: 7.15 am – 8.45 am
- Pakuranga Highway Maximum Speed Change to 60 km/h: 4.15 pm – 6.15 pm

Ideally the speed reduction on Pakuranga Highway should be reflected by the model response, rather than the inputs. However this behaviour is hard to replicate in the model due to the unique nature of the road. For example, there is a hidden queue extended from the Pakuranga Highway and Carbine Road intersection to the Wipuna Road in the AM peak. The local drivers reduce their speeds on the bridge accordingly as they know there is a hidden queue in the downstream at the sharp corner. This traffic management inputs were not introduced in this update, they are inherited from the previous model.

4.2 Vehicle Parameters

Vehicle parameters were determined based on comparison and sensitivity testing with those adopted in existing Aimsun models such as ADTA (AFC), and QLD (Aecom) as well as input from the NZTA Axle Classification system. List of key vehicle parameters in the model are provided in Appendix C.

4.3 Cost Calculation

All functions related to calculating the cost of travel time and travel distance in the model were adopted from the ADTA model and used in the static assignment only. The travel time component consists of 1) link travel times, represented by a Volume Delay Function (VDF) on Sections, and 2) delays associated with making a turn at an intersection, represented by a Turn Penalty Function (TPF) and Junction Delay Function (JDF). Cost function scripts used in the model are provided in Appendix G.

The travel distance component reflects perceived vehicle operating costs and helps stabilise the traffic assignment.

4.3.1 Volume Delay Function

The VDF is based on the Akçelik VDF, which is widely adopted by strategic models in New Zealand, including MSM. Its formulation is as follows:

$$t = t_0 \{ 1 + 0.25 r_f [z + (z^2 + 8 J_A x / (Q t_0 r_f))^{0.5}] \}$$

where:

t = average travel time per unit distance (seconds per km)

t₀ = free flow travel time per unit distance (seconds per km)

J_A = Akçelik friction parameter

z = x - 1

x = q / Q = degree of saturation

q = demand flow rate (pcu/hr)

Q = capacity (pcu/hr)

r_f = the ratio of flow period to minimum travel time

The distance component, which is added to the travel time cost, is as follows:

$$d = d_f \times r_f \times L$$

where:

d = the distance cost

d_f = distance factor (0.5 for cars and 1.0 for Trucks)

r_f = road type factor

L = length of the section

This function was applied to every Section in the model, including centroid connectors. Different values of free flow speed, link capacity and Akçelik friction factors were defined by road type using Section attributes (Appendix B).

4.3.2 Intersection Delays – Signalised Movements

Aimsun provides default TPFs for signalised turning movements based on their respective green time split, adopting the procedures from Chapter 18 of the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) 2010.

This procedure requires a movement capacity as an input and in the model this was estimated based on the following formula:

$$Q = Q_s \times I \times g / C$$

where:

Q = capacity of the turning movement (pcu/hr)

Q_s = saturation flow at signal for the turning movement (pcu/hr/lane)

I = number of lanes for the turning movement

g = green time for the turning movement

C = cycle time at the signal

The saturation flow Q_s estimation was adopted from the ADTA model and is based on the relationship between saturation flow and turning speed from simulation tests conducted in Aimsun (Figure 11).

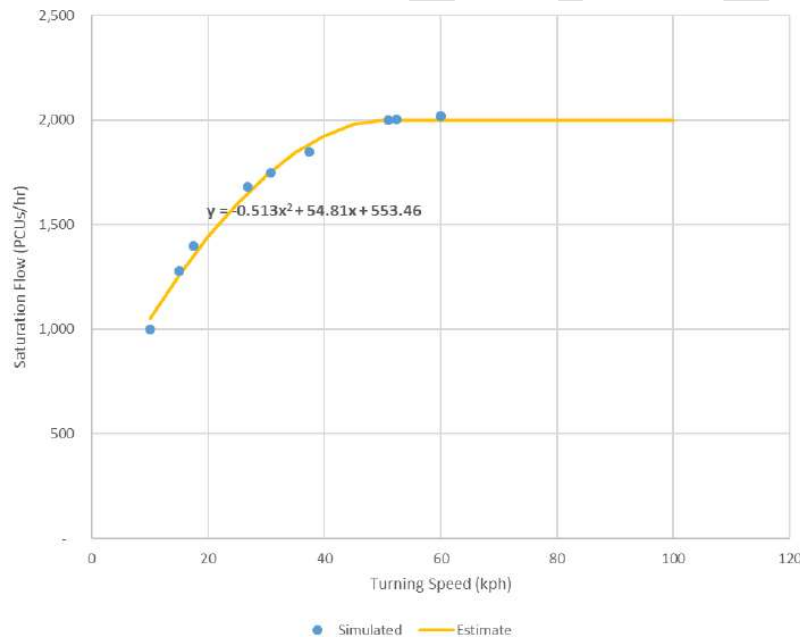


Figure 11 - Adopted Relationship between Signal Saturation Flow and Turning Speed. The line of best fit through the simulated saturation flows for turning speeds between 10 and 50 km/hr, where 10 km/hr is the minimum turning speed applied in ADTA. The saturation flow was capped at 2,000 pcu/hr/lane for turning speeds higher than 50 km/hr.

4.3.3 Intersection Delays – Priority Movements

Delays at priority-controlled intersections were represented by JDFs.

Relationships between the capacity of priority movements and the opposing flow were estimated using a linear relationship:

$$Q = Q_s - r \times f_o$$

where:

Q = capacity of the turning movement (pcu/hr)

Q_s = saturation flow for the turning movement i.e. capacity of the turning movement at zero opposing flow (pcu/hr); intercept

r = the rate at which the capacity decreases as opposing flow increases; slope

f_o = the flow opposing this turning movement (pcu/hr)

The resulting turn capacity **Q** was applied to the Akçelik VDF formula from Chapter 4.3.1 assuming a friction factor of 1.0 to calculate the corresponding turning delay for the priority movement.

The calibrated capacity intercepts and slopes for all priority turning movement types as used in the ADTA model is provided in Appendix F.

4.4 Model Assignment Parameters

4.4.1 Assignment Methodology

Based on previous modelling, an 80-to-20 split in static versus dynamic path assignment was considered appropriate for the microscopic simulation. This gave better control of modelling route choice in the area and sense-checks during the model development process showed that route distribution in the model was reasonable and supported the use of the method.

4.4.2 Static Assignment Parameters

Table 1 shows the key parameters of the static assignment used in the Aimsun model.

Table 1 - Key Static Assignment Parameters

Static Assignment Parameters	
Assignment Engine	Frank and Wolf Assignment
Maximum Iterations	50
Relative Gap	0.1 %

4.4.3 Dynamic Assignment Parameters

All dynamic assignment parameters (Table 2 and Table 3) were determined based on comparison and sensitivity testing with those adopted in existing Aimsun models such as ADTA (AFC), and QLD (Aecom).

Table 2 - Key Dynamic Assignment Parameters

Dynamic Assignment Parameters		
Main		
Network Loading	Microscopic Simulator	
Assignment Approach	Stochastic Route Choice	
Using Warm-Up	(5% of demand, 15 min)	
Using a Saved Initial State	No	
Attributes Overrides	(refer to Appendix E)	
Performance Settings:		
Simulation Threads	4	
Route Choice Threads	4	
Behaviour		
Car Following:		
Two-Lane Car-Following Model	No	
Apply Slope Model	No	
Lane Changing:		
Distance Zone Variability	40%	
Two-Way Two-Lane Overtaking Model	No	
Queue Speeds:		
Queue Entry Speed	1 m/s	
Queue Exit Speed	1 m/s	

Table 3 - Key Dynamic Assignment Parameters continued

Dynamic Assignment Parameters					
Reaction Time					
Simulation Step	0.8 sec				
Reaction Time Settings	Fixed				
Reaction Time at Stop	1.15 sec				
Reaction Time at Traffic Light	1.35 sec				
Arrivals					
Global Arrivals	Normal				
Dynamic Traffic Assignment					
Costs:					
Cycle	5 min				
Number of Intervals	3				
Attractiveness Weight	5				
User-Defined Cost Weight	1				
Use Link Costs from Replication	None				
Group Route Choice Intervals	No				
Fixed Routes:	Following OD Routes	Following Input Path Assignment			
Car	100%	80%			
Truck	100%	100%			
Max. Paths to Use From Input Path Assignment	All				
Stochastic Route Choice:					
Model	C-Logit				
Enroute	No				
Enroute After Virtual Queue	No				
Stochastic Route Choice - Basic:					
Path Calculation	Source	Max. Number of Initial Paths to Consider			
	K-SP	1			
Max. Paths per Interval	For All Veh	3			
Stochastic Route Choice – Parameters:	Origin	Destination	Scale	Beta	Gamma
	All	All	12	0.15	1

5 Calibration and Validation Results

5.1 General Approach

Calibration and validation for the model were undertaken with reference to criteria for Category C: Urban Area in NZTA Model Development Guidelines (Criteria) on individual link flows, turn flows and travel time for each hour between 7am – 9am, and 4pm – 6pm.

Adjustments to demand and network during the calibration process were carefully considered with respect to implications on model response and forecasting.

Several sense-checks were made as part of the calibration process including checks on route-choice, turn delays in the static assignment, demand profiles, HCV counts and visual congestion on the network.

5.2 Demand Adjustment

5.2.1 Manual Adjustment

All demand adjustments for the model were done manually and summarised in Table 4 - Table 9. During the demand adjustment, care was taken to retain the demand distribution from the strategic model. Adjustments were made to resolve majority of the network issues in the first instance, before demand adjustments were made.

Table 4 – AM Post-Adjusted Sector-to-Sector Demands

	East	Internal	North	South	Panmure	West	
East	3,465	1,664	210	6,545	940	2,889	15,713
Internal	965	1,101	1,160	1,922	1,570	2,769	9,487
North	520	1,301	0	860	4,128	3,451	10,260
South	3,716	1,268	90	2,865	374	499	8,811
Panmure	493	558	982	448	4,957	5,700	13,137
West	1,177	1,001	1,039	992	3,931	8,024	16,164
Total	10,336	6,892	3,481	13,632	15,900	23,331	73,572

Table 7 - PM Post-Adjusted Sector-to-Sector Demands

	East	Internal	North	South	Panmure	West	
East	4,374	2,299	916	3,808	1,104	1,881	14,382
Internal	2,293	1,224	1,867	1,239	733	1,431	8,787
North	131	1,582	0	169	1,296	1,319	4,498
South	8,000	2,248	229	3,166	873	793	15,310
Panmure	928	1,671	3,528	507	4,548	4,777	15,958
West	1,867	3,065	4,493	375	5,892	7,621	23,314
Total	17,592	12,089	11,033	9,264	14,447	17,823	82,249

Table 5 - AM Sector-to-Sector Demand Adjustment

	East	Internal	North	South	Panmure	West	Total
East	-651	-77	-37	21	74	217	-454
Internal	-506	-68	17	-180	-154	12	-880
North	-397	-50	0	-104	-576	0	-1,128
South	-537	-192	-185	64	2	117	-731
Panmure	-99	-85	230	-417	-1,187	-433	-1,991
West	-25	-6	-3	172	-198	-276	-336
Total	-2,216	-478	22	-444	-2,040	-364	-5,520

Table 8 - PM Sector-to-Sector Demand Adjustment

	East	Internal	North	South	Panmure	West	Total
East	800	420	162	-218	420	299	1,882
Internal	-216	-21	566	-348	-131	-36	-185
North	-370	356	0	-341	99	-432	-688
South	11	378	-471	599	134	126	778
Panmure	-216	42	976	-129	-335	425	763
West	2	593	-269	-20	141	-1,035	-586
Total	11	1,768	964	-456	329	-653	1,963

Table 6 - AM Sector-to-Sector Demand Percent Adjustment

	East	Internal	North	South	Panmure	West	Total
East	-16%	-4%	-15%	0%	8%	8%	-3%
Internal	-34%	-6%	2%	-9%	-9%	0%	-8%
North	-43%	-4%	0%	-11%	-12%	0%	-10%
South	-13%	-13%	-67%	2%	1%	30%	-8%
Panmure	-17%	-13%	31%	-48%	-19%	-7%	-13%
West	-2%	-1%	0%	21%	-5%	-3%	-2%
Total	-18%	-6%	1%	-3%	-11%	-2%	-7%

Table 9 - PM Sector-to-Sector Demand Percent Adjustment

	East	Internal	North	South	Panmure	West	Total
East	22%	22%	21%	-5%	61%	19%	15%
Internal	-9%	-2%	44%	-22%	-15%	-2%	-2%
North	-74%	29%	0%	-67%	8%	-25%	-13%
South	0%	20%	-67%	23%	18%	19%	5%
Panmure	-19%	3%	38%	-20%	-7%	10%	5%
West	0%	24%	-6%	-5%	2%	-12%	-2%
Total	0%	17%	10%	-5%	2%	-4%	2%

5.2.2 Turn Delay Check

Turn delays from the static assignment were monitored to ensure that no major delays were adversely affecting path assignment and route distribution, as well as to gauge model stability.

To facilitate stability of the static assignment, a fixed signal control plan was used (whereas an actuated control plan was used in the dynamic assignment). Priority was placed on reducing turn delay and ensuring appropriate route choice distribution across the network rather than strict adherence to the maximum green times reported from the single-day SCATS data.

5.3 Static Assignment Results

5.3.1 Convergence

The static assignment for each modelled period was stable and attained the relative gap (rgap) before 50 iterations (Figure 12 and Figure 13). 80% of the path assignments from the static assignment was set to be retained during the dynamic assignment.

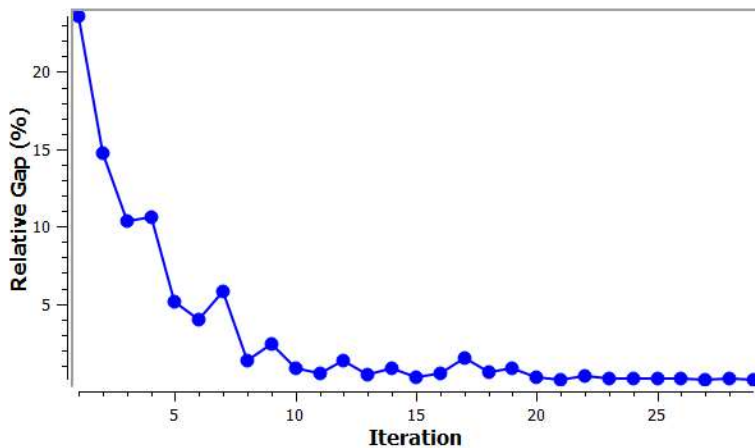


Figure 12 - AM Peak Static Assignment Convergence

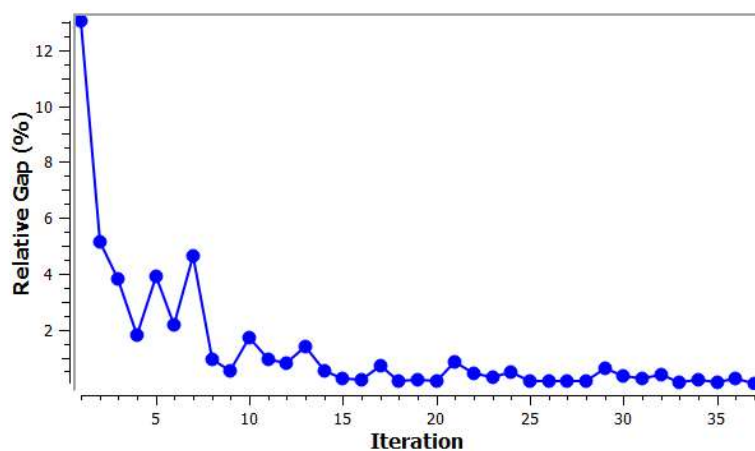


Figure 13 - PM Peak Static Assignment Convergence

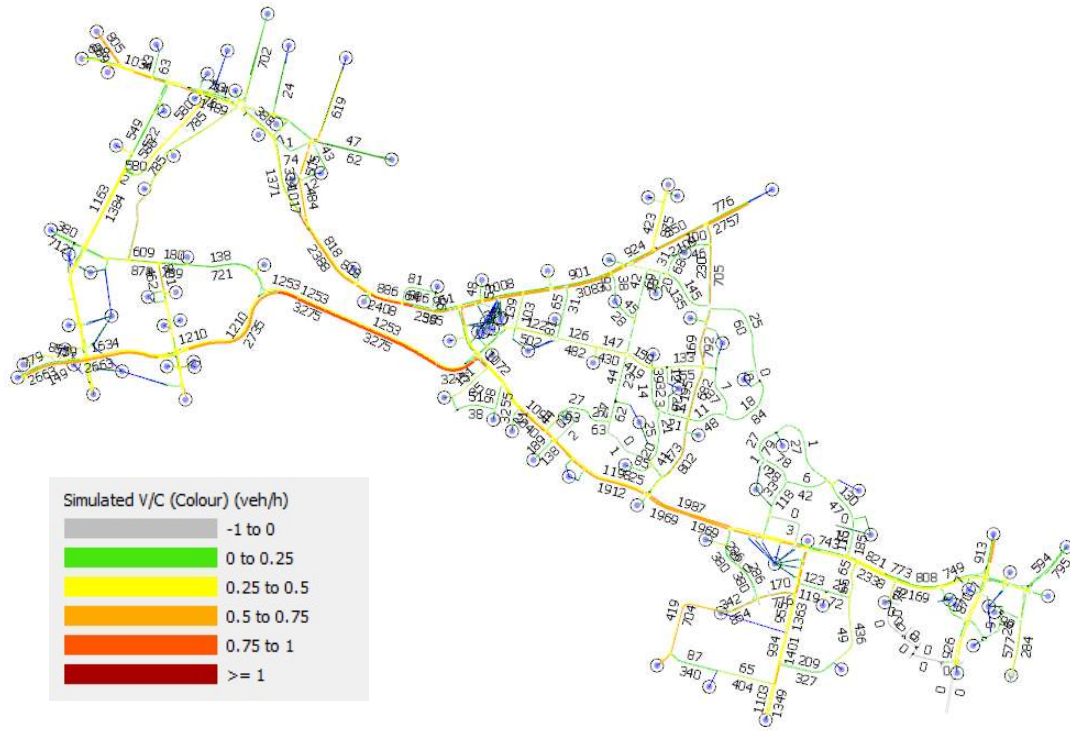


Figure 14 - AM Peak Assigned Flow in PCU/hr (6.15 am – 9.30 am)

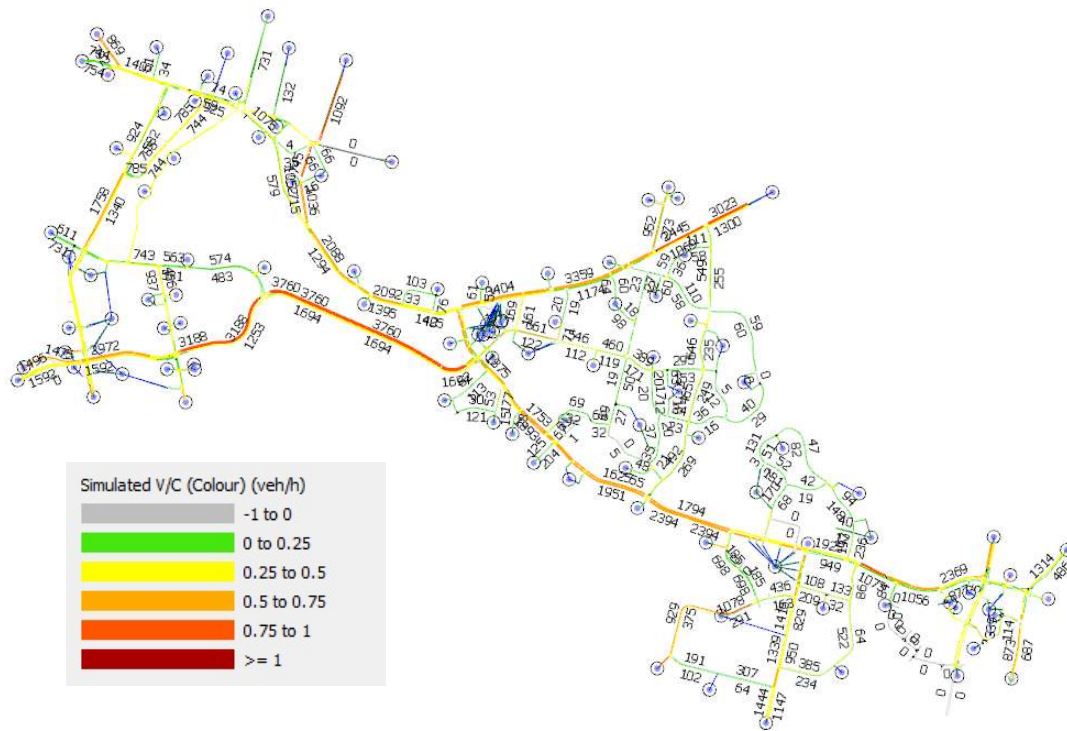


Figure 15 - PM Peak Assigned Flow in PCU/hr (3.15 pm – 6.30 pm)

5.4 Validation Results

5.4.1 Link Counts Validation

Results for individual link counts (Table 10 and Figure 16) network-wide show that the model satisfies the validation criteria for GEH, R² and RMSE.

Table 10 - Summary of Individual Link Counts Validation Results across Network

	AM (%)		PM (%)		NZTA Guideline
	7am - 8am	8am - 9am	4pm - 5pm	5pm - 6pm	Category C
GEH <5	85	85	91	87	>80%
GEH <7.5	94	95	98	99	>85%
GEH <10	99	98	99	100	>90%
R ²	0.98	0.98	0.99	0.99	>0.95
RMSE	12	13	10	9	<20%

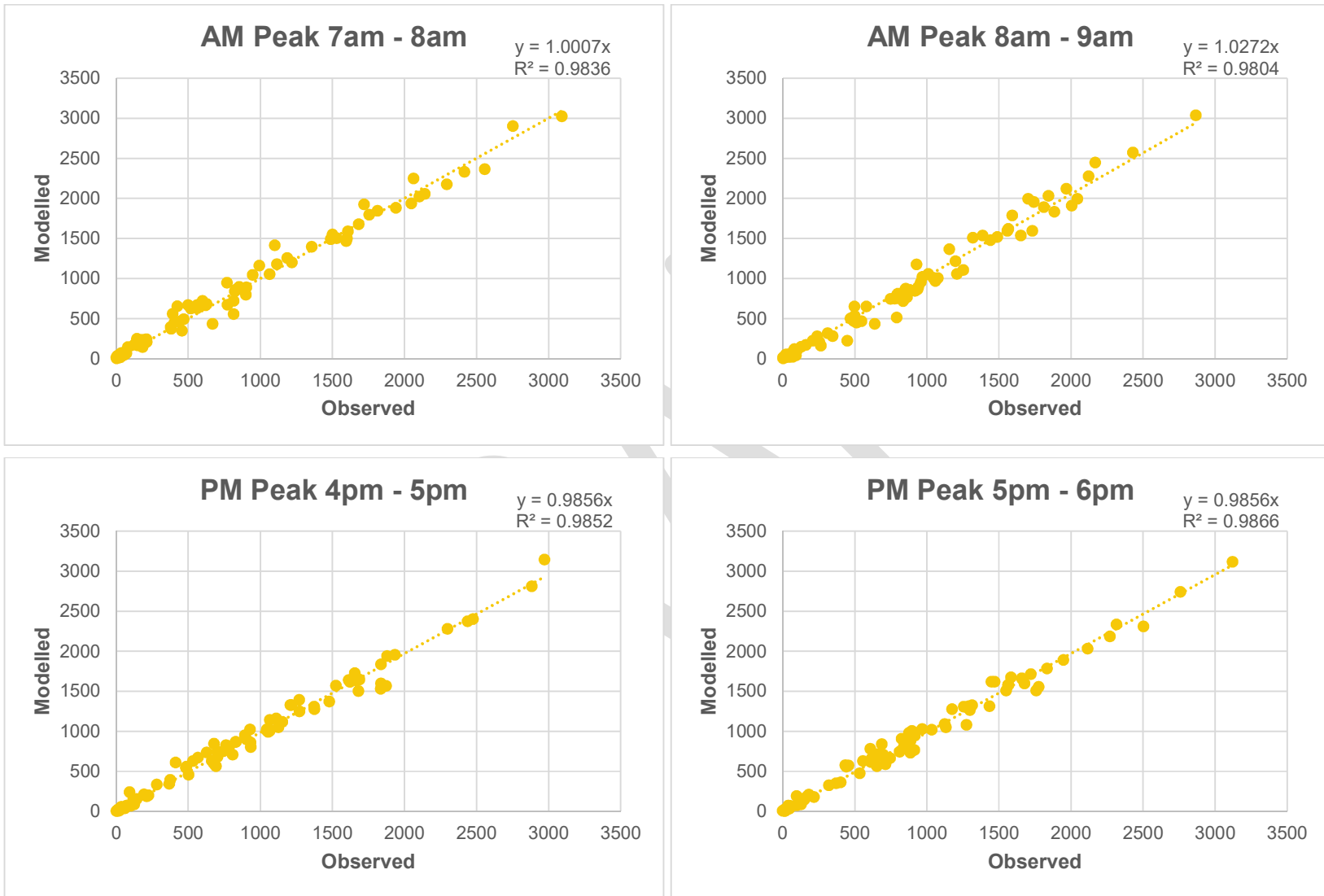


Figure 16 - Link Counts Validation Scatter Plots

5.4.2 Turn Counts Validation

Results for individual turn counts (Table 11) in the focus area show that the model satisfies the validation criteria for GEH, R^2 and RMSE. Where the modelled counts did not meet the GEH <5 criteria, the manual counts at that turn were either found to be unreasonable when cross-checked with adjacent counts or there was lack of information on reliability and therefore given less priority for validation.

Table 11 - Summary of Individual Turn Counts Validation Results in Focused Area

	AM (%)		PM (%)		NZTA Guideline
	7am - 8am	8am - 9am	4pm - 5pm	5pm - 6pm	Category C
GEH <5	84	85	78	84	>80%
GEH <7.5	93	91	94	94	>85%
GEH <10	96	98	99	100	>90%
R^2	0.99	0.98	0.99	0.99	>0.95
RMSE	19	19	19	14	<20%

5.5 Flow Profile Validation

Flow profiles at key locations across the network (Figure 17) were monitored. Overall, the modelled flow profiles follow the observed profiles reasonably well (Figure 18 and Figure 19).

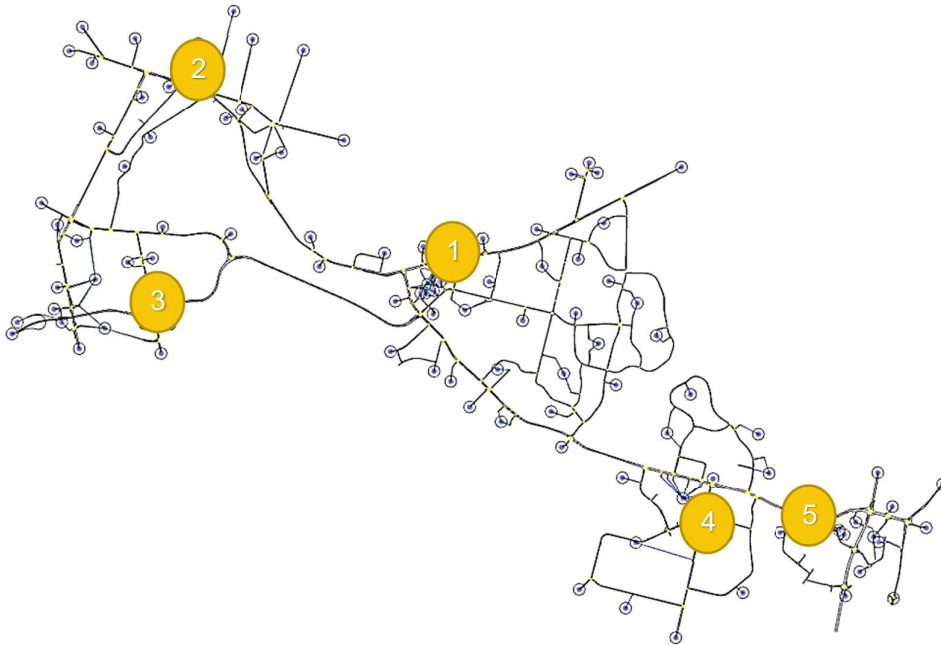
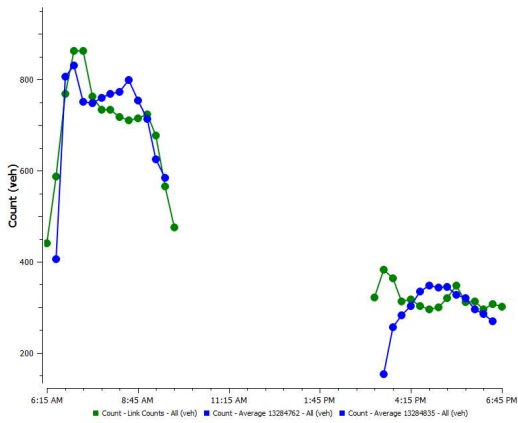


Figure 17 - Profile Validation Locations

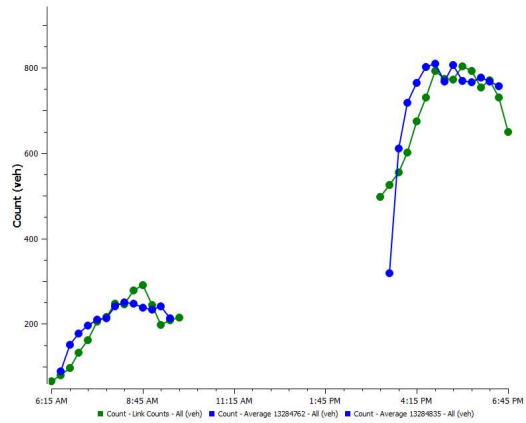
1 – Pakuranga Road / Lewis Road

Westbound



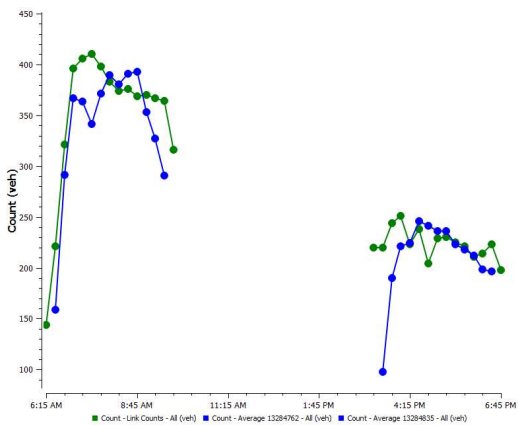
1 – Pakuranga Road / Lewis Road

Eastbound



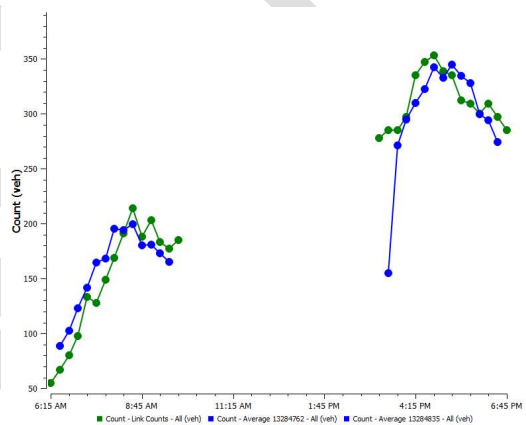
2 – Panmure Roundabout, Mount Wellington Approach

Westbound



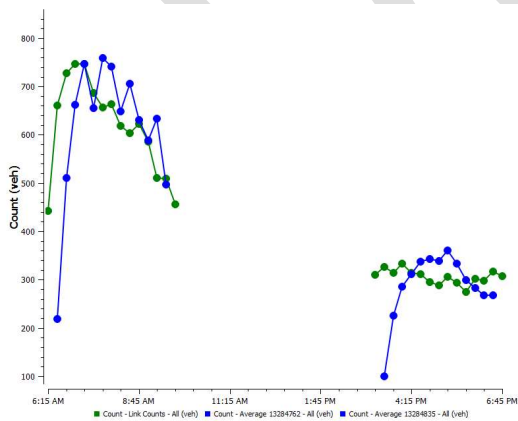
2 – Panmure Roundabout, Mount Wellington Approach

Eastbound



3 – South-Eastern Highway / Carbine Road

Westbound



3 – South-Eastern Highway / Carbine Road

Eastbound

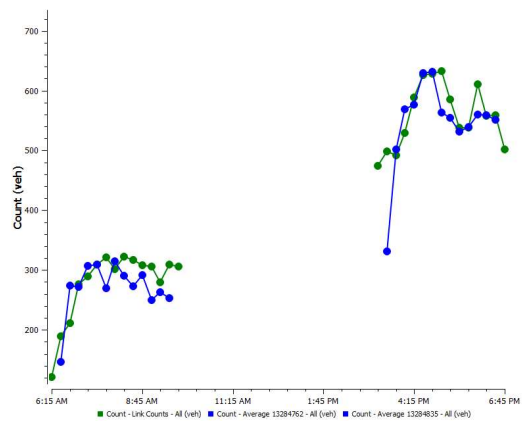
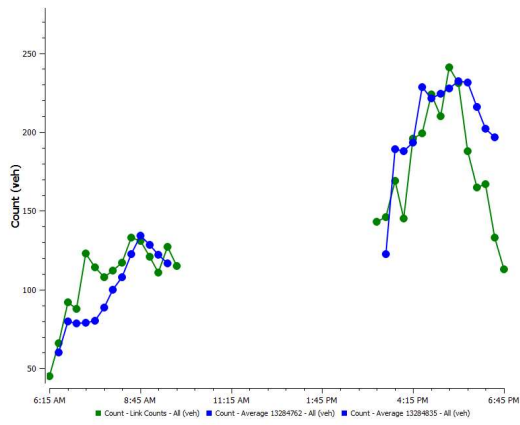


Figure 18 - Flow Profile Validation (modelled in blue, observed in green)

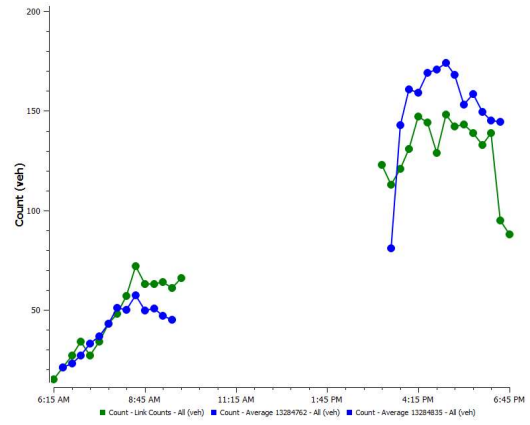
4 –Ti Rakau Drive / Harris Road

Harris Road Westbound



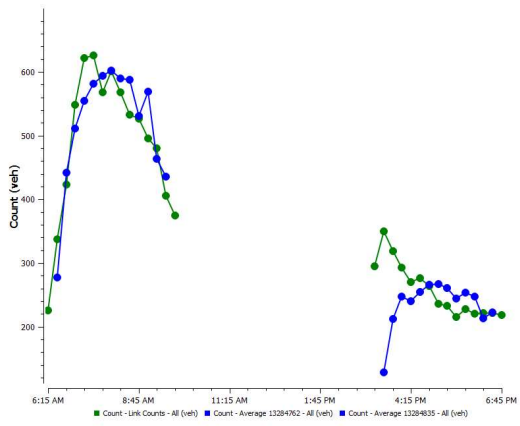
4 –Ti Rakau Drive / Harris Road

Harris Road Eastbound



5 – Ti Rakau Drive / Huntington Drive

Westbound



5 – Ti Rakau Drive / Huntington Drive

Eastbound

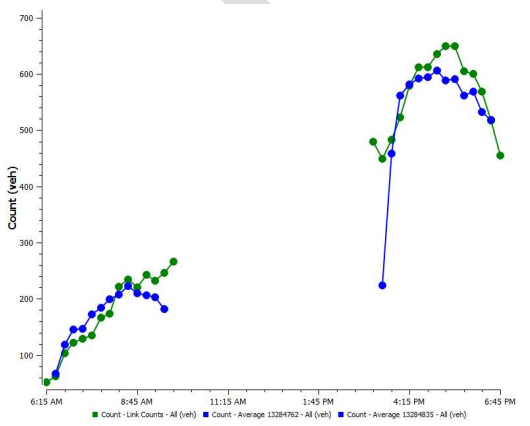


Figure 19 - Flow Profile Validation (modelled in blue, observed in green) continued

5.6 HCV Count Validation

A sense-check of the modelled proportion of vehicles assigned as NZTA Axle Class 4 and above (medium and heavy vehicles) was made at key locations across the network. Estimates of car to HCV proportions were made based on available tube count data and judgement. Overall, the modelled proportions match the estimates reasonably well (Figure 20).

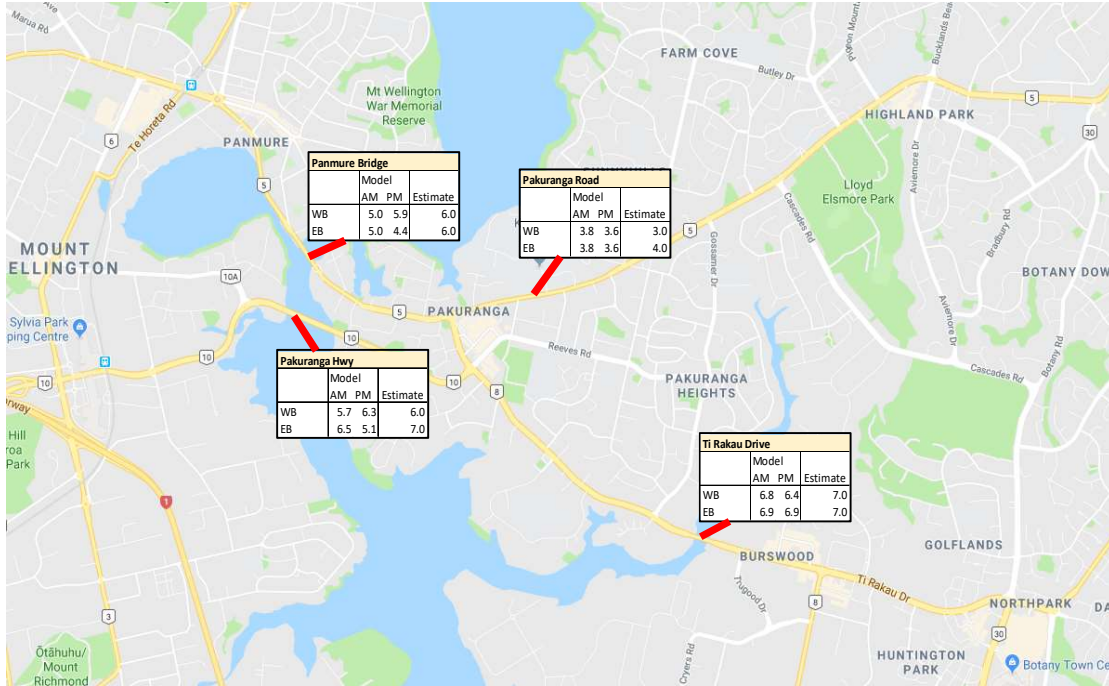


Figure 20 - Comparison of HCV percentage at key locations on the network

As described, the HCV includes MCV counts and we understand the survey at intersections only include pure HCV and hence this data was not used in this validation.

5.7 Travel Time Validation

Journey time versus distance graphs show that the modelled travel times were generally a good fit to the observed travel time (Figure 22 - **Error! Reference source not found.**). Signals at the modelled intersections were actuated based on minimum and maximum green times provided from the SCATS data of 7 March 2018. Adjustments were made up to five seconds above and below the maximum green time where required to calibrate travel times. Despite these adjustments, it is noted that:

- For the AM peak, modelled travel time from Edgewater Drive to Pakuranga Highway on Ti Rakau Drive is slightly low in the second hour. Overall 92% of the routes meet the Criteria for the AM peak.
- For the PM peak, modelled travel time from Jellicoe Road to Ti Rakau Drive is slightly low in the second hour. Overall 92% of the routes meet the Criteria for the PM peak.

Nevertheless, all modelled travel times (routes summarised in Figure 21) were within the 15th and 85th percentile of observed travel time. Therefore, the model is considered acceptably validated for travel time.

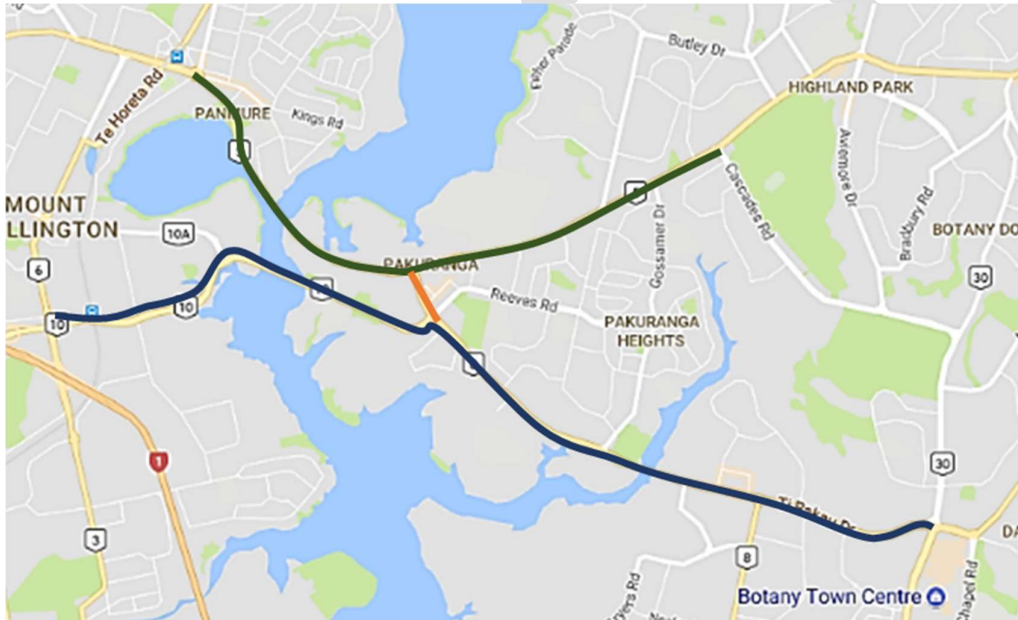


Figure 21 - Travel time routes (traffic) from Snitch GPS data for reporting travel time validation in Chapter 5

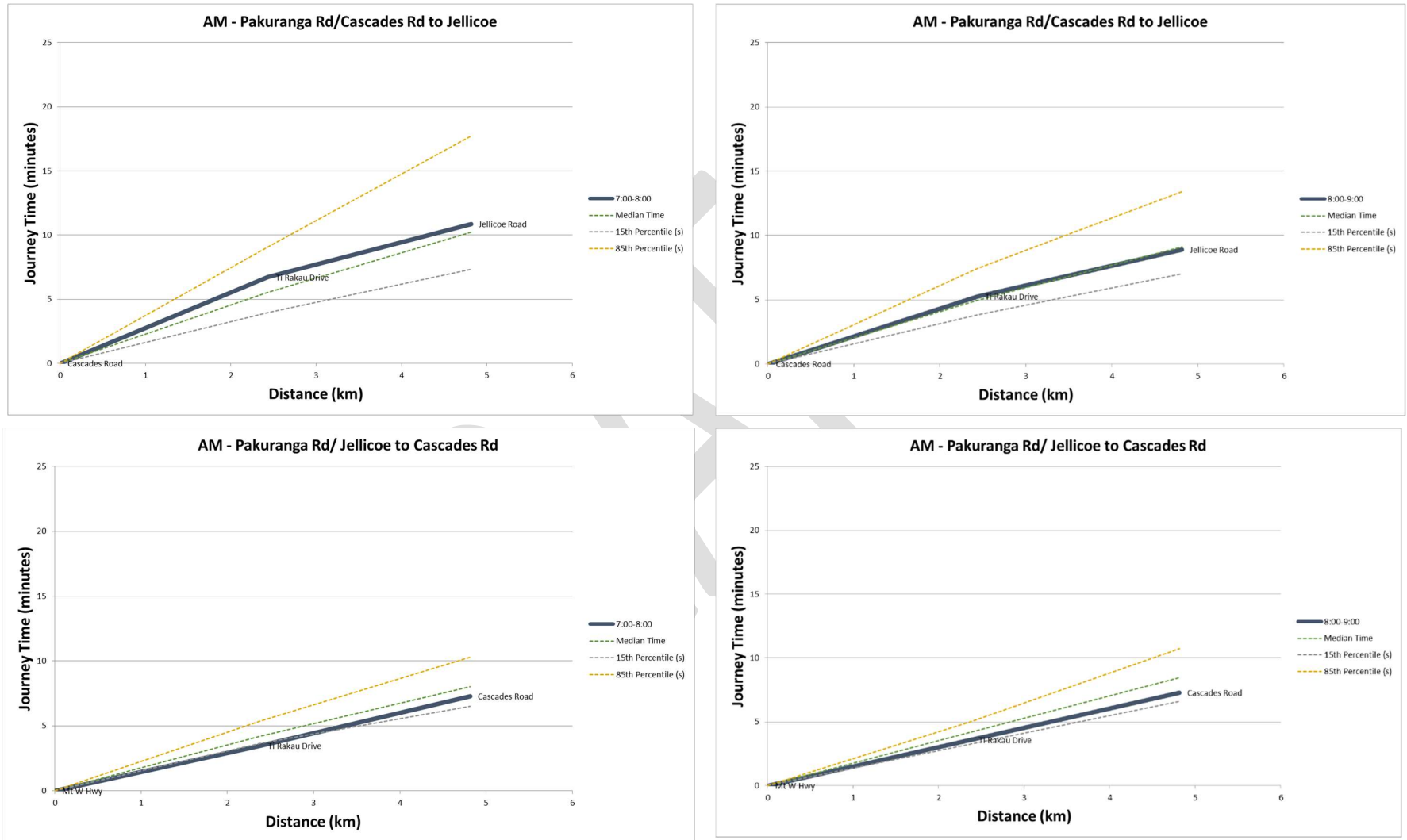


Figure 22 - Travel Time Validation Graphs: AM Pakuranga Road/ Cascades Road to Mount Wellington Highway

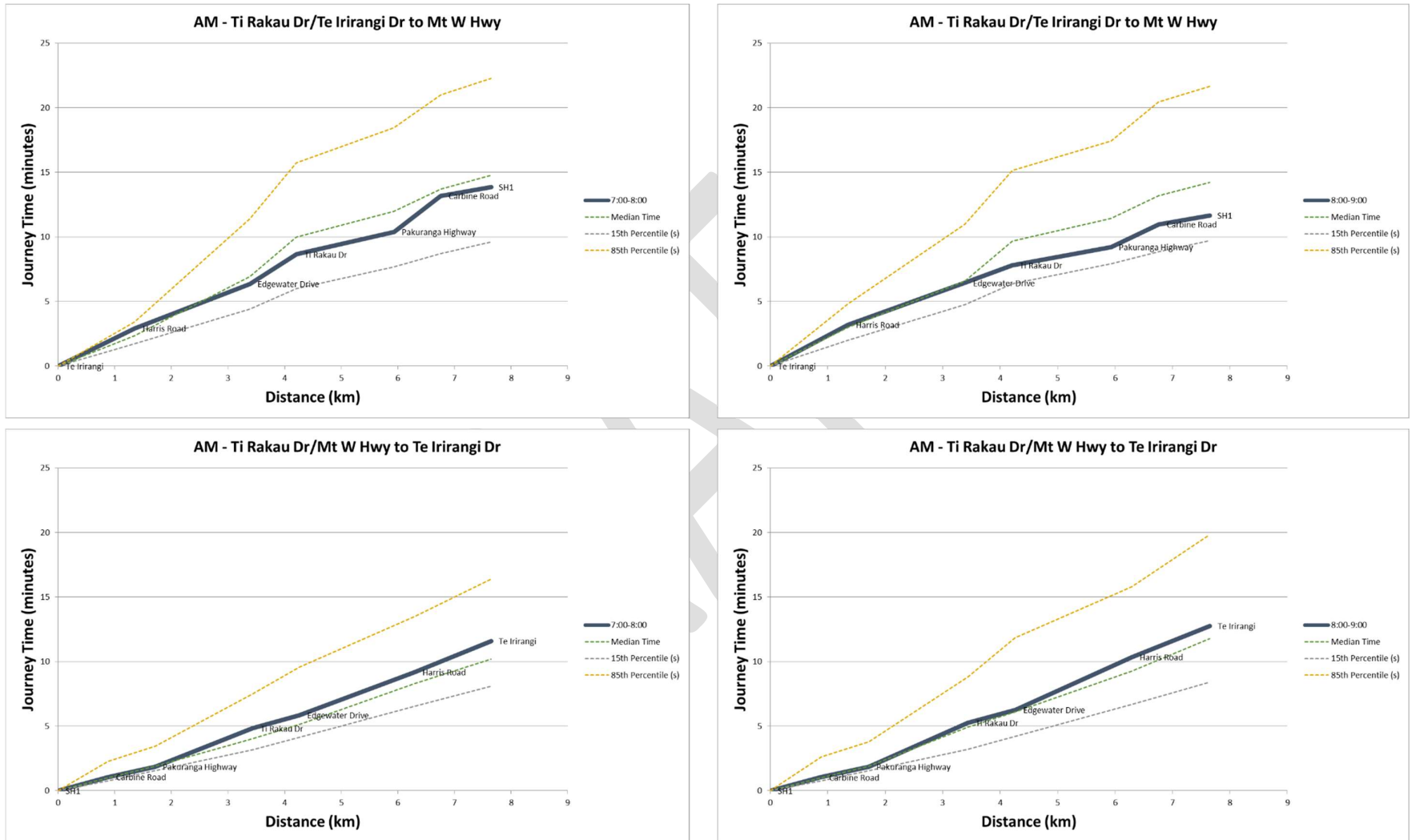


Figure 23 - Travel Time Validation Graphs: AM Ti Rakau Drive/ Te Iirangi Drive to Mount Wellington Highway

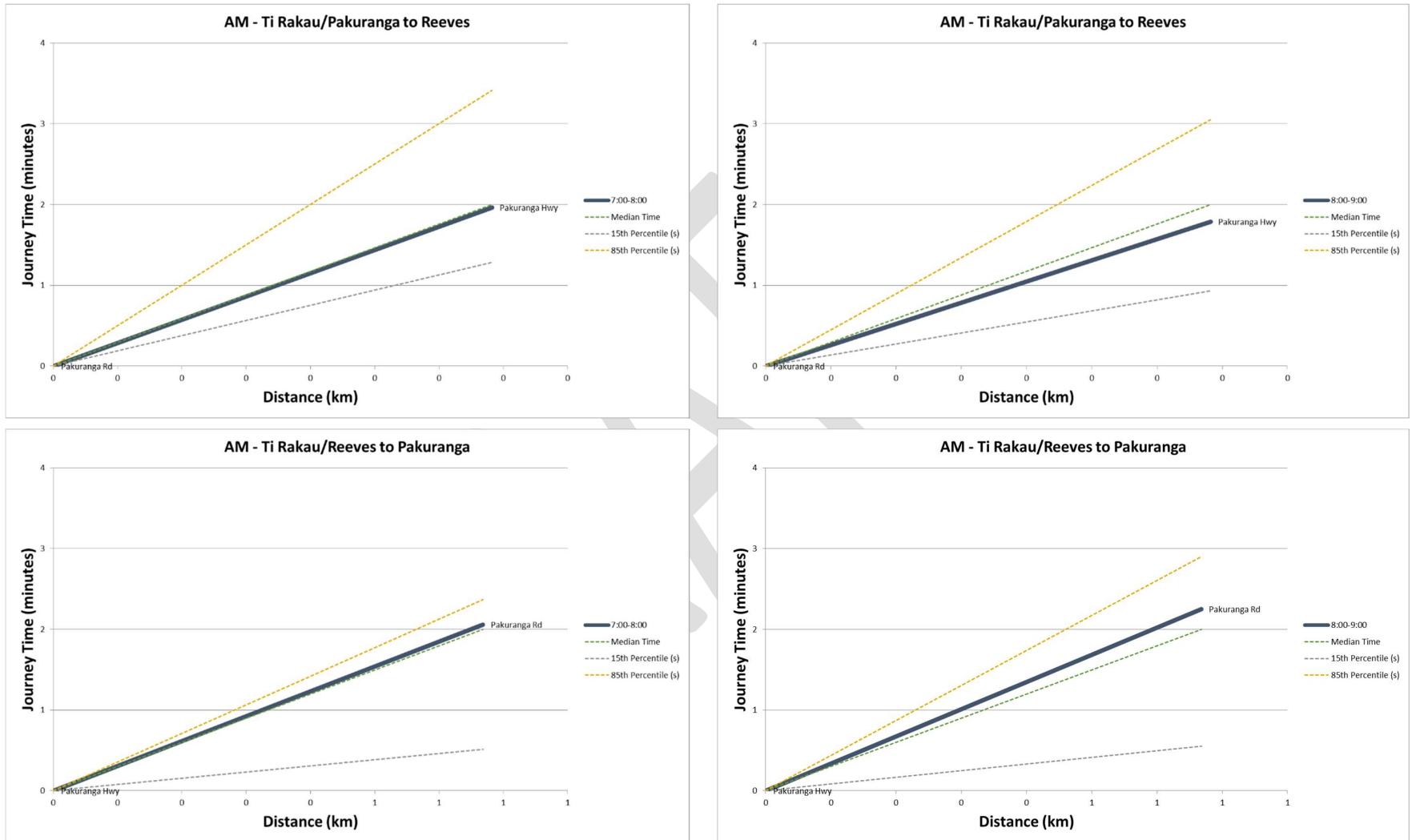


Figure 24 - Travel Time Validation Graphs: AM Ti Rakau Drive/ Pakuranga Road to Reeves Road

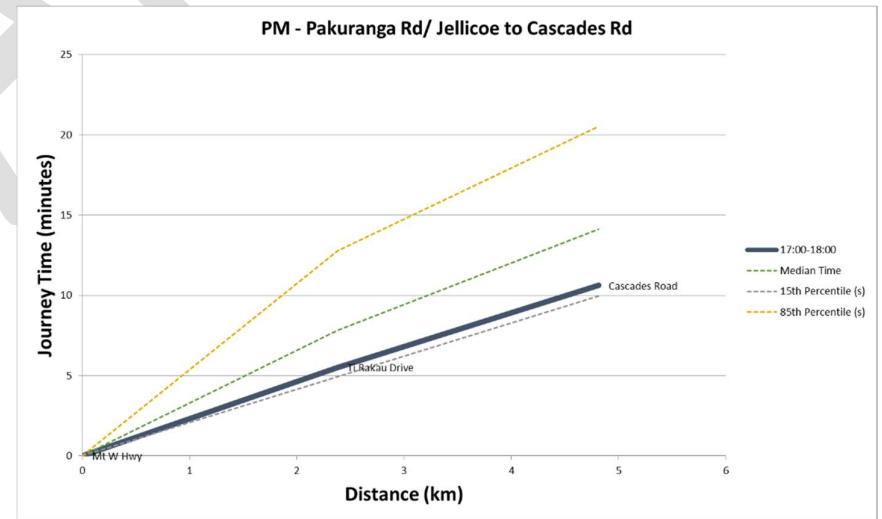
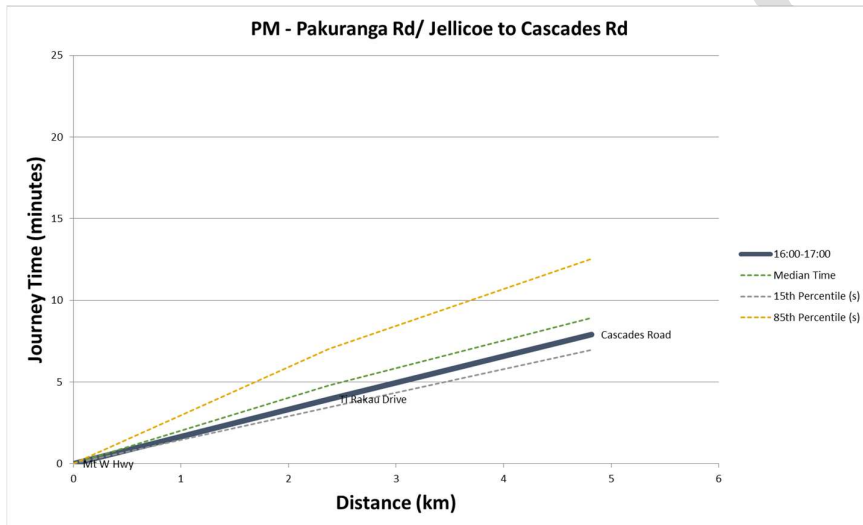
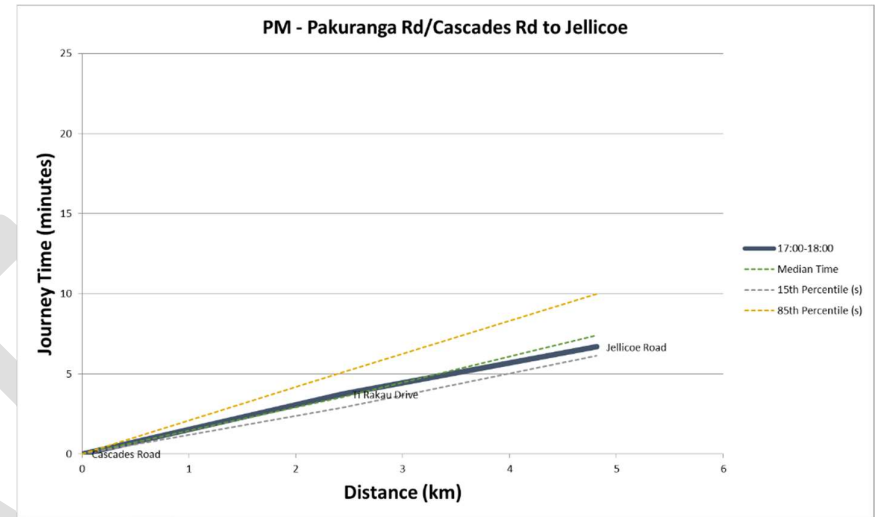
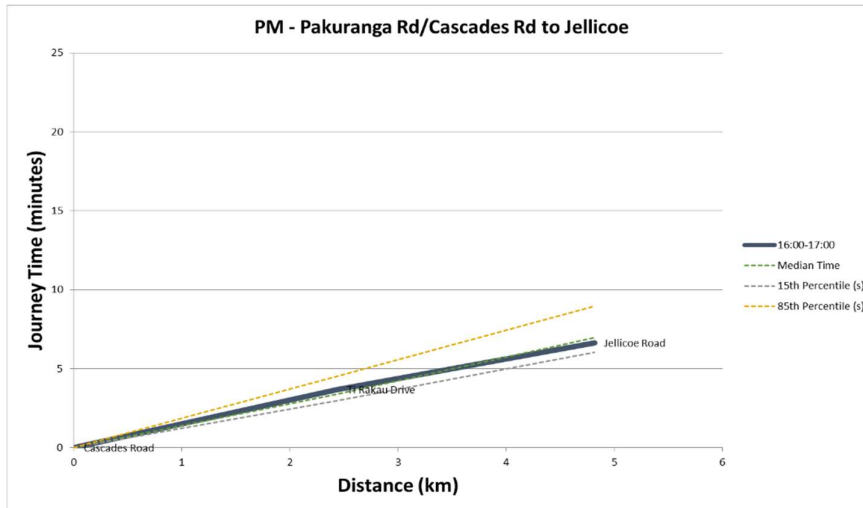


Figure 25 - Travel Time Validation Graphs: PM Pakuranga Road/ Cascades Road to Mount Wellington Highway

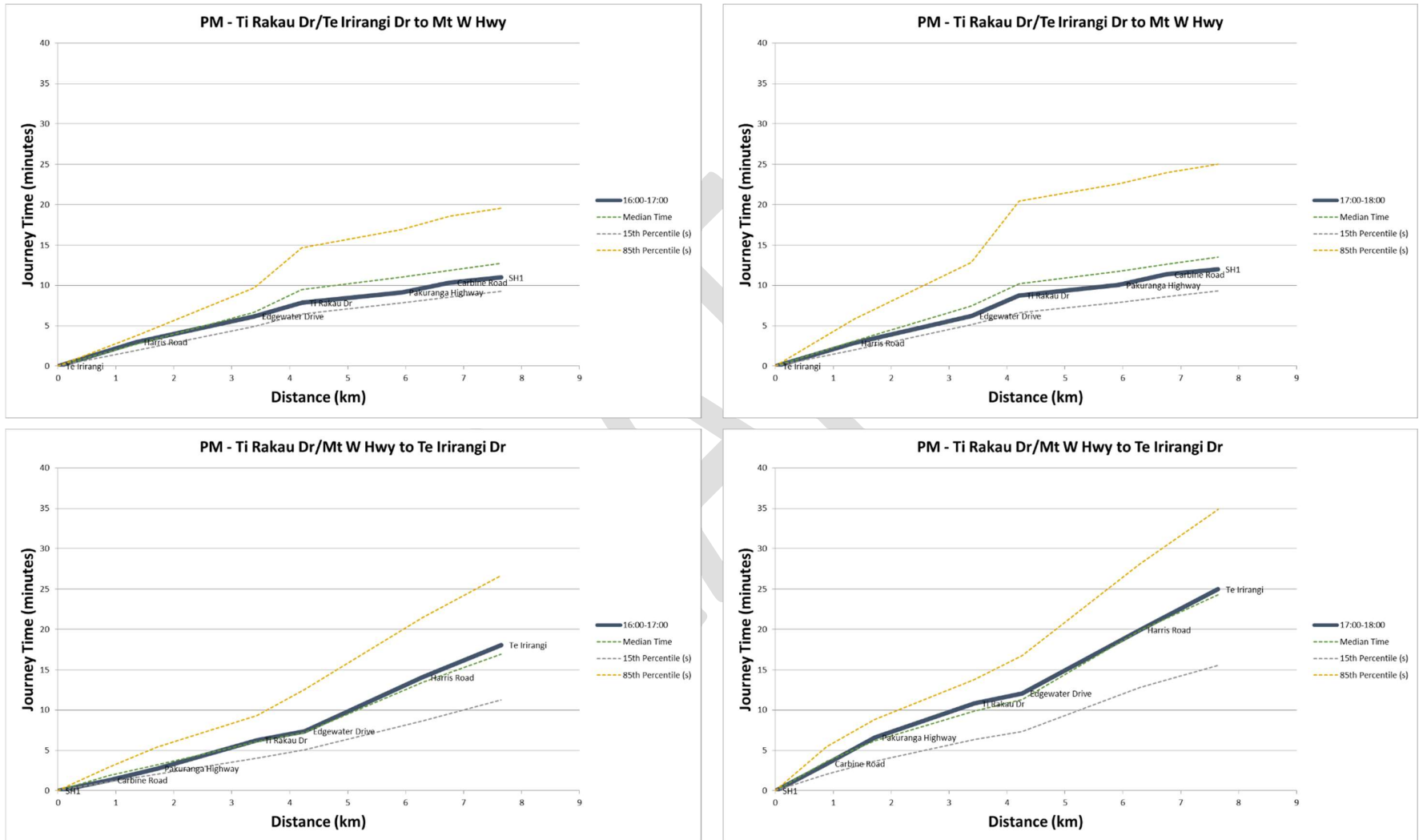


Figure 26 - Travel Time Validation Graphs: PM Ti Rakau Drive/ Te Irirangi Drive to Mount Wellington Highway

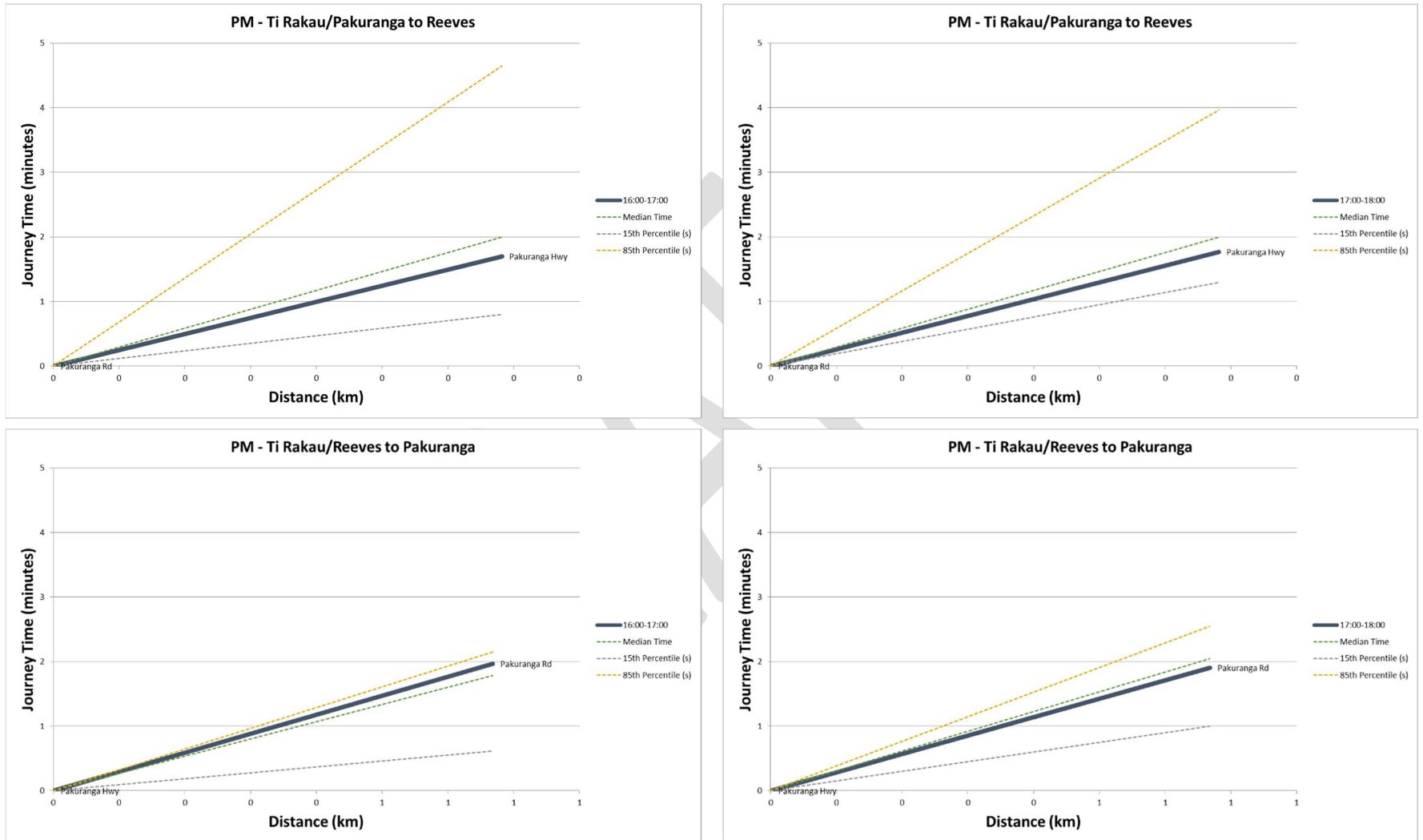


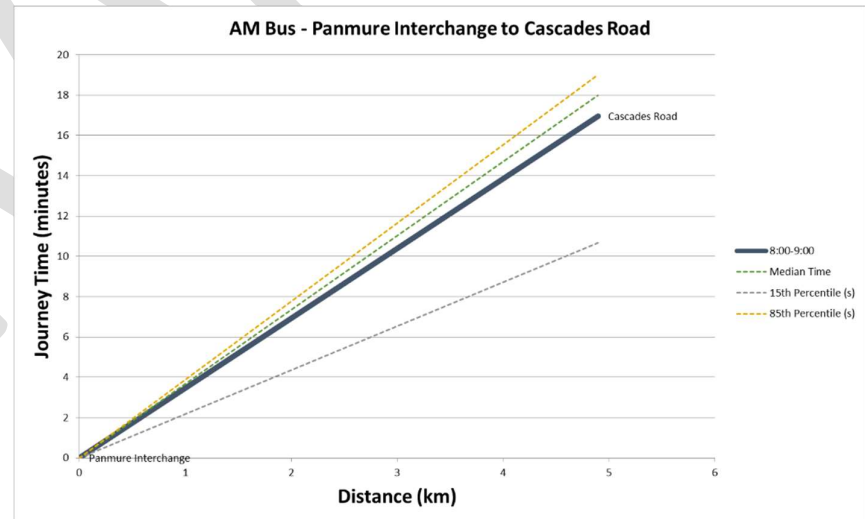
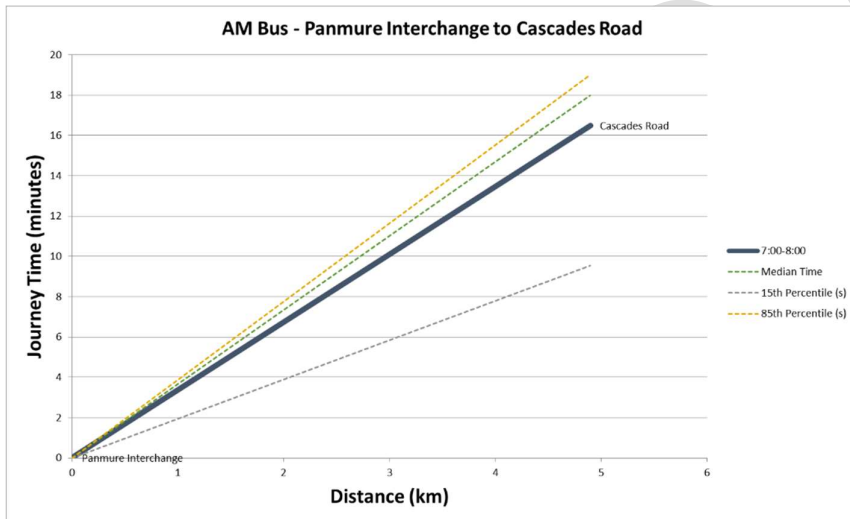
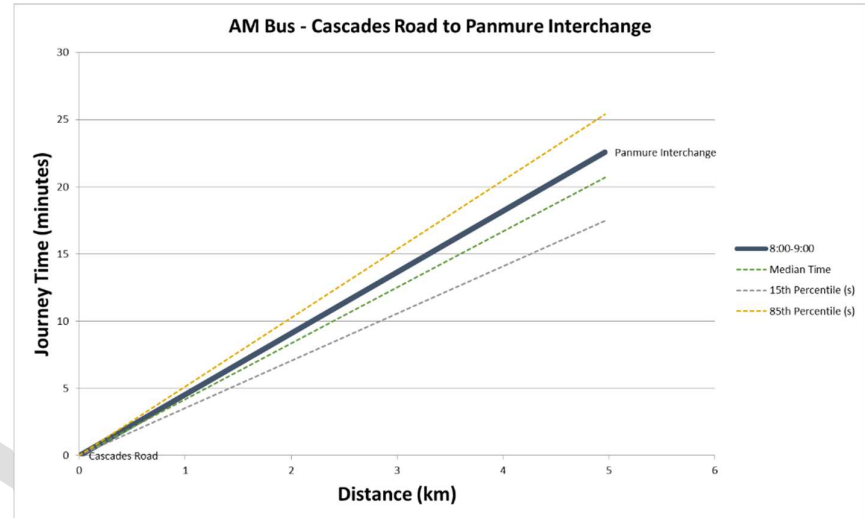
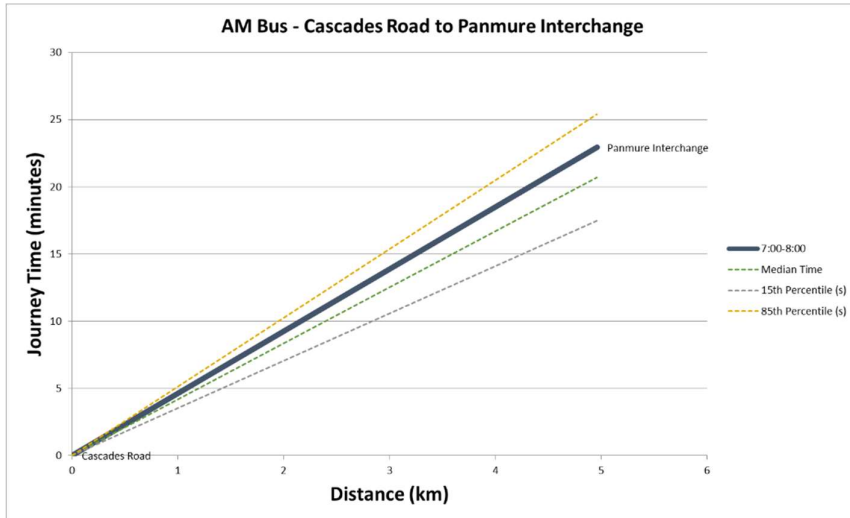
Figure 27 - Travel Time Validation Graphs: PM Ti Rakau Drive/ Pakuranga Road to Reeves Road

Bus travel time for key corridors in the model also fit reasonably well with observed (Figure 28 - Figure 29). The routes are:

- Bus Route 70 – between Botany Town Centre and Panmure Interchange.
- Bus Route 72 – between Cascades Road and Panmure Interchange.

From the bus journey time graphs, it is noted that

- For the AM peak, modelled travel time from the Botany to Panmure Town Centre is low in the first hour. Overall 88% of the routes meet the Criteria for the AM peak.
- For the PM peak, modelled travel time between the Botany and Panmure from Jellicoe Road to Ti Rakau Drive is high in the second hour. The additional travel time is occurring in the Panmure area and does not impact on the focus area. For the future year, the bus travel time along this route will be monitored to ensure it does not increase unrealistically. Overall 75% of the routes meet the Criteria for the PM peak which is below the target 85%.



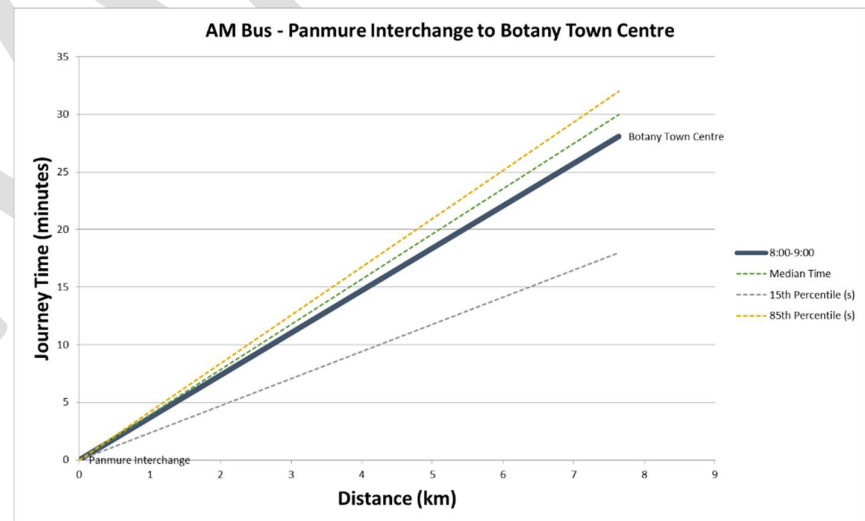
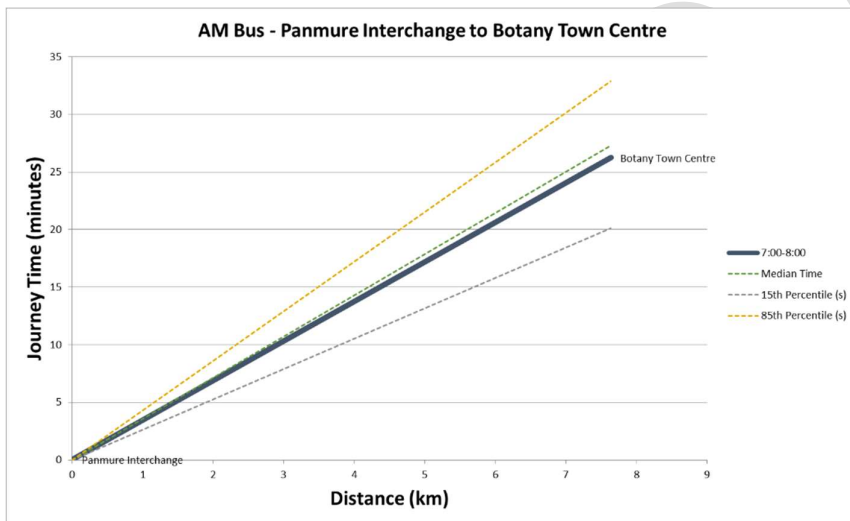
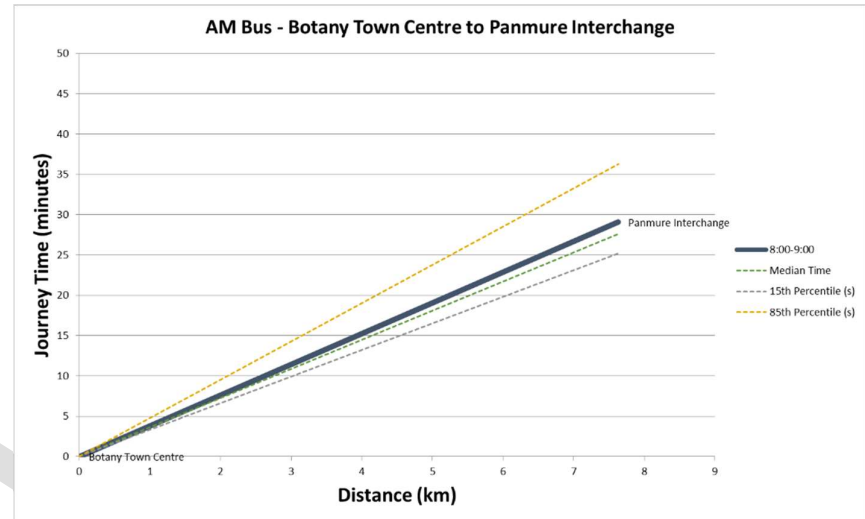
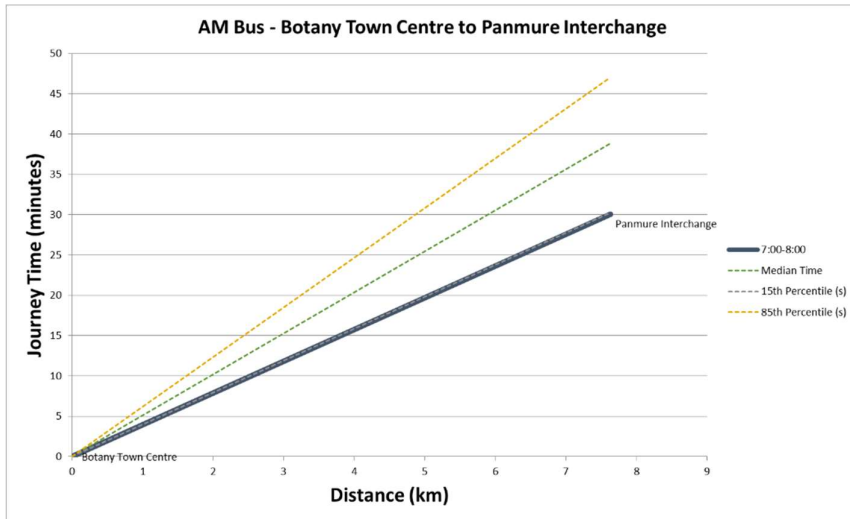
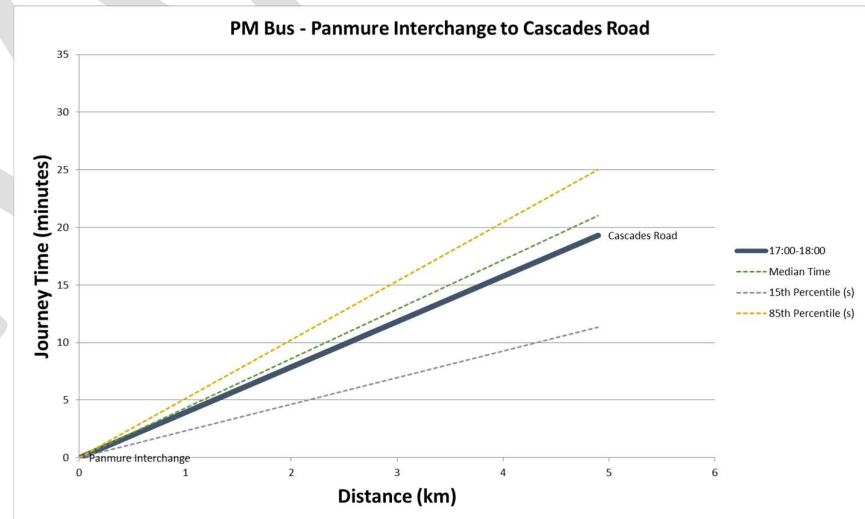
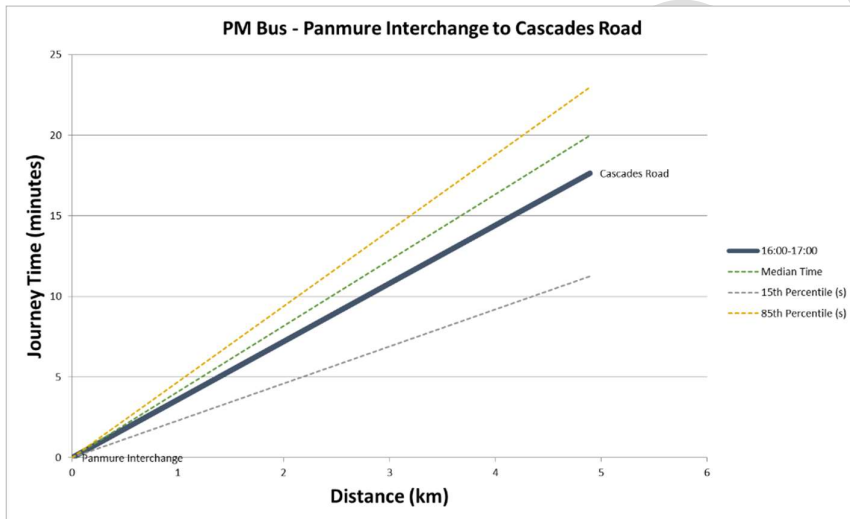
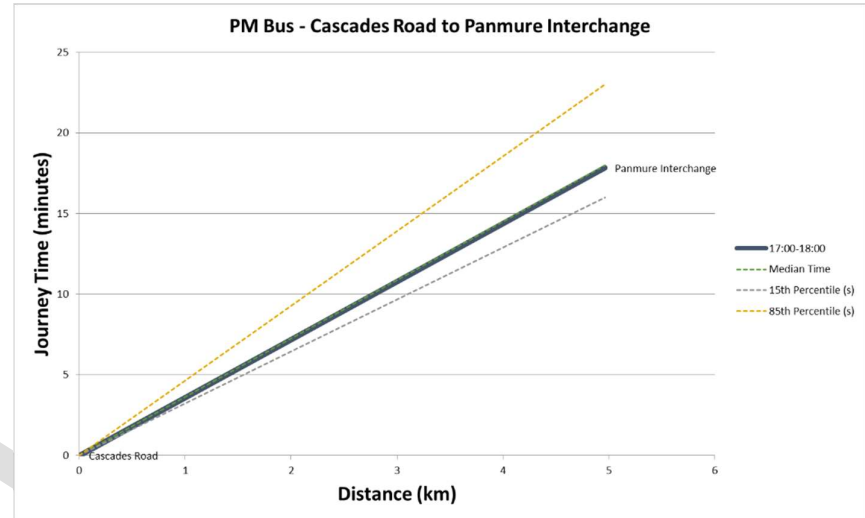
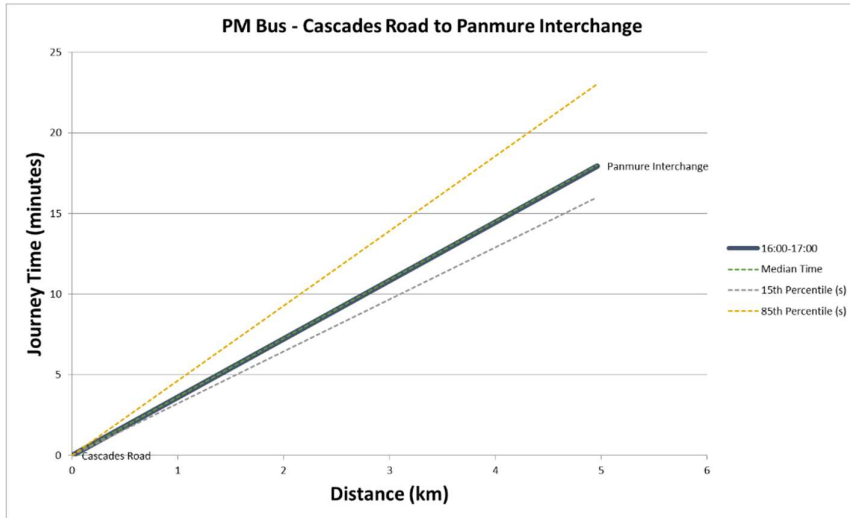


Figure 28 – Travel Time Validation: AM Bus



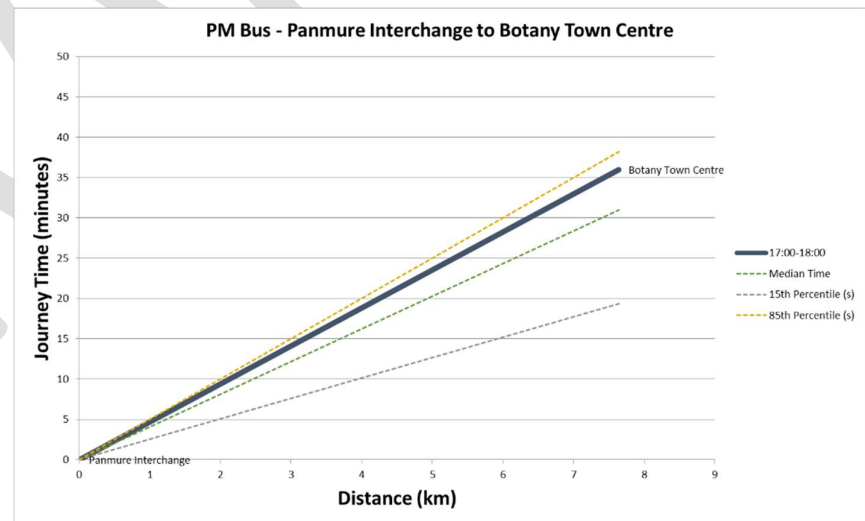
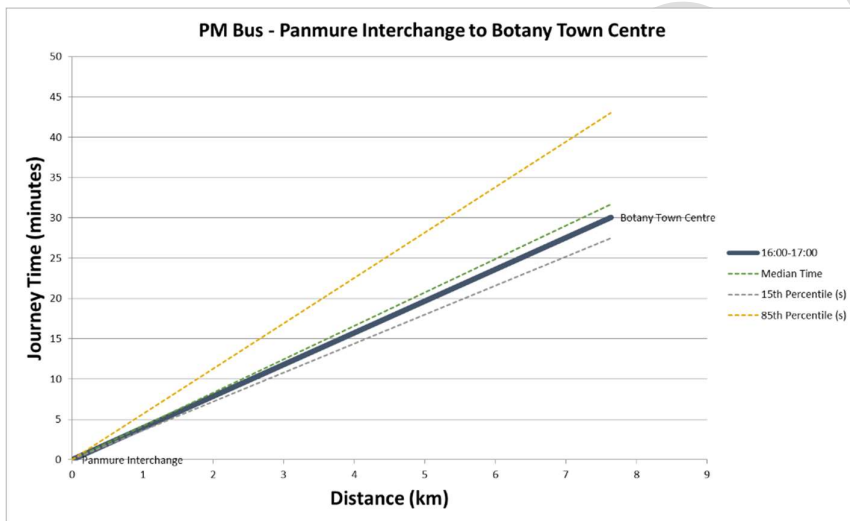
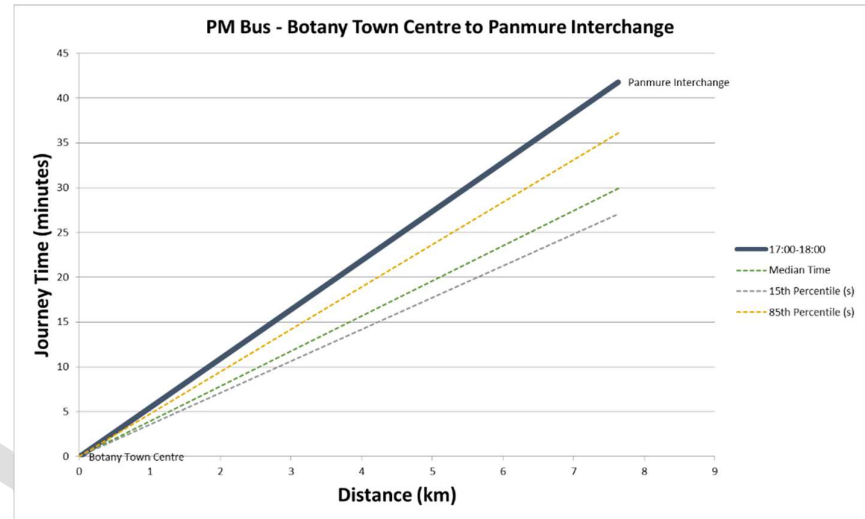
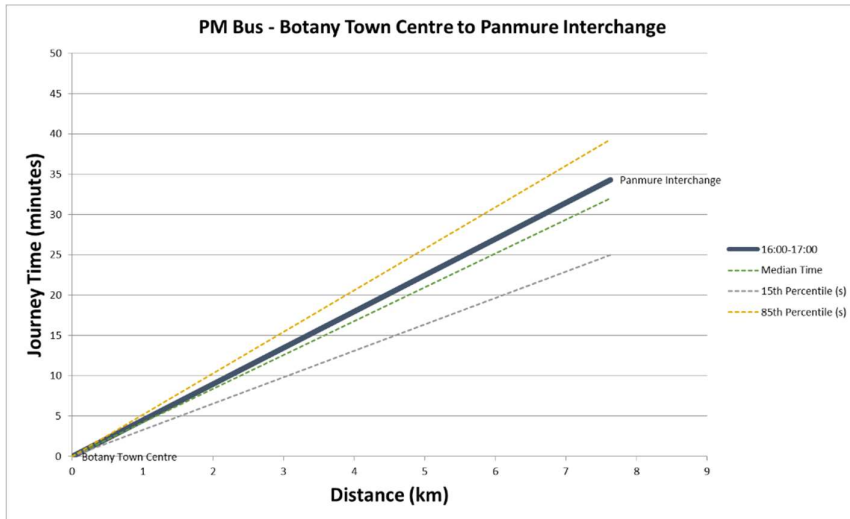


Figure 29 - Travel Time Validation: PM Bus

5.8 Traffic Congestion Check

Traffic count and travel time data are the principle measures of the model performance. Traffic congestion on the network was monitored as an additional sense-check of model performance.

Side-by-side comparison to Google's live traffic view-mode for Thursday 21 February 2019 show that the model represents congestion on the network reasonably well (Figure 30 and Figure 31). In the AM peak, less congestion was seen on Ti Rakau Drive Northbound in the model compared to observed, and this was reflected in the faster travel time for that segment. However, also in the AM, although less congestion was seen on Pakuranga Highway Westbound in the model compared to observed, this was not reflected in the travel time validation. In the PM peak, less congestion was seen on Ti Rakau Eastbound in the model, however this was not reflected in the travel time validation.

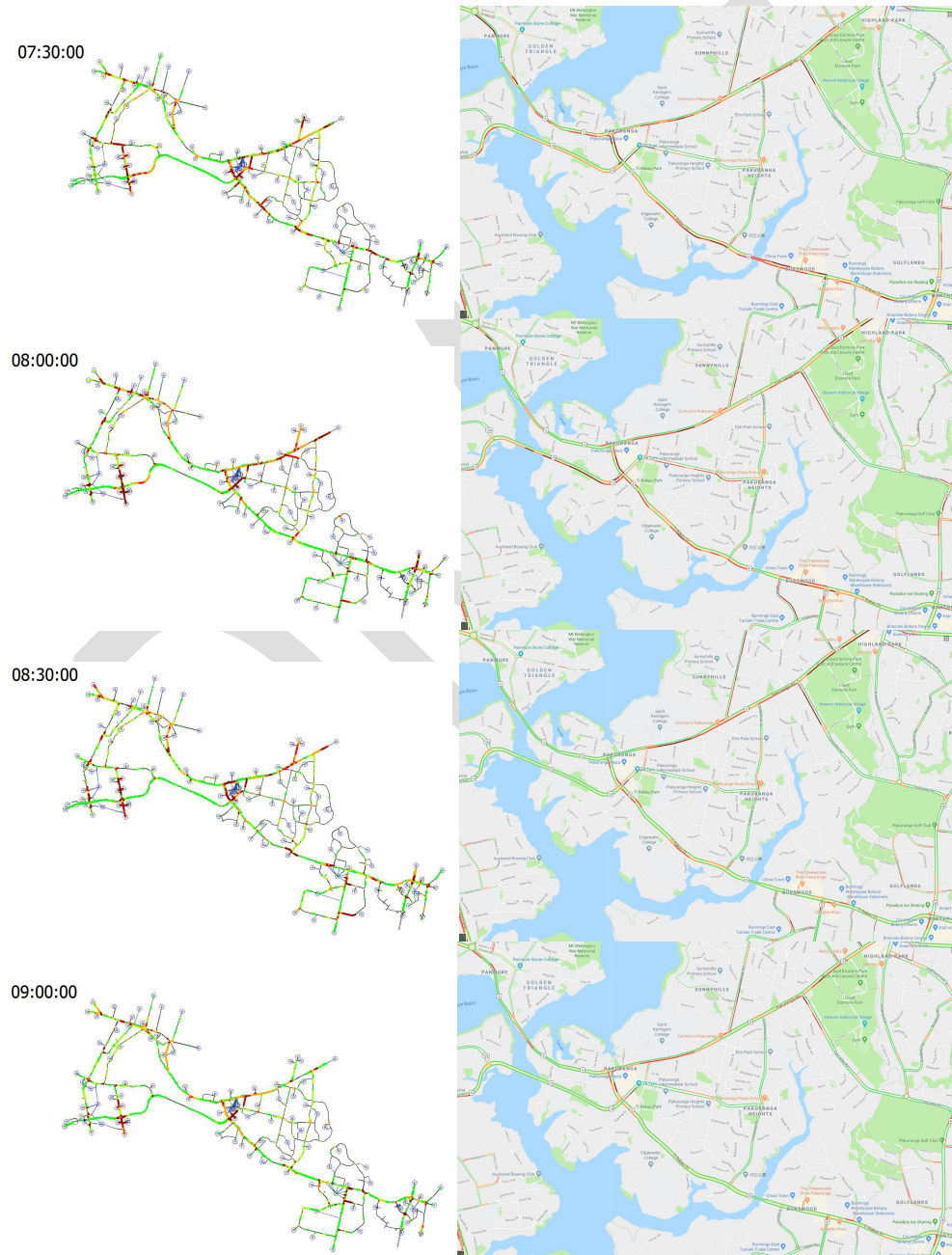


Figure 30 – AM Modelled Congestion versus Observed

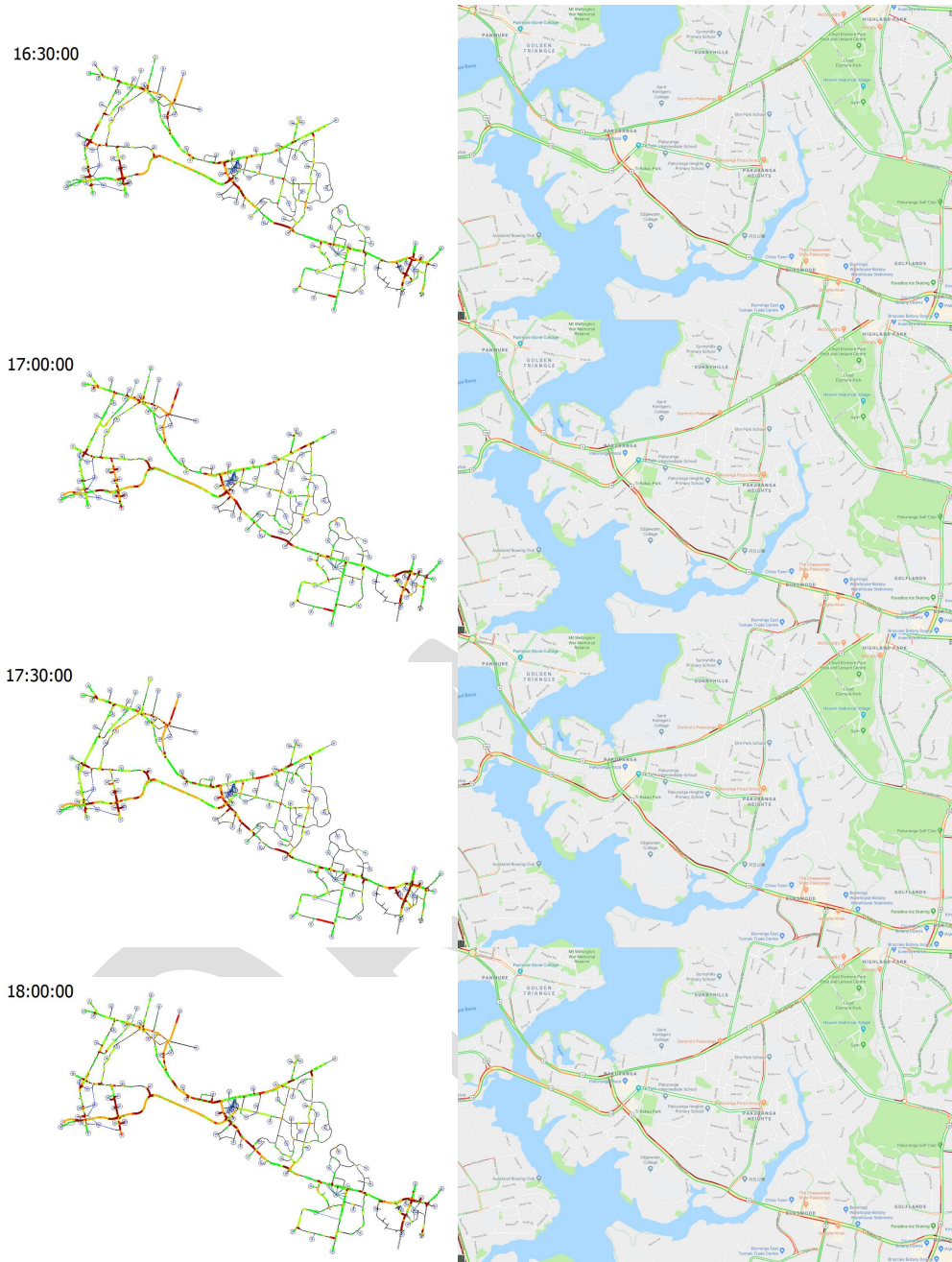


Figure 31 - PM Modelled Congestion versus Observed

This comparison is useful to understand the location of the congestion however the exact definition of congestion in Google's traffic is unknown. Hence it is used as an indication.

5.9 Route Choice Sense Check

Route choice in the model could not be directly calibrated and/or validated because there was no available data. However, sense-checks were made in the **static** model (which contributes 80% of the route choice) using previous experiences and observed traffic count-split information at intersections. Overall, route distribution in the model appears reasonable (Figure 32 - Figure 34).

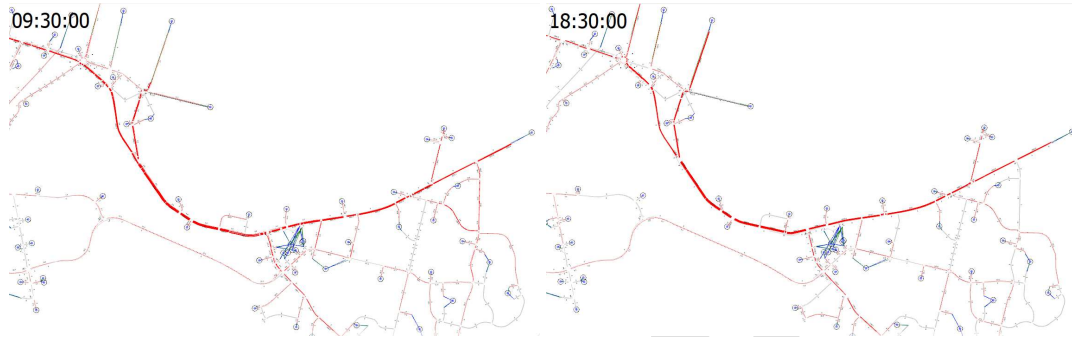


Figure 32 - Route Choice Split: AM Panmure Bridge Westbound (left) and PM Panmure Bridge Eastbound (right)

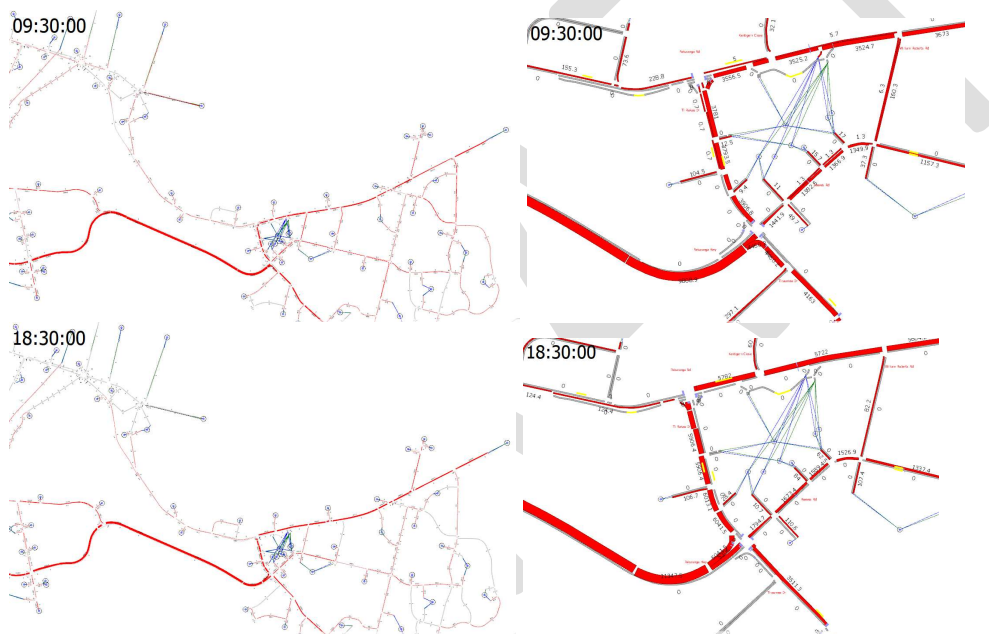


Figure 33 - Route Choice Split: AM Pakuranga Highway Westbound (above) and PM Pakuranga Highway Eastbound (below)

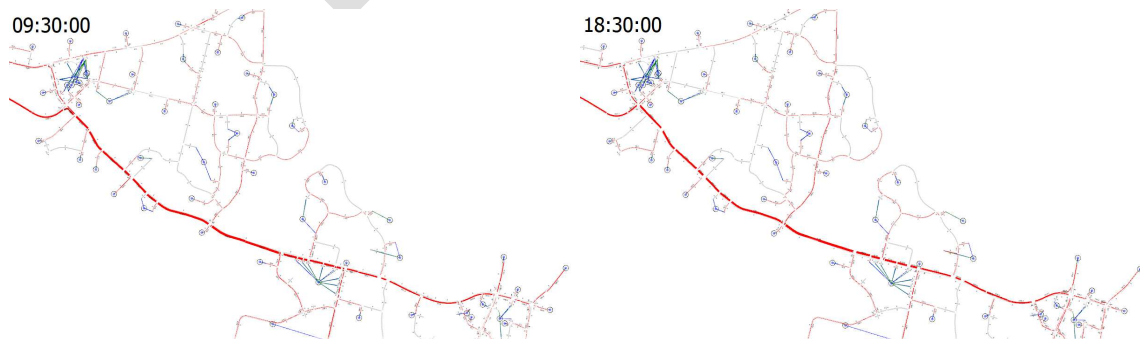


Figure 34 - Route Choice Split: AM Pakuranga Highway Westbound (above) and PM Pakuranga Highway Eastbound (below)

5.10 Model Stability

Model stability was monitored and found to be within acceptable thresholds of a coefficient of variance (COV) <5% across the modelled periods, except in the AM past 9am (Figure 35). However, since the demand and the total travel time are falling at approximately the same profile, this is not an issue.

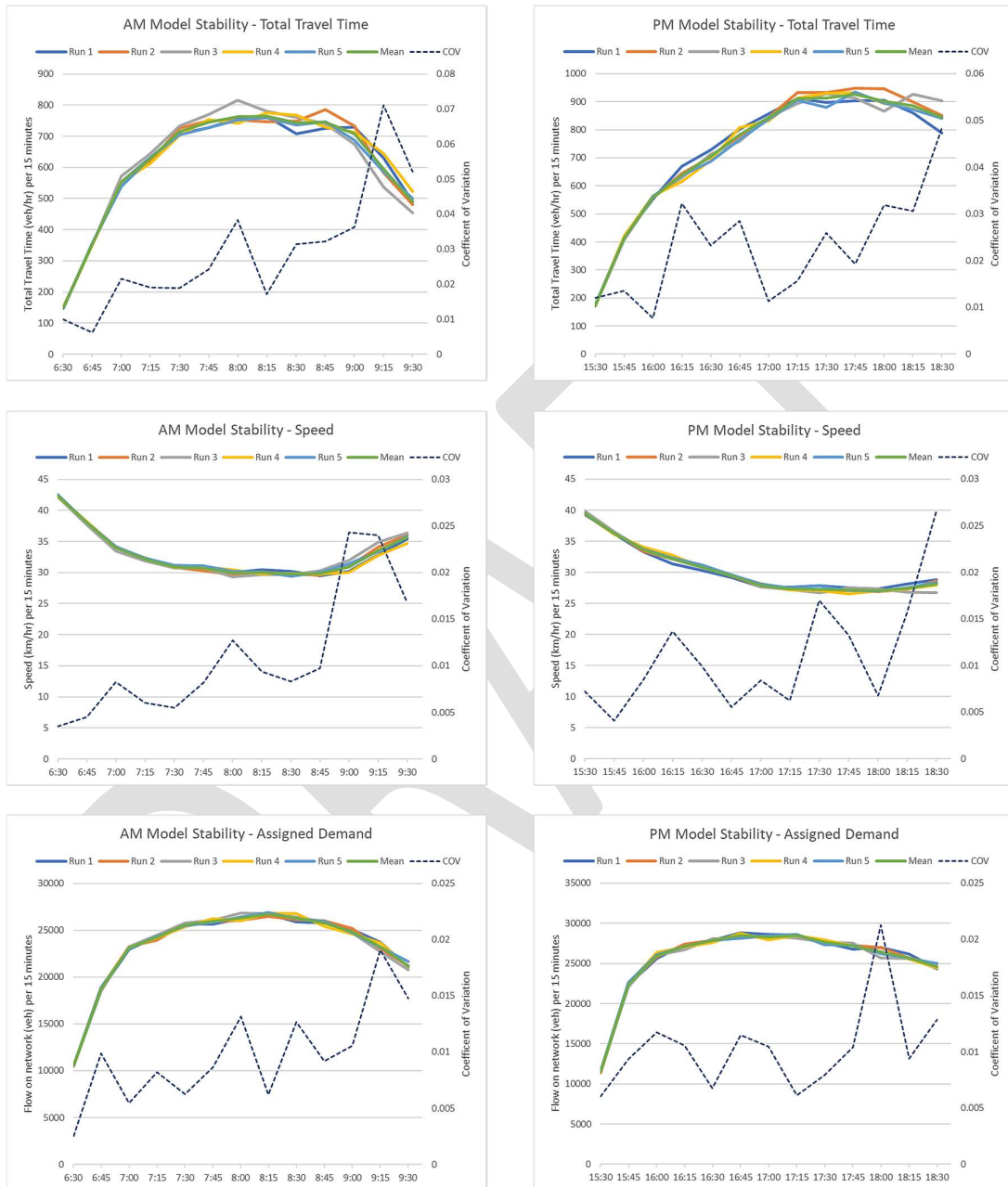


Figure 35 - Model Stability: Total Travel Time, Speed and Flow Plots

6 Conclusion

This report details the update and calibration/validation of the Aimsun model for the Eastern Busway Project. The purpose of this model is to provide a consistent and common base for project developments in the East Auckland Area, primarily along Ti Rakau Drive for the EB 2 and EB3 detailed design work.

The model covers two three-hour peak periods (6.30 am – 9.30 am, and 3.30 pm – 6.30 pm). The modelled periods were chosen to capture the congestion typically experienced in the modelled area.

The model consists of macro and micro tiers with the respective assignment methods: static assignment and microscopic dynamic assignment (DTA). The macro tier provides an interim stage to calibrate the demand through demand adjustment and to generate 80% of paths for the micro DTA. Based on previous modelling of the area, an 80-to-20 split in static versus dynamic path assignment was considered appropriate. This gave better control of modelling route choice in the area and sense-checks during the model development process showed that route distribution in the model is reasonable.

Various observed data were provided by Auckland Transport (AT) for the model development. These included traffic counts, travel time, public transport timing, and signal timing.

The traffic demands come from the AMETI EMME traffic model and were processed before assigning to the Aimsun model. This demand interface process includes a minor refinement of AMETI traffic model zones and application of 2-to-3 hour expansion factors to fit the Aimsun model period. Demand adjustment as part of the validation process was done manually.

The model network was developed in line with the Auckland Dynamic Traffic Assignment Model (ADTA) network coding guideline, which sets out the recommended network coding methodology for Aimsun models in Auckland. This included a standard system of classification and labelling of different turn movement types which were important function variables in the ADTA-developed cost functions also adopted in this model for calculating junction and turn delays.

Model validation showed that the model meets the validation target criteria for Category C: Urban Area in NZTA Model Development Guidelines on individual link flows and turn flows for each hour between 7am – 9am, and 4pm – 6pm. Travel times in the model fit reasonably well with the observed.

Overall, the base year model is considered acceptably calibrated and validated for the purposes of the EB2/3 design work.

Appendix A

Traffic to Aimsun Zone Correspondence

Aimsun Zone	NEW CORDON Aimsun-EMME REF
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8
9	9
10	10
11	11
12	12
13	13
14	14
15	15
16	16
17	17
18	18
19	19
20	20
21	21
22	22
23	23
24	24
25	25
26	26
27	27
28	28
29	29
30	30
31	31
205	205
210	210
286	286
296	296
297	297
412	412
540	540
545	545
546	546
547	547
548	548
555	555
560	560
561	561
562	562
563	563
568	568
572	572
582	582
583	583
599	599
649	649
650	650
651	651
652	652
653	653
654	654
655	655
656	656
657	657
658	658
659	659
660	660
662	662
663	663
664	664

Aimsun Zone	NEW CORDON Aimsun-EMME REF
665	665
666	666
667	667
668	668
669	669
670	670
671	671
672	672
673	673
677	677
678	678
693	693
694	694
695	695
697	697
698	698
699	699
705	705
706	706
865	865
867	867
868	868
869	869
870	870
871	871
873	873
896	896
897	897
900	900
901	901
902	902
903	903
1013	13
1017	17
1654	654
1656	656
1902	902
1903	903
2903	903

Appendix B

Road Parameters

Table B1 – Key Road Type Parameters: Main

	Maximum Speed (km/h)	User-Defined Cost	Third User-Defined Cost	Capacity per Lane (PCUs/h)
Arterial	50	1.4	1.2	1600
Arterial - 50k Reeves	50	1.6	1.4	1200
Arterial - 50k Reeves EBD	50	1.6	1.4	1200
Arterial - Divided	60	1.2	1.1	1600
Busway	60	1	1.2	1600
Collector	50	2	1.4	900
Collector - Ireland	50	2	1.4	900
Expressway	80	0.9	0.2	2100
Local - 30k	30	5	2	500
Local - 50k	50	3	1.6	500
Minor Arterial	50	1.4	1.2	1400

Table B2 - Key Road Type Parameters: Dynamic Models

Road-Type Parameters								
Dynamic Models - Section Parameters								
	Lane Changing				Side Lane			Consider Two-Lane Car Following Model
	Cooperation (%)	Aggressiveness (%)	Breaking Intensity	Imprudent Lane Changing	Cooperation Distance	Merging Distance	Merge: First veh on is first veh off	
Arterial	50	0	Regular	No	Whole Lane	Default	Yes	Yes
Arterial - 50k Reeves	50	0	Regular	No	Whole Lane	Default	Yes	Yes
Arterial - 50k Reeves EBD	50	0	Regular	No	Whole Lane	Default	Yes	Yes
Arterial - Divided	80	0	Regular	No	Whole Lane	Default	Yes	Yes
Busway	50	0	Regular	No	Whole Lane	Default	Yes	Yes
Collector	50	0	Regular	No	Whole Lane	Default	Yes	Yes
Collector - Ireland	50	0	Regular	No	Whole Lane	Default	Yes	Yes
Expressway	80	0	Regular	No	Whole Lane	Default	Yes	Yes
Local - 30k	50	0	Regular	No	Whole Lane	Default	Yes	Yes
Local - 50k	50	0	Regular	No	Whole Lane	Default	Yes	Yes
Minor Arterial	50	0	Regular	No	Whole Lane	Default	Yes	Yes
	Queue Discharge							
	Acceleration Factor	Additional Reaction Time at Stop (sec)	Additional Reaction Time at Traffic Light (sec)					
Arterial	No Change	0	0					
Arterial - 50k Reeves	No Change	0	0					
Arterial - 50k Reeves EBD	No Change	0	0					
Arterial - Divided	No Change	0	0					
Busway	No Change	0	0					
Collector	No Change	0	0					
Collector - Ireland	No Change	0	0					
Expressway	No Change	0	0					
Local - 30k	No Change	0	0					
Local - 50k	No Change	0	0					
Minor Arterial	No Change	0	0					

Table B3 - Key Road Type Parameters: Dynamic Models continued

Road-Type Parameters						
Dynamic Models - Turn Parameters						
	Microscopic Model					
	Distance Zone 1 (m)	Distance Zone 2 (m)	Additional Waiting Time Before Losing Turn (sec)	Yellow Box Speed (km/h)		
Arterial	333.3	166.67	0	10		
Arterial - 50k Reeves	333.3	166.67	0	10		
Arterial - 50k Reeves EBD	333.3	166.67	0	10		
Arterial - Divided	333.3	166.67	0	10		
Busway	333.3	166.67	0	10		
Collector	277.78	138.89	0	10		
Collector - Ireland	277.78	138.89	0	10		
Expressway	555.56	277.78	0	10		
Local - 30k	277.78	138.89	0	10		
Local - 50k	277.78	138.89	0	10		
Minor Arterial	277.78	138.89	0	10		
	Giveaway Model					
	Initial Safety Margin (sec)	Initial Giveaway Time Factor	Visibility to Give Way (m)	Final Safety Margin (sec)	Final Give Way Time Factor	Visibility along Main Stream (m)
Arterial	3	1	25	1	2	60
Arterial - 50k Reeves	3	1	25	1	2	60
Arterial - 50k Reeves EBD	3	1	25	1	2	60
Arterial - Divided	3	1	25	1	2	60
Busway	3	1	25	1	2	60
Collector	3	1	25	1	2	60
Collector - Ireland	3	1	25	1	2	60
Expressway	3	1	25	1	2	100
Local - 30k	3	1	25	1	2	60
Local - 50k	3	1	25	1	2	60
Minor Arterial	3	1	25	1	2	60

Appendix C

Vehicle Parameters

Table C1 - Key Vehicle Parameters

Vehicle Parameters				
Main				
Length (m)	Mean	Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Car	4.5	0.4	3.3	5.3
Truck	11.3	4.3	6.5	19.1
Bus	13	1	12.6	13.5
Width (m)	Mean	Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Car	1.75	0	1.75	1.75
Truck	2.4	0	2.4	2.4
Bus	2.4	0	2.4	2.4
Max Desired Speed (km/h)	Mean	Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Car	110	10	80	120
Truck	100	5	80	110
Bus	90	10	70	100
Dynamic Models - Main				
Speed Acceptance	Mean	Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Car	1.05	0.1	0.9	1.3
Truck	1.05	0.1	1	1.1
Bus	1	0.1	0.9	1.1
Clearance (m)	Mean	Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Car	1.5	0.5	1	2.3
Truck	2	0.5	1.5	3
Bus	1.5	0.5	1	2.5
Max Give Way Time (secs)	Mean	Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Car	10	2.5	5	15
Truck	25	5	10	35
Bus	35	10	20	60
Dynamic Models - Experiment Defaults				
	Reaction Time	Reaction Time at Stop	Reaction Time for Front Veh	Probability
Car	0.8	1.15	1.35	1
Truck	0.8	1.3	1.7	1
Bus	0.8	1.3	1.7	1

Table C1 - Key Vehicle Parameters continued

Vehicle Parameters				
Microscopic Model - Main				
Max Acceleration (m/s²)	Mean	Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Car	2.7	0.2	2.2	3.5
Truck	1.45	0.6	0.5	2.4
Bus	1	0.3	0.8	1.8
Normal Deceleration (m/s²)	Mean	Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Car	3.5	0.2	3	4
Truck	3	0.3	2	3.5
Bus	2	1	1.5	4.5
Max Deceleration (m/s²)	Mean	Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Car	6	0.5	5	7
Truck	5	0.5	4	6
Bus	5	1	4	6
Sensitivity Factor	Mean	Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Car	1.1	0	1.1	1.1
Truck	1.1	0	1.1	1.1
Bus	1	0	1	1
Gap (secs)	Mean	Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Car	1.1	0.2	0.5	2
Truck	1.3	0.2	0.5	2.5
Bus	1.1	0.2	0.5	2.5
Headway Aggressiveness	Mean	Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Car	0	0	-1	1
Truck	0	0	-1	1
Bus	0	0	-1	1
Favours Stop and Go				
Car	No			
Truck	No			
Bus	No			
Lane-Changing Model	Staying in Overtaking Lane	Imprudent Lane Changing		
Car	No	No		
Truck	No	No		
Bus	No	No		
Margin for Overtaking Manouver (secs)	Mean	Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Car	5	3	1	10
Truck	5	3	1	10
Bus	5	3	1	10

Table C1 - Key Vehicle Parameters continued

Vehicle Parameters			
Static Models			
	Transportation Mode	PCUs	
Car	None	1	
Truck	None	2.5	
Bus	None	2.5	

Appendix D

Bus Services List

Base 2018 Bus Services

31

35

70

72X

72M

72C

352

351

353

711

355

739

712

735

733

734

323

743

751

Appendix E

Attribute Overrides and Applicability

Attribute Overrides and Applicability

Attribute Override Name	AM	PM	Static	Dynamic
Base 2016 Yellow Box	√	√	√	√
Base 2018 Section Speed	√	√	√	√
Base 2018 Turn Capacity	√	√	√	√
Harris Rd Lane Cooperation	√	√	√	√
Ti Rakau Lane Cooperation	√		√	√
Pakuranga Rd Look Aheads	√		√	√
Pakuranga Rd Section Speed		√	√	√

Appendix F

Junction and Turn Delay Calculation Parameters

Intersection Coding Adopted from ADTA

To assist with scripting and automation, a classification system was applied to turn movements to signify different conflict situations at intersections. The external ID of each turn movement was set to a 4-digit code following the convention below:

XYZZ

where **X** = intersection type

Y = number of approaches/legs

ZZ = movement type

These 4-digit codes were used in each JDF and TPF cost function scripts to allocate the correct calibration parameters to each turn at the calibration stage

X	INTERSECTION TYPE
1	Signalised
2	Roundabout
3	Priority intersection – Give-way sign at Minor Road
4	Priority intersection – Stop sign at Minor Road
5	Two-way one lane bridge
6	Zebra pedestrian crossing
Y	NUMBER OF APPROACHES
ZZ	MOVEMENT TYPE³
00	Unopposed Turn (e.g. Through and left turn on Major Road, as well as signalised movements)
01	Left Turn – 1-lane opposing
02	Left Turn – 2-lane or more opposing
03	Through Movement Crossing One-way Road – 2-lane one-way
04	Through Movement Crossing One-way Road – 3-lane one-way
05	Through Movement Crossing One-way Road – 4-lane one-way
06	Through Movement Crossing Two-way Road – 2-lane two-way
07	Through Movement Crossing Two-way Road – 4-lane two-way
08	Through Movement Crossing Two-way Road – 6-lane two-way
09	Right Turn from Major Road - Across 1 lane
10	Right Turn from Major Road - Across 2 lanes
11	Right Turn from Major Road - Across 3 lanes
12	Right Turn from Minor Road – One-way
13	Right Turn from Minor Road – 2-lane two-way Major Road / Across 1 lane
14	Right Turn from Minor Road – 4-lane two-way Major Road / Across 2 lanes
15	Right Turn from Minor Road – 6-lane two-way Major Road / Across 3 lanes
16	Staged Right Turn from Minor Road – Across 1 lane with flush median or merge lane in the middle
17	Staged Right Turn from Minor Road – Across 2 lanes with flush median or merge lane in the middle
18	Staged Right Turn from Minor Road – Across 3 lanes with flush median or merge lane in the middle

ADTA-Calibrated Intercept and Slope Values for turn types used in JDF

Turn External Id	Number of Approach lanes for this Movement	Intercept	Slope
1x01	x	735	0.37
1x02	x	925	0.35
1x03	x	400	0.18
1x04	x	330	0.15
1x06	x	300	0.08
1x07	x	225	0.05
1x09	x	595	0.29
1x10	x	595	0.25
1x11	x	630	0.27
1x13	x	300	0.08
1x14	x	225	0.05
1x15	x	225	0.05
2xxx	1	1,200	0.7
2xxx	2	2,500	0.8
2xxx	3	3,100	0.8
3x01	x	735	0.37
3x02	x	925	0.35
3x03	x	400	0.18
3x04	x	330	0.15
3x05	x	330	0.15
3x06	x	300	0.08
3x07	x	225	0.05
3x08	x	225	0.05
3x09	x	595	0.29
3x10	x	595	0.25
3x11	x	630	0.27
3x12	x	400	0.18
3x13	x	300	0.08
3x14	x	225	0.05
3x15	x	225	0.05
3x16	x	400	0.18
3x17	x	330	0.15
3x18	x	330	0.15
4x01	x	510	0.21
4x02	x	505	0.09
4x03	x	355	0.15
4x04	x	310	0.14
4x05	x	310	0.14
4x06	x	230	0.05
4x07	x	230	0.05
4x08	x	230	0.05
4x09	x	595	0.29
4x10	x	595	0.25
4x11	x	630	0.27
4312	x	355	0.15
4313	x	230	0.05
4314	x	230	0.05
4315	x	230	0.05
4316	x	355	0.15
4317	x	310	0.14
4318	x	310	0.14
4412	x	355	0.15
4413	x	235	0.16
4414	x	235	0.16
4415	x	230	0.05
4416	x	355	0.15
4417	x	310	0.14
4418	x	310	0.14
5x03	x	500	0.2

Appendix G

Cost Function Scripts

Volume Delay Function

```
model = None
tollCarColumn = None
tollTruckColumn = None
assignedVolColumn = None
laneCapacityColumn = None

def checkExperimentContext(context, turning):
    global model
    global tollCarColumn
    global tollTruckColumn
    global assignedVolColumn
    global laneCapacityColumn
    if model == None:
        model = context.experiment.getModel()

    # get the section type
    sectionType = model.getType('GKSection')
    if tollCarColumn == None:
        tollCarColumn = sectionType.getColumnByExternalName ("TOLL - CAR", 0)
    if tollTruckColumn == None:
        tollTruckColumn = sectionType.getColumnByExternalName ("TOLL - TRUCK", 0)

    # get the road type
    roadType = model.getType('GKRoadType')
    if laneCapacityColumn == None:
        laneCapacityColumn = roadType.getColumnByExternalName('Lane Capacity',0)

    turnType = model.getType('GKTurning')
    if assignedVolColumn == None:
        assignedVolColumn = turnType.getColumn('MACRO:' + str(context.experiment.getId()) + '_GKTurning_macroAssignedVolume_0', 0)

def travelTime(context, section, funcVolume):

    global model

    #define the peak hour factor based on peak
    # get the experiment
    experiment = context.experiment
    # get the scenario
    scenario = experiment.getScenario()
    # get the traffic demand
    trafficDemand = scenario.getDemand()
    # get the start time of the demand
    startTime = trafficDemand.initialTime()
    # get the duration of the demand
    assignmentDuration = trafficDemand.duration().hour()

    #set parameters from sections
    speed = section.getSpeed()
    volume = funcVolume.getVolume()
    length = section.length3D()
    capacity = section.getCapacity()
    capacityperlane = section.getRoadType().getDataValueDouble(laneCapacityColumn)
    JA = section.getUserDefinedCost3()

    # assign volume peak hour factor based on peak
    phfVol = 1.0

    # fixed, global factor
    if startTime.hour() == 6:
        phfVol = 1.15
    elif startTime.hour() == 11:
        phfVol = 1.02
    elif startTime.hour() == 15:
        phfVol = 1.05

    # assign speed peak hour factor based on peak
    phfSpeed = 1.0
    """
    # fixed, global factor
    if startTime.hour() == 6:
        phfSpeed = 1.1595
    elif startTime.hour() == 11:
        phfSpeed = 1.0707
    elif startTime.hour() == 15:
        phfSpeed = 1.1422
    """

    #calculate additional parameters
    #apply peak volume factor when calculating degree of saturation
    X = (volume * phfVol) / capacity
    T0 = 1000 / (speed / 3.6) # minimum travel time for section

    #calculate dealy based of the Akcelik delay function

    Tf = 1.0 # Analysis Flow Period, taken as 1 hour
    Rf = (Tf*3600) / T0 # unitless ratio
    #JA = 0.2
    eightX = (8.0 * JA * X ) / (capacityperlane * Tf)

    Time = T0 * ( 1 + 0.25*Rf*((X-1.0)+(X-1.0)**2 + eightX)**0.5) #give seconds per Km

    # peak hour travel time in seconds
    peakHourTravelTime = (Time * (length / 1000))
```

```

# peak hour speed in m/s
peakHourSpeed = length / peakHourTravelTime
# three hour average speed in m/s
threeHourAveSpeed = peakHourSpeed * phfSpeed
# cap the speed at the section maximum speed
if threeHourAveSpeed > (speed / 3.6):
    threeHourAveSpeed = (speed / 3.6)
# four hour average travel time in seconds
threeHourAveTravelTime = length / threeHourAveSpeed

return (threeHourAveTravelTime / 60)

def distCost(context, section, funcVolume):
    """
    The distance factor adopted from Wellington N2A model
    P:\429\4291565\Technical\300 Technical\320 Models\321 Network Build\N2A_GeneralisedCostDistanceFactor.xlsx

    Assumptions
    Fuel cost                1.75    $/litre
    fuel consumption         9.5      l/100km
    fuel rate                0.16625 $/km
    Assume gc is just fuel cost

    Assumed acg Value of time    16.27    $/hr, 2002 (EEM urban arterial)
    Update factor to 2015        1.44      EEM
    VoT 2015                    23.43    $/hr
    Update factor 2016 estimated 1.01
    VoT 2016 est                23.66    $/hr, 2002 (EEM urban arterial)
    Value of time               2.536    min/$
    gc of fuel                  0.422    mins per km

    Assume 0.4 for Car

    Truck factor was agreed to be 1.0
    """

    # get the length of the section
    length = section.length3D()/1000 # length in km

    # factor for the distance component (unit: mins/km)
    className = str(context.userClass.getName())
    if className[0:3] == "Car":
        distFactor = 0.5
    else:
        distFactor = 1.0

    # get the user defined cost of the section
    roadTypeFactor = section.getUserDefinedCost()

    # calculate the distance cost
    distanceCost = distFactor * roadTypeFactor * length

    return distanceCost

# this function calculates the speed in km/hr of the section
def calculateSpeed(context, section, funcVolume):
    # convert travel time to seconds
    tTime = travelTime(context, section, funcVolume) * 60.0
    # get the section length in metres
    length = section.length3D()
    # calculate and return the speed in km/hr
    return (length / tTime)*3.6

# this function calculates the truck percentage
def calculateTruckPercentage(context, section, funcVolume):
    # get the car volume
    carVolume = (funcVolume.getVolume(model.getCatalog().findByName('Car - ALL', model.getType('GKVehicle')))) +
                funcVolume.getVolume(model.getCatalog().findByName('Car - L - LOV',
model.getType('GKVehicle')))) +
                funcVolume.getVolume(model.getCatalog().findByName('Car - L - HOV',
model.getType('GKVehicle')))) +
                funcVolume.getVolume(model.getCatalog().findByName('Car - M - LOV',
model.getType('GKVehicle')))) +
                funcVolume.getVolume(model.getCatalog().findByName('Car - M - HOV',
model.getType('GKVehicle')))) +
                funcVolume.getVolume(model.getCatalog().findByName('Car - H - LOV',
model.getType('GKVehicle')))) +
                funcVolume.getVolume(model.getCatalog().findByName('Car - H - HOV',
model.getType('GKVehicle'))))
    # get the truck volume
    truckVolume = funcVolume.getVolume(model.getCatalog().findByName('Truck', model.getType('GKVehicle')))

    # error handling for zero volume
    if (carVolume + truckVolume) > 0:
        truckPercentage = (truckVolume / (carVolume + truckVolume)) * 100
    else:
        truckPercentage = 0
    # return the truck percentage
    return truckPercentage

def vdf(context, section, funcVolume):
    # assign the global variables
    checkExperimentContext(context, section)

    # calculate average section speed in km/hr
    speed = calculateSpeed(context, section, funcVolume)

```

```

# calculate the truck percentage on this section
truckPercentage = calculateTruckPercentage(context, section, funcVolume)

# calculate total cost
totalCost = travelTime(context, section, funcVolume) + distCost(context, section, funcVolume)

return totalCost

```

Volume Delay Function (Connector)

```

def travelTimeConnector(context, connection, funcVolume):

    # work out the time period
    experiment = context.experiment
    scenario = experiment.getScenario()
    trafficDemand = scenario.getDemand()
    duration = trafficDemand.duration()
    durationInHours = duration.toHours()

    #set parameters
    speed = 30.0
    capacity = 200.0 * durationInHours # set to 200 veh/hr, capacity need to be total over three hours
    capacityperlane = 200.0
    JA = 10.0

    volume = funcVolume.getVolume()
    length = connection.length3D()
    totalVolume = volume

    #calculate additional parameters

    X = totalVolume / capacity
    T0 = 1000 / (speed / 3.6) # minimum travel time for section

    #calculate dealy based of the Akcelik delay function

    Tf = 1.0 # Analysis Flow Period, taken as 1 hour
    Rf = (Tf*3600) / T0 # unitless ratio
    #JA = 0.2
    eightX = (8.0 * JA * X) / (capacityperlane * Tf)

    Time = T0 * ( 1 + 0.25*Rf*((X-1.0)+((X-1.0)**2 + eightX)**0.5)) #give seconds per Km

    TotalTravelTime = (Time * (length / 1000))/60

    return TotalTravelTime

def distCostConnector(context, connection, funcVolume):

    """
    The distance factor adopted from Wellington N2A model
    P:\429\4291565\Technical\300 Technical\320 Models\321 Network Build\N2A_GeneralisedCostDistanceFactor.xlsx

    Assumptions
    Fuel cost                                1.75      $/litre
    fuel consumption                          9.5        l/100km
    fuel rate                                 0.16625    $/km
    Assume gc is just fuel cost

    Assumed acg Value of time                16.27      $/hr, 2002 (EEM urban arterial)
    Update factor to 2015                    1.44      EEM
    VoT 2015                                 23.43      $/hr
    Update factor 2016 estimated 1.01
    VoT 2016 est                             23.66      $/hr, 2002 (EEM urban arterial)
    Value of time                            2.536      min/$
    gc of fuel                                0.422      mins per km

    Assume 0.4 for Car

    Truck factor was agreed to be 1.0
    """

    # get the length of the section
    length = connection.length3D()/1000 # length in km

    # factor for the distance component (unit: mins/km)
    className = str(context.userClass.getName())
    dashIndex = className.find("-")
    vehName = className[dashIndex:]
    if vehName == "Car" :
        distFactor = 0.5
    elif vehName == "Truck":
        distFactor = 1.0
    else:
        distFactor = 0.0

    # calculate the distance cost
    distanceCost = distFactor * length

    return distanceCost

def vdf(context, connection, funcVolume):

```

```

# calculate total cost
totalCost = travelTimeConnector(context, connection, funcVolume) + distCostConnector(context, connection, funcVolume)

return totalCost

```

Junction Delay Function

```

def travelTime( context, turn, volume, ownVolume, conflictVolume ):
    model = context.experiment.getModel()
    # work out the time period
    experiment = context.experiment
    scenario = experiment.getScenario()
    trafficDemand = scenario.getDemand()
    duration = trafficDemand.duration()
    durationInHours = duration.toHours()

    #define the peak hour factor based on peak
    # get the experiment
    experiment = context.experiment
    # get the scenario
    scenario = experiment.getScenario()
    # get the traffic demand
    trafficDemand = scenario.getDemand()
    # get the start time of the demand
    startTime = trafficDemand.initialTime()
    # assign peak hour factor based on peak
    # use 1.0 to start adjust as required during calibration - base on observed data
    phfVol = 1.0

    if startTime.hour() == 6:
        phfVol = 1.15
    elif startTime.hour() == 11:
        phfVol = 1.02
    elif startTime.hour() == 15:
        phfVol = 1.05

    # assign travel time factor to reduce peak hour travel time to three hour average travel time
    phfTT = 1.0
    """
    if startTime.hour() == 6:
        phfTT = 0.6946
    elif startTime.hour() == 11:
        phfTT = 0.8726
    elif startTime.hour() == 15:
        phfTT = 0.7902
    """

    turnType = model.getType('GKTurning')
    userSlopeColumn = turnType.getColumnByExternalName("Turn Capacity Slope",0)

    #set give-way linear parameters and calculate give-way turn capacity
    Slope = turn.getDataValueDouble(userSlopeColumn)
    Intercept = turn.getCapacity ()
    OpposingFlow = (conflictVolume.getVolume() * phfVol) / durationInHours # AIMSUN return total volume over the time period

    overrides = experiment.getNetworkAttributesOverrides()
    targetId = turn.getId()
    for override in overrides:
        objects = override.getObjects()
        for object in objects:
            if object.getId() == targetId:
                for column, value in override.getObjectData(object).iteritems():
                    if column.getName() == 'GKTurning::capacityAtt':
                        Intercept = int(value)

    Capacity = (Intercept - Slope * OpposingFlow) # per hour

```

```

#calculate dealy based of the Akcelik dealy function
turnFlow = volume.getVolume()
if Capacity < 50:
    if Intercept < 50:
        Capacity = Intercept
    else:
        Capacity = 50

X = (turnFlow * phfVol) / (Capacity * durationInHours)
TurnLength = turn.length3D()
TurnSpeed = turn.getSpeed()
T0 = 1
Tf = 1.0
Rf = (Tf*3600) / T0
JA = 1.0 # Curve Parameter
eightX = 8.0 * JA * X / (Capacity * Tf)

Time = (T0 * ( 1 + 0.25*Rf*((X-1.0)+((X-1.0)**2 + eightX)**0.5)))/60

return Time * phfTT

def jdf( context, turn, volume, ownVolume, conflictVolume ):

    TT = travelTime( context, turn, volume, ownVolume, conflictVolume )

    #debugging
    #print 'JDF of turn %i with volume of %f and opposing volume of %f calculated the travel time at %f % (turn.getId(), volume.getVolume(),
conflictVolume.getVolume(), TT)

    return TT

```

Turn Delay Function

```

'''
Updated 04/05/2017
From built-in Aimsun 8.2 TPF - Example for Signalized Intersection

Updated 01/08/2017
Refined turn saturation flow to be a function of turn speed
'''

experimentId = None
analysisPeriod = 0.0 # [h]
phfVol = 1.0
phfTT = 1.0

def initialiseContext(context):
    global experimentId
    global analysisPeriod
    global phfVol
    global phfTT
    if context.experiment.getId() != experimentId:
        experimentId = context.experiment.getId()
        analysisPeriod = context.experiment.getScenario().getDemand().duration().toHours()
    #define the peak hour factor based on peak
    # get the experiment
    experiment = context.experiment
    # get the scenario
    scenario = experiment.getScenario()
    # get the traffic demand
    trafficDemand = scenario.getDemand()
    # get the start time of the demand
    startTime = trafficDemand.initialTime()
    # assign peak hour factor based on peak
    phfVol = 1

    if startTime.hour() == 6:
        phfVol = 1.15
    elif startTime.hour() == 10:

```

```

        phfVol = 1.02
    elif startTime.hour() == 15:
        phfVol = 1.05

    # assign travel time factor to reduce peak hour travel time to four hour average travel time
    phfTT = 1
    """
    if startTime.hour() == 6:
        phfTT = 0.6946
    elif startTime.hour() == 10:
        phfTT = 0.8726
    elif startTime.hour() == 15:
        phfTT = 0.7902
    """

# free flow travel time [min]
def freeFlowTravelTime(turn):
    return turn.length3D()/1000.0 * 60.0/turn.getSpeed()

# actual green duration for actuated phases [s]
# calculated considering the demand and the queue discharge rate
def actualGreen(turn, volume):
    dischargeRate = 0.5 # [veh/s]
    requiredGreen = volume / dischargeRate # [s]
    numberOfCycles = 3600.0 * analysisPeriod / turn.getCycle()
    return min(max(requiredGreen / numberOfCycles, turn.getMinGreenTime()), turn.getMaxGreenTime())

# HCM2010 progression adjustment factor
def progressionAdjustmentFactor(green, cycle):
    g_over_c = green / cycle
    P = min(1.33 * g_over_c, 1.0)
    top_part = (1.0 - P)
    bottom_part = 1.0 - g_over_c
    return top_part / bottom_part

# HCM2010 uniform control delay (quick estimation method) [s]
def uniformControlDelay(volume, capacity, green, cycle):
    g_over_c = green / cycle
    X = (volume * phfVol) / (capacity * analysisPeriod)
    top_part = 0.5 * cycle * (1.0 - g_over_c)**2
    bottom_part = 1.0 - (min(1.0, X) * g_over_c)
    return top_part / bottom_part

# HCM2010 incremental delay (quick estimation method) [s]
def incrementalDelay(volume, capacity):
    X = (volume * phfVol) / (capacity * analysisPeriod)
    return 900.0 * analysisPeriod * ((X - 1.0) + ((X - 1.0)**2 + (4.0 * X / (capacity * analysisPeriod)))**0.5)

# HCM2010 control delay (quick estimation method) [min]
def controlDelay(volume, capacity, green, cycle):
    pf = progressionAdjustmentFactor(green, cycle)
    d_one = uniformControlDelay(volume, capacity, green, cycle)
    d_two = incrementalDelay(volume, capacity)
    res = (pf * d_one) + d_two
    return res / 60.0 * phfTT

def calculateCapacity(turn):
    # get the speed of the turn
    speed = turn.getSpeed()
    # if the speed is less than 50 km/hr
    if speed < 50:
        # calculate saturation flow based on speed
        s = -0.513*speed**2 + 54.81*speed + 553.46
    # else
    else:
        # saturation flow (PCUs/hr)
        s = 2000.0
    # get the turn object as coded (GKTurn)
    turnObject = turn.getMaster()

```

```

# get the index of the left most lane for this turn
leftMostLanes = turnObject.getOriginFromLane()
# get the index of the right most lane for this turn
rightMostLanes = turnObject.getOriginToLane()
# calculate number of lanes
lanes = rightMostLanes - leftMostLanes + 1
# the capacity is saturation flow * lanes * green / cycle
capacity = s * lanes * (turn.getGreenTime() / turn.getCycle())

return capacity

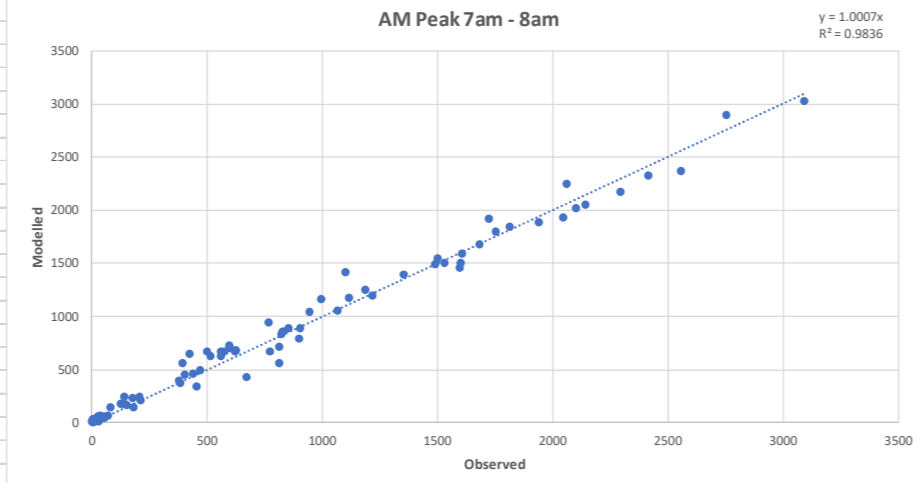
def tpf(context, turn, volume):
    initialiseContext(context)
    res = freeFlowTravelTime(turn)
    if turn.getCycle() > 0.0:
        green = turn.getGreenTime()
        if turn.getControlJunctionType() == 4: # actuated
            green = actualGreen(turn, volume.getVolume())
        # error handling for 0 green time in control plan for this turn
        if green > 0:
            if green < turn.getCycle():
                res += controlDelay(volume.getVolume(), calculateCapacity(turn), green, turn.getCycle())
            else:
                print 'turn %u in node %u has no green time in the control plan used' % (turn.getMaster().getld(), turn.getMaster().getNode().getld())
    return res

```


Appendix H

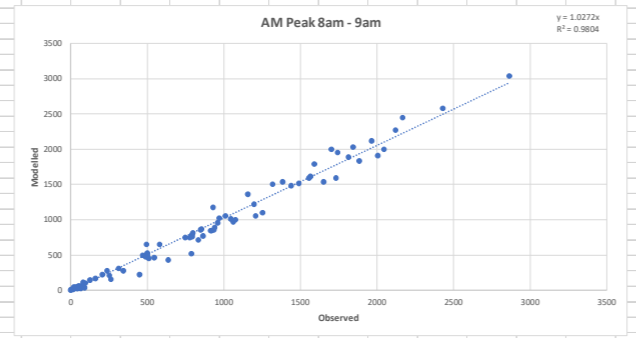
Count Validation Tables

Object	Count	Li	Count	A	Absolute	Relative C	GEH	10.0166	Diff^2	Obs/N
11897	670	434.6	-235.4	-35.1343	10.0166	55413.16	8.170732			
7732	816	557	-259	-31.7402	9.88506	67081	9.95122			
16548	424	652.8	228.8	53.9623	9.8606	52349.44	5.170732			
12210502	1100	1413	313	28.4545	8.83005	97969	13.41463			
16517	393	559.8	166.8	42.4427	7.64206	27822.24	4.792683			
7276	144	247.2	103.2	71.6667	7.37896	10650.24	1.756098			
7400	500	667.2	167.2	33.44	6.92116	27955.84	6.097561			
12210282	770	946.8	176.8	22.961	6.03445	31258.24	9.390244			
7104	81	143.6	62.6	77.284	5.90724	3918.76	0.987805			
7228	8	34	26	325	5.67367	676	0.097561			
7166	457	347.8	-109.2	-23.895	5.44369	11924.64	5.573171			
12210663	994	1160.6	166.6	16.7606	5.07583	27755.56	12.12195			
15953	599	721.6	122.6	20.4674	4.77111	15030.76	7.304878			
7074	1721	1923.8	202.8	11.7838	4.75057	41127.84	20.9878			
7092	25	54	29	116	4.61423	841	0.304878			
12870	518	626	108	20.8494	4.51571	11664	6.317073			
12211719	563	668.8	105.8	18.7922	4.26315	11193.64	6.865854			
7438	38	69	31	81.5789	4.23823	961	0.463415			
12210270	2	13.8	11.8	590	4.19825	139.24	0.02439			
7210	177	234.8	57.8	32.6554	4.02809	3340.84	2.158537			
7042	2064	2249.4	185.4	8.98256	3.99222	34373.16	25.17073			
7274	2557	2365.2	-191.8	-7.50098	3.86622	36787.24	31.18293			
7410	127	174.2	47.2	37.1654	3.84618	2227.84	1.54878			
7222	603	701.2	98.2	16.2852	3.84551	9643.24	7.353659			
12211551	772	672.4	-99.6	-12.9016	3.70621	9920.16	9.414634			
12211562	579	670.2	91.2	15.7513	3.64917	8317.44	7.060976			
7524	901	797.2	-103.8	-11.5205	3.5622	10774.44	10.9878			
7192	816	719.2	-96.8	-11.8627	3.49388	9370.24	9.95122			
17220	30	52.2	22.2	74	3.46284	492.84	0.365854			
12211622	1597	1465.4	-131.6	-8.24045	3.3631	17318.56	19.47561			
7730	184	143.2	-40.8	-22.1739	3.18984	1664.64	2.243902			
7724	947	1045.8	98.8	10.4329	3.12997	9761.44	11.54878			
7140	142	180.2	38.2	26.9014	3.00965	1459.24	1.731707			
13643	2753	2901.8	148.8	5.40501	2.7984	22141.44	33.57317			
15596	563	628.8	65.8	11.6874	2.6955	4329.64	6.865854			
7220	2295	2174	-121	-5.27233	2.55974	14641	27.9878			
7126	30	17.6	-12.4	-41.3333	2.54175	153.76	0.365854			
7390	1601	1501	-100	-6.2461	2.53918	10000	19.52439			
15955	2048	1936.4	-111.6	-5.44922	2.50033	12454.56	24.97561			
12211544	406	454.2	48.2	11.8719	2.32414	2323.24	4.95122			
7540	208	238.6	30.6	14.7115	2.04775	936.36	2.536585			
7442	210	240.2	30.2	14.381	2.01289	912.04	2.560976			
7356	629	679.4	50.4	8.01272	1.97049	2540.16	7.670732			
7428	1187	1254.8	67.8	5.71188	1.94039	4596.84	14.47561			
7180	1115	1178.6	63.6	5.70404	1.87808	4044.96	13.59756			
7240	2141	2055	-86	-4.01681	1.87757	7396	26.10976			
6920	621	667	46	7.40741	1.81265	2116	7.573171			
7532	2104	2023	-81	-3.84981	1.78313	6561	25.65854			
16027	2417	2331.8	-85.2	-3.52503	1.74849	7259.04	29.47561			
12211629	4	1.2	-2.8	-70	1.73649	7.84	0.04878			
7066	56	46.2	-9.8	-17.5	1.37093	96.04	0.682927			
7118	1941	1883	-58	-2.98815	1.32643	3364	23.67073			
12210676	18	12.8	-5.2	-28.8889	1.32508	27.04	0.219512			
12210661	855	894	39	4.5614	1.31882	1521	10.42683			
12211631	23	29.4	6.4	27.8261	1.25034	40.96	0.280488			
7036	47	55.8	8.8	18.7234	1.22744	77.44	0.573171			
6964	3093	3026.2	-66.8	-2.15972	1.20766	4462.24	37.71951			
12152	1501	1547.8	46.8	3.11792	1.19866	2190.24	18.30488			
6962	831	862.2	31.2	3.75451	1.0723	973.44	10.13415			
6940	468	491.4	23.4	5	1.06839	547.56	5.707317			
12210262	1357	1396.6	39.6	2.9182	1.06723	1568.16	16.54878			
12210650	440	461	21	4.77273	0.9894	441	5.365854			
7164	152	164.4	12.4	8.15789	0.985867	153.76	1.853659			
12210320	1756	1795.8	39.8	2.26651	0.944439	1584.04	21.41463			
7106	831	856	25	3.00842	0.86079	625	10.13415			
7116	1814	1845.8	31.8	1.75303	0.743384	1011.24	22.12195			
12210514	379	392.8	13.8	3.64116	0.702493	190.44	4.621951			
7040	57	62.2	5.2	9.12281	0.673566	27.04	0.695122			
12126	1530	1504	-26	-1.69935	0.667545	676	18.65854			
17011	72	67.2	-4.8	-6.66667	0.575356	23.04	0.878049			
16525	1220	1200.2	-19.8	-1.62295	0.569186	392.04	14.87805			
12210516	383	372.8	-10.2	-2.66319	0.524701	104.04	4.670732			
10618	1608	1588.4	-19.6	-1.21891	0.490276	384.16	19.60976			
16119	903	889.4	-13.6	-1.50609	0.454293	184.96	11.0122			
7408	1065	1052.2	-12.8	-1.20188	0.393409	163.84	12.9878			
7214	38	36.2	-1.8	-4.73684	0.295519	3.24	0.463415			
7254	212	208	-4	-1.88679	0.276026	16	2.585366			
12211564	24	22.8	-1.2	-5	0.248069	1.44	0.292683			
12155	1683	1678.2	-4.8	-0.28521	0.117087	23.04	20.52439			
7172	1489	1490	1	0.067159	0.025911	1	18.15854			
7098	28	28	0	0	0	0	0.341463			
12211534	25	25	0	0	0	0	0.304878			
Mean	823.78	841.234	17.4537	2.11873						



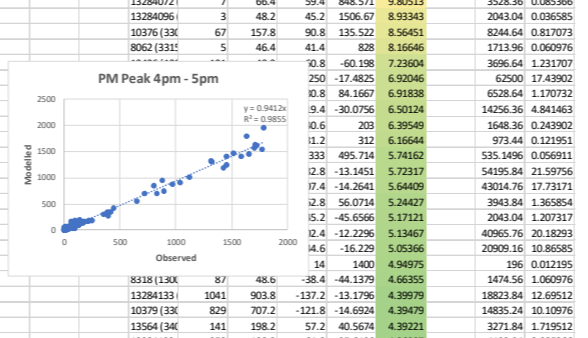
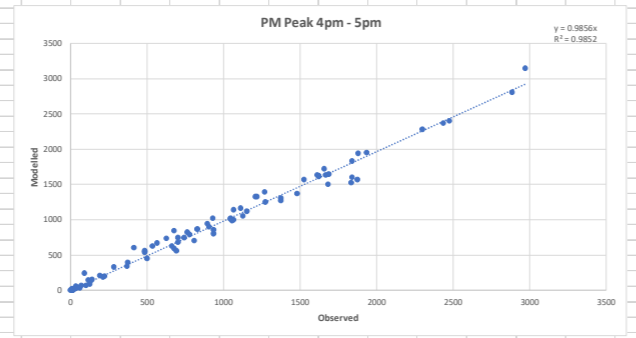
Object	Count	Li	Count	A	Absolute	Relative C	GEH	Diff^2	Obs/N	
13284072	2	93.6	91.6	4580	13.249	8390.56	0.02439			
8062 (3315)	81	236.4	155.4	191.852	12.3357	24149.16	0.987805			
13284134	6	72.4	66.4	1106.67	10.6054	4408.96	0.073171			
13284124	9	68.8	59.8	664.444	9.58796	3576.04	0.109756			
8218 (3310)	0	38.6	38.6	inf	8.78635	1489.96	0			
8308 (1300)	462	651.8	189.8	41.0823	8.04281	36024.04	5.634146			
13284092	91.6667	164.8	73.1333	79.7818	6.45825	5348.48	1.117887			
8176 (1300)	1340	1504.2	245.2	19.1764	6.39184	60123.04	16.45122			
74	74	6.15486	9447.84	3.634146	6.15486	9447.84	3.634146			
596803	67	5.96803	2621.44	0.585366	5.96803	2621.44	0.585366			
31	31	5.4066	16027.56	5.914634	5.4066	16027.56	5.914634			
56	56	5.30801	4147.36	1.402439	5.30801	4147.36	1.402439			
85	85	5.20633	2304	0.743902	5.20633	2304	0.743902			
99	99	4.89065	6988.96	4.073171	4.89065	6988.96	4.073171			
03	03	4.75553	22022.56	12.78049	4.75553	22022.56	12.78049			
11	11	4.7224	432.64	0.109756	4.7224	432.64	0.109756			
82	82	4.6766	1797.76	0.743902	4.6766	1797.76	0.743902			
36	36	4.61863	38966.76	21.07317	4.61863	38966.76	21.07317			
02	02	4.5091	24211.36	13.57317	4.5091	24211.36	13.57317			
05	05	4.35465	1024	0.463415	4.35465	1024	0.463415			
53	53	4.2883	1971.36	1.036585	4.2883	1971.36	1.036585			
8060 (3310)	11	30.4	19.4	176.364	4.26399	376.36	0.134146			
8200 (3200)	47	22.2	-24.8	-52.766	4.21613	615.04	0.573171			
12426 (1300)	38	16.8	-21.2	-55.7895	4.05005	449.44	0.463415			
13284070	947	827.8	-119.2	-12.5871	4.00144	14208.64	11.54878			
13284113	8	0	-8	-100	4	64	0.097561			
8170 (3200)	320	252.4	-67.6	-21.125	3.99587	4569.76	3.902439			
13284126	97	62.8	-34.2	-35.2577	3.82607	1169.64	1.182927			
13284095	6.33333	20	13.6667	215.789	3.76638	186.7787	0.077236			
8320 (1300)	31	55.6	24.6	79.3548	3.73845	605.16	0.378049			
8312 (1300)	43	69.8	26.8	62.3256	3.56858	718.24	0.52439			
13284135	682	595	-87	-12.7566	3.44301	7569	8.317073			
13284125	1069	968.2	-100.8	-9.42937	3.15834	10160.64	13.03659			
8318 (1300)	23	11.6	-11.4	-49.5652	2.74083	129.96	0.280488			
13562 (3400)	228	188.6	-39.4	-17.2807	2.72993	1552.36	2.780488			
13284123	76	55	-21	-27.631						

Object	Count	Li	Count	Ai	Absolute	Relative	Diff#2	Obs/N
7540	449	221.6	-227.4	-50.6459	12.4186	51710.76	5.47561	
7732	791	513.2	-277.8	-35.1201	10.8787	77172.84	9.646341	
11897	638	432.2	-205.8	-32.2571	8.89668	42353.64	7.789488	
1210663	928	1174.8	246.8	26.5948	7.61134	60910.24	11.31707	
7098	68	19.8	-48.2	-70.8824	7.27469	2323.24	0.829268	
7730	264	160.6	-103.4	-39.1667	7.09652	10691.56	3.219512	
7240	1703	1994	291	17.0875	6.76836	84681	20.76829	
7066	91	39	-52	-57.1429	6.44981	2704	1.09756	
16548	497	649	152	30.5835	6.34989	23104	6.060976	
1210502	1157	1364.2	207.2	17.9084	5.83581	42931.84	14.10976	
7274	2168	2446.4	278.4	12.8413	5.79598	77506.56	26.43902	
1210262	1319	1507.6	188.6	14.2987	5.01677	35569.96	16.08537	
1210320	1743	1954.6	211.6	12.14	4.9212	44774.56	21.2561	
7074	1592	1786.4	194.4	12.2111	4.72994	37791.36	19.41463	
7228	22	50	28	127.273	4.66667	784	0.268293	
1210661	1209	1057.4	-151.6	-12.5393	4.50346	23982.56	14.7439	
16525	1253	1104.6	-148.4	-11.8436	4.32229	22022.56	15.28049	
7042	1844	2032.2	188.2	10.2061	4.27495	35419.24	22.4878	
1211551	836	717.6	-118.4	-14.1627	4.24812	14018.56	10.19512	
7390	1387	1535.2	148.2	10.6849	3.87711	21963.24	16.91463	
7126	48	25	-23	-47.9167	3.80699	529	0.585366	
17220	41	20	-21	-51.2195	3.8025	441	0.5	
1210270	4	15.8	11.8	295	3.75029	139.24	0.04878	
7254	346	280.2	-65.8	-19.0173	3.71864	4329.64	4.219512	
7036	59	34	-25	-42.3729	3.66618	625	0.719512	
7104	81	117.2	36.2	44.6914	3.63664	1310.44	0.987055	
1210514	546	465.8	-80.2	-14.6886	3.56568	6432.04	6.658537	
12152	1732	1593.6	-138.4	-7.99076	3.39403	19154.56	21.12195	
7220	1968	2120.2	152.2	7.73374	3.36638	23164.84	24	
15596	862	767.2	-94.8	-10.9977	3.32151	8987.04	10.5122	
16027	2123	2276.6	153.6	7.23504	3.27491	23592.96	25.89024	
6964	2867	3038.6	171.6	5.98535	3.15791	29446.56	34.96341	
7164	255	207.6	-47.4	-18.5882	3.11667	2246.76	3.109756	
1210516	512	447.6	-64.4	-12.5781	2.94006	4147.36	6.243902	
7172	1653	1537.4	-115.6	-6.99335	2.89434	13363.36	20.15854	
6962	1060	968	-92	-8.67925	2.88914	8464	12.92683	
13543	2430	2573.6	143.6	5.90947	2.87037	20520.96	29.63415	
12870	581	649.6	68.6	11.8072	2.76554	4705.96	7.085366	
7222	919	846.6	-72.4	-7.87813	2.43673	5241.76	11.20732	
15953	935	862.8	-72.2	-7.72193	2.40814	5212.84	11.40244	
7276	239	277.4	38.4	16.0669	2.38975	1474.56	2.914634	
7408	1077	1004.2	-72.8	-6.75952	2.25678	5299.84	13.13415	
7106	916	849.6	-66.4	-7.24891	2.23479	4408.96	11.17073	
7116	2006	1909.4	-96.6	-4.81555	2.18325	9331.56	24.46341	
15955	1812	1890.2	78.2	4.31567	1.81757	6115.24	22.09756	
7040	73	59	-14	-19.1781	1.72328	196	0.890244	
7140	127	147	20	15.748	1.70872	400	1.54878	
7092	34	44.4	10.4	30.5882	1.66108	108.16	0.414634	
7180	969	1020.2	51.2	5.2838	1.62348	2621.44	11.81707	
1211631	24	32.4	8.4	35	1.58181	70.56	0.292683	
16517	499	534.8	35.8	7.17435	1.57463	1281.64	6.085366	
7356	940	892.6	-47.4	-5.04255	1.56588	2246.76	11.46341	
1211562	796	754.6	-41.4	-5.20101	1.48684	1713.96	9.707317	
7724	1010	1055.8	45.8	4.53465	1.42507	2097.64	12.31707	
6940	470	501.4	31.4	6.68085	1.42477	985.96	5.731707	
10618	1565	1618.8	53.8	3.4377	1.34842	2894.44	19.08537	
7118	1884	1831.8	-52.2	-2.7707	1.21104	2724.84	22.97561	
7438	53	61.8	8.8	16.6038	1.16152	77.44	0.646341	
16119	1045	1008.6	-36.4	-3.48325	1.13595	1324.96	12.7439	
7521	2045	1994.6	-50.4	-2.46455	1.12144	2540.16	24.93902	
1210650	493	469.6	-23.4	-4.74645	1.06642	547.56	6.012195	
1211719	778	749.2	-28.8	-3.7018	1.04222	829.44	9.487805	
12126	1442	1479.4	37.4	2.59362	0.978568	1398.76	17.58537	
7210	209	222.6	13.6	6.50718	0.925791	184.96	2.54878	
12155	1558	1593.2	35.2	2.25931	0.886788	1239.04	19	
1211629	3	1.8	-1.2	-40	0.774597	1.44	0.036585	
1211622	1489	1517.4	28.4	1.90732	0.732504	806.56	18.15854	
1211534	27	30.8	3.8	14.0741	0.706862	14.44	0.329268	
7410	162	170.8	8.8	5.4321	0.682191	77.44	1.97561	
7400	854	874	20	2.34192	0.680414	400	10.41463	
7428	1199	1214.4	15.4	1.2844	0.443324	237.16	14.62195	
7192	798	810.4	12.4	1.55388	0.43726	153.76	9.731707	
7166	502	493.4	-8.6	-1.71315	0.385491	73.96	6.121951	
1211564	24	22.2	-1.8	-7.5	0.374513	3.24	0.292683	
1210676	17	15.6	-1.4	-8.23529	0.346764	1.96	0.207317	
17011	98	101.2	3.2	3.26531	0.320642	10.24	1.195122	
7442	312	315.6	3.6	1.15385	0.203224	12.96	3.804878	
6920	749	744.2	-4.8	-0.64085	0.17567	23.04	9.134146	
7524	792	787.4	-4.6	-0.58081	0.163692	21.16	9.658537	
1210282	960	955.6	-4.4	-0.45833	0.142172	19.36	11.70732	
7214	58	57.4	-0.6	-1.03448	0.078888	0.36	0.707317	
1211544	496	495	-1	-0.20161	0.044924	1	6.04878	
Mean	848.598	856.312	7.71463	0.909104				



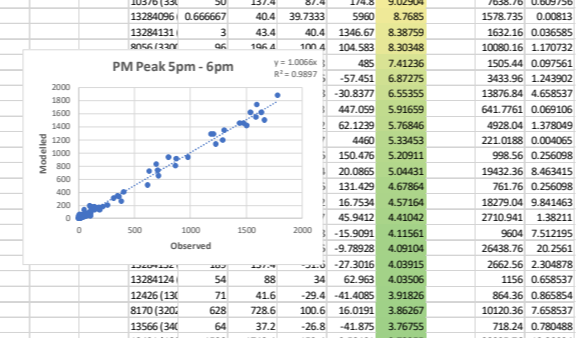
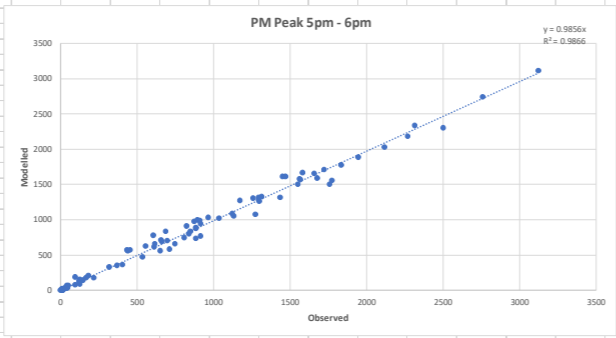
Object	Count	Li	Count	Ai	Absolute	Relative	Diff#2	Obs/N
8062 (331)	47	233.2	186.2	396.17	15.7312	34670.44	0.573171	
13284072	8	115	107	1337.5	13.6441	11449	0.097561	
13284134	10	75.2	65.2	652	9.98948	4251.04	0.121951	
13564 (34)	514	736.6	222.6	43.3074	8.30186	49550.76	6.268293	
13284124	16	70.4	54.4	340	8.2767	2959.36	0.195122	
8218 (331)	2	36.2	34.2	1710	7.82545	1169.64	0.02439	
10376 (33)	260	399.2	139.2	53.5385	7.66736	19376.64	3.170732	
12426 (13)	63	16	-47	-74.6032	7.47824	2209	0.768293	
8176 (130)	1360	1619	259	19.0441	6.71088	67081	16.58537	
					6.03708	11025	3.04878	
					5.23414	4356	2.341463	
					5.14151	13595.56	5.560976	
					4.90774	852.64	0.609756	
					4.73587	7089.64	3.341463	
					4.69042	121	0.134146	
					4.67844	23409	13.97561	
					4.58382	15775.36	8.390244	
					4.13811	2342.56	1.963415	
					4.05032	1296	1.182927	
					3.98401	25664.04	20.69512	
					3.97285	26830.44	19.73171	
					3.79991	217.0701	0.093496	
					3.72853	3969	3.865854	
					3.68754	1049.76	0.743902	
8228 (330)	1183	1060.4	-122.6	-10.3635	3.6606	15030.76	14.42683	
8170 (320)	381	313	-68	-17.8478	3.65043	4624	4.646341	
8240 (330)	65	39.2	-25.8	-39.6923	3.57438	665.64	0.792683	
13284132	120	84.2	-35.8	-29.8333	3.54299	1281.64	1.463415	
8314 (130)	1713	1859.8	146.8	8.56976	3.47326	21550.24	20.89024	
13284108	6	0	-6	-100	3.4641	36	0.073171	
10374 (33)	169	127.2	-41.8	-24.7337	3.43478	1747.24	2.060976	
13284133	488	415.8	-72.2	-14.7951	3.39638	5212.84	5.95122	
10375 (33)	15	30.8	15.8	105.333	3.30171	249.64	0.182927	
					3.24153	2580.64	3.304878	
8224 (331)	5.33333	0.2	-5.13333	-96.25	3.08618	26.35108	0.065041	
13284073	255	209.6	-45.4	-17.8039	2.97873	2061.16	3.109756	
8182 (130)	1425	1538.6	113.6	7.97199	2.9511	12904.96	17.37805	
8184 (130)	42	25	-17	-40.4762	2.93715	289	0.512195	
8236 (330)	15	5.8	-9.2	-61.3333	2.8528	84.64	0.182927	
12404 (13)	36	54.6	18.6	51.6667	2.76353	345.96	0.439024	
12423 (13)	80	58.4	-21.6	-27	2.59657	466.56	0.97561	
13284112	3	0	-3	-100	2.44949	9	0.036585	
12424 (13)	135	109.2	-25.8	-19.1111	2.33487	665.64	1.646341	
13284092	137.333	165	27.6667	20.1456	2.25024	765.4463	1.674793	
8180 (130)	328	290.4	-37.6	-11.4634	2.1383	1413.76	4	
10377 (33)	707	764.6	57.6	8.1471	2.12345	3317.76	8.621951	
8210 (130)	1611	1530.4	-80.6	-5.0031	2.03371	6496.36	19.64634	
13284071	165	191.6	26.6	16.1212	1.99208	707.56	2.02195	
12422 (13)	133	112.4	-20.6	-15.4887	1.85971	424.36	1.621951	
8312 (130)	53	66	13	24.5283	1.68533	169	0.646341	
13566 (34)	41	31.2	-8.8	-23.9024	1.63107	96.04	0.5	
8316 (130)	387	417.8	30.8	7.95866	1.5354	948.64	4.719512	
13284122	1262	1212.4	-49.6	-3.93027	1.41014	2460.16	15.39024	
8060 (331)	41	32.6	-8.4	-20.4878	1.3847	70.56	0.5	
8212 (130)	75	63.8	-11.2	-14.9333	1.34443	125.44	0.914634	
13284126	58	68.6	10.6	18.2759	1.33231	112.36	0.707317	
13284068	1308	1356.4	48					

Object	Count	SC Count	Ai Absolute	Relative D GEH	11.5248	Diff#2	Obs/N
7228	93	242.2	149.2	160.43	11.5248	22260.64	1.134146
12210663	413	609.2	196.2	47.5061	8.67853	38494.44	5.036585
7172	1836	1531.6	-304.4	-16.5795	7.41321	92659.36	22.39024
7116	1873	1566.8	-306.2	-16.3481	7.38335	93758.44	22.84146
7428	679	844.6	165.6	24.3888	5.99984	27423.36	8.280488
12152	1838	1599	-239	-13.0033	5.76532	57121	22.41463
7540	693	564.6	-128.4	-18.5281	5.12046	16486.56	8.45122
16119	1682	1502.4	-179.6	-10.6778	4.50098	32256.16	20.5122
16517	994	803.8	-190.2	-13.94	4.41699	16952.04	11.39024
7164	568	672.8	104.8	18.4507	4.20751	10983.04	6.926829
12211544	629	735.2	106.2	16.8839	4.06631	11278.44	7.670732
7442	534	628.4	94.4	17.6779	3.9157	8911.36	6.512195
7180	808	707	-101	-12.5	3.6697	10201	9.853659
7210	126	89.2	-36.8	-29.2063	3.54766	1354.24	1.536585
13543	1209	1330.2	121.2	10.0348	3.40149	14689.44	14.7439
12210320	1270	1392.8	122.8	9.66929	3.36546	15079.84	15.4878
7410	101	70	-31	-30.6931	3.35258	961	1.231707
7730	487	559.2	72.2	14.8255	3.15678	5212.84	5.939024
17011	677	597.6	-79.4	-11.7282	3.1452	6304.36	8.256098
7066	61	38.8	-22.2	-36.3934	3.1427	492.84	0.743902
6964	1216	1328	112	9.21053	3.14032	12544	14.82927
7098	36	57.2	21.2	58.8889	3.10558	449.44	0.439024
6962	2972	3143.4	171.4	5.76716	3.09966	29377.96	36.2439
7276	282	335.6	53.6	19.0071	3.05018	2872.96	3.439024
10518	929	1023.8	94.8	10.2045	3.03885	8987.04	11.32927
12210282	1479	1371.4	-107.6	-7.27519	2.85019	11577.76	18.08659
12210270	1	6.2	5.2	82.0	2.74064	27.04	0.012195
12211719	1375	1277	-98	-7.12777	2.69125	9604	16.76829
16548	484	545	61	12.6033	2.68929	3721	5.902439
12211629	16	7.4	-8.6	-53.75	2.51423	73.96	0.195122
7036	22	11.8	-10.2	-46.3636	2.48117	104.04	0.268293
7390	933	860.2	-72.8	-7.80279	2.43126	5299.84	11.37805
12211631	13	22.6	9.6	73.8462	2.27542	92.16	0.158537
7214	119	145	26	21.8487	2.26301	676	1.45122
7400	1126	1051.6	-74.4	-6.60746	2.25475	5535.36	13.73171
7254	1066	1140.8	74.8	7.01889	2.25183	5595.04	13
7240	763	826.4	63.4	8.30931	2.24889	4015.56	9.308878
7106	502	457.6	-44.4	-8.84462	2.027	1971.36	6.112951
7356	1065	1003.6	-61.4	-5.76526	1.90917	3769.96	12.9878
15955	1054	993	-61	-5.78748	1.90672	3721	12.85366
12211562	1374	1307.4	-66.6	-4.84716	1.8189	4435.56	16.7561
12211622	894	948.4	54.4	6.08501	1.79235	2959.36	10.90244
7192	225	200.2	-24.8	-11.0222	1.70087	615.04	2.743902
7126	213	189.2	-23.8	-11.1737	1.67831	566.44	2.597561
7074	1656	1724.6	68.6	4.14251	1.66856	4705.96	20.19512
12211551	702	746.6	44.6	6.35328	1.6572	1989.16	8.560976
16525	2476	2403.8	-72.2	-3.03716	1.52288	5655.04	30.19512
7274	1111	1161.6	50.6	4.55446	1.50108	2560.36	13.54878
7724	2884	2809.6	-74.4	-2.57975	1.39442	5535.36	35.17073
7524	194	213.6	19.6	10.1031	1.37295	384.16	2.365854
12210661	1880	1939.4	59.4	3.15957	1.35926	3528.36	22.92683
12210676	11	7	-4	-36.3636	1.33333	16	0.134146
7166	829	867.6	38.6	4.65621	1.3253	1489.96	10.10976
12210502	664	630.4	-33.6	-5.06024	1.32075	1128.96	8.097561
11897	369	344.4	-24.6	-6.66667	1.30252	605.16	4.5
7222	2438	2375.2	-62.8	-2.57588	1.28014	3943.84	29.73171
7408	830	867	37	4.45783	1.27021	1369	10.12195
12126	1525	1569.2	44.2	2.89836	1.12373	1953.64	18.59756
7140	142	155.4	13.4	9.43662	1.09888	179.56	1.731707
7220	1045	1009.8	-35.2	-3.36842	1.09818	1239.04	12.7439
7532	1153	1117.2	-35.8	-3.10404	1.06259	1281.64	14.06098
12155	1688	1648	-40	-2.36967	0.979404	1600	20.58537
7732	375	392.8	17.8	4.74667	0.908471	316.84	4.573171
7040	38	43.6	5.6	14.7368	0.876714	31.36	0.463415
12870	703	681.2	-21.8	-3.101	0.828652	475.24	8.573171
7092	37	32.6	-4.4	-11.8919	0.74587	19.36	0.45122
7042	1666	1636	-30	-1.80072	0.738325	900	20.31707
12210516	1272	1248.4	-23.6	-1.85535	0.664802	556.96	15.5122
6940	1613	1639.2	26.2	1.6243	0.649722	686.44	19.67073
7438	136	143.6	7.6	5.58024	0.642777	57.76	1.558537
16027	1046	1027.2	-18.8	-1.79732	0.583919	353.44	12.7561
12210622	781	794.6	13.6	1.74136	0.494541	184.96	9.52439
15953	1935	1954.4	19.4	1.00258	0.439922	376.36	23.59756
7118	2299	2278.2	-20.8	-0.90474	0.434789	432.64	28.03659
7104	40	37.8	-2.2	-5.5	0.352734	4.84	0.487805
12210514	744	750.6	6.6	0.887097	0.241433	43.56	9.073171
12211534	20	19.2	-0.8	-4	0.180702	0.64	0.243902
12210650	1624	1617.6	-6.4	-0.39409	0.15897	40.96	19.80488
17220	73	71.8	-1.2	-1.64384	0.14103	1.44	0.892044
12211564	30	29.8	-0.2	-0.66667	0.096976	0.04	0.365854
6920	1622	1620.6	-1.4	-0.08631	0.034789	1.96	13.78049
15596	1837	1836.8	-0.2	-0.01089	0.004666	0.04	22.40244
Mean	904.366	899.776	-4.59024	-0.50757			



Object	Count	SC Count	Ai Absolute	Relative D GEH	Diff#2	Obs/N					
8056 (330X)	64	176.2	112.2	175.312	10.2381	12588.84	0.780488				
13284072	7	66.4	59.4	848.571	9.80513	3528.36	0.085366				
13284096	3	48.2	45.2	1506.67	8.93943	2043.04	0.096585				
10376 (33X)	67	157.8	90.8	135.522	8.56451	8244.64	0.17073				
8062 (331)	5	46.4	41.4	828	8.16646	1713.96	0.060976				
				10.8	-60.198	7.23604	3696.64	1.231707			
				250	-17.825	62900	17.43902				
				10.8	84.1667	6.91838	6528.64	1.170732			
				9.4	-30.0756	6.50124	14256.36	4.841463			
				10.6	203	6.39549	1648.36	0.243902			
				11.2	312	6.16644	973.44	0.121951			
				333	495.714	5.74162	535.1496	0.056911			
				12.8	-13.1451	5.72317	54195.84	21.59756			
				17.4	-14.2641	5.64409	43014.76	17.73171			
				2.8	56.0714	5.24427	3943.84	1.365854			
				15.2	-45.6566	5.17121	2043.04	1.207317			
				12.4	-12.2296	5.13467	40965.76	20.18293			
				14.6	-16.229	5.05366	20909.16	10.86585			
				14	1400	4.94975	196	0.012195			
				14.4	-44.1379	4.66355	1474.56	1.060976			
13284133	1041	903.8	-137.2	-13.1796	4.39979	18823.84	12.69512				
10379 (33X)	829	707.2	-121.8	-14.6924	4.39479	14835.24	10.10976				
13564 (34X)	141	198.2	57.2	40.5674	4.39221	3271.84	1.719512				
13284123	253	188.2	-64.8	-25.6126	4.36287	4199.04	3.085366				
8208 (180X)	1583	1414.8	-168.2	-10.6254	4.3445	28291.24	19.3088				
13566 (34X)	74	41.4	-32.6	-44.0541	4.2917	1062.76	0.902439				
13284108	9	0	-9	-100	4.24264	81	0.109756				
8320 (130X)	652	549.2	-102.8	-15.7669	4.1947	10567.84	7.95122				
12421 (13X)	1635	1796.4	161.4	9.87156	3.89657	26049.96	19.93902				
10375 (33X)	52	83.8	31.8	61.1538	3.85916	1011.24	0.634146				
8308 (130X)	1789	1946.8	157.8	8.82057	3.65115	24900.84	21.81707				
13284122	1125	1007.4	-117.6	-10.4533	3.60154	13829.76	13.71951				
13284073	218	169	-49	-22.4771	3.52254	2401	2.658537				
13284135	416	350.8	-65.2	-15.6731	3.32983	4251.04	5.073171				
				12118	1703	1574.2	-128.8	-7.56312	3.18185	16589.44	20.76829
10374 (33X)	357	299.4	-57.6	-16.1345	3.17946	3317.76	4.353659				
8180 (130X)	135	100.6	-34.4	-25.4815	3.16946	1183.36	1.646341				
13284068	967	873.4	-93.6	-9.67942	3.08557	8760.96	11.79268				
8232 (331X)	15	5.2	-9.8	-65.3333	3.08365	96.04	0.182927				
13284069	34	54	20	58.8235	3.01511	400	0.414634				
8312 (130X)	21	9.4	-11.6	-55.2381	2.97534	134.56	0.256098				
8182 (130X)	1726	1609.2	-116.8	-6.76709	2.8602	13642.24	21.04878				
13284112	4	0	-4	-100	2.82843	16	0.04878				
13284130	129	99	-30	-23.2558	2.80976	900	1.573171				
8224 (331)	4.33333	0.2	-4.13333	-95.3846	2.74541	17.08442	0.052845				
8240 (330X)	41	25.4	-15.6	-38.0488	2.70742	243.36	0.5				
13284121	52	35.4	-16.6	-31.9231	2.51112	275.56	0.84146				
13284109	3	0	-3	-100	2.44949	9	0.096585				
13565 (34)	164	134.6	-29.4	-17.9268	2.40612	864.36	2				
8314 (130X)	877	946.8	69.8	7.95895	2.31144	4872.04	10.69512				
13563 (34X)	388	344.6	-43.4	-							

Object	Count	SC Count	Ai Absolute	Relative D GEH	7.98611 Diff#2	Obs/N
7228	96	191.8	95.8	99.7917	7.98611	9177.64 1.170732
7240	608	782.4	174.4	28.6842	6.61442	30415.36 7.414634
12210663	435	578.4	143.4	32.9655	6.3705	20563.56 5.304878
7172	1759	1510.2	-248.8	-14.1444	6.15382	61901.44 21.45122
7522	1276	1080.6	-195.4	-15.3135	5.69242	38181.16 15.56098
7428	687	840.2	153.2	22.2999	5.54043	23470.24 8.378049
7116	1776	1555	-221	-12.4437	5.41527	48841 21.65854
7390	887	733.2	-153.8	-17.3393	5.40365	23654.44 10.81707
16548	441	557.8	116.8	26.4853	5.22659	13642.24 5.378049
7730	457	572.8	115.8	25.3392	5.10325	13409.64 5.573171
16517	914	766.6	-147.4	-16.1269	5.08488	21726.76 11.14634
12210502	713	589	-124	-17.3913	4.85994	15376 8.695122
7098	39	73.8	34.8	89.2308	4.63383	1211.04 0.47561
6940	1449	1618.8	169.8	11.7184	4.3355	28832.04 17.67073
7222	2503	2310	-193	-7.71075	3.93427	37249 30.52439
12210270	0	7.6	7.6	inf	3.89872	57.76 0
12126	1470	1619.4	149.4	10.1633	3.80127	23220.36 17.92683
7210	127	89	-38	-29.9213	3.65655	1444 1.54878
17011	653	564.4	-88.6	-13.5681	3.59114	7849.96 7.963415
16027	896	1005	109	12.1652	3.5355	11881 10.92683
7220	876	980.4	104.4	11.9178	3.42673	10899.36 10.68293
12210282	1434	1314.4	-119.6	-8.34031	3.22631	14304.16 17.4878
7540	746	665.4	-80.6	-10.8043	3.03407	6496.36 9.097561
7164	557	629.2	72.2	12.9623	2.96465	5212.84 6.792683
13643	1175	1276.8	101.8	8.66383	2.9075	10363.24 14.32927
12211629	16	6.4	-9.6	-60	2.86855	92.16 0.195122
7166	825	907.6	82.6	10.0121	2.80638	6822.76 10.06098
15955	908	990.6	82.6	9.09692	2.68089	6822.76 11.07317
7126	217	180	-37	-17.0507	2.62616	1369 2.646341
7106	535	477.4	-57.6	-10.7664	2.56013	3317.76 6.52439
7400	1133	1052	-81	-7.14916	2.45061	6561 13.81707
12210262	811	744	-67	-8.26141	2.40284	4489 9.890244
12211631	13	23.2	10.2	78.4615	2.39751	104.04 0.158537
7410	97	75.6	-21.4	-22.0619	2.30361	457.96 1.182927
7438	126	152.4	26.4	20.9524	2.23761	696.96 1.536585
7074	1584	1673.6	89.6	5.65657	2.22011	8028.16 19.31707
7036	23	13.6	-9.4	-40.8696	2.19737	88.36 0.280498
12211551	657	714.4	57.4	8.73668	2.19202	3294.76 8.012195
17220	52	68.2	16.2	31.1538	2.09667	262.44 0.634146
7732	403	362.2	-40.8	-10.1241	2.08587	1664.64 4.914634
12152	1677	1596.4	-80.6	-4.8062	1.99228	6496.36 20.45122
7524	182	209.8	27.8	15.2747	1.98622	772.84 2.219512
7274	968	1030	62	6.40496	1.96159	3844 11.80488
12210676	13	7	-6	-46.1538	1.89737	36 0.158537
12210661	2115	2030.8	-84.2	-3.98109	1.84937	7089.64 25.79268
16525	2271	2185.8	-85.2	-3.75165	1.80486	7259.04 27.69512
12870	617	663.8	46.8	7.59887	1.73294	1918.44 7.52439
7066	48	37.2	-10.8	-22.5	1.65447	116.64 0.383366
12211562	1256	1306.8	50.8	4.04459	1.41913	2580.64 15.31707
12210514	838	799.2	-38.8	-4.63007	1.35611	1505.44 10.21951
7192	166	183.6	17.6	10.6024	1.3312	309.76 2.02439
15953	1948	1889.8	-58.2	-2.98768	1.32861	3387.24 23.7561
15596	1834	1784	-50	-2.72628	1.17558	2500 22.36585
12211544	662	691.4	29.4	4.44109	1.13018	864.36 8.073171
7254	1124	1089	-35	-3.11388	1.05219	1225 13.70732
12211534	17	21.6	4.6	27.0588	1.04708	21.16 0.207317
16119	1550	1509.6	-40.4	-2.60645	1.03291	1632.16 18.90244
10618	917	948.2	31.2	3.4024	1.02166	973.44 11.16293
11897	370	350.8	-19.2	-5.18919	1.01137	368.64 4.512195
12211719	1299	1263.4	-35.6	-2.74057	0.994584	1267.36 15.84146
7214	123	133.2	10.2	8.29268	0.901209	104.04 1.5
7092	35	31	-4	-11.4286	0.696311	16 0.426829
7040	40	44	4	10	0.617213	16 0.487805
12210320	1292	1314	22	1.70279	0.609467	484 15.7561
7408	848	832.8	-15.2	-1.79245	0.524325	231.04 10.34146
7104	41	38	-3	-7.31707	0.477334	9 0.5
7180	698	709.6	11.6	1.66189	0.437254	134.56 8.512195
7276	320	327.2	7.2	2.25	0.400247	51.84 3.902439
7356	1034	1021.2	-12.8	-1.23791	0.399299	163.84 12.69976
7724	2759	2739.6	-19.4	-0.70315	0.389991	376.36 33.64634
7118	2316	2333.6	17.6	0.759931	0.365023	309.76 28.2439
7042	1564	1578.2	14.2	0.907928	0.35825	201.64 19.07317
12210516	1314	1326.6	12.6	0.958904	0.346764	158.76 16.02439
7140	149	144.8	-4.2	-2.81879	0.346528	17.64 1.817073
12210650	1565	1574.8	9.8	0.626198	0.247338	96.04 19.08537
12211564	32	33.2	1.2	3.75	0.210171	1.44 0.390244
6920	1722	1714.2	-7.8	-0.45296	0.188179	60.84 21
7442	612	615.6	3.6	0.588235	0.145308	12.96 7.463415
6964	1293	1288.8	-4.2	-0.32483	0.110897	17.64 15.76829
12155	1659	1663	4	0.241309	0.098147	16 20.23171
6962	3121	3117.4	-3.6	-0.11535	0.064469	12.96 38.06098
12211622	887	888.8	1.8	0.202931	0.060407	3.24 10.81707
Mean	886.22	883.149	-3.07073	-0.3465		



Link	Turn
<5	87%
<7.5	94%
<10	100%
82 RMSE	9%
80 RMSE	14%

Object	Count	SC Count	Ai Absolute	Relative D GEH	Diff#2	Obs/N
13284072	5	61.2	56.2	1124	9.76837	3158.44 0.060976
10376 (33K)	50	137.4	87.4	174.8	9.02904	7638.76 0.609756
13284096	0.666667	40.4	39.7333	5960	8.7685	1578.735 0.00813
13284131	3	43.4	40.4	1346.67	8.38759	1632.16 0.036895
8956/rxn	0%	196.4	100.4	104.582	8.30348	10080.16 1.170732
				485	7.41236	1505.44 0.097561
				-57.451	6.87275	3433.96 1.243902
				-30.8377	6.55355	13876.84 4.658537
				447.059	5.91659	641.7761 0.069106
				62.1239	5.76846	4928.04 1.378049
				4460	5.33453	221.0188 0.004065
				150.476	5.20911	998.56 0.256098
				20.0865	5.04431	19432.36 8.463415
				131.429	4.67864	761.76 0.256098
				16.7534	4.57164	18279.04 9.841463
				45.9142	4.41042	2710.941 1.38211
				-15.9091	4.11661	9004 7.512195
				-9.78928	4.03104	26438.76 20.2561
				-27.3016	4.03915	2662.56 2.304878
13284124	54	88	34	62.963	4.03506	1156 0.685837
12426 (13K)	71	41.6	-29.4	-41.4085	3.91826	864.36 0.868554
8170 (320K)	628	728.6	100.6	16.0191	3.86267	10120.36 7.658537
13566 (34K)	64	37.2	-26.8	-41.875	3.76755	718.24 0.780488
12421 (13K)	1590	1742.4	152.4	9.58491	3.73355	23225.76 19.39024
10375 (33K)	49	77.4	28.4	57.9592	3.5724	806.56 0.597561
13284094	139.667	185	45.3333	32.4582	3.55806	2055.108 1.702556
13284108	6	0	-6	-100	3.4641	36 0.073171
8206 (180K)	120	160.4	40.4	33.6667	3.41199	1632.16 1.463415
13284123	254	202.6	-51.4	-20.2362	3.40181	2641.96 3.097561
8238 (331K)	8	20	12	150	3.20713	144 0.097561
12423 (13K)	39	60.8	21.8	55.8974	3.08607	475.24 0.47561
13284109	4	0	-4	-100	2.82843	16 0.04878
13284070	1187	1286.4	99.4	8.37405	2.82653	9880.36 14.47561
8202 (180K)	179	144.8	-34.2	-19.1061	2.68784	1169.64 2.182927
8232 (331K)	16	7	-9	-56.25	2.65396	81 0.195122
8228 (330K)	1225	1137	-88	-7.18367	2.56069	7744 14.93902
8238 (130K)	1780	1882	102	5.73034	2.38372	10004 21.70732
8060 (331K)	104	81.2	-22.8	-21.9331	2.36935	519.84 1.268293
8054 (330K)	1285	1201.8	-83.2	-6.47471	2.35949	6922.24 15.67073
8184 (130K)	213	180	-33	-15.493	2.35414	1089 2.597561
10377 (33K)	1205	1287	82	6.80498	2.32303	6724 14.69512
12422 (13K)	173	145.4	-27.6	-15.9538	2.18745	761.76 2.109756
8210 (180K)	1501	1419.6	-81.4	-5.42305	2.13012	6625.96 18.30488
12118	1536	1616.2	80.2	5.22135	2.02014	6432.04 18.73171
10379 (33K)	712	659.4	-52.6	-7.38764	2.00872	2766.76 8.682927
13284068	869	813	-56	-6.44419	1.93103	3136 10.59756
8236 (330K)	12	6.4	-5.6	-46.6667	1.84627	31.36 0.146341
8232 (130K)	13	7.2	-5.8	-44.6154	1.82302	33.64 0.158537
8240 (330K)	43	32.2	-10.8	-25.1163	1.76129	116.64 0.52439
8316 (130K)	52	64.4	12.4	23.8462	1.6254	153.76 0.634146
13284135	362	333.6	-28.4	-7.8453	1.52284	806.56 4.414634
12424 (13K)	140	157.6	17.6	12.5714	1.44282	309.76 1.707317
13284110	1	0	-1	-100	1.41421	1 0.012195
13284112	1	0	-1	-100	1.41421	1 0.012195
13284093	1	0	-1	-100	1.41421	1 0.012195
12404 (13K)	30	38	8	26.6667	1.37199	64 0.365854
13284097	0.333333	1.6	1.26667	380	1.28832	1.604453 0.004065
13284121	282	34.2	-7.8	-18.5714	1.26367	60

Appendix I

Travel Time Validation Tables

